1	SENATE BILL NO. 35
2	INTRODUCED BY JENKINS
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING PROCEDURES AND STANDARDS FOR MAKING
6	BUDGET COMPARISONS AND DETERMINING BUDGET PERFORMANCE."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in [section 2], the following definitions apply:
11	(1) "Current biennium" means the biennium during which the legislature is meeting in regular
12	session.
13	(2) "Next biennium" means the biennium for which the regular session of the legislature makes
14	appropriations.
15	(3) (a) "State resources" means:
16	(i) the general fund;
17	(ii) state special revenue funds other than private funds;
18	(iii) federal special revenue funds;
1 <del>9</del>	(iv) proprietary funds that require an appropriation;
20	<ul><li>(v) long-range building program appropriations; and</li></ul>
21	(vi) agency funds distributed to local governments.
22	(b) The term does not include:
23	(i) debt service funds;
24	(ii) capital project funds other than those appropriated;
25	(iii) internal service or proprietary funds that do not require an appropriation;
26	(iv) fund transfers;
27	(v) enterprise funds;
28	(vi) unrestricted or other university funds;
2 <b>9</b>	(vii) agency funds not distributed to local governments;
30	(viii) expendable trust funds;



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1 (ix) nonexpendable trust funds;

2 (x) pension trust funds;

3 (xi) noncash accounting entries; and

4 (xii) private funds deposited in state special revenue accounts.

5

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Budget performance -- comparison. (1) The measure of budget 7 performance is the total actual or estimated expenditure of state resources that reflects the cost of general 8 government operations funded by taxes and fees.

9 (2) In preparing budget comparisons, the office of budget and program planning and the legislative 10 fiscal division shall compare actual expenditures of state resources in the first year of the current biennium 11 plus appropriations of state resources in the second year of the current biennium to appropriations of state 12 resources in the next biennium.

13 (3) The legislative fiscal analyst and the budget director shall enter into an agreement on 14 measurement standards for budget comparisons. The office of budget and program planning and the 15 legislative finance division shall use the same methodology to estimate revenue and amounts of statutory 16 appropriations. If there are differences in estimates of revenue or amounts of statutory appropriations, the 17 legislative fiscal analyst shall explain the differences as part of the independent analysis of the executive 18 budget.

(4) Budget comparisons must include the same attributes and methods of calculation. Items that
are not appropriated at the beginning of a biennium, such as budget amendments, supplemental
appropriations, and emergency appropriations, must be included in budget comparisons, but must be
segregated and indicated as noncomparable items.

23

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and 2] are intended to be codified 25 as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 7, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 7, apply to [sections 1 and 26 2].

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APPROVED BY COM ON FINANCE & CLAIMS

1	SENATE BILL NO. 35
2	INTRODUCED BY JENKINS
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING PROCEDURES AND STANDARDS FOR MAKING
6	BUDGET COMPARISONS AND DETERMINING BUDGET PERFORMANCE."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in [section 2], the following definitions apply:
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12	session.
13	(2) "Next biennium" means the biennium for which the regular session of the legislature makes
14	appropriations.
15	(3) (a) "State resources" means:
16	(i) the general fund;
17	(ii) state special revenue funds other than private funds;
18	(iii) federal special revenue funds;
19	(iv) proprietary funds that require an appropriation;
20	(v) long-range building program appropriations; and
21	(vi) agency funds distributed to local governments.
22	(b) The term does not include:
23	(i) debt service funds;
24	(ii) capital project funds other than those appropriated;
25	(iii) internal service or proprietary funds that do not require an appropriation;
26	(iv) fund transfers;
27	(v) enterprise funds;
28	(vi) unrestricted or other university funds;
29	(vii) agency funds not distributed to local governments;
30	(viii) expendable trust funds;



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1 (ix) nonexpendable trust funds;

- 2 (x) pension trust funds;
- 3 (xi) noncash accounting entries; and
- 4 (xii) private funds deposited in state special revenue accounts.
- 5

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Budget performance -- comparison. (1) The measure of budget 7 performance is the total actual or estimated expenditure of state resources that reflects the cost of general 8 government operations funded by taxes and fees.

9 (2) In preparing budget comparisons, the office of budget and program planning and the legislative 10 fiscal division shall compare actual expenditures of state resources in the first year of the current biennium 11 plus appropriations of state resources in the second year of the current biennium to appropriations of state 12 resources in the next biennium. <u>ANTICIPATED REVERSIONS MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM APPROPRIATED</u> 13 <u>AMOUNTS PER AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE TWO OFFICES.</u>

14 (3) The legislative fiscal analyst and the budget director shall enter into an agreement on 15 measurement standards for budget comparisons. The office of budget and program planning and the 16 legislative finance <u>FISCAL</u> division shall use the same methodology to estimate revenue and <u>THE</u> amounts 17 of statutory appropriations. If there are differences in estimates of revenue or amounts of statutory 18 appropriations, the legislative fiscal analyst shall explain the differences as part of the independent analysis 19 of the executive budget.

4) Budget comparisons must include the same attributes and methods of calculation. Items that
are not appropriated at the beginning of a biennium, such as budget amendments, supplemental
appropriations, and emergency appropriations, must be included in budget comparisons, but must be
segregated and indicated as noncomparable items.

24

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and 2] are intended to be codified 26 as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 7, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 7, apply to [sections 1 and 27 2].

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-END-



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SENATE BILL NO. 35
INTRODUCED BY JENKINS
BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING PROCEDURES AND STANDARDS FOR MAKING
BUDGET COMPARISONS AND DETERMINING BUDGET PERFORMANCE."
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in [section 2], the following definitions apply:
(1) "Current biennium" means the biennium during which the legislature is meeting in regular
session.
(2) "Next biennium" means the biennium for which the regular session of the legislature makes
appropriations.
(3) (a) "State resources" means:
(i) the general fund;
(ii) state special revenue funds other than private funds;
(iii) federal special revenue funds;
(iv) proprietary funds that require an appropriation;
(v) long-range building program appropriations; and
(vi) agency funds distributed to local governments.
(b) The term does not include:
(i) debt service funds;
(ii) capital project funds other than those appropriated;
(iii) internal service or proprietary funds that do not require an appropriation;
(iv) fund transfers;
(v) enterprise funds;
(vi) unrestricted or other university funds;
(vii) agency funds not distributed to local governments;
(viii) expendable trust funds;



1 (ix) nonexpendable trust funds;

2 (x) pension trust funds;

3 (xi) noncash accounting entries; and

4 (xii) private funds deposited in state special revenue accounts.

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6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Budget performance -- comparison. (1) The measure of budget 7 performance is the total actual or estimated expenditure of state resources that reflects the cost of general 8 government operations funded by taxes and fees.

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14 (3) The legislative fiscal analyst and the budget director shall enter into an agreement on 15 measurement standards for budget comparisons. The office of budget and program planning and the 16 legislative finance <u>FISCAL</u> division shall use the same methodology to estimate revenue and <u>THE</u> amounts 17 of statutory appropriations. If there are differences in estimates of revenue or amounts of statutory 18 appropriations, the legislative fiscal analyst shall explain the differences as part of the independent analysis 19 of the executive budget.

(4) Budget comparisons must include the same attributes and methods of calculation. Items that
are not appropriated at the beginning of a biennium, such as budget amendments, supplemental
appropriations, and emergency appropriations, must be included in budget comparisons, but must be
segregated and indicated as noncomparable items.

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28

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and 2] are intended to be codified 26 as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 7, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 7, apply to [sections 1 and 27 2].

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APPROVED BY COM ON APPROPRIATIONS

1	SENATE BILL NO. 35
2	INTRODUCED BY JENKINS
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING PROCEDURES AND STANDARDS FOR MAKING
6	BUDGET COMPARISONS AND DETERMINING BUDGET PERFORMANCE."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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11	(1) "Current biennium" means the biennium during which the legislature is meeting in regular
12	session.
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14	appropriations.
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16	(i) the general fund;
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18	(iii) federal special revenue funds;
19	(iv) proprietary funds that require an appropriation;
20	(v) long-range building program appropriations; and
21	(vi) agency funds distributed to local governments.
22	(b) The term does not include:
23	(i) debt service funds;
24	(ii) capital project funds other than those appropriated;
25	(iii) internal service or proprietary funds that do not require an appropriation;
26	(iv) fund transfers;
27	(v) enterprise funds;
28	(vi) unrestricted or other university funds;
29	(vii) agency funds not distributed to local governments;
30	(viii) expendable trust funds;



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1 (ix) nonexpendable trust funds;

2 (x) pension trust funds;

3 (xi) noncash accounting entries; and

4 (xii) private funds deposited in state special revenue accounts.

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6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Budget performance -- comparison. (1) The measure of budget 7 performance is the total actual or estimated expenditure of state resources that reflects the cost of general 8 government operations funded by taxes and fees.

9 (2) In preparing budget comparisons, the office of budget and program planning and the legislative 10 fiscal division shall compare actual expenditures of state resources in the first year of the current biennium 11 plus appropriations of state resources in the second year of the current biennium to appropriations of state 12 resources in the next biennium. <u>ANTICIPATED REVERSIONS MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM APPROPRIATED</u> 13 AMOUNTS PER AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE TWO OFFICES.

14 (3) The legislative fiscal analyst and the budget director shall enter into an agreement on 15 measurement standards for budget comparisons. The office of budget and program planning and the 16 legislative finance <u>FISCAL</u> division shall use the same methodology to estimate revenue and <u>THE</u> amounts 17 of statutory appropriations. If there are differences in estimates of revenue or amounts of statutory 18 appropriations, the legislative fiscal analyst shall explain the differences as part of the independent analysis 19 of the executive budget.

(4) Budget comparisons must include the same attributes and methods of calculation. Items that
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appropriations, and emergency appropriations, must be included in budget comparisons, but must be
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25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and 2] are intended to be codified 26 as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 7, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 7, apply to [sections 1 and 27 2].

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-END-



1	SENATE BILL NO. 35
2	INTRODUCED BY JENKINS
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING PROCEDURES AND STANDARDS FOR MAKING
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25	(iii) internal service or proprietary funds that do not require an appropriation;
26	(iv) fund transfers;
27	(v) enterprise funds;
28	(vi) unrestricted or other university funds;
29	(vii) agency funds not distributed to local governments;
30	(viii) expendable trust funds;



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(ix) nonexpendable trust funds;

2 (x) pension trust funds;

3 (xi) noncash accounting entries; and

(xii) private funds deposited in state special revenue accounts. 4

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NEW SECTION. Section 2. Budget performance -- comparison. (1) The measure of budget 6 performance is the total actual or estimated expenditure of state resources that reflects the cost of general 7 8 government operations funded by taxes and fees.

9 (2) In preparing budget comparisons, the office of budget and program planning and the legislative fiscal division shall compare actual expenditures of state resources in the first year of the current biennium 10 plus appropriations of state resources in the second year of the current biennium to appropriations of state 11 resources in the next biennium. ANTICIPATED REVERSIONS MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM APPROPRIATED 12 13 AMOUNTS PER AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE TWO OFFICES.

(3) The legislative fiscal analyst and the budget director shall enter into an agreement on 14 measurement standards for budget comparisons. The office of budget and program planning and the 15 legislative finance FISCAL division shall use the same methodology to estimate revenue and THE amounts 16 17 of statutory appropriations. If there are differences in estimates of revenue or amounts of statutory 18 appropriations, the legislative fiscal analyst shall explain the differences as part of the independent analysis 19 of the executive budget.

20 (4) Budget comparisons must include the same attributes and methods of calculation. Items that 21 are not appropriated at the beginning of a biennium, such as budget amendments, supplemental 22 appropriations, and emergency appropriations, must be included in budget comparisons, but must be 23 segregated and indicated as noncomparable items.

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25 NEW SECTION, Section 3. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and 2] are intended to be codified 26 as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 7, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 7, apply to [sections 1 and 27 21.

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