1	House BILL NO. 405
2	INTRODUCED BY Wyett Christian Dawell
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CREATING A COMMUNITY SUPERVISED RELEASE PROGRAM
5	TO DIVERT NONVIOLENT OFFENDERS FROM PRISON; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
6	
7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
8	
9	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Community supervised release program for nonviolent offenders pilot
10	program purpose. (1) There is a pilot program called the "Community Supervised Release Program for
11	Nonviolent Offenders". A total of 100 offenders may be served in the pilot program, and there may be pilot
12	projects in two locations across the state.
13	(2) The purpose of the program is to provide a less costly and restrictive alternative to incarceration
14	for offenders who have not committed violent felony offenses that holds an offender accountable, provides
15	for community safety, and addresses the deficiencies and needs of the offenders in order to give the
16	offender the opportunity to obtain treatment, to gain and maintain stable employment, and to meet the
17	responsibilities of being a member of society.
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- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 8], the following definitions apply:
  - (1) "Department" means the department of corrections as provided in 2-15-2301.
- (2) "Educational entity" means a public or private institution of higher education that has graduate programs in corrections and human services-related disciplines.
- (3) "Immediate family" means a person who lives with the offender and is related by blood, marriage, or adoption. If an offender has no relatives by blood, marriage, adoption, or law the offender may name a person with whom the offender lives to be considered as a member of immediate family for the purposes of [sections 1 through 8], if the person agrees to abide by the requirements imposed on members of an immediate family.
- (4) "Mental health professional" means any social worker, clinical social worker, professional counselor, clinical professional counselor, psychologist, psychiatrist, occupational therapist, or other



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1	professional who is licensed or certified to provide mental health services in this state pursuant to Title 37.
2	(5) "Offender" means an offender who has not committed a violent felony offense, as defined in
3	46-18-1001.
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5	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Qualifications to be selected as pilot project. (1) A judicial district may
6	apply to the department to be selected as a site of a pilot project.
7	(2) For a judicial district to qualify for the project, the jurisdiction must have an intensive
8	supervision program and electronic monitoring.
9	(3) For the purposes of application, the judicial district shall organize a community supervised
10	release program team composed of:
11	(a) a representative of an educational entity;
12	(b) a probation and parole officer;
13	(c) an intensive supervision officer, if necessary;
14	(d) a certified chemical dependency counselor; and
15	(e) a mental health professional.
16	(4) The members of a team shall enter into a written agreement that outlines each member's and
17	each member's agency's responsibilities and that contains a provision for compliance with the requirements
18	of the agreement.
19	(5) The program may pursue Job Training Partnership Act funding; any other federal, state, or local
20	government funding; and any private funding to develop programs for the offenders sentenced to this
21	program.
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23	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Application eligibility criteria. (1) Upon conviction for an offense
24	other than a violent felony offense, as defined in 46-18-1001, and after a presentence investigation report
25	as provided in 46-18-111, that recommends a sentence of imprisonment, a probation and parole officer of
26	the offender's counsel may make application to the court for participation in the community supervised
27	release program.
28	(2) The community supervised release program team members shall review the application and
29	make a determination on eligibility. Eligibility requirements for application into the program are:



(a) an offender must be convicted of an offense other than a violent felony offense, as defined in

55th Legislature LC0055.01

46-18-1001;

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2 (b) the presentence investigation report prepared by the probation and parole officer must indicate 3 that a prison sentence is recommended for this offender;

- (c) an offender shall agree to submit to electronic monitoring and related requirements;
- (d) an offender shall agree to submit to chemical dependency and mental health evaluation;
- (e) an offender shall indicate an amenability to treatment and aftercare for chemical dependency or mental health, as may be determined through evaluation;
  - (f) the members of an offender's immediate family shall agree to participate in counseling and treatment activities that are considered necessary for the success of the offender in the program;
- (g) the offender shall agree to participate in education, job readiness, or job placement activities as developed for the offender;
- (h) the offender shall agree to participate in victim-offender mediation, if the victim desires mediation;
- (i) the offender shall agree to participate in other programming as considered necessary by the team; and
- (j) the offender shall agree to pay part or all of the costs of treatment, supervision, or other activities required by the program, based on the current and future ability to pay in a reasonable payment schedule over the duration of the sentence.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Acceptance to program -- program responsibilities. (1) Upon acceptance into the program, the team shall meet as soon as possible and organize the initial intake and screening procedures.

- (2) Intake and screening procedures include:
- (a) contact with the victim to determine whether the victim is amenable to victim-offender mediation and, if the victim is amenable, organizing an initial meeting before sentencing;
- (b) contact with the members of the offender's immediate family to determine their concerns, needs, and responsibilities;
  - (c) a chemical dependency and mental health evaluation;
- (d) an educational and job assessment to determine what educational needs or job placement needs an offender may have. If an offender is currently enrolled in an educational program or is currently



employed, the evaluation must include an assessment of the program or job and any needs to stabilize or assist the success of that program.

- (e) a general assessment of other programming needs, such as anger management, financial management, and life skills; and
- (f) a general assessment of residential and housing needs. This component may include use of a community corrections facility or program, as defined in 46-18-104, or use of a residential aftercare setting, an offender's own home, or other community resources that contribute to the success of the program and that can operate in conjunction with the requirements for electronic monitoring.
  - (3) The members of the team and each member's responsibilities are as follows:
- (a) A person who is the representative of an educational entity is the team leader. The team leader is responsible for developing the overall program. The team leader shall develop a program using students of a graduate program in a discipline related to human services, such as social work, criminal justice, sociology, or psychology, who assist the offender in the development of a program and who organize the contacts for the electronic monitoring, chemical dependency and mental health evaluation, chemical dependency and mental health treatment, and other programming as needed.
- (b) The team member responsible for setting up the electronic monitoring element of the program is the intensive supervision officer or the probation and parole officer. The probation and parole officer shall participate in the capacity of coordinating with the other team members for the purpose of conducting the presentence investigation, as provided in 46-18-111, and development of the plan to present to the sentencing judge.
- (c) A certified chemical dependency counselor is responsible for conducting the initial chemical dependency evaluation and for setting up a treatment and aftercare plan that the offender shall follow to successfully complete the program.
- (d) A mental health professional is responsible for conducting the initial mental health evaluation and for setting up a treatment and aftercare plan as needed, in conjunction with the chemical dependency counselor, that the offender shall follow to successfully complete the program.
  - (4) The team shall recommend imposition of the following conditions:
- (a) 24-hour-a-day electronic monitoring for the first 3 months of the sentence, unless the offender resides at a community corrections facility;
  - (b) financial responsibility for dependents; and



1	(c) payment of costs of restitution and treatment in a reasonable schedule of payment over the
2	duration of the sentence. The payments may be deferred for an initial period of time to allow the offender
3	to receive treatment, job training, and job placement assistance.
4	(5) The team may recommend the imposition of any combination of the following conditions, as
5	determined by the needs of the community, the victim, and the offender:
6	(a) an extension of the 24-hour-a-day electronic monitoring beyond the initial 3 months;
7	(b) chemical dependency education and counseling;
8	(c) chemical dependency treatment and aftercare if determined necessary by a certified chemical
9	dependency counselor;
10	(d) mental health treatment and aftercare if determined necessary by a mental health professional;
11	(e) specialized treatment and education, such as programs for check-writing offenders and domestic
12	violence offenders;
13	(f) family counseling;
14	(g) parenting classes;
15	(h) education;
16	(i) vocational training;
17	(j) job training and placement programs or full-time employment;
18	(k) financial management and budgeting training, using the offender's restitution and other
19	payments; or
20	(I) life skills such as health and nutrition, anger management, and crisis management.
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22	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Recommendations for sentence and conditions. (1) Upon completion
23	of the initial intake and evaluation, the team shall meet to develop a substitute recommendation to the
24	sentencing judge on the type of sentence that is appropriate, a recommendation for the length of time that
25	the offender needs to successfully complete the treatment and programming necessary, and the conditions
26	that the offender must meet to be considered successful in the completion of the program.
27	(2) The probation and parole officer who performed the presentence investigation shall include the
28	substitute recommendations for sentencing with the officer's presentence investigation report to the court.



and place the offender, under the commitment to the department, in a community supervised release

(3) The sentencing judge may suspend or defer an offender's sentence as provided in 46-18-201

prograi	m and impos	e any combina	tion of the co	onditions listed	in [section 5]	as recommended l	by the team
and an	v additional (	conditions the	judge believe	s to be necess	sary.		

(4) The offender is subject to the provisions of 46-18-203 upon failure to successfully complete the program. Upon a minor violation of the conditions of the sentence, sanctions may be applied in an effort to maintain an offender in the program prior to revocation proceedings.

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 7. Department responsibilities. (1) The department shall provide electronic monitoring devices and equipment and may assess a fee on the offender for the actual cost of supplying the devices and equipment.
- (2) The department is responsible for the payment of treatment and programming. The department may assess a reasonable fee on the offender, based on the offender's ability to pay throughout the duration of the sentence, for the use of electronic monitoring devices and equipment and treatment and supervision costs. These costs may not exceed those charged for other offenders in other department programs.
- (3) If an offender is unable to pay for services, the department shall coordinate with other state and local agencies to obtain any services for which the offender is eligible.
- (4) The department or judicial district may pursue federal or private grant funds to assist the program in the provision of services for the offender.
- (5) The department shall negotiate a fee to be paid to the educational entity for the costs associated with supervising students and coordinating the community supervised release program.

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 8. Juvenile nonviolent offender program. (1) Subject to the provisions in Title 41, chapter 5, a youth who has been adjudicated as a delinquent and who qualifies for placement at a state youth correctional facility, as defined in 41-5-103, may be placed in the court-supervised release program for nonviolent offenders. This program may be used as a disposition under 41-5-523 as a commitment to the department.
- (2) The youth placement committee, as provided in 41-5-525, shall perform the responsibilities of the community supervised release program team in determining the conditions of the youth's disposition. The representative of the educational entity shall coordinate with the youth placement committee to organize any contacts necessary for the programming for the youth.

55th Legislature LC0055.01

1	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 8] are intended to be
2	codified as an integral part of Title 46, chapter 18, and the provisions of Title 46, chapter 18, apply to
3	[sections 1 through 8].
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5	NEW SECTION. Section 10. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997.
6	-END-

### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

## Fiscal Note for HB0405, as introduced

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

A bill for an act creating a community supervised release program to divert nonviolent offenders from prison; and providing an effective date.

### ASSUMPTIONS:

- All costs of chemical dependency and mental health evaluations will be paid by the offenders. The Department of Corrections (DOC) also assumes that offenders would be responsible for all treatment and programming costs including: education, chemical dependency and/or mental health treatment, vocational training, financial management, life skills, family and parental counseling and other specialized treatment programs. Currently, offenders in pre-release centers access these services through community programs with costs based on the ability to pay. However, the DOC assumes that it would be responsible for \$50,000 of costs each year for treatment/programming that the offenders would not be able to pay for
- 2. This bill gives DOC the ability to assess fees to the offender for costs of this program. Fees will be collected at a rate of \$10 per day for 66% of the participants. (Current offenders in pre-release centers are assessed \$10/day.)
- 3. Assume colleges and universities will assume liability and workers' compensation costs for the team leaders. The DOC assumes that it can contract with the education entity to supervise these offenders at a cost of \$10 per hour. It is assumed that the educational entity will spend 4 hours per week to supervise each offender.
- 4. DOC will be able to lease the necessary electronic monitoring equipment for \$8.00 per day per offender and monitoring will be by a private vendor.
- 5. One probation and parole officer (grade 14) would be needed for each 50 offenders served through this program, resulting in an additional 2.00 FTE. This bill will require additional time for probation and parole officers to prepare presentence investigations and oversee the offenders in this program.
- 6. The DOC assumes that 10 of these offenders would otherwise have been incarcerated in Montana State Prison at an average daily cost of \$44.47, 10 would have gone to a pre-release center at a cost of \$37.63 per day, 10 in an intensive supervision program at \$17.39 per day, and 70 would have received probation services at a cost per day of \$2.68.

# FISCAL IMPACT:

	FY98	FY99
Revenues:	Difference	Difference
Offender Fees	240,900	240,900
Expenditures:		
FTE	2.00	2.00
Personal Services	63,670	63,670
Treatment/Programming Costs	50,000	50,000
Contracted Services	208,000	208,000
Electronic Monitoring	292,000	292,000
Savings in prison costs	(162, 316)	(162, 316)
Savings in pre-release costs	(137,350)	(137,350)
Savings in intensive supervision	(63,474)	(63, 474)
Savings in probation costs	<u>(68,474)</u>	(68,474)
Total	182,056	182.05€
Net Impact on Fund Balance:		
General Fund Savings (01)	58,844	58.844

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
Cffice of Budget and Program Planning

DIANA WYATT, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

2	INTRODUCED BY WYATT, CHRISTIAENS, DOWELL
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CREATING A COMMUNITY SUPERVISED RELEASE PROGRAM
5	TO DIVERT NONVIOLENT FELONY OFFENDERS FROM PRISON; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
6	
7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
8	
9	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Community supervised release program for nonviolent FELONY
10	offenders pilot program purpose. (1) There is a pilot program called the "Community Supervised Release
11	Program for Nonviolent FELONY Offenders". A total of 100 offenders may be served in the pilot program,
12	and there may be pilot projects in two FOUR locations across the state.
13	(2) The purpose of the program is to provide:
14	(A) a less costly and restrictive alternative to incarceration for offenders who have not committed
15	violent felony offenses that holds an offender accountable, <u>PROVIDES FOR RESTITUTION TO VICTIMS</u> ,
16	provides for community safety, and addresses the deficiencies and needs of the offenders in order to give
17	the offender the opportunity to obtain treatment, to gain and maintain stable employment, and to meet the
18	responsibilities of being a member of society; AND
19	(B) AN INCREASED LEVEL OF SUPERVISION FOR PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFENDERS WHO
20	HAVE VIOLATED THE TERMS OF THEIR SUPERVISION.
21	
22	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 8], the following definitions
23	apply:
24	(1) "Department" means the department of corrections as provided in 2-15-2301.
25	(2) "Educational entity" means a public or private institution of higher education that has graduate
26	programs in corrections and human services-related disciplines.
27	(3) "Immediate family" means a person who lives with the offender and is related by blood,
28	marriage, or adoption. If an offender has no relatives by blood, marriage, adoption, or law the offender may
29	name a person with whom the offender lives to be considered as a member of immediate family for the
30	purposes of [sections 1 through 8], if the person agrees to abide by the requirements imposed on members

HOUSE BILL NO. 405

of an immediate family.

2	(4) "Mental health professional" means any social worker, clinical social worker, professional
3	counselor, clinical professional counselor, psychologist, psychiatrist, occupational therapist, or other
4	professional who is licensed or certified to provide mental health services in this state pursuant to Title 37.
5	(5) "Offender" means an offender who has <del>not</del> committed a <del>violent</del> felony offense, as defined in
6	4 <del>6-18-1001</del> <u>45-2-101</u> .
7	(6) "SPONSOR" MEANS A PERSON, NAMED BY THE OFFENDER, WITH WHOM THE OFFENDER
8	LIVES AND WHO AGREES TO ABIDE BY THE REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED ON MEMBERS OF AN IMMEDIATE
9	FAMILY.
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11	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Qualifications to be selected as pilot project. (1) A judicial district may
12	apply to the department to be selected as a site of a pilot project.
13	(2) For a judicial district to qualify for the project, the jurisdiction must have an intensive
14	supervision program and electronic monitoring.
15	(3)(2)(A) For the purposes of application, the judicial district shall organize a community supervised
16	release program team composed of:
17	(a)(I) a representative of an educational entity;
18	(b)(II) a probation and parole officer;
19	(c) an intensive supervision officer, if necessary;
20	(d)(III) a certified chemical dependency counselor; and
21	(e)(IV) a mental health professional.
22	(B) THE TEAM REQUIRED IN SUBSECTION (2)(A) MAY INCLUDE A VICTIM.
23	(4)(3) The members of a team shall enter into a written agreement that outlines each member's
24	and each member's agency's responsibilities and that contains a provision for compliance with the
25	requirements of the agreement.
26	(5)(4) The program may pursue Job Training Partnership Act funding; any other federal, state, or
27	local government funding; and any private funding to develop programs for the offenders sentenced to this
28	program.
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NEW SECTION. Section 4. Application -- eligibility criteria. (1) Upon conviction for an offense

1	other than a violent OF A felony offense, as defined in 46-18-1001, and after a presentence investigation
2	report, as provided in 46-18-111, that recommends a sentence of imprisonment, a probation and parole
3	officer or the offender's counsel may make application to the court for participation in the community
4	supervised release program. APPLICATION MAY ALSO BE MADE DURING REVOCATION PROCEEDINGS
5	OF AN OFFENDER'S PROBATION OR PAROLE.

- (2) AFTER A REPORT OF VIOLATION HAS BEEN WRITTEN ON A PROBATIONER OR PAROLEE, IF THE DETERMINATION IS THAT THE OFFENDER NEEDS CLOSER SUPERVISION THAN STANDARD PROBATION AND PAROLE SUPERVISION CAN PROVIDE BUT THAT IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO INCARCERATE, THEN THE PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFICER OR THE OFFENDER'S COUNSEL MAY MAKE APPLICATION TO THE COURT FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE COMMUNITY SUPERVISED RELEASE PROGRAM.
- (2)(3) The community supervised release program team members shall review the application and make a determination on eligibility. Eligibility requirements for application into the program are:
- (a) an offender must be convicted of an <u>A FELONY</u> offense other than a violent felony offense, as defined in 46-18-1001;
- (b) the presentence investigation report prepared by the probation and parole officer must indicate that a prison sentence is recommended for this offender <u>OR THAT THE OFFENDER NEEDS CLOSER SUPERVISION THAN REGULAR PROBATION AND PAROLE STANDARDS BUT THAT INCARCERATION MAY NOT BE NECESSARY;</u>
- (c) an offender shall agree to submit to electronic monitoring and related requirements THE PROBATION OR PAROLE VIOLATION REPORT PREPARED BY THE PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFICER MUST INDICATE THE NEED FOR CLOSER SUPERVISION BUT MUST INDICATE THAT INCARCERATION MAY NOT BE NECESSARY;
  - (d) an offender shall agree to submit to chemical dependency and mental health evaluation;
- (e) an offender shall indicate an amenability to treatment and aftercare for chemical dependency or mental health, as may be determined through evaluation;
- (f) the members of an offender's immediate family <u>OR THE SPONSOR</u> shall agree to participate in counseling and treatment activities that are considered necessary for the success of the offender in the program;
- (g) the offender shall agree to participate in education, job readiness, or job placement activities



as developed for the offerider	1	as developed	for the	offender;
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- 2 (h) the offender shall agree to participate in victim-offender mediation, if the victim desires 3 mediation;
  - (i) the offender shall agree to participate in other programming as considered necessary by the team; and
  - (j) the offender shall agree to pay part or all of the costs of treatment, supervision, or other activities required by the program, based on the current and future ability to pay in a reasonable payment schedule over the duration of the sentence <u>OR BY CONTRACT PAST THE DURATION OF THE SENTENCE</u>.

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- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Acceptance to program -- program responsibilities. (1) Upon acceptance into the program, the team shall meet as soon as possible and organize the initial intake and screening procedures.
  - (2) Intake and screening procedures include:
- (a) contact with the victim to determine whether the victim is amenable to victim-offender mediation and, if the victim is amenable, organizing an initial meeting before sentencing;
- (b) contact with the members of the offender's immediate family <u>OR THE SPONSOR</u> to determine their <u>THE MEMBERS'</u> OR <u>SPONSOR'S</u> concerns, needs, and responsibilities;
- 18 (c) a chemical dependency and mental health evaluation;
  - (d) an educational and job assessment to determine what educational needs or job placement needs an offender may have. If an offender is currently enrolled in an educational program or is currently employed, the evaluation must include an assessment of the program or job and any needs to stabilize or assist the success of that program.
  - (e) a general assessment of other programming needs, such as anger management, financial management, and life skills; and
  - (f) a general assessment of residential and housing needs. This component may include use of a community corrections facility or program, as defined in 46-18-104, or use of a residential aftercare setting, an offender's own home, or other community resources that contribute to the success of the program and that can operate in conjunction with the requirements for electronic monitoring.
    - (3) The members of the team and each member's responsibilities are as follows:
- 30 (a) A person who is the representative of an educational entity is the team leader. The team leader



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is responsible for developing the overall program. The team leader shall develop a program using students
of a graduate program in a discipline related to human services, such as social work, criminal justice,
sociology, or psychology, who assist the offender in the development of a program and who organize the
contacts WITH A PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFICER for the electronic monitoring, chemical dependency
and mental health evaluation, chemical dependency and mental health treatment, and other programming
as needed.

- (b) The team member responsible for setting up the electronic monitoring element of the program is the intensive supervision officer or the probation and parele officer. The probation and parele officer shall participate in the capacity of coordinating with the other team members for the purpose of conducting the presentence investigation, as provided in 46-18-111, and OR PREPARING THE REPORT OF VIOLATION FOR THE development of the plan to present to the sentencing judge.
- (c) A certified chemical dependency counselor is responsible for conducting the initial chemical dependency evaluation and for setting up a treatment and aftercare plan that the offender shall follow to successfully complete the program.
- (d) A mental health professional is responsible for conducting the initial mental health evaluation and for setting up a treatment and aftercare plan as needed, in conjunction with the chemical dependency counselor, that the offender shall follow to successfully complete the program.
  - (4) The team shall recommend imposition of the following conditions:
- (a) 24-hour-a-day electronic monitoring for the first 3-months of the sentence, unless the offender resides at a community corrections facility;
  - (b)(A) financial responsibility for dependents; and
- (e)(B) payment of costs of restitution and treatment in a reasonable schedule of payment over the duration of the sentence. The payments may be deferred for an initial period of time to allow the offender to receive treatment, job training, and job placement assistance.
- (5) The team may recommend the imposition of any combination of the following conditions, as determined by the needs of the community, the victim, and the offender:
  - (a) an extension of the 24-hour-a-day electronic monitoring beyond the initial 3 months;
- 28 (B) DAY REPORTING OR TRANSITIONAL LIVING AT A PRERELEASE CENTER;
- 29 (b)(C) chemical dependency education and counseling;
- 30 (c)(D) chemical dependency treatment and aftercare if determined necessary by a certified chemical



1	dependency counselor;
2	(d)(E) mental health treatment and aftercare if determined necessary by a mental health
3	professional;
4	(e)(F) specialized treatment and education, such as programs for check-writing offenders and
5	domestic violence offenders;
6	(f)(G) family counseling;
7	<del>(g)(H)</del> parenting classes;
8	<del>(h)(I)</del> education;
9	(i)(J) vocational training;
10	(i)(K) job training and placement programs or full-time employment;
11	(k)(L) financial management and budgeting training, using the offender's restitution and other
12	payments; or
13	(⅓(M) life skills such as health and nutrition, anger management, and crisis management.
14	<b>3</b>
15	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Recommendations for sentence and conditions. (1) Upon completion
16	of the initial intake and evaluation, the team shall meet to HELP THE PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFICER
17	develop a substitute recommendation to the sentencing judge on the type of sentence that is appropriate,
18	a recommendation for the length of time that the offender needs to successfully complete the treatment
19	and programming necessary, and the conditions that the offender must meet to be considered successful
20	in the completion of the program.
21	(2) The probation and parole officer who performed the presentence investigation OR PREPARED
22	THE REPORT OF VIOLATION shall include ATTACH the substitute recommendations for sentencing with
23	the officer's presentence investigation report OR REPORT OF VIOLATION to the court.
24	(3) The sentencing judge may suspend or defer an offender's sentence as provided in 46-18-201
25	and OR place the offender, under the commitment to the department, in a community supervised release
26	program and impose any combination of the conditions listed in [section 5] as recommended by the team
27	and any additional conditions the judge believes to be necessary.
28	(4) The offender is subject to the provisions of 46-18-203 upon failure to successfully complete
29	the program. Upon a minor violation of the conditions of the sentence, sanctions may be applied in an



effort to maintain an offender in the program prior to revocation proceedings.

1	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Department responsibilities. (1) The department shall provide
2	electronic monitoring devices and equipment and may assess a fee on the offender for the actual cost of
3	supplying the devices and equipment A PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFICER TO BE THE LEAD IN THE
4	SUPERVISION OF THE OFFENDERS PARTICIPATING IN THE PROGRAM PROVIDED FOR IN [SECTIONS 1
5	THROUGH 8].
6	(2) The department is responsible for the payment of treatment and programming. The department
7	may assess a reasonable fee on the offender, based on the offender's ability to pay throughout the duration
8	of the sentence, for the use of electronic monitoring devices and equipment and treatment and supervision
9	costs. These costs may not exceed those charged for other offenders in other department programs.
10	(3) If an offender is unable to pay for services, the department shall coordinate with other state
11	and local agencies to obtain any services for which the offender is eligible.
12	(4)(3) The department or judicial district may pursue federal or private grant funds to assist the
13	program in the provision of services for the offender.
14	(5)(4) The department shall negotiate a fee to be paid to the educational entity for the costs
15	associated with supervising students and coordinating the community supervised release program.
16	
17	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Juvenile nonviolent offender program. (1) Subject to the provisions
18	in Title 41, chapter 5, a youth who has been adjudicated as a delinquent and who qualifies for placement
19	at a state youth correctional facility, as defined in 41-5-103, may be placed in the court-supervised
20	DEPARTMENT-SUPERVISED release program for nonviolent YOUTH offenders. This program may be used
21	as a disposition under 41-5-523 as a commitment to the department.
22	(2) The youth placement committee, as provided in 41-5-525, shall perform the responsibilities of
23	the community supervised release program team in determining the conditions of the youth's disposition.
24	The representative of the educational entity shall coordinate with the youth placement committee to
25	organize any contacts necessary for the programming for the youth.
26	
27	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 8] are intended to be
28	codified as an integral part of Title 46, chapter 18, and the provisions of Title 46, chapter 18, apply to
29	[sections 1 through 8].



1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 10. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997.

2 -END-

ì	HOUSE BILL NO. 405
2	INTRODUCED BY WYATT, CHRISTIAENS, DOWELL
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CREATING A COMMUNITY SUPERVISED RELEASE PROGRAM
5	TO DIVERT NONVIOLENT FELONY OFFENDERS FROM PRISON; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
6	
7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.