1	INTRODUCED BY Thomas
2	INTRODUCED BY Thomas
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES FOR THE
5	WORKERS' COMPENSATION SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR A RUNOFF OF CLAIMS
6	CURRENTLY ADMINISTERED BY THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR TRANSFER AND
7	DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS HELD IN THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; AMENDING SECTIONS 33-16-1008,
8	39-71-504, 39-71-903, 39-71-906, 39-71-907, 39-71-908, AND 39-71-909, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS
9	39-71-902, 39-71-910, AND 39-71-913, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Assessment of insurers definition. (1) As used in this section, "paid
14	losses" means the following benefits paid during the preceding calendar year for injuries covered by the
15	Montana Workers' Compensation Act without regard to the application of any deductible regardless of
16	whether the employer or the insurer pays the losses:
17	(a) total compensation benefits paid; and
18	(b) total medical benefits paid for medical treatment rendered to an injured worker, including
19	hospital treatment and prescription drugs.
20	(2) The fund must be maintained by assessing each plan No. 1 employer, each plan No. 2 employer,
21	and plan No. 3, the state fund, a proportion of the amount expended from the fund during each calendar
22	year. The total assessment amount must be allocated among plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insured
23	employers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, based on paid losses from the fund for the calendar year
24	preceding the year in which the assessment is collected.
25	(3) The portion of the total aggregate assessment that must be collected from all plan No. 1
26	employers, all plan No. 2 insured employers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, is equal to that portion of the
27	individual plan's total paid losses and a proportionate share of administrative expenses reimbursed or paid
28	from the fund in the calendar year preceding the year in which the assessment is collected.
29	(4) The method of assessing plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insured employers, and plan No. 3,
30	the state fund, is as follows:



1

(a) on plan No. 1 employers, based on paid losses;

- 2 (b) on plan No. 2 insured employers, a surcharge based on the premium collected by insurers; and
- 3

(c) on plan No. 3, the state fund, based on paid losses.

4 (5) On or before February 1 each year, the department shall notify each plan No. 1 employer and 5 plan No. 3, the state fund, of the amount to be assessed against the employer or the state fund for that 6 calendar year. On or before February 1 each year, the department, in consultation with the advisory 7 organization designated under 33-16-1023, shall notify insurers of the premium surcharge rate to be 8 effective for policies written or renewed on and after January 1 in that calendar year.

9 (6) The portion of the plan No. 1 assessment assessed against an individual plan No. 1 employer 10 is a proportionate amount of total plan No. 1 paid losses during the preceding calendar year that is equal 11 to the percentage that the total paid losses of the individual plan No. 1 employer bore to the total paid 12 losses of all plan No. I employers during the preceding calendar year.

(7) The portion of the plan No. 2 assessment subject to premium surcharge for an individual plan
 No. 2 employer is a proportionate amount of total plan No. 2 paid losses during the preceding calendar year
 that is equal to the percentage that the total paid losses of the individual plan No. 2 employer bore to that
 the total paid losses of all plan No. 2 insurers during the preceding calendar year.

17 (8) Amounts assessed against plan No. 1 employers, the surcharge rate applicable to policies of 18 plan No. 2 insured employers, and the amount assessed against the state fund must be sufficient to 19 generate revenue needed to satisfy obligation of the fund. If the department subsequently determines that 20 amounts assessed are insufficient to meet the fund's obligations during a calendar year, it may assess plan 21 No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insurers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, an additional amount to cover any 22 anticipated deficiency based upon the allocation for that calendar year determined under subsection (3). 23 Plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insurers, on behalf of their policyholders, and plan No. 3, the state fund, 24 shall remit the emergency assessment within 30 calendar days of notice of the emergency assessment.

(9) Except for payment of the emergency assessment, payment of assessments due must be made
to the department semiannually on March 1 and September 1 of the year following the calendar year in
which the assessment is based.

(10) Each plan No. 2 insurer providing workers' compensation insurance shall collect from each
 of its policyholders an amount equal to the insured employer's fund assessment through a surcharge based
 on premium. The assessments must include any amounts paid by plan No. 2 insurers on behalf of their

- 2 -

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1 policyholders to cover an emergency assessment by the department during the previous calendar year. 2 When collected, assessments may not constitute an element of loss for the purpose of establishing rates 3 for workers' compensation insurance but, for the purpose of collection, must be treated as separate costs 4 imposed upon insured employers. The total of this assessment must be stated as a separate cost on an 5 insured employer's policy or on a separate document submitted by the insured employer and must be identified as "workers' compensation policyholder surcharge". Each assessment must be shown as a 6 7 percentage of the total workers' compensation policyholder premium. The premium surcharge must be 8 collected at the same time and in the same manner that the premium for the coverage is collected. The 9 premium surcharge must be excluded from the definition of premiums for all purposes, including 10 computation of insurance producers' commissions or premium taxes, except that an insurer may cancel a 11 workers' compensation policy for nonpayment of the premium surcharge. Cancellation must be in 12 accordance with the procedures applicable to the nonpayment of premium.

(11) All assessments paid to the department must be deposited in the fund. Any balance remaining
at the end of any fiscal year does not revert to the general fund. The costs of administration of the fund
must be paid out of money in the fund.

16

17

Section 2. Section 33-16-1008, MCA, is amended to read:

18

"33-16-1008. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Accepted actuarial standards" means the standards adopted by the casualty actuarial society
 in its Statement of Principles Regarding Property and Casualty Insurance Ratemaking and the Standards of
 Practice adopted by the actuarial standards board.

(2) "Advisory organization" means a person or organization that either has two or more member insurers or is controlled either directly or indirectly by two or more insurers and that assists insurers in ratemaking-related activities. The term does not include a joint underwriting association, any actuarial or legal consultant, or any employee of an insurer or insurers under common control or management or their employees or manager. As used in this subsection, two or more insurers who have a common ownership or operate in this state under common management or control constitute a single insurer.

(3) "Classification system" means the plan, system, or arrangement for recognizing differences in
 exposure to hazards among industries, occupations, or operations of insurance policyholders.

30

Legislative Services Division

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(4) "Contingencies" means provisions in rates to recognize the uncertainty of the estimates of

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1 losses, loss adjustment expenses, other operating expenses, and investment income and profit that 2 comprise those rates. The provisions may be explicit, including but not limited to a specific charge to reflect 3 systematic variations of estimated costs from expected costs, or implicit, including but not limited to a 4 consideration in selecting a single estimate from a reasonable range of estimates, or both.

5 (5) "Developed losses" means adjusted losses, including loss adjustment expenses, using accepted 6 actuarial standards to eliminate the effect of differences between current payment or reserve estimates and 7 those needed to provide actual ultimate loss payments, including loss adjustment expense payments.

8 (6) "Expenses" means the portion of a rate that is attributable to acquisition, filed supervision and
 9 collection expenses, general expenses and taxes, licenses, or fees.

10 (7) "Experience rating" means a rating procedure using past insurance experience of the individual 11 policyholder to forecast future losses by measuring the policyholder's loss experience against the loss 12 experience of policyholders in the same classification to produce a prospective premium credit, debit, or 13 unity modification.

(8) "Insurer" means a person licensed to write workers' compensation insurance as a plan No. 2
insurer under the laws of the state.

(9) "Loss trending" means a procedure for projecting developed losses to the average date of loss
 for the period during which the policies are to be effective, including loss ratio trending.

(10) "Market" means the interaction in this state between buyers and plan No. 2 sellers of workers'
 compensation and employer's liability insurance pursuant to the provisions of this part.

(11) (a) "Prospective loss costs" means historical aggregate losses and loss adjustment expenses,
 including all assessments that are loss-based <u>and excluding any separately stated policyholder surcharges</u>,
 projected through development to their ultimate value and through trending to a future point in time and
 ascertained by accepted actuarial standards.

(b) The term does not include provisions for profit or expenses other than loss adjustment expenses
 and assessments that are loss-based.

(12) "Pure premium rate" means the portion of the rate that represents the loss cost per unit of
 exposure, including loss adjustment expense.

(13) (a) "Rate" or "rates" means rate of premium, policy and membership fee, or any other charge
 made by an insurer for or in connection with a contract or policy of workers' compensation and employer's
 liability insurance, prior to application of individual risk variations based on loss or expense considerations.

1 (b) The term does not include minimum premiums. 2 (14) "Reserve estimates" means provisions for insurer obligations for future payments of loss or 3 loss adjustment expenses. 4 (15) "Statistical plan" means the plan, system, or arrangement that is used in collecting data. 5 (16) "Supplementary rate information" means a manual or plan of rates, statistical plan, classification system, minimum premium, policy fee, rating rule, rate-related underwriting rule, and any 6 7 other information needed to determine the applicable premium for an individual insured that is consistent 8 with the purposes of this part and with rules prescribed by rule of the commissioner. 9 (17) "Supporting information" means the experience and judgment of the filer and the experience 10 or data of other insurers or advisory organizations relied on by the filer, the interpretation of any statistical data relied on by the filer, descriptions of methods used in making the rates, and any other similar 11 12 information required to be filed by the commissioner." 13 14 Section 3. Section 39-71-504, MCA, is amended to read: 15 "39-71-504. Funding of fund -- option for agreement between department and injured employee. 16 The fund is funded in the following manner: 17 (1) The department may require that the uninsured employer pay to the fund a penalty of either 18 up to double the premium amount the employer would have paid on the payroll of the employer's workers 19 in this state if the employer had been enrolled with compensation plan No. 3 or \$200, whichever is greater. 20 In determining the premium amount for the calculation of the penalty under this subsection, the department 21 shall make an assessment on how much premium would have been paid on the employer's past 3-year 22 payroll for periods within the 3 years when the employer was uninsured. 23 (2) The fund shall receive from an uninsured employer an amount equal to all benefits paid or to 24 be paid from the fund to an injured employee of the uninsured employer. 25 (3) The department may determine that the \$1,000 assessments that are charged against an

26 insurer in each case of an industrial death under 39-71-902(1) must be paid to the uninsured employers'
 27 fund rather than the subsequent injury fund.

(4)(3) The department may enter into an agreement with the injured employee or the employee's
 beneficiaries to assign to the employee or the beneficiaries all or part of the funds received by the
 department from the uninsured employer pursuant to subsection (2)."



c

1	Section 4. Section 39-71-903, MCA, is amended to read:		
2	"39-71-903. Procedure and practice. When a vocationally handicapped person receives a persona		
3	an injury, as defined in 39-71-119, the procedure and practice provided in this chapter applies to all		
4	proceedings under this part, except where specifically otherwise provided herein."		
5			
6	Section 5. Section 39-71-906, MCA, is amended to read:		
7	"39-71-906. Employer hiring or retaining certified vocationally handicapped person to file		
8	information with department effect of failure to file <u> department to notify insurer</u> . (1) Upon		
9	commencement of employment or retention in employment of a certified vocationally handicapped-person,		
10	the The employer shall submit to the department, on forms furnished by the department, all pertinent		
11	information requested by the department:		
12	(a) within 60 days after the filing of an application by an employee for certification as vocationally		
13	handicapped or 60 days after the first day of the vocationally handicapped person's employment or		
14	retention in employment; and		
15	(b) before an injury for which benefits are payable under this part.		
16	(2) The department shall acknowledge receipt of the information. Failure to file the required		
17	information with the department within 60 days after the first day of the vocationally handicapped person's		
18	employment or retention in employment the time required under subsection (1) precludes the employer from		
19	the protection and benefits of this part unless the information is filed before an injury for which benefits		
20	are payable under this part."		
21			
22	Section 6. Section 39-71-907, MCA, is amended to read:		
23	"39-71-907. Certified vocationally handicapped person to be compensated for injury as provided		
24	by chapter insurer liability for compensation limited appropriation. (1) A person certified as vocationally		
25	handicapped who receives a personal <u>an</u> injury arising out of and in the course of employment and		
26	resulting, as defined in 39-71-119, that results in death or disability must be paid compensation in the		
27	manner and to the extent provided in this chapter or, in case of death resulting from such the injury, the		
28	compensation must be paid to the person's beneficiaries or dependents. The liability of the insurer for		
29	payment of medical and burial benefits as provided in this chapter is limited to those benefits arising from		
30	services rendered during the period of 104 weeks after the date of injury. The liability of the insurer for		



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payment of benefits as provided in this chapter is limited to 104 weeks of compensation benefits actually 1 paid. Thereafter, all compensation and the cost of all medical care and burial is the liability of the fund. 2 3 (2) The amounts necessary for the payment of benefits from this fund are statutorily appropriated, 4 as provided in 17-7-502, from this fund." 5 6 Section 7. Section 39-71-908, MCA, is amended to read; 7 "39-71-908. Notification of fund of its potential liability under part -- review by fund. Not less than 8 90 or more than 150 60 days before the expiration of 104 weeks after the date of injury, the insurer shall 9 notify the fund whether it is likely that compensation may be payable beyond a period of 104 weeks after 10 the date of the injury. The fund thereafter After notification, the fund may review, at reasonable times, 11 such the information as the insurer has regarding the accident and the nature and extent of the injury and 12 disability." 13 14 Section 8. Section 39-71-909, MCA, is amended to read: 15 "39-71-909. Effect-of fund's failure to give notification of its intent to dispute liability---16 subsequent notification by fund authorized Insurer to pay benefits -- reimbursement by fund. If the fund 17 does not notify the insurer of its intent to dispute the payment of compensation, medical, and burial 18 benefits, the The insurer shall continue to make payments on behalf of the fund and shall must be 19 reimbursed by the fund for all benefits paid in excess of the insurer's liability. However, at any time 20 subsequent to 104 weeks after the date of injury, the fund may notify the insurer of a dispute as to 21 payment of benefits. The liability of the fund to roimburse the insurer shall be suspended 30 days thereafter 22 until the controversy is determined." 23 24 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Transfer and credit of excess funds held in subsequent injury fund. 25 (1) On or before December 31, 1997, the department of labor and industry shall retain an independent 26 actuary to calculate fully developed case reserves for those claims that are the liability of the fund.

(2) Claims that are identified and that are being reimbursed from the fund on or before July 1,
1997, must be paid from the reserves.

(3) The independent actuary shall calculate the sum necessary to reimburse 1 year's anticipated
 payments of benefits on claims reported to and being reimbursed by the fund, which must be retained in



1 the fund.

2 (4) The funds in excess of those necessary to pay the claims identified in subsections (2) and (3)
3 in the fund, if any, must be transferred to the administration fund in 39-71-201 and credited to insurers as
4 follows:

(a) A proportionate share of the remaining funds to be credited must be allocated among plan No.
1, plan No. 2, and plan No. 3 in the proportion that the individual plan's aggregate contributions for the
preceding 5 years bear to the total assessment in the preceding 5 years.

8 (b) The shares allocated to plan No. 1 and plan No. 2 must be credited to the individual plan No. 9 1 employers and plan No. 2 insurers authorized to transact insurance in Montana at the time of allocation. 10 The credit must be allocated among insurers proportionately based on the prorated share that the amount 11 the insurer paid on the plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 assessment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997, bore 12 to the total assessment paid by plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997. The 13 amount calculated must be credited to the plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 assessment for the administration fund 14 in 39-71-201.

(c) The shares allocated to plan No. 3, the state fund, must be credited to the state fund's
assessment for the administration fund in 39-71-201.

17

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 10. Repealer. Sections 39-71-902, 39-71-910, and 39-71-913, MCA, are
 19 repealed.

20

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 11. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an 22 integral part of Title 39, chapter 71, part 9, and the provisions of Title 39, chapter 71, part 9, apply to 23 [section 1].

24

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 12. Effective dates. (1) [Sections 1 through 8 and 10] are effective 26 January 1, 1998.

27 (2) [Sections 9 and 11 and this section] are effective on passage and approval.

28

-END

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for SB0375, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act revising the assessment procedures for the Workers' Compensation subsequent injury fund; providing for a runoff of claims currently administered by the subsequent injury fund; and providing for transfer and distribution of funds held in the subsequent injury fund.

ASSUMPTIONS:

<u>Gereral</u>

- 1. The Subsequent Injury Fund (SIF) must be maintained by assessment against the Plan 1, Plan 2, and Plan 3 members.
- 2. The total assessment amount to be allocated among Plan 1, Plan 2, and Plan 3 members is equal to the individual member's portion of total paid losses plus a proportionate share of administrative expenses incurred by the SIF.
- 3. Current claims will continue to be paid from the SIF.
- 4. The \$1,000 death benefit provided under current law in 39-71-902, MCA, will be repealed.
- 5. This legislation would change the annual assessment for the SIF from the current methodology of up to 5% of compensation paid by the insurer in the previous fiscal year to a methodology assessing self insurers and the State Fund based on the previous calendar year paid losses, and assessing insurance companies based on a surtax applied to premium they collected in the previous calendar year.

State Fund

- 6. An actuarial valuation as of July 1, 1997, will show unpaid liabilities on known claims to total \$1,397,112.
- 7. Currently, 24 of the 93 open SIF claims (25.8%) are attributable to the State Fund.
- Historic SIF payments on State Fund claims have been as follows: fiscal 1995 \$0; fiscal 1996 - \$7,765.
- 9. State Fund assessments have been as follows: fiscal 1995 \$259,116; fiscal 1996 \$459,795; fiscal 1997 \$395,185 (65% of total assessment for fiscal 1997).
- An actuarial report as of June 30, 1996, indicates SIF assessment under current law should be 0.25% of paid member benefits. Currently, the assessment rate is 0.7037%.
- 11. Under current law, at 0.25% of paid benefits, projected State Fund assessment would be: fiscal 1998 - \$196,421; fiscal 1999 - \$191,375.
- 12. Under proposed law, SIF-paid State Fund claims are projected to be: fiscal 1998 -\$10,000; fiscal 1999 - \$12,500.
- 13. The effect of emergency funding described in Section 1, paragraphs (8) and (9) of the proposed law cannot be determined.
- 14. SIF assets not needed for full-funding of known claims plus one year's funding of new claims filed on or after July 1, 1997, as actuarially determined, will be distributed back to SIF members based on percent of contribution.
- 15. Estimated assets available for crediting to administrative assessment fund in 39-71-201, MCA, for SIF members at June 30, 1997, after 1 year's funding of new claims and reserve for known claims are:

	<u>FY 97</u>
Estimated SIF assets at June 30, 1997	\$5,029,093
Estimated reserve at June 30, 1997 for known claims	\$1,397,112
l year's estimated payments on new	
claims reported on/after July 1, 1997	\$85,000
Cost of actuarial review and Administrative assessment	\$49,500
Assets available for distribution	\$3,497,481

- 16. State Fund portion of distribution, based on five year contribution rate (67.7%), would be about \$2,367,794.
- 17. Over the 6 year period (fiscal 1991 through fiscal 1996), the State Fund has paid SIF assessments totaling \$2,127,208 while recoveries under SIF benefits have totaled \$376,466. Under current law, State Fund has had a net expenditure of \$1,750,742 through fiscal 1996.

(Continued) 2.20.97 Lane Lewy DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

FRED THOMAS, PRIMARY SPONSOR DATE

Fiscal Note for <u>SB0375, as introduced</u>

Fiscal Note Request, <u>SB0375</u>, <u>as introduced</u> Page 2 (continued)

Department of Labor and Industry

- 18. A one-time-only actuarial analysis in fiscal 1998 would be required to identify the liability of claims filed prior to July 1, 1997, and one year anticipated reserves. The cost of an actuarial study is currently included in the agency base budget; however, the study required by this legislation involves a more complex analysis which is anticipated to increase the cost by an additional \$5,000 in fiscal 1998.
- 19. The actuarial analysis would also identify any amount in excess of what is needed to fund claim liability. The excess amount, if any, would be transferred to the administrative assessment account provided for in 39-71-201, to reduce the amount due in the fiscal 1999 administrative assessment from Plans 1, 2, and 3. The credit would be based on aggregate contributions by the three plans in the preceding 5 years. The relative share to self-insured employers would be credited against the amount due to those authorized to self-insure at the time credit is identified. The relative share to insurance companies would be credited against the amount due from those authorized to transact insurance in the state at the time the credit is identified. The relative share to plan three would be credited to the amount due from the State Fund.
- 20. Crediting the unobligated balance in SIF to the Workers' Compensation administrative fund would occur only in fiscal year 1999.
- 21. This legislation separates the billing mechanism for the SIF assessment from the administrative assessment by establishing a different time table for assessment and collection. The new billing schedule proposed in this legislation would require a separate mailing activity, at an annual new cost of \$500, starting in fiscal 1999.
- 22. Other workload changes created by the new procedures in this legislation would be absorbed by the current staff.
- 23. Eliminating the \$1,000 per individual industrial death assessment (page 5, lines 25-27) will require SIF to include this historic offset in its new assessment base. In fiscal 1996 the assessment revenue to SIF through this portion of statute was \$17,000.
- 24. Administrative costs of SIF would be included in the allocation of costs to the plans and would continue to be funded by SIF assessment.
- FISCAL IMPACT:

	FY98	FY99
<u>State Fund</u> Expenditures:	Difference	Difference
Enterprise Fund (06)	(\$2,470,573)	(\$99,825)
<u>Funding:</u> Enterprise Fund (06)	(2,470,573)	(99,825)
Department of Labor and Indus	try	
<u>Expenditures:</u> Operating Costs	\$5,000	\$500
<u>Funding:</u> SIF (06)	\$5,000	\$500

Net Impact:

State Fund

1. Proposed law will reduce State Fund expenditures by \$2.5 million over the biennium.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

<u>State Fund</u>

1. Reduced expenditures may decrease pressure on rates charged to State Fund customers. Department of Labor and Industry

2. The ability to invest in STIP and collect interest earnings in the fund is repealed by this legislation. Interest earnings for SIF in fiscal 1996 were \$117,918.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

Department of Labor and Industry

The reporting of benefits for the fourth quarter of a calendar year is not complete until March of any given year, which makes an assessment in February impractical.

1	SENATE BILL NO. 375
2	INTRODUCED BY THOMAS
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES FOR THE
5	WORKERS' COMPENSATION SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR A RUNOFF OF CLAIMS
6	CURRENTLY ADMINISTERED BY THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR TRANSFER AND
7	DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS HELD IN THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; AMENDING SECTIONS 33-16-1008,
8	39-71-504, 39-71-903, 39-71-906, <u>AND</u> 39-71-907, 39-71-908, AND 39-71-909, MCA; REPEALING
9	SECTIONS 39-71-902, 39-71-910, AND 39-71-913, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
10	æ.
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Assessment of insurers definition. (1) As used in this section, "paid
14	losses" means the following benefits paid during the preceding calendar year for injuries covered by the
15	Montana Workers' Compensation Act without regard to the application of any deductible regardless of
16	whether the employer or the insurer pays the losses:
17	(a) total compensation benefits paid; and
18	(b) EXCEPT FOR MEDICAL BENEFITS IN EXCESS OF \$200,000 PER OCCURRENCE THAT ARE
19	EXEMPT FROM ASSESSMENT, total medical benefits paid for medical treatment rendered to an injured
20	worker, including hospital treatment and prescription drugs.
21	(2) The fund must be maintained by assessing each plan No. 1 employer, each plan No. 2 <u>INSURED</u>
22	employer, and plan No. 3, the state fund, a proportion of the amount expended from the fund during each
23	calendar year. THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF FUNDS RETAINED IN THE FUND PLUS THE ASSESSMENT MAY
24	NOT EXCEED TWICE THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAID LOSSES REIMBURSED FROM THE FUND IN THE
25	PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR. The total assessment amount COLLECTED must be allocated among plan
26	No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insured employers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, based on paid losses
27	REIMBURSED from the fund for the calendar year preceding the year in which the assessment is collected.
28	(3) The portion of the total aggregate assessment that must be collected from all plan No. 1
29	employers, all plan No. 2 insured employers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, is equal to that portion of the
30	individual plan's total paid losses and a proportionate share of administrative expenses reimbursed or paid

SB 375

1 from the fund in the calendar year preceding the year in which the assessment is collected.

2

(4) The method of assessing plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insured employers; and plan No. 3,

3 the state fund, is as follows:

4 (a) on plan No. 1 employers, based on paid losses;

(b) on plan No. 2 insured employers, a surcharge based on the premium collected by insurers; and
 (c) on plan No. 3, the state fund, based on paid losses.

(5)(4) On or before February 1 MARCH 31 each year, the department shall notify each plan No.
 1 employer, PLAN NO. 2 INSURER, and plan No. 3, the state fund, of the amount to be assessed against
 the employer or the state fund for that calendar year. On or before February 1 MARCH 31 each year, the
 department, in consultation with the advisory organization designated under 33-16-1023, shall notify PLAN
 NO. 2 insurers of the premium surcharge rate to be effective for policies written or renewed on and after
 January 1 in that calendar year.

13 (6)(5) The portion of the plan No. 1 assessment assessed against an individual plan No. 1 employer 14 is a proportionate amount of total plan No. 1 paid losses during the preceding calendar year that is equal 15 to the percentage that the total paid losses of the individual plan No. 1 employer bore to the total paid 16 losses of all plan No. I employers during the preceding calendar year.

- 17 (7)(6) The portion of the plan No. 2 assessment subject to premium surcharge for an individual plan
 No. 2 <u>INSURED</u> employer is a proportionate amount of total plan No. 2 paid losses during the preceding
 calendar year that is equal to the percentage that the total paid losses of the individual plan No. 2 <u>INSURED</u>
 employer bore to that the total paid losses of all plan No. 2 insurers during the preceding calendar year.
- 21 (8) Amounts assessed against plan No. 1 employers, the surcharge rate applicable to policies of 22 plan No. 2 insured employers, and the amount assessed against the state fund must be sufficient to 23 generate revenue needed to satisfy obligation of the fund. If the department subsequently determines that 24 amounts assessed are insufficient to meet the fund's obligations during a calendar year, it may assess plan 25 No. 1-employers, plan No. 2-insurers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, an additional amount to cover any 26 anticipated deficiency based upon the allocation for that calendar year determined under subsection (3). 27 Plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insurers, on behalf of their policyholders, and plan No. 3, the state fund, 28 shall remit the emergency assessment within 30 calendar days of notice of the emergency assessment.
- (9)(7) Except for payment of the emergency assessment, payment <u>PAYMENT</u> of assessments due
 must be made to the department semiannually on <u>March 1 JUNE 30</u> and <u>September 1 DECEMBER 31</u> of



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1 the year following the calendar year in which the assessment is based.

2 (10)(8) Each plan No. 2 insurer providing workers' compensation insurance shall MAY collect from 3 each of its policyholders an amount equal to the insured employer's fund assessment through a surcharge 4 based on premium. The assessments must include any amounts paid by plan No. 2 insurers on behalf of 5 their policyholders to cover an emergency assessment by the department during the previous calendar year. 6 When collected, assessments may not constitute an element of loss for the purpose of establishing rates 7 for workers' compensation insurance but, for the purpose of collection, must be treated as separate costs 8 imposed upon insured employers. The total of this assessment must be stated as a separate cost on an 9 insured employer's policy or on a separate document submitted by the insured employer and must be 10 identified as "workers' compensation policyholder surcharge". Each assessment must be shown as a percentage of the total workers' compensation policyholder premium. The premium surcharge must be 11 12 collected at the same time and in the same manner that the premium for the coverage is collected. The 13 premium surcharge must be excluded from the definition of premiums for all purposes, including computation of insurance producers' commissions or premium taxes, except that an insurer may cancel a 14 15 workers' compensation policy for nonpayment of the premium surcharge. Cancellation must be in 16 accordance with the procedures applicable to the nonpayment of premium.

17 (11)(9) All assessments paid to the department must be deposited in the fund. Any balance
 18 remaining at the end of any fiscal year does not revert to the general fund. The costs of administration of
 19 the fund must be paid out of money in the fund.

20

21 22 Section 2. Section 33-16-1008, MCA, is amended to read:

"33-16-1008. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Accepted actuarial standards" means the standards adopted by the casualty actuarial society
 in its Statement of Principles Regarding Property and Casualty Insurance Ratemaking and the Standards of
 Practice adopted by the actuarial standards board.

(2) "Advisory organization" means a person or organization that either has two or more member insurers or is controlled either directly or indirectly by two or more insurers and that assists insurers in ratemaking-related activities. The term does not include a joint underwriting association, any actuarial or legal consultant, or any employee of an insurer or insurers under common control or management or their employees or manager. As used in this subsection, two or more insurers who have a common ownership



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1 or operate in this state under common management or control constitute a single insurer.

(3) "Classification system" means the plan, system, or arrangement for recognizing differences in
exposure to hazards among industries, occupations, or operations of insurance policyholders.

4 (4) "Contingencies" means provisions in rates to recognize the uncertainty of the estimates of 5 losses, loss adjustment expenses, other operating expenses, and investment income and profit that 6 comprise those rates. The provisions may be explicit, including but not limited to a specific charge to reflect 7 systematic variations of estimated costs from expected costs, or implicit, including but not limited to a 8 consideration in selecting a single estimate from a reasonable range of estimates, or both.

9 (5) "Developed losses" means adjusted losses, including loss adjustment expenses, using accepted 10 actuarial standards to eliminate the effect of differences between current payment or reserve estimates and 11 those needed to provide actual ultimate loss payments, including loss adjustment expense payments.

(6) "Expenses" means the portion of a rate that is attributable to acquisition, filed supervision and
collection expenses, general expenses and taxes, licenses, or fees.

(7) "Experience rating" means a rating procedure using past insurance experience of the individual
 policyholder to forecast future losses by measuring the policyholder's loss experience against the loss
 experience of policyholders in the same classification to produce a prospective premium credit, debit, or
 unity modification.

(8) "Insurer" means a person licensed to write workers' compensation insurance as a plan No. 2
insurer under the laws of the state.

(9) "Loss trending" means a procedure for projecting developed losses to the average date of loss
for the period during which the policies are to be effective, including loss ratio trending.

(10) "Market" means the interaction in this state between buyers and plan No. 2 sellers of workers'
 compensation and employer's liability insurance pursuant to the provisions of this part.

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(11) (a) "Prospective loss costs" means historical aggregate losses and loss adjustment expenses, including all assessments that are loss-based <u>and excluding any separately stated policyholder surcharges</u>, projected through development to their ultimate value and through trending to a future point in time and ascertained by accepted actuarial standards.

(b) The term does not include provisions for profit or expenses other than loss adjustment expensesand assessments that are loss-based.

30

(12) "Pure premium rate" means the portion of the rate that represents the loss cost per unit of



- 4 -

1 exposure, including loss adjustment expense.

(13) (a) "Rate" or "rates" means rate of premium, policy and membership fee, or any other charge
made by an insurer for or in connection with a contract or policy of workers' compensation and employer's
liability insurance, prior to application of individual risk variations based on loss or expense considerations.

5

(b) The term does not include minimum premiums.

6 (14) "Reserve estimates" means provisions for insurer obligations for future payments of loss or
7 loss adjustment expenses.

8

(15) "Statistical plan" means the plan, system, or arrangement that is used in collecting data.

9 (16) "Supplementary rate information" means a manual or plan of rates, statistical plan, 10 classification system, minimum premium, policy fee, rating rule, rate-related underwriting rule, and any 11 other information needed to determine the applicable premium for an individual insured that is consistent 12 with the purposes of this part and with rules prescribed by rule of the commissioner.

(17) "Supporting information" means the experience and judgment of the filer and the experience
 or data of other insurers or advisory organizations relied on by the filer, the interpretation of any statistical
 data relied on by the filer, descriptions of methods used in making the rates, and any other similar
 information required to be filed by the commissioner."

17

18 Section 3. Section 39-71-504, MCA, is amended to read:

19 "39-71-504. Funding of fund -- option for agreement between department and injured employee.
 20 The fund is funded in the following manner:

(1) The department may require that the uninsured employer pay to the fund a penalty of either
up to double the premium amount the employer would have paid on the payroll of the employer's workers
in this state if the employer had been enrolled with compensation plan No. 3 or \$200, whichever is greater.
In determining the premium amount for the calculation of the penalty under this subsection, the department
shall make an assessment on how much premium would have been paid on the employer's past 3-year
payroll for periods within the 3 years when the employer was uninsured.

(2) The fund shall receive from an uninsured employer an amount equal to all benefits paid or to
 be paid from the fund to an injured employee of the uninsured employer.

29 (3) The department may determine that the \$1,000 assessments that are charged against an
 30 insurer in each case of an industrial death under 39 71-902(1) must be paid to the uninsured employers'



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1	fund rather than the subsequent injury fund.
2	(4)(3) The department may enter into an agreement with the injured employee or the employee's
3	beneficiaries to assign to the employee or the beneficiaries all or part of the funds received by the
4	department from the uninsured employer pursuant to subsection (2)."
5	
6	Section 4. Section 39-71-903, MCA, is amended to read:
7	"39-71-903. Procedure and practice. When a vocationally handicapped person receives a personal
8	an injury, as defined in 39-71-119, the procedure and practice provided in this chapter applies to all
9	proceedings under this part, except where specifically otherwise provided herein."
10	
11	Section 5. Section 39-71-906; MCA, is amended to read:
12	"39-71-906. Employer-hiring or retaining certified vocationally handicapped person to file
13	information with departmenteffect of failure to file <u>department_to_netify_insurer</u> . <u>(1)</u> Upon
14	commencement of employment or retention in employment of a certified vocationally handicapped person,
15	the <u>The</u> employer shall submit to the department, on forms furnished by the department, all pertinent
16	information requested by the department:
17	<u>(a) within 60 days after the filing of an application by an employee for certification as vocationally</u>
18	handicapped or 60 days after the first day of the vocationally handicapped person's employment or
19	retention in employment; and
20	(b) before an injury for which benefits are payable under this part.
21	<u>{2}</u> The department shall acknowledge receipt of the information. Failure to file the required
22	information with the department within 60 days after the first day of the vocationally handicapped person's
23	employment or retention in employment the time required under subsection (1) precludes the employer from
24	the protection and benefits of this part unless the information is filed before an injury for which benefits
25	are payable under this part."
26	
27	Section 5. Section 39-71-907, MCA, is amended to read:
28	"39-71-907. Certified vocationally handicapped person to be compensated for injury as provided
29	by chapter insurer liability for compensation limited appropriation. (1) A person certified as vocationally
30	handicapped who receives a personal an injury arising out of and in the course of employment and



resulting, as defined in 39-71-119, that results in death or disability must be paid compensation in the 1 manner and to the extent provided in this chapter or, in case of death resulting from such the injury, the 2 compensation must be paid to the person's beneficiaries or dependents. The liability of the insurer for 3 4 payment of medical and burial benefits as provided in this chapter is limited to those benefits arising from 5 services rendered during the period of 104 weeks after the date of injury. The liability of the insurer for 6 payment of benefits as provided in this chapter is limited to 104 weeks of compensation benefits actually 7 paid. Thereafter, all compensation and the cost of all medical care and burial is the liability of the fund. 8 (2) The amounts necessary for the payment of benefits from this fund are statutorily appropriated. 9 as provided in 17-7-502, from this fund." 10 11 Section 7. Section 39-71-908, MCA, is amended to read; 12 "39-71-908. Notification of fund of its potential liability under part -- review by fund. Not-less than 90 or more than 150 60 days before the expiration of 104 weeks after the date of injury, the insurer shall 13 14 notify the fund whether it is likely that compensation may be payable beyond a period of 104 weeks after 15 the date of the injury. The fund thereafter After notification, the fund may review, at reasonable times, 16 such the information as the insurer has regarding the accident and the nature and extent of the injury and 17 disability." 18 19 Section 8. Section 39-71-909, MCA, is amended to read: 20 "39-71-909. Effect of fund's failure to give notification of its intent to dispute liability ----21 subsequent notification by fund authorized Insurer to pay benefits -- reimbursement by fund. If the fund 22 does not notify the insurer of its intent to dispute the payment of compensation, medical, and burial 23 bonofits, the The insurer shall continue to make payments on behalf of the fund and shall must be 24 reimbursed by the fund for all benefits paid in excess of the insurer's liability. However, at any time 25 subsequent to 104 weeks after the date of injury, the fund may notify the insurer of a dispute as to payment of benefits. The liability of the fund to reimburse the insurer shall be suspended 30 days thereafter 26 27 until the controversy is determined." 28

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. Transfer and credit of excess funds held in subsequent injury fund.
 (1) On or before December 31, 1997, the department of labor and industry shall retain an independent



1	actuary to calculate fully developed case reserves for those claims that are the liability of the fund.		
2	(2) Claims that are identified and that are being reimbursed from the fund on or before July 1,		
3	1997, must be paid from the reserves.		
4	(3) The independent actuary shall calculate the sum necessary to reimburse 1 year's anticipated		
5	payments of benefits on claims reported to and being reimbursed by the fund, which must be retained in		
6	the fund.		
7	(4) The funds in excess of those necessary to pay the claims identified in subsections (2) and (3)		
8	in the fund, if any, must be transferred to the administration ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 1, 1997, THE		
9	DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY SHALL TRANSFER \$3.5 MILLION OF THE FUNDS RETAINED		
10	IN THE FUND TO THE fund in 39-71-201 and credited CREDIT THE AMOUNT to insurers as follows:		
11	(a)(1) A proportionate share of the remaining funds to be credited must be allocated among plan		
12	No. 1, plan No. 2, and plan No. 3 in the proportion that the individual plan's aggregate contributions for		
13	the preceding 5 years bear to the total assessment in the preceding 5 years.		
14	$\frac{b}{2}$ The shares allocated to plan No. 1 and plan No. 2 must be credited to the individual plan No.		
15	1 employers and plan No. 2 insurers authorized to transact insurance in Montana at the time of allocation.		
16	The credit must be allocated among insurers proportionately based on the prorated share that the amount		
17	the insurer paid on the plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 assessment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997, bore		
18	to the total assessment paid by plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997. The		
19	amount calculated must be credited to the plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 assessment for the administration fund		
20	in 39-71-201.		
21	(c)(3) The shares allocated to plan No. 3, the state fund, must be credited to the state fund's		
22	assessment for the administration fund in 39-71-201.		
23			
24	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Repealer. Sections 39-71-902, 39-71-910, and 39-71-913, MCA, are		
25	repealed.		
26			
27	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an		
28	integral part of Title 39, chapter 71, part 9, and the provisions of Title 39, chapter 71, part 9, apply to		
29	[section 1].		
30			



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1	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective dates. (1) [Sections 1 through 8 5 and 10 7] are effective
2	January 1, 1998.
3	(2) [Sections 9 $\underline{6}$ and 11 $\underline{8}$ and this section] are effective on passage and approval.
4	-END-

1	SENATE BILL NO. 375
2	INTRODUCED BY THOMAS
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES FOR THE
5	WORKERS' COMPENSATION SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR A RUNOFF OF CLAIMS
6	CURRENTLY ADMINISTERED BY THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR TRANSFER AND
7	DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS HELD IN THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; AMENDING SECTIONS 33-16-1008,
8	39-71-504, 39-71-903, 39-71-906, <u>AND</u> 39-71-907, 39-71-908, AND 39-71-909, MCA; REPEALING
9	SECTIONS 39-71-902, 39-71-910, AND 39-71-913, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

- 1 -

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STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act revising the assessment procedures for the Workers' Compensation subsequent injury fund; providing for a runoff of claims currently administered by the subsequent injury fund; and providing for transfer and distribution of funds held in the subsequent injury fund.

ASSUMPTIONS:

General:

- 1. The subsequent injury fund (SIF) must be maintained by assessment against the Plan 1, Plan 2, and Plan 3 members.
- 2. The total assessment amount to be allocated among Plan 1, Plan 2, and Plan 3 members is equal to the individual member's portion of total paid losses plus a proportionate share of administrative expenses incurred by the SIF.
- 3. Current claims will continue to be paid from the SIF.
- 4. The \$1,000 death benefit provided under current law in 39-71-902, MCA, will be repealed.
- 5. This legislation would change the annual assessment for the SIF from the current methodology of up to 5% of compensation paid by the insurer in the previous fiscal year to a methodology assessing self insurers, private carriers and the state fund based on the previous calendar year paid losses.

State Fund:

- 6. An actuarial valuation as of July 1, 1997, will show unpaid liabilities on known claims to total \$1,397,112.
- 7. Currently, 24 of the 93 open SIF claims (25.8%) are attributable to the State Fund.
- Historic SIF payments on State Fund claims have been as follows: fiscal 1995 \$0; fiscal 1996 - \$7,765.
- 9. State Fund assessments have been as follows: fiscal 1995 \$259,156; fiscal 1996 \$459,795; fiscal 1997 \$395,185 (65% of total assessment for fiscal 1997).
- 10. An actuarial report as of June 30, 1996, indicates SIF assessment under current law should be 0.25% of paid member benefits. Currently, the assessment rate is 0.7037%.
- 11. Under current law, at 0.25% of paid benefits, projected State Fund assessment would be: fiscal 1998 - \$196,421; fiscal 1999 - \$191,375.
- 12. Under proposed law, SIF-paid State Fund claims are projected to be: fiscal 1998 \$10,000; fiscal 1999 \$12,500.
- 13. SIF assets not needed for full-funding of known claims plus one year's funding of new claims filed on or after July 1, 1997, as actuarially determined, will be distributed back to SIF members based on percent of contribution.
- 14. Estimated assets available for crediting to administrative assessment fund in 39-71-201, MCA, for SIF members at June 30, 1997, after 1 year's funding of new claims and reserve for known claims are:
 EV 97

Estimated SIF assets at June 30, 1997	\$5,029,093
Estimated reserve at June 30, 1997 for known claims	\$1,397,112
l year's estimated payments on new claims reported on/after July 1, 1997	\$85,000
Cost of actuarial review and Administrative assessment	<u>\$49,500</u>
Assets available for distribution	<u>\$3,497,481</u>

- 15. The State Fund portion of distribution, based on five year contribution rate (67.7%), would be about \$2,367,794.
- 16. Over the 6 year period (fiscal 1991 through fiscal 1996), the State Fund has paid SIF assessments totaling \$2,127,208 while recoveries under SIF benefits have totaled \$376,466. Under current law, State Fund has had a net expenditure of \$1,750,742 through fiscal 1996.

(Continued) DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

FRED TNOMAS, PRIMARY SPONSOR DATE

Fiscal Note for <u>SB0375</u>, third reading SB 375-#2 Fiscal Note Request, <u>SB0375, third reading</u> Page 2 (continued)

Department of Labor and Industry:

- 17. On or before September 1, 1997, the Department of Labor and Industry shall transfer \$3.5 million from the fund to the administrative assessment account provided for in 39-71-201, to reduce the amount due in the FY98 administrative assessment from Plans 1, 2, and 3. The credit would be based on aggregate contributions by the three plans in the preceding 5 years. The relative share to self-insured employers would be credited against the amount due to those authorized to self-insured at the time credit is identified. The relative share to insurance companies would be credited against the amount due from those authorized to transact insurance in the state at the time the credit is identified. The relative share to plan 3 would be credited to the amount due from the State Fund.
- 18. This legislation separates the billing mechanism for the SIF assessment from the administrative assessment by establishing a different time table for assessment and collection. The new billing schedule proposed in this legislation would require a separate mailing activity, at an annual new cost of \$500, starting in FY99.
- 19. Other workload changes created by the new procedures in this legislation would be absorbed by the current staff.
- 20. Eliminating the \$1,000 per individual industrial death assessment (page 5, lines 25-27) will require SIF to include this historic offset in its new assessment base. In FY96 the assessment revenue to SIF through this portion of statute was \$17,000.
- 21. Administrative costs of SIF would be included in the allocation of costs to the plans and would continue to be funded by SIF assessment.

FISCAL IMPACT:

		FY98	FY99
State Fund:		Difference	Difference
<u>Expenditures:</u> Enterprise Fund	(06)	(2,470,573)	(99,825)
<u>Funding:</u> Enterprise Fund	(06)	(2,470,573)	(99,825)

Department of Labor and Industry:

Expenditures: Operating Costs

Funding:		
SIF (06041)	0	500
SIF (06040)	(3,500,000)	0
WC Assessment (02455)	3,500,000	0
Total	0	500

Net Impact:

State Fund

1. Proposed law will reduce State Fund expenditures by \$2.5 million over the biennium.

2. Assessments to insurers will be reduced based on \$3.5 million credited in the workers' compensation administration fund.

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LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

State Fund

- 1. Reduced expenditures may decrease pressure on rates charged to State Fund customers. Department of Labor and Industry
- 2. The ability to invest in STIP and collect interest earnings in the fund is repealed by this legislation. Interest earnings for SIF in fiscal 1996 were \$117,918.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

Department of Labor and Industry

- 1. In new Section 1 (p.2 line 9), for clarification insert ",insurer," after "...the employer..." to make it consistent with line 8 new language change, and strike "...or..." and replace with "...and..." before "...the state fund...."
- 2. Senate Bill 290 includes scheduling cycles for reporting of paid losses on March 31 of each year by Plan 1 self-insurers, Plan 2 private carriers, and the State Fund. SB 375 requires that the department notify the three plans by March 31 of the amount of their respective SIF assessment. To determine the amount of the SIF assessment, the paid loss figures discussed above would be needed for administrative purposes by February 28 in order to determine the SIF assessment. These reporting schedules between the two bills need to be reconciled.

1	SENATE BILL NO. 375
2	INTRODUCED BY THOMAS
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES FOR THE
5	WORKERS' COMPENSATION SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR A RUNOFF OF CLAIMS
6	CURRENTLY ADMINISTERED BY THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR TRANSFER AND
7	DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS HELD IN THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; AMENDING SECTIONS 33-16-1008,
8	39-71-504, 39-71-903, 38-71-906, <u>AND</u> 39-71-907, 39-71-908, AND 39-71-909, MCA; REPEALING
9	SECTIONS 39-71-902, 39-71-910, AND 39-71-913, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Assessment of insurers definition. (1) As used in this section, "paid
14	losses" means the following benefits paid during the preceding calendar year for injuries covered by the
15	Montana Workers' Compensation Act without regard to the application of any deductible regardless of
16	whether the employer or the insurer pays the losses:
17	(a) total compensation benefits paid; and
18	(b) EXCEPT FOR MEDICAL BENEFITS IN EXCESS OF \$200,000 PER OCCURRENCE THAT ARE
19	EXEMPT FROM ASSESSMENT, total medical benefits paid for medical treatment rendered to an injured
20	worker, including hospital treatment and prescription drugs.
21	(2) The fund must be maintained by assessing each plan No. 1 employer, each plan No. 2 INSURED
22	employer, and plan No. 3, the state fund , a proportion of the amount expended from the fund during each
23	calendar year. THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF FUNDS RETAINED IN THE FUND PLUS THE ASSESSMENT MAY
24	NOT EXCEED TWICE THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAID LOSSES REIMBURSED FROM THE FUND IN THE
25	PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR. The total accossment amount <u>COLLECTED</u> must be allocated among plan
26	No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insured employers, and plan No. 3, the state-fund, based on paid losses
27	REIMBURSED from the fund for the calendar year preceding the year in which the assessment is collected.
28	(3) The portion of the total aggregate assessment that must be collected from all plan No1
29	employers, all plan No2 insured employers, and plan No3, the state fund, is equal to that portion of the
30	individual plan's total paid losses and a proportionate share of administrative expenses reimbursed or paid



1 from the fund in the calendar year preceding the year in which the assessment is collected. THË 2 ASSESSMENT AMOUNT IS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAID LOSSES REIMBURSED FROM THE FUND IN THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR AND THE EXPENSES OF ADMINISTRATION LESS OTHER INCOME. 3 THE TOTAL ASSESSMENT AMOUNT COLLECTED MUST BE ALLOCATED AMONG PLAN NO. 1 4 5 EMPLOYERS, PLAN NO. 2 INSURED EMPLOYERS, AND PLAN NO. 3, THE STATE FUND, BASED ON PAID 6 LOSSES FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR PRECEDING THE YEAR IN WHICH THE ASSESSMENT IS COLLECTED. 7 THE BOARD OF INVESTMENTS SHALL INVEST THE MONEY OF THE FUND, AND THE INVESTMENT 8 INCOME MUST BE DEPOSITED IN THE FUND. 9 (4) The method of assessing plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insured employers, and plan No. 3, 10 the state fund, is as follows: 11 (a) on plan No. 1 employers, based on paid losses; 12 (b) on plan No. 2 insured employers, a surcharge based on the premium collected by insurers; and 13 (c) on plan No. 3, the state fund, based on paid losses. 14 (5)(4)(3) On or before Fobruary 1 MARCH 31 each year, the department shall notify each plan No. 15 1 employer, PLAN NO. 2 INSURER, and plan No. 3, the state fund, of the amount to be assessed against 16 the employer or the state fund for that calendar year. On or before February 1 MARCH 31 each year, the 17 department, in consultation with the advisory organization designated under 33-16-1023, shall notify PLAN 18 NO. 2 insurers of the premium surcharge rate to be effective for policies written or renewed on and after 19 January 1 in that calendar year.

(6)(5)(4) The portion of the plan No. 1 assessment assessed against an individual plan No. 1
 employer is a proportionate amount of total plan No. 1 paid losses during the preceding calendar year that
 is equal to the percentage that the total paid losses of the individual plan No. 1 employer bore to the total
 paid losses of all plan No. I employers during the preceding calendar year.

24 (7)(6)(5) The portion of the plan No. 2 assessment subject to premium surcharge for an individual 25 plan No. 2 INSURED employer is a proportionate amount of total plan No. 2 paid losses during the 26 preceding calendar year that is equal to the percentage that the total paid losses of the individual plan No. 27 2 INSURED employer bore to that the total paid losses of all plan No. 2 insurers during the preceding 28 calendar year.

29 (8) Amounts accessed against plan No. 1 employers, the surcharge rate applicable to policies of
 30 plan No. 2 insured employers, and the amount assessed against the state fund must be sufficient to



1 generate revenue needed to catisfy obligation of the fund. If the department subsequently determines that amounts assessed are insufficient to meet the fund's obligations during a calendar year, it may assess plan 2 3 No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insurers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, an additional amount to sever any 4 anticipated deficiency based upon the allocation for that calendar year determined under subsection (3). 5 Plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insurers, on behalf of their policyholders, and plan No. 3, the state fund, 6 shall remit the emergency assessment within 30 calendar days of notice of the emergency assessment.

7 (9)(7)(6) Except for payment of the emergency assessment, payment PAYMENT of assessments 8 due must be made to the department semiannually on March 1 JUNE 30 and September 1 DECEMBER 31 9 of the year following the calendar year in ON which the assessment is based.

(10)(8)(7) Each plan No. 2 insurer providing workers' compensation insurance shall MAY collect 10 from each of its policyholders an amount equal to the insured employer's fund assessment through a 11 12 surcharge based on premium. The assessments must include any amounts paid by plan No. 2 insurers on behalf of their policyholders to cover an emergency assessment by the department during the previous 13 calendar year. When collected, assessments may not constitute an element of loss for the purpose of 14 establishing rates for workers' compensation insurance but, for the purpose of collection, must be treated 15 16 as separate costs imposed upon insured employers. The total of this assessment must be stated as a 17 separate cost on an insured employer's policy or on a separate document submitted by the insured employer and must be identified as "workers' compensation policyholder surcharge". Each assessment 18 must be shown as a percentage of the total workers' compensation policyholder premium. The premium 19 surcharge must be collected at the same time and in the same manner that the premium for the coverage 20 21 is collected. The premium surcharge must be excluded from the definition of premiums for all purposes, 22 including computation of insurance producers' commissions or premium taxes, except that an insurer may 23 cancel a workers' compensation policy for nonpayment of the premium surcharge. Cancellation must be 24 in accordance with the procedures applicable to the nonpayment of premium.

25

(11)(9)(8) All assessments paid to the department must be deposited in the fund. Any balance 26 remaining at the end of any fiscal year does not revert to the general fund. The costs of administration of 27 the fund must be paid out of money in the fund.

28

Section 2. Section 33-16-1008, MCA, is amended to read: 29

30

"33-16-1008. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:



1 (1) "Accepted actuarial standards" means the standards adopted by the casualty actuarial society 2 in its Statement of Principles Regarding Property and Casualty Insurance Ratemaking and the Standards of 3 Practice adopted by the actuarial standards board.

4 (2) "Advisory organization" means a person or organization that either has two or more member 5 insurers or is controlled either directly or indirectly by two or more insurers and that assists insurers in 6 ratemaking-related activities. The term does not include a joint underwriting association, any actuarial or 7 legal consultant, or any employee of an insurer or insurers under common control or management or their 8 employees or manager. As used in this subsection, two or more insurers who have a common ownership 9 or operate in this state under common management or control constitute a single insurer.

10 (3) "Classification system" means the plan, system, or arrangement for recognizing differences in 11 exposure to hazards among industries, occupations, or operations of insurance policyholders.

12 (4) "Contingencies" means provisions in rates to recognize the uncertainty of the estimates of 13 losses, loss adjustment expenses, other operating expenses, and investment income and profit that 14 comprise those rates. The provisions may be explicit, including but not limited to a specific charge to reflect 15 systematic variations of estimated costs from expected costs, or implicit, including but not limited to a 16 consideration in selecting a single estimate from a reasonable range of estimates, or both,

17 (5) "Developed losses" means adjusted losses, including loss adjustment expenses, using accepted 18 actuarial standards to eliminate the effect of differences between current payment or reserve estimates and 19 those needed to provide actual ultimate loss payments, including loss adjustment expense payments.

20 (6) "Expenses" means the portion of a rate that is attributable to acquisition, filed supervision and 21 collection expenses, general expenses and taxes, licenses, or fees.

22 (7) "Experience rating" means a rating procedure using past insurance experience of the individual 23 policyholder to forecast future losses by measuring the policyholder's loss experience against the loss 24 experience of policyholders in the same classification to produce a prospective premium credit, debit, or 25 unity modification.

(8) "Insurer" means a person licensed to write workers' compensation insurance as a plan No. 2 26 27 insurer under the laws of the state.

28 (9) "Loss trending" means a procedure for projecting developed losses to the average date of loss 29 for the period during which the policies are to be effective, including loss ratio trending.

30 (10) "Market" means the interaction in this state between buyers and plan No. 2 sellers of workers'



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compensation and employer's liability insurance pursuant to the provisions of this part.
(11) (a) "Prospective loss costs" means historical aggregate losses and loss adjustment expenses,
including all assessments that are loss-based and excluding any separately stated policyholder surcharges,
projected through development to their ultimate value and through trending to a future point in time and
ascertained by accepted actuarial standards.

6 (b) The term does not include provisions for profit or expenses other than loss adjustment expenses
7 and assessments that are loss-based.

8 (12) "Pure premium rate" means the portion of the rate that represents the loss cost per unit of
9 exposure, including loss adjustment expense.

(13) (a) "Rate" or "rates" means rate of premium, policy and membership fee, or any other charge
 made by an insurer for or in connection with a contract or policy of workers' compensation and employer's
 liability insurance, prior to application of individual risk variations based on loss or expense considerations.

13

(b) The term does not include minimum premiums.

(14) "Reserve estimates" means provisions for insurer obligations for future payments of loss or
 loss adjustment expenses.

16 (15) "Statistical plan" means the plan, system, or arrangement that is used in collecting data.

(16) "Supplementary rate information" means a manual or plan of rates, statistical plan, classification system, minimum premium, policy fee, rating rule, rate-related underwriting rule, and any other information needed to determine the applicable premium for an individual insured that is consistent with the purposes of this part and with rules prescribed by rule of the commissioner.

(17) "Supporting information" means the experience and judgment of the filer and the experience
 or data of other insurers or advisory organizations relied on by the filer, the interpretation of any statistical
 data relied on by the filer, descriptions of methods used in making the rates, and any other similar
 information required to be filed by the commissioner."

25

26

Section 3. Section 39-71-504, MCA, is amended to read:

27 "39-71-504. Funding of fund -- option for agreement between department and injured employee.
28 The fund is funded in the following manner:

(1) The department may require that the uninsured employer pay to the fund a penalty of either
 up to double the premium amount the employer would have paid on the payroll of the employer's workers



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1 in this state if the employer had been enrolled with compensation plan No. 3 or \$200, whichever is greater. In determining the premium amount for the calculation of the penalty under this subsection, the department 2 shall make an assessment on how much premium would have been paid on the employer's past 3-year 3 payroll for periods within the 3 years when the employer was uninsured. 4 (2) The fund shall receive from an uninsured employer an amount equal to all benefits paid or to 5 be paid from the fund to an injured employee of the uninsured employer. 6 (3) The department may determine that the \$1,000 assessments that are charged against an 7 insurer in each case of an industrial death under 39-71-902(1) must be paid to the uninsured employers' 8 9 fund rather than the subsequent injury fund. (4)(3) The department may enter into an agreement with the injured employee or the employee's 10 beneficiaries to assign to the employee or the beneficiaries all or part of the funds received by the 11 12 department from the uninsured employer pursuant to subsection (2)." 13 14 Section 4. Section 39-71-903, MCA, is amended to read: "39-71-903. Procedure and practice. When a vocationally handicapped person receives a personal 15 an injury, as defined in 39-71-119, the procedure and practice provided in this chapter applies to all 16 proceedings under this part, except where specifically otherwise provided herein." 17 18 Section 5. Section 39-71-906, MCA, is amended to read: 19 20 "39-71-906, Employer hiring or retaining certified vocationally handicapped person to file 21 information with department -- effect of failure to file - department to netify insurer, (1) Upon 22 commencement of employment or retention in employment of a certified vocationally handicapped person, 23 the The employer shall submit to the department, on forms furnished by the department, all pertinent 24 information requested by the department: 25 (a) within 60 days after the filing of an application by an employee for certification as vocationally 26 handicapped or 60 days after the first day of the vocationally handicapped person's employment or 27 retention in employment; and 28 (b) before an injury for which benefits are payable under this part. 29 (2) -- The department shall acknowledge receipt of the information, Failure to file the required 30 information with the department within 60 days after the first day of the vocationally handicapped person's



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employment or retention in employment <u>the time required under subsection (1)</u> precludes the employer from
 the protection and benefits of this part unless the information is filed before an injury for which benefits
 are payable under this part."

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Section 5. Section 39-71-907, MCA, is amended to read:

6 "39-71-907. Certified vocationally handicapped person to be compensated for injury as provided 7 by chapter -- insurer liability for compensation limited -- appropriation. (1) A person certified as vocationally 8 handicapped who receives a personal an injury arising out of and in the course of employment- and 9 resulting, as defined in 39-71-119, that results in death or disability must be paid compensation in the 10 manner and to the extent provided in this chapter or, in case of death resulting from such the injury, the compensation must be paid to the person's beneficiaries or dependents. The liability of the insurer for 11 12 payment of medical and burial benefits as provided in this chapter is limited to those benefits arising from 13 services rendered during the period of 104 weeks after the date of injury. The liability of the insurer for 14 payment of benefits as provided in this chapter is limited to 104 weeks of compensation benefits actually 15 paid. Thereafter, all compensation and the cost of all medical care and burial is the liability of the fund.

16 (2) The amounts necessary for the payment of benefits from this fund are statutorily appropriated,
17 as provided in 17-7-502, from this fund."

18

19

Section 7. Section 39-71-908, MCA, is amended to read:

20 <u>"39-71-908. Notification of fund of its potential liability under part -- review by fund. Not loss than</u> 21 <u>90 or more than 150-60 days before the expiration of 104 weeks after the date of injury, the insurer shall</u> 22 notify the fund whether it is likely that compensation may be payable beyond a period of 104 weeks after 23 the date of the injury. The fund thereafter <u>After notification, the fund</u> may review, at reasonable times, 24 such the information as the insurer has regarding the assident and the nature and extent of the injury and 25 disability."

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Section 8. Section 39-71-909, MCA, is amonded to read:

28 <u>"39-71-909. Effect of fund's failure to give notification of its intent to dispute liability --</u>
29 subsequent notification by fund authorized <u>Insurer to pay benefits -- reimbursement by fund</u>. If the fund
30 does not notify the insurer of its intent to dispute the payment of compensation, medical, and burial



1	bonofits, the <u>The</u> insurer shall continue to make payments on behalf of the fund and shall <u>must</u> be
2	reimbursed by the fund for all-benefits paid in excess of the insurer's liability. However, at any time
3	subsequent to 104 weeks after the date of injury, the fund may notify the insurer of a dispute as to
4	payment of benefits. The liability of the fund to reimburse the insurer shall be suspended 30 days thereafter
5	until the controversy is determined."
6	
7	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Transfer and credit of excess funds held in subsequent injury fund.
8	(1) On or before December 31, 1997, the department of labor and industry shall retain an independent
9	actuary to calculate fully developed case reserves for these claims that are the liability of the fund.
10	(2) Claims that are identified and that are being reimbursed from the fund on or before July 1,
11	1997, must be paid from the reserves.
12	(3) The independent actuary shall calculate the sum necessary to reimburse 1 year's anticipated
13	payments of benefits on claims reported to and being reimbursed by the fund, which must be retained in
14	the fund.
15	(4) The funds in excess of these necessary to pay the claims identified in subsections (2) and (3)
16	in the fund, if any, must be transforred to the administration ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 1, 1997, THE
17	DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY SHALL TRANSFER \$3.5 MILLION OF THE FUNDS RETAINED
18	IN THE FUND TO THE fund in 39-71-201 and credited CREDIT THE AMOUNT to insurers OFFSET THE
19	INSURER'S ASSESSMENT FOR THE ADMINISTRATION FUND as follows:
20	(a) <u>{1}</u> A proportionate share of the remaining funds to be credited must be allocated among plan
21	No. 1, plan No. 2, and plan No. 3 in the proportion that the individual plan's aggrogate contributions for
22	the preceding 5 years bear to the total assessment in the preceding 5 years.
23	(b) <u>(2)</u> The shares allocated to plan No. 1 and plan No. 2 must be credited to the individual plan No.
24	1 employers and plan No. 2 insurers authorized to transact insurance in Montana at the time of allocation.
25	The credit must be allocated among insurers proportionately based on the prorated share that the amount
26	the insurer paid on the plan No. 1 or plan No2 assessment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997, bere
27	to the total assessment paid by plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997. The
28	amount calculated must be credited to the plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 assessment for the administration fund
2 9	in 39-71-201.
30	(c) <u>(3)</u> The shares allocated to plan No. 3, the state fund, must be credited to the state fund's



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1	assessment for the administration fund in 39-71-201
2	(1) PLAN NO. 1, \$490,000;
3	(2) PLAN NO. 2, \$612,500; AND
4	(3) PLAN NO. 3, \$2,397,500.
5	
6	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Repealer. Sections 39-71-902, 39-71-910, and 39-71-913, MCA, are
7	repealed.
8	
9	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an
10	integral part of Title 39, chapter 71, part 9, and the provisions of Title 39, chapter 71, part 9, apply to
11	[section 1].
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective dates. (1) [Sections 1 through 8 5 and 10 7] are effective
14	January 1, 1998.
15	(2) [Sections $\frac{9}{6}$ and $\frac{11}{8}$ and this section] are effective on passage and approval.
16	-END-

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 375
2	INTRODUCED BY THOMAS
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES FOR THE
5	WORKERS' COMPENSATION SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR A RUNOFF OF CLAIMS
6	CURRENTLY ADMINISTERED BY THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; PROVIDING FOR TRANSFER AND
7	DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS HELD IN THE SUBSEQUENT INJURY FUND; AMENDING SECTIONS 33-16-1008,
8	39-71-504, 39-71-903, 39-71-906, <u>AND</u> 39-71-907, 39-71-908, AND 39-71-909, MCA; REPEALING
9	SECTIONS 39-71-902, 39-71-910, AND 39-71-913, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Assessment of insurers definition. (1) As used in this section, "paid
14	losses" means the following benefits paid during the preceding calendar year for injuries covered by the
15	Montana Workers' Compensation Act without regard to the application of any deductible regardless of
16	whether the employer or the insurer pays the losses:
17	(a) total compensation benefits paid; and
18	(b) EXCEPT FOR MEDICAL BENEFITS IN EXCESS OF \$200,000 PER OCCURRENCE THAT ARE
19	EXEMPT FROM ASSESSMENT, total medical benefits paid for medical treatment rendered to an injured
20	worker, including hospital treatment and prescription drugs.
21	(2) The fund must be maintained by assessing each plan No. 1 employer, each plan No. 2 INSURED
22	employer, and plan No. 3, the state fund , a proportion of the amount expended from the fund during each
23	salendar year. THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF FUNDS RETAINED IN THE FUND PLUS THE ASSESSMENT MAY
24	NOT EXCEED TWICE THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAID LOSSES REIMBURSED FROM THE FUND IN THE
25	PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR. The total assessment amount COLLECTED must be allocated among plan
26	No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insured employers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, based on paid losses
27	REIMBURSED from the fund for the calendar year preceding the year in which the assessment is collected.
28	(3) The portion of the total aggregate assessment that must be collected from all plan No. 1
29	employers, all plan No. 2 insured employers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, is equal to that portion of the
30	individual plan's total paid losses and a proportionate share of administrative expenses reimbursed or paid

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1 from the fund in the calendar year preceding the year in which the assessment is collected. THE 2 ASSESSMENT AMOUNT IS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAID LOSSES REIMBURSED FROM THE FUND IN 3 THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR AND THE EXPENSES OF ADMINISTRATION LESS OTHER INCOME. THE TOTAL ASSESSMENT AMOUNT COLLECTED MUST BE ALLOCATED AMONG PLAN NO. 1 4 EMPLOYERS, PLAN NO. 2 INSURED EMPLOYERS, AND PLAN NO. 3, THE STATE FUND, BASED ON PAID 5 LOSSES FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR PRECEDING THE YEAR IN WHICH THE ASSESSMENT IS COLLECTED. 6 THE BOARD OF INVESTMENTS SHALL INVEST THE MONEY OF THE FUND, AND THE INVESTMENT 7 8 INCOME MUST BE DEPOSITED IN THE FUND. (4) The method of accessing plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insured employers, and plan No. 3, 9 10 the state fund, is as follows: (a) on plan No. 1 employers, based on paid losses; 11 12 (b) on plan No.-2 insured employers, a surcharge based on the premium collected by insurers; and (c) on plan No. 3, the state fund, based on paid losses. 13 14 (5)(4)(3) On or before Eobruary 1 MARCH 31 each year, the department shall notify each plan No. 15 1 employer, PLAN NO. 2 INSURER, and plan No. 3, the state fund, of the amount to be assessed against 16 the employer or the state fund for that calendar year. On or before February 1 MARCH 31 each year, the 17 department, in consultation with the advisory organization designated under 33-16-1023, shall notify PLAN 18 NO. 2 insurers of the premium surcharge rate to be effective for policies written or renewed on and after 19 January 1 in that calendar year.

(6)(5)(4) The portion of the plan No. 1 assessment assessed against an individual plan No. 1
 employer is a proportionate amount of total plan No. 1 paid losses during the preceding calendar year that
 is equal to the percentage that the total paid losses of the individual plan No. 1 employer bore to the total
 paid losses of all plan No. 1 employers during the preceding calendar year.

24 (7)(6)(5) The portion of the plan No. 2 assessment subject to premium surcharge for an individual 25 plan No. 2 INSURED employer is a proportionate amount of total plan No. 2 paid losses during the 26 preceding calendar year that is equal to the percentage that the total paid losses of the individual plan No. 27 2 INSURED employer bore to that the total paid losses of all plan No. 2 insurers during the preceding 28 calendar year.

29 (8)-Amounts assessed against plan No. 1 employers, the surcharge-rate applicable to policies of
 30 plan No. 2 insured employers, and the amount assessed against the state fund must be sufficient to



1 generate revenue needed to satisfy obligation of the fund. If the department subsequently determines that 2 amounts assessed are insufficient to meet the fund's obligations during a calendar year, it may assess plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insurers, and plan No. 3, the state fund, an additional amount to cover any 3 anticipated deficiency based upon the allocation for that calendar year determined under subsection (3). 4 Plan No. 1 employers, plan No. 2 insurers, on behalf of their policyholders, and plan No. 3, the state fund, 5 shall remit the emergency assessment within 30 calendar days of notice of the emergency assessment. 6

(9)(7)(6) Except for payment of the emergency accessment, payment PAYMENT of assessments 7 due must be made to the department semiannually on March 1 JUNE 30 and September 1 DECEMBER 31 8 of the year following the calendar year in ON which the assessment is based. 9

(10)(8)(7) Each plan No. 2 insurer providing workers' compensation insurance shall MAY collect 10 from each of its policyholders an amount equal to the insured employer's fund assessment through a 11 surcharge based on premium. The assessments must include any amounts paid by plan No. 2 insurers on 12 behalf of their policyholders to cover an emergency assessment by the department during the previous 13 calendar-year. When collected, assessments may not constitute an element of loss for the purpose of 14 establishing rates for workers' compensation insurance but, for the purpose of collection, must be treated 15 as separate costs imposed upon insured employers. The total of this assessment must be stated as a 16 separate cost on an insured employer's policy or on a separate document submitted by the insured 17 employer and must be identified as "workers' compensation policyholder surcharge". Each assessment 18 must be shown as a percentage of the total workers' compensation policyholder premium. The premium 19 surcharge must be collected at the same time and in the same manner that the premium for the coverage 20 is collected. The premium surcharge must be excluded from the definition of premiums for all purposes, 21 including computation of insurance producers' commissions or premium taxes, except that an insurer may 22 cancel a workers' compensation policy for nonpayment of the premium surcharge. Cancellation must be 23 in accordance with the procedures applicable to the nonpayment of premium. 24

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(11)(9)(8) All assessments paid to the department must be deposited in the fund. Any balance remaining at the end of any fiscal year does not revert to the general fund. The costs of administration of 26 27 the fund must be paid out of money in the fund.

"33-16-1008. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

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Section 2. Section 33-16-1008, MCA, is amended to read:

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1 (1) "Accepted actuarial standards" means the standards adopted by the casualty actuarial society 2 in its Statement of Principles Regarding Property and Casualty Insurance Ratemaking and the Standards of 3 Practice adopted by the actuarial standards board.

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4 (2) "Advisory organization" means a person or organization that either has two or more member 5 insurers or is controlled either directly or indirectly by two or more insurers and that assists insurers in 6 ratemaking-related activities. The term does not include a joint underwriting association, any actuarial or 7 legal consultant, or any employee of an insurer or insurers under common control or management or their 8 employees or manager. As used in this subsection, two or more insurers who have a common ownership 9 or operate in this state under common management or control constitute a single insurer.

(3) "Classification system" means the plan, system, or arrangement for recognizing differences in
 exposure to hazards among industries, occupations, or operations of insurance policyholders.

12 (4) "Contingencies" means provisions in rates to recognize the uncertainty of the estimates of 13 losses, loss adjustment expenses, other operating expenses, and investment income and profit that 14 comprise those rates. The provisions may be explicit, including but not limited to a specific charge to reflect 15 systematic variations of estimated costs from expected costs, or implicit, including but not limited to a 16 consideration in selecting a single estimate from a reasonable range of estimates, or both.

17 (5) "Developed losses" means adjusted losses, including loss adjustment expenses, using accepted
 18 actuarial standards to eliminate the effect of differences between current payment or reserve estimates and
 19 those needed to provide actual ultimate loss payments, including loss adjustment expense payments.

20 (6) "Expenses" means the portion of a rate that is attributable to acquisition, filed supervision and
21 collection expenses, general expenses and taxes, licenses, or fees.

(7) "Experience rating" means a rating procedure using past insurance experience of the individual
 policyholder to forecast future losses by measuring the policyholder's loss experience against the loss
 experience of policyholders in the same classification to produce a prospective premium credit, debit, or
 unity modification.

(8) "Insurer" means a person licensed to write workers' compensation insurance as a plan No. 2
insurer under the laws of the state.

(9) "Loss trending" means a procedure for projecting developed losses to the average date of loss
for the period during which the policies are to be effective, including loss ratio trending.

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(10) "Market" means the interaction in this state between buyers and plan No. 2 sellers of workers'



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1 compensation and employer's liability insurance pursuant to the provisions of this part.

(11) (a) "Prospective loss costs" means historical aggregate losses and loss adjustment expenses,
including all assessments that are loss-based <u>and excluding any separately stated policyholder surcharges</u>,
projected through development to their ultimate value and through trending to a future point in time and
ascertained by accepted actuarial standards.

6 (b) The term does not include provisions for profit or expenses other than loss adjustment expenses
7 and assessments that are loss-based.

8 (12) "Pure premium rate" means the portion of the rate that represents the loss cost per unit of 9 exposure, including loss adjustment expense.

(13) (a) "Rate" or "rates" means rate of premium, policy and membership fee, or any other charge
 made by an insurer for or in connection with a contract or policy of workers' compensation and employer's
 liability insurance, prior to application of individual risk variations based on loss or expense considerations.

13

(b) The term does not include minimum premiums.

(14) "Reserve estimates" means provisions for insurer obligations for future payments of loss or
 loss adjustment expenses.

16 (15) "Statistical plan" means the plan, system, or arrangement that is used in collecting data.

(16) "Supplementary rate information" means a manual or plan of rates, statistical plan,
classification system, minimum premium, policy fee, rating rule, rate-related underwriting rule, and any
other information needed to determine the applicable premium for an individual insured that is consistent
with the purposes of this part and with rules prescribed by rule of the commissioner.

(17) "Supporting information" means the experience and judgment of the filer and the experience
 or data of other insurers or advisory organizations relied on by the filer, the interpretation of any statistical
 data relied on by the filer, descriptions of methods used in making the rates, and any other similar
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 up to double the premium amount the employer would have paid on the payroll of the employer's workers



in this state if the employer had been enrolled with compensation plan No. 3 or \$200, whichever is greater. 1 In determining the premium amount for the calculation of the penalty under this subsection, the department 2 shall make an assessment on how much premium would have been paid on the employer's past 3-year 3 payroll for periods within the 3 years when the employer was uninsured. 4 (2) The fund shall receive from an uninsured employer an amount equal to all benefits paid or to 5 be paid from the fund to an injured employee of the uninsured employer. 6 (3) The department may determine that the \$1,000 assessments that are charged against an 7 insurer in each case of an industrial death under 39-71-902(1) must be paid to the uninsured employers' 8 9 fund rather than the subsequent injury fund. (4)(3) The department may enter into an agreement with the injured employee or the employee's 10 beneficiaries to assign to the employee or the beneficiaries all or part of the funds received by the 11 department from the uninsured employer pursuant to subsection (2)." 12 13 Section 4. Section 39-71-903, MCA, is amended to read: 14 "39-71-903. Procedure and practice. When a vocationally handicapped person receives a personal 15 an injury, as defined in 39-71-119, the procedure and practice provided in this chapter applies to all 16 proceedings under this part, except where specifically otherwise provided herein." 17 18 Section 5, Section 39-71-906, MCA, is amended to read: 19 "39-71-906. Employer hiring or retaining certified vocationally handicapped person-to file 20 information with department - offect of failure to file - department to notify incurer, (1) Upon 21 22 commoncement of employment or retention in employment of a certified vocationally handicapped person, the The employer shall submit to the department, on forms furnished by the department, all pertinent 23 24 information requested by the department: 25 (a)-within 60 days after the filing of an application by an employee for certification as vocationally 26 handicapped or 60 days after the first day of the vocationally handicapped person's employment or 27 retention in employment; and 28 (b) before an injury for which benefits are payable under this part. 29 (2) The department shall acknowledge receipt of the information. Failure to file the required 30 information with the department within 60 days after the first day of the vocationally handicapped person's

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employment or retention in employment <u>the time required under subsection (1)</u> precludes the employer from
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Section 5. Section 39-71-907, MCA, is amended to read:

"39-71-907. Certified vocationally handicapped person to be compensated for injury as provided 6 7 by chapter -- insurer liability for compensation limited -- appropriation, (1) A person certified as vocationally 8 handicapped who receives a personal an injury arising out of and in the course of employment and 9 resulting, as defined in 39-71-119, that results in death or disability must be paid compensation in the manner and to the extent provided in this chapter or, in case of death resulting from such the injury, the 10 11 compensation must be paid to the person's beneficiaries or dependents. The liability of the insurer for 12 payment of medical and burial benefits as provided in this chapter is limited to those benefits arising from services rendered during the period of 104 weeks after the date of injury. The liability of the insurer for 13 14 payment of benefits as provided in this chapter is limited to 104 weeks of compensation benefits actually 15 paid. Thereafter, all compensation and the cost of all medical care and burial is the liability of the fund.

16 (2) The amounts necessary for the payment of benefits from this fund are statutorily appropriated,
17 as provided in 17-7-502, from this fund."

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- 19

Section 7, Section 39-71-908, MCA, is amended to read:

20 "39-71-908. Notification of fund of its potential liability under part -- review by fund. Not less than 21 90 or more than 150 60 days before the expiration of 104 weeks after the date of injury, the insurer shall 22 notify the fund whether it is likely that compensation may be payable beyond a period of 104 weeks after 23 the date of the injury. The fund thereafter <u>After notification, the fund</u> may review, at reasonable times, 24 such the information as the insurer has regarding the ascident and the nature and extent of the injury and 25 disability."

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Section 8, Section 39-71-909, MCA, is amended to read:

28 "39-71-909. Effect of fund's failure to give notification of its intent to dispute liability - 29 subsequent notification by fund authorized <u>Insurer to pay benefits -- reimbursement by fund</u>. If the fund
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benefits, the The insurer shall continue to make payments on behalf of the fund and shall must be 1 raimbursed by the fund for all benefits paid in excess of the insurer's liability. However, at any time 2 subsequent to 104 weeks after the date of injury, the fund may notify the insurer of a dispute as to 3 navment of benefits. The liability of the fund to reimburse the insurer shall be suspended 30 days thereafter 4 5 until the controversy is determined." 6 7 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Transfer and credit of excess funds held in subsequent injury fund. (1) On or before December 31, 1997, the department of labor and industry shall retain an independent 8 9 actuary to calculate fully developed case reserves for these claims that are the liability of the fund. (2) Claims that are identified and that are being reimbursed from the fund on or before July 1, 10 1997, must be paid from the reserves. 11 (3) The independent actuary shall calculate the sum necessary to reimburse 1 year's anticipated 12 payments of benefits on claims reported to and being reimbursed by the fund, which must be retained in 13 14 the fund. 15 (4) The funds in excess of those necessary to pay the claims identified in subsections (2) and (3) in the fund, if any, must be transferred to the administration ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 1, 1997, THE 16 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY SHALL TRANSFER \$3.5 MILLION OF THE FUNDS RETAINED 17 18 IN THE FUND TO THE fund in 39-71-201 and credited CREDIT THE AMOUNT to insurers OFFSET THE 19 INSURER'S ASSESSMENT FOR THE ADMINISTRATION FUND as follows: 20 (a)(1). A proportionate share of the remaining funds to be credited must be allocated among plan 21 No. 1, plan No. 2, and plan No. 3 in the proportion that the individual plan's aggregate contributions for 22 the preceding 5 years bear to the total assessment in the preceding 5 years. 23 (b)(2) The shares allocated to plan No. 1 and plan No. 2 must be credited to the individual plan No. 24 1 employers and plan No. 2 insurers authorized to transact insurance in Montana at the time of allocation. 25 The credit must be allocated among insurers proportionately based on the prorated share that the amount 26 the incurer paid on the plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 assessment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997, bore 27 to the total assessment paid by plan No: 1 or plan No. 2 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997. The 28 amount calculated must be credited to the plan No. 1 or plan No. 2 accessment for the administration fund 29 in 39-71-201. 30 (c){3} The shares allocated to plan No. 3, the state fund, must be credited to the state fund's



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11	[section 1].
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13	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective dates. (1) [Sections 1 through 8 5 and 10 7] are effective
14	January 1, 1998.
15	(2) [Sections 9 $\underline{6}$ and 11 $\underline{8}$ and this section] are effective on passage and approval.
16	-END-