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1	Senate BILL NO. 251
2 2	INTRODUCED BY HUNG BENEDICT
2 3	The Ellist Kitalarmit-1
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED." "AN ACT CLARIFYING WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT COVERAGE
L 5	REQUIREMENTS FOR A STUDENT WHO IS ENROLLED IN A SECONDARY OR POSTSECONDARY
6	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION AND WHO PARTICIPATES AS A VOLUNTEER OR FOR WAGES IN
7	WORK-BASED LEARNING ACTIVITIES; DEFINING "BUSINESS PARTNER" AND "WORK-BASED LEARNING
8	ACTIVITIES"; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-71-116, 39-71-118, AND 39-71-401, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
9	EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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13	Section 1. Section 39-71-116, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"39-71-116. Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires, words and phrases used in this
15	chapter have the following meanings:
16	(1) "Actual wage loss" means that the wages that a worker earns or is qualified to earn after the
17	worker reaches maximum healing are less than the actual wages the worker received at the time of the
18	injury.
19	(2) "Administer and pay" includes all actions by the state fund under the Workers' Compensation
20	Act and the Occupational Disease Act of Montana necessary to:
21	(a) investigation, review, and settlement of claims;
22	(b) payment of benefits;
23	(c) setting of reserves;
24	(d) furnishing of services and facilities; and
25	(e) use of actuarial, audit, accounting, vocational rehabilitation, and legal services.
26	(3) "Aid or sustenance" means any <u>a</u> public or private subsidy made to provide a means of support,
27	maintenance, or subsistence for the recipient.
28	(4) "Average weekly wage" means the mean weekly earnings of all employees under covered
29	employment, as defined and established annually by the department. It is established at the nearest whole
30	dollar number and must be adopted by the department prior to before July 1 of each year.





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1	(5) "Beneficiary" means:
2	(a) a surviving spouse living with or legally entitled to be supported by the deceased at the time
3	of injury;
4	(b) an unmarried child under 18 years of age;
5	(c) an unmarried child under 22 years of age who is a full-time student in an accredited school or
6	is enrolled in an accredited apprenticeship program;
7	(d) an invalid child over 18 years of age who is dependent upon the decedent for support at the
8	time of injury;
9	(e) a parent who is dependent upon the decedent for support at the time of the injury if a
10	beneficiary, as defined in subsections (5)(a) through (5)(d), does not exist; and
11	(f) a brother or sister under 18 years of age if dependent upon the decedent for support at the time
12	of the injury but only until the age of 18 years and only when a beneficiary, as defined in subsections (5)(a)
13	through (5)(e), does not exist.
14	(6) "Business partner" means the community or business organization that provides the premises
15	for work-based learning activities for students.
16	(6)(7) "Casual employment" means employment not in the usual course of the trade, business,
17	profession, or occupation of the employer.
18	(7)(8) "Child" includes a posthumous child, a dependent stepchild, and a child legally adopted prior
19	to the injury.
20	(8)(9) "Construction industry" means the major group of general contractors and operative builders,
21	heavy construction (other than building construction) contractors, and special trade contractors, listed in
22	major groups 15 through 17 in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual. The term does not
23	include office workers, design professionals, salespersons, estimators, or any other related employment that
24	is not directly involved on a regular basis in the provision of physical labor at a construction or renovation
25	site.
26	(8) (10) "Days" means calendar days, unless otherwise specified.
27	(10)(11) "Department" means the department of labor and industry.
28	(11)(12) "Fiscal year" means the period of time between July 1 and the succeeding June 30.
29	(12)(13) "Household or domestic employment" means employment of persons other than members
30	of the household for the purpose of tending to the aid and comfort of the employer or members of the



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employer's family, including but not limited to housecleaning and yard work, but does not include
employment beyond the scope of normal household or domestic duties, such as home health care or
domiciliary care.

4 (13)(14) "Insurer" means an employer bound by compensation plan No. 1, an insurance company
 5 transacting business under compensation plan No. 2, or the state fund under compensation plan No. 3.

6 (14)(15) "Invalid" means one who is physically or mentally incapacitated.

7 (15)(16) "Limited liability company" is as defined in 35-8-102.

8 (16)(17) "Maintenance care" means treatment designed to provide the optimum state of health
 9 while minimizing recurrence of the clinical status.

10 (17)(18) "Medical stability", "maximum healing", or "maximum medical healing" means a point in
 11 the healing process when further material improvement would not be reasonably expected from primary
 12 medical treatment.

13 (18)(19) "Objective medical findings" means medical evidence, including range of motion, atrophy,
 14 muscle strength, muscle spasm, or other diagnostic evidence, substantiated by clinical findings.

15 (19)(20) "Order" means any decision, rule, direction, requirement, or standard of the department
 or any other determination arrived at or decision made by the department.

17 (20)(21) "Palliative care" means treatment designed to reduce or ease symptoms without curing
 18 the underlying cause of the symptoms.

19 (22) "Payroll", "annual payroll", or "annual payroll for the preceding year" means the average annual payroll of the employer for the preceding calendar year or, if the employer has not operated a 20 sufficient or any length of time during the calendar year, 12 times the average monthly payroll for the 21 current year. However, an estimate may be made by the department for any employer starting in business 22 23 if average payrolls are not available. This estimate must be adjusted by additional payment by the employer 24 or refund by the department, as the case may actually be, on December 31 of the current year. An employer's payroll must be computed by calculating all wages, as defined in 39-71-123, that are paid by 25 26 an employer.

27 (22)(23) "Permanent partial disability" means a physical condition in which a worker, after reaching
 28 maximum medical healing:

29 (a) has a permanent impairment established by objective medical findings;

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(b) is able to return to work in some capacity but the permanent impairment impairs the worker's

1 ability to work; and

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(c) has an actual wage loss as a result of the injury.

3 (23)(24) "Permanent total disability" means a physical condition resulting from injury as defined in 4 this chapter, after a worker reaches maximum medical healing, in which a worker does not have a 5 reasonable prospect of physically performing regular employment. Regular employment means work on a 6 recurring basis performed for remuneration in a trade, business, profession, or other occupation in this 7 state. Lack of immediate job openings is not a factor to be considered in determining if a worker is 8 permanently totally disabled.

9 (24)(25) The "plant of the employer" includes the place of business of a third person while the
employer has access to or control over the place of business for the purpose of carrying on the employer's
usual trade, business, or occupation.

12 (25)(26) "Primary medical services" means treatment prescribed by a treating physician, for
 13 conditions resulting from the injury, necessary for achieving medical stability.

14 (26)(27) "Public corporation" means the state or any county, municipal corporation, school district,
 15 city, city under a commission form of government or special charter, town, or village.

16 (27)(28) "Reasonably safe place to work" means that the place of employment has been made as
 17 free from danger to the life or safety of the employee as the nature of the employment will reasonably
 18 permit.

(28)(29) "Reasonably safe tools and appliances" are tools and appliances that are adapted to and
 that are reasonably safe for use for the particular purpose for which they are furnished.

21 (29)(30) (a) "Secondary medical services" means those medical services or appliances that are 22 considered not medically necessary for medical stability. The services and appliances include but are not 23 limited to spas or hot tubs, work hardening, physical restoration programs and other restoration programs 24 designed to address disability and not impairment, or equipment offered by individuals, clinics, groups, 25 hospitals, or rehabilitation facilities.

(b) (i) As used in this subsection (20) (30), "disability" means a condition in which a worker's
ability to engage in gainful employment is diminished as a result of physical restrictions resulting from an
injury. The restrictions may be combined with factors, such as the worker's age, education, work history,
and other factors that affect the worker's ability to engage in gainful employment.

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(ii) Disability does not mean a purely medical condition.



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1 (30)(31) "Sole proprietor" means the person who has the exclusive legal right or title to or 2 ownership of a business enterprise.

3 (31)(32) "Temporary partial disability" means a physical condition resulting from an injury, as
 4 defined in 39-71-119, in which a worker, prior to maximum healing:

5 (a) is temporarily unable to return to the position held at the time of injury because of a medically
6 determined physical restriction;

7 (b) returns to work in a modified or alternative employment; and

8 (c) suffers a partial wage loss.

9 (32)(33) "Temporary service contractor" means a person, firm, association, partnership, limited 10 liability company, or corporation conducting business that hires its own employees and assigns them to 11 clients to fill a work assignment with a finite ending date to support or supplement the client's workforce 12 in situations resulting from employee absences, skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special 13 assignments and projects.

14 (33)(34) "Temporary total disability" means a physical condition resulting from an injury, as defined
 15 in this chapter, that results in total loss of wages and exists until the injured worker reaches maximum
 16 medical healing.

17 (34)(35) "Temporary worker" means a worker whose services are furnished to another on a 18 part-time or temporary basis to fill a work assignment with a finite ending date to support or supplement 19 a workforce in situations resulting from employee absences, skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special 20 assignments and projects.

(35)(36) "Treating physician" means a person who is primarily responsible for the treatment of a
 worker's compensable injury and is:

(a) a physician licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 3, and has admitting
 privileges to practice in one or more hospitals, if any, in the area where the physician is located;

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(b) a chiropractor licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 12;

(c) a physician assistant-certified licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 20, if
 there is not a physician, as defined in subsection (35)(a) (36)(a), in the area where the physician
 assistant-certified is located;

29 (d) an osteopath licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 5; or

30 (e) a dentist licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 4.



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1	(37) "Work-based learning activities" means job training and work experience that are provided to
2	students currently enrolled in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution and that are conducted
3	on the premises of a business partner.
4	(36)(38) "Year", unless otherwise specified, means calendar year."
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6	Section 2. Section 39-71-118, MCA, is amended to read:
7	"39-71-118. Employee, worker, volunteer, and volunteer firefighter defined. (1) The term
8	"employee" or "worker" means:
9	(a) each person in this state, including a contractor other than an independent contractor, who is
10	in the service of an employer, as defined by 39-71-117, under any appointment or contract of hire,
11	expressed or implied, oral or written. The terms include aliens and minors, whether lawfully or unlawfully
12	employed, and all of the elected and appointed paid public officers and officers and members of boards of
13	directors of quasi-public or private corporations, except those officers identified in 39-71-401(2), while
14	rendering actual service for the corporations for pay. Casual employees, as defined by 39-71-116, are
15	included as employees if they are not otherwise covered by workers' compensation and if an employer has
16	elected to be bound by the provisions of the compensation law for these casual employments, as provided
17	in 39-71-401(2). Household or domestic employment is excluded.
18	(b) any juvenile performing work under authorization of a district court judge in a delinguency
19	prevention or rehabilitation program;
20	(c) a person receiving on-the-job vocational rehabilitation training or other on-the-job training under
21	a state or federal vocational training program, whether or not under an appointment or contract of hire with
22	an employer, as defined in this chapter, and, except as provided in subsection (9), whether or not receiving
23	payment from a third party. However, this subsection does not apply to students enrolled in vocational
24	training programs, as outlined in this subsection, while they are on the premises of a public school or
25	community college.
26	(d) an aircrew member or other person employed as a volunteer under 67-2-105;
27	(e) a person, other than a juvenile as defined in subsection (1)(b), performing community service
28	for a nonprofit organization or association or for a federal, state, or local government entity under a court
29	order, or an order from a hearings officer as a result of a probation or parole violation, whether or not under
30	appointment or contract of hire with an employer, as defined in this chapter, and whether or not receiving



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1	payment from a third party. For a person covered by the definition in this subsection (1)(e):
2	(i) compensation benefits must be limited to medical expenses pursuant to 39-71-704 and an
3	impairment award pursuant to 39-71-703 that is based upon the minimum wage established under Title 39,
4	chapter 3, part 4, for a full-time employee at the time of the injury; and
5	(ii) premiums must be paid by the employer, as defined in 39-71-117(3), and must be based upon
6	the minimum wage established under Title 39, chapter 3, part 4, for the number of hours of community
7	service required under the order from the court or hearings officer.
8	(f) an inmate working in a federally certified prison industries program authorized under 53-1-301;
9	and
10	(g) a person who is an enrolled member of a volunteer fire department as described in 7-33-4109
11	or a person who provides ambulance services under Title 7, chapter 34, part 1.
12	(2) The terms defined in subsection (1) do not include a person who is:
13	(a) participating in recreational activity and who at the time is relieved of and is not performing
14	prescribed duties, regardless of whether the person is using, by discount or otherwise, a pass, ticket,
15	permit, device, or other emolument of employment;
16	(b) performing voluntary service at a recreational facility and who receives no compensation for
17	those services other than meals, lodging, or the use of the recreational facilities; or
18	(c) performing services as a volunteer, except for a person who is otherwise entitled to coverage
19	under the laws of this state. As used in this subsection (2)(c), "volunteer" means a person who performs
20	services on behalf of an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, but who does not receive wages as defined
21	in 39-71-123.
22	(3) With the approval of the insurer, an employer may elect to include as an employee under the
23	provisions of this chapter any volunteer as defined in subsection (2)(c).
24	(4) (a) The term "volunteer firefighter" means a firefighter who is an enrolled and active member
25	of a fire company organized and funded by a county, a rural fire district, or a fire service area.
26	(b) The term "volunteer hours" means all the time spent by a volunteer firefighter in the service
27	of an employer, including but not limited to training time, response time, and time spent at the employer's
28	premises.
29	(5) (a) If the employer is a partnership, sole proprietor, or a member-managed limited liability
30	company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter any

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member of the partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, or any member of the limited liability
 company devoting full time to the partnership, proprietorship, or limited liability company business.

(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice
naming the partners, sole proprietor, or members to be covered and stating the level of compensation
coverage desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection
(5)(d). A partner, sole proprietor, or member is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice
has been given.

8 (c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter9 following notification.

10 (d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to 11 the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the 12 determination of weekly wage for weekly compensation benefits, the electing employer may elect not less 13 than \$900 a month and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter.

(6) (a) If the employer is a quasi-public or a private corporation or a manager-managed limited
 liability company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter
 any corporate officer or manager exempted under 39-71-401(2).

(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice
naming the corporate officer or manager to be covered and stating the level of compensation coverage
desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection (5)(d). A
corporate officer or manager is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given.

(c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter
 following notification.

(d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to
the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the
determination of the weekly wage for weekly compensation benefits, the electing employer may elect not
less than \$200 a week and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter.

(7) (a) The trustees of a rural fire district, a county governing body providing rural fire protection,
 or the county commissioners or trustees for a fire service area may elect to include as an employee within
 the provisions of this chapter any volunteer firefighter. A volunteer firefighter who receives workers'
 compensation coverage under this section may not receive disability benefits under Title 19, chapter 17.



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1	(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall report payroll for all volunteer firefighters for
2	premium and weekly benefit purposes based on the number of volunteer hours of each firefighter times the
3	average weekly wage divided by 40 hours, subject to a maximum of 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage.
4	(8) Except as provided in chapter 8 of this title, an employee or worker in this state whose services
5	are furnished by a person, association, contractor, firm, limited liability company, or corporation, other than
6	a temporary service contractor, to an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, is presumed to be under the
7	control and employment of the employer. This presumption may be rebutted as provided in 39-71-117(3).
8	(9) A student currently enrolled in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution who is
9	participating in work-based learning activities and who is not paid wages by the business partner or the
10	educational institution is a volunteer and is subject to the provisions of this chapter.
11	(9)(10) For purposes of this section, an "employee or worker in this state" means:
12	(a) a resident of Montana who is employed by an employer and whose employment duties are
13	primarily carried out or controlled within this state;
14	(b) a nonresident of Montana whose principal employment duties are conducted within this state
15	on a regular basis for an employer;
16	(c) a nonresident employee of an employer from another state engaged in the construction industry,
17	as defined in 39-71-116, within this state; or
18	(d) a nonresident of Montana who does not meet the requirements of subsection (9)(b) and whose
19	employer elects coverage with an insurer that allows an election for an employer whose:
20	(i) nonresident employees are hired in Montana;
21	(ii) nonresident employees' wages are paid in Montana;
22	(iii) nonresident employees are supervised in Montana; and
23	(iv) business records are maintained in Montana.
24	(10)(11) An insurer may require coverage for all nonresident employees of a Montana employer who
25	do not meet the requirements of subsection (9)(b) (10)(b) or (9)(d) (10)(d) as a condition of approving the
26	election under subsection (9)(d) (10)(d)."
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28	Section 3. Section 39-71-401, MCA, is amended to read:
29	"39-71-401. Employments covered and employments exempted. (1) Except as provided in

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30 subsection (2), the Workers' Compensation Act applies to all employers, as defined in 39-71-117, and to



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all employees, as defined in 39-71-118. An employer who has any employee in service under any appointment or contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written, shall elect to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. Each employee whose employer is bound by the Workers' Compensation Act is subject to and bound by the compensation plan that has been elected by the employer.

6 (2) Unless the employer elects coverage for these employments under this chapter and an insurer 7 allows an election, the Workers' Compensation Act does not apply to any of the following employments:

8 (a) household and domestic employment;

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(b) casual employment as defined in 39-71-116;

(c) employment of a dependent member of an employer's family for whom an exemption may be
 claimed by the employer under the federal Internal Revenue Code;

(d) employment of sole proprietors, working members of a partnership, or working members of a
 member-managed limited liability company, except as provided in subsection (3);

(e) employment of a broker or salesman performing under a license issued by the board of realty
regulation;

16 (f) employment of a direct seller as defined in 26 U.S.C. 3508;

(g) employment for which a rule of liability for injury, occupational disease, or death is provided
 under the laws of the United States;

(h) employment of a person performing services in return for aid or sustenance only, except
 employment of a volunteer under 67-2-105;

(i) employment with a railroad engaged in interstate commerce, except that railroad construction
 work is included in and subject to the provisions of this chapter;

(j) employment as an official, including a timer, referee, or judge, at a school amateur athletic
event, unless the person is otherwise employed by a school district;

(k) employment of a person performing services as a newspaper carrier or free-lance correspondent if the person performing the services or a parent or guardian of the person performing the services in the case of a minor has acknowledged in writing that the person performing the services and the services are not covered. As used in this subsection, "free-lance correspondent" is a person who submits articles or photographs for publication and is paid by the article or by the photograph. As used in this subsection, "newspaper carrier":



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1	(i) is a person who provides a newspaper with the service of delivering newspapers singly or in
2	bundles; but
3	(ii) does not include an employee of the paper who, incidentally to the employee's main duties,
4	carries or delivers papers.
5	(I) cosmetologist's services and barber's services as defined in 39-51-204(1)(I);
6	(m) a person who is employed by an enrolled tribal member or an association, business,
7	corporation, or other entity that is at least 51% owned by an enrolled tribal member or members, whose
8	business is conducted solely within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation;
9	(n) employment of a jockey performing under a license issued by the board of horseracing from the
10	time the jockey reports to the scale room prior to a race through the time the jockey is weighed out after
11	a race if the jockey has acknowledged in writing, as a condition of licensing by the board of horseracing,
12	that the jockey is not covered under the Workers' Compensation Act while performing services as a jockey;
13	(o) employment of an employer's spouse for whom an exemption based on marital status may be
14	claimed by the employer under 26 U.S.C. 7703;
15	(p) a person who performs services as a petroleum land professional. As used in this subsection,
16	a "petroleum land professional" is a person who:
17	(i) is engaged primarily in negotiating for the acquisition or divestiture of mineral rights or in
18	negotiating a business agreement for the exploration or development of minerals;
19	(ii) is paid for services that are directly related to the completion of a contracted specific task rather
20	than on an hourly wage basis; and
21	(iii) performs all services as an independent contractor pursuant to a written contract.
22	(q) an officer of a quasi-public or a private corporation or manager of a manager-managed limited
23	liability company who qualifies under one or more of the following provisions:
24	(i) the officer or manager is engaged in the ordinary duties of a worker for the corporation or the
25	limited liability company and does not receive any pay from the corporation or the limited liability company
26	for performance of the duties;
27	(ii) the officer or manager is engaged primarily in household employment for the corporation or the
28	limited liability company;
29	(iii) the officer or manager owns 20% or more of the number of shares of stock in the corporation
30	or owns 20% or more of the limited liability company; or



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(iv) the officer or manager is the spouse, child, adopted child, stepchild, mother, father, son-in-law,
 daughter-in-law, nephew, niece, brother, or sister of a corporate officer who owns 20% or more of the
 number of shares of stock in the corporation or who owns 20% or more of the limited liability company-<u>;</u>
 or

5 (r) a student currently enrolled in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution who is 6 participating in work-based learning activities and who is paid wages by the business partner or the 7 educational institution.

8 (3) (a) A sole proprietor, a working member of a partnership, or a working member of a 9 member-managed limited liability company who represents to the public that the person is an independent 10 contractor shall elect to be bound personally and individually by the provisions of compensation plan No. 11 1, 2, or 3 but may apply to the department for an exemption from the Workers' Compensation Act.

12 (b) The application must be made in accordance with the rules adopted by the department. There 13 is no fee for the initial application. Any subsequent application must be accompanied by a \$25 application 14 fee. The application fee must be deposited in the administration fund established in 39-71-201 to offset 15 the costs of administering the program.

16 (c) When an application is approved by the department, it is conclusive as to the status of an 17 independent contractor and precludes the applicant from obtaining benefits under this chapter.

(d) The exemption, if approved, remains in effect for 1 year following the date of the department's
approval. To maintain the independent contractor status, an independent contractor shall annually submit
a renewal application. A renewal application must be submitted for all independent contractor exemptions
approved as of July 1, 1995, or thereafter. The renewal application and the \$25 renewal application fee
must be received by the department at least 30 days prior to the anniversary date of the previously
approved exemption.

(e) A person who makes a false statement or misrepresentation concerning that person's status
as an exempt independent contractor is subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000. The department may impose
the penalty for each false statement or misrepresentation. The penalty must be paid to the uninsured
employers' fund. The lien provisions of 39-71-506 apply to the penalty imposed by this section.

(f) If the department denies the application for exemption, the applicant may contest the denial by
 petitioning for review of the decision by an appeals referee in the manner provided for in 39-51-1109. An
 applicant dissatisfied with the decision of the appeals referee may appeal the decision in accordance with



1 the procedure established in 39-51-2403 and 39-51-2404.

(4) (a) A corporation or a manager-managed limited liability company shall provide coverage for its
employees under the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. A quasi-public corporation, a private
corporation, or a manager-managed limited liability company may elect coverage for its corporate officers
or managers, who are otherwise exempt under subsection (2), by giving a written notice in the following
manner:

(i) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, by
delivering the notice to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the
manager-managed limited liability company; or

(ii) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 2 or 3, by
 delivering the notice to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the
 manager-managed limited liability company and to the insurer.

(b) If the employer changes plans or insurers, the employer's previous election is not effective and
the employer shall again serve notice to its insurer and to its board of directors or the management
organization of the manager-managed limited liability company if the employer elects to be bound.

16 (5) The appointment or election of an employee as an officer of a corporation, a partner in a 17 partnership, or a member in or a manager of a limited liability company for the purpose of exempting the 18 employee from coverage under this chapter does not entitle the officer, partner, member, or manager to 19 exemption from coverage.

(6) Each employer shall post a sign in the workplace at the locations where notices to employees 20 21 are normally posted, informing employees about the employer's current provision of workers' compensation 22 insurance. A workplace is any location where an employee performs any work-related act in the course of 23 employment, regardless of whether the location is temporary or permanent, and includes the place of 24 business or property of a third person while the employer has access to or control over the place of business or property for the purpose of carrying on the employer's usual trade, business, or occupation. 25 26 The sign must be provided by the department, distributed through insurers or directly by the department, 27 and posted by employers in accordance with rules adopted by the department. An employer who purposely 28 or knowingly fails to post a sign as provided in this subsection is subject to a \$50 fine for each citation."

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NEW SECTION. Section 4. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are



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severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its
 applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid
 applications.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Effective date -- applicability. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997, and 6 applies to claims for benefits filed on or after [the effective date of this act].

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STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for SB0251, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

A bill clarifying workers' compensation act coverage requirements for a student who is enrolled in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution and who participates as a volunteer or for wages in work-based learning activities.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The proposed legislation creates an exemption from the workers' compensation act for students enrolled in secondary or postsecondary educational institutions who are participating in work-based learning activities and who are working for wages or as volunteers.
- 2. The State Fund will not receive premium income to provide coverage for this class of student-employee, unless coverage is elected.
- 3. The State Fund will not make benefit payments to compensate this class of studentemployee for injuries or occupational disease, unless coverage is elected.
- 4. Students of the Montana University System (MUS) who participate in campus work-study programs are covered for workers' compensation by the MUS.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Passage of SB 251 will have no fiscal impact on the state.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning

STACE PRIMARY SPONSOR DATE BARRY Hote for <u>sp025</u> Fisca/ as introduced SB 2

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 251
2	INTRODUCED BY STANG, BENEDICT, MAHLUM, TOEWS, ELLIS, KITZENBERG, M. TAYLOR
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT COVERAGE
5	REQUIREMENTS FOR A STUDENT WHO IS ENROLLED IN A AN ELEMENTARY, SECONDARY, OR
6	POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION AND WHO PARTICIPATES AS A VOLUNTEER OR FOR
7	WAGES IN WORK-BASED LEARNING ACTIVITIES; DEFINING "BUSINESS PARTNER" AND "WORK-BASED
8	LEARNING ACTIVITIES"; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-71-116, <u>AND</u> 39-71-118, AND 39-71-401, MCA; AND
9	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	
13	Section 1. Section 39-71-116, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"39-71-116. Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires, words and phrases used in this
15	chapter have the following meanings:
16	(1) "Actual wage loss" means that the wages that a worker earns or is qualified to earn after the
17	worker reaches maximum healing are less than the actual wages the worker received at the time of the
18	injury.
19	(2) "Administer and pay" includes all actions by the state fund under the Workers' Compensation
20	Act and the Occupational Disease Act of Montana necessary to:
21	(a) investigation, review, and settlement of claims;
22	(b) payment of benefits;
23	(c) setting of reserves;
24	(d) furnishing of services and facilities; and
25	(e) use of actuarial, audit, accounting, vocational rehabilitation, and legal services.
26	(3) "Aid or sustenance" means any <u>a</u> public or private subsidy made to provide a means of support,
27	maintenance, or subsistence for the recipient.
28	(4) "Average weekly wage" means the mean weekly earnings of all employees under covered
29	employment, as defined and established annually by the department. It is established at the nearest whole
30	dollar number and must be adopted by the department prior to <u>before</u> July 1 of each year.



1 (5) "Beneficiary" means: 2 (a) a surviving spouse living with or legally entitled to be supported by the deceased at the time 3 of injury; (b) an unmarried child under 18 years of age; 4 (c) an unmarried child under 22 years of age who is a full-time student in an accredited school or 5 6 is enrolled in an accredited apprenticeship program; 7 (d) an invalid child over 18 years of age who is dependent upon the decedent for support at the 8 time of injury; 9 (e) a parent who is dependent upon the decedent for support at the time of the injury if a beneficiary, as defined in subsections (5)(a) through (5)(d), does not exist; and 10 11 (f) a brother or sister under 18 years of age if dependent upon the decedent for support at the time 12 of the injury but only until the age of 18 years and only when a beneficiary, as defined in subsections (5)(a) 13 through (5)(e), does not exist. 14 (6) "Business partner" means the community, GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, or business organization that provides the premises for work-based learning activities for students. 15 (6)(7) "Casual employment" means employment not in the usual course of the trade, business, 16 17 profession, or occupation of the employer. 18 (7)(8) "Child" includes a posthumous child, a dependent stepchild, and a child legally adopted prior 19 to the injury. 20 (8)(9) "Construction industry" means the major group of general contractors and operative builders, 21 heavy construction (other than building construction) contractors, and special trade contractors, listed in major groups 15 through 17 in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual. The term does not 22 include office workers, design professionals, salespersons, estimators, or any other related employment that 23 is not directly involved on a regular basis in the provision of physical labor at a construction or renovation 24 25 site. 26 (9)(10) "Days" means calendar days, unless otherwise specified. 27 (10)(11) "Department" means the department of labor and industry. 28 (11)(12) "Fiscal year" means the period of time between July 1 and the succeeding June 30. 29 (12)(13) "Household or domestic employment" means employment of persons other than members 30 of the household for the purpose of tending to the aid and comfort of the employer or members of the



employer's family, including but not limited to housecleaning and yard work, but does not include
 employment beyond the scope of normal household or domestic duties, such as home health care or
 domiciliary care.

4 (13)(14) "Insurer" means an employer bound by compensation plan No. 1, an insurance company
 5 transacting business under compensation plan No. 2, or the state fund under compensation plan No. 3.

6 (14)(15) "Invalid" means one who is physically or mentally incapacitated.

7 (15)(16) "Limited liability company" is as defined in 35-8-102.

8 (16)(17) "Maintenance care" means treatment designed to provide the optimum state of health 9 while minimizing recurrence of the clinical status.

(17)(18) "Medical stability", "maximum healing", or "maximum medical healing" means a point in
 the healing process when further material improvement would not be reasonably expected from primary
 medical treatment.

(18)(19) "Objective medical findings" means medical evidence, including range of motion, atrophy,
 muscle strength, muscle spasm, or other diagnostic evidence, substantiated by clinical findings.

(19)(20) "Order" means any decision, rule, direction, requirement, or standard of the department
 or any other determination arrived at or decision made by the department.

17 (20)(21) "Palliative care" means treatment designed to reduce or ease symptoms without curing
 18 the underlying cause of the symptoms.

19 (21)(22) "Payroll", "annual payroll", or "annual payroll for the preceding year" means the average 20 annual payroll of the employer for the preceding calendar year or, if the employer has not operated a sufficient or any length of time during the calendar year, 12 times the average monthly payroll for the 21 current year. However, an estimate may be made by the department for any employer starting in business 22 23 if average payrolls are not available. This estimate must be adjusted by additional payment by the employer or refund by the department, as the case may actually be, on December 31 of the current year. An 24 25 employer's payroll must be computed by calculating all wages, as defined in 39-71-123, that are paid by 26 an employer.

27 (22)(23) "Permanent partial disability" means a physical condition in which a worker, after reaching
 28 maximum medical healing:

29 (a) has a permanent impairment established by objective medical findings;

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(b) is able to return to work in some capacity but the permanent impairment impairs the worker's

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1 ability to work; and

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(c) has an actual wage loss as a result of the injury.

3 (23)(24) "Permanent total disability" means a physical condition resulting from injury as defined in 4 this chapter, after a worker reaches maximum medical healing, in which a worker does not have a 5 reasonable prospect of physically performing regular employment. Regular employment means work on a 6 recurring basis performed for remuneration in a trade, business, profession, or other occupation in this 7 state. Lack of immediate job openings is not a factor to be considered in determining if a worker is 8 permanently totally disabled.

9 (24)(25) The "plant of the employer" includes the place of business of a third person while the
 10 employer has access to or control over the place of business for the purpose of carrying on the employer's
 11 usual trade, business, or occupation.

(25)(26) "Primary medical services" means treatment prescribed by a treating physician, for
 conditions resulting from the injury, necessary for achieving medical stability.

(26)(27) "Public corporation" means the state or any county, municipal corporation, school district,
 city, city under a commission form of government or special charter, town, or village.

16 (27)(28) "Reasonably safe place to work" means that the place of employment has been made as
 17 free from danger to the life or safety of the employee as the nature of the employment will reasonably
 18 permit.

(28)(29) "Reasonably safe tools and appliances" are tools and appliances that are adapted to and
 that are reasonably safe for use for the particular purpose for which they are furnished.

(29)(30) (a) "Secondary medical services" means those medical services or appliances that are
 considered not medically necessary for medical stability. The services and appliances include but are not
 limited to spas or hot tubs, work hardening, physical restoration programs and other restoration programs
 designed to address disability and not impairment, or equipment offered by individuals, clinics, groups,
 hospitals, or rehabilitation facilities.

(b) (i) As used in this subsection (20) (30), "disability" means a condition in which a worker's
ability to engage in gainful employment is diminished as a result of physical restrictions resulting from an
injury. The restrictions may be combined with factors, such as the worker's age, education, work history,
and other factors that affect the worker's ability to engage in gainful employment.

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(ii) Disability does not mean a purely medical condition.



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(30)(31) "Sole proprietor" means the person who has the exclusive legal right or title to or
 ownership of a business enterprise.

3 (31)(32) "Temporary partial disability" means a physical condition resulting from an injury, as
 4 defined in 39-71-119, in which a worker, prior to maximum healing:

5 (a) is temporarily unable to return to the position held at the time of injury because of a medically
6 determined physical restriction;

7 (b) returns to work in a modified or alternative employment; and

8 (c) suffers a partial wage loss.

9 (32)(33) "Temporary service contractor" means a person, firm, association, partnership, limited 10 liability company, or corporation conducting business that hires its own employees and assigns them to 11 clients to fill a work assignment with a finite ending date to support or supplement the client's workforce 12 in situations resulting from employee absences, skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special 13 assignments and projects.

(33)(34) "Temporary total disability" means a physical condition resulting from an injury, as defined
 in this chapter, that results in total loss of wages and exists until the injured worker reaches maximum
 medical healing.

17 (34)(35) "Temporary worker" means a worker whose services are furnished to another on a 18 part-time or temporary basis to fill a work assignment with a finite ending date to support or supplement 19 a workforce in situations resulting from employee absences, skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special 20 assignments and projects.

(35)(36) "Treating physician" means a person who is primarily responsible for the treatment of a
 worker's compensable injury and is:

(a) a physician licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 3, and has admitting
 privileges to practice in one or more hospitals, if any, in the area where the physician is located;

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(b) a chiropractor licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 12;

(c) a physician assistant-certified licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 20, if
 there is not a physician, as defined in subsection (35)(a) (36)(a), in the area where the physician
 assistant-certified is located;

(d) an osteopath licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 5; or

30 (e) a dentist licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 4.



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1	(37) "Work-based learning activities" means job training and work experience that are provided to
2	students currently enrolled in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution and that are conducted
3	on the promises of a business partner CONDUCTED ON THE PREMISES OF A BUSINESS PARTNER AS A
4	COMPONENT OF SCHOOL-BASED LEARNING ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED BY AN ELEMENTARY,
5	SECONDARY, OR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION.
6	(36)(38) "Year", unless otherwise specified, means calendar year."
7	
8	Section 2. Section 39-71-118, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"39-71-118. Employee, worker, volunteer, and volunteer firefighter defined. (1) The term
10	"employee" or "worker" means:
11	(a) each person in this state, including a contractor other than an independent contractor, who is
12	in the service of an employer, as defined by 39-71-117, under any appointment or contract of hire,
13	expressed or implied, oral or written. The terms include aliens and minors, whether lawfully or unlawfully
14	employed, and all of the elected and appointed paid public officers and officers and members of boards of
15	directors of quasi-public or private corporations, except those officers identified in 39-71-401(2), while
16	rendering actual service for the corporations for pay. Casual employees, as defined by 39-71-116, are
17	included as employees if they are not otherwise covered by workers' compensation and if an employer has
18	elected to be bound by the provisions of the compensation law for these casual employments, as provided
19	in 39-71-401(2). Household or domestic employment is excluded.
20	(b) any juvenile performing work under authorization of a district court judge in a delinquency
21	prevention or rehabilitation program;
22	(c) a person receiving on-the-job vocational rehabilitation training or other on-the-job training under
23	a state or federal vocational training program, whether or not under an appointment or contract of hire with
24	an employer, as defined in this chapter, and, except as provided in subsection (9), whether or not receiving
25	payment from a third party. However, this subsection does not apply to students enrolled in vocational
26	training programs, as outlined in this subsection, while they are on the premises of a public school or
27	community college.
28	(d) an aircrew member or other person employed as a volunteer under 67-2-105;
29	(e) a person, other than a juvenile as defined in subsection (1)(b), performing community service
30	for a nonprofit organization or association or for a federal, state, or local government entity under a court



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1 order, or an order from a hearings officer as a result of a probation or parole violation, whether or not under 2 appointment or contract of hire with an employer, as defined in this chapter, and whether or not receiving payment from a third party. For a person covered by the definition in this subsection (1)(e); 3 (i) compensation benefits must be limited to medical expenses pursuant to 39-71-704 and an 4 5 impairment award pursuant to 39-71-703 that is based upon the minimum wage established under Title 39, chapter 3, part 4, for a full-time employee at the time of the injury; and 6 7 (ii) premiums must be paid by the employer, as defined in 39-71-117(3), and must be based upon 8 the minimum wage established under Title 39, chapter 3, part 4, for the number of hours of community 9 service required under the order from the court or hearings officer. (f) an inmate working in a federally certified prison industries program authorized under 53-1-301; 10 11 and (g) a person who is an enrolled member of a volunteer fire department as described in 7-33-4109 12 or a person who provides ambulance services under Title 7, chapter 34, part 1. 13 14 (2) The terms defined in subsection (1) do not include a person who is: (a) participating in recreational activity and who at the time is relieved of and is not performing 15 prescribed duties, regardless of whether the person is using, by discount or otherwise, a pass, ticket, 16 17 permit, device, or other emolument of employment; 18 (b) performing voluntary service at a recreational facility and who receives no compensation for 19 those services other than meals, lodging, or the use of the recreational facilities; or 20 (c) performing services as a volunteer, except for a person who is otherwise entitled to coverage under the laws of this state. As used in this subsection (2)(c), "volunteer" means a person who performs 21 22 services on behalf of an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, but who does not receive wages as defined 23 in 39-71-123. (3) With the approval of the insurer, an employer may elect to include as an employee under the 24 25 provisions of this chapter any volunteer as defined in subsection (2)(c). (4) (a) The term "volunteer firefighter" means a firefighter who is an enrolled and active member 26 27 of a fire company organized and funded by a county, a rural fire district, or a fire service area. 28 (b) The term "volunteer hours" means all the time spent by a volunteer firefighter in the service 29 of an employer, including but not limited to training time, response time, and time spent at the employer's 30 premises.



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1 (5) (a) If the employer is a partnership, sole proprietor, or a member-managed limited liability 2 company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter any 3 member of the partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, or any member of the limited liability 4 company devoting full time to the partnership, proprietorship, or limited liability company business.

(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice
naming the partners, sole proprietor, or members to be covered and stating the level of compensation
coverage desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection
(5)(d). A partner, sole proprietor, or member is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice
has been given.

10 (c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter11 following notification.

12 (d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to 13 the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the 14 determination of weekly wage for weekly compensation benefits, the electing employer may elect not less 15 than \$900 a month and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter.

(6) (a) If the employer is a quasi-public or a private corporation or a manager-managed limited
liability company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter
any corporate officer or manager exempted under 39-71-401(2).

(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice
 naming the corporate officer or manager to be covered and stating the level of compensation coverage
 desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection (5)(d). A
 corporate officer or manager is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given.

(c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter
following notification.

25 (d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to 26 the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the 27 determination of the weekly wage for weekly compensation benefits, the electing employer may elect not 28 less than \$200 a week and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter.

(7) (a) The trustees of a rural fire district, a county governing body providing rural fire protection,
 or the county commissioners or trustees for a fire service area may elect to include as an employee within



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the provisions of this chapter any volunteer firefighter. A volunteer firefighter who receives workers' 1 2 compensation coverage under this section may not receive disability benefits under Title 19, chapter 17. 3 (b) In the event of an election, the employer shall report payroll for all volunteer firefighters for 4 premium and weekly benefit purposes based on the number of volunteer hours of each firefighter times the 5 average weekly wage divided by 40 hours, subject to a maximum of 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage. 6 (8) Except as provided in chapter 8 of this title, an employee or worker in this state whose services 7 are furnished by a person, association, contractor, firm, limited liability company, or corporation, other than 8 a temporary service contractor, to an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, is presumed to be under the 9 control and employment of the employer. This presumption may be rebutted as provided in 39-71-117(3). (9) A student currently enrolled in a AN ELEMENTARY, secondary, or postsecondary educational 10 institution who is participating in work-based learning activities and WHO IS PAID WAGES BY THE 11 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS PARTNER IS THE EMPLOYEE OF THE ENTITY THAT PAYS 12 THE STUDENT'S WAGES FOR ALL PURPOSES UNDER THIS CHAPTER. A STUDENT who is not paid 13 14 wages by the business partner or the educational institution is a volunteer and is subject to the provisions 15 of this chapter. 16 (9)(10) For purposes of this section, an "employee or worker in this state" means: 17 (a) a resident of Montana who is employed by an employer and whose employment duties are 18 primarily carried out or controlled within this state; 19 (b) a nonresident of Montana whose principal employment duties are conducted within this state 20 on a regular basis for an employer; 21 (c) a nonresident employee of an employer from another state engaged in the construction industry, 22 as defined in 39-71-116, within this state; or 23 (d) a nonresident of Montana who does not meet the requirements of subsection (9)(b) and whose employer elects coverage with an insurer that allows an election for an employer whose: 24 25 (i) nonresident employees are hired in Montana; (ii) nonresident employees' wages are paid in Montana; 26 27 (iii) nonresident employees are supervised in Montana; and 28 (iv) business records are maintained in Montana. 29 (10)(11) An insurer may require coverage for all nonresident employees of a Montana employer who 30 do not meet the requirements of subsection $\frac{(9)(b)}{(10)(b)}$ or $\frac{(9)(d)}{(10)(d)}$ as a condition of approving the



1	election under subsection (9)(d) (10)(d)."
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3	Section 3. Section 39-71-401, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"39-71-401. Employments covered and employments exempted. (1) Except as provided in
5	subsection (2), the Workers' Compensation Act applies to all employers, as defined in 39-71-117, and to
6	all-employees, as defined in 39-71-118. An employer who has any employee in service under any
7	appointment or contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written, shall elect to be bound by the
8	provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. Each employee whose employer is bound by the Workers'
9	Compensation Act is subject to and bound by the compensation plan that has been elected by the
10	employer.
11	(2) Unless the employer elects coverage for these employments under this chapter and an insurer
12	allows an election, the Workers' Compensation Act does not apply to any of the following employments:
13	(a) household and domestic employment;
14	(b) casual employment as defined in 39-71-116;
15	(e) employment of a dependent member of an employer's family for whom an exemption may be
16	claimed by the employer under the federal Internal Revenue-Code;
17	(d) employment of sole proprietors, working members of a partnership, or working members of a
18	member-managed limited liability company, except as provided in subsection (3);
19	(o) -omployment of a broker or salesman performing under a license issued by the board of realty
20	regulation;
21	(f) employment of a direct seller as defined in 26 U.S.C. 3508;
22	(g) employment for which a rule of liability for injury, occupational disease, or death is provided
23	under the laws of the United States;
24	(h) employment of a person performing services in return for aid or sustenance only, except
25	employment of a volunteer-under 67-2-105;
26	(i) employment with a railroad engaged in interstate commerce, except that railroad construction
27	work is included in and subject to the provisions of this chapter;
28	(j) employment as an official, including a timer, referee, or judge, at a school amateur athletic
29	event, unless the person is otherwise employed by a school district;
30	(k) -employment of a person performing services as a newspaper carrier or free-lance correspondent

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1 if the person performing the services or a parent or guardian of the person performing the services in the 2 case of a minor has acknowledged in writing that the person performing the services and the services are 3 not govered. As used in this subsection, "free lance correspondent" is a person-who submits articles or 4 photographs for publication and is paid by the article or by the photograph. As used in this subsection, 5 "newspaper carrier": 6 (i) is a person who provides a newspaper with the service of delivering newspapers singly or in 7 bundles; but 8 (ii) does not include an employee of the paper who, incidentally to the employee's main duties, 9 carries or delivers papers. 10 (I) cosmotologist's services and barber's services as defined in 39-51-204(1)(I); (m) a person who is employed by an onrolled tribal member or an association, business, 11 12 corporation, or other entity that is at least 51% owned by an enrolled tribal member or members, whose 13 business is conducted solely within the exterior boundaries of an Indian resorvation; 14 (n) - employment of a jockey performing under a license issued by the board of herseracing from the 15 time the jockey reports to the scale room prior to a race through the time-the jockey is weighed out after 16 a race if the jockey has acknowledged in writing, as a condition of licensing by the board of horseracing, that the jockey is not covered under the Workers' Compensation Act while performing services as a jockey; 17 (o) employment of an employer's spouse for whom an exemption based on marital status may be 18 19 claimed by the employer under 26 U.S.C. 7703; 20 (p) - a person who performs services as a petroleum land professional. As used in this subsection, 21 a "petroleum land professional" is a person who: 22 (i) is engaged primarily in negotiating for the acquisition or divestiture of mineral rights or in 23 negotiating a business agreement for the exploration or development of minerals; 24 (ii) is paid for services that are directly related to the completion of a contracted specific task rather 25 than on an hourly wage basis; and 26 (iii) performs all services as an independent contractor pursuant to a written contract. 27 (q) -an officer of a quasi public or a private corporation or manager of a manager-managed limited 28 liability company who qualifies under one or more of the following provisions: 29 (i)-the officer or manager-is engaged in the ordinary duties of a worker for the corporation or the 30 limited liability company and does not receive any pay from the corporation or the limited liability company



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1	for performance of the duties;
2	(ii) the officer or manager is engaged primarily in household employment for the corporation or the
3	limited liability company;
4	(iii) the officer or manager owns 20% or more of the number of shares of stock in the corporation
5	or owns-20% or more of the limited liability company; or
6	(iv) the officer or manager is the spouse, child, adopted child, stepchild, mother, father, son-in-law,
7	daughter in law; nephew, niece, brother, or sister of a corporate officer who owns 20% or more of the
8	number of shares of stock in the corporation or who owns 20% or more of the limited liability company.;
9	<u>01</u>
10	(r) a student currently enrolled in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution who is
11	participating in work-based learning activities and who is paid wages by the business partner or the
12	educational institution.
13	(3) (a) A-sole proprietor, a working member of a partnership, or a working member of a
14	member managed limited liability company who represents to the public that the person is an independent
15	contractor shall elect to be bound personally and individually by the provisions of componsation plan No.
16	1, 2, or 3-but may apply to the department for an exemption from the Workers' Compensation Act.
17	(b) The application must be made in accordance with the rules adopted by the department. There
18	is no fee for the initial application. Any subsequent application must be accompanied by a \$25 application
19	fee. The application fee must be deposited in the administration fund established in 39-71-201 to offset
20	the costs of administoring the program.
21	(c) When an application is approved by the department, it is conclusive as to the status of an
22	independent contractor and precludes the applicant from obtaining benefits under this chapter.
23	(d) The examption, if approved, remains in effect for 1 year following the date of the department's
24	approval. To maintain the independent contractor status, an independent contractor shall annually submit
25	a renewal application. A renewal application must be submitted for all independent contractor exemptions
26	approved as of July 1, 1995, or thereafter. The renewal application and the \$25 renewal application fee
27	must be received by the department at least-30 days prior to the anniversary date of the previously
28	approved exemption.
29	(e) A person whe makes a false statement or misrepresentation concerning that person's status
30	as an exempt independent contractor is subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000. The department may impose



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1	the penalty for each false statement or misrepresentation. The penalty-must be paid to the uninsured
2	employers' fund. The lien provisions of 39-71-506 apply to the penalty imposed by this section.
3	(f) If the department denies the application for exemption, the applicant may contest the denial by
4	petitioning for review of the decision by an appeals referee in the manner provided for in 39-51-1109. An
5	applicant dissatisfied with the decision of the appeals referee may appeal the decision in accordance with
6	the procedure established in 39-51-2403 and 39-51-2404.
7	(4) - (a) A corporation or a manager-managed limited liability company shall provide coverage for its
8	employees under the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. A quasi public corporation, a private
9	corporation, or a manager-managed limited liability company may elect coverage for its corporate officers
10	or managers, who are otherwise exempt under subsection (2), by giving a written notice in the following
11	manner:
12	(i) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, by
13	delivering the notice to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the
14	manager-managed-limited-liability-company; or
15	(ii) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 2 or 3, by
16	delivering the notice to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the
17	manager-managed limited liability company and to the insurer.
18	(b) If the employer changes plans or insurers, the employer's previous election is not effective and
19	the employer shall again serve notice to its insurer and to its board of directors or the management
20	organization of the manager-managed limited liability company if the employer elects to be bound.
21	(5) The appointment or election of an employee as an officer of a corporation, a partner in a
22	partnership, or a member in or a manager of a limited liability company for the purpose of exempting the
23	employee from coverage under this chapter does not entitle the officer, partner, member, or manager to
24	exemption from coverage.
25	(6) - Each employer shall post a sign in the workplace at the locations where notices to employees
26	are normally posted, informing employees about the employer's current provision of workers' compensation
27	insurance. A workplace is any location where an employee performs any work related act in the course of
28	employment, regardless of whether the location is temporary or permanent, and includes the place of
29	business or proporty of a third person while the employer has access to or control over the place of
30	business or property for the purpose of carrying on the employer's usual trade, business, or occupation.

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1	The sign must be provided by the department, distributed through insurers or directly by the dopartment,
2	and posted by employers in accordance with rules adopted by the department. An employer who purposely
3	or knowingly fails to post a sign as provided in this subsection is subject to a \$50-fine for each citation."
4	
5	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are
6	severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its
7	applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid
8	applications.
9	
10	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective date applicability. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997, and
11	applies to elaims for benefits filed INJURIES OCCURRING on or after [the effective date of this act].
12	-END-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for SB0251, Second Reading

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

Clarifies workers' compensation act coverage requirements for a student who is enrolled in an elementary, secondary, or postsecondary educational institution and who participates as a volunteer or for wages in work-based learning activities; defines 'business partner' and 'work-based learning activities'.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The proposed legislation requires workers' compensation coverage under the workers' compensation act for students enrolled in elementary, secondary, or postsecondary educational institutions who are participating in work-based learning activities and who are working for wages.
- 2. It allows employers to elect coverage for students where wages are not paid and are treated as volunteers.
- 3. The State Fund will receive premium income to provide coverage for this class of student-employee any time coverage is elected for volunteers.
- 4. The State Fund will make benefit payments to compensate this class of studentemployee for injuries or occupational disease.
- 5. Students of the Montana University System (MUS) who participate in campus work-study programs are covered for workers' compensation by the MUS.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The fiscal impact is unknown, but it is expected that premium revenues and benefit payments will both increase.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning

PRIMARY SPONSOR STANG Le for SB0251 Fiscal No Second Reading

1	SENATE BILL NO. 251
2	INTRODUCED BY STANG, BENEDICT, MAHLUM, TOEWS, ELLIS, KITZENBERG, M. TAYLOR
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT COVERAGE
5	REQUIREMENTS FOR A STUDENT WHO IS ENROLLED IN A AN ELEMENTARY, SECONDARY, OR
6	POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION AND WHO PARTICIPATES AS A VOLUNTEER OR FOR
7	WAGES IN WORK-BASED LEARNING ACTIVITIES; DEFINING "BUSINESS PARTNER" AND "WORK-BASED
8	LEARNING ACTIVITIES"; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-71-116, <u>AND</u> 39-71-118, AND 39-71-401, MCA; AND
9	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

11

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE **REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY** (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

1	SENATE BILL NO. 251
2	INTRODUCED BY STANG, BENEDICT, MAHLUM, TOEWS, ELLIS, KITZENBERG, M. TAYLOR
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8	LEARNING ACTIVITIES"; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-71-116, AND 39-71-118, AND 39-71-401, MCA; AND
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6	POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION AND WHO PARTICIPATES AS A VOLUNTEER OR FOR
7	WAGES IN WORK-BASED LEARNING ACTIVITIES OR FOR A STUDENT WHO IS PARTICIPATING IN AN
8	OFF-CAMPUS PRACTICUM THAT IS REQUIRED FOR A POSTSECONDARY DEGREE OR CERTIFICATE AND
9	WHO DOES NOT RECEIVE WAGES; DEFINING "BUSINESS PARTNER" AND "WORK-BASED LEARNING
10	ACTIVITIES"; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-71-116, AND 39-71-118, AND 39-71-401, MCA; AND
11	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
12	
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
14	
15	Section 1. Section 39-71-116, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"39-71-116. Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires, words and phrases used in this
17	chapter have the following meanings:
18	(1) "Actual wage loss" means that the wages that a worker earns or is qualified to earn after the
1 9	worker reaches maximum healing are less than the actual wages the worker received at the time of the
20	injury.
21	(2) "Administer and pay" includes all actions by the state fund under the Workers' Compensation
22	Act and the Occupational Disease Act of Montana necessary to:
23	(a) investigation, review, and settlement of claims;
24	(b) payment of benefits;
25	(c) setting of reserves;
26	(d) furnishing of services and facilities; and
27	(e) use of actuarial, audit, accounting, vocational rehabilitation, and legal services.
28	(3) "Aid or sustenance" means any <u>a</u> public or private subsidy made to provide a means of support,
29	maintenance, or subsistence for the recipient.
30	(4) "Average weekly wage" means the mean weekly earnings of all employees under covered



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employment, as defined and established annually by the department. It is established at the nearest whole 1 2 dollar number and must be adopted by the department prior to before July 1 of each year. 3 (5) "Beneficiary" means: 4 (a) a surviving spouse living with or legally entitled to be supported by the deceased at the time 5 of injury; 6 (b) an unmarried child under 18 years of age; 7 (c) an unmarried child under 22 years of age who is a full-time student in an accredited school or 8 is enrolled in an accredited apprenticeship program; 9 (d) an invalid child over 18 years of age who is dependent upon the decedent for support at the 10 time of injury; 11 (e) a parent who is dependent upon the decedent for support at the time of the injury if a 12 beneficiary, as defined in subsections (5)(a) through (5)(d), does not exist; and 13 (f) a brother or sister under 18 years of age if dependent upon the decedent for support at the time 14 of the injury but only until the age of 18 years and only when a beneficiary, as defined in subsections (5)(a) 15 through (5)(e), does not exist. 16 (6) "Business partner" means the community, GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, or business organization 17 that provides the premises for work-based learning activities for students. (6)(7) "Casual employment" means employment not in the usual course of the trade, business, 18 19 profession, or occupation of the employer. 20 (7)(8) "Child" includes a posthumous child, a dependent stepchild, and a child legally adopted prior 21 to the injury. (8)(9) "Construction industry" means the major group of general contractors and operative builders, 22 heavy construction (other than building construction) contractors, and special trade contractors, listed in 23 24 major groups 15 through 17 in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual. The term does not include office workers, design professionals, salespersons, estimators, or any other related employment that 25 26 is not directly involved on a regular basis in the provision of physical labor at a construction or renovation 27 site. 28 (9)(10) "Days" means calendar days, unless otherwise specified. 29 (10)(11) "Department" means the department of labor and industry. 30 (11)(12) "Fiscal year" means the period of time between July 1 and the succeeding June 30.



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1 (12)(13) "Household or domestic employment" means employment of persons other than members 2 of the household for the purpose of tending to the aid and comfort of the employer or members of the 3 employer's family, including but not limited to housecleaning and yard work, but does not include 4 employment beyond the scope of normal household or domestic duties, such as home health care or 5 domiciliary care.

6 (13)(14) "Insurer" means an employer bound by compensation plan No. 1, an insurance company
 7 transacting business under compensation plan No. 2, or the state fund under compensation plan No. 3.

8 (14)(15) "Invalid" means one who is physically or mentally incapacitated.

9 (15)(16) "Limited liability company" is as defined in 35-8-102.

(16)(17) "Maintenance care" means treatment designed to provide the optimum state of health
 while minimizing recurrence of the clinical status.

(17)(18) "Medical stability", "maximum healing", or "maximum medical healing" means a point in
 the healing process when further material improvement would not be reasonably expected from primary
 medical treatment.

(18)(19) "Objective medical findings" means medical evidence, including range of motion, atrophy,
 muscle strength, muscle spasm, or other diagnostic evidence, substantiated by clinical findings.

17 (19)(20) "Order" means any decision, rule, direction, requirement, or standard of the department
 18 or any other determination arrived at or decision made by the department.

19 (20)(21) "Palliative care" means treatment designed to reduce or ease symptoms without curing
 20 the underlying cause of the symptoms.

(21)(22) "Payroll", "annual payroll", or "annual payroll for the preceding year" means the average 21 22 annual payroll of the employer for the preceding calendar year or, if the employer has not operated a sufficient or any length of time during the calendar year, 12 times the average monthly payroll for the 23 24 current year. However, an estimate may be made by the department for any employer starting in business 25 if average payrolls are not available. This estimate must be adjusted by additional payment by the employer 26 or refund by the department, as the case may actually be, on December 31 of the current year. An employer's payroll must be computed by calculating all wages, as defined in 39-71-123, that are paid by 27 28 an employer.

29 (22)(23) "Permanent partial disability" means a physical condition in which a worker, after reaching
 30 maximum medical healing:



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(a) has a permanent impairment established by objective medical findings;

2 (b) is able to return to work in some capacity but the permanent impairment impairs the worker's3 ability to work; and

4

(c) has an actual wage loss as a result of the injury.

5 (23)(24) "Permanent total disability" means a physical condition resulting from injury as defined in 6 this chapter, after a worker reaches maximum medical healing, in which a worker does not have a 7 reasonable prospect of physically performing regular employment. Regular employment means work on a 8 recurring basis performed for remuneration in a trade, business, profession, or other occupation in this 9 state. Lack of immediate job openings is not a factor to be considered in determining if a worker is 10 permanently totally disabled.

(24)(25) The "plant of the employer" includes the place of business of a third person while the
 employer has access to or control over the place of business for the purpose of carrying on the employer's
 usual trade, business, or occupation.

14 (25)(26) "Primary medical services" means treatment prescribed by a treating physician, for
 15 conditions resulting from the injury, necessary for achieving medical stability.

16 (26)(27) "Public corporation" means the state or any county, municipal corporation, school district,
 17 city, city under a commission form of government or special charter, town, or village.

18 (27)(28) "Reasonably safe place to work" means that the place of employment has been made as
 19 free from danger to the life or safety of the employee as the nature of the employment will reasonably
 20 permit.

(28)(29) "Reasonably safe tools and appliances" are tools and appliances that are adapted to and
 that are reasonably safe for use for the particular purpose for which they are furnished.

(29)(30) (a) "Secondary medical services" means those medical services or appliances that are
 considered not medically necessary for medical stability. The services and appliances include but are not
 limited to spas or hot tubs, work hardening, physical restoration programs and other restoration programs
 designed to address disability and not impairment, or equipment offered by individuals, clinics, groups,
 hospitals, or rehabilitation facilities.

(b) (i) As used in this subsection (29) (30), "disability" means a condition in which a worker's
ability to engage in gainful employment is diminished as a result of physical restrictions resulting from an
injury. The restrictions may be combined with factors, such as the worker's age, education, work history,



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1 and other factors that affect the worker's ability to engage in gainful employment.

2 (ii) Disability does not mean a purely medical condition.

3 (30)(31) "Sole proprietor" means the person who has the exclusive legal right or title to or
 4 ownership of a business enterprise.

5 (31)(32) "Temporary partial disability" means a physical condition resulting from an injury, as
6 defined in 39-71-119, in which a worker, prior to maximum healing:

(a) is temporarily unable to return to the position held at the time of injury because of a medically
determined physical restriction;

(b) returns to work in a modified or alternative employment; and

10 (c) suffers a partial wage loss.

11 (32)(33) "Temporary service contractor" means a person, firm, association, partnership, limited 12 liability company, or corporation conducting business that hires its own employees and assigns them to 13 clients to fill a work assignment with a finite ending date to support or supplement the client's workforce 14 in situations resulting from employee absences, skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special 15 assignments and projects.

(33)(34) "Temporary total disability" means a physical condition resulting from an injury, as defined
 in this chapter, that results in total loss of wages and exists until the injured worker reaches maximum
 medical healing.

(34)(35) "Temporary worker" means a worker whose services are furnished to another on a
 part-time or temporary basis to fill a work assignment with a finite ending date to support or supplement
 a workforce in situations resulting from employee absences, skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special
 assignments and projects.

(35)(36) "Treating physician" means a person who is primarily responsible for the treatment of a
 worker's compensable injury and is:

(a) a physician licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 3, and has admitting
 privileges to practice in one or more hospitals, if any, in the area where the physician is located;

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(b) a chiropractor licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 12;

(c) a physician assistant-certified licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 20, if
 there is not a physician, as defined in subsection (35)(a) (36)(a), in the area where the physician
 assistant-certified is located;



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1	(d) an osteopath licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 5; or
2	(e) a dentist licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 4.
3	(37) "Work-based learning activities" means job training and work experience that are provided to
4	students currently enrolled in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution and that are conducted
5	on the premises of a business partner CONDUCTED ON THE PREMISES OF A BUSINESS PARTNER AS A
6	COMPONENT OF SCHOOL-BASED LEARNING ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED BY AN ELEMENTARY,
7	SECONDARY, OR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION.
8	(36)(38) "Year", unless otherwise specified, means calendar year."
9	
10	Section 2. Section 39-71-118, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"39-71-118. Employee, worker, volunteer, and volunteer firefighter defined. (1) The term
12	"employee" or "worker" means:
13	(a) each person in this state, including a contractor other than an independent contractor, who is
14	in the service of an employer, as defined by 39-71-117, under any appointment or contract of hire,
15	expressed or implied, oral or written. The terms include aliens and minors, whether lawfully or unlawfully
16	employed, and all of the elected and appointed paid public officers and officers and members of boards of
17	directors of quasi-public or private corporations, except those officers identified in 39-71-401(2), while
18	rendering actual service for the corporations for pay. Casual employees, as defined by 39-71-116, are
19	included as employees if they are not otherwise covered by workers' compensation and if an employer has
20	elected to be bound by the provisions of the compensation law for these casual employments, as provided
21	in 39-71-401(2). Household or domestic employment is excluded.
22	(b) any juvenile performing work under authorization of a district court judge in a delinquency
23	prevention or rehabilitation program;
24	(c) a person receiving on-the-job vocational rehabilitation training or other on-the-job training under
25	a state or federal vocational training program, whether or not under an appointment or contract of hire with

an employer, as defined in this chapter, and, except as provided in subsection (9), whether or not receiving 27 payment from a third party. However, this subsection does not apply to students enrolled in vocational training programs, as outlined in this subsection, while they are on the premises of a public school or 28 29 community college.

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(d) an aircrew member or other person employed as a volunteer under 67-2-105;



- 6 -

1 (e) a person, other than a juvenile as defined in subsection (1)(b), performing community service 2 for a nonprofit organization or association or for a federal, state, or local government entity under a court 3 order, or an order from a hearings officer as a result of a probation or parole violation, whether or not under 4 appointment or contract of hire with an employer, as defined in this chapter, and whether or not receiving payment from a third party. For a person covered by the definition in this subsection (1)(e): 5

6 (i) compensation benefits must be limited to medical expenses pursuant to 39-71-704 and an 7 impairment award pursuant to 39-71-703 that is based upon the minimum wage established under Title 39, 8 chapter 3, part 4, for a full-time employee at the time of the injury; and

9 (ii) premiums must be paid by the employer, as defined in 39-71-117(3), and must be based upon the minimum wage established under Title 39, chapter 3, part 4, for the number of hours of community 10 11 service required under the order from the court or hearings officer.

12 (f) an inmate working in a federally certified prison industries program authorized under 53-1-301; 13 and

(g) a person who is an enrolled member of a volunteer fire department as described in 7-33-4109 14 or a person who provides ambulance services under Title 7, chapter 34, part 1; AND 15

- 16 (H) A STUDENT WHO IS PARTICIPATING IN AN OFF-CAMPUS PRACTICUM THAT IS REQUIRED 17 FOR A POSTSECONDARY DEGREE OR CERTIFICATE AND WHO DOES NOT RECEIVE WAGES. FOR 18 PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE PARTICIPATING STUDENT IS CONSIDERED THE EMPLOYEE OF 19 THE POSTSECONDARY INSTITUTION.
- 20

(2) The terms defined in subsection (1) do not include a person who is:

21 (a) participating in recreational activity and who at the time is relieved of and is not performing 22 prescribed duties, regardless of whether the person is using, by discount or otherwise, a pass, ticket, 23 permit, device, or other emolument of employment;

24 (b) performing voluntary service at a recreational facility and who receives no compensation for 25 those services other than meals, lodging, or the use of the recreational facilities; or

26 (c) performing services as a volunteer, except for a person who is otherwise entitled to coverage 27 under the laws of this state. As used in this subsection (2)(c), "volunteer" means a person who performs 28 services on behalf of an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, but who does not receive wages as defined 29 in 39-71-123.

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(3) With the approval of the insurer, an employer may elect to include as an employee under the



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1 provisions of this chapter any volunteer as defined in subsection (2)(c).

2 (4) (a) The term "volunteer firefighter" means a firefighter who is an enrolled and active member
3 of a fire company organized and funded by a county, a rural fire district, or a fire service area.

(b) The term "volunteer hours" means all the time spent by a volunteer firefighter in the service
of an employer, including but not limited to training time, response time, and time spent at the employer's
premises.

7 (5) (a) If the employer is a partnership, sole proprietor, or a member-managed limited liability 8 company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter any 9 member of the partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, or any member of the limited liability 10 company devoting full time to the partnership, proprietorship, or limited liability company business.

(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice naming the partners, sole proprietor, or members to be covered and stating the level of compensation coverage desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection (5)(d). A partner, sole proprietor, or member is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given.

16 (c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter17 following notification.

18 (d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to 19 the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the 20 determination of weekly wage for weekly compensation benefits, the electing employer may elect not less 21 than \$900 a month and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter.

(6) (a) If the employer is a quasi-public or a private corporation or a manager-managed limited
 liability company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter
 any corporate officer or manager exempted under 39-71-401(2).

(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice
naming the corporate officer or manager to be covered and stating the level of compensation coverage
desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection (5)(d). A
corporate officer or manager is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given.
(c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter
following notification.



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1 (d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to 2 the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the 3 determination of the weekly wage for weekly compensation benefits, the electing employer may elect not 4 less than \$200 a week and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter. 5 (7) (a) The trustees of a rural fire district, a county governing body providing rural fire protection, 6 or the county commissioners or trustees for a fire service area may elect to include as an employee within 7 the provisions of this chapter any volunteer firefighter. A volunteer firefighter who receives workers' 8 compensation coverage under this section may not receive disability benefits under Title 19, chapter 17. 9 (b) In the event of an election, the employer shall report payroll for all volunteer firefighters for premium and weekly benefit purposes based on the number of volunteer hours of each firefighter times the 10 11 average weekly wage divided by 40 hours, subject to a maximum of 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage. 12 (8) Except as provided in chapter 8 of this title, an employee or worker in this state whose services 13 are furnished by a person, association, contractor, firm, limited liability company, or corporation, other than 14 a temporary service contractor, to an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, is presumed to be under the 15 control and employment of the employer. This presumption may be rebutted as provided in 39-71-117(3). 16 (9) A student currently enrolled in a AN ELEMENTARY, secondary, or postsecondary educational 17 institution who is participating in work-based learning activities and WHO IS PAID WAGES BY THE 18 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS PARTNER IS THE EMPLOYEE OF THE ENTITY THAT PAYS THE STUDENT'S WAGES FOR ALL PURPOSES UNDER THIS CHAPTER. A STUDENT who is not paid 19 20 wages by the business partner or the educational institution is a volunteer and is subject to the provisions 21 of this chapter. 22 (9)(10) For purposes of this section, an "employee or worker in this state" means: 23 (a) a resident of Montana who is employed by an employer and whose employment duties are 24 primarily carried out or controlled within this state; 25 (b) a nonresident of Montana whose principal employment duties are conducted within this state 26 on a regular basis for an employer; 27 (c) a nonresident employee of an employer from another state engaged in the construction industry,

as defined in 39-71-116, within this state; or

(d) a nonresident of Montana who does not meet the requirements of subsection (9)(b) and whose
 employer elects coverage with an insurer that allows an election for an employer whose:



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1	(i) nonresident employees are hired in Montana;
2	(ii) nonresident employees' wages are paid in Montana;
3	(iii) nonresident employees are supervised in Montana; and
4	(iv) business records are maintained in Montana.
5	(10)(11) An insurer may require coverage for all nonresident employees of a Montana employer who
6	do not meet the requirements of subsection (9)(b) (10)(b) or (9)(d) (10)(d) as a condition of approving the
7	election under subsection (9)(d) (<u>10)(d)</u> ."
8	
9	Section 3. Section 39-71-401, MCA, is amended to read:
10	
11	subsection (2), the Workers' Compensation Act applies to all employers, as defined in 39-71-117, and to
12	all-employees, as defined in 39-71-118. An employer who has any employee in service under any
13	appointment or contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written, shall elect to be bound by the
14	provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. Each employee whose employer is bound by the Workers'
15	Compensation Act is subject to and bound by the compensation plan that has been elected by the
16	employer.
17	{2} Unless the employer elects coverage for these employments under this chapter and an insurer
18	allows an election, the Workers' Compensation Act does not apply to any of the following employments:
19	(a)househeld and domestic employment;
20	(b)- casual employment as defined in 39-71-116;
21	(c) employment of a dependent member of an employer's family for whom an exemption may be
22	claimed by the employer under the federal Internal Revenue Code;
23	(d) employment of sole proprietors, working members of a partnership, or working members of a
24	member-managed limited liability company, except as provided in subsection (3);
25	(e) employment of a broker or salesman performing under a license issued by the beard of realty
26	regulation;
27	(f) employment of a direct seller as defined in 26-U.S.C. 3508;
28	(g) employment for which a rule of liability for injury, occupational disease, or death is provided
29	under the laws of the United States;



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1	employment of a volunteer under 67-2-105;
2	(i) employment with a railroad engaged in interstate commerce, except that railroad construction
3	work is included in and subject to the provisions of this chaptor;
4	(j) employment as an official, including a timer, referee, or judge, at a school amateur athletic
5	event, unless the person is otherwise employed by a school distrist;
6	(k) employment of a person performing services as a newspaper carrier or free-lance correspondent
7	if the person performing the services or a parent or guardian of the person performing the services in the
8	case of a minor has acknowlodged in writing that the person performing the services and the services are
9	not covered. As used in this subsection, "free-lance correspondent" is a person who submits articles or
10	photographs for publication and is paid by the article or by the photograph. As used in this subsection,
11	
12	(i) is a person who provides a newspaper with the service of delivering newspapers singly or in
13	bundles; but
14	(ii) does not include an employee of the paper whe, incidentally to the employee's main duties,
15	carries or delivers papers.
16	(I) cosmotologist's services and barber's services as defined in 39-51-204(1)(I);
17	(m) a person who is employed by an enrolled tribal member or an association, business,
18	corporation, or other entity that is at least 51% owned by an enrolled tribal member or members, whose
19	business is conducted solely within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation;
20	(n) employment of a jockey performing under a license issued by the board of horseracing from the
21	time the jeckey reports to the scale room prior to a race through the time the jeckey is weighed out after
22	a race if the jeckey has acknowledged in writing, as a condition of licensing by the board of horseracing,
23	that the jockey is not covered under the Workers' Compensation Act while performing services as a jockey;
24	(o) employment of an employer's spouse for whom an exemption based on marital status may be
25	claimed by the employer under 26 U.S.C. 7703;
26	(p) a person who performs services as a petroleum land professional. As used in this subsection,
27	a "petroleum land professional" is a person who:
28	(i) is ongaged primarily in negotiating for the acquisition or divestiture of mineral rights or in
29	negotiating a business agreement for the exploration or development of minerals;
30	(ii) is paid for services that are directly related to the completion of a contracted specific task rather

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1	than on an hourly wage basis; and
2	(iiii) performs all services as an independent contractor pursuant to a written contract.
3	(q) an officer of a quasi-public or a private corporation or manager of a manager-managed limited
4	liability company who qualifies under one or more of the following provisions:
5	(i) the officer or manager is engaged in the ordinary duties of a worker for the corporation or the
6	limited liability company and does not receive any pay from the corporation or the limited liability company
7	for performance of the duties;
8	(ii) the officer or manager is engaged primarily in household employment for the corporation or the
9	limited liability company;
10	(iii) the officer or manager owns 20% or more of the number of chares of stock in the corporation
11	or owns 20% or more of the limited liability company; or
12	(iv) the officer or manager is the spouse, child, adopted child, stepchild, mother, father, son in law,
13	daughter-in-law, nephew, niece, brother, or sister of a corporate officer who owns 20% or more of the
14	number of shares of stock in the corporation or who owns 20% or more of the limited liability company. $_{ m i}$
15	<u>er</u>
16	(r) a student_currently enrolled_in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution who is
17	participating in work-based learning activities and who is paid wages by the business partner or the
18	educational institution.
19	(3) (a) A sole proprietor, a working member of a partnership, or a working member of a
20	member-managed limited liability company who represents to the public that the person is an independent
21	contractor shall elect to be bound personally and individually by the provisions of compensation plan No.
22	1, 2, or 3 but may apply to the department for an exemption from the Workers' Compensation Act.
23	(b) The application must be made in accordance with the rules adopted by the department. There
24	is no fee for the initial application. Any subsequent application must be accompanied by a \$25 application
25	fee. The application fee must be deposited in the administration fund established in 39-71-201 to offset
26	the costs of administering the program.
27	(c). When an application is approved by the department, it is conclusive as to the status of an
28	independent contractor and precludes the applicant from obtaining benefits under this chapter.
29	(d) The exemption, if approved, remains in effect for 1 year following the date of the department's



1 a renewal application. A renewal application must be submitted for all independent contractor exemptions 2 approved as of July 1, 1995, or thereafter. The renewal application and the \$25 renewal application fee 3 must be received by the department at least 30 days prior to the anniversary date of the previously 4 approved exemption. 5 (e) A person who makes a false statement or misrepresentation concerning that person's status 6 as an exempt independent contractor is subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000. The department may impose 7 the penalty for each false statement or misrepresentation. The penalty must be paid to the uninsured 8 employers' fund. The lien provisions of 39-71-506 apply to the penalty imposed by this section. 9 (f) If the department denies the application for exemption, the applicant may contest the denial by 10 petitioning for review of the decision by an appeals referee in the manner provided for in 39-51-1109. An 11 applicant dissatisfied with the decision of the appeals referee may appeal the decision in accordance with 12 the procedure established in 39-51-2403 and 39-51-2404. 13 (4) (a) A corporation or a manager-managed limited liability company shall provide coverage for its 14 omployees under the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. A quasi-public corporation, a private 15 corporation, or a manager-managed limited liability company may elect coverage for its corporate officers 16 or managers, who are otherwise exempt under subsection (2), by giving a written notice in the following 17 manner: (i) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, by 18 19 delivering the notice to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the 20 manager-managed limited liability company; or 21 (ii) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 2 or 3, by 22 delivering the notice to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the 23 manager-managed limited liability company and to the insurer. 24 (b) If the employer changes plans or insurers, the employer's previous election is not effective and 25 the employer shall again serve notice to its insurer and to its board of directors or the management 26 organization of the manager-managed limited liability company if the employer elects to be bound. 27 (5) The appointment or election of an employee as an officer of a corporation, a partner in a 28 partnership, or a member in or a manager of a limited liability company for the purpose of exempting the employee from coverage under this chapter does not entitle the officer, partner, member, or manager to 29 30 exemption from coverage.



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1	(6) Each employer shall post a sign in the workplace at the locations where notices to employees
2	are normally posted, informing employees about the employer's current provision of workers' compensation
3	insurance. A workplace is any location where an employee performs any work-related act in the course of
4	employment,-regardless of whether the location is temporary or permanent, and includes the place of
5	business or property of a third person while the employer has access to or control over the place of
6	business or property for the purpose of carrying on the employer's usual trade, business, or occupation.
7	The sign must be provided by the department, distributed through insurers or directly by the department,
8	and posted by employers in accordance with rules adopted by the department. An employer who purposely
9	or knowingly fails to post a sign as provided in this subsection is subject to a \$50 fine for each citation."
10	
11	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are
12	severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its
13	applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid
14	applications.
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective date applicability. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997, and
17	applies to claims for benefits filed INJURIES OCCURRING on or after [the effective date of this act].
18	-END-



CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

on Senate Bill 251 Report No. 1, April 16, 1997

Page 1 of 1

Mr. President and Mr. Speaker: We, your Conference Committee on Senate Bill 251, met and considered the House Committee of the Whole Amendments. We recommend that Senate Bill 251 (reference copy - salmon) be amended as follows: 1. Title, lines 7 through 9. Following: "ACTIVITIES" Strike: remainder of line 7 through "WAGES" on line 9 2. Page 7, line 13. Following: "and" Insert: "and" 3. Page 7, line 15 Following: "<u>; AND</u>" Insert: "." 4. Page 7, lines 16 through 19. Strike: subsection (H) in its entirety And that this Conference Committee report be adopted. For the House: For the Senate: Rep. Norman Mills, Chair Senator Thomas F. Keating, Chair of aprice the Rep. Lila Taylor Senator Dale Mahlum Kim Gillan Rep. Kim Gillan 1600 Senator Barry "Spook" Stang Coord. Amd. 267 Sec. of Senate CCR# ADOPT REJECT 811519CC.STS

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 251
2	INTRODUCED BY STANG, BENEDICT, MAHLUM, TOEWS, ELLIS, KITZENBERG, M. TAYLOR
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT COVERAGE
5	REQUIREMENTS FOR A STUDENT WHO IS ENROLLED IN A AN ELEMENTARY, SECONDARY, OR
6	POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION AND WHO PARTICIPATES AS A VOLUNTEER OR FOR
7	WAGES IN WORK-BASED LEARNING ACTIVITIES OR FOR A STUDENT WHO IS PARTICIPATING IN AN
8	OFF_CAMPUS PRACTICUM THAT IS REQUIRED FOR A POSTSECONDARY DEGREE OR CERTIFICATE AND
9	WHO DOES NOT RECEIVE WAGES; DEFINING "BUSINESS PARTNER" AND "WORK-BASED LEARNING
10	ACTIVITIES"; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-71-116, AND 39-71-118, AND 39-71-401, MCA; AND
11	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
12	
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
14	
15	Section 1. Section 39-71-116, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"39-71-116. Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires, words and phrases used in this
17	chapter have the following meanings:
18	(1) "Actual wage loss" means that the wages that a worker earns or is qualified to earn after the
19	worker reaches maximum healing are less than the actual wages the worker received at the time of the
20	injury.
21	(2) "Administer and pay" includes all actions by the state fund under the Workers' Compensation
22	Act and the Occupational Disease Act of Montana necessary to:
23	(a) investigation, review, and settlement of claims;
24	(b) payment of benefits;
25	(c) setting of reserves;
26	(d) furnishing of services and facilities; and
27	(e) use of actuarial, audit, accounting, vocational rehabilitation, and legal services.
28	(3) "Aid or sustenance" means any a public or private subsidy made to provide a means of support,
29	maintenance, or subsistence for the recipient.
30	(4) "Average weekly wage" means the mean weekly earnings of all employees under covered



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1 employment, as defined and established annually by the department. It is established at the nearest whole 2 dollar number and must be adopted by the department prior to before July 1 of each year. 3 (5) "Beneficiary" means: (a) a surviving spouse living with or legally entitled to be supported by the deceased at the time 4 5 of injury; 6 (b) an unmarried child under 18 years of age; (c) an unmarried child under 22 years of age who is a full-time student in an accredited school or 7 8 is enrolled in an accredited apprenticeship program; 9 (d) an invalid child over 18 years of age who is dependent upon the decedent for support at the 10 time of injury; (e) a parent who is dependent upon the decedent for support at the time of the injury if a 11 12 beneficiary, as defined in subsections (5)(a) through (5)(d), does not exist; and 13 (f) a brother or sister under 18 years of age if dependent upon the decedent for support at the time of the injury but only until the age of 18 years and only when a beneficiary, as defined in subsections (5)(a) 14 15 through (5)(e), does not exist. 16 (6) "Business partner" means the community, GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, or business organization 17 that provides the premises for work-based learning activities for students. 18 (6)(7) "Casual employment" means employment not in the usual course of the trade, business, 19 profession, or occupation of the employer. 20 (7)(8) "Child" includes a posthumous child, a dependent stepchild, and a child legally adopted prior 21 to the injury. 22 (8) (9) "Construction industry" means the major group of general contractors and operative builders, 23 heavy construction (other than building construction) contractors, and special trade contractors, listed in 24 major groups 15 through 17 in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual. The term does not 25 include office workers, design professionals, salespersons, estimators, or any other related employment that 26 is not directly involved on a regular basis in the provision of physical labor at a construction or renovation 27 site. 28 (9)(10) "Days" means calendar days, unless otherwise specified. 29 (10)(11) "Department" means the department of labor and industry.

30 (11)(12) "Fiscal year" means the period of time between July 1 and the succeeding June 30.



1 (12)(13) "Household or domestic employment" means employment of persons other than members 2 of the household for the purpose of tending to the aid and comfort of the employer or members of the 3 employer's family, including but not limited to housecleaning and yard work, but does not include 4 employment beyond the scope of normal household or domestic duties, such as home health care or 5 domiciliary care.

6 (13)(14) "Insurer" means an employer bound by compensation plan No. 1, an insurance company
 7 transacting business under compensation plan No. 2, or the state fund under compensation plan No. 3.

8 (14)(15) "Invalid" means one who is physically or mentally incapacitated.

9 (15)(16) "Limited liability company" is as defined in 35-8-102.

(16)(17) "Maintenance care" means treatment designed to provide the optimum state of health
 while minimizing recurrence of the clinical status.

12 (17)(18) "Medical stability", "maximum healing", or "maximum medical healing" means a point in
 13 the healing process when further material improvement would not be reasonably expected from primary
 14 medical treatment.

15 (18)(19) "Objective medical findings" means medical evidence, including range of motion, atrophy,
 16 muscle strength, muscle spasm, or other diagnostic evidence, substantiated by clinical findings.

17 (19)(20) "Order" means any decision, rule, direction, requirement, or standard of the department
 18 or any other determination arrived at or decision made by the department.

(20)(21) "Palliative care" means treatment designed to reduce or ease symptoms without curing
 the underlying cause of the symptoms.

(21)(22) "Payroll", "annual payroll", or "annual payroll for the preceding year" means the average 21 22 annual payroll of the employer for the preceding calendar year or, if the employer has not operated a 23 sufficient or any length of time during the calendar year, 12 times the average monthly payroll for the current year. However, an estimate may be made by the department for any employer starting in business 24 if average payrolls are not available. This estimate must be adjusted by additional payment by the employer 25 or refund by the department, as the case may actually be, on December 31 of the current year. An 26 employer's payroll must be computed by calculating all wages, as defined in 39-71-123, that are paid by 27 28 an employer.

29 (22)(23) "Permanent partial disability" means a physical condition in which a worker, after reaching
 30 maximum medical healing:



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(a) has a permanent impairment established by objective medical findings;

2 (b) is able to return to work in some capacity but the permanent impairment impairs the worker's3 ability to work; and

4

(c) has an actual wage loss as a result of the injury.

5 (23)(24) "Permanent total disability" means a physical condition resulting from injury as defined in 6 this chapter, after a worker reaches maximum medical healing, in which a worker does not have a 7 reasonable prospect of physically performing regular employment. Regular employment means work on a 8 recurring basis performed for remuneration in a trade, business, profession, or other occupation in this 9 state. Lack of immediate job openings is not a factor to be considered in determining if a worker is 10 permanently totally disabled.

(24)(25) The "plant of the employer" includes the place of business of a third person while the
 employer has access to or control over the place of business for the purpose of carrying on the employer's
 usual trade, business, or occupation.

(25)(26) "Primary medical services" means treatment prescribed by a treating physician, for
 conditions resulting from the injury, necessary for achieving medical stability.

16 (26)(27) "Public corporation" means the state or any county, municipal corporation, school district,
 17 city, city under a commission form of government or special charter, town, or village.

18 (27)(28) "Reasonably safe place to work" means that the place of employment has been made as
 19 free from danger to the life or safety of the employee as the nature of the employment will reasonably
 20 permit.

(28)(29) "Reasonably safe tools and appliances" are tools and appliances that are adapted to and
 that are reasonably safe for use for the particular purpose for which they are furnished.

(29)(30) (a) "Secondary medical services" means those medical services or appliances that are
 considered not medically necessary for medical stability. The services and appliances include but are not
 limited to spas or hot tubs, work hardening, physical restoration programs and other restoration programs
 designed to address disability and not impairment, or equipment offered by individuals, clinics, groups,
 hospitals, or rehabilitation facilities.

(b) (i) As used in this subsection (29) (30), "disability" means a condition in which a worker's
ability to engage in gainful employment is diminished as a result of physical restrictions resulting from an
injury. The restrictions may be combined with factors, such as the worker's age, education, work history,



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1 and other factors that affect the worker's ability to engage in gainful employment.

2 (ii) Disability does not mean a purely medical condition.

3 (30)(31) "Sole proprietor" means the person who has the exclusive legal right or title to or
4 ownership of a business enterprise.

5 (31)(32) "Temporary partial disability" means a physical condition resulting from an injury, as
6 defined in 39-71-119, in which a worker, prior to maximum healing:

7 (a) is temporarily unable to return to the position held at the time of injury because of a medically
8 determined physical restriction;

9 (b) returns to work in a modified or alternative employment; and

10 (c) suffers a partial wage loss.

11 (32)(33) "Temporary service contractor" means a person, firm, association, partnership, limited 12 liability company, or corporation conducting business that hires its own employees and assigns them to 13 clients to fill a work assignment with a finite ending date to support or supplement the client's workforce 14 in situations resulting from employee absences, skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special 15 assignments and projects.

(33)(34) "Temporary total disability" means a physical condition resulting from an injury, as defined
 in this chapter, that results in total loss of wages and exists until the injured worker reaches maximum
 medical healing.

(34)(35) "Temporary worker" means a worker whose services are furnished to another on a
 part-time or temporary basis to fill a work assignment with a finite ending date to support or supplement
 a workforce in situations resulting from employee absences, skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special
 assignments and projects.

(36)(36) "Treating physician" means a person who is primarily responsible for the treatment of a
 worker's compensable injury and is:

(a) a physician licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 3, and has admitting
privileges to practice in one or more hospitals, if any, in the area where the physician is located;

27

(b) a chiropractor licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 12;

(c) a physician assistant-certified licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 20, if
 there is not a physician, as defined in subsection (35)(a) (36)(a), in the area where the physician
 assistant-certified is located;



1	(d) an osteopath licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 5; or
2	(e) a dentist licensed by the state of Montana under Title 37, chapter 4.
3	(37) "Work-based learning activities" means job training and work experience that are provided to
4	students currently enrolled in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution and that are conducted
5	on the premises of a business partner CONDUCTED ON THE PREMISES OF A BUSINESS PARTNER AS A
6	COMPONENT OF SCHOOL-BASED LEARNING ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED BY AN ELEMENTARY,
7	SECONDARY, OR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION.
8	(36)(38) "Year", unless otherwise specified, means calendar year."
9	
10	Section 2. Section 39-71-118, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"39-71-118. Employee, worker, volunteer, and volunteer firefighter defined. (1) The term
11 12	"39-71-118. Employee, worker, volunteer, and volunteer firefighter defined. (1) The term "employee" or "worker" means:
12	"employee" or "worker" means:
12 13	"employee" or "worker" means: (a) each person in this state, including a contractor other than an independent contractor, who is
12 13 14	"employee" or "worker" means: (a) each person in this state, including a contractor other than an independent contractor, who is in the service of an employer, as defined by 39-71-117, under any appointment or contract of hire,
12 13 14 15	"employee" or "worker" means: (a) each person in this state, including a contractor other than an independent contractor, who is in the service of an employer, as defined by 39-71-117, under any appointment or contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written. The terms include aliens and minors, whether lawfully or unlawfully
12 13 14 15 16	 "employee" or "worker" means: (a) each person in this state, including a contractor other than an independent contractor, who is in the service of an employer, as defined by 39-71-117, under any appointment or contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written. The terms include aliens and minors, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed, and all of the elected and appointed paid public officers and officers and members of boards of
12 13 14 15 16 17	"employee" or "worker" means: (a) each person in this state, including a contractor other than an independent contractor, who is in the service of an employer, as defined by 39-71-117, under any appointment or contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written. The terms include aliens and minors, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed, and all of the elected and appointed paid public officers and officers and members of boards of directors of quasi-public or private corporations, except those officers identified in 39-71-401(2), while

21 in 39-71-401(2). Household or domestic employment is excluded.

(b) any juvenile performing work under authorization of a district court judge in a delinquency
 prevention or rehabilitation program;

(c) a person receiving on-the-job vocational rehabilitation training or other on-the-job training under a state or federal vocational training program, whether or not under an appointment or contract of hire with an employer, as defined in this chapter, and, except as provided in subsection (9), whether or not receiving payment from a third party. However, this subsection does not apply to students enrolled in vocational training programs, as outlined in this subsection, while they are on the premises of a public school or community college.

30

(d) an aircrew member or other person employed as a volunteer under 67-2-105;



1 (e) a person, other than a juvenile as defined in subsection (1)(b), performing community service 2 for a nonprofit organization or association or for a federal, state, or local government entity under a court 3 order, or an order from a hearings officer as a result of a probation or parole violation, whether or not under 4 appointment or contract of hire with an employer, as defined in this chapter, and whether or not receiving 5 payment from a third party. For a person covered by the definition in this subsection (1)(e):

6 (i) compensation benefits must be limited to medical expenses pursuant to 39-71-704 and an 7 impairment award pursuant to 39-71-703 that is based upon the minimum wage established under Title 39, 8 chapter 3, part 4, for a full-time employee at the time of the injury; and

9 (ii) premiums must be paid by the employer, as defined in 39-71-117(3), and must be based upon 10 the minimum wage established under Title 39, chapter 3, part 4, for the number of hours of community 11 service required under the order from the court or hearings officer.

(f) an inmate working in a federally certified prison industries program authorized under 53-1-301;
 and AND

(g) a person who is an enrolled member of a volunteer fire department as described in 7-33-4109
or a person who provides ambulance services under Title 7, chapter 34, part 1; AND.

16

(H) A STUDENT WHO IS PARTICIPATING IN AN OFF-CAMPUS PRACTICUM THAT IS REQUIRED

17 FOR A POSTSECONDARY DEGREE OR CERTIFICATE AND WHO DOES NOT RECEIVE WAGES. FOR

18 PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE PARTICIPATING STUDENT IS CONSIDERED THE EMPLOYEE OF

19 THE POSTSECONDARY INSTITUTION.

20 (2) The terms defined in subsection (1) do not include a person who is:

(a) participating in recreational activity and who at the time is relieved of and is not performing
 prescribed duties, regardless of whether the person is using, by discount or otherwise, a pass, ticket,
 permit, device, or other emolument of employment;

(b) performing voluntary service at a recreational facility and who receives no compensation for
 those services other than meals, lodging, or the use of the recreational facilities; or

(c) performing services as a volunteer, except for a person who is otherwise entitled to coverage
under the laws of this state. As used in this subsection (2)(c), "volunteer" means a person who performs
services on behalf of an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, but who does not receive wages as defined
in 39-71-123.

30

(3) With the approval of the insurer, an employer may elect to include as an employee under the



1 provisions of this chapter any volunteer as defined in subsection (2)(c).

2 (4) (a) The term "volunteer firefighter" means a firefighter who is an enrolled and active member
3 of a fire company organized and funded by a county, a rural fire district, or a fire service area.

(b) The term "volunteer hours" means all the time spent by a volunteer firefighter in the service
of an employer, including but not limited to training time, response time, and time spent at the employer's
premises.

7 (5) (a) If the employer is a partnership, sole proprietor, or a member-managed limited liability 8 company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter any 9 member of the partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, or any member of the limited liability 10 company devoting full time to the partnership, proprietorship, or limited liability company business.

(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice naming the partners, sole proprietor, or members to be covered and stating the level of compensation coverage desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection (5)(d). A partner, sole proprietor, or member is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given.

16 (c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter17 following notification.

18 (d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to 19 the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the 20 determination of weekly wage for weekly compensation benefits, the electing employer may elect not less 21 than \$900 a month and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter. 22 (6) (a) If the employer is a quasi-public or a private corporation or a manager-managed limited 23 liability company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter 24 any corporate officer or manager exempted under 39-71-401(2).

(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice naming the corporate officer or manager to be covered and stating the level of compensation coverage desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection (5)(d). A corporate officer or manager is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given.

(c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarterfollowing notification.



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1 (d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to 2 the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the 3 determination of the weekly wage for weekly compensation benefits, the electing employer may elect not 4 less than \$200 a week and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter. 5 (7) (a) The trustees of a rural fire district, a county governing body providing rural fire protection, or the county commissioners or trustees for a fire service area may elect to include as an employee within 6 7 the provisions of this chapter any volunteer firefighter. A volunteer firefighter who receives workers' 8 compensation coverage under this section may not receive disability benefits under Title 19, chapter 17. 9 (b) In the event of an election, the employer shall report payroll for all volunteer firefighters for 10 premium and weekly benefit purposes based on the number of volunteer hours of each firefighter times the average weekly wage divided by 40 hours, subject to a maximum of 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage. 11 12 (8) Except as provided in chapter 8 of this title, an employee or worker in this state whose services 13 are furnished by a person, association, contractor, firm, limited liability company, or corporation, other than 14 a temporary service contractor, to an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, is presumed to be under the control and employment of the employer. This presumption may be rebutted as provided in 39-71-117(3). 15 16 (9) A student currently enrolled in a AN ELEMENTARY, secondary, or postsecondary educational institution who is participating in work-based learning activities and WHO IS PAID WAGES BY THE 17 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS PARTNER IS THE EMPLOYEE OF THE ENTITY THAT PAYS 18 THE STUDENT'S WAGES FOR ALL PURPOSES UNDER THIS CHAPTER. A STUDENT who is not paid 19 20 wages by the business partner or the educational institution is a volunteer and is subject to the provisions 21 of this chapter. (9)(10) For purposes of this section, an "employee or worker in this state" means: 22 23 (a) a resident of Montana who is employed by an employer and whose employment duties are 24 primarily carried out or controlled within this state; 25 (b) a nonresident of Montana whose principal employment duties are conducted within this state 26 on a regular basis for an employer; (c) a nonresident employee of an employer from another state engaged in the construction industry, 27 28 as defined in 39-71-116, within this state; or

(d) a nonresident of Montana who does not meet the requirements of subsection (9)(b) and whose
 employer elects coverage with an insurer that allows an election for an employer whose:



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1	(i) nonresident employees are hired in Montana;
2	(ii) nonresident employees' wages are paid in Montana;
3	(iii) nonresident employees are supervised in Montana; and
4	(iv) business records are maintained in Montana.
5	(10)<u>(11)</u> An insurer may require coverage for all nonresident employees of a Montana employer who
6	do not meet the requirements of subsection (9)(b) (10)(b) or (9)(d) (10)(d) as a condition of approving the
7	election under subsection (9)(d) (10)(d)."
8	
9	Section 3. Section 39-71-401, MCA, is amended to read:
10	"39-71-401. Employmonts covered and employments exempted. (1). Except as provided in
11	subsection (2), the Workers' Compensation Act applies to all employers, as defined in 39-71-117, and to
12	all-employees, as defined in 39-71-118. An employer-who has any employee in service under any
13	appointment or contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written, shall elect to be bound by the
14	provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. Each employee whose employer is bound by the Workers'
15	Compensation Act is subject to and bound by the compensation plan that has been elected by the
16	employer
17	{2} Unless the employer elects coverage for these employments under this chapter and an insurer
18	allows an election, the Workers' Compensation Act-does not apply to any of the following employments:
19	(a) household and domestic employment;
20	(b) casual employment as defined in 39-71-116;
21	(c) employment of a dependent member of an employer's family for whom an exemption may be
22	claimed by the employer under the federal Internal Revenue Code;
23	(d) employment of sole proprietors, working members of a partnership, or working members of a
24	member-managed limited liability company, except as provided in subsection (3);
25	(a) employment of a broker or salesman performing under a license issued by the board of realty
26	regulation;
27	(f) omployment of a direct seller as defined in 26 U.S.C. 3508;
28	(g) employment for which a rule of liability for injury, occupational disease, or death is provided
29	under the laws of the United States;
30	(h) employment of a person performing services in return for aid or sustemance only, except



1	employment of a volunteer under 67-2-105;
2	(i) employment with a railroad engaged in interstate commerce, except that railroad construction
3	work is included in and subject to the provisions of this chapter;
4	(j) omployment as an official, including a timer, referee, or judge, at a school amateur athletic
5	event, unless the person is otherwise employed by a school district;
6	(k) employment of a person performing services as a newspaper carrier or free-lance correspondent
7	if the person performing the services or a parent or guardian of the person performing the services in the
8	case of a minor has acknowledged in writing that the person performing the services and the services are
9	not covered. As used in this subsection, "free lance correspondent" is a person who submits articles or
10	photographs for publication and is paid by the article or by the photograph. As used in this subsection,
11	"newspaper carrier":
12	(i) is a person who-provides a newspaper with the service of delivering newspapers singly or in
13	bundles; but
14	(ii) does not include an employee of the paper who, incidentally to the employee's main duties,
15	carries or delivers papers.
16	(I) cosmotologist's services and barber's services as defined in 39-51-204(1)(I);
17	(m) a percon who is employed by an enrolled tribal member or an association, business,
18	corporation, or other entity that is at least 51% owned by an enrolled tribal member or members, whose
19	business is conducted solely within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation;
20	(n) employment of a jockey performing under a license issued by the board of horseracing from the
21	time the jockey reports to the scale room prior to a race through the time the jockey is weighed out after
22	a race if the jockey has acknowledged in writing, as a condition of licensing by the board of horseracing,
23	that the jockey is not covered under the Workers' Compensation Act while performing services as a jockey;
24	(o) employment of an employer's spouse for whem an exemption based on marital status may be
25	claimed by the employer under 26-U.S.C. 7703;
26	(p) a person who performs services as a petroloum land professional. As used in this subsection,
27	a "petroleum land professional" is a person who:
28	{i} is engaged primarily in negotiating for the acquisition or divestiture of mineral rights or in
29	negotiating a business agreement for the exploration or development of minerals;
30	(ii) is paid for services that are directly related to the completion of a contracted specific task rather



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1	than on an hourly wage basis; and
2	(iii) performs all services as an independent contractor pursuant to a written contract.
3	(q) an officer of a quasi-public or a private corporation or manager of a manager-managed limited
4	liability company who qualifies under-one or more of the following provisions:
5	(i) the officer or manager is engaged in the ordinary duties of a worker for the corporation or the
6	limited liability company and does not receive any pay from the corporation or the limited liability company
7	for performance of the duties;
8	(ii) the officer or manager is engaged primarily in household employment for the corporation or the
9	limitod liability company;
10	(iii) the officer or manager owns 20% or more of the number of shares of stock in the corporation
11	or owns 20% or more of the limited liability company; or
12	(iv) the officer or manager is the spouse, shild, adopted shild, stepshild, mother, father, son-in-law,
13	daughter-in-law, nephew,-niece, brother, or sister of a corporate officer who owns 20% or more of the
14	number of shares of stock in the corporation or who owns 20% or more of the limited liability company.;
15	<u>01</u>
16	<u>(r) a student currently enrolled in a secondary or postsecondary educational institution who is</u>
17	participating in work-based learning activities and who is paid wages by the business partner or the
18	educational institution.
19	(3) (a) A sole proprietor, a working member of a partnership, or a working member of a
20	member-managed limited liability company who represents to the public that the person is an independent
21	contractor shall elect to be bound personally and individually by the provisions of compensation plan No.
22	1, 2, or 3 but may apply to the department for an exemption from the Workers' Compensation Act.
23	(b) The application must be made in accordance with the rules adopted by the department. There
24	is no fee for the initial application. Any subsequent application must be accompanied by a \$25 application
25	fee. The application fee must be deposited in the administration fund established in 39-71-201 to offeet
26	the costs of administering the program.
27	(c). When an application is approved by the department, it is conclusive as to the status of an
28 .	independent contractor and precludes the applicant from obtaining benefits under this shapter.
29	(d) The exemption, if approved, remains in effect for 1 year following the date of the department's
30	approval. To maintain the independent contractor status, an independent contractor shall annually submit

1 a renewal application. A renewal application must be submitted for all independent contractor exemptions 2 approved as of July 1, 1995, or thereafter. The renewal application and the \$25 renewal application fee 3 must be received by the department at least 30 days prior to the anniversary date of the previously 4 approved exemption. 5 (e) A person who makes a false statement or misrepresentation concerning that person's status 6 as an exempt independent contractor is subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000. The department may impose 7 the penalty for each false statement or misropresentation. The penalty must be paid to the uninsured 8 employers' fund. The lien provisions of 39-71-506 apply to the penalty imposed by this section. 9 (f) If the department denies the application for exemption, the applicant may contest the denial by 10 potitioning for review of the decision by an appeals referee in the manner provided for in 39-51-1109. An 11 applicant dissatisfied with the decision of the appeals referee may appeal the decision in accordance with 12 the procedure established in 39-51-2403 and 39-51-2404. (4) (a) A corporation or a manager-managed limited liability company shall provide coverage for its 13 omployees under the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. A quasi public corporation, a private 14 corporation, or-a manager-managed limited liability company may elect coverage for its corporate officers 15 16 or managers, who are otherwise exempt under subsection (2), by giving a written notice in the following 17 manner: 18 (i) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, by 19 delivering the notice to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the 20 manager-managed limited liability company; or (ii) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 2 or 3, by 21 22 delivering the notice to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the manager-managed-limited liability company and to the insurer. 23 24 (b) If the employer changes plans or insurers, the employer's provious election is not effective and 25 the employer shall again serve notice to its insurer and to its board of directors or the management 26 organization of the manager-managed limited liability company if the employer elects to be bound. (5) The appointment or election of an employee as an officer of a corporation, a partner in a 27 partnership, or a member in or a manager of a limited liability company for the purpose of exempting the 28

29 omployee from coverage under this chapter does not entitle the officer, partner, member, or manager to

30 exemption from coverage.

[Legislative Services Division

1	(6) Each employer shall post a sign in the workplace at the locations where notices to employees
2	are normally posted, informing employees about the employer's current provision of workers' compensation
3	insurance. A workplace is any location where an employee performs any work-related act in the course of
4	employment, regardless of whether the location is temporary or permanent, and includes the place of
5	business or property of a third person while the employer has access to or control over the place of
6	business or property for the purpose of carrying on the employer's usual trade, business, or occupation.
7	The sign must be provided by the department, distributed through insurers or directly by the department,
8	and posted by employers in accordance with rules adopted by the department. An employer who purposely
9	or knowingly fails to post a sign as provided in this subsection is subject to a \$50 fine for each citation."
10	
11	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are
12	severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its
13	applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid
14	applications.
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective date applicability. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997, and
17	applies to claims for benefits filed INJURIES OCCURRING on or after [the effective date of this act].
18	-END-

