INTRODUCED BY Pink House BILL NO. 560 1 2 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE MORATORIUM ON THE CREATION OF 4 5 NEW SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY ELIMINATING THE PROCEDURES FOR CREATION OF A NEW ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT; ELIMINATING DUTIES OF BOUNDARY COMMISSIONS RELATING TO 6 7 CREATION OF DISTRICTS; ELIMINATING OUTDATED REFERENCES AND PROCEDURES RELATING TO COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICTS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-2701, 7-7-2203, 7-14-2524, 20-3-106, 8 20-3-206, 20-3-302, 20-3-312, 20-3-342, 20-3-343, 20-3-351, 20-3-352, 20-3-355, 20-3-356, 20-6-101, 9 20-6-104, 20-6-312, 20-6-313, 20-9-402, 20-9-435, AND 20-15-404, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 10 11 7-6-2802, 20-6-216, 20-6-217, 20-6-303, 20-6-304, 20-6-311, 20-6-325, 20-6-415, 20-9-451, 20-9-452, 20-9-453, 20-9-454, 20-9-455, AND 20-9-456, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN 12 13 APPLICABILITY DATE." 14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 15 16 17 Section 1. Section 7-6-2701, MCA, is amended to read: 18 "7-6-2701. Investment of certain money in county, municipal, hospital, and school warrants. (1) Except as provided in 7.6-2802, if If a county has under its control any money for which there is no 19 20 immediate demand, in any special fund subject to deposit, which in the judgment of the board of county 21 commissioners it would be advantageous to invest in county, municipal, hospital district, or school district

- 24 (2) For such the purchases, the county commissioners shall:
  - (a) designate the fund or funds to be so invested;
  - (b) fix the amount that may be purchased;
    - (c) establish the rate of interest the county shall must receive for the investment; and

registered warrants, the county commissioners are authorized in their discretion to direct the county

28 (d) designate the warrants which that are to be purchased by such the funds.

treasurer to purchase such the warrants of entities located in the same county.

(3) The officer drawing a warrant to be purchased for investment by a county shall eause to be attached attach to or stamped stamp, written, or printed write, or print upon the warrant a notice to the



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effect that the county will exercise its preference right to purchase the warrant.

- (4) (a) A school district, hospital district, or county warrant presented to the county treasurer for purchase by the county must be registered as any other school district, hospital district, or county warrant.
- (b) A municipal warrant presented to the municipal clerk or treasurer for purchase by the county must be registered, and the holder of the warrant must be informed that the warrant may be presented to the county treasurer for purchase by the county.
- (5) The county treasurer shall, when a warrant designated for purchase under the provisions of subsection (2) is presented to him the treasurer, purchase the same warrant out of the proper fund as designated by the board. When the designated amounts have been invested, the county treasurer shall notify the county clerk and recorder or the applicable officer authorized to draw such the warrants.
- (6) Interest earned from such the investments, including interest on the sale of bonds accrued in the period between the date of issue and the time of purchase, shall must be credited to the sinking fund of the county, notwithstanding the provisions of 7-6-204(1).
- (7) No A provision of this section may <u>not</u> be construed to prevent the investment of county or county high school money under the state unified investment program established in Title 17, chapter 6, part 2."

#### **Section 2.** Section 7-7-2203, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-7-2203. Limitation on amount of bonded indebtedness. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) through (4), a county may not issue general obligation bonds for any purpose that, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds and emergency bonds, will exceed 11.25% of the total of the taxable value of the property in the county, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10), to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes prior to the proposed issuance of bonds, plus, for general obligation bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1997, an additional 11% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, for general obligation bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1998, an additional 22% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, and for general obligation bonds to be issued during fiscal years 1999 through 2008, an additional 33% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, in each case of class eight property, multiplied by 11.25%.

(2) In addition to the bonds allowed by subsection (1), a county may issue bonds that, with all



outstanding bonds and warrants, will not exceed 27.75% of the total of the taxable value of the property in the county subject to taxation, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10), when necessary to do so, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus, for bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1997, an additional 11% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, and for bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1998, an additional 22% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, and for bonds to be issued during fiscal years 1999 through 2008, an additional 33% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, in each case of class eight property, multiplied by 27.75%, for the purpose of acquiring land for a site for county high school buildings and for erecting or acquiring buildings on the site and furnishing and equipping the buildings for county high school purposes.

- (3) In addition to the bonds allowed by subsections (1) and (2), a county may issue bonds for the construction or improvement of a jail that will not exceed 12.5% of the taxable value of the property in the county subject to taxation, plus the adjustments permitted by 7-7-2101.
- (4) The limitation in subsection (1) does not apply to refunding bonds issued for the purpose of paying or retiring county bonds lawfully issued prior to January 1, 1932, or to bonds issued for the repayment of tax protests lost by the county."

 Section 3. Section 7-14-2524, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-14-2524. Limitation on amount of bonds issued -- excess void. (1) Except as otherwise provided in 7-7-2203, 7-7-2204, and this section, a county may not issue bonds that, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school-bonds-and emergency bonds, will exceed 11.25% of the total of the taxable value of the property in the county, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10). The taxable property and the amount of taxes levied on new production, production from horizontally completed wells, and incremental production must be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes prior to the issuance of the bonds.

(2) A county may issue bonds that, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds, will exceed 11.25% but will not exceed 22.5% of the total of the taxable value of the property, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10) when necessary for the purpose of replacing, rebuilding, or repairing county buildings, bridges, or highways that have been destroyed or damaged by an act of God or by a disaster, catastrophe, or accident.



1	(3) The value of the bonds issued and all other outstanding indebtedness of the county, except					
2	county high school bonds, may not exceed 22.5% of the total of the taxable value of the property within					
3	the county, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10), as ascertained by					
4	the last preceding general assessment."					
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6	Section 4. Section 20-3-106, MCA, is amended to read:					
7	"20-3-106. Supervision of schools powers and duties. The superintendent of public instruction					
8	has the general supervision of the public schools and districts of the state and shall perform the following					
9	duties or acts in implementing and enforcing the provisions of this title:					
10	(1) resolve any controversy resulting from the proration of costs by a joint board of trustees unde					
11	the provisions of 20-3-362;					
12	(2) issue, renew, or deny teacher certification and emergency authorizations of employment;					
13	(3) negotiate reciprocal tuition agreements with other states in accordance with the provisions of					
14	20-5-314;					
15	(4) serve on the teachers' retirement board in accordance with the provisions of 2-15-1010;					
16	(5) approve or disapprove the orders of a high school boundary commission in accordance with					
17	the provisions of 20 6 311;					
18	(6) approve or disapprove the opening or reopening of a school in accordance with the provisions					
19	of 20-6-502, 20-6-503, 20-6-504, or 20-6-505;					
20	$\frac{(7)(6)}{(6)}$ approve or disapprove school isolation within the limitations prescribed by 20-9-302;					
21	(8)(7) generally supervise the school budgeting procedures prescribed by law in accordance with					
22	the provisions of 20-9-102 and prescribe the school budget format in accordance with the provisions of					
23	20-9-103 and 20-9-506;					
24	(9)(8) establish a system of communication for calculating joint district revenues revenue in					
25	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-151;					
26	(10)(9) approve or disapprove the adoption of a district's budget amendment resolution under the					
27	conditions prescribed in 20-9-163 and adopt rules for an application for additional direct state aid for a					
28	budget amendment in accordance with the approval and disbursement provisions of 20-9-166;					
29	(11)(10) generally supervise the school financial administration provisions as prescribed by					



20-9-201(2);

$\frac{(12)(11)}{(11)}$ prescribe and furnish the annual report forms to enable the districts to report to the count
superintendent in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(5) and the annual report forms to enable th
county superintendents to report to the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the
provisions of 20-3-209;
(13)(12) approve, disapprove, or adjust an increase of the average number belonging (ANB) is
accordance with the provisions of 20-9-313 and 20-9-314;
(14)(13) distribute BASE aid and special education allowable cost payments in support of the BAS
funding program, in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-331, 20-9-333, 20-9-342, 20-9-346, 20-9-347
and 20-9-366 through 20-9-369;
$\frac{(14)}{(14)}$ provide for the uniform and equal provision of transportation by performing the dutie
prescribed by the provisions of 20-10-112;
(16)(15) approve or disapprove an adult education program for which a district proposes to lev
a tax in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-705;
(17)(16) request, accept, deposit, and expend federal money in accordance with the provisions of
20-9-603;
(18)(17) authorize the use of federal money for the support of an interlocal cooperative agreemen
in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-703 and 20-9-704;
(19)(18) prescribe the form and contents of and approve or disapprove interstate contracts in
accordance with the provisions of 20-9-705;
(20)(19) approve or disapprove the conduct of school on a Saturday or on pupil-instruction-related
days in accordance with the provisions of 20-1-303 and 20-1-304;
(21)(20) recommend standards of accreditation for all schools to the board of public education and
evaluate compliance with the standards and recommend accreditation status of every school to the board
of public education in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-101 and 20-7-102;
(22)(21) collect and maintain a file of curriculum guides and assist schools with instructional
programs in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-113 and 20-7-114;
(23)(22) establish and maintain a library of visual, aural, and other educational media in accordance
with the provisions of 20-7-201;
(24)(23) license textbook dealers and initiate prosecution of textbook dealers violating the law in
accordance with the provisions of the textbooks part of this title;



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1	(25)(24) as the governing agent and executive officer of the state of Montana for K-12 vocation						
2	education, adopt the policies prescribed by and in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-301;						
3	(26)(25) supervise and coordinate the conduct of special education in the state in accordance with						
4	the provisions of 20-7-403;						
5	(27)(26) administer the traffic education program in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-502						
6	(28)(27) administer the school food services program in accordance with the provisions o						
7	20-10-201, 20-10-202, and 20-10-203;						
8	(29)(28) review school building plans and specifications in accordance with the provisions o						
9	20-6-622;						
10	(30)(29) prescribe the method of identification and signals to be used by school safety patrols in						
11	accordance with the provisions of 20-1-408;						
12	(31)(30) provide schools with information and technical assistance for compliance with the student						
13	assessment rules provided for in 20-2-121 and collect and summarize the results of the student assessment						
14	for the board of public education and the legislature;						
15	$\frac{(32)(31)}{(31)}$ administer the distribution of guaranteed tax base aid in accordance with 20-9-366 through						
16	20-9-369; and						
17	(33)(32) perform any other duty prescribed from time to time by this title, any other act of the						
18	legislature, or the policies of the board of public education."						
19							
20	Section 5. Section 20-3-206, MCA, is amended to read:						
21	"20-3-206. Additional positions. In his the capacity as county superintendent, he the county						
22	superintendent also shall also serve as:						
23	(1) the chairman of the county transportation committee, as prescribed by 20-10-131;						
24	(2) a member of the high-school boundary commission of the county, as prescribed by 20-6-304;						
25	(3) an attendance officer for a district under the conditions prescribed by 20-5-104; and						
26	(4)(3) the clerk of a joint board of trustees under the conditions prescribed by 20-3-361."						
27							
28	Section 6. Section 20-3-302, MCA, is amended to read:						
29	"20-3-302. Legislative intent to elect less than majority of trustees. (1) It is the intention of the						
30	legislature that the terms of a majority of the trustee positions of any district with elected trustees may not						



- regularly expire and be subject to election on the same regular school election day. In elementary districts, there may not be more than three trustee positions in first-class districts, two trustee positions in second-class districts or third-class districts having five trustee positions, or one trustee position in third-class districts having three trustee positions regularly subject to election at the same time. In high school districts there may not be more than two additional trustee positions in first- or second-class districts or more than one in third-class districts regularly subject to election at the same time. In high school districts operating a county high school districts, there may not be more than two trustee positions to be filled by members residing in the elementary district where the county high school building is located or more than one trustee position to be filled by members residing outside of the elementary district where the county high school building is located subject to election at the same time.
- (2) In the following circumstances relating to newly created trustee positions, the initial terms may be shortened to comply with the intent of subsection (1):
  - (a) the creation of a new elementary district under the provisions of 20 6 217;
- (b) the consolidation of two or more elementary districts to form an elementary district under the provisions of 20-6-203 or the consolidation of two or more high school districts to form a high school district under the provisions of 20-6-315;
- 17 (e)(b) the establishment of additional trustee positions of a high school district under the provisions
  18 of 20-3-353 or 20-3-354 or new trustee positions under the provisions of 20-3-352(3);
- 19 (d)(c) the change of a district's classification under the provisions of 20-6-201 or 20-6-301;
- 20 (e)(d) the establishment of additional elementary trustee positions under the provisions of 20-3-341(3); or
- 22 (f)(e) the establishment of additional high school trustee positions under the provisions of 23 20-6-313.
  - (3) If the change of a district's classification under 20-6-201 or 20-6-301 decreases the number of trustee positions, the positions must be eliminated in a manner that complies with the intent of subsection (1).
  - (4) Although the legislature intends that the terms of a majority of trustees of any district may not regularly expire and be subject to election at the same time, it is recognized that filling a vacancy under 20-3-308 may lead to a subsequent school election in which a majority of trustee positions are subject to election at the same time."



Section 7. Section 20-3-312, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-312. Trustees of district affected by boundary change. The trustees of any district to which the territory of another district is attached as a result of annexation, abandonment, joint district dissolution, territory transfer, or any other method of changing district boundaries, except by the consolidation of elementary districts or by the creation of a new elementary district, shall continue to be the trustees of such the district with the same powers, duties, and responsibilities and subject to the same limitations provided by law<sub>7</sub> as if there had been no boundary change. In the case of elementary district consolidation or the creation of a new elementary district, the appointed trustees of the resulting elementary district shall assume their trustee positions under the authority of 20-6-203 or 20-6-216, whichever is applicable."

Section 8. Section 20-3-342, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-342. Determination of terms after ereation or consolidation of elementary districts. Whenever the trustees are elected at one regular school election under the circumstances described in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) of 20-3-302(2)(a), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office. Such The terms of office by trustee position shall must be:

- (1) three for 3 years, two for 2 years, and two for 1 year in a first-class elementary district;
- (2) two for 3 years, two for 2 years, and one for 1 year in second-class elementary districts and third-class elementary districts having five trustee positions; or
- (3) one for 3 years, one for 2 years, and one for 1 year in a third-class elementary district having three trustee positions."

Section 9. Section 20-3-343, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-343. Determination of terms after change of district classification. Whenever the change of an elementary district classification requires the addition of trustee positions to the trustees of such the district under the circumstance described in 20-3-302(2)(d)(2)(c), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office, which shall must be one for 3 years and one for 2 years."

Section 10. Section 20-3-351, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-351. Number of trustee positions in high school districts. (1) Except as provided in 20-3-352(3) and subsection (2) of this section, the trustees of a high school district, except a high-school



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district operating a county high school, must be composed of:

- (a) the trustees of the elementary district in which the high school building is located or, if there is more than one elementary district in which high school buildings are located, the trustees of the elementary district designated by the high school boundary commission; and
  - (b) the additional trustee positions determined in accordance with 20-3-352(2).
- (2) The trustees of a high school district operating a There must be seven trustee positions for each county high school must be composed of seven trustee positions."

Section 11. Section 20-3-352, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-352. Request and determination of number of high school district additional trustee positions -- nonvoting trustee. (1) As provided in 20-3-351(1)(b), a high school district, except a county high school district operating a county high school, may have additional trustee positions when the trustees of a majority of the elementary districts with territory located in the high school district, but without equitable representation on the high school district trustees under the provision of 20-3-351(1)(a), request the establishment of additional trustee positions under the provisions of subsection (2) or when the electors approve an alternative method of electing members of the board of trustees under the provisions of subsection (3).

- (2) A request for additional trustee positions must be made to the county superintendent by a resolution of the trustees of each elementary district. When a resolution has been received from a majority of the elementary districts without representation on the high school district trustees, the county superintendent shall determine the number of additional trustee positions for the affected high school district in accordance with the following procedure:
- (a) The taxable valuation of the elementary district that has its trustees placed on the high school trustees must be divided by the number of positions on the trustees of the elementary district to determine the taxable valuation per trustee position.
- (b) The taxable valuation used for the calculation in subsection (2)(a) must be subtracted from the taxable valuation of the high school district to determine the taxable valuation of the territory of the high school district without representation on the high school district trustees.
- (c) The taxable valuation determined in subsection (2)(b) must be divided by the taxable valuation per trustee position calculated in subsection (2)(a). The resulting quotient must be rounded off to the



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nearest whole number, except that when the quotient is less than 0.5, at least one nonvoting trustee position must be established for the territory without representation on the high school district board of trustees under the provision of 20-3-351(1)(a).

- (d) Except for a nonvoting trustee position, the number determined in subsection (2)(c) must be the number of additional trustee positions, except that the number of additional trustee positions may not exceed four in a first- or second-class high school district or two in a third-class high school district except when two-thirds or more of the high school enrollment of the high school district and two-thirds or more of the taxable valuation of the high school district are located outside of the elementary district that has its trustees placed on the high school district trustees. When this situation exists, three additional trustees must be elected from the elementary school districts in which the high school is not located and one additional trustee must be elected at large in the high school district.
- (3) (a) If more than half of the electors of the high school district reside outside the territory of the elementary school district in which the high school district buildings are located, at least 10% of the electors of the high school district who are qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301 may petition the county superintendent, requesting an election to consider a proposition on the question of establishing the following alternative method of electing the members of the high school district board of trustees:
- (i) one trustee to be elected from each elementary school district with territory included in the high school district; and
- (ii) two or three trustees to be elected at large in the high school district, whichever number results in an odd number of members on the board of trustees.
- (b) (i) When the county superintendent receives a valid petition, the county superintendent shall order the trustees of the high school district to conduct an election on the next regular school election day on the proposition allowed under the provisions of subsection (3)(a).
- (ii) If the electors of the district approve a proposition to establish the alternative method of electing the high school board of trustees, the county superintendent shall order that the members of the board of trustees be elected according to subsection (3)(a) at the next regular school election.
- (c) Whenever the trustees are elected at one regular election under subsection (3)(b), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office. The terms of office by trustee position must be divided as equally as practicable among 1-, 2-, and 3-year terms.
  - (d) A petition to call an election for the purposes of subsection (3) may not be submitted to the



county superintendent more than one time in each 5-year period."

- Section 12. Section 20-3-355, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-3-355. Determination of terms after establishment or reestablishment of additional trustee positions. (1) Whenever all of the additional trustee positions are subject to election at one regular school election under the circumstance described in 20-3-302(2)(e)(2)(b), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office. Such The terms of office by number of members elected shall must be:
- (a) two for 3 years, if four are elected;
  - (b) one for 3 years, if one, two, or three are elected;
  - (c) one for 2 years, if two, three, or four are elected; and
- 12 (d) one for 1 year, if three or four are elected.
  - (2) Whenever the reestablishment of the additional trustee positions for a high school district under the provisions of 20-3-354 results in an increased number of additional trustee positions, the members who are elected at the next regular school election shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office and such the terms shall must be determined in accordance with the additional trustee terms prescribed in this section."

- Section 13. Section 20-3-356, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-3-356. Membership of elected trustees of high school district operating county high school district and nomination of candidates. (1) The trustees of a high school district operating a county high school district shall be composed of must include the following:
- (a) four trustee positions filled by members residing in the elementary district where the county high school building is located; and
- (b) three trustee positions filled by members one of whom resides in each of the three trustee nominating districts in the territory of the high school district outside of the elementary district where the county high school building is located. The county superintendent shall establish the nominating districts, and, unless it is impossible, such the districts shall must have coterminous boundaries with elementary district boundaries.
  - (2) The provisions of 20-3-305 shall govern the nomination of candidates for the trustee election



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prescribed in this section."

Section 14. Section 20-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-6-101. Definition of elementary and high school districts. (1) As used in this title, except as defined in 20-9-402 for bonding purposes or unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term "district" means the territory, regardless of county boundaries, organized under the provisions of this title to provide public educational services under the jurisdiction of the trustees prescribed by this title. High

school districts may encompass all or parts of the territory of one or more elementary districts.

(2) (a) An elementary district is a district organized for the purpose of providing public education for all grades up to and including grade 8 and for preschool programs and kindergartens. An elementary district may be inactive if the district attaches to a high school district under the provisions of 20-6-701 to form a K-12 school district.

(b) A high school district is a district organized for the purpose of providing those public educational services authorized by this title for all grades beyond grade 8, including postsecondary programs, except those programs administered by community college districts or the Montana university system. A high school district with an attached elementary district may provide the educational services for an elementary district through the procedures established in 20-6-701 through 20-6-703.

(3) An elementary district is known as "District No. ...., County" and a high school district, except a high school district where a county high school is operated, is known as "High School District No. ...., County". A district is a body corporate and, as a body corporate, may sue and be sued, contract and be contracted with, and acquire, hold, use, and dispose of real or personal property for school purposes, within the limitations prescribed by law. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the trustees of elementary districts and high school districts have the same types of powers, duties, and responsibilities authorized and imposed by the laws of Montana.

(4) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, an elementary district operating a high school in a county that has not been divided into high school districts is considered a high school district under this title and the trustees of the elementary district are the trustees of the high school district. An elementary district operating a high school may not have the bending authority of a high school district. However, the elementary district may exercise its bending authority, in the manner provided by law, for high school purposes.



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(6)(4) As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, a county high school is considered a high school district that has not unifed with an elementary district under 20-6-312. subject to the limitations prescribed by law for a county high school as a result of its being a part of the county government. The boundaries of the high school district for a county high school are:

- (a) the high school district boundaries established by the county high school boundary commission: or
- (b) if no boundaries have been established, the county boundaries, except for any territory located in a joint high school district.
- (6) A county high school recognized as a high school district under the provisions of subsection (5)(b) may not have a bonding authority. Instead, the county shall exercise its bonding authority in the manner provided in 20 9 451."

- Section 15. Section 20-6-104, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-6-104. Moratorium on creation of new district -- exception. (1) A school district may not initiate the creation of a new elementary district under the provisions of 20 6 216 and 20 6 217 or initiate the creation of a new high school district under the provisions of 20 6 303 and 20 6 325.
- (2) This section does not apply to a district that results from the procedure for the dissolution of a K-12 school district pursuant to 20-6-704."

- Section 16. Section 20-6-312, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-6-312. County high school unification. (1) Any county high school may be unified with the elementary district where the county high school building is located to establish a unified school system under a unified board of trustees. If the county has not been divided into high school districts, a high school district with boundaries coterminous with the county boundaries shall be created, except that such high school district shall not include the territory of any existing joint high school district located in the county. The territory of an existing joint high school district shall must remain a part of such the joint high school district. The creation of high school districts under this provision shall be in lieu of the high school district division provisions of 20-6-303.
- (2) A proposition to unify a county high school with the elementary district where the county high school building is located shall must be introduced whenever:



(a) the trustees of the county high school and the trustees of the elementary district individually
pass resolutions requesting the county superintendent to order an election to consider a unification
proposition; or

- (b) not less than 20% of the electors of the county or, if the county has been divided into high school districts, the electors of the high school district where the county high school is located, and who are qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301, petition the county superintendent to order an election to consider a unification proposition.
- (3) When the county superintendent has received the trustees' resolutions or a valid petition, he the county superintendent shall, within 10 days after the receipt of the last resolution or petition and under the provisions of 20-20-201, order the county high school to call an election to consider a unification proposition. The trustees of the county high school shall call and conduct an election in the manner prescribed in this title for school elections. An elector who may vote on the unification proposition shall must be qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301. The ballot for a county high school unification proposition shall must be substantially in the following form:

### "OFFICIAL BALLOT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL UNIFICATION ELECTION

Shall .... County High School be unified with District No. ...., .... County to establish a unified school system under a unified board of trustees?

- [] FOR the unification of the county high school.
- 19 [] AGAINST the unification of the county high school."
  - (4) When the county superintendent receives the election certificate from the trustees of the county high school, he the county superintendent shall issue an order declaring the unification of the county high school with the elementary district identified on the ballot as of the next succeeding July 1, if a majority of those electors voting at such the election have voted for the unification proposition.
  - (5) If a majority of those electors voting at the election have voted against the unification proposition, he the county superintendent shall order the disapproval of the unification proposition."

Section 17. Section 20-6-313, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-6-313. Transactions after approved county high school unification. (1) Whenever a county high school is unified with the elementary district where the county high school building is located, the following transactions shall must be completed on or before the July 1 when the unification becomes



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effective:

 (a) The high school boundary commission, without the approval of the superintendent of public instruction, shall order the creation of a high school district if the county has not already been divided into high school districts.

(b) The county high school trustees, who shall do not have the capacity to govern the high school-district upon unification, shall surrender all minutes, documents, and other records of the county high school to the trustees of the high school district.

(e)(b) The county superintendent shall order the establishment of additional high school trustee nominating areas in the manner prescribed in 20-3-352 and 20-3-353, if requested to do so by a majority of the outlying elementary districts located in the high school district. When the county superintendent establishes such the areas, he the county superintendent shall appoint additional high school district trustees from each area, who shall hold office until a successor is elected at the next regular school election and qualified.

(d)(c) The county treasurer, after allowing for any outstanding or registered warrants, shall transfer all end-of-the-year fund cash balances of the county high school to similar funds established for the high school district. All previous years' taxes levied and collected for the county high school shall be credited to the appropriate fund of the high school district.

(e) The board of county commissioners shall execute, in the name of the county, all necessary and appropriate deeds, bills of sale, and other instruments for the conveyance of title to all real and personal property of the county high school, including all appurtenances and hereditaments, to the high school district.

(2) All county high school bonds outstanding at the time of unification shall remain the obligation of the county or that portion of the county against which the bonds were originally issued. The high school district shall be is responsible for the maintenance of the debt service fund for such the bonds. It shall be is the duty of the board of county commissioners and the trustees of the high school district to perform the duties prescribed in the school budgeting and bond redemption provisions of this title for the redemption and interest payments of the county high school bonds in the same manner and by the same means as though the county high school had not been unified."

Section 18. Section 20-9-402, MCA, is amended to read:



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"20-9-402. Definition of school district for bonding purposes. For the purposes of indebting an elementary district, a high school district, or a community college district by the issuance of bonds under the provisions of this title, the term "school district" shall mean means any elementary district, high school district, county high school district, or community college district; except the following types of high schools recognized as high school districts without a bonding authority in 20.6.101:

- (1) high schools operated by an elementary district in a county that has not been divided into high school districts; or
- (2) county high schools located in a county that has not been divided into high school districts by the county high school boundary commission."

1 2

- Section 19. Section 20-9-435, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-9-435. Delivery of school district bonds and disposition of sale meneys money. (1) After the school district bonds have been registered, the county treasurer shall:
- (a) when the board of investments has purchased the bonds, forward the bonds to the board that, in turn, shall send the bonds to the state treasurer and shall pay the bonds in the manner provided by law; or
- (b) if the purchaser is anybody other than the board of investments, deliver the bonds to the purchaser when full payment of the bonds has been made by the purchaser.
- (2) If any of the trustees fails or refuses to pay into the proper county treasury the money arising from the sale of a bond, the trustee is guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than 1 year or more than 10 years or by a fine of not more than \$50,000, or both.
- (3) All money realized from the sale of school district bonds must be paid to the county treasurer. The county treasurer shall credit the money to the building fund of the school district issuing the bonds, except money realized for accrued interest or the purposes defined in 20-9-403(1)(c) and (1)(d) must be deposited in the debt service fund and money realized for the purposes authorized in 20-9-403(1)(e) must be deposited in a fund, as provided for in 2-9-316, to pay a final judgment against the school district. The money realized from the sale of school district bonds must be immediately available to the school district, and the trustees may expend the money without budgeted authorization only for the purposes for which the bonds were authorized by the school district bond election. Under the provisions of 7-6-2802, the trustees may invest the money for which there is no immediate demand and the interest earned by



- investment must be used in the manner provided in 7-6-2802. After the full accomplishment of the purpose 1 2 or purposes of a bond issue, the excess money realized from the bond issue must be transferred to the debt service fund of the school district to be used for the redemption or purchase of bonds of the issue." 3 4 Section 20. Section 20-15-404, MCA, is amended to read: 5 "20-15-404. Trustees to adhere to certain other laws. Unless the context clearly indicates 6 7 otherwise, the trustees of a community college district shall adhere to: (1) the teachers' retirement provisions of Title 19, chapter 20; 8 (2) the provisions of 20-1-201, 20-1-205, 20-1-211, and 20-1-212; 9 (3) the school property provisions of 20-6-604, 20-6-605, 20-6-621, 20-6-622, 20-6-624, 10 11 20-6-631, and 20-6-633 through 20-6-636; (4) the adult education provisions of 20-7-701 through 20-7-713; 12 (5) the administration of finances provisions of 20-9-115, 20-9-134, 20-9-207, 20-9-208, 13 20-9-210, 20-9-215, 20-9-221, 20-9-223, and 20-9-512; 14 (6) the school bond provisions of 20-9-401 through 20-9-408, 20-9-410 through 20-9-412, 15 20-9-421 through 20-9-446, <del>20-9-451 through 20-9-466,</del> and 20-9-461 through 20-9-465; 16 (7) the special purpose funds provisions of 20-9-502, 20-9-503, 20-9-507, 20-9-508, and 17 18 20-9-511: (8) the educational cooperative agreements provisions of 20-9-701 through 20-9-704; 19 (9) the school elections provisions of Title 20, chapter 20; 20 (10) the students' rights provisions of 20-25-511 through 20-25-516; and 21 (11) the health provisions of 50-1-206." 22 23 NEW SECTION. Section 21. Repealer. Sections 7-6-2802, 20-6-216, 20-6-217, 20-6-303, 24 20-6-304, 20-6-311, 20-6-325, 20-6-415, 20-9-451, 20-9-452, 20-9-453, 20-9-454, 20-9-455, and 25 20-9-456, MCA, are repealed. 26 27 NEW SECTION. Section 22. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997, and applies to 28
- 30 END-

bonds issued on or after [the effective date of this act].

#### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

### Fiscal Note for HB0560, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION: An act implementing the moratorium on the creation of new school districts by eliminating the procedures for creation of a new elementary or high school district; eliminating duties of boundary commissions relating to creation of districts; eliminating outdated references and procedures relating to county high school districts;

## ASSUMPTIONS:

- HB 560 transfers the authority to sell bonds for county high schools from the county commission to the trustees of the county high school district. This statutory change will have no practical effect because under current practice, county high schools sell bonds as high school district obligations, not as county obligations.
- There are four county high schools that are not unified with an elementary 2. district. These high school districts are Beaverhead, Carter, Dawson, and Powell.
- Under 20-6-104, MCA, there is a moratorium on the creation of new elementary and high school districts. HB 560 eliminates statutory language which provides for the creation of new elementary and high school districts. HB 560 does not effect the ability of taxpayers to petition for the transfer of territory or for the annexation or consolidation of districts.

FISCAL IMPACT: None.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning

PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for  $\frac{\text{HB0560, as introduced}}{\text{HB}}$ 

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 560				
2	. INTRODUCED BY PECK				
3					
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE MORATORIUM ON THE CREATION OF				
5	NEW SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY ELIMINATING THE PROCEDURES FOR CREATION OF A NEW ELEMENTARY				
6	OR HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT; ELIMINATING DUTIES OF BOUNDARY COMMISSIONS RELATING TO				
7	CREATION OF DISTRICTS; ELIMINATING OUTDATED REFERENCES AND PROCEDURES RELATING TO				
8	COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICTS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-2701, 7-7-2203, 7-14-2524, 20-3-106,				
9	20-3-206, 20-3-302, 20-3-312, 20-3-342, 20-3-343, 20-3-351, 20-3-352, 20-3-355, 20-3-356, 20-6-101,				
10	20-6-104, 20-6-312, 20-6-313, <u>20-6-501,</u> 20-9-402, 20-9-435, AND 20-15-404, MCA; REPEALING				
11	SECTIONS 7-6-2802, 20-6-216, 20-6-217, 20-6-303, 20-6-304, 20-6-311, 20-6-325, 20-6-415, 20-9-451,				
12	20-9-452, 20-9-453, <b>20-9-4</b> 54, 20-9-455, AND 20-9-456, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE				
13	AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."				
14					
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:				
16					
17	Section 1. Section 7-6-2701, MCA, is amended to read:				
18	"7-6-2701. Investment of certain money in county, municipal, hospital, and school warrants. (1)				
19	Except as provided in 7-6-2802, if If a county has under its control any money for which there is no				
20	immediate demand, in any special fund subject to deposit, which in the judgment of the board of county				
21	commissioners it would be advantageous to invest in county, municipal, hospital district, or school district				
22	registered warrants, the county commissioners are authorized in their discretion to direct the county				
23	treasurer to purchase such the warrants of entities located in the same county.				
24	(2) For such the purchases, the county commissioners shall:				
25	(a) designate the fund or funds to be <del>so</del> invested;				
26	(b) fix the amount that may be purchased;				
27	(c) establish the rate of interest the county shall must receive for the investment; and				
28	(d) designate the warrants which that are to be purchased by such the funds.				
29	(3) The officer drawing a warrant to be purchased for investment by a county shall eause to be				
30	attached attach to or stamped stamp, written, or printed write, or print upon the warrant a notice to the				

- effect that the county will exercise its preference right to purchase the warrant.
- (4) (a) A school district, hospital district, or county warrant presented to the county treasurer for purchase by the county must be registered as any other school district, hospital district, or county warrant.
- (b) A municipal warrant presented to the municipal clerk or treasurer for purchase by the county must be registered, and the holder of the warrant must be informed that the warrant may be presented to the county treasurer for purchase by the county.
- (5) The county treasurer shall, when a warrant designated for purchase under the provisions of subsection (2) is presented to him the treasurer, purchase the same warrant out of the proper fund as designated by the board. When the designated amounts have been invested, the county treasurer shall notify the county clerk and recorder or the applicable officer authorized to draw such the warrants.
- (6) Interest earned from such the investments, including interest on the sale of bonds accrued in the period between the date of issue and the time of purchase, shall must be credited to the sinking fund of the county, notwithstanding the provisions of 7-6-204(1).
- (7) No A provision of this section may <u>not</u> be construed to prevent the investment of county or county high school money under the state unified investment program established in Title 17, chapter 6, part 2."

Section 2. Section 7-7-2203, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-7-2203. Limitation on amount of bonded indebtedness. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) through (4), a county may not issue general obligation bonds for any purpose that, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds and emergency bonds, will exceed 11.25% of the total of the taxable value of the property in the county, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10), to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes prior to the proposed issuance of bonds, plus, for general obligation bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1997, an additional 11% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, for general obligation bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1998, an additional 22% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, and for general obligation bonds to be issued during fiscal years 1999 through 2008, an additional 33% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, in each case of class eight property, multiplied by 11.25%.

(2) In addition to the bonds allowed by subsection (1), a county may issue bonds that, with all



outstanding bonds and warrants, will not exceed 27.75% of the total of the taxable value of the property in the county subject to taxation, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10), when necessary to do so, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus, for bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1997, an additional 11% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, and for bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1998, an additional 22% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995 through 2008, an additional 33% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, in each case of class eight property, multiplied by 27.75%, for the purpose of acquiring land for a site for county high school buildings and for creeting or acquiring buildings on the site and furnishing and equipping the buildings for county high school purposes.

- (3) In addition to the bonds allowed by subsections (1) and (2), a county may issue bonds for the construction or improvement of a jail that will not exceed 12.5% of the taxable value of the property in the county subject to taxation, plus the adjustments permitted by 7-7-2101.
- (4) The limitation in subsection (1) does not apply to refunding bonds issued for the purpose of paying or retiring county bonds lawfully issued prior to January 1, 1932, or to bonds issued for the repayment of tax protests lost by the county."

## Section 3. Section 7-14-2524, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-14-2524. Limitation on amount of bonds issued -- excess void. (1) Except as otherwise provided in 7-7-2203, 7-7-2204, and this section, a county may not issue bonds that, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds and emergency bonds, will exceed 11.25% of the total of the taxable value of the property in the county, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10). The taxable property and the amount of taxes levied on new production, production from horizontally completed wells, and incremental production must be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes prior to the issuance of the bonds.

(2) A county may issue bonds that, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds, will exceed 11.25% but will not exceed 22.5% of the total of the taxable value of the property, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10) when necessary for the purpose of replacing, rebuilding, or repairing county buildings, bridges, or highways that have been destroyed or damaged by an act of God or by a disaster, catastrophe, or accident.

1	(3) The value of the bonds issued and all other outstanding indebtedness of the county, excep-
2	county high school bonds, may not exceed 22.5% of the total of the taxable value of the property within
3	the county, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10), as ascertained by
4	the last preceding general assessment."
5	
6	Section 4. Section 20-3-106, MCA, is amended to read:
7	"20-3-106. Supervision of schools powers and duties. The superintendent of public instruction
8	has the general supervision of the public schools and districts of the state and shall perform the following
9	duties or acts in implementing and enforcing the provisions of this title:
10	(1) resolve any controversy resulting from the proration of costs by a joint board of trustees under
11	the provisions of 20-3-362;
12	(2) issue, renew, or deny teacher certification and emergency authorizations of employment;
13	(3) negotiate reciprocal tuition agreements with other states in accordance with the provisions o
14	20-5-314;
15	(4) serve on the teachers' retirement board in accordance with the provisions of 2-15-1010;
16	(5) approve or disapprove the orders of a high school boundary commission in accordance with
17	the provisions of 20 6 311;
18	(6) approve or disapprove the opening or reopening of a school in accordance with the provisions
19	of 20-6-502, 20-6-503, 20-6-504, or 20-6-505;
20	(7)(6) approve or disapprove school isolation within the limitations prescribed by 20-9-302;
21	(8)(7) generally supervise the school budgeting procedures prescribed by law in accordance with
22	the provisions of 20-9-102 and prescribe the school budget format in accordance with the provisions of
23	20-9-103 and 20-9-506;
24	(9)(8) establish a system of communication for calculating joint district revenues revenue in
25	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-151;
26	(10)(9) approve or disapprove the adoption of a district's budget amendment resolution under the
27	conditions prescribed in 20-9-163 and adopt rules for an application for additional direct state aid for a
28	budget amendment in accordance with the approval and disbursement provisions of 20-9-166;
29	(11)(10) generally supervise the school financial administration provisions as prescribed by

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20-9-201(2);

1	(12)(11) prescribe and furnish the annual report forms to enable the districts to report to the county
2	superintendent in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(5) and the annual report forms to enable the
3	county superintendents to report to the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the
4	provisions of 20-3-209;
5	$\frac{(13)(12)}{(12)}$ approve, disapprove, or adjust an increase of the average number belonging (ANB) in
6	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-313 and 20-9-314;
7	(14)(13) distribute BASE aid and special education allowable cost payments in support of the BASE
8	funding program, in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-331, 20-9-333, 20-9-342, 20-9-346, 20-9-347,
9	and 20-9-366 through 20-9-369;
10	(15)(14) provide for the uniform and equal provision of transportation by performing the duties
11	prescribed by the provisions of 20-10-112;
12	(16)(15) approve or disapprove an adult education program for which a district proposes to levy
13	a tax in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-705;
14	(17)(16) request, accept, deposit, and expend federal money in accordance with the provisions of
15	20-9-603;
16	(18)(17) authorize the use of federal money for the support of an interlocal cooperative agreement
17	in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-703 and 20-9-704;
18	(19)(18) prescribe the form and contents of and approve or disapprove interstate contracts in
19	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-705;
20	(20)(19) approve or disapprove the conduct of school on a Saturday or on pupil-instruction-related
21	days in accordance with the provisions of 20-1-303 and 20-1-304;
22	(21)(20) recommend standards of accreditation for all schools to the board of public education and
23	evaluate compliance with the standards and recommend accreditation status of every school to the board
24	of public education in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-101 and 20-7-102;
25	(22)(21) collect and maintain a file of curriculum guides and assist schools with instructional
26	programs in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-113 and 20-7-114;
27	(23)(22) establish and maintain a library of visual, aural, and other educational media in accordance
28	with the provisions of 20-7-201;
29	(24)(23) license textbook dealers and initiate prosecution of textbook dealers violating the law in

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accordance with the provisions of the textbooks part of this title;

1	(25)(24) as the governing agent and executive officer of the state of Montana for K-12 vocational					
2	education, adopt the policies prescribed by and in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-301;					
3	(26)(25) supervise and coordinate the conduct of special education in the state in accordance with					
4	the provisions of 20-7-403;					
5	(27)(26) administer the traffic education program in accordance with the provisions of 20 7-502;					
6	(28)(27) administer the school food services program in accordance with the provisions of					
7	20-10-201, 20-10-202, and 20-10-203;					
8	(29)(28) review school building plans and specifications in accordance with the provisions of					
9	20-6-622;					
10	(30)(29) prescribe the method of identification and signals to be used by school safety patrols in					
11	accordance with the provisions of 20-1-408;					
12	(3-1)(30) provide schools with information and technical assistance for compliance with the student					
13	assessment rules provided for in 20-2-121 and collect and summarize the results of the student assessment					
14	for the board of public education and the legislature;					
15	$\frac{(32)}{(31)}$ administer the distribution of guaranteed tax base aid in accordance with 20-9-366 through					
16	20-9-369; and					
17	(33)(32) perform any other duty prescribed from time to time by this title, any other act of the					
18	legislature, or the policies of the board of public education."					
19						
20	Section 5. Section 20-3-206, MCA, is amended to read:					
21	"20-3-206. Additional positions. In his the capacity as county superintendent, he the county					
22	superintendent also shall also serve as:					
23	(1) the chairman of the county transportation committee, as prescribed by 20-10-131;					
24	(2) a member of the high school boundary commission of the county, as prescribed by 20-6-304;					
25	(3) an attendance officer for a district under the conditions prescribed by 20-5-104; and					
26	(4)(3) the clerk of a joint board of trustees under the conditions prescribed by 20-3-361."					
27						
28	Section 6. Section 20-3-302, MCA, is amended to read:					
29	"20-3-302. Legislative intent to elect less than majority of trustees. (1) It is the intention of the					
30	legislature that the terms of a majority of the trustee positions of any district with elected trustees may not					



regularly expire and be subject to election on the same regular school election day. In elementary districts, there may not be more than three trustee positions in first-class districts, two trustee positions in second-class districts or third-class districts having five trustee positions, or one trustee position in third-class districts having three trustee positions regularly subject to election at the same time. In high school districts there may not be more than two additional trustee positions in first- or second-class districts or more than one in third-class districts regularly subject to election at the same time. In high school districts operating a county high school districts, there may not be more than two trustee positions to be filled by members residing in the elementary district where the county high school building is located or more than one trustee position to be filled by members residing outside of the elementary district where the county high school building is located subject to election at the same time.

- (2) In the following circumstances relating to newly created trustee positions, the initial terms may be shortened to comply with the intent of subsection (1):
  - (a) the creation of a new elementary district under the provisions of 20 6 217;
- (b) the consolidation of two or more elementary districts to form an elementary district under the provisions of 20-6-203 or the consolidation of two or more high school districts to form a high school district under the provisions of  $\angle 0$ -6-315;
- (e)(b) the establishment of additional trustee positions of a high school district under the provisions of 20-3-353 or 20-3-354 or new trustee positions under the provisions of 20-3-352(3);
- 19 (d)(c) the change of a district's classification under the provisions of 20-6-201 or 20-6-301;
- $\frac{\text{(e)}(d)}{(d)}$  the establishment of additional elementary trustee positions under the provisions of 21 20-3-341(3); or
- 22 (f)(e) the establishment of additional high school trustee positions under the provisions of 20-6-313.
  - (3) If the change of a district's classification under 20-6-201 or 20-6-301 decreases the number of trustee positions, the positions must be eliminated in a manner that complies with the intent of subsection (1).
  - (4) Although the legislature intends that the terms of a majority of trustees of any district may not regularly expire and be subject to election at the same time, it is recognized that filling a vacancy under 20-3-308 may lead to a subsequent school election in which a majority of trustee positions are subject to election at the same time."



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Section 7. Section 20-3-312, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-312. Trustees of district affected by boundary change. The trustees of any district to which the territory of another district is attached as a result or annexation, abandonment, joint district dissolution, territory transfer, or any other method of changing district boundaries, except by the consolidation of elementary districts or by the creation of a new elementary district, shall continue to be the trustees of such the district with the same powers, duties, and responsibilities and subject to the same limitations provided by law<sub>7</sub> as if there had been no boundary change. In the case of elementary district consolidation or the ereation of a new elementary district, the appointed trustees of the resulting elementary district shall assume their trustee positions under the authority of 20-6-203 or 20-6-216, whichever is applicable."

Section 8. Section 20-3-342, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-342. Determination of terms after ereation or consolidation of elementary districts. Whenever the trustees are elected at one regular school election under the circumstances described in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) of 20-3-302(2)(a), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office. Such The terms of office by trustee position shall must be:

- (1) three for 3 years, two for 2 years, and two for 1 year in a first-class elementary district;
- (2) two for 3 years, two for 2 years, and one for 1 year in second-class elementary districts and third-class elementary districts having five trustee positions; or
- (3) one for 3 years, one for 2 years, and one for 1 year in a third-class elementary district having three trustee positions."

Section 9. Section 20-3-343, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-343. Determination of terms after change of district classification. Whenever the change of an elementary district classification requires the addition of trustee positions to the trustees of such the district under the circumstance described in 20-3-302(2)(d)(2)(c), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office, which shall must be one for 3 years and one for 2 years."

Section 10. Section 20-3-351, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-351. Number of trustee positions in high school districts. (1) Except as provided in 20-3-352(3) and subsection (2) of this section, the trustees of a high school district, except a high school



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district operating a county high school, must be composed of:

- (a) the trustees of the elementary district in which the high school building is located or, if there is more than one elementary district in which high school buildings are located, the trustees of the elementary district designated by the high school boundary commission; and
  - (b) the additional trustee positions determined in accordance with 20-3-352(2).
- (2) The trustees of a high school district operating a There must be seven trustee positions for each county high school must be composed of seven trustee positions."

Section 11. Section 20-3-352, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-3-352. Request and determination of number of high school district additional trustee positions -- nonvoting trustee. (1) As provided in 20-3-351(1)(b), a high school district, except a county high school district operating a county high school, may have additional trustee positions when the trustees of a majority of the elementary districts with territory located in the high school district, but without equitable representation on the high school district trustees under the provision of 20-3-351(1)(a), request the establishment of additional trustee positions under the provisions of subsection (2) or when the electors approve an alternative method of electing members of the board of trustees under the provisions of subsection (3).
- (2) A request for additional trustee positions must be made to the county superintendent by a resolution of the trustees of each elementary district. When a resolution has been received from a majority of the elementary districts without representation on the high school district trustees, the county superintendent shall determine the number of additional trustee positions for the affected high school district in accordance with the following procedure:
- (a) The taxable valuation of the elementary district that has its trustees placed on the high school trustees must be divided by the number of positions on the trustees of the elementary district to determine the taxable valuation per trustee position.
- (b) The taxable valuation used for the calculation in subsection (2)(a) must be subtracted from the taxable valuation of the high school district to determine the taxable valuation of the territory of the high school district without representation on the high school district trustees.
- (c) The taxable valuation determined in subsection (2)(b) must be divided by the taxable valuation per trustee position calculated in subsection (2)(a). The resulting quotient must be rounded off to the

nearest whole number, except that when the quotient is less than 0.5, at least one nonvoting trustee position must be established for the territory without representation on the high school district board of trustees under the provision of 20-3-351(1)(a).

- (d) Except for a nonvoting trustee position, the number determined in subsection (2)(c) must be the number of additional trustee positions, except that the number of additional trustee positions may not exceed four in a first- or second-class high school district or two in a third-class high school district except when two-thirds or more of the high school enrollment of the high school district and two-thirds or more of the taxable valuation of the high school district are located outside of the elementary district that has its trustees placed on the high school district trustees. When this situation exists, three additional trustees must be elected from the elementary school districts in which the high school is not located and one additional trustee must be elected at large in the high school district.
- (3) (a) If more than half of the electors of the high school district reside outside the territory of the elementary school district in which the high school district buildings are located, at least 10% of the electors of the high school district who are qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301 may petition the county superintendent, requesting an election to consider a proposition on the question of establishing the following alternative method of electing the members of the high school district board of trustees:
- (i) one trustee to be elected from each elementary school district with territory included in the high school district; and
- (ii) two or three trustees to be elected at large in the high school district, whichever number results in an odd number of members on the board of trustees.
- (b) (i) When the county superintendent receives a valid petition, the county superintendent shall order the trustees of the high school district to conduct an election on the next regular school election day on the proposition allowed under the provisions of subsection (3)(a).
- (ii) If the electors of the district approve a proposition to establish the alternative method of electing the high school board of trustees, the county superintendent shall order that the members of the board of trustees be elected according to subsection (3)(a) at the next regular school election.
- (c) Whenever the trustees are elected at one regular election under subsection (3)(b), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office. The terms of office by trustee position must be divided as equally as practicable among 1-, 2-, and 3-year terms.
  - (d) A petition to call an election for the purposes of subsection (3) may not be submitted to the



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county superintendent more than one time in each 5-year period."

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- Section 12. Section 20-3-355, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-3-355. Determination of terms after establishment or reestablishment of additional trustee positions. (1) Whenever all of the additional trustee positions are subject to election at one regular school election under the circumstance described in 20-3-302(2)(c)(2)(b), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office. Such The terms of office by number of members elected shall must be:
- 9 (a) two for 3 years, if four are elected;
- 10 (b) one for 3 years, if one, two, or three are elected;
- 11 (c) one for 2 years, if two, three, or four are elected; and
- 12 (d) one for 1 year, if three or four are elected.
  - (2) Whenever the reestablishment of the additional trustee positions for a high school district under the provisions of 20-3-354 results in an increased number of additional trustee positions, the members who are elected at the next regular school election shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office and such the terms shall must be determined in accordance with the additional trustee terms prescribed in this section."

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- Section 13. Section 20-3-356, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-3-356. Membership of elected trustees of high school district operating county high school district and nomination of candidates. (1) The trustees of a high school district operating a county high school district shall be composed of must include the following:
- (a) four trustee positions filled by members residing in the elementary district where the county high school building is located; and
- (b) three trustee positions filled by members one of whom resides in each of the three trustee nominating districts in the territory of the high school district outside of the elementary district where the county high school building is located. The county superintendent shall establish the nominating districts, and, unless it is impossible, such the districts shall must have coterminous boundaries with elementary district boundaries.
- (2) The provisions of 20-3-305 shall govern the nomination of candidates for the trustee election



prescribed in this section."

- Section 14. Section 20-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-6-101. Definition of elementary and high school districts. (1) As used in this title, except as defined in 20-9-402 for bonding purposes or unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term "district" means the territory, regardless of county boundaries, organized under the provisions of this title to provide public educational services under the jurisdiction of the trustees prescribed by this title. High school districts may encompass all or parts of the territory of one or more elementary districts.
- (2) (a) An elementary district is a district organized for the purpose of providing public education for all grades up to and including grade 8 and for preschool programs and kindergartens. An elementary district may be inactive if the district attaches to a high school district under the provisions of 20-6-701 to form a K-12 school district.
- (b) A high school district is a district organized for the purpose of providing those public educational services authorized by this title for all grades beyond grade 8, including postsecondary programs, except those programs administered by community college districts or the Montana university system. A high school district with an attached elementary district may provide the educational services for an elementary district through the procedures established in 20-6-701 through 20-6-703.
- (3) An elementary district is known as "District No. ...., County" and a high school district, except a high school district where a county high school is operated, is known as "High School District No. ...., County". A district is a body corporate and, as a body corporate, may sue and be sued, contract and be contracted with, and acquire, hold, use, and dispose of real or personal property for school purposes, within the limitations prescribed by law. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the trustees of elementary districts and high school districts have the same types of powers, duties, and responsibilities authorized and imposed by the laws of Montana.
- (4) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, an elementary district operating a high school in a county that has not been divided into high school districts is considered a high school district under this title and the trustees of the elementary district are the trustees of the high school district. An elementary district operating a high school may not have the bonding authority of a high school district. However, the elementary district may exercise its bonding authority, in the manner provided by law, for high school purposes.



1	$\frac{(5)(4)}{(4)}$ As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, a county high school is
2	considered a high school district that has not unifed UNIFIED with an elementary district under 20-6-312.
3	subject to the limitations prescribed by law for a county-high school as a result of its being a part of the
4	county government. The boundaries of the high school district for a county high school are:
5	(a) the high school district boundaries established by the county high school boundary commission;
6	<del>Of</del>
7	(b) if no boundaries have been established, the county boundaries, except for any territory located
8	in a joint high school district.
9	(6) A county high school recognized as a high school district under the provisions of subsection
10	(5)(b) may not have a bonding authority. Instead, the county shall exercise its bonding authority in the
11	manner provided in 20-9-451."
12	
13	Section 15. Section 20-6-104, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"20-6-104. Moratorium on creation of new district exception. (1) A school district may not
15	initiate the creation of a new elementary district <del>under the provisions of 20 6-216 and 20 6-217 or initiate</del>
16	the creation of a new high school district under the provisions of 20-6-303 and 20-6-325 OR A NEW HIGH
17	SCHOOL DISTRICT.
18	(2) This section does not apply to a district that results from the procedure for the dissolution of
19	a K-12 school district pursuant to 20-6-704."
20	
21	Section 16. Section 20-6-312, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"20-6-312. County high school unification. (1) Any county high school may be unified with the
23	elementary district where the county high school building is located to establish a unified school system
24	under a unified board of trustees. <del>If the county has not been divided into high school districts, a high school</del>
25	district with boundaries coterminous with the county boundaries shall be created, except that such high
26	school district shall not include the territory of any existing joint high school district located in the county.
27	The territory of an existing joint high school district shall must remain a part of such the joint high school
28	district. The creation of high school districts under this provision shall be in lieu of the high school district
29	division provisions of 20 6 303.



(2) A proposition to unify a county high school with the elementary district where the county high

school building	is located	l <del>shall</del> must	be introd	duced whenever:

- (a) the trustees of the county high school and the trustees of the elementary district individually pass resolutions requesting the county superintendent to order an election to consider a unification proposition; or
- (b) not less than 20% of the electors of the county or, if the county has been divided into high school districts, the electors of the high school district where the county high school is located, and who are qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301, petition the county superintendent to order an election to consider a unification proposition.
- (3) When the county superintendent has received the trustees' resolutions or a valid petition, he the county superintendent shall, within 10 days after the receipt of the last resolution or petition and under the provisions of 20-20-201, order the county high school to call an election to consider a unification proposition. The trustees of the county high school shall call and conduct an election in the manner prescribed in this title for school elections. An elector who may vote on the unification proposition shall must be qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301. The ballot for a county high school unification proposition shall must be substantially in the following form:

# "OFFICIAL BALLOT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL UNIFICATION ELECTION

Shall .... County High School be unified with District No. ...., .... County to establish a unified school system under a unified board of trustees?

- [] FOR the unification of the county high school.
- [] AGAINST the unification of the county high school."
- (4) When the county superintendent receives the election certificate from the trustees of the county high school, he the county superintendent shall issue an order declaring the unification of the county high school with the elementary district identified on the ballot as of the next succeeding July 1, if a majority of those electors voting at such the election have voted for the unification proposition.
- (5) If a majority of those electors voting at the election have voted against the unification proposition, he the county superintendent shall order the disapproval of the unification proposition."
  - Section 17. Section 20-6-313, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-6-313. Transactions after approved county high school unification. (1) Whenever a county high school is unified with the elementary district where the county high school building is located, the



following transactions shall <u>must</u> be completed on or before the July 1 when the unification becomes effective:

- (a) The high school boundary commission, without the approval of the superintendent of public instruction, shall order the creation of a high-school district if the county has not already been divided into high school districts.
- (b) The county high school trustees, who shall do not have the capacity to govern the high school district upon unification, shall surrender all minutes, documents, and other records of the county high school to the trustees of the high school district.
- (e)(b) The county superintendent shall order the establishment of additional high school trustee nominating areas in the manner prescribed in 20-3-352 and 20-3-353, if requested to do so by a majority of the outlying elementary districts located in the high school district. When the county superintendent establishes such the areas, he the county superintendent shall appoint additional high school district trustees from each area, who shall hold office until a successor is elected at the next regular school election and qualified.
- (d)(c) The county treasurer, after allowing for any outstanding or registered warrants, shall transfer all end-of-the-year fund cash balances of the county high school to similar funds established for the high school district. All previous years' taxes levied and collected for the county high school shall be credited to the appropriate fund of the high school district.
- (e) The board of county commissioners shall execute, in the name of the county, all necessary and appropriate deeds, bills of sale, and other instruments for the conveyance of title to all real and personal property of the county high school, including all appurtenances and hereditaments, to the high school district.
- (2) All county high school bonds outstanding at the time of unification shall remain the obligation of the county or that portion of the county against which the bonds were originally issued. The high school district shall be is responsible for the maintenance of the debt service fund for such the bonds. It shall be is the duty of the board of county commissioners and the trustees of the high school district to perform the duties prescribed in the school budgeting and bond redemption provisions of this title for the redemption and interest payments of the county high school bonds in the same manner and by the same means as though the county high school had not been unified."



SECTION 18.	SECTION	20-6-501	MCA.	IS AMENDED	TO READ:
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"20-6-501. Definition of various schools. As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term "school" means an institution for the teaching of children that is established and maintained under the laws of the state of Montana at public expense. The trustees of any district shall designate the grade assignments for the schools of the district, but for the purposes of this title each school shall be is known as:

- (1) an elementary school when it comprises the work of any combination of kindergarten, other preschool programs, or the first eight grades or their equivalents. A middle school is a school comprising the work of grades 4 through 8 or any combination thereof of grades 4 through 8 that has been accredited as a middle school under the provisions of 20-7-102. When an accredited junior high school or an accredited 6-year high school is operated by the district, grades 7 and 8 or their equivalents shall may not be considered as elementary grades.
- (2) a high school when it comprises the work of one or more grades of schoolwork or their equivalents intermediate between the elementary schools and the institutions of higher education of the state of Montana. Types of high schools shall be are designated as follows:
- (a) a junior high school is a school comprising the work of grades 7 through 9 or their equivalents that has been accredited as a junior high school under the provisions of 20-7-102;
- (b) a senior high school is a school which that comprises the work of grades 10 through 12 or their equivalents and which that is operated in conjunction with a junior high school;
- (c) a 6-year high school is a school comprising the work of grades 7 through 12 or their equivalents that has been accredited as a 6-year high school under the provisions of 20-7-102;
- (d) a 4-year high school is a school comprising the work of grades 9 through 12 or their equivalents;
- (e)—a county high school is a 4-year high school operated as an agency of county government and established under the previsions of the acts of March 3, 1899, March 14, 1901, and any subsequent amendments thereto."

Section 19. Section 20-9-402, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-402. Definition of school district for bonding purposes. For the purposes of indebting an elementary district, a high school district, or a community college district by the issuance of bonds under



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the provisions of this title, the term "school district" shall mean means any elementary district, high school district, county high school district, or community college district; except the following types of high schools recognized as high school districts without a bonding authority in 20 6-101:

(1) high schools operated by an elementary district in a county that has not been divided into high school districts; or

(2) county high schools located in a county that has not been divided into high school districts by the county high school boundary commission."

- Section 20. Section 20-9-435, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-9-435. Delivery of school district bonds and disposition of sale moneys money. (1) After the school district bonds have been registered, the county treasurer shall:
- (a) when the board of investments has purchased the bonds, forward the bonds to the board that, in turn, shall send the bonds to the state treasurer and shall pay the bonds in the manner provided by law; or
- (b) if the purchaser is anypody other than the board of investments, deliver the bonds to the purchaser when full payment of the bonds has been made by the purchaser.
- (2) If any of the trustees fails or refuses to pay into the proper county treasury the money arising from the sale of a bond, the trustee is guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than 1 year or more than 10 years or by a fine of not more than \$50,000, or both.
- (3) All money realized from the sale of school district bonds must be paid to the county treasurer. The county treasurer shall credit the money to the building fund of the school district issuing the bonds, except money realized for accrued interest or the purposes defined in 20-9-403(1)(c) and (1)(d) must be deposited in the debt service fund and money realized for the purposes authorized in 20-9-403(1)(e) must be deposited in a fund, as provided for in 2-9-316, to pay a final judgment against the school district. The money realized from the sale of school district bonds must be immediately available to the school district, and the trustees may expend the money without budgeted authorization only for the purposes for which the bonds were authorized by the school district bond election. Under the provisions of 7 6-2802, the trustees may invest the money for which there is no immediate demand and the interest earned by investment must be used in the manner provided in 7 6-2802. After the full accomplishment of the purpose or purposes of a bond issue, the excess money realized from the bond issue must be transferred to the debt



ı	service runa or the school district to be used for the reachiption or purchase or bonds or the issue.
2	
3	Section 21. Section 20-15-404, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"20-15-404. Trustees to adhere to certain other laws. Unless the context clearly indicates
5	otherwise, the trustees of a community college district shall adhere to:
6	(1) the teachers' retirement provisions of Title 19, chapter 20;
7	(2) the provisions of 20-1-201, 20-1-205, 20-1-211, and 20-1-212;
8	(3) the school property provisions of 20-6-604, 20-6-605, 20-6-621, 20-6-622, 20-6-624,
9	20-6-631, and 20-6-633 through 20-6-636;
10	(4) the adult education provisions of 20-7-701 through 20-7-713;
11	(5) the administration of finances provisions of 20-9-115, 20-9-134, 20-9-207, 20-9-208,
12	20-9-210, 20-9-215, 20-9-221, 20-9-223, and 20-9-512;
13	(6) the school bond provisions of 20-9-401 through 20-9-408, 20-9-410 through 20-9-412,
14	20-9-421 through 20-9-446, <del>20-9-451 through 20-9-466,</del> and 20-9-461 through 20-9-465;
15	(7) the special purpose funds provisions of 20-9-502, 20-9-503, 20-9-507, 20-9-508, and
16	20-9-511;
17	(8) the educational cooperative agreements provisions of 20-9-701 through 20-9-704;
18	(9) the school elections provisions of Title 20, chapter 20;
19	(10) the students' rights provisions of 20-25-511 through 20-25-516; and
20	(11) the health provisions of 50-1-206."
21	
22	NEW SECTION. Section 22. Repealer. Sections 7-6-2802, 20-6-216, 20-6-217, 20-6-303,
23	20-6-304, 20-6-311, 20-6-325, 20-6-415, 20-9-451, 20-9-452, 20-9-453, 20-9-454, 20-9-455, and
24	20-9-456, MCA, are repealed.
25	
26	NEW SECTION. Section 23. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997, and applies to
27	bonds issued on or after [the effective date of this act].
28	-END-



1	HOUSE BILL NO. 560
2	INTRODUCED BY PECK
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE MORATORIUM ON THE CREATION OF
5	NEW SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY ELIMINATING THE PROCEDURES FOR CREATION OF A NEW ELEMENTARY
6	OR HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT; ELIMINATING DUTIES OF BOUNDARY COMMISSIONS RELATING TO
7	CREATION OF DISTRICTS; ELIMINATING OUTDATED REFERENCES AND PROCEDURES RELATING TO
8	COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICTS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-6-2701, 7-7-2203, 7-14-2524, 20-3-106,
9	20-3-206, 20-3-302, 20-3-312, 20-3-342, 20-3-343, 20-3-351, 20-3-352, 20-3-355, 20-3-356, 20-6-101,
10	20-6-104, 20-6-312, 20-6-313, <u>20-6-501,</u> 20-9-402, 20-9-435, AND 20-15-404, MCA; REPEALING
11	SECTIONS 7-6-2802, 20-6-216, 20-6-217, 20-6-303, 20-6-304, 20-6-311, 20-6-325, 20-6-415, 20-9-451,
12	20-9-452, 20-9-453, 20-9-454, 20-9-455, AND 20-9-456, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE
13	AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
14	
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

APPROVED BY COM ON EDUCATION AND CULTURAL RESOURCES

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9	20-3-206, 20-3-302, 20-3-312, 20-3-342, 20-3-343, 20-3-351, 20-3-352, 20-3-355, 20-3-356, 20-6-101
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9	20-3-206, 20-3-302, 20-3-312, 20-3-342, 20-3-343, 20-3-351, 20-3-352, 20-3-355, 20-3-356, 20-6-101,
10	20-6-104, 20-6-312, 20-6-313, <u>20-6-501,</u> 20-9-402, 20-9-435, AND 20-15-404, MCA; REPEALING
11	SECTIONS 7-6-2802, 20-6-216, 20-6-217, 20-6-303, 20-6-304, 20-6-311, 20-6-325, 20-6-415, 20-9-451,
12 <sup>-</sup>	20-9-452, 20-9-453, 20-9-454, 20-9-455, AND 20-9-456, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE
13	AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
14	
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
16	
17	Section 1. Section 7-6-2701, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"7-6-2701. Investment of certain money in county, municipal, hospital, and school warrants. (1)
19	Except as provided in 7.6-2802, if If a county has under its control any money for which there is no
20	immediate demand, in any special fund subject to deposit, which in the judgment of the board of county
21	commissioners it would be advantageous to invest in county, municipal, hospital district, or school district
22	registered warrants, the county commissioners are authorized in their discretion to direct the county
23	treasurer to purchase such the warrants of entities located in the same county.
24	(2) For such the purchases, the county commissioners shall:
25	(a) designate the fund or funds to be so invested;
26	(b) fix the amount that may be purchased;
27	(c) establish the rate of interest the county shall must receive for the investment; and
28	(d) designate the warrants which that are to be purchased by such the funds.
29	(3) The officer drawing a warrant to be purchased for investment by a county shall eause to be
30	attached attach to or stamped stamp, written, or printed write, or print upon the warrant a notice to the

- effect that the county will exercise its preference right to purchase the warrant.
- (4) (a) A school district, hospital district, or county warrant presented to the county treasurer for purchase by the county must be registered as any other school district, hospital district, or county warrant.
- (b) A municipal warrant presented to the municipal clerk or treasurer for purchase by the county must be registered, and the holder of the warrant must be informed that the warrant may be presented to the county treasurer for purchase by the county.
- (5) The county treasurer shall, when a warrant designated for purchase under the provisions of subsection (2) is presented to him the treasurer, purchase the same warrant out of the proper fund as designated by the board. When the designated amounts have been invested, the county treasurer shall notify the county clerk and recorder or the applicable officer authorized to draw such the warrants.
- (6) Interest earned from such the investments, including interest on the sale of bonds accrued in the period between the date of issue and the time of purchase, shall must be credited to the sinking fund of the county, notwithstanding the provisions of 7-6-204(1).
- (7) No A provision of this section may not be construed to prevent the investment of county or county high school money under the state unified investment program established in Title 17, chapter 6, part 2."

## Section 2. Section 7-7-2203, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-7-2203. Limitation on amount of bonded indebtedness. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) through (4), a county may not issue general obligation bonds for any purpose that, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds and emergency bonds, will exceed 11.25% of the total of the taxable value of the property in the county, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10), to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes prior to the proposed issuance of bonds, plus, for general obligation bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1997, an additional 11% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, for general obligation bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1998, an additional 22% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, and for general obligation bonds to be issued during fiscal years 1999 through 2008, an additional 33% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, in each case of class eight property, multiplied by 11.25%.
  - (2) In addition to the bonds allowed by subsection (1), a county may issue bonds that, with all



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outstanding bonds and warrants, will not exceed 27.75% of the total of the taxable value of the property in the county subject to taxation, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10), when necessary to do so, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, plus, for bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1997, an additional 11% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, and for bonds to be issued during fiscal year 1998, an additional 22% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, and for bonds to be issued during fiscal years 1999 through 2008, an additional 33% of the taxable value of class eight property within the county for tax year 1995, in each case of class eight property, multiplied by 27.75%, for the purpose of acquiring land for a site for county high school buildings and for creeting or acquiring buildings on the site and furnishing and equipping the buildings for county high school purposes.

- (3) In addition to the bonds allowed by subsections (1) and (2), a county may issue bonds for the construction or improvement of a jail that will not exceed 12.5% of the taxable value of the property in the county subject to taxation, plus the adjustments permitted by 7-7-2101.
- (4) The limitation in subsection (1) does not apply to refunding bonds issued for the purpose of paying or retiring county bonds lawfully issued prior to January 1, 1932, or to bonds issued for the repayment of tax protests lost by the county."

18 Section 3. Section 7-14-2524, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-14-2524. Limitation on amount of bonds issued -- excess void. (1) Except as otherwise provided in 7-7-2203, 7-7-2204, and this section, a county may not issue bonds that, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except eounty high school bonds and emergency bonds, will exceed 11.25% of the total of the taxable value of the property in the county, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10). The taxable property and the amount of taxes levied on new production, production from horizontally completed wells, and incremental production must be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes prior to the issuance of the bonds.
- (2) A county may issue bonds that, with all outstanding bonds and warrants except county high school bonds, will exceed 11.25% but will not exceed 22.5% of the total of the taxable value of the property, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10) when necessary for the purpose of replacing, rebuilding, or repairing county buildings, bridges, or highways that have been destroyed or damaged by an act of God or by a disaster, catastrophe, or accident.



1	(3) The value of the bonds issued and all other outstanding indebtedness of the county <del>, excep</del>
2	county high school bonds, may not exceed 22.5% of the total of the taxable value of the property within
3	the county, plus the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-324(10), as ascertained by
4	the last preceding general assessment."
5	
6	Section 4. Section 20-3-106, MCA, is amended to read:
7	"20-3-106. Supervision of schools powers and duties. The superintendent of public instruction
8	has the general supervision of the public schools and districts of the state and shall perform the following
9	duties or acts in implementing and enforcing the provisions of this title:
0	(1) resolve any controversy resulting from the proration of costs by a joint board of trustees under
1	the provisions of 20-3-362;
2	(2) issue, renew, or deny teacher certification and emergency authorizations of employment;
3	(3) negotiate reciprocal tuition agreements with other states in accordance with the provisions of
14	20-5-314;
15	(4) serve on the teachers' retirement board in accordance with the provisions of 2-15-1010;
16	(5) approve or disapprove the orders of a high school boundary commission in accordance with
17	the provisions of 20-6-311;
18	(6) approve or disapprove the opening or reopening of a school in accordance with the provisions
19	of 20-6-502, 20-6-503, 20-6-504, or 20-6-505;
20	(7)(6) approve or disapprove school isolation within the limitations prescribed by 20-9-302;
21	(8)(7) generally supervise the school budgeting procedures prescribed by law in accordance with
22	the provisions of 20-9-102 and prescribe the school budget format in accordance with the provisions of
23	20-9-103 and <b>20-9-506</b> ;
24	(9)(8) establish a system of communication for calculating joint district revenues revenue in
25	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-151;
26	(10)(9) approve or disapprove the adoption of a district's budget amendment resolution under the
27	conditions prescribed in 20-9-163 and adopt rules for an application for additional direct state aid for a
28	budget amendment in accordance with the approval and disbursement provisions of 20-9-166.



20-9-201(2);

29

30

(11)(10) generally supervise the school financial administration provisions as prescribed by

1	$\frac{(12)(11)}{(11)}$ prescribe and furnish the annual report forms to enable the districts to report to the county				
2	superintendent in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(5) and the annual report forms to enable th				
3	county superintendents to report to the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the				
4	provisions of 20-3-209;				
5	(13)(12) approve, disapprove, or adjust an increase of the average number belonging (ANB) in				
6	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-313 and 20-9-314;				
7	(14)(13) distribute BASE aid and special education allowable cost payments in support of the BASE				
8	funding program, in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-331, 20-9-333, 20-9-342, 20-9-346, 20-9-347,				
9	and 20-9-366 through 20-9-369;				
10	(15)(14) provide for the uniform and equal provision of transportation by performing the duties				
11	prescribed by the provisions of 20-10-112;				
12	(16)(15) approve or disapprove an adult education program for which a district proposes to levy				
13	a tax in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-705;				
14	(17)(16) request, accept, deposit, and expend federal money in accordance with the provisions of				
15	20-9-603;				
16	(18)(17) authorize the use of federal money for the support of an interlocal cooperative agreement				
17	in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-703 and 20-9-704;				
18	(19)(18) prescribe the form and contents of and approve or disapprove interstate contracts in				
19	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-705;				
20	(20)(19) approve or disapprove the conduct of school on a Saturday or on pupil-instruction-related				
21	days in accordance with the provisions of 20-1-303 and 20-1-304;				
22	(21)(20) recommend standards of accreditation for all schools to the board of public education and				
23	evaluate compliance with the standards and recommend accreditation status of every school to the board				
24	of public education in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-101 and 20-7-102;				
25	(22)(21) collect and maintain a file of curriculum guides and assist schools with instructional				
26	programs in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-113 and 20-7-114;				
27	(23)(22) establish and maintain a library of visual, aural, and other educational media in accordance				
28	with the provisions of 20-7-201;				
29	(24)(23) license textbook dealers and initiate prosecution of textbook dealers violating the law in				
30	accordance with the provisions of the textbooks part of this title;				



1	(25)(24) as the governing agent and executive officer of the state of Montana for K-12 vocations				
2	education, adopt the policies prescribed by and in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-301;				
3	(26)(25) supervise and coordinate the conduct of special education in the state in accordance with				
4	the provisions of 20-7-403;				
5	(27)(26) administer the traffic education program in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-502;				
6	(28)(27) administer the school food services program in accordance with the provisions of				
7	20-10-201, 20-10-202, and 20-10-203;				
8	(29)(28) review school building plans and specifications in accordance with the provisions of				
9	20-6-622;				
10	(30)(29) prescribe the method of identification and signals to be used by school safety patrols in				
11	accordance with the provisions of 20-1-408;				
12	(31)(30) provide schools with information and technical assistance for compliance with the student				
13	assessment rules provided for in 20-2-121 and collect and summarize the results of the student assessment				
14	for the board of public education and the legislature;				
15	(32)(31) administer the distribution of guaranteed tax base aid in accordance with 20-9-366 through				
16	20-9-369; and				
17	(33)(32) perform any other duty prescribed from time to time by this title, any other act of the				
18	legislature, or the policies of the board of public education."				
19					
20	Section 5. Section 20-3-206, MCA, is amended to read:				
21	"20-3-206. Additional positions. In his the capacity as county superintendent, he the county				
22	superintendent also shall also serve as:				
23	(1) the chairman of the county transportation committee, as prescribed by 20-10-131;				
24	(2) a member of the high school boundary commission of the county, as prescribed by 20 6 304;				
25	(3) an attendance officer for a district under the conditions prescribed by 20-5-104; and				
26	$\frac{(4)(3)}{(3)}$ the clerk of a joint board of trustees under the conditions prescribed by 20-3-361."				
27					
28	Section 6. Section 20-3-302, MCA, is amended to read:				
29	"20-3-302. Legislative intent to elect less than majority of trustees. (1) It is the intention of the				
30	legislature that the terms of a majority of the trustee positions of any district with elected trustees may not				

regularly expire and be subject to election on the same regular school election day. In elementary districts, there may not be more than three trustee positions in first-class districts, two trustee positions in second-class districts or third-class districts having five trustee positions, or one trustee position in third-class districts having three trustee positions regularly subject to election at the same time. In high school districts there may not be more than two additional trustee positions in first- or second-class districts or more than one in third-class districts regularly subject to election at the same time. In high school districts operating a county high school districts, there may not be more than two trustee positions to be filled by members residing in the elementary district where the county high school building is located or more than one trustee position to be filled by members residing outside of the elementary district where the county high school building is located subject to election at the same time.

- (2) In the following circumstances relating to newly created trustee positions, the initial terms may be shortened to comply with the intent of subsection (1):
  - (a) the creation of a new elementary district under the provisions of 20 6 217;
- (b) the consolidation of two or more elementary districts to form an elementary district under the provisions of 20-6-203 or the consolidation of two or more high school districts to form a high school district under the provisions of 20-6-315;
- (e)(b) the establishment of additional trustee positions of a high school district under the provisions of 20-3-353 or 20-3-354 or new trustee positions under the provisions of 20-3-352(3);
- 19 (d)(c) the change of a district's classification under the provisions of 20-6-201 or 20-6-301;
- $\frac{\text{(e)}(d)}{\text{(d)}}$  the establishment of additional elementary trustee positions under the provisions of 21 20-3-341(3); or
- 22 (f)(e) the establishment of additional high school trustee positions under the provisions of 20-6-313.
  - (3) If the change of a district's classification under 20-6-201 or 20-6-301 decreases the number of trustee positions, the positions must be eliminated in a manner that complies with the intent of subsection (1).
  - (4) Although the legislature intends that the terms of a majority of trustees of any district may not regularly expire and be subject to election at the same time, it is recognized that filling a vacancy under 20-3-308 may lead to a subsequent school election in which a majority of trustee positions are subject to election at the same time."



Section 7. Section 20-3-312, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-312. Trustees of district affected by boundary change. The trustees of any district to which the territory of another district is attached as a result of annexation, abandonment, joint district dissolution, territory transfer, or any other method of changing district boundaries, except by the consolidation of elementary districts or by the creation of a new elementary district, shall continue to be the trustees of such the district with the same powers, duties, and responsibilities and subject to the same limitations provided by law<sub>7</sub> as if there had been no boundary change. In the case of elementary district consolidation or the creation of a new elementary district, the appointed trustees of the resulting elementary district shall assume their trustee positions under the authority of 20-6-203 or 20-6-216, whichever is applicable."

Section 8. Section 20-3-342, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-3-342. Determination of terms after ereation or consolidation of elementary districts. Whenever the trustees are elected at one regular school election under the circumstances described in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) of 20-3-302(2)(a), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office. Such The terms of office by trustee position shall must be:
  - (1) three for 3 years, two for 2 years, and two for 1 year in a first-class elementary district;
- (2) two for 3 years, two for 2 years, and one for 1 year in second-class elementary districts and third-class elementary districts having five trustee positions; or
- (3) one for 3 years, one for 2 years, and one for 1 year in a third-class elementary district having three trustee positions."

Section 9. Section 20-3-343, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-343. Determination of terms after change of district classification. Whenever the change of an elementary district classification requires the addition of trustee positions to the trustees of such the district under the circumstance described in 20-3-302(2)(d)(2)(c), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office, which shall must be one for 3 years and one for 2 years."

Section 10. Section 20-3-351, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-351. Number of trustee positions in high school districts. (1) Except as provided in 20-3-352(3) and subsection (2) of this section, the trustees of a high school district, except a high school



district operating a county high school, must be composed of:

- (a) the trustees of the elementary district in which the high school building is located or, if there is more than one elementary district in which high school buildings are located, the trustees of the elementary district designated by the high school boundary commission; and
  - (b) the additional trustee positions determined in accordance with 20-3-352(2).
- (2) The trustees of a high school district operating a There must be seven trustee positions for each county high school must be composed of seven trustee positions."

Section 11. Section 20-3-352, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-3-352. Request and determination of number of high school district additional trustee positions -- nonvoting trustee. (1) As provided in 20-3-351(1)(b), a high school district, except a county high school district operating a county high school, may have additional trustee positions when the trustees of a majority of the elementary districts with territory located in the high school district, but without equitable representation on the high school district trustees under the provision of 20-3-351(1)(a), request the establishment of additional trustee positions under the provisions of subsection (2) or when the electors approve an alternative method of electing members of the board of trustees under the provisions of subsection (3).

- (2) A request for additional trustee positions must be made to the county superintendent by a resolution of the trustees of each elementary district. When a resolution has been received from a majority of the elementary districts without representation on the high school district trustees, the county superintendent shall determine the number of additional trustee positions for the affected high school district in accordance with the following procedure:
- (a) The taxable valuation of the elementary district that has its trustees placed on the high school trustees must be divided by the number of positions on the trustees of the elementary district to determine the taxable valuation per trustee position.
- (b) The taxable valuation used for the calculation in subsection (2)(a) must be subtracted from the taxable valuation of the high school district to determine the taxable valuation of the territory of the high school district without representation on the high school district trustees.
- (c) The taxable valuation determined in subsection (2)(b) must be divided by the taxable valuation per trustee position calculated in subsection (2)(a). The resulting quotient must be rounded off to the



nearest whole number, except that when the quotient is less than 0.5, at least one nonvoting trustee position must be established for the territory without representation on the high school district board of trustees under the provision of 20-3-351(1)(a).

- (d) Except for a nonvoting trustee position, the number determined in subsection (2)(c) must be the number of additional trustee positions, except that the number of additional trustee positions may not exceed four in a first- or second-class high school district or two in a third-class high school district except when two-thirds or more of the high school enrollment of the high school district and two-thirds or more of the taxable valuation of the high school district are located outside of the elementary district that has its trustees placed on the high school district trustees. When this situation exists, three additional trustees must be elected from the elementary school districts in which the high school is not located and one additional trustee must be elected at large in the high school district.
- (3) (a) If more than half of the electors of the high school district reside outside the territory of the elementary school district in which the high school district buildings are located, at least 10% of the electors of the high school district who are qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301 may petition the county superintendent, requesting an election to consider a proposition on the question of establishing the following alternative method of electing the members of the high school district board of trustees:
- (i) one trustee to be elected from each elementary school district with territory included in the high school district; and
- (ii) two or three trustees to be elected at large in the high school district, whichever number results in an odd number of members on the board of trustees.
- (b) (i) When the county superintendent receives a valid petition, the county superintendent shall order the trustees of the high school district to conduct an election on the next regular school election day on the proposition allowed under the provisions of subsection (3)(a).
- (ii) If the electors of the district approve a proposition to establish the alternative method of electing the high school board of trustees, the county superintendent shall order that the members of the board of trustees be elected according to subsection (3)(a) at the next regular school election.
- (c) Whenever the trustees are elected at one regular election under subsection (3)(b), the members who are elected shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office. The terms of office by trustee position must be divided as equally as practicable among 1-, 2-, and 3-year terms.
  - (d) A petition to call an election for the purposes of subsection (3) may not be submitted to the



1	county superintendent more than one time in each 5-year period."			
2				
3	Section 12. Section 20-3-355, MCA, is amended to read:			
4	"20-3-355. Determination of terms after establishment or reestablishment of additional trustee			
5	positions. (1) Whenever all of the additional trustee positions are subject to election at one regular school			
6	election under the circumstance described in 20-3-302 <del>(2)(e)</del> (2)(b), the members who are elected shall draw			
7	by lot to determine their terms of office. Such The terms of office by number of members elected shall must			
8	be:			
9	(a) two for 3 years, if four are elected;			
10	(b) one for 3 years, if one, two, or three are elected;			
11	(c) one for 2 years, if two, three, or four are elected; and			
12	(d) one for 1 year, if three or four are elected.			
13	(2) Whenever the reestablishment of the additional trustee positions for a high school district under			
14	the provisions of 20-3-354 results in an increased number of additional trustee positions, the members who			
15	are elected at the next regular school election shall draw by lot to determine their terms of office and such			
16	the terms shall must be determined in accordance with the additional trustee terms prescribed in this			
17	section."			
18				
19	Section 13. Section 20-3-356, MCA, is amended to read:			
20	"20-3-356. Membership of elected trustees of high school district operating county high school			
21	district and nomination of candidates. (1) The trustees of a high school district operating a county high			
22	school district shall be composed of must include the following:			
23	(a) four trustee positions filled by members residing in the elementary district where the county			
24	high school building is located; and			
25	(b) three trustee positions filled by members one of whom resides in each of the three trustee			
26	nominating districts in the territory of the high school district outside of the elementary district where the			
27	county high school building is located. The county superintendent shall establish the nominating districts,			



district boundaries.

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(2) The provisions of 20-3-305 shall govern the nomination of candidates for the trustee election

and, unless it is impossible, such the districts shall must have coterminous boundaries with elementary

prescribed in this section."

## Section 14. Section 20-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-6-101. Definition of elementary and high school districts. (1) As used in this title, except as defined in 20-9-402 for bonding purposes or unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term "district" means the territory, regardless of county boundaries, organized under the provisions of this title to provide public educational services under the jurisdiction of the trustees prescribed by this title. High school districts may encompass all or parts of the territory of one or more elementary districts.

- (2) (a) An elementary district is a district organized for the purpose of providing public education for all grades up to and including grade 8 and for preschool programs and kindergartens. An elementary district may be inactive if the district attaches to a high school district under the provisions of 20-6-701 to form a K-12 school district.
- (b) A high school district is a district organized for the purpose of providing those public educational services authorized by this title for all grades beyond grade 8, including postsecondary programs, except those programs administered by community college districts or the Montana university system. A high school district with an attached elementary district may provide the educational services for an elementary district through the procedures established in 20-6-701 through 20-6-703.
- (3) An elementary district is known as "District No. ...., County" and a high school district, except a high school district where a county high school is operated, is known as "High School District No. ...., County". A district is a body corporate and, as a body corporate, may sue and be sued, contract and be contracted with, and acquire, hold, use, and dispose of real or personal property for school purposes, within the limitations prescribed by law. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the trustees of elementary districts and high school districts have the same types of powers, duties, and responsibilities authorized and imposed by the laws of Montana.
- (4) Unless the centext clearly indicates otherwise, an elementary district operating a high school in a county that has not been divided into high school districts is considered a high school district under this title and the trustees of the elementary district are the trustees of the high school district. An elementary district operating a high school may not have the bending authority of a high school district. However, the elementary district may exercise its bending authority, in the manner provided by law, for high school purposes.



1	$\frac{(5)}{4}$ As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, a county high school is
2	considered a high school district that has not unifed UNIFIED with an elementary district under 20-6-312.
3	subject to the limitations prescribed by law for a county high school as a result of its being a part of the
4	county government. The boundaries of the high school district for a county high school are:
5	(a)—the high school district boundaries established by the county high school boundary commission;
6	<del>or</del>
7	(b) if no boundaries have been established, the county boundaries, except for any territory located
8	in-a joint-high-school-district.
9	(6) A county high school-recognized as a high-school district under the provisions of subsection
10	(5)(b) may not have a bending authority. Instead, the county shall exercise its bending authority in the
11	manner provided in 20-9-451."
12	·
13	Section 15. Section 20-6-104, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"20-6-104. Moratorium on creation of new district exception. (1) A school district may not
15	initiate the creation of a new elementary district under the provisions of 20-6-216 and 20-6-217 or initiate
16	the creation of a new high school district under the provisions of 20-6-303 and 20-6-325 OR A NEW HIGH
17	SCHOOL DISTRICT.
18	(2) This section does not apply to a district that results from the procedure for the dissolution of
19	a K-12 school district pursuant to 20-6-704."
20	
21	Section 16. Section 20-6-312, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"20-6-312. County high school unification. (1) Any county high school may be unified with the
23	elementary district where the county high school building is located to establish a unified school system
24	under a unified board of trustees. If the county has not been divided into high school districts, a high school
25	district with boundaries coterminous with the county boundaries shall be created, except that such high
26	school district shall not include the territory of any existing joint high school district located in the county.
27	The territory of an existing joint high school district shall must remain a part of such the joint high school
28	district. The creation of high school districts under this provision shall be in lieu of the high school district
29	division provisions of 20-6-303.

(2) A proposition to unify a county high school with the elementary district where the county high

school building is located shall must be introduced whenever:

(a) the trustees of the county high school and the trustees of the elementary district individually pass resolutions requesting the county superintendent to order an election to consider a unification proposition; or

- (b) not less than 20% of the electors of the county or, if the county has been divided into high school districts, the electors of the high school district where the county high school is located, and who are qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301, petition the county superintendent to order an election to consider a unification proposition.
- (3) When the county superintendent has received the trustees' resolutions or a valid petition, he the county superintendent shall, within 10 days after the receipt of the last resolution or petition and under the provisions of 20-20-201, order the county high school to call an election to consider a unification proposition. The trustees of the county high school shall call and conduct an election in the manner prescribed in this title for school elections. An elector who may vote on the unification proposition shall must be qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301. The ballot for a county high school unification proposition shall must be substantially in the following form:

## "OFFICIAL BALLOT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL UNIFICATION ELECTION

Shall .... County High School be unified with District No. ..., .... County to establish a unified school system under a unified board of trustees?

- [] FOR the unification of the county high school.
- [] AGAINST the unification of the county high school."
- (4) When the county superintendent receives the election certificate from the trustees of the county high school, he the county superintendent shall issue an order declaring the unification of the county high school with the elementary district identified on the ballot as of the next succeeding July 1, if a majority of those electors voting at such the election have voted for the unification proposition.
- (5) If a majority of those electors voting at the election have voted against the unification proposition, he the county superintendent shall order the disapproval of the unification proposition."

Section 17. Section 20-6-313, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-6-313. Transactions after approved county high school unification. (1) Whenever a county high school is unified with the elementary district where the county high school building is located, the



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following transactions shall must be completed on or before the July 1 when the unification becomes effective:

- (a) The high school boundary commission, without the approval of the superintendent of public instruction, shall order the creation of a high school district if the county has not already been divided into high school districts.
- (b) The county high school trustees, who shall do not have the capacity to govern the high school district upon unification, shall surrender all minutes, documents, and other records of the county high school to the trustees of the high school district.
- (e)(b) The county superintendent shall order the establishment of additional high school trustee nominating areas in the manner prescribed in 20-3-352 and 20-3-353, if requested to do so by a majority of the outlying elementary districts located in the high school district. When the county superintendent establishes such the areas, he the county superintendent shall appoint additional high school district trustees from each area, who shall hold office until a successor is elected at the next regular school election and qualified.
- (d)(c) The county treasurer, after allowing for any outstanding or registered warrants, shall transfer all end-of-the-year fund cash balances of the county high school to similar funds established for the high school district. All previous years' taxes levied and collected for the county high school shall be credited to the appropriate fund of the high school district.
- (e) The board of county commissioners shall execute, in the name of the county, all necessary and appropriate deeds, bills of sale, and other instruments for the conveyance of title to all real and personal property of the county high school, including all appurtenances and hereditaments, to the high school district.
- (2) All county high school bonds outstanding at the time of unification shall remain the obligation of the county or that portion of the county against which the bonds were originally issued. The high school district shall be is responsible for the maintenance of the debt service fund for such the bonds. It shall be is the duty of the board of county commissioners and the trustees of the high school district to perform the duties prescribed in the school budgeting and bond redemption provisions of this title for the redemption and interest payments of the county high school bonds in the same manner and by the same means as though the county high school had not been unified."

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SECTION 18.	SECTION	20-6-501, MCA	, IS AMENDED	TO READ:

"20-6-501. Definition of various schools. As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term "school" means an institution for the teaching of children that is established and maintained under the laws of the state of Montana at public expense. The trustees of any district shall designate the grade assignments for the schools of the district, but for the purposes of this title each school shall be is known as:

- (1) an elementary school when it comprises the work of any combination of kindergarten, other preschool programs, or the first eight grades or their equivalents. A middle school is a school comprising the work of grades 4 through 8 or any combination thereof of grades 4 through 8 that has been accredited as a middle school under the provisions of 20-7-102. When an accredited junior high school or an accredited 6-year high school is operated by the district, grades 7 and 8 or their equivalents shall may not be considered as elementary grades.
- (2) a high school when it comprises the work of one or more grades of schoolwork or their equivalents intermediate between the elementary schools and the institutions of higher education of the state of Montana. Types of high schools shall be are designated as follows:
- (a) a junior high school is a school comprising the work of grades 7 through 9 or their equivalents that has been accredited as a junior high school under the provisions of 20-7-102;
- (b) a senior high school is a school which that comprises the work of grades 10 through 12 or their equivalents and which that is operated in conjunction with a junior high school;
- (c) a 6-year high school is a school comprising the work of grades 7 through 12 or their equivalents that has been accredited as a 6-year high school under the provisions of 20-7-102;
- (d) a 4-year high school is a school comprising the work of grades 9 through 12 or their equivalents;
- (e) a sounty high school is a 4-year high school operated as an agency of county-government and established under the previsions of the acts of March 3, 1899, March 14, 1901, and any subsequent amendments thereto."
- 28 Section 19. Section 20-9-402, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "20-9-402. Definition of school district for bonding purposes. For the purposes of indebting an elementary district, a high school district, or a community college district by the issuance of bonds under



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the provisions of this title, the term "school district" shall mean means any elementary district, high school district, or community college district, except the following types of high schools recognized as high school districts without a bonding authority in 20.6-101:

(1) high schools operated by an elementary district in a county that has not been divided into high school districts; or

(2) county high schools located in a county that has not been divided into high school districts by the county high school boundary commission."

Section 20. Section 20-9-435, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-435. Delivery of school district bonds and disposition of sale meneys money. (1) After the school district bonds have been registered, the county treasurer shall:

- (a) when the board of investments has purchased the bonds, forward the bonds to the board that, in turn, shall send the bonds to the state treasurer and shall pay the bonds in the manner provided by law; or
- (b) if the purchaser is anybody other than the board of investments, deliver the bonds to the purchaser when full payment of the bonds has been made by the purchaser.
- (2) If any of the trustees fails or refuses to pay into the proper county treasury the money arising from the sale of a bond, the trustee is guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than 1 year or more than 10 years or by a fine of not more than \$50,000, or both.
- (3) All money realized from the sale of school district bonds must be paid to the county treasurer. The county treasurer shall credit the money to the building fund of the school district issuing the bonds, except money realized for accrued interest or the purposes defined in 20-9-403(1)(c) and (1)(d) must be deposited in the debt service fund and money realized for the purposes authorized in 20-9-403(1)(e) must be deposited in a fund, as provided for in 2-9-316, to pay a final judgment against the school district. The money realized from the sale of school district bonds must be immediately available to the school district, and the trustees may expend the money without budgeted authorization only for the purposes for which the bonds were authorized by the school district bond election. Under the provisions of 7 6 2802, the trustees may invest the money for which there is no immediate demand and the interest earned by investment must be used in the manner provided in 7-6-2802. After the full accomplishment of the purpose or purposes of a bond issue, the excess money realized from the bond issue must be transferred to the debt



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1	service fund of the school district to be used for the redemption or purchase of bonds of the issue."
2	
3	Section 21. Section 20-15-404, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"20-15-404. Trustees to adhere to certain other laws. Unless the context clearly indicates
5	otherwise, the trustees of a community college district shall adhere to:
6	(1) the teachers' retirement provisions of Title 19, chapter 20;
7	(2) the provisions of 20-1-201, 20-1-205, 20-1-211, and 20-1-212;
8	(3) the school property provisions of 20-6-604, 20-6-605, 20-6-621, 20-6-622, 20-6-624,
9	20-6-631, and 20-6-633 through 20-6-636;
10	(4) the adult education provisions of 20-7-701 through 20-7-713;
11	(5) the administration of finances provisions of 20-9-115, 20-9-134, 20-9-207, 20-9-208,
12	20-9-210, 20-9-215, 20-9-221, 20-9-223, and 20-9-512;
13	(6) the school bond provisions of 20-9-401 through 20-9-408, 20-9-410 through 20-9-412,
14	20-9-421 through 20-9-446, <del>20-9-451 through 20-9-456,</del> and <b>20-9-461 through 20-</b> 9-465;
15	(7) the special purpose funds provisions of 20-9-502, 20-9-503, 20-9-507, 20-9-508, and
16	20-9-511;
17	(8) the educational cooperative agreements provisions of 20-9-701 through 20-9-704;
18	(9) the school elections provisions of Title 20, chapter 20;
19	(10) the students' rights provisions of 20-25-511 through 20-25-516; and
20	(11) the health provisions of 50-1-206."
21	
22	NEW SECTION. Section 22. Repealer. Sections 7-6-2802, 20-6-216, 20-6-217, 20-6-303,
23	20-6-304, 20-6-311, <b>20-6-325</b> , <b>20-6-415</b> , <b>20-9-451</b> , <b>20-9-452</b> , <b>20-9-453</b> , <b>20-9-454</b> , <b>20-9-455</b> , and
24	20-9-456, MCA, are repealed.
25	
26	NEW SECTION. Section 23. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997, and applies to
27	bonds issued on or after [the effective date of this act].
28	-END-

