_	INTRODUCED BY Kath
1	MAR () MAR ()
2	INTRODUCED BY Falle
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE
5	TREATMENT OR ITS CHEMICAL EQUIVALENT FOR CERTAIN SEX OFFENDERS; AMENDING SECTION
6	46-18-201, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	Section 1. Section 46-18-201, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"46-18-201. (Temporare) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has been found
12	guilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may:
13	(a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for
14	driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise
15	provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony.
16	The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the
17	period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:
18	(i) jail base release;
19	(ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days;
20	(iii) conditions for probation;
21	(iv) payment of the costs of confinement;
22	(v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231;
23	(vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233;
24	(vii) payment of costs of court-appointed counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
25	(viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a
26	community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321;
27	(ix) community service;
28	(x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10;
29	(xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of
30	society;





LC0580.01

- (xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116;
   or
- (xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii).
  (b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period
  of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the
  defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable
  restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a).
- 8
- (c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense;
- 9 (d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed
  10 counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
- (e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit
   the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or
   program;
- (f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community
   corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or

16 (g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f).

17 (2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim
18 of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim
19 as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay
20 restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241.

(3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be
 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for
 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed.

(4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court
shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence
or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be
allowed for jail or home arrest time already served.

(5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years
of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended:
45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3),



LC0580.01

1 45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2). 2 (6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence 3 of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended. 4 (7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred 5 in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the 6 sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was 7 suspended. 8 (8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a 9 sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred 10 or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment.

(9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in
 46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and
 Title 46, chapter 23, part 5.

(10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in the educational phase of the prison's sexual offender program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the sentence, the person shall also undergo medroxyprogesterone acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent for a period of time determined by the department of corrections. The period may not exceed the period of state supervision of the person.

(11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225.

46-18-201. (Effective July 1, 1997) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has
been found guilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may:

(a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for
 driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise
 provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony.



- 3 -

-----

.

1	The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the
2	period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:
3	(i) jail base release;
4	(ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days;
5	(iii) conditions for probation;
6	(iv) payment of the costs of confinement;
7	(v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231;
8	(vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233;
9	(vii) payment of costs of court-appointed counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
10	(viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a
11	community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321;
12	(ix) community service;
13	(x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10;
14	(xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of
15	society;
16	(xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116;
17	or
18	(xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii).
19	(b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period
20	of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the
21	defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable
22	restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a).
23	(c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense;
24	(d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed
25	counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
26	(e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit
27	the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or
28	program;
29	(f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community
30	corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or
	Legislative Services - 4 - Division

LC0580.01

1

(g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f).

(2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim
of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim
as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay
restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241.

6 (3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be 7 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for 8 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed.

9 (4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court 10 shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence 11 or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be 12 allowed for jail or home arrest time already served.

(5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years
of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended:
45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3),
45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2).

17 (6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence
18 of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended.

19 (7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred
20 in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the
21 sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was
22 suspended.

(8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a
sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred
or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment.

(9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in
46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and
Title 46, chapter 23, part 5.

(10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to
 imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in and complete the educational phase of the prison's sexual



LC0580.01

1 offender program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the sentence, the 2 person shall also undergo medroxyprogesterone acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent for a period 3 of time determined by the department of corrections. The period may not exceed the period of state 4 supervision of the person. 5 (11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to 6 imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community 7 corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the 8 sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison 9 or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were 10 not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225. 11 (12) Except as provided in 46-18-222, a provision of this section that conflicts with 46-18-219 does 12 not apply to a person sentenced under 46-18-219." 13 14 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Application. [This act] applies to offenses committed after October 1, 1997. 15 16 -END-

### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for HB0268, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act providing for medroxyprogesterone acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent for certain sex offenders; and providing an applicability date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- Cost per inmate for Depo-Provera treatment is \$131 per week for an annual cost of \$6,812. Medical monitoring costs of \$300 for preliminary clearance and \$50 for each of 3 quarterly monitoring visit would also be incurred. Total annual cost per inmate would be \$7,262.
- 2. This bill applies to offenses committed after 10/1/97. Because of the time between commission of offense and start of incarceration, the Department of Corrections (DOC) assumes that there will be no costs incurred during fiscal year 1998.
- 3. Assume that this bill only applies to those offenders sentenced to prison. In fiscal year 1996 there were 100 admissions to prison for sexual offenses covered under this bill.
- 4. This bill only applies to offenders who the DOC recommends for treatment and the judge sentences for such treatment. The DOC assumes that this will be 25% of the offenders who are sentenced to prison.
- 5. The treatment costs for the offenders will be incurred while they are under DOC supervision and will begin upon admission to prison.
- 6. In fiscal year 1999 the DOC estimates it will provide treatment for 25 inmates at a cost \$181,550.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Department of Corrections:	FY98	FY99
Expenditures: Treatment costs	<u>Difference</u> 0	<u>Difference</u> 181,550
<u>Funding:</u> General Fund (01)	0	181,550

### LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

The cost of this bill in future years will increase linearly because the treatment costs will continue while the inmate is under DOC supervision. In fiscal year 2006, the cost of this bill based on current data (without any inflation factor for the cost of treatment) could be as much as \$1,452,400.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning DEB KOTTEL, PRIMARY SPONSOR DATE

Fiscal Note for <u>HB0268</u>, as introduced **HR 268** 

Legislative Services Division

.

LC0580.01

APPROVED BY COM ON JUDICIARY

1	House BILL NO. 268
2	INTRODUCED BY Kath
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE
5	TREATMENT OR ITS CHEMICAL EQUIVALENT FOR CERTAIN SEX OFFENDERS; AMENDING SECTION
6	46-18-201, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	Section 1. Section 46-18-201, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"46-18-201. (Temporary) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has been found
12	guilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may:
13	(a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for
14	driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise
15	provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony.
16	The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the
17	period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:
18	(i) jail base release;
19	(ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days;
20	(iii) conditions for probation;
21	(iv) payment of the costs of confinement;
22	(v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231;
23	(vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233;
24	(vii) payment of costs of court-appointed counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
25	(viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a
26	community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321;
27	(ix) community service;
28	(x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10;
2 <b>9</b>	(xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of
30	society;

HB268 SECOND READING

LC0580.01

1 (xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116; 2 or 3 (xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii). 4 (b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the 5 defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable 6 7 restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a). 8 (c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense; (d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed 9 10 counsel as provided in 46-8-113; 11 (e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit 12 the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or 13 program; 14 (f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community 15 corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or 16 (g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f). 17 (2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim 18 of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim 19 as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay 20 restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241. 21 (3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be 22 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for 23 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed. (4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court 24 shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence 25 or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be 26 27 allowed for jail or home arrest time already served. 28 (5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years 29 of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended:

30 45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3),



- 2 -

LC0580.01

1 45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2).

(6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence 2 3 of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended.

(7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred 4 in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the 5 6 sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was 7 suspended.

8 (8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a 9 sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred 10 or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment.

11 (9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in 12 46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and 13 Title 46, chapter 23, part 5.

14 (10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to 15 imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in the educational phase of the prison's sexual offender program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the sentence, the person shall 16 17 also undergo medroxyprogesterone acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent for a period of time determined by the department of corrections. The period may not exceed the period of state supervision 18

19 of the person.

(11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to 20 21 imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community 22 corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the 23 sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison 24 or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were 25 not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225.

26

46-18-201. (Effective July 1, 1997) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has been found quilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may: 27

28 (a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise 29 30 provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony.



- 3 -

ч**і** LC0580.01

٠

1	The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the
2	period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:
3	(i) jail base release;
4	(ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days;
5	(iii) conditions for probation;
6	(iv) payment of the costs of confinement;
7	(v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231;
8	(vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233;
9	(vii) payment of costs of court-appointed counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
10	(viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a
11	community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321;
12	(ix) community service;
13	(x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10;
14	(xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of
15	society;
16	(xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116;
17	or
18	(xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii).
19	(b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period
20	of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the
21	defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable
22	restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a).
23	(c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense;
24	(d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed
25	counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
26	(e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit
27	the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or
28	program;
29	(f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community
30	corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or



- 4 -

LC0580.01

1

(g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f).

(2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim
of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim
as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay
restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241.

6 (3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be 7 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for 8 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed.

9 (4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court 10 shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence 11 or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be 12 allowed for jail or home arrest time already served.

(5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years
of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended:
45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3),
45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2).

17 (6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence
18 of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended.

19 (7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred 20 in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the 21 sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was 22 suspended.

(8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a
sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred
or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment.

(9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in
46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and
Title 46, chapter 23, part 5.

(10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to
 imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in and complete the educational phase of the prison's sexual



- 5 -

LC0580.01

÷,

1 offender program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the sentence, the 2 person shall also undergo medroxyprogesterone acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent for a period 3 of time determined by the department of corrections. The period may not exceed the period of state 4 supervision of the person. 5 (11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to 6 imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community 7 corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the 8 sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison 9 or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were 10 not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225. 11 (12) Except as provided in 46-18-222, a provision of this section that conflicts with 46-18-219 does 12 not apply to a person sentenced under 46-18-219." 13 14 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Application. [This act] applies to offenses committed after October

15 1, 1997.

16

-END-

1	
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 268
2	INTRODUCED BY KOTTEL
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE
5	TREATMENT OR ITS CHEMICAL EQUIVALENT FOR CERTAIN SEX OFFENDERS; AMENDING SECTION
6	46-18-201, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	Section 1. Section 46-18-201, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"46-18-201. (Temporary) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has been found
12	guilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may:
13	(a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for
14	driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise
15	provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony.
16	The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the
17	period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:
18	(i) jail base release;
19	(ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days;
20	(iii) conditions for probation;
21	(iv) payment of the costs of confinement;
22	(v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231;
23	(vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233;
24	(vii) payment of costs of court-appointed counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
25	(viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a
26	community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321;
27	(ix) community service;
28	(x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10;
29	(xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of
30	society;



8

- (xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116;
   or
   (xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii).
   (b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period
   of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the
   defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable
- 7 restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a).
  - (c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense;

9 (d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed
10 counsel as provided in 46-8-113;

(e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit
 the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or
 program;

14 (f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community 15 corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or

16 (g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f).

17 (2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim 18 of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim 19 as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay 20 restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241.

(3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be
 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for
 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed.

(4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court
shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence
or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be
allowed for jail or home arrest time already served.

(5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years
of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended:
45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3),



- 2 -

1 45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2).

2 (6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence 3 of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended.

4

(7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred 5 in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the 6 sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was 7 suspended.

8 (8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a 9 sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred 10 or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment.

11 (9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in 12 46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and 13 Title 46, chapter 23, part 5.

(10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to 14 15 imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in the educational phase of the prison's sexual offender 16 program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the sentence, the person shall 17 also undergo MEDICALLY SAFE medroxyprogesterone acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG TREATMENT THAT REDUCES SEXUAL FANTASIES, SEX DRIVE, OR 18 BOTH, PAID FOR BY AND for a period of time determined by the department of corrections. The period may 19 20 not exceed the period of state supervision of the person.

(11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to 21 22 imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the 23 24 sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison 25 or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225. 26

46-18-201. (Effective July 1, 1997) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has 27 been found quilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may: 28

(a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for 29 driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise 30



, **a** 

1	provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony.
2	The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the
3	period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:
4	(i) jail base release;
5	(ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days;
6	(iii) conditions for probation;
7	(iv) payment of the costs of confinement;
8	(v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231;
9	(vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233;
10	(vii) payment of costs of court-appointed counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
11	(viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a
12	community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321;
13	(ix) community service;
14	(x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10;
15	(xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of
16	society;
17	(xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116;
18	or
19	(xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii).
20	(b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period
21	of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the
22	defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable
23	restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a).
24	(c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense;
25	(d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed
26	counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
27	(e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit
28	the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or
29	program;
30	(f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community



- 4 -

-

1 corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or

2

(g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f).

3

(2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim 4 of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim 5 as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay 6 restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241.

7 (3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be 8 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for 9 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed.

10 (4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court 11 shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be 12 13 allowed for jail or home arrest time already served.

14 (5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended: 15 16 45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3), 17 45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2).

18 (6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence 19 of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended.

20 (7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the 21 22 sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was 23 suspended.

(8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a 24 sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred 25 or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment. 26

27 (9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in 46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and 28 29 Title 46, chapter 23, part 5.

30

(10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to



- 5 -

HB0268.02

1 imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in and complete the educational phase of the prison's sexual 2 offender program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the sentence, the 3 person shall also undergo MEDICALLY SAFE medroxyprogesterone acetate treatment or its chemical 4 equivalent OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG TREATMENT THAT REDUCES SEXUAL FANTASIES, SEX 5 DRIVE, OR BOTH, PAID FOR BY AND for a period of time determined by the department of corrections. The 6 period may not exceed the period of state supervision of the person. 7 (11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to 8 imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community 9 corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the 10 sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison 11 or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were 12 not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225. 13 (12) Except as provided in 46-18-222, a provision of this section that conflicts with 46-18-219 does 14 not apply to a person sentenced under 46-18-219." 15

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Application. [This act] applies to offenses committed after October
 17 1, 1997.

۰.

18

-END-

-

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 268
2	INTRODUCED BY KOTTEL
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE
5	TREATMENT OR ITS CHEMICAL EQUIVALENT FOR CERTAIN SEX OFFENDERS; AMENDING SECTION
6	46-18-201, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	Section 1. Section 46-18-201, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"46-18-201. (Temporary) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has been found
12	guilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may:
13	(a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for
14	driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise
15	provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony.
16	The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the
17	period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:
18	(i) jail base release;
19	(ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days;
20	(iii) conditions for probation;
21	(iv) payment of the costs of confinement;
22	(v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231;
23	(vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233;
24	(vii) payment of costs of court-appointed counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
25	(viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a
26	community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321;
27	(ix) community service;
28	(x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10;
29	(xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of
30	society;

Legislative Services Division

.

.

1

3

(xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116;

2

or

(xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii).

(b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period
of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the
defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable
restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a).

8

(c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense;

9 (d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed
10 counsel as provided in 46-8-113;

(e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit
 the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or
 program;

(f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community
 corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or

16 (g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f).

17 (2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim 18 of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim 19 as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay 20 restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241.

(3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be
 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for
 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed.

(4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court
shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence
or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be
allowed for jail or home arrest time already served.

(5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years
of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended:
45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3),



1 45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2).

2 (6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence
3 of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended.

4 (7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred 5 in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the 6 sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was 7 suspended.

8 (8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a
9 sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred
10 or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment.

(9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in
46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and
Title 46, chapter 23, part 5.

(10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to 14 15 imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in the educational phase of the prison's sexual offender 16 program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the sentence [THE PERSON 17 IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF [SECTION 1 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31]], the person shall also[, AS 18 PROVIDED IN [SECTION 1 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31],] undergo MEDICALLY SAFE medroxyprogesterone 19 acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG TREATMENT THAT 20 REDUCES SEXUAL FANTASIES, SEX DRIVE, OR BOTH, PAID FOR BY AND for a period of time determined by the department of corrections. The period may not exceed the period of state supervision of the person. 21 22 (11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to

imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225.

46-18-201. (Effective July 1, 1997) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has
been found guilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may:

30

(a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for



driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise 1 provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony. 2 The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the 3 4 period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include: 5 (i) jail base release; (ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days; 6 7 (iii) conditions for probation; 8 (iv) payment of the costs of confinement; 9 (v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231; 10 (vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233; 11 (vii) payment of costs of court-appointed coursel as provided in 46-8-113; (viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a 12 community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; 13 14 (ix) community service; (x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10; 15 (xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of 16 17 society; 18 (xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116; 19 or 20 (xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii). 21 (b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period 22 of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the 23 defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable 24 restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a). 25 (c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense; 26 (d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed 27 counsel as provided in 46-8-113; 28 (e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit 29 the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or 30 program;



HB0268.03

1 (f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community 2 corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or

3

(g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f).

4 (2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim
5 of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim
6 as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay
7 restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241.

8 (3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be
9 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for
10 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed.

11 (4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court 12 shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence 13 or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be 14 allowed for jail or home arrest time already served.

(5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years
of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended:
45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3),
45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2).

(6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence
of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended.

(7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred
in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the
sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was
suspended.

(8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a
sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred
or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment.

(9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in
46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and
Title 46, chapter 23, part 5.



- 5 -

1 (10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to 2 imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in and complete the educational phase of the prison's sexual 3 offender program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the contence [THE 4 PERSON IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF [SECTION 1 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31]], the person shall also[, AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 1 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31],] undergo MEDICALLY SAFE 5 medroxyprogesterone acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG 6 TREATMENT THAT REDUCES SEXUAL FANTASIES, SEX DRIVE, OR BOTH, PAID FOR BY AND for a period 7 of time determined by the department of corrections. The period may not exceed the period of state 8 9 supervision of the person. 10 (11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to 11 imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community 12 corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the

13 sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison 14 or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were 15 not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225.

(12) Except as provided in 46-18-222, a provision of this section that conflicts with 46-18-219 does
 not apply to a person sentenced under 46-18-219."

18

 19
 NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. (1) IF [SECTION 1] OF SENATE

 20
 BILL NO. 31 IS NOT PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN THE BRACKETED LANGUAGE IN THAT PART OF

 21
 [SECTION 1 OF THIS ACT] THAT AMENDS 46-18-201(10), IN BOTH VERSIONS, IS VOID AND THE

 22
 PHRASE "RECOMMENDED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND INCLUDED IN THE SENTENCE"

 23
 MUST BE REINSERTED.

24 (2) IF [SECTION 1] OF SENATE BILL NO. 31 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN:

25 (A) THE WORDS "MEDICALLY SAFE" ARE INSERTED AFTER "SENTENCED TO UNDERGO" IN
 26 EACH PLACE IN WHICH THAT PHRASE APPEARS IN SUBSECTIONS (1) THROUGH (3) OF [SECTION 1]
 27 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31;

(B) THE WORDS "OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG TREATMENT THAT REDUCES SEXUAL
 FANTASIES, SEX DRIVE, OR BOTH" ARE INSERTED AFTER THE WORD "EQUIVALENT" IN EACH PLACE
 IN WHICH "EQUIVALENT" APPEARS IN SUBSECTIONS (1) AND (2) OF [SECTION 1] OF SENATE BILL NO.



- 6 -

## 1 <u>31; AND</u>

# <u>(C) THE WORDS "OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG TREATMENT THAT REDUCES SEXUAL</u> FANTASIES, SEX DRIVE, OR BOTH," ARE INSERTED AFTER THE WORD "EQUIVALENT" IN SUBSECTION (3) OF [SECTION 1] OF SENATE BILL NO. 31.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Application. [This act] applies to offenses committed after October 7 1, 1997.

8

5

-END-

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 268
2	INTRODUCED BY KOTTEL
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING FOR MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE
5	TREATMENT OR ITS CHEMICAL EQUIVALENT FOR CERTAIN SEX OFFENDERS; AMENDING SECTION
6	46-18-201, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
7	
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	Section 1. Section 46-18-201, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"46-18-201. (Temporary) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has been found
12	guilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may:
13	(a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for
14	driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise
15	provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony.
16	The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the
17	period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include:
18	(i) jail base release;
19	(ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days;
20	(iii) conditions for probation;
21	(iv) payment of the costs of confinement;
22	(v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231;
23	(vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233;
24	(vii) payment of costs of court-appointed counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
25	(viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a
26	community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321;
27	(ix) community service;
28	(x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10;
29	(xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of
30	society;



or

HB0268.03

1 (xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116;

2

(xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii).
(b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period
of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the
defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable
restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a).

- 8 (c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense;
- 9 (d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed
   10 counsel as provided in 46-8-113;
- (e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit
   the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or
   program;
- (f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community
   corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or

16

(g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f).

17 (2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim 18 of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim 19 as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay 20 restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241.

(3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be
 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for
 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed.

(4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court
shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence
or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be
allowed for jail or home arrest time already served.

(5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years
of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended:
45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3),



1 45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2). 2 (6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence 3 of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended. (7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred 4 5 in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the 6 sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was 7 suspended. 8 (8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a 9 sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred 10 or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment. 11 (9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in 12 46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and 13 Title 46, chapter 23, part 5. 14 (10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to 15 imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in the educational phase of the prison's sexual offender 16 program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the contence (THE PERSON 17 IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF [SECTION 1 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31]], the person shall also[, AS 18 PROVIDED IN [SECTION 1 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31],] undergo MEDICALLY SAFE medroxyprogesterone 19 acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG TREATMENT THAT 20 REDUCES SEXUAL FANTASIES, SEX DRIVE, OR BOTH, PAID FOR BY AND for a period of time determined 21 by the department of corrections. The period may not exceed the period of state supervision of the person. 22 (11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to 23 imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community 24 corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the 25 sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison 26 or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were 27 not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225. 28 46-18-201. (Effective July 1, 1997) Sentences that may be imposed. (1) Whenever a person has 29 been found guilty of an offense upon a verdict or a plea of guilty, the court may: 30 (a) defer imposition of sentence, except as provided in 61-8-714 and 61-8-722 for sentences for

- 3 -

driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or as provided in 61-6-304, for a period, except as otherwise 1 provided, not exceeding 1 year for any misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 3 years for any felony. 2 The sentencing judge may impose upon the defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the 3 4 period of the deferred imposition. Reasonable restrictions or conditions may include: 5 (i) jail base release; 6 (ii) jail time not exceeding 180 days; 7 (iii) conditions for probation; (iv) payment of the costs of confinement; 8 9 (v) payment of a fine as provided in 46-18-231; (vi) payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 and 46-18-233; 10 (vii) payment of costs of court-appointed counsel as provided in 46-8-113; 11 (viii) with the approval of the facility or program, an order that the offender be placed in a 12 community corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; 13 14 (ix) community service; (x) home arrest as provided in Title 46, chapter 18, part 10; 15 (xi) any other reasonable conditions considered necessary for rehabilitation or for the protection of 16 17 society; (xii) payment of expenses for use of a judge pro tempore or special master as provided in 3-5-116; 18 19 or 20 (xiii) any combination of the restrictions or conditions in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(xii). 21 (b) suspend execution of sentence for a period up to the maximum sentence allowed or for a period 22 of 6 months, whichever is greater, for each particular offense. The sentencing judge may impose on the 23 defendant any reasonable restrictions or conditions during the period of suspended sentence. Reasonable 24 restrictions or conditions may include any of those listed in subsection (1)(a). 25 (c) impose a fine as provided by law for the offense; 26 (d) require payment of costs as provided in 46-18-232 or payment of costs of court-appointed 27 counsel as provided in 46-8-113; 28 (e) impose a county jail or state prison sentence, as provided in Title 45, for the offense or commit the defendant to the department of corrections for placement in an appropriate correctional institution or 29 30 program;



1 (f) with the approval of the facility or program, order the offender to be placed in a community 2 corrections facility or program as provided in 53-30-321; or

3

(g) impose any combination of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(f).

4

(2) In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection (1), if the court finds that the victim 5 of the offense has sustained a pecuniary loss, the court shall require payment of restitution to the victim

6 as provided in 46-18-241 through 46-18-249. If the court determines that the defendant is unable to pay 7 restitution, then it may impose, in addition to any other sentence, community service under 46-18-241.

8 (3) If a financial obligation is imposed as a condition under subsection (1)(a), sentence may be 9 deferred for a period not exceeding 2 years for a misdemeanor or for a period not exceeding 6 years for 10 a felony, regardless of whether any other conditions are imposed.

(4) If any restrictions or conditions imposed under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) are violated, the court 11 12 shall consider any elapsed time and either expressly allow part or all of it as a credit against the sentence 13 or reject all or part as a credit. The court shall state its reasons in the order. Credit, however, must be 14 allowed for jail or home arrest time already served.

15 (5) Except as provided in 45-9-202 and 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 2 years of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under the following sections may not be deferred or suspended: 16 45-5-103, 45-5-202(3) relating to aggravated assault, 45-5-302(2), 45-5-303(2), 45-5-401(2), 45-5-502(3), 17 18 45-5-503(2) and (3), 45-9-101(2), (3), and (5)(d), 45-9-102(4), and 45-9-103(2).

19 (6) Except as provided in 46-18-222, the imposition or execution of the first 10 years of a sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-102 may not be deferred or suspended. 20

(7) Except as provided in 46-18-222, imposition of sentence in a felony case may not be deferred 21 22 in the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a felony on a prior occasion, whether or not the 23 sentence was imposed, imposition of the sentence was deferred, or execution of the sentence was 24 suspended.

(8) If the victim was less than 16 years old, the imposition or execution of the first 30 days of a 25 sentence of imprisonment imposed under 45-5-503, 45-5-504, 45-5-505, or 45-5-507 may not be deferred 26 or suspended. Section 46-18-222 does not apply to the first 30 days of the imprisonment. 27

(9) In imposing a sentence on a defendant convicted of a sexual or violent offense as defined in 28 29 46-23-502, the court may not waive the registration requirement provided in 46-18-254, 46-18-255, and 30 Title 46, chapter 23, part 5.

- 5 -

HB0268.03

1 (10) A person convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, and sentenced to 2 imprisonment in the state prison shall enroll in and complete the educational phase of the prison's sexual 3 offender program. If recommended by the department of corrections and included in the centence [THE PERSON IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF [SECTION 1 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31]], the person shall 4 5 also[, AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 1 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31],] undergo MEDICALLY SAFE medroxyprogesterone acetate treatment or its chemical equivalent OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG 6 7 TREATMENT THAT REDUCES SEXUAL FANTASIES, SEX DRIVE, OR BOTH, PAID FOR BY AND for a period 8 of time determined by the department of corrections. The period may not exceed the period of state 9 supervision of the person. 10 (11) In sentencing a nonviolent felony offender, the court shall first consider alternatives to 11 imprisonment of the offender in the state prison, including placement of the offender in a community 12 corrections facility or program. In considering alternatives to imprisonment, the court shall examine the 13 sentencing criteria contained in 46-18-225. If the offender is subsequently sentenced to the state prison 14 or the women's correctional system, the court shall state its reasons why alternatives to imprisonment were 15 not selected, based on the criteria contained in 46-18-225. 16 (12) Except as provided in 46-18-222, a provision of this section that conflicts with 46-18-219 does 17 not apply to a person sentenced under 46-18-219." 18 19 NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. (1) IF [SECTION 1] OF SENATE 20 BILL NO. 31 IS NOT PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN THE BRACKETED LANGUAGE IN THAT PART OF 21 [SECTION 1 OF THIS ACT] THAT AMENDS 46-18-201(10), IN BOTH VERSIONS, IS VOID AND THE 22 PHRASE "RECOMMENDED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND INCLUDED IN THE SENTENCE" 23 MUST BE REINSERTED. 24 (2) IF [SECTION 1] OF SENATE BILL NO. 31 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN: 25 (A) THE WORDS "MEDICALLY SAFE" ARE INSERTED AFTER "SENTENCED TO UNDERGO" IN 26 EACH PLACE IN WHICH THAT PHRASE APPEARS IN SUBSECTIONS (1) THROUGH (3) OF [SECTION 1] 27 OF SENATE BILL NO. 31; 28 (B) THE WORDS "OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG TREATMENT THAT REDUCES SEXUAL

FANTASIES, SEX DRIVE, OR BOTH" ARE INSERTED AFTER THE WORD "EQUIVALENT" IN EACH PLACE 30 IN WHICH "EQUIVALENT" APPEARS IN SUBSECTIONS (1) AND (2) OF [SECTION 1] OF SENATE BILL NO.



29

- 6 -

# 1 <u>31; AND</u>

<u>(C) THE WORDS "OR OTHER MEDICALLY SAFE DRUG TREATMENT THAT REDUCES SEXUAL</u>
 <u>FANTASIES, SEX DRIVE, OR BOTH," ARE INSERTED AFTER THE WORD "EQUIVALENT" IN SUBSECTION</u>
 <u>(3) OF [SECTION 1] OF SENATE BILL NO. 31.</u>

6

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Application. [This act] applies to offenses committed after October 1, 1997.

8

7

-END-