≫G BILL NO. 1 INTRODUCED BY Gos field 2 3 cuchi

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE MONTANA ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE
ACT; PROVIDING MORE SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING WHEN AUTHORITY EXISTS TO
ADOPT A RULE AND FOR STATING THE REASONABLE NECESSITY FOR RULES; AND AMENDING
SECTIONS 2-4-302 AND 2-4-305, MCA."

8

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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11

Section 1. Section 2-4-302, MCA, is amended to read:

12 "2-4-302. Notice, hearing, and submission of views. (1) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or 13 repeal of any rule, the agency shall give written notice of its intended action. The notice shall <u>must</u> include 14 a statement of either the terms or substance of the intended action or a description of the subjects and 15 issues involved, the rationale for the intended action, and the time when, place where, and manner in which 16 interested persons may present their views thereon on the intended action.

17 (2) (a) The notice shall <u>must</u> be filed with the secretary of state for publication in the register, as 18 provided in 2-4-312, and mailed within 3 days of publication to persons who have made timely requests 19 to the agency for notice of its rulemaking proceedings and to the office of any professional, trade, or 20 industrial society or organization or member thereof which <u>of the entity that</u> has filed a request with the 21 administrative code committee when such <u>the</u> request has been forwarded to the agency as provided in 22 subsection (2)(b).

(b) The administrative code committee shall forward a list of all organizations or persons who have
 submitted a request to be informed of agency actions to all agencies publishing rulemaking notices in the
 Montana Administrative Register register. The list must be amended by the agency upon request of any
 person requesting to be added to or deleted from the list.

(c) The notice shall must be published and mailed at least 30 days in advance of the agency's
intended action.

(3) If any statute provides for a different method of publication, the affected agency shall comply
 with the statute in addition to the requirements contained herein in this section. However, in no case may





1 the notice period <u>may not</u> be less than 30 days or more than 6 months.

2 (4) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule, the agency shall afford interested 3 persons at least 20 days' notice of a hearing and at least 28 days from the day of the original notice to 4 submit data, views, or arguments, orally or in writing. If an amended or supplemental notice is filed, 5 additional time may be allowed for oral or written submissions. In the case of substantive rules, the notice 6 of proposed rulemaking must state that opportunity for oral hearing shall must be granted if requested by 7 either 10% or 25, whichever is less, of the persons who will be directly affected by the proposed rule, by 8 a governmental subdivision or agency, by the administrative code committee, or by an association having 9 not less than 25 members who will be directly affected.

10 (5) An agency may continue a hearing date for cause. In the discretion of the agency, contested 11 case procedures need not be followed in hearings held pursuant to this section. If a hearing is otherwise 12 required by statute, nothing herein in this section alters that requirement.

(6) If an agency fails to publish a notice of adoption within the time required by 2-4-305(7) and
the agency again proposes the same rule for adoption, amendment, or repeal, the proposal must be
considered a new proposal for purposes of compliance with this chapter.

16 (7) At the commencement of any <u>a</u> hearing on the intended action, the person designated by the 17 agency to preside at the hearing shall read aloud the "Notice of Function of Administrative Code 18 Committee" appearing in the register."

19

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Section 2. Section 2-4-305, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "2-4-305. Requisites for validity -- authority and statement of reasons. (1) The agency shall 22 consider fully written and oral submissions respecting the proposed rule. Upon adoption of a rule, an agency 23 shall issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, incorporating in the 24 statement the reasons for overruling the considerations urged against its adoption. If substantial differences 25 exist between the rule as proposed and as adopted and the differences have not been described or set forth 26 in the adopted rule as that rule is printed in the Montana Administrative Register register, the differences 27 must be described in the statement of reasons for and against agency action. When written or oral 28 submissions have not been received, an agency may omit the statement of reasons.

(2) Rules may not unnecessarily repeat statutory language. Whenever it is necessary to refer to
 statutory language in order to convey the meaning of a rule interpreting the language, the reference must



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clearly indicate the portion of the language that is statutory and the portion that is an amplification of the
 language.

3 (3) Each proposed and adopted rule must include a citation to the specific grant of rulemaking 4 authority pursuant to which the rule or any part of the rule is adopted. In addition, each proposed and 5 adopted rule must include a citation to the specific section or sections in the Montana Code Annotated that 6 the rule purports to implement. <u>A substantive rule may not be proposed or adopted unless</u>:

7 (a) a statute granting the agency authority to adopt rules clearly and specifically lists the subject
 8 matter of the rule as a subject upon which the agency shall or may adopt rules; or

9 (b) the rule implements and relates to a subject matter or an agency function that is clearly and
 10 specifically included in a statute to which the grant of rulemaking authority extends.

(4) Each rule that is proposed and adopted by an agency and that implements a policy of a governing board or commission must include a citation to and description of the policy implemented. Each agency rule implementing a policy and the policy itself must be based on legal authority and otherwise comply with the requisites for validity of rules established by this chapter.

15 (5) To be effective, each substantive rule adopted must be within the scope of authority conferred
and in accordance with standards prescribed by other provisions of law.

17 (6) Whenever by the express or implied terms of any statute a state agency has authority to adopt 18 rules to implement, interpret, make specific, or otherwise carry out the provisions of the statute, <u>an</u> 19 <u>adoption, amendment, or repeal of</u> a rule adopted is not valid or effective unless it is:

20

(a) consistent and not in conflict with the statute; and

(b) reasonably necessary to effectuate the purpose of the statute. A statute mandating that the 21 22 agency adopt rules establishes the necessity for rules but does not, standing alone, constitute reasonable 23 necessity for a rule. The agency shall also address the reasonableness component of the reasonable 24 necessity requirement by, as indicated in 2-4-302(1) and subsection (1) of this section, stating the principal 25 reasons and the rationale for its intended action and for the particular approach that it takes in complying 26 with the mandate to adopt rules. Subject to the provisions of subsection (8), reasonable necessity must 27 be clearly and thoroughly demonstrated for each adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule in the agency's notice of proposed rulemaking and in the written and oral data, views, comments, or testimony submitted 28 29 by the public or the agency and considered by the agency.



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(8) An agency may use an amended proposal notice or the adoption notice to correct deficiencies
in statements of reasonable necessity, in citations of authority for rules, and in citations of sections
implemented by rules."

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APPROVED BY COM ON STATE ADMINISTRATION

り BILL NO. 1 INTRODUCED BY Gos fiche 2 3

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE MONTANA ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE
ACT; PROVIDING MORE SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING WHEN AUTHORITY EXISTS TO
ADOPT A RULE AND FOR STATING THE REASONABLE NECESSITY FOR RULES; AND AMENDING
SECTIONS 2-4-302 AND 2-4-305, MCA."

8

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

10

11

Section 1. Section 2-4-302, MCA, is amended to read:

12 "2-4-302. Notice, hearing, and submission of views. (1) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or 13 repeal of any rule, the agency shall give written notice of its intended action. The notice shall must include 14 a statement of either the terms or substance of the intended action or a description of the subjects and 15 issues involved, the rationale for the intended action, and the time when, place where, and manner in which 16 interested persons may present their views thereon on the intended action.

17 (2) (a) The notice shall <u>must</u> be filed with the secretary of state for publication in the register, as 18 provided in 2-4-312, and mailed within 3 days of publication to persons who have made timely requests 19 to the agency for notice of its rulemaking proceedings and to the office of any professional, trade, or 20 industrial society or organization or member thereof which of the entity that has filed a request with the 21 administrative code committee when such the request has been forwarded to the agency as provided in 22 subsection (2)(b).

(b) The administrative code committee shall forward a list of all organizations or persons who have
 submitted a request to be informed of agency actions to all agencies publishing rulemaking notices in the
 Montana Administrative Register register. The list must be amended by the agency upon request of any
 person requesting to be added to or deleted from the list.

(c) The notice shall must be published and mailed at least 30 days in advance of the agency's
intended action.

(3) If any statute provides for a different method of publication, the affected agency shall comply
 with the statute in addition to the requirements contained heroin in this section. However, in no case may



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1 the notice period <u>may not</u> be less than 30 days or more than 6 months.

2 (4) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule, the agency shall afford interested 3 persons at least 20 days' notice of a hearing and at least 28 days from the day of the original notice to 4 submit data, views, or arguments, orally or in writing. If an amended or supplemental notice is filed, additional time may be allowed for oral or written submissions. In the case of substantive rules, the notice 5 6 of proposed rulemaking must state that opportunity for oral hearing shall must be granted if requested by 7 either 10% or 25, whichever is less, of the persons who will be directly affected by the proposed rule, by 8 a governmental subdivision or agency, by the administrative code committee, or by an association having 9 not less than 25 members who will be directly affected.

10 (5) An agency may continue a hearing date for cause. In the discretion of the agency, contested
 11 case procedures need not be followed in hearings held pursuant to this section. If a hearing is otherwise
 12 required by statute, nothing herein in this section alters that requirement.

13 (6) If an agency fails to publish a notice of adoption within the time required by 2-4-305(7) and
14 the agency again proposes the same rule for adoption, amendment, or repeal, the proposal must be
15 considered a new proposal for purposes of compliance with this chapter.

16 (7) At the commencement of any <u>a</u> hearing on the intended action, the person designated by the 17 agency to preside at the hearing shall read aloud the "Notice of Function of Administrative Code 18 Committee" appearing in the register."

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20

Section 2. Section 2-4-305, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "2-4-305. Requisites for validity -- authority and statement of reasons. (1) The agency shall 22 consider fully written and oral submissions respecting the proposed rule. Upon adoption of a rule, an agency 23 shall issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, incorporating in the 24 statement the reasons for overruling the considerations urged against its adoption. If substantial differences 25 exist between the rule as proposed and as adopted and the differences have not been described or set forth in the adopted rule as that rule is printed in the Montana Administrative Register register, the differences 26 27 must be described in the statement of reasons for and against agency action. When written or oral 28 submissions have not been received, an agency may omit the statement of reasons.

Rules may not unnecessarily repeat statutory language. Whenever it is necessary to refer to
 statutory language in order to convey the meaning of a rule interpreting the language, the reference must



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clearly indicate the portion of the language that is statutory and the portion that is an amplification of the
 language.

3 (3) Each proposed and adopted rule must include a citation to the specific grant of rulemaking 4 authority pursuant to which the rule or any part of the rule is adopted. In addition, each proposed and 5 adopted rule must include a citation to the specific section or sections in the Montana Code Annotated that 6 the rule purports to implement. <u>A substantive rule may not be proposed or adopted unless:</u>

(a) a statute granting the agency authority to adopt rules clearly and specifically lists the subject
 matter of the rule as a subject upon which the agency shall or may adopt rules; or

9 (b) the rule implements and relates to a subject matter or an agency function that is clearly and
 10 specifically included in a statute to which the grant of rulemaking authority extends.

- 11 (4) Each rule that is proposed and adopted by an agency and that implements a policy of a 12 governing board or commission must include a citation to and description of the policy implemented. Each 13 agency rule implementing a policy and the policy itself must be based on legal authority and otherwise 14 comply with the requisites for validity of rules established by this chapter.
- 15 (5) To be effective, each substantive rule adopted must be within the scope of authority conferred
 and in accordance with standards prescribed by other provisions of law.
- 17 (6) Whenever by the express or implied terms of any statute a state agency has authority to adopt
 18 rules to implement, interpret, make specific, or otherwise carry out the provisions of the statute, an
 19 adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule adopted is not valid or effective unless it is:
- 20 (a) consistent and not in conflict with the statute; and

21 (b) reasonably necessary to effectuate the purpose of the statute. A statute mandating that the 22 agency adopt rules establishes the necessity for rules but does not, standing alone, constitute reasonable 23 necessity for a rule. The agency shall also address the reasonableness component of the reasonable 24 necessity requirement by, as indicated in 2-4-302(1) and subsection (1) of this section, stating the principal 25 reasons and the rationale for its intended action and for the particular approach that it takes in complying 26 with the mandate to adopt rules. Subject to the provisions of subsection (8), reasonable necessity must 27 be <u>clearly and thoroughly</u> demonstrated for each adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule in the agency's 28 notice of proposed rulemaking and in the written and oral data, views, comments, or testimony submitted 29 by the public or the agency and considered by the agency.

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(7) A rule is not valid unless it is adopted in substantial compliance with 2-4-302 or 2-4-303 and



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5 (8) An agency may use an amended proposal notice or the adoption notice to correct deficiencies 6 in statements of reasonable necessity, in citations of authority for rules, and in citations of sections 7 implemented by rules."

8



HIRD READING

≫5 BILL NO. 1 INTRODUCED BY Gos field 2 3 Recent

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE MONTANA ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE
ACT; PROVIDING MORE SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING WHEN AUTHORITY EXISTS TO
ADOPT A RULE AND FOR STATING THE REASONABLE NECESSITY FOR RULES; AND AMENDING
SECTIONS 2-4-302 AND 2-4-305, MCA."

8

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

10

11

Section 1. Section 2-4-302, MCA, is amended to read:

12 "2-4-302. Notice, hearing, and submission of views. (1) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or 13 repeal of any rule, the agency shall give written notice of its intended action. The notice shall must include 14 a statement of either the terms or substance of the intended action or a description of the subjects and 15 issues involved, the rationale for the intended action, and the time when, place where, and manner in which 16 interested persons may present their views thereon on the intended action.

17 (2) (a) The notice shall must be filed with the secretary of state for publication in the register, as 18 provided in 2-4-312, and mailed within 3 days of publication to persons who have made timely requests 19 to the agency for notice of its rulemaking proceedings and to the office of any professional, trade, or 20 industrial society or organization or member thereof which of the entity that has filed a request with the 21 administrative code committee when such the request has been forwarded to the agency as provided in 22 subsection (2)(b).

(b) The administrative code committee shall forward a list of all organizations or persons who have
 submitted a request to be informed of agency actions to all agencies publishing rulemaking notices in the
 Montana Administrative Register register. The list must be amended by the agency upon request of any
 person requesting to be added to or deleted from the list.

(c) The notice shall must be published and mailed at least 30 days in advance of the agency's
intended action.

3) If any statute provides for a different method of publication, the affected agency shall comply
with the statute in addition to the requirements contained herein in this section. However, in no case may

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1 the notice period may not be less than 30 days or more than 6 months.

(4) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule, the agency shall afford interested 2 persons at least 20 days' notice of a hearing and at least 28 days from the day of the original notice to 3 submit data, views, or arguments, orally or in writing. If an amended or supplemental notice is filed, 4 additional time may be allowed for oral or written submissions. In the case of substantive rules, the notice 5 6 of proposed rulemaking must state that opportunity for oral hearing shall must be granted if requested by either 10% or 25, whichever is less, of the persons who will be directly affected by the proposed rule, by 7 8 a governmental subdivision or agency, by the administrative code committee, or by an association having 9 not less than 25 members who will be directly affected.

(5) An agency may continue a hearing date for cause. In the discretion of the agency, contested
 case procedures need not be followed in hearings held pursuant to this section. If a hearing is otherwise
 required by statute, nothing herein in this section alters that requirement.

(6) If an agency fails to publish a notice of adoption within the time required by 2-4-305(7) and
the agency again proposes the same rule for adoption, amendment, or repeal, the proposal must be
considered a new proposal for purposes of compliance with this chapter.

16 (7) At the commencement of any <u>a</u> hearing on the intended action, the person designated by the 17 agency to preside at the hearing shall read aloud the "Notice of Function of Administrative Code 18 Committee" appearing in the register."

19

20

Section 2. Section 2-4-305, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "2-4-305. Requisites for validity -- authority and statement of reasons. (1) The agency shall 22 consider fully written and oral submissions respecting the proposed rule. Upon adoption of a rule, an agency 23 shall issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, incorporating in the 24 statement the reasons for overruling the considerations urged against its adoption. If substantial differences 25 exist between the rule as proposed and as adopted and the differences have not been described or set forth in the adopted rule as that rule is printed in the Montane Administrative Register register, the differences 26 27 must be described in the statement of reasons for and against agency action. When written or oral submissions have not been received, an agency may omit the statement of reasons. 28

Rules may not unnecessarily repeat statutory language. Whenever it is necessary to refer to
 statutory language in order to convey the meaning of a rule interpreting the language, the reference must



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1 clearly indicate the portion of the language that is statutory and the portion that is an amplification of the 2 language.

(3) Each proposed and adopted rule must include a citation to the specific grant of rulemaking 3 4 authority pursuant to which the rule or any part of the rule is adopted. In addition, each proposed and 5 adopted rule must include a citation to the specific section or sections in the Montana Code Annotated that the rule purports to implement. A substantive rule may not be proposed or adopted unless: 6

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(a) a statute granting the agency authority to adopt rules clearly and specifically lists the subject matter of the rule as a subject upon which the agency shall or may adopt rules; or 8

- 9 (b) the rule implements and relates to a subject matter or an agency function that is clearly and specifically included in a statute to which the grant of rulemaking authority extends. 10
- (4) Each rule that is proposed and adopted by an agency and that implements a policy of a 11 12 governing board or commission must include a citation to and description of the policy implemented. Each 13 agency rule implementing a policy and the policy itself must be based on legal authority and otherwise 14 comply with the requisites for validity of rules established by this chapter.
- 15 (5) To be effective, each substantive rule adopted must be within the scope of authority conferred and in accordance with standards prescribed by other provisions of law. 16
- 17 (6) Whenever by the express or implied terms of any statute a state agency has authority to adopt 18 rules to implement, interpret, make specific, or otherwise carry out the provisions of the statute, an adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule adopted is not valid or effective unless it is: 19

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(a) consistent and not in conflict with the statute; and

(b) reasonably necessary to effectuate the purpose of the statute. A statute mandating that the 21 22 agency adopt rules establishes the necessity for rules but does not, standing alone, constitute reasonable 23 necessity for a rule. The agency shall also address the reasonableness component of the reasonable 24 necessity requirement by, as indicated in 2-4-302(1) and subsection (1) of this section, stating the principal 25 reasons and the rationale for its intended action and for the particular approach that it takes in complying 26 with the mandate to adopt rules. Subject to the provisions of subsection (8), reasonable necessity must 27 be clearly and thoroughly demonstrated for each adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule in the agency's 28 notice of proposed rulemaking and in the written and oral data, views, comments, or testimony submitted 29 by the public or the agency and considered by the agency.

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(8) An agency may use an amended proposal notice or the adoption notice to correct deficiencies
 in statements of reasonable necessity, in citations of authority for rules, and in citations of sections
 implemented by rules."

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BILL NO. 1 INTRODUCED BY Gos field 2 3

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE MONTANA ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE
ACT; PROVIDING MORE SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING WHEN AUTHORITY EXISTS TO
ADOPT A RULE AND FOR STATING THE REASONABLE NECESSITY FOR RULES; AND AMENDING
SECTIONS 2-4-302 AND 2-4-305, MCA."

8

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

10

11

Section 1. Section 2-4-302, MCA, is amended to read:

12 "2-4-302. Notice, hearing, and submission of views. (1) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or 13 repeal of any rule, the agency shall give written notice of its intended action. The notice shall <u>must</u> include 14 a statement of either the terms or substance of the intended action or a description of the subjects and 15 issues involved, the rationale for the intended action, and the time when, place where, and manner in which 16 interested persons may present their views thereon on the intended action.

17 (2) (a) The notice ehell must be filed with the secretary of state for publication in the register, as 18 provided in 2-4-312, and mailed within 3 days of publication to persons who have made timely requests 19 to the agency for notice of its rulemaking proceedings and to the office of any professional, trade, or 20 industrial society or organization or member thereof which of the entity that has filed a request with the 21 administrative code committee when such the request has been forwarded to the agency as provided in 22 subsection (2)(b).

(b) The administrative code committee shall forward a list of all organizations or persons who have
 submitted a request to be informed of agency actions to all agencies publishing rulemaking notices in the
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 person requesting to be added to or deleted from the list.

(c) The notice enablement is published and mailed at least 30 days in advance of the agency's
intended action.

(3) If any statute provides for a different method of publication, the affected agency shall comply
 with the statute in addition to the requirements contained herein in this section. However, in no case may

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1 the notice period <u>may not</u> be less than 30 days or more than 6 months.

2 (4) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule, the agency shall afford interested 3 persons at least 20 days' notice of a hearing and at least 28 days from the day of the original notice to 4 submit data, views, or arguments, orally or in writing. If an amended or supplemental notice is filed, 5 additional time may be allowed for oral or written submissions. In the case of substantive rules, the notice of proposed rulemaking must state that opportunity for oral hearing shall must be granted if requested by 6 either 10% or 25, whichever is less, of the persons who will be directly affected by the proposed rule, by 7 a governmental subdivision or agency, by the administrative code committee, or by an association having 8 9 not less than 25 members who will be directly affected.

10 (5) An agency may continue a hearing date for cause. In the discretion of the agency, contested
 11 case procedures need not be followed in hearings held pursuant to this section. If a hearing is otherwise
 12 required by statute, nothing herein in this section alters that requirement.

(6) If an agency fails to publish a notice of adoption within the time required by 2-4-305(7) and
the agency again proposes the same rule for adoption, amendment, or repeal, the proposal must be
considered a new proposal for purposes of compliance with this chapter.

16 (7) At the commencement of env <u>a</u> hearing on the intended action, the person designated by the 17 agency to preside at the hearing shall read aloud the "Notice of Function of Administrative Code 18 Committee" appearing in the register."

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- 20

Section 2. Section 2-4-305, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "2-4-305. Requisites for validity -- authority and statement of reasons. (1) The agency shall 22 consider fully written and oral submissions respecting the proposed rule. Upon adoption of a rule, an agency 23 shall issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, incorporating in the 24 statement the reasons for overruling the considerations urged against its adoption. If substantial differences exist between the rule as proposed and as adopted and the differences have not been described or set forth 25 26 in the adopted rule as that rule is printed in the Montane Administrative Register register, the differences 27 must be described in the statement of reasons for and against agency action. When written or oral 28 submissions have not been received, an agency may omit the statement of reasons.

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 statutory language in order to convey the meaning of a rule interpreting the language, the reference must



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clearly indicate the portion of the language that is statutory and the portion that is an amplification of the
 language.

3 (3) Each proposed and adopted rule must include a citation to the specific grant of rulemaking 4 authority pursuant to which the rule or any part of the rule is adopted. In addition, each proposed and 5 adopted rule must include a citation to the specific section or sections in the Montana Code Annotated that 6 the rule purports to implement. <u>A substantive rule may not be proposed or adopted unless</u>:

(a) a statute granting the agency authority to adopt rules clearly and specifically lists the subject

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8 matter of the rule as a subject upon which the agency shall or may adopt rules; or

9 (b) the rule implements and relates to a subject matter or an agency function that is clearly and
 10 specifically included in a statute to which the grant of rulemaking authority extends.

11 (4) Each rule that is proposed and adopted by an agency and that implements a policy of a 12 governing board or commission must include a citation to and description of the policy implemented. Each 13 agency rule implementing a policy and the policy itself must be based on legal authority and otherwise 14 comply with the requisites for validity of rules established by this chapter.

15 (5) To be effective, each substantive rule adopted must be within the scope of authority conferred
 and in accordance with standards prescribed by other provisions of law.

17 (6) Whenever by the express or implied terms of any statute a state agency has authority to adopt
18 rules to implement, interpret, make specific, or otherwise carry out the provisions of the statute, an
19 adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule adopted is not valid or effective unless it is:

20 (a) consistent and not in conflict with the statute; and

21 (b) reasonably necessary to effectuate the purpose of the statute. A statute mandating that the 22 agency adopt rules establishes the necessity for rules but does not, standing alone, constitute reasonable 23 necessity for a rule. The agency shall also address the reasonableness component of the reasonable 24 necessity requirement by, as indicated in 2-4-302(1) and subsection (1) of this section, stating the principal 25 reasons and the rationale for its intended action and for the particular approach that it takes in complying 26 with the mandate to adopt rules. Subject to the provisions of subsection (8), reasonable necessity must 27 be clearly and thoroughly demonstrated for each adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule in the agency's 28 notice of proposed rulemaking and in the written and oral data, views, comments, or testimony submitted 29 by the public or the agency and considered by the agency.

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(8) An agency may use an amended proposal notice or the adoption notice to correct deficiencies
in statements of reasonable necessity, in citations of authority for rules, and in citations of sections
implemented by rules."

-END-



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1	SENATE BILL NO. 197		
2	INTRODUCED BY GROSFIELD, SIMON, FOSTER, BARTLETT, BAER, OHS, SQUIRES		
3			
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED	: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE MONTANA AL	DMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE
5	ACT; PROVIDING MORE SPE	CIFIC STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING WH	IEN AUTHORITY EXISTS TO
6	ADOPT A RULE AND FOR S	TATING THE REASONABLE NECESSITY FO	OR RULES; AND AMENDING
7	SECTIONS 2-4-302 AND 2-4-305, MCA."		
8			
9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGIS	SLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
10			
11	Section 1. Section 2-4	-302, MCA, is amended to read:	
12	"2-4-302. Notice, hearing, and submission of views. (1) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or		
13	repeal of any rule, the agency s	hall give written notice of its intended action.	The notice shall <u>must</u> include
14	a statement of either the terms	s or substance of the intended action or a de	escription of the subjects and
15	issues involved, the rationale for the intended action, and the time when, place where, and manner in which		
16	interested persons may present their views thereon on the intended action.		
17	(2) (a) The notice shal	<u>must</u> be filed with the secretary of state for	publication in the register, as
18	provided in 2-4-312, and mailed within 3 days of publication to persons who have made timely requests		
19	to the agency for notice of its rulemaking proceedings and to the office of any professional, trade, or		
20	industrial society or organization or member thereof which <u>of the entity that</u> has filed a request with the		
21	administrative code committee when such the request has been forwarded to the agency as provided in		
22	subsection (2)(b).		
23	(b) The administrative	code committee shall forward a list of all orga	nizations or persons who have
24	submitted a request to be informed of agency actions to all agencies publishing rulemaking notices in the		
25	Montana Administrative Register register. The list must be amended by the agency upon request of any		
26	person requesting to be added	to or deleted from the list.	
27	(c) The notice shall <u>m</u>	<u>ust</u> be published and mailed at least 30 day	s in advance of the agency's
28	intended action.		
29	(3) If any statute provi	ides for a different method of publication, the	affected agency shall comply
30	vith the statute in addition to the requirements contained herein in this section. However, in no case may		
	Legislative Services Division	- 1 -	SB 197

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1 the notice period <u>may not</u> be less than 30 days or more than 6 months.

2 (4) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule, the agency shall afford interested 3 persons at least 20 days' notice of a hearing and at least 28 days from the day of the original notice to 4 submit data, views, or arguments, orally or in writing. If an amended or supplemental notice is filed, additional time may be allowed for oral or written submissions. In the case of substantive rules, the notice 5 6 of proposed rulemaking must state that opportunity for oral hearing shall must be granted if requested by 7 either 10% or 25, whichever is less, of the persons who will be directly affected by the proposed rule, by 8 a governmental subdivision or agency, by the administrative code committee, or by an association having 9 not less than 25 members who will be directly affected.

10 (5) An agency may continue a hearing date for cause. In the discretion of the agency, contested 11 case procedures need not be followed in hearings held pursuant to this section. If a hearing is otherwise 12 required by statute, nothing herein in this section alters that requirement.

(6) If an agency fails to publish a notice of adoption within the time required by 2-4-305(7) and
the agency again proposes the same rule for adoption, amendment, or repeal, the proposal must be
considered a new proposal for purposes of compliance with this chapter.

16 (7) At the commencement of any <u>a</u> hearing on the intended action, the person designated by the 17 agency to preside at the hearing shall read aloud the "Notice of Function of Administrative Code 18 Committee" appearing in the register."

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Section 2. Section 2-4-305, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "2-4-305. Requisites for validity -- authority and statement of reasons. (1) The agency shall 22 consider fully written and oral submissions respecting the proposed rule. Upon adoption of a rule, an agency 23 shall issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, incorporating in the 24 statement the reasons for overruling the considerations urged against its adoption. If substantial differences 25 exist between the rule as proposed and as adopted and the differences have not been described or set forth 26 in the adopted rule as that rule is printed in the Montana Administrative Register register, the differences 27 must be described in the statement of reasons for and against agency action. When written or oral 28 submissions have not been received, an agency may omit the statement of reasons.

Rules may not unnecessarily repeat statutory language. Whenever it is necessary to refer to
 statutory language in order to convey the meaning of a rule interpreting the language, the reference must



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clearly indicate the portion of the language that is statutory and the portion that is an amplification of the
 language.

3 (3) Each proposed and adopted rule must include a citation to the specific grant of rulemaking 4 authority pursuant to which the rule or any part of the rule is adopted. In addition, each proposed and 5 adopted rule must include a citation to the specific section or sections in the Montana Code Annotated that 6 the rule purports to implement. <u>A substantive rule may not be proposed or adopted unless</u>:

(a) a statute granting the agency authority to adopt rules clearly and specifically lists the subject
 matter of the rule as a subject upon which the agency shall or may adopt rules; or

9 (b) the rule implements and relates to a subject matter or an agency function that is clearly and
 10 specifically included in a statute to which the grant of rulemaking authority extends.

- (4) Each rule that is proposed and adopted by an agency and that implements a policy of a governing board or commission must include a citation to and description of the policy implemented. Each agency rule implementing a policy and the policy itself must be based on legal authority and otherwise comply with the requisites for validity of rules established by this chapter.
- 15 (5) To be effective, each substantive rule adopted must be within the scope of authority conferred
 and in accordance with standards prescribed by other provisions of law.

17 (6) Whenever by the express or implied terms of any statute a state agency has authority to adopt
18 rules to implement, interpret, make specific, or otherwise carry out the provisions of the statute, an
19 adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule adopted is not valid or effective unless it is:

20 (a) consistent and not in conflict with the statute; and

21 (b) reasonably necessary to effectuate the purpose of the statute. A statute mandating that the 22 agency adopt rules establishes the necessity for rules but does not, standing alone, constitute reasonable 23 necessity for a rule. The agency shall also address the reasonableness component of the reasonable 24 necessity requirement by, as indicated in 2-4-302(1) and subsection (1) of this section, stating the principal 25 reasons and the rationale for its intended action and for the particular approach that it takes in complying 26 with the mandate to adopt rules. Subject to the provisions of subsection (8), reasonable necessity must 27 be clearly and thoroughly demonstrated for each adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule in the agency's 28 notice of proposed rulemaking and in the written and oral data, views, comments, or testimony submitted 29 by the public or the agency and considered by the agency.

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this section and unless notice of adoption of the rule is published within 6 months of the publishing of notice of the proposed rule. If an amended or supplemental notice of either proposed or final rulemaking, or both, is published concerning the same rule, the 6-month limit must be determined with reference to the latest notice in all cases.
(8) An agency may use an amended proposal notice or the adoption notice to correct deficiencies

6 in statements of reasonable necessity, in citations of authority for rules, and in citations of sections
7 implemented by rules."

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