	SB RILL NO 189 BUX 29
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2 -//	INTRODUCED BY Jolden Townshiller In
3	trustraere ( ) 1 Millest MW MM ( Clark Ky mesons
Dan	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE TERRITORIALINTEGRITY LAWS FOR
75	ELECTRICAL SUPPLIERS; AMENDING SECTIONS 69-5-101, 69-5-102, 69-5-103, 69-5-104, 69-5-105,
6	69-5-107, 69-5-108, 69-5-110, AND 69-5-111, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 69-5-106 AND
7	69-5-109, MCA."
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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11	Section 1. Section 69-5-101, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"69-5-101. Short title. This part shall be known and may be cited as the "Territorial Integrity Act
13	o <del>f 1971</del> "."
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15	Section 2. Section 69-5-102, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"69-5-102. Definitions. When used in this part, the following definitions apply:
17	(1) "Commercial premises" means the premises where the business of selling, warehousing, or
18	distributing a commodity or other business activity is carried on or professional or other services are
19	rendered.
20	(2) "Electric cooperative" means a rural electric cooperative organized under Title 35, chapter 18,
21	er a foreign corporation admitted thereunder to do business in Mentana. "Agreement" means a written
22	agreement between two or more electric facility providers that identifies the geographical area to be served
23	by each electric facility provider that is a party to the agreement and any terms and conditions pertinent
24	to the agreement.
25	(2) "Commission" means the public service commission provided for in 2-15-2602.
26	(3) "Electric supplier" "Electric facility provider" means any electrical utility and any electric
27	cooperative that provide one or more electric service facilities to the public.
28	(4) "Electric utility" means a person, firm, or corporation other than an electric cooperative which
29	furnishes electrical service to the public. "Electric service facilities" means any distribution or transmission

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system necessary to bring electric power to the premises.

(5) "Industrial premises" means the premises where an industrial activity is carried on, including
but not limited to the operation of factories, mills, machine shops, mines, oil wells, refineries, pumping
eleaning and dyeing works, ereameries, conneries, stockyards, feedlots, military installations, or other
extractive, fabricating, or processing activities.

(6)(5) "Line" means any electric conductor operating at a nominal voltage level of 34,500 volts or less, measured phase-to-phase.

(7)(6) "Premises" means a building, residence, structure, or facility to which electricity is being or is to be furnished electric service facilities are provided or are to be installed; provided, that however, two or more buildings, structures, or facilities which that are located on one tract or contiguous tracts of land and are utilized used by one electric consumer for farming, business, commercial, industrial, institutional, governmental, or trailer court purposes shall must together constitute one premises, except that any such building, structure, or facility, other than a trailer court, shall may not, together with any other building, structure, or facility, constitute one premises if the electric service to it is separately metered and the charges for such the service are calculated independently of charges for service to any other building, structure, or facility."

Section 3. Section 69-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:

"69-5-103. Territorial integrity of certain municipalities and electric suppliers facility providers in outlying areas. Electric suppliers facility providers shall have rights and be are subject to restrictions, as provided in 69-5-104, through 69-5-105, and 69-5-107, with respect to electric service facilities in:

- (1) all areas outside the boundaries of any incorporated or unincorporated city, town, village, or borough having a population in excess of 3,500 persons on or after March 17, 1939; and
- (2) every incorporated municipality in which 95% or more of the premises are served provided electric service facilities by an electric cooperative electric facility provider on February 1, 1971 [the effective date of this act]."

Section 4. Section 69-5-104, MCA, is amended to read:

"69-5-104. Continuation of <u>electric</u> service <u>facilities</u> to existing consumers. Every electric <u>supplier</u> <u>facility provider</u> <u>shall have has</u> the right to <u>serve provide electric service facilities to</u> all premises being served by it or to which any of its facilities are attached on <u>February 1, 1971</u> [the effective date of this



<u>act]."</u>

- Section 5. Section 69-5-105, MCA, is amended to read:
- "69-5-105. Service Electric service facilities to new consumers. (1) Subject to 69-5-106, the The electric supplier facility provider having a line nearest the premises, as measured in accordance with subsection (2), shall serve provide electric service facilities to the premises initially requiring service after February 1, 1971 [the effective date of this act].
- (2) All measurements under this part shall <u>must</u> be made on the shortest straight line <u>which that</u> can be drawn from the conductor nearest the premises to the nearest permanent portion of the premises.

  Construction power for premises to be constructed <u>shall must</u> be <u>supplied provided</u> by the electric <u>supplier</u> facility provider having the right to <u>serve provide electric service facilities</u> to the completed premises."

- Section 6. Section 69-5-107, MCA, is amended to read:
- "69-5-107. Service Electric service facilities to property owned by electric supplier facility provider. Nothing in The provisions of 69-5-103 through 69-5-105 may not restrict the right of an electric supplier facility provider to furnish electric service facilities to any property owned by the electric supplier facility provider."

- Section 7. Section 69-5-108, MCA, is amended to read:
- "69-5-108. Agreements between electric suppliers facility providers as to service areas. Notwithstanding the provisions of 69-5-103 through 69-5-109 69-5-105, 69-5-107, and 69-5-108, an any electric supplier facility provider may furnish provide electric service facilities to any consumer at any a premises being served to which electric service facilities are being provided by another other electric supplier facility providers upon written agreement of with the affected electric suppliers facility providers or at a premises that to which another electric supplier facility provider has the right to serve provide electric service facilities pursuant to this part, upon entry into a written agreement of the between the affected electric suppliers facility providers, subject to the approval of the commission."

- Section 8. Section 69-5-110, MCA, is amended to read:
- "69-5-110. Jurisdiction of district courts over disputes. The district courts of the county or



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counties within which the premises or lines involved in any dispute are located shall have jurisdiction under this part over all electric suppliers facility providers subject to the previsions thereof this part."

Section 9. Section 69-5-111, MCA, is amended to read:

"69-5-111. Judicial remedies. (1) Whenever it shall appear that any an electric supplier facility provider is failing or omitting or about to fail or omit to do anything required of it by this part or is doing or is about to do anything or to permit anything to be done contrary to or in violation of this part, any the electric supplier facility provider affected thereby shall have has the right to file a complaint in the district court briefly setting forth the acts or omissions complained of and requesting an injunction.

- (2) If an affidavit showing that grounds exist therefor that an electric facility provider is in violation of this part is filed with the complaint, a temporary restraining order shall must be issued without notice. A copy of the temporary restraining order, complaint, and affidavit shall must be served upon the defendant, together with an order to show cause why the temporary restraining order should not be made permanent, within 5 days after issuance of the temporary restraining order. The hearing on the order to show cause must be held at a date specified therein in the order, which shall may not be more than 10 days after service thereof of the order and shall must take precedence over all matters pending before the district court. A judgment making the injunction permanent or dissolving the temporary restraining order theretofore that was issued and dismissing the complaint must be made not later than 10 days after the hearing on the order to show cause.
- (3) Any party aggrieved by the order may appeal to the supreme court of Montana by filing a notice of appeal in the district court within 20 days from entry of the order. The appeal must be perfected within 20 days thereafter after filing the notice of appeal and shall must take precedence over all matters pending before the supreme court of Montana."

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Repealer. Sections 69-5-106 and 69-5-109, MCA, are repealed.

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### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

# Fiscal Note for SB0189, as introduced

# DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act generally revising the territorial integrity laws for electrical suppliers.

# ASSUMPTIONS:

 The Department of Public Service Regulation can accomplish the additional duties prescribed in Senate Bill 189 with current staff and budget.

### FISCAL IMPACT:

There is no fiscal impact to the state.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
Office of Budget and Program Planning

REINY JABS, PRIMARY SPONSOR

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Fiscal Note for SB0189, as introduced

SB 189