/ 045c\_\_\_\_\_BJLL NO. <u>264</u> 1 Bergman 2 INTRODUCED BY 3

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING DRUG FREE AND CRIME FREE SCHOOLS;
REQUIRING THE YOUTH COURT TO NOTIFY A SCHOOL WHEN A YOUTH PLACED IN FOSTER CARE HAS
BEEN FOUND BY A JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER OR THE YOUTH COURT TO BE CURRENTLY
INVOLVED IN DRUG USE OR OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY; AUTHORIZING A SCHOOL TO REFUSE TO
ACCEPT THE YOUTH IF REFUSAL DOES NOT VIOLATE FEDERAL LAW; AND AMENDING SECTIONS
41-5-603 AND 52-2-211, MCA."

10

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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13

Section 1. Section 41-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:

"41-5-603. Youth court and department records <u>-- notification of school</u>. (1) Except as provided
 in subsection (2) subsections (2) and (3), all youth court records on file with the clerk of court, including
 reports of preliminary inquiries, petitions, motions, other filed pleadings, court findings, verdicts, orders,
 and decrees, are open to public inspection until the records are sealed under 41-5-604.

(2) Social, medical, and psychological records, predispositional studies, supervision records of
 probationers, and any report, charge, or allegation that is not adjudicated pursuant to this chapter are open
 only to the following:

(a) the youth court and its professional staff;

(b) representatives of any agency providing supervision and having legal custody of a youth;

(c) any other person, by order of the court, having a legitimate interest in the case or in the workof the court;

(d) any court and its probation and other professional staff or the attorney for a convicted party
who had been a party to proceedings in the youth court when considering the sentence to be imposed upon
the party;

28 (e) the county attorney;

(f) the youth who is the subject of the report or record, after emancipation or reaching the age ofmajority;





55th Legislature

LC0625.01

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1	(g) a member of a county interdisciplinary child information team formed under 52-2-211 who is
2	not listed in this subsection (2);
3	(h) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203; and
4	(i) persons allowed access to the records under 45-5-624(7).
5	(3) Notwithstanding the requirements of 20-5-321(1)(d) or (1)(e), if a youth is placed in foster care
6	because the youth has been found by the juvenile probation officer or the youth court to be currently
7	involved in drug use or other criminal activity, the youth court shall notify the school that the youth wil
8	attend of the drug use or criminal activity issues. Upon notification, the school may refuse to accept the
9	youth as a student but may not refuse to accept the student if refusal violates the federal Individuals With
10	Disabilities Education Act or the federal Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990.
11	(4) In all cases, a victim is entitled to all information concerning the identity and disposition of the
12	youth.
13	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated
14	as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the
15	school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse
16	program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission o
17	adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's
17 18	adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's permanent records.
18	permanent records.
18 19	permanent records. $(3)(6)$ Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when
18 19 20	permanent records. (3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the
18 19 20 21	permanent records. (3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings.
18 19 20 21 22	permanent records. (3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), where presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings. (4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional
18 19 20 21 22 23	permanent records. (3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), where presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings. (4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upor
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	permanent records. (3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), where presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings. (4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upor order of the youth court, for good cause to:
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	<ul> <li>permanent records.</li> <li>(3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings.</li> <li>(4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upor order of the youth court, for good cause to: <ul> <li>(a) those persons and agencies listed in subsection (2) subsections (2) and (3); and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>permanent records.</li> <li>(3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings.</li> <li>(4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upor order of the youth court, for good cause to: <ul> <li>(a) those persons and agencies listed in subsection (2) subsections (2) and (3); and</li> <li>(b) adult probation professional staff preparing a presentence report on a youth who has reached</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>permanent records.</li> <li>(3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings.</li> <li>(4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upor order of the youth court, for good cause to: <ul> <li>(a) those persons and agencies listed in subsection (2) subsections (2) and (3); and</li> <li>(b) adult probation professional staff preparing a presentence report on a youth who has reached</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>permanent records.</li> <li>(3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), wher presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings.</li> <li>(4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upor order of the youth court, for good cause to: <ul> <li>(a) those persons and agencies listed in subsection (2) subsections (2) and (3); and</li> <li>(b) adult probation professional staff preparing a presentence report on a youth who has reached the age of majority."</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

LC0625.01

1	operating within a county may by written agreement form a county interdisciplinary child information team:
2	(a) the youth court;
3	(b) the county attorney;
4	(c) the department of public health and human services;
5	(d) the county superintendent of schools;
6	(e) the sheriff;
7	(f) the chief of any police force;
8	(g) the superintendents of public school districts; and
9	(h) the department of corrections.
10	(2) The persons and agencies signing a written agreement under subsection (1) may by majority
11	vote allow the following persons to sign the written agreement and join the information team:
12	(a) physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, nurses, and other providers of medical and mental
13	health care;
14	(b) entities operating private elementary and secondary schools;
15	(c) attorneys; and
16	(d) a person or entity that has or may have a legitimate interest in one or more children that the
17	information team will serve.
18	(3) The members of the information team or their designees may form one or more auxiliary teams
19	for the purpose of providing service to a single child, a group of children, or children with a particular type
20	of problem or for any other purpose. Auxiliary teams are subject to the written agreement.
21	(4) The purpose of the team and written agreement is to facilitate the exchange and sharing of
22	information that one or more team members may be able to use in serving a child in the course of their
23	professions and occupations, including but not limited to abused, neglected, and delinquent children and
24	youth in need of supervision. Information regarding a child that a team member supplies to other team
25	members or that is disseminated to a team member under 41-3-205 or 41-5-603(2) and (3) may not be
26	disseminated beyond the team.
27	(5) The terms of the written agreement must provide for the rules under which the team will
28	operate, the method by which information will be shared, distributed, and managed, and any other matters
2 <del>9</del>	necessary to the purpose and functions of the team."

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-END-

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55th Legislature

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APPROVED BY COM ON JUDICIARY

1		HOUSE BILL NO. 264	
2		INTRODUCED BY MOLNAR, BERGMAN, MCGEE, MILLER	
3			
4	A BILL FO	R AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING DRUG FREE AND CRIME FREE SCHOOLS;	
5	REQUIRING	THE YOUTH COURT TO NOTIFY A SCHOOL WHEN A YOUTH PLACED IN FOSTER CARE HAS	
6	BEEN FOU	ND BY A JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER OR THE YOUTH COURT TO BE CURRENTLY	
7	INVOLVED IN DRUG USE OR OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY; AUTHORIZING A SCHOOL TO REFUSE T		
8	ACCEPT THE YOUTH IF REFUSAL DOES NOT VIOLATE FEDERAL LAW; AND AMENDING SECTION		
9	41-5-603	AND 52-2-211, MCA."	
10			
11	BE IT ENA	CTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
12			
13	Sec	tion 1. Section 41-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:	
14	"41	I-5-603. Youth court and department records notification of school. (1) Except as provided	
15	in <del>subsecti</del>	on (2) subsections (2) and (3), all youth court records on file with the clerk of court, including	
16	reports of p	preliminary inquiries, petitions, motions, other filed pleadings, court findings, verdicts, orders,	
17	and decree	s, are open to public inspection until the records are sealed under 41-5-604.	
18	(2)	Social, medical, and psychological records, predispositional studies, supervision records of	
19	probationer	rs, and any report, charge, or allegation that is not adjudicated pursuant to this chapter are open	
20	only to the	following:	
21	(a)	the youth court and its professional staff;	
22	(b)	representatives of any agency providing supervision and having legal custody of a youth;	
23	(c)	any other person, by order of the court, having a legitimate interest in the case or in the work	
24	of the cour	t;	
25	(d)	any court and its probation and other professional staff or the attorney for a convicted party	
26	who had be	een a party to proceedings in the youth court when considering the sentence to be imposed upon	
27	the party;		
28	(e)	the county attorney;	
29	(f)	the youth who is the subject of the report or record, after emancipation or reaching the age of	
30	majority;		
	Legislative Services Djvision	-1- HB 264 SECOND READING	

55th Legislature

HB0264.02

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1	(g) a member of a county interdisciplinary child information team formed under 52-2-211 who is
2	not listed in this subsection (2);
3	(h) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203; and
4	(i) persons allowed access to the records under 45-5-624(7).
5	(3) Notwithstanding the requirements of 20-5-321(1)(d) or (1)(e), if a youth is placed in foster care
6	because the youth has been found by the juvenile probation officer or the youth court to be currently
7	involved in drug use or other criminal activity, the youth court shall notify the school that the youth will
8	attend of the drug use or criminal activity issues. Upon notification, the school may refuse to accept the
9	youth as a student but may not refuse to accept the student if refusal violates the federal Individuals With
10	Disabilities Education Act or the federal Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990.
11	(4) In all cases, a victim is entitled to all information concerning the identity and disposition of the
12	vouth.
13	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated
14	as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the
15	school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse
16	program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or
17	adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's
18	permanent records.
19	<del>(3)<u>(6)</u> Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when</del>
20	presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the
21	counsel for the parties to the proceedings.
22	(4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional
23	studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upon
24	order of the youth court, for good cause to:
25	(a) those persons and agencies listed in <del>subsection (2)</del> <u>subsections (2) and (3);</u> and
26	(b) adult probation professional staff preparing a presentence report on a youth who has reached
27	the age of majority."
28	
29	Section 2. Section 52-2-211, MCA, is amended to read:
30	"52-2-211. County interdisciplinary child information team. (1) The following persons and agencies

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HB0264.02

1	operating within a county may by written agreement form a county interdisciplinary child information team:
2	(a) the youth court;
3	(b) the county attorney;
4	(c) the department of public health and human services;
5	(d) the county superintendent of schools;
6	(e) the sheriff;
7	(f) the chief of any police force;
8	(g) the superintendents of public school districts; and
9	(h) the department of corrections.
10	(2) The persons and agencies signing a written agreement under subsection (1) may by majority
11	vote allow the following persons to sign the written agreement and join the information team:
12	(a) physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, nurses, and other providers of medical and mental
13	health care;
14	(b) entities operating private elementary and secondary schools;
15	(c) attorneys; and
16	(d) a person or entity that has or may have a legitimate interest in one or more children that the
17	information team will serve.
18	(3) The members of the information team or their designees may form one or more auxiliary teams
19	for the purpose of providing service to a single child, a group of children, or children with a particular type
20	of problem or for any other purpose. Auxiliary teams are subject to the written agreement.
21	(4) The purpose of the team and written agreement is to facilitate the exchange and sharing of
22	information that one or more team members may be able to use in serving a child in the course of their
23	professions and occupations, including but not limited to abused, neglected, and delinquent children and
24	youth in need of supervision. Information regarding a child that a team member supplies to other team
25	members or that is disseminated to a team member under 41-3-205 or 41-5-603(2) and (3) may not be
26	disseminated beyond the team.
27	(5) The terms of the written agreement must provide for the rules under which the team will
28	operate, the method by which information will be shared, distributed, and managed, and any other matters
29	necessary to the purpose and functions of the team."

30

-END-

HB 264 AS AMENDED

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 264		
2	INTRODUCED BY MOLNAR, BERGMAN, MCGEE, MILLER		
3	INTRODUCED ST MOLINAR, BERGINIAN, MICGEE, MILLER		
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING DRUG FREE AND CRIME FREE SCHOOL	с.	
5	REQUIRING THE YOUTH COURT TO NOTIFY A SCHOOL WHEN A YOUTH PLACED IN FOSTER CARE HA		
6	BEEN FOUND BY A JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER OR THE YOUTH COURT TO BE CURRENTI		
7	INVOLVED IN DRUG USE OR OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY; AUTHORIZING A SCHOOL TO REFUSE 1		
8	ACCEPT THE YOUTH IF REFUSAL DOES NOT VIOLATE FEDERAL LAW; AND AMENDING SECTION	١S	
9	41-5-603 AND 52-2-211, MCA."		
10			
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
12			
13	Section 1. Section 41-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:		
14	"41-5-603. Youth court and department records notification of school. (1) Except as provide	ed	
15	in subsection (2) subsections (2) and (3), all youth court records on file with the clerk of court, including	ng	
16	reports of preliminary inquiries, petitions, motions, other filed pleadings, court findings, verdicts, order	s,	
17	and decrees, are open to public inspection until the records are sealed under 41-5-604.		
18	(2) Social, medical, and psychological records, predispositional studies, supervision records	of	
19	probationers, and any report, charge, or allegation that is not adjudicated pursuant to this chapter are open		
20	only to the following:		
21	(a) the youth court and its professional staff;		
22	(b) representatives of any agency providing supervision and having legal custody of a youth;		
23	(c) any other person, by order of the court, having a legitimate interest in the case or in the wo	rk	
24	of the court;		
25	(d) any court and its probation and other professional staff or the attorney for a convicted par	ty	
26	who had been a party to proceedings in the youth court when considering the sentence to be imposed upo	วท	
27	the party;		
28	(e) the county attorney;		
29	(f) the youth who is the subject of the report or record, after emancipation or reaching the age	of	
30	majority;		
	Clasiciation THIRD READIL	NG	
	Legislative Services - 1 - HB 26 Division AS AMENDI	54	

55th Legislature

HB0264.03

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1	(g) a member of a county interdisciplinary child information team formed under 52-2-211 who is
2	not listed in this subsection (2);
3	(h) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203; and
4	(i) persons allowed access to the records under 45-5-624(7).
5	(3) Notwithstanding the requirements of 20-5-321(1)(d) or (1)(e), if a youth is placed in fester care
6	because the youth has been found by the juvenile probation officer or the youth court to be IF A PETITION
7	HAS NOT BEEN FILED AND THE JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER, YOUTH COURT, OR AGENCY, AS
8	DEFINED IN 41-5-103, HAS REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT A YOUTH IS CURRENTLY INVOLVED
9	WITH DRUG USE OR CRIMINAL ACTIVITY OR IF A PETITION HAS BEEN FILED AND THE JUVENILE
10	PROBATION OFFICER OR YOUTH COURT FINDS THAT A YOUTH IS currently involved in drug use or other
11	criminal activity, the youth court shall notify the school that the youth will attend of the drug use or criminal
12	activity issues. Upon notification, the school may EXPEL OR refuse to accept the youth as a student but
13	may not refuse to accept the student if refusal violates the federal Individuals With Disabilities Education
14	Act or the federal Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990.
15	(4) In all cases, a victim is entitled to all information concerning the identity and disposition of the
16	youth.
16 17	youth. (5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated
17	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated
17 18	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the
17 18 19	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse
17 18 19 20	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or
17 18 19 20 21	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's
17 18 19 20 21 22	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's permanent records.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's permanent records. (3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 23 24	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's permanent records. (3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's permanent records. (3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the coursel for the parties to the proceedings.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's permanent records. (3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the coursel for the parties to the proceedings. (4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 26 27	<ul> <li>(5) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the substance abuse program or enforcement of school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or adjudication. The information may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's permanent records.</li> <li>(3)(6) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings.</li> <li>(4)(7) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upon</li> </ul>



1	the age of majority."
2	
3	Section 2. Section 52-2-211, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"52-2-211. County interdisciplinary child information team. (1) The following persons and agencies
5	operating within a county may by written agreement form a county interdisciplinary child information team:
6	(a) the youth court;
7	(b) the county attorney;
8	(c) the department of public health and human services;
9	(d) the county superintendent of schools;
10	(e) the sheriff;
11	(f) the chief of any police force;
12	(g) the superintendents of public school districts; and
13	(h) the department of corrections.
14	(2) The persons and agencies signing a written agreement under subsection (1) may by majority
15	vote allow the following persons to sign the written agreement and join the information team:
16	(a) physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, nurses, and other providers of medical and mental
17	health care;
18	(b) entities operating private elementary and secondary schools;
19	(c) attorneys; and
20	(d) a person or entity that has or may have a legitimate interest in one or more children that the
21	information team will serve.
22	(3) The members of the information team or their designees may form one or more auxiliary teams
23	for the purpose of providing service to a single child, a group of children, or children with a particular type
24	of problem or for any other purpose. Auxiliary teams are subject to the written agreement.
25	{4} The purpose of the team and written agreement is to facilitate the exchange and sharing of
26	information that one or more team members may be able to use in serving a child in the course of their
27	professions and occupations, including but not limited to abused, neglected, and delinquent children and
28	youth in need of supervision. Information regarding a child that a team member supplies to other team
29	members or that is disseminated to a team member under 41-3-205 or 41-5-603(2) and (3) may not be
30	disseminated beyond the team.



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1 (5) The terms of the written agreement must provide for the rules under which the team will 2 operate, the method by which information will be shared, distributed, and managed, and any other matters 3 necessary to the purpose and functions of the team."

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-END-

1		HOUSE BILL NO. 264	
2		INTRODUCED BY MOLNAR, BERGMAN, MCGEE, MILLER	
3			
4	A BILL FO	OR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING DRUG FREE AND CRIME FI	REE-SCHOOLS;
5	REQUIRING	G THE YOUTH COURT TO NOTIFY A SCHOOL WHEN A YOUTH PLACED IN FOS	TER-CARE HAS
6	BEEN-FOU	UND BY A JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER OR THE YOUTH COURT TO B	E-CURRENTLY
7	INVOLVED	D IN DRUG USE OR OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY; AUTHORIZING A SCHOOL	TO REFUSE TO
8	ACCEPT TI	HE YOUTH IF REFUSAL DOES NOT VIOLATE FEDERAL LAW OF THE IDENTITY	OF A STUDENT
9	WHO FOR	A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT TIME ADMITS VIOLATING OR IS ADJUDICATI	ED AS HAVING
10	VIOLATED	A STATUTE; AND AMENDING SECTIONS SECTION 41-5-603 AND 52-2-211	, MCA."
11			
12	BE IT ENA	CTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
13			
14	Sec	ection 1. Section 41-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:	
15	"4 <i>"</i>	1-5-603. Youth court and department records <u> notification of school</u> . (1) Exc	ept as provided
16	in <del>subsecti</del>	<del>ion (2) <u>subsections (2) and (3)</u> SUBSECTION (2)</del> , all youth court records on file v	with the clerk of
17	court, inclu	luding reports of preliminary inquiries, petitions, motions, other filed pleadings,	court findings,
18	verdicts, o	orders, and decrees, are open to public inspection until the records are sealed u	nder 41-5-604.
19	(2)	) Social, medical, and psychological records, predispositional studies, supervi	sion records of
20	probatione	ers, and any report, charge, or allegation that is not adjudicated pursuant to this c	hapter are open
21	only to the	e following:	
22	(a)	) the youth court and its professional staff;	
23	(b)	) representatives of any agency providing supervision and having legal custody	of a youth;
24	(c)	) any other person, by order of the court, having a legitimate interest in the cas	e or in the work
25	of the cour	irt;	
26	(d)	) any court and its probation and other professional staff or the attorney for a	convicted party
27	who had b	been a party to proceedings in the youth court when considering the sentence to b	e imposed upon
28	the party;		
29	(e)	) the county attorney;	
30	(f)	) the youth who is the subject of the report or record, after emancipation or read	ching the age of
	Legislative Services Division	- 1 -	HB 264

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1	majority;
2	(g) a member of a county interdisciplinary child information team formed under 52-2-211 who is
3	not listed in this subsection (2);
4	(h) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203; and
5	(i) persons allowed access to the records under 45-5-624(7).
6	(3) Notwithstanding the requirements of 20-5-321(1)(d) or (1)(e), if a youth is placed in fester care
7	because the youth has been found by the juvenile probation officer or the youth court to be IF A PETITION
8	HAS NOT BEEN FILED AND THE JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER, YOUTH COURT, OR AGENCY, AS
9	DEFINED IN 41-5-103, HAS REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT A YOUTH IS CURRENTLY INVOLVED
10	WITH DRUG USE OR CRIMINAL ACTIVITY OR IF A PETITION HAS BEEN FILED AND THE JUVENILE
11	PROBATION OFFICER OR YOUTH COURT FINDS THAT A YOUTH IS currently involved in drug use or other
12	criminal activity, the youth court shall notify the school that the youth will attend of the drug use or criminal
13	activity issues. Upon notification, the school may EXPEL OR refuse to accept the youth as a student but
14	may not refuse to accept the student if refusal violates the federal individuals With Disabilities Education
15	Act or the federal Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990.
16	(4)(3) In all cases, a victim is entitled to all information concerning the identity and disposition of
17	the youth, AS PROVIDED IN 46-24-207.
18	(5)(4) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is
19	adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative
20	officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for onrollment to the
21	substance abuse program or enforcement of. THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS MAY ENFORCE ANY
22	school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or adjudication. The information
23	may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's permanent records.
24	(3)(6)(5) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when
25	presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the
26	counsel for the parties to the proceedings.
27	(4) (7)(6) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional
28	studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upon
29	order of the youth court, for good cause to:
30	(a) those persons and agencies listed in <del>subsection (2)</del> subsections (2) and (3) SUBSECTION (2);



1	and
2	(b) adult probation professional staff preparing a presentence report on a youth who has reached
3	the age of majority."
4	
5	Section 2. Section 52-2-211, MCA, is amonded to read:
6	<b>52-2-211. County interdisciplinary child information team.</b> (1) The following persons and agencies
7	operating within a county may by written agreement form a county interdisciplinary child information team:
8	<del>(a) the youth court;</del>
9	<del>(b) the county attorney;</del>
10	(c)the-department of public health and human services;
11	(d) the county superintendent of schools;
12	<del>{o}-the sheriff;</del>
13	(f)-the chief of any police force;
14	(g) the superintendents of public school districts; and
15	(h) the department of corrections.
16	(2) The persons and agencies signing a written agreement under subsection (1) may by majority
17	vote allow the following persons to sign the written agreement and join the information team:
18	(a) physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, nurses, and other providers of medical and mental
19	health care;
20	(b)ontities operating private-elementary and secondary-schools;
21	<del>(c)-attorneys; and</del>
22	<del>(d)—a person or entity that has or may have a legitimate interest in one or more children that the</del>
23	information team-will serve.
24	<del>(3) The members of the information team or their designees may form one or more auxiliary teams</del>
25	for the purpose of providing service to a single child, a group of children, or children with a particular type
26	of problem or for any other purpose. Auxiliary teams are subject to the written agreement.
27	(4) The purpose of the team and written agreement is to facilitate the exchange and sharing of
28	information that one or-more team members may be able to use in serving a child in the course of their
29	professions and occupations, including but not limited to abused, neglected, and delinquent children and
30	youth in need of supervision. Information regarding a child that a team member supplies to other team

mombors or that is discominated to a team mombor under 41-3-205 or 41-5-603(2) and (3) may not be discominated beyond the team.
3 (5) The terms of the written agreement must provide for the rules under which the team will operate, the method by which information will be shared, distributed, and managed, and any other matters necessary to the purpose and functions of the team."
6 -END-

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 264
2	INTRODUCED BY MOLNAR, BERGMAN, MCGEE, MILLER
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING DRUG FREE AND CRIME FREE SCHOOLS;
5	REQUIRING THE YOUTH COURT TO NOTIFY A SCHOOL WHEN A YOUTH PLACED IN FOSTER CARE HAS
6	BEEN FOUND BY A JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER OR THE YOUTH COURT TO BE CURRENTLY
7	INVOLVED IN DRUG USE OR OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY; AUTHORIZING A SCHOOL TO REFUSE TO
8	ACCEPT THE YOUTH IF REFUSAL DOES NOT VIOLATE FEDERAL LAW OF THE IDENTITY OF A STUDENT
9	WHO FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT TIME ADMITS VIOLATING OR IS ADJUDICATED AS HAVING
10	VIOLATED A STATUTE; AND AMENDING SECTIONS SECTION 41-5-603 AND 52-2-211, MCA."
11	
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
13	
14	Section 1. Section 41-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:
15	"41-5-603. Youth court and department records notification of school. (1) Except as provided
16	in <del>subsection (2) <u>subsections (2) and (3)</u> SUBSECTION (2)</del> , all youth court records on file with the clerk of
17	court, including reports of preliminary inquiries, petitions, motions, other filed pleadings, court findings,
18	verdicts, orders, and decrees, are open to public inspection until the records are sealed under 41-5-604.
19	(2) Social, medical, and psychological records, predispositional studies, supervision records of
20	probationers, and any report, charge, or allegation that is not adjudicated pursuant to this chapter are open
21	only to the following:
22	(a) the youth court and its professional staff;
23	(b) representatives of any agency providing supervision and having legal custody of a youth;
24	(c) any other person, by order of the court, having a legitimate interest in the case or in the work
25	of the court;
26	(d) any court and its probation and other professional staff or the attorney for a convicted party
27	who had been a party to proceedings in the youth court when considering the sentence to be imposed upon
28	the party;
29	(e) the county attorney;
30	(f) the youth who is the subject of the report or record, after emancipation or reaching the age of



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1 majority; (g) a member of a county interdisciplinary child information team formed under 52-2-211 who is 2 3 not listed in this subsection (2); 4 (h) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203; and 5 (i) persons allowed access to the records under 45-5-624(7). (3) Notwithstanding the requirements of 20-5-321(1)(d) or (1)(e), if a youth is placed in fester care 6 because the youth has been found by the juvenile probation officer or the youth court to be IF.A. PETITION 7 HAS NOT BEEN FILED AND THE JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER, YOUTH COURT, OR AGENCY, AS 8 DEFINED IN 41-5-103, HAS REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT A YOUTH IS CURRENTLY INVOLVED 9 WITH DRUG USE OR CRIMINAL ACTIVITY OR IF A PETITION HAS BEEN FILED AND THE JUVENILE 10 PROBATION OFFICER OR YOUTH COURT FINDS THAT A YOUTH IS currently involved in drug use or other 11 criminal activity, the youth court shall notify the school that the youth will attend of the drug use or criminal 12 13 activity issues. Upon notification, the school may EXPEL OR refuse to accept the youth as a student but may not refuse to accept the student if refusal violates the federal Individuals With Disabilities Education 14 15 Act or the federal Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990. (4)(3) In all cases, a victim is entitled to all information concerning the identity and disposition of 16 17 the youth, AS PROVIDED IN 46-24-207. 18 (5)(4) The identity of a youth who for the second or subsequent time admits violating or is 19 adjudicated as having violated a statute must be disclosed by youth court officials to the administrative 20 officials of the school in which the youth is a student for purposes of referral for enrollment to the 21 substance abuse program or enforcement of. THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS MAY ENFORCE ANY 22 school disciplinary procedures that existed at the time of the admission or adjudication. The information 23 may not be further disclosed and may not be made part of the student's permanent records. 24 (3)(6)(5) Any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (2), when 25 presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, must also be made available to the 26 counsel for the parties to the proceedings. 27 (4)(7)(6) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional 28 studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upon 29 order of the youth court, for good cause to: 30 (a) those persons and agencies listed in subsection (2) subsections (2) and (3) SUBSECTION (2);



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1	and
2	(b) adult probation professional staff preparing a presentence report on a youth who has reached
3	the age of majority."
4	
5	Section 2. Section 52 2 211, MCA, is amended to read:
6	<b>"52-2-211. County interdisciplinary child information team.</b> (1) The following persons and agencies
7	operating within a county may by written agreement form a county interdisciplinary child information team;
8	<del>(a)the youth court;</del>
9	<del>(b) the county attorney;</del>
10	(c)the department of public health and human services;
11	(d)the county superintendent of schools;
12	<del>(o) the shoriff;</del>
13	(f) the chief of any police force;
14	(g) the superintendents of public school districts; and
15	(h) the department of corrections.
16	(2)The persons and agencies signing a written agreement under subsection (1) may by majority
17	vote allow the following persons to sign the written agreement and join the information team:
18	(a) physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, nurses, and other providers of medical and mental
19	health-care;
20	(b) entities operating private elementary and secondary schools;
21	<del>(c) attorneys; and</del>
22	(d) a person or entity that has or may have a legitimate interest in one or more children that the
23	information team will serve.
24	(3) The members of the information team or their designees may form one or more auxiliary teams
25	for the purpose of providing service to a single shild, a group of shildren, or shildren with a particular type
26	of problem or for any other purpose. Auxiliary teams are subject to the written agreement.
27	(4) The purpose of the team and written agreement is to facilitate the exchange and charing of
28	information that one or more team members may be able to use in serving a child in the course of their
29	professions and occupations, including but not limited to abused, neglected, and delinquent children and
30	youth in need of supervision. Information regarding a shild that a team member supplies to other team

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1 members or that is disseminated to a team member under 41-3-205 or 41-5-603(2) and (3) may not be

2 disceminated beyond the team.

3 (5) The terms of the written agreement must provide for the rules under which the team will

4 operate, the method by which information will be chared, distributed, and managed, and any other matters

5 necessary to the purpose and functions of the team."

6

-END-





## FREE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

on House Bill 264 Report No. 1, April 19, 1997

Page 1 of 2

FCCR#1

AC <u>HB 264-1</u>

831725CC.Hgd

Mr. Speaker and Mr. President:

We, your Free Conference Committee met and considered House Bill 264 (reference copy -- salmon) and recommend that House Bill 264 be amended as follows:

1. Title, line 8.
Following: "LAW"
Insert: "WHEN A YOUTH HAS BEEN FOUND BY A JUVENILE PROBATION
OFFICER OR THE YOUTH COURT TO BE CURRENTLY INVOLVED IN DRUG
USE OR OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY AND"

2. Page 1, line 16. Strike: "<u>SUBSECTION (2)</u>" Insert: "subsections (2) and (3)"

3. Page 2. Following: line 15

Insert: "(3) Notwithstanding the requirements of 20-5-321(1)(d)
or (1)(e), if a petition has not been filed and the juvenile
probation officer, youth court, or agency, as defined in 415-103, has reasonable cause to believe that a youth is
currently involved with drug use or criminal activity or if
a petition has been filed and the juvenile probation officer
or youth court finds that a youth is currently involved in
drug use or other criminal activity, the youth court shall
notify the school that the youth will be attending of the
drug use or criminal activity issues."
Renumber: subsequent subsections

4. Page 2, line 30. Strike: "<u>SUBSECTION (2)</u>" Insert: "subsections (2) and (3)"

ADOPT

REJECT

And this FREE Conference Committee report be adopted.

For the House:

Representative Curtiss, Chair

Representative Molnar

Representative Harrington

For the Senate:

Senator Crippen, Chair

Senator Holden

Senator Bartlett

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## **CONFERENCE** COMMITTEE

on House Bill 264 Report No. 1, April 21, 1997

Page 1 of 1

Mr. Speaker and Mr. President:

We, your Conference Committee on House Bill 264 (reference copy -- salmon), met April 21, 1997, and considered Senate Committee on Judiciary amendments to the third reading copy, dated March 27, 1997, and recommend the same be adopted.

And this Conference Committee report be adopted.

For the House:

Representative Curtiss, Chair

Representative Molnar

Representative Haprington

For the Senate:

Senator Hold Sénator F

CCR # 1

AC HB 264-1

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ADOPT

REJECT