1	INTRODUCED BY Gros Sende BILL NO. 339
2	INTRODUCED BY Grosticles
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE REVIEW OF CERTAIN PARCEL DIVISIONS;
5	AND AMENDING SECTIONS 76-3-103, 76-3-201, 76-3-207, AND 76-3-507, MCA."
6	
7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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9	Section 1. Section 76-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:
10	"76-3-103. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context or subject matter clearly
11	requires otherwise, the following words or phrases shall have the following meanings definitions apply:
12	(1) "Certificate of survey" means a drawing of a field survey prepared by a registered surveyor for
13	the purpose of disclosing facts pertaining to boundary locations.
14	(2) "Dedication" means the deliberate appropriation of land by an owner for any general and public
15	use, reserving to the landowner no rights that are incompatible with the full exercise and enjoyment of the
16	public use to which the property has been devoted.
17	(3) "Division of land" means the segregation of one or more parcels of land from a larger tract held
18	in single or undivided ownership by transferring or contracting to transfer title to or possession of a portion
19	of the tract or properly filing a certificate of survey or subdivision plat establishing the identity of the
20	segregated parcels pursuant to this chapter.
21	(4) "Examining land surveyor" means a registered land surveyor duly appointed by the governing
22	body to review surveys and plats submitted for filing.
23	(5) "Final plat" means the final drawing of the subdivision and dedication required by this chapter
24	to be prepared for filing for record with the county clerk and recorder and containing all elements and
25	requirements set forth in this chapter and in regulations adopted pursuant thereto to this chapter.
26	(6) "Governing body" means a board of county commissioners or the governing authority of a city
27	or town organized pursuant to law.
28	(7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, children, and parents.
29	(7)(8) "Irregularly shaped tract of land" means a parcel of land other than an aliquot part of the
30	United States government survey section or a United States government lot, the boundaries or areas of

1	which cannot be determined without a survey or trigonometric calculation.
2	(8)(9) "Planned unit development" means a land development project consisting of residential
3	clusters, industrial parks, shopping centers, or office building parks that eemprise compose a planned
4	mixture of land uses built in a prearranged relationship to each other and having open space and community
5	facilities in common ownership or use.
6	(9)(10) "Plat" means a graphical representation of a subdivision showing the division of land into
7	lots, parcels, blocks, streets, alleys, and other divisions and dedications.
8	$\frac{(10)}{(11)}$ "Preliminary plat" means a neat and scaled drawing of a proposed subdivision showing the
9	layout of streets, alleys, lots, blocks, and other elements of a subdivision which that furnish a basis for
10	review by a governing body.
11	$\frac{(11)}{(12)}$ "Registered land surveyor" means a person licensed in conformance with Title 37, chapter
12	67, to practice surveying in the state of Montana.
13	(12)(13) "Registered professional engineer" means a person licensed in conformance with Title 37,
14	chapter 67, to practice engineering in the state of Montana.
1 5	(13)(14) "Subdivider" means a person who causes land to be subdivided or who proposes a
16	subdivision of land.
17	$\frac{(14)}{(15)}$ "Subdivision" means a division of land or land so divided that it creates one or more
18	parcels containing less than 160 acres that cannot be described as a one-quarter aliquot part of a United
19	States government section, exclusive of public roadways, in order that the title to or possession of the
20	parcels may be sold, rented, leased, or otherwise conveyed and includes any resubdivision and further
21	includes a condominium or area, regardless of its size, that provides or will provide multiple space for
22	recreational camping vehicles or mobile homes.
23	(15) (16) (a) "Tract of record" means:
24	(i) a parcel of land, irrespective of ownership, that can be identified by legal description,
25	independent of any other parcel of land, using documents on file in the records of the county clerk and
26	recorder's office;
27	(ii) each individual parcel of land identified by a legal description unless the parcel has been joined



and

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with one or more other parcels and has a legal description that describes the resulting single larger parcel;

(iii) a single larger parcel created pursuant to subsection (16)(a)(ii) that is shown and described on

1	a certificate of survey on file in the office of the county clerk and recorder setting forth the single larger
2	parcel.
3 4	(b) The term does not apply to multiple parcels shown on a single deed or other instrument."
5	Section 2. Section 76-3-201, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"76-3-201. Exemption for certain divisions of land. (1) Unless the method of disposition is adopted
7	for the purpose of evading this chapter, the requirements of this chapter shall may not apply to any division
8	of land which that:
9	(1)(a) is created by order of any court of record in this state or by operation of law or which that,
10	in the absence of agreement between the parties to the sale, could be created by an order of any court in
11	this state pursuant to the law of eminent domain, {Title 70, chapter 30};
12	(2)(b) is created to provide security for construction mortgages, liens, or trust indentures;
13	(3)(c) creates an interest in oil, gas, minerals, or water which that is now or horoafter severed from
14	the surface ownership of real property;
15	(4)(d) creates cemetery lots;
16	(b) (e) is created by the reservation of a life estate;
17	$\frac{(6)(f)}{f}$ is created by lease or rental for farming and agricultural purposes.
18	(2) Before a court of record orders a division of land under subsection (1)(a), the court shall notify
19	the governing body of the pending division and allow the governing body to present written comment on
20	the division."
21	
22	Section 3. Section 76-3-207, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"76-3-207. Subdivisions exempted from review but subject to survey requirements exceptions.
24	(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), unless the method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of
25	evading this chapter, the following divisions of land are not subdivisions under this chapter but are subject
26	to the surveying requirements of 76-3-401 for divisions of land not amounting to subdivisions:
27	(a) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of relocating common boundary
28	lines between adjoining properties;
29	(b) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of a single gift or sale in each



county to each member of the landowner's immediate family;

(c) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions by gift, sale, or agreement to buy and sell in
which the parties to the transaction enter a covenant running with the land and revocable only by mutua
consent of the governing body and the property owner that the divided land will be used exclusively for
agricultural purposes;

- (d) for five or fewer lots within a platted subdivision, relocation of common boundaries and the aggregation of lots; and
- (e) divisions made for the purpose of relocating a common boundary line between a single lot within a platted subdivision and adjoining land outside a platted subdivision. A restriction or requirement on the original platted lot or original unplatted parcel continues to apply to those areas.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1):
- (a) within a platted subdivision filed with the county clerk and recorder, a division of lots that results in an increase in the number of lots or which that redesigns or rearranges six or more lots must be reviewed and approved by the governing body and an amended plat must be filed with the county clerk and recorder;
- (b) a change in use of the land exempted under subsection (1)(c) for anything other than agricultural purposes subjects the division to the provisions of this chapter;
- (c) a sale of a division of land created under 76-3-201(2) subjects the division to the provisions of this chapter.
- (3) A division of land may not be made under this section unless the county treasurer has certified that all real property taxes and special assessments assessed and levied on the land to be divided have been paid."

- Section 4. Section 76-3-507, MCA, is amended to read:
- 24 "76-3-507. Provision for bonding requirements to ensure construction of public improvements.
 - (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the governing body shall require the subdivider to complete required improvements within the subdivision prior to the approval of the final plat.
 - (2) (a) In lieu of the completion of the construction of any public improvements prior to the approval of a final plat, the governing body shall at the subdivider's option allow the subdivider shall to provide or cause to be provided a bond or other reasonable security, in an amount and with surety and conditions satisfactory to the governing body, providing for and securing the construction and installation



55th Legislature

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of the improvements within a period specified by the governing body and expressed in the bonds or other security. The governing body shall reduce bond requirements commensurate with the completion of improvements.

(b) In lieu of requiring a bond or other means of security for the construction or installation of all the required public improvements under subsection (2)(a), the governing body may approve an incremental payment or guarantee plan. The improvements in a prior increment must be completed or the payment or guarantee of payment for the costs of the improvements incurred in a prior increment must be satisfied before development of future increments.

(3) Approval by the governing body of a final plat prior to the completion of required improvements and without the provision of the security required under subsection (2) is not an act of a legislative body for the purposes of 2-9-111."

12 -END-

APPROVED BY COM ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

1	SENATE BILL NO. 339
2	INTRODUCED BY GROSFIELD
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE REVIEW OF CERTAIN PARCEL DIVISIONS;
5	AND AMENDING SECTIONS 76-3-103, 76-3-201, 76-3-207, AND 76-3-507, MCA."
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7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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9	Section 1. Section 76-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:
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12	(1) "Certificate of survey" means a drawing of a field survey prepared by a registered surveyor for
13	the purpose of disclosing facts pertaining to boundary locations.
14	(2) "Dedication" means the deliberate appropriation of land by an owner for any general and public
15	use, reserving to the landowner no rights that are incompatible with the full exercise and enjoyment of the
16	public use to which the property has been devoted.
17	(3) "Division of land" means the segregation of one or more parcels of land from a larger tract held
18	in single or undivided ownership by transferring or contracting to transfer title to or possession of a portion
19	of the tract or properly filing a certificate of survey or subdivision plat establishing the identity of the
20	segregated parcels pursuant to this chapter.
21	(4) "Examining land surveyor" means a registered land surveyor duly appointed by the governing
22	body to review surveys and plats submitted for filing.
23	(5) "Final plat" means the final drawing of the subdivision and dedication required by this chapter
24	to be prepared for filing for record with the county clerk and recorder and containing all elements and
25	requirements set forth in this chapter and in regulations adopted pursuant thereto to this chapter.
26	(6) "Governing body" means a board of county commissioners or the governing authority of a city
27	or town organized pursuant to law.
28	(7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, children BY BLOOD OR ADOPTION, and parents.
29	(7)(8) "Irregularly shaped tract of land" means a parcel of land other than an aliquot part of the

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United States government survey section or a United States government lot, the boundaries or areas of

1	which cannot be determined without a survey or trigonometric calculation.
2	(8)(9) "Planned unit development" means a land development project consisting of residential
3	clusters, industrial parks, shopping centers, or office building parks that eemprise compose a planned
4	mixture of land uses built in a prearranged relationship to each other and having open space and community
5	facilities in common ownership or use.
6	(9)(10) "Plat" means a graphical representation of a subdivision showing the division of land into
7	lots, parcels, blocks, streets, alleys, and other divisions and dedications.
8	(10)(11) "Preliminary plat" means a neat and scaled drawing of a proposed subdivision showing the
9	layout of streets, alleys, lots, blocks, and other elements of a subdivision which that furnish a basis for
10	review by a governing body.
11	(11)(12) "Registered land surveyor" means a person licensed in conformance with Title 37, chapter
12	67, to practice surveying in the state of Montana.
13	(12)(13) "Registered professional engineer" means a person licensed in conformance with Title 37,
14	chapter 67, to practice engineering in the state of Montana.
15	(13)(14) "Subdivider" means a person who causes land to be subdivided or who proposes a
16	subdivision of land.
17	$\frac{(14)(15)}{(15)}$ "Subdivision" means a division of land or land so divided that it creates one or more
18	parcels containing less than 160 acres that cannot be described as a one-quarter aliquot part of a United
19	States government section, exclusive of public roadways, in order that the title to or possession of the
20	parcels may be sold, rented, leased, or otherwise conveyed and includes any resubdivision and further
21	includes a condominium or area, regardless of its size, that provides or will provide multiple space for
22	recreational camping vehicles or mobile homes.
23	(15) (<u>16)</u> (<u>a)</u> "Tract of record" means <u>÷</u>
24	(i) a NOTWITHSTANDING 43 U.S.C. 753, AN INDIVIDUAL parcel of land, irrespective of ownership,
25	that can be identified by legal description, independent of any other parcel of land, using documents on file
26	in the records of the county clerk and recorder's office $\frac{1}{L}$.
27	(ii) each individual parcel of land identified by a legal description unless the parcel has been joined
28	with one or more other parcels and has a legal description that describes the resulting single larger parcel;
29	and



(iii) a single larger parcel created pursuant to subsection (16)(a)(ii) that is shown and described on

1	a certificate of survey on file in the office of the county clerk and recorder setting forth the single larger
2	parcel.
3	(b) The term does not apply to multiple parcels shown on a single deed or other instrument.
4	(B) EACH INDIVIDUAL TRACT OF RECORD CONTINUES TO BE AN INDIVIDUAL PARCEL OF LAND
5	UNLESS THE OWNER OF THE PARCEL HAS JOINED IT WITH OTHER CONTIGUOUS PARCELS BY FILING
6	WITH THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER:
7	(I) AN INSTRUMENT OF CONVEYANCE IN WHICH THE AGGREGATED PARCELS HAVE BEEN
8	ASSIGNED A LEGAL DESCRIPTION THAT DESCRIBES THE RESULTING SINGLE PARCEL AND IN WHICH
9	THE OWNER EXPRESSLY DECLARES THE OWNER'S INTENTION THAT THE TRACTS BE MERGED; OR
10	(II) A CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY OR SUBDIVISION PLAT THAT SHOWS THAT THE BOUNDARIES
11	OF THE ORIGINAL PARCELS HAVE BEEN EXPUNGED AND DEPICTS THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LARGER
12	AGGREGATE PARCEL.
13	(C) AN INSTRUMENT OF CONVEYANCE DOES NOT MERGE PARCELS OF LAND UNDER
14	SUBSECTION (16)(B)(I) UNLESS THE INSTRUMENT STATES, "THIS INSTRUMENT IS INTENDED TO MERGE
15	INDIVIDUAL PARCELS OF LAND TO FORM THE AGGREGATE PARCEL(S) DESCRIBED IN THIS
16	INSTRUMENT" OR CLEARLY EXPRESSES THE OWNER'S INTENT TO EFFECT A MERGER OF PARCELS."
17	
18	Section 2. Section 76-3-201, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"76-3-201. Exemption for certain divisions of land. (1) Unless the method of disposition is adopted
20	for the purpose of evading this chapter, the requirements of this chapter shall may not apply to any division
21	of land which that:
22	(1)(a) is created by order of any court of record in this state or by operation of law or which that,
23	in the absence of agreement between the parties to the sale, could be created by an order of any court in
24	this state pursuant to the law of eminent domain, {Title 70, chapter 30};
25	(2)(b) is created to provide security for construction mortgages, liens, or trust indentures;
26	(3)(c) creates an interest in oil, gas, minerals, or water which that is now or hereafter severed from
27	the surface ownership of real property;
28	(4)(d) creates cemetery lots;
29	(5) (e) is created by the reservation of a life estate;
30	(6)(f) is created by lease or rental for farming and agricultural purposes.



1	(2) Before a court of record orders a division of land under subsection (1)(a), the court shall notify
2	the governing body of the pending division and allow the governing body to present written comment on
3	the division."
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5	Section 3. Section 76-3-207, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"76-3-207. Subdivisions exempted from review but subject to survey requirements—exceptions.
7	(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), unless the method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of
8	evading this chapter, the following divisions of land are not subdivisions under this chapter but are subject
9	to the surveying requirements of 76-3-401 for divisions of land not amounting to subdivisions:
10	(a) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of relocating common boundary
11	lines between adjoining properties;
12	(b) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of a single-gift or sale in each
13	county to each member of the landowner's immediate family;
14	(c) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions by gift, sale, or agreement to buy and sell in
15	which the parties to the transaction enter a covenant running with the land and revocable only by mutual
16	consent of the governing body and the property owner that the divided land will be used exclusively for
17	agricultural purposes;
18	(d) for five or fewer lots within a platted subdivision, relocation of common boundaries and the
19	aggregation of lots; and
20	(e) divisions made for the purpose of relocating a common boundary line between a single lot
21	within a platted subdivision and adjoining land outside a platted subdivision. A restriction or requirement
22	on the original platted lot or original unplatted parcel continues to apply to those areas.
23	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1):
24	(a) within a platted subdivision filed with the county clerk and recorder, a division of lots that
25	results in an increase in the number of lots or which that redesigns or rearranges six or more lots must be
26	reviewed and approved by the governing body and an amended plat must be filed with the county clerk and
27	recorder;
28	(b) a change in use of the land-exempted under subsection (1)(e) for anything other than
29	agricultural purposes subjects the division to the provisions of this-chapter;



(c) a sale of a division of land created under 76 3-201(2) subjects the division to the provisions

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(3) A division of land may not be made under this section unless the county treasurer has certified that all real property taxes and special assessments assessed and levied on the land to be divided have been paid."

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Section 3. Section 76-3-507, MCA, is amended to read:

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"76-3-507. Provision for bonding requirements to ensure construction of public improvements.

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(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the governing body shall require the subdivider to complete required improvements within the subdivision prior to the approval of the final plat.

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(2) (a) In lieu of the completion of the construction of any public improvements prior to the

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approval of a final plat, the governing body shall at the subdivider's option allow the subdivider shall to provide or cause to be provided a bond or other reasonable security, in an amount and with surety and

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conditions satisfactory to the governing body, providing for and securing the construction and installation

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of the improvements within a period specified by the governing body and expressed in the bonds or other

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security. The governing body shall reduce bond requirements commensurate with the completion of improvements.

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(b) In lieu of requiring a bond or other means of security for the construction or installation of all

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the required public improvements under subsection (2)(a), the governing body may approve an incremental payment or guarantee plan. The improvements in a prior increment must be completed or the payment or

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guarantee of payment for the costs of the improvements incurred in a prior increment must be satisfied

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before development of future increments.

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and without the provision of the security required under subsection (2) is not an act of a legislative body

(3) Approval by the governing body of a final plat prior to the completion of required improvements

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for the purposes of 2-9-111."

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-END-



1	SENATE BILL NO. 339
2	INTRODUCED BY GROSFIELD
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE REVIEW OF CERTAIN PARCEL DIVISIONS;
5	AND AMENDING SECTIONS 76-3-103, 76-3-201, 76-3-207, AND 76-3-507, MCA."
6	
7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

1	SENATE BILL NO. 339
2	INTRODUCED BY GROSFIELD
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE REVIEW OF CERTAIN PARCEL DIVISIONS;
5	AND AMENDING SECTIONS 76-3-103, 76-3-201, 76-3-207, AND 76-3-507, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
6	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE ."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	Section 1. Section 76-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"76-3-103. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context or subject matter clearly
12	requires otherwise, the following words or phrases shall have the following meanings definitions apply:
13	(1) "Certificate of survey" means a drawing of a field survey prepared by a registered surveyor for
14	the purpose of disclosing facts pertaining to boundary locations.
15	(2) "Dedication" means the deliberate appropriation of land by an owner for any general and public
16	use, reserving to the landowner no rights that are incompatible with the full exercise and enjoyment of the
17	public use to which the property has been devoted.
18	(3) "Division of land" means the segregation of one or more parcels of land from a larger tract held
19	in single or undivided ownership by transferring or contracting to transfer title to or possession of a portion
20	of the tract or properly filing a certificate of survey or subdivision plat establishing the identity of the
21	segregated parcels pursuant to this chapter. THE CONVEYANCE OF A TRACT OF RECORD OR AN ENTIRE
22	PARCEL OF LAND THAT WAS CREATED BY A PREVIOUS DIVISION OF LAND IS NOT A DIVISION OF
23	LAND.
24	(4) "Examining land surveyor" means a registered land surveyor duly appointed by the governing
25	body to review surveys and plats submitted for filing.
26	(5) "Final plat" means the final drawing of the subdivision and dedication required by this chapter
27	to be prepared for filing for record with the county clerk and recorder and containing all elements and
28	requirements set forth in this chapter and in regulations adopted pursuant thereto to this chapter.
29	(6) "Governing body" means a board of county commissioners or the governing authority of a city
30	or town organized pursuant to law.

1	(7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, children BY BLOOD OR ADOPTION, and parents.
2	(7)(8) "Irregularly shaped tract of land" means a parcel of land other than an aliquot part of the
3	United States government survey section or a United States government lot, the boundaries or areas of
4	which cannot be determined without a survey or trigonometric calculation.
5	(8)(9) "Planned unit development" means a land development project consisting of residential
6	clusters, industrial parks, shopping centers, or office building parks that comprise compose a planned
7	mixture of land uses built in a prearranged relationship to each other and having open space and community
8	facilities in common ownership or use.
9	(9)(10) "Plat" means a graphical representation of a subdivision showing the division of land into
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18	(13)(14) "Subdivider" means a person who causes land to be subdivided or who proposes a
19	subdivision of land.
20	(14)(15) "Subdivision" means a division of land or land so divided that it creates one or more
21	parcels containing less than 160 acres that cannot be described as a one-quarter aliquot part of a United
22	States government section, exclusive of public roadways, in order that the title to or possession of the
23	parcels may be sold, rented, leased, or otherwise conveyed and includes any resubdivision and further
24	includes a condominium or area, regardless of its size, that provides or will provide multiple space for
25	recreational camping vehicles or mobile homes.
26	(15)(16) (a) "Tract of record" means:
27	(i) a NOTWITHSTANDING 43 U.S.C. 753, AN INDIVIDUAL parcel of land, irrespective of ownership,
28	that can be identified by legal description, independent of any other parcel of land, using documents on file



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in the records of the county clerk and recorder's office:

(ii) each individual parcel of land identified by a legal description unless the parcel has been joined

1	with one or more other parcels and has a legal description that describes the resulting single larger parcel,
2	and
3	(iii) a single larger parcel created pursuant to subsection (16)(a)(ii) that is shown and described on
4	a certificate of survey on file in the office of the county clerk and recorder setting forth the single larger
5	parcol.
6	(b) The term does not apply to multiple parcels shown on a single deed or other instrument.
7	(B) EACH INDIVIDUAL TRACT OF RECORD CONTINUES TO BE AN INDIVIDUAL PARCEL OF LAND
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10	(I) AN INSTRUMENT OF CONVEYANCE IN WHICH THE AGGREGATED PARCELS HAVE BEEN
11	ASSIGNED A LEGAL DESCRIPTION THAT DESCRIBES THE RESULTING SINGLE PARCEL AND IN WHICH
12	THE OWNER EXPRESSLY DECLARES THE OWNER'S INTENTION THAT THE TRACTS BE MERGED; OR
13	(II) A CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY OR SUBDIVISION PLAT THAT SHOWS THAT THE BOUNDARIES
14	OF THE ORIGINAL PARCELS HAVE BEEN EXPUNGED AND DEPICTS THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LARGER
15	AGGREGATE PARCEL.
16	(C) AN INSTRUMENT OF CONVEYANCE DOES NOT MERGE PARCELS OF LAND UNDER
17	SUBSECTION (16)(B)(I) UNLESS THE INSTRUMENT STATES, "THIS INSTRUMENT IS INTENDED TO MERGE
18	INDIVIDUAL PARCELS OF LAND TO FORM THE AGGREGATE PARCEL(S) DESCRIBED IN THIS
19	INSTRUMENT" OR A SIMILAR STATEMENT, IN ADDITION TO THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE
20	AGGREGATE PARCELS, CLEARLY EXPRESSES EXPRESSING THE OWNER'S INTENT TO EFFECT A
21	MERGER OF PARCELS."
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23	Section 2. Section 76-3-201, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"76-3-201. Exemption for certain divisions of land. (1) Unless the method of disposition is adopted
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26	of land which that:
27	(1)(a) is created by order of any court of record in this state or by operation of law or which that,
28	in the absence of agreement between the parties to the sale, could be created by an order of any court in
29	this state pursuant to the law of eminent domain, {Title 70, chapter 30};
30	(2)(b) is created to provide security for construction mortgages, liens, or trust indentures;



1	(3)(c) creates an interest in oil, gas, minerals, or water which that is now or hereafter severed from
2	the surface ownership of real property;
3	(4)(d) creates cemetery lots;
4	(5)(e) is created by the reservation of a life estate;
5	$\frac{(6)}{(f)}$ is created by lease or rental for farming and agricultural purposes.
6	(2) Before a court of record orders a division of land under subsection (1)(a), the court shall notify
7	the governing body of the pending division and allow the governing body to present written comment or
8	the division."
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10	Section 3. Section 76-3-207, MCA, is amended to read:
1 1	"76-3-207. Subdivisions exempted from review but subject to survey requirements exceptions.
12	(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), unless the method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of
13	evading this chapter, the following divisions of land are not subdivisions under this chapter but are subject
14	to the surveying requirements of 76-3-401 for divisions of land not amounting to subdivisions:
15	(a) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of relocating common boundary
16	lines between adjoining properties;
17	(b) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of a single gift or sale in each
18	county to each member of the landowner's immediate family;
19	(c) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions by gift, sale, or agreement to buy and sell in
20	which the parties to the transaction enter a sevenant running with the land and revecable only by mutua
21	consent of the governing body and the property owner that the divided land will be used exclusively for
22	agricultural purposes;
23	(d) for five or fewer lots within a platted subdivision, relocation of common boundaries and the
24	aggregation of lots; and
25	(e) divisions made for the purpose of relocating a common boundary line between a single let
26	within a platted subdivision and adjoining land outside a platted subdivision. A restriction or requirement
27	on the original platted lot or original unplatted parcel continues to apply to those areas.
28	(2) Notwithstanding the previsions of subsection (1):
29	(a) within a platted subdivision filed with the county clerk and recorder, a division of lots that
30	results in an increase in the number of lots or which that redusigns or rearranges six or more lots must be



1	reviewed and approved by the governing body and an amended plat-must be filed with the county clerk and
2	rocordor;
3	(b) a change in use of the land exempted under subsection (1)(c) for anything other than
4	agricultural purposes subjects the division to the provisions of this chapter;
5	(c) a sale of a division of land created under 76-3-201(2) subjects the division to the provisions
6	of this chapter.
7	(3)—A division of land may not be made under this section unless the county treasurer has certified
8	that all real property taxes and special assessments assessed and levied on the land to be divided have
9	been paid."
10	
11	Section 3. Section 76-3-507, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"76-3-507. Provision for bonding requirements to ensure construction of public improvements.

"76-3-507. Provision for bonding requirements to ensure construction of public improvements.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the governing body shall require the subdivider to complete required improvements within the subdivision prior to the approval of the final plat.

- (2) (a) In lieu of the completion of the construction of any public improvements prior to the approval of a final plat, the governing body shall at the subdivider's option allow the subdivider shall to provide or cause to be provided a bond or other reasonable security, in an amount and with surety and conditions satisfactory to the governing body, providing for and securing the construction and installation of the improvements within a period specified by the governing body and expressed in the bonds or other security. The governing body shall reduce bond requirements commensurate with the completion of improvements.
- (b) In lieu of requiring a bond or other means of security for the construction or installation of all the required public improvements under subsection (2)(a), the governing body may approve an incremental payment or guarantee plan. The improvements in a prior increment must be completed or the payment or guarantee of payment for the costs of the improvements incurred in a prior increment must be satisfied before development of future increments.
- (3) Approval by the governing body of a final plat prior to the completion of required improvements and without the provision of the security required under subsection (2) is not an act of a legislative body for the purposes of 2-9-111."

SB0339.03

1	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. SEVERABILITY. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT] IS INVALID, ALL VALID
2	PARTS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID PART REMAIN IN EFFECT. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT]
3	IS INVALID IN ONE OR MORE OF ITS APPLICATIONS, THE PART REMAINS IN EFFECT IN ALL VALID
4	APPLICATIONS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID APPLICATIONS.
5	
6	NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. [THIS ACT] IS
7	EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL, AND [SECTION 1] APPLIES RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN THE
8	MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO LOCAL REGULATION OF SUBDIVISIONS.
9	-FND-

1	SENATE BILL NO. 339
2	INTRODUCED BY GROSFIELD
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE REVIEW OF CERTAIN PARCEL DIVISIONS
5	AND AMENDING SECTIONS 76-3-103 , 76-3-201, 76-3-207, AND 76-3-507, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
6	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE ."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	Section 1. Section 76-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"76-3-103. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context or subject matter clearly
12	requires otherwise, the following words or phrases shall have the following meanings definitions apply:
13	(1) "Certificate of survey" means a drawing of a field survey prepared by a registered surveyor for
14	the purpose of disclosing facts pertaining to boundary locations.
15	(2) "Dedication" means the deliberate appropriation of land by an owner for any general and public
16	use, reserving to the landowner no rights that are incompatible with the full exercise and enjoyment of the
17	public use to which the property has been devoted.
18	(3) "Division of land" means the segregation of one or more parcels of land from a larger tract held
19	in single or undivided ownership by transferring or contracting to transfer title to or possession of a portion
20	of the tract or properly filing a certificate of survey or subdivision plat establishing the identity of the
21	segregated parcels pursuant to this chapter. THE CONVEYANCE OF A TRACT OF RECORD OR AN ENTIRE
22	PARCEL OF LAND THAT WAS CREATED BY A PREVIOUS DIVISION OF LAND IS NOT A DIVISION OF
23	LAND.
24	(4) "Examining land surveyor" means a registered land surveyor duly appointed by the governing
25	body to review surveys and plats submitted for filing.
26	(5) "Final plat" means the final drawing of the subdivision and dedication required by this chapter
27	to be prepared for filing for record with the county clerk and recorder and containing all elements and
28	requirements set forth in this chapter and in regulations adopted pursuant thereto to this chapter.
29	(6) "Governing body" means a board of county commissioners or the governing authority of a city
30	or town organized pursuant to law.



1	(7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, children BY BLOOD OR ADOPTION, and parents.
2	(7)(8) "Irregularly shaped tract of land" means a parcel of land other than an aliquot part of the
3	United States government survey section or a United States government lot, the boundaries or areas of
4	which cannot be determined without a survey or trigonometric calculation.
5	(8)(9) "Planned unit development" means a land development project consisting of residential
6	clusters, industrial parks, shopping centers, or office building parks that comprise compose a planned
7	mixture of land uses built in a prearranged relationship to each other and having open space and community
8	facilities in common ownership or use.
9	(9)(10) "Plat" means a graphical representation of a subdivision showing the division of land into
10	lots, parcels, blocks, streets, alleys, and other divisions and dedications.
11	(10)(11) "Preliminary plat" means a neat and scaled drawing of a proposed subdivision showing the
12	layout of streets, alleys, lots, blocks, and other elements of a subc. vision which that furnish a basis for
13	review by a governing body.
14	(11)(12) "Registered land surveyor" means a person licensed in conformance with Title 37, chapter
15	67, to practice surveying in the state of Montana.
16	(12)(13) "Registered professional engineer" means a person licensed in conformance with Title 37,
17	chapter 67, to practice engineering in the state of Montana.
18	(13)(14) "Subdivider" means a person who causes land to be subdivided or who proposes a
19	subdivision of land.
20	(14)(15) "Subdivision" means a division of land or land so divided that it creates one or more
21	parcels containing less than 160 acres that cannot be described as a one-quarter aliquot part of a United
22	States government section, exclusive of public roadways, in order that the title to or possession of the
23	parcels may be sold, rented, leased, or otherwise conveyed and includes any resubdivision and further
24	includes a condominium or area, regardless of its size, that provides or will provide multiple space for
25	recreational camping vehicles or mobile homes.
26	(15)(16) (a) "Tract of record" means <u>÷</u>
27	(i) a NOTWITHSTANDING 43 U.S.C. 753, AN AN INDIVIDUAL parcel of land, irrespective of



29

30

ownership, that can be identified by legal description, independent of any other parcel of land, using

(ii) each individual parcel of land identified by a legal description unless the parcel has been joined

documents on file in the records of the county clerk and recorder's office:

1	with one or more other parcels and has a legal description that describes the resulting single larger parcel;
2	and
3	(iii) a single larger parcel created pursuant to subsection (16)(a)(ii) that is shown and described on
4	a certificate of survey on file in the office of the county clerk and recorder setting forth the single larger
5	parcol.
6	(b) The term does not apply to multiple parcels shown on a single-deed or other instrument.
7	(B) EACH INDIVIDUAL TRACT OF RECORD CONTINUES TO BE AN INDIVIDUAL PARCEL OF LAND
8	UNLESS THE OWNER OF THE PARCEL HAS JOINED IT WITH OTHER CONTIGUOUS PARCELS BY FILING
9	WITH THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER:
10	(I) AN INSTRUMENT OF CONVEYANCE IN WHICH THE AGGREGATED PARCELS HAVE BEEN
11	ASSIGNED A LEGAL DESCRIPTION THAT DESCRIBES THE RESULTING SINGLE PARCEL AND IN WHICH
12	THE OWNER EXPRESSLY DECLARES THE OWNER'S INTENTION THAT THE TRACTS BE MERGED; OR
13	(II) A CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY OR SUBDIVISION PLAT THAT SHOWS THAT THE BOUNDARIES
14	OF THE ORIGINAL PARCELS HAVE BEEN EXPUNGED AND DEPICTS THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LARGER
15	AGGREGATE PARCEL.
16	(C) AN INSTRUMENT OF CONVEYANCE DOES NOT MERGE PARCELS OF LAND UNDER
17	SUBSECTION (16)(B)(I) UNLESS THE INSTRUMENT STATES, "THIS INSTRUMENT IS INTENDED TO MERGE
18	INDIVIDUAL PARCELS OF LAND TO FORM THE AGGREGATE PARCEL(S) DESCRIBED IN THIS
19	INSTRUMENT" OR A SIMILAR STATEMENT, IN ADDITION TO THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE
20	AGGREGATE PARCELS, CLEARLY EXPRESSES EXPRESSING THE OWNER'S INTENT TO EFFECT A
21	MERGER OF PARCELS."
22	
23	Section 2. Section 76-3-201, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"76-3-201. Exemption for certain divisions of land. (1) Unless the method of disposition is adopted
25	for the purpose of evading this chapter, the requirements of this chapter shall may not apply to any division
26	of land which that:
27	(1)(a) is created by order of any court of record in this state or by operation of law or which that,
28	in the absence of agreement between the parties to the sale, sould be created by an order of any court in
29	this state pursuant to the law of eminent domain, (Title 70, chapter 30);
30	(2)(b) is created to provide security for construction mortgages, liens, or trust indentures;



1	(3)(c) creates an interest in oil, gas, minerals, or water which that is now or hereafter severed from
2	the surface ownership of real property;
3	(4)(d) creates cometery lots;
4	(5)(e) is created by the reservation of a life estate;
5	(6)(f) is created by lease or rental for farming and agricultural purposes.
6	(2) Before a court of record orders a division of land under subsection (1)(a), the court shall notify
7	the governing body of the pending division and allow the governing body to present written comment or
8	the division."
9	
10	Section 3. Section 76-3-207, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"76-3-207. Subdivisions exempted from review but subject to survey requirements exceptions
12	(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), unless the method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of
13	evading this chapter, the following divisions of land are not subdivisions under this chapter but are subject
14	to the surveying requirements of 76-3-401 for divisions of land not amounting to subdivisions:
15	(a) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of relocating common boundary
16	lines between adjoining properties;
17	(b) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of a single gift or sale in each
18	county to each member of the landowner's immediate family;
19	(c) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions by gift, sale, or agreement to buy and sell in
20	which the parties to the transaction enter a covenant running with the land and revocable only by mutua
21	consent of the governing body and the property owner that the divided land will be used exclusively for
22	agricultural-purposes;
23	(d) for five or fewer lots within a platted subdivision, relocation of common boundaries and the
24	aggregation of lots; and
25	(e) divisions made for the purpose of relocating a common boundary line between a single lo
26	within a platted subdivision and adjoining land outside a platted subdivision. A restriction or requiremen-
27	on the original platted lot or original unplatted parcel continues to apply to those areas.
28	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1):
29	(a) within a platted subdivision filed with the county clerk and recorder, a division of lots that
30	results in an increase in the number of lots or which that redesigns or rearranges six or more lots must be



reviewed and approved by the governing body and an amended plat must be filed with the county clerk and
recorder;

(b) a change in use of the land exempted under subsection (1)(c) for anything other than agricultural purposes subjects the division to the provisions of this chapter;

(c) a sale of a division of land created under 76-3-201(2) subjects the division to the provisions of this chapter.

(3) A division of land may not be made under this section unless the county treasurer has certified that all real property taxes and special assessments assessed and levied on the land to be divided have been paid."

Section 2. Section 76-3-507, MCA, is amended to read:

- "76-3-507. Provision for bonding requirements to ensure construction of public improvements.

 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the governing body shall require the subdivider to complete
- required improvements within the subdivision prior to the approval of the final plat.
- (2) (a) In lieu of the completion of the construction of any public improvements prior to the approval of a final plat, the governing body shall at the subdivider's option allow the subdivider shall to provide or cause to be provided a bond or other reasonable security, in an amount and with surety and conditions satisfactory to the governing body, providing for and securing the construction and installation of the improvements within a period specified by the governing body and expressed in the bonds or other security. The governing body shall reduce bond requirements commensurate with the completion of improvements.
- (b) In lieu of requiring a bond or other means of security for the construction or installation of all the required public improvements under subsection (2)(a), the governing body may approve an incremental payment or guarantee plan. The improvements in a prior increment must be completed or the payment or guarantee of payment for the costs of the improvements incurred in a prior increment must be satisfied before development of future increments.
- (3) Approval by the governing body of a final plat prior to the completion of required improvements and without the provision of the security required under subsection (2) is not an act of a legislative body for the purposes of 2-9-111."



1	NEW SECTION. SECTION 3. SEVERABILITY. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT] IS INVALID, ALL VALID
2	PARTS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID PART REMAIN IN EFFECT. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT]
3	IS INVALID IN ONE OR MORE OF ITS APPLICATIONS, THE PART REMAINS IN EFFECT IN ALL VALID
4	APPLICATIONS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID APPLICATIONS.
5	
6	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. EFFECTIVE DATE RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. [THIS ACT] IS
7	EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL, AND [SECTION 1] APPLIES RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN THE
8	MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO TRACTS OF RECORD FOR LOCAL REGULATION OF SUBDIVISIONS FILED
9	BEFORE [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT].
10	-END-



CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

on Senate Bill 339 Report No. 1, April 18, 1997

Page 1 of 2

Mr. President and Mr. Speaker:

We, your Conference Committee on Senate Bill 339, met and considered the House Committee of the Whole amendments dated April 4, 1997.

We recommend that Senate Bill 339 (reference copy - salmon) be amended further as follows:

1. Title, line 5.

Following: "76 3 207,"
Insert: ", 76-3-201,"

2. Page 5.

Following: line 9

Insert: "

Section 2. Section 76-3-201, MCA, is amended to read:
"76-3-201. Exemption for certain divisions of land. (1)
Unless the method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of evading this chapter, the requirements of this chapter shall may not apply to any division of land which that:

(1)(a) is created by order of any court of record in this state or by operation of law or which that, in the absence of agreement between the parties to the sale, could be created by an order of any court in this state pursuant to the law of eminent domain, (Title 70, chapter 30);

(2) (b) is created to provide security for construction mortgages, liens, or trust indentures;

(3)(c) creates an interest in oil, gas, minerals, or water which that is now or hereafter severed from the surface ownership of real property;

(4) (d) creates cemetery lots;

(5)(e) is created by the reservation of a life estate;

 $\frac{(6)\cdot(f)}{(f)}$ is created by lease or rental for farming and agricultural purposes.

(2) Before a court of record orders a division of land under subsection (1)(a), the court shall notify the governing body of the pending division and allow the governing body to present written comment on the division."

Renumber: subsequent sections

ADOPT

SB 339

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3. Page 6, line 8. Following: "TRACTS"

Strike: "OF" through "SUBDIVISIONS"

And that this Conference Committee report be adopted.

For the Senate:

Senator Tom Beck, Chair

Senator Lorents Grosfield

Senator Dorthy Edk

Amd. Coord.

Sec. of Senate

For the House:

Rep. Cliff Trexler

Rep. Emily Swanson

1	SENATE BILL NO. 339
2	INTRODUCED BY GROSFIELD
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE REVIEW OF CERTAIN PARCEL DIVISIONS;
5	AND AMENDING SECTIONS 76-3-103, 76-3-201, 76-3-207, 76-3-201, AND 76-3-507, MCA; AND
6	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE ."
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8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	Section 1. Section 76-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"76-3-103. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context or subject matter clearly
12	requires otherwise, the following words or phrases shall have the following meanings definitions apply:
13	(1) "Certificate of survey" means a drawing of a field survey prepared by a registered surveyor for
14	the purpose of disclosing facts pertaining to boundary locations.
15	(2) "Dedication" means the deliberate appropriation of land by an owner for any general and public
16	use, reserving to the landowner no rights that are incompatible with the full exercise and enjoyment of the
17	public use to which the property has been devoted.
18	(3) "Division of land" means the segregation of one or more parcels of land from a larger tract held
19	in single or undivided ownership by transferring or contracting to transfer title to or possession of a portion
20	of the tract or properly filing a certificate of survey or subdivision plat establishing the identity of the
21	segregated parcels pursuant to this chapter. THE CONVEYANCE OF A TRACT OF RECORD OR AN ENTIRE
22	PARCEL OF LAND THAT WAS CREATED BY A PREVIOUS DIVISION OF LAND IS NOT A DIVISION OF
23	LAND.
24	(4) "Examining land surveyor" means a registered land surveyor duly appointed by the governing
25	body to review surveys and plats submitted for filing.
26	(5) "Final plat" means the final drawing of the subdivision and dedication required by this chapter
27	to be prepared for filing for record with the county clerk and recorder and containing all elements and
28	requirements set forth in this chapter and in regulations adopted pursuant thereto to this chapter.
29	(6) "Governing body" means a board of county commissioners or the governing authority of a city
30	or town organized pursuant to law.

1	(7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, children BY BLOOD OR ADOPTION, and parents.
2	(7)(8) "Irregularly shaped tract of land" means a parcel of land other than an aliquot part of the
3	United States government survey section or a United States government lot, the boundaries or areas of
4	which cannot be determined without a survey or trigonometric calculation.
5	(8)(9) "Planned unit development" means a land development project consisting of residential
6	clusters, industrial parks, shopping centers, or office building parks that comprise compose a planned
7	mixture of land uses built in a prearranged relationship to each other and having open space and community
8	facilities in common ownership or use.
9	(9)(10) "Plat" means a graphical representation of a subdivision showing the division of land into
10	lots, parcels, blocks, streets, alleys, and other divisions and dedications.
11	(10)(11) "Preliminary plat" means a neat and scaled drawing of a proposed subdivision showing the
12	layout of streets, alleys, lots, blocks, and other elements of a subdivision which that furnish a basis for
13	review by a governing body.
14	(11)(12) "Registered land surveyor" means a person licensed in conformance with Title 37, chapter
15	67, to practice surveying in the state of Montana.
16	(12)(13) "Registered professional engineer" means a person licensed in conformance with Title 37,
17	chapter 67, to practice engineering in the state of Montana.
18	(13)(14) "Subdivider" means a person who causes land to be subdivided or who proposes a
19	subdivision of land.
20	(14)(15) "Subdivision" means a division of land or land so divided that it creates one or more
21	parcels containing less than 160 acres that cannot be described as a one-quarter aliquot part of a United
22	States government section, exclusive of public roadways, in order that the title to or possession of the
23	parcels may be sold, rented, leased, or otherwise conveyed and includes any resubdivision and further
24	includes a condominium or area, regardless of its size, that provides or will provide multiple space for
25	recreational camping vehicles or mobile homes.
26	(15)(16)(a) "Tract of record" means:
27	(i) a NOTWITHSTANDING 43 U.S.C. 753, AN AN INDIVIDUAL parcel of land, irrespective of
28	ownership, that can be identified by legal description, independent of any other parcel of land, using
29	documents on file in the records of the county clerk and recorder's office;



30

(ii) each individual parcel of land identified by a legal description unless the parcel has been joined

1	with one or more other parcels and has a legal description that describes the resulting single larger parcel;
2	and and
3	(iii) a single larger parcel created pursuant to subsection (16)(a)(ii) that is shown and described on
4	a certificate of survey on file in the office of the county clerk and recorder setting forth the single larger
5	parcel.
6	(b) The term does not apply to multiple parcels shown on a single deed or other instrument.
7	(B) EACH INDIVIDUAL TRACT OF RECORD CONTINUES TO BE AN INDIVIDUAL PARCEL OF LAND
8	UNLESS THE OWNER OF THE PARCEL HAS JOINED IT WITH OTHER CONTIGUOUS PARCELS BY FILING
9	WITH THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER:
10	(I) AN INSTRUMENT OF CONVEYANCE IN WHICH THE AGGREGATED PARCELS HAVE BEEN
11	ASSIGNED A LEGAL DESCRIPTION THAT DESCRIBES THE RESULTING SINGLE PARCEL AND IN WHICH
12	THE OWNER EXPRESSLY DECLARES THE OWNER'S INTENTION THAT THE TRACTS BE MERGED; OR
13	(II) A CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY OR SUBDIVISION PLAT THAT SHOWS THAT THE BOUNDARIES
14	OF THE ORIGINAL PARCELS HAVE BEEN EXPUNGED AND DEPICTS THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LARGER
15	AGGREGATE PARCEL.
16	(C) AN INSTRUMENT OF CONVEYANCE DOES NOT MERGE PARCELS OF LAND UNDER
17	SUBSECTION (16)(B)(I) UNLESS THE INSTRUMENT STATES, "THIS INSTRUMENT IS INTENDED TO MERGE
18	INDIVIDUAL PARCELS OF LAND TO FORM THE AGGREGATE PARCEL(S) DESCRIBED IN THIS
19	INSTRUMENT" OR A SIMILAR STATEMENT, IN ADDITION TO THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE
20	AGGREGATE PARCELS, CLEARLY EXPRESSES EXPRESSING THE OWNER'S INTENT TO EFFECT A
21	MERGER OF PARCELS."
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23	Section 2. Section 76-3-201, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"76-3-201. Exemption for certain divisions of land. (1) Unless the method of disposition is adopted
25	for the purpose of evading this chapter, the requirements of this chapter shall may not apply to any division
26	of land which that:
27	(1)(a) is created by order of any court of record in this state or by operation of law or which that,
28	in the absence of agreement between the parties to the sale, could be created by an order of any court in
29	this state pursuant to the law of eminent domain, (Title 70, chapter 30);



(2)(b) is created to provide security for construction mortgages, liens, or trust indentures;

1	(3)(c) creates an interest in oil, gas, minerals, or water which that is now or hereafter severed from
2	the surface ownership of real property;
3	(4)(d) creates semetery lots;
4	(5)(e) is created by the reservation of a life estate;
5	(6)(1) is created by lease or rental for farming and agricultural purposes.
6	(2) Before a court of record orders a division of land under subsection (1)(a), the court shall notify
7	the governing body of the pending division and allow the governing body to present written comment on
8	the division."
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10	Section 3. Section 76-3-207, MCA, is amended to read:
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15	(a) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of relocating common boundary
16	lines-between adjoining properties;
17	(b) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for the purpose of a single gift or sale in each
18	county to each member of the landowner's immediate family;
19	(e) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions by gift, sale, or agreement to buy and sell in
20	which the parties to the transaction enter a covenant running with the land and revocable only by mutual
21	consent of the governing body and the property owner that the divided land will be used exclusively for
22	agricultural purposes;
23	(d) for five or fewer lots within a platted subdivision, relocation of common boundaries and the
24	aggregation of lots; and
25	(e) divisions made for the purpose of relocating a common boundary line between a single let
26	within a platted subdivision and adjoining land outside a platted subdivision. A restriction or requirement
27	on the original platted lot or original unplatted parcel continues to apply to those areas.
28	(2) Netwithstanding the previsions of subsection (1):
29	(a) within a platted subdivision filed with the county clerk and recorder, a division of lots that
30	results in an increase in the number of lets or which that redesigns or rearranges six or more lets must be

1	reviewed and approved by the governing body and an amended plat must be filed with the county clerk and
2	recorder;
3	(b) a change in use of the land exempted under subsection (1)(c) for anything other than
4	agricultural purposes subjects the division to the provisions of this chapter;
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15	(1)(a) is created by order of any court of record in this state or by operation of law or which that,
16	in the absence of agreement between the parties to the sale, could be created by an order of any court in
17	this state pursuant to the law of eminent domain, {Title 70, chapter 30};
18	(2)(b) is created to provide security for construction mortgages, liens, or trust indentures;
19	(3)(c) creates an interest in oil, gas, minerals, or water which that is now or hereafter severed from
20	the surface ownership of real property;
21	(4)(d) creates cemetery lots;
22	(5)(e) is created by the reservation of a life estate;
23	(6)(f) is created by lease or rental for farming and agricultural purposes.
24	(2) Before a court of record orders a division of land under subsection (1)(a), the court shall notify
25	the governing body of the pending division and allow the governing body to present written comment on
26	the division."
27	
28	Section 3. Section 76-3-507, MCA, is amended to read:
29	"76-3-507. Provision for bonding requirements to ensure construction of public improvements.



(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the governing body shall require the subdivider to complete

required improvements	within the	e subdivision	prior to	the	approval	of the	final	plat.
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- (2) (a) In lieu of the completion of the construction of any public improvements prior to the approval of a final plat, the governing body shall at the subdivider's option allow the subdivider shall to provide or cause to be provided a bond or other reasonable security, in an amount and with surety and conditions satisfactory to the governing body, providing for and securing the construction and installation of the improvements within a period specified by the governing body and expressed in the bonds or other security. The governing body shall reduce bond requirements commensurate with the completion of improvements.
- (b) In lieu of requiring a bond or other means of security for the construction or installation of all the required public improvements under subsection (2)(a), the governing body may approve an incremental payment or guarantee plan. The improvements in a prior increment must be completed or the payment or guarantee of payment for the costs of the improvements incurred in a prior increment must be satisfied before development of future increments.
- (3) Approval by the governing body of a final plat prior to the completion of required improvements and without the provision of the security required under subsection (2) is not an act of a legislative body for the purposes of 2-9-111."

NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. SEVERABILITY. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT] IS INVALID, ALL VALID PARTS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID PART REMAIN IN EFFECT. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT] IS INVALID IN ONE OR MORE OF ITS APPLICATIONS, THE PART REMAINS IN EFFECT IN ALL VALID APPLICATIONS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID APPLICATIONS.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE -- RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. [THIS ACT] IS

EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL, AND [SECTION 1] APPLIES RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN THE

MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO TRACTS OF RECORD FOR LOCAL REGULATION OF SUBDIVISIONS FILED

BEFORE [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT].

27 -END-

