1	HOUSE BILL NO. 171
2	INTRODUCED BY RANEY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE ALLOCATION OF
6	RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT TAXES; REVISING THE TIME FOR
7	ALLOCATING CERTAIN PORTIONS OF THE RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT
8	TAX; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-38-201, 15-38-202, 15-38-203, 75-1-1101, 85-1-604, 85-2-905, AND
9	90-2-1104, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	
13	Section 1. Section 15-38-201, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"15-38-201. Creation of resource indemnity trust fund. For the purpose of carrying out this
15	chapter, there is a resource indemnity trust fund in the nenexpendable expendable trust fund type. The
16	resource indemnity fund shall must be credited with all moneys money received as herein provided in this
17	chapter."
18.	
19	Section 2. Section 15-38-202, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"15-38-202. Investment of resource indemnity trust fund expenditure minimum balance. (1)
21	All money paid into the resource indemnity trust fund, including money payable into the fund under the
22	provisions of 15-36-324 and 15-37-117, must be invested at the discretion of the board of investments.
23	All the net earnings accruing to the resource indemnity trust fund must annually be added to the trust fund
24	until it has reached the sum of \$10 million. Thereafter, only the net earnings may be appropriated and
25	expended until the fund reaches \$100 million. Thereafter, all net earnings and all receipts must be
26	appropriated by the legislature and expended, provided that the balance in the fund may never be less than
27	\$100 million.
28	(2) (a) At the beginning of each fiscal year, there is allocated from the interest income of the
29	resource indemnity trust fund:
30	(i) \$240,000, which is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, from the renewable

1	resource grant and loan program state special revenue account to support the operations of the
2	environmental science-water quality instructional programs at Montana state university-northern, to be used
3	for support costs, for matching funds necessary to attract additional funds to further expand statewide
4	impact, and for enhancement of the facilities related to the programs-;
5	(ii) \$1 million to be deposited into the renewable resource grant and loan program state special
6	revenue account, created by 85-1-604, for the purpose of making grants;
7	(iii) \$1.5 million to be deposited into the reclamation and development grants special revenue
8	account, created by 90-2-1104, for the purpose of making grants; and
9	(iv) \$250,000 to be deposited into the water storage state special revenue account created by
10	<u>85-1-631.</u>
11	(b) At the beginning of each biennium, there is allocated from the interest income of the resource
12	indemnity trust fund:
13	(i) an amount not to exceed \$175,000 to the environmental contingency account pursuant to the
14	conditions of 75-1-1101; <u>and</u>
15	(ii) an amount not to exceed \$50,000 to the oil and gas production damage mitigation account
16	pursuant to the conditions of 82-11-161;
17	(iii) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$2 million to be deposited into the renewable resource grant and
18	loan program state special revenue account, created by 85-1-604, for the purpose of making grants;
19	(iv) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$3 million to be deposited into the reclamation and development
20	grants state special revenue account, created by 90-2-1104, for the purpose of making grants; and
21	(v) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$500,000 to be deposited into the water storage state special
22	revenue account created by 85-1-631.
23	(c) The remainder of the interest income is allocated as follows:

- (c) The remainder of the interest income is allocated as follows:
- (i) Thirty-six percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated to the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account created by 85-1-604.
- 26 (ii) Eighteen percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated 27 to the hazardous waste/CERCLA special revenue account provided for in 75-10-621.
 - (iii) Forty percent of the interest income from the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated to the reclamation and development grants account provided for in 90-2-1104.
 - (iv) Six percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated to the



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environmental quality protection fund provided for in 75-10-704.

(3) Any formal budget document prepared by the legislature or the executive branch that proposes to appropriate funds from the resource indemnity trust interest account other than as provided for by the allocations in subsection (2) must specify the amount of money from each allocation that is proposed to be diverted and the proposed use of the diverted funds. A formal budget document includes a printed and publicly distributed budget proposal or recommendation, an introduced bill, or a bill developed during the legislative appropriation process or otherwise during a legislative session."

Section 3. Section 15-38-203, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-38-203. Purpose of fund usage -- limitation on future use. (1) Any funds made available under this chapter shall must be used and expended to improve the total environment and rectify damage thereto to the environment.

(2) It is the intent of the legislature that future appropriations from the resource indemnity trust interest account not be made to fund general operating expenses of state agencies."

Section 4. Section 75-1-1101, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-1-1101. Environmental contingency account objectives. (1) There is ereated an environmental contingency account within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102. The environmental contingency account is controlled by the governor.

- (2) At the beginning of each biennium, \$175,000 must be allocated to the environmental contingency account from the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund with the following exceptions:
- (a) if at the beginning of any biennium the unobligated cash balance in the environmental contingency account equals or exceeds \$750,000, allocation will may not be made; and
- (b) if at the beginning of any biennium the unobligated cash balance in the environmental contingency account is less than \$750,000, then an amount less than or equal to the difference between the unobligated cash balance and \$750,000, but not to exceed \$175,000, must be allocated to the environmental contingency account from the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund.
- (3) Funds are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, from the environmental contingency account upon the authorization of the governor to meet unanticipated public needs consistent



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- with the following objectives:
- (a) to support renewable resource development projects in communities that face an emergency
 or imminent need for the services or to prevent the physical failure of a project;
- 4 (b) to preserve vegetation, water, soil, fish, wildlife, or other renewable resources from an imminent physical threat or during an emergency, not including:
 - (i) natural disasters adequately covered by other funding sources; or
- 7 (ii) fire;
- 8 (c) to respond to an emergency or imminent threat to persons, property, or the environment caused 9 by mineral development;
 - (d) to respond to an emergency or imminent threat to persons, property, or the environment caused by a hazardous material; and
 - (e) to fund the environmental quality protection fund provided for in 75-10-704 or to take other necessary actions, including the construction of facilities, to respond to actual or potential threats to persons, property, or the environment caused by hazardous wastes or other hazardous materials.
 - (4) Interest from funds in the environmental contingency account accrues to the resource indomnity trust interest account general fund.
 - (5) The governor shall submit, as a part of the information required by 17-7-111, a complete financial report on the environmental contingency account, including a description of all expenditures made since the preceding report."

21 Section 5. Section 85-1-604, MCA, is amended to read:

- "85-1-604. Renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account created -revenue allocated -- limitations on appropriations from account. (1) There is ereated a renewable resource
 grant and loan program state special revenue account within the state special revenue fund established in
 17-2-102.
- (2) Except to the extent that they are required to be credited to the renewable resource loan debt service fund pursuant to 85-1-603, there must be paid into the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account:
 - (a) all revenue of the works and other money as provided in 85-1-332;
- 30 (b) the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund as provided in and subject to the



conditions of 15-38-202;

- (c) the excess of the coal severance tax proceeds allocated by 85-1-603 to the renewable resource loan debt service fund above debt service requirements as provided in and subject to the conditions of 85-1-619;
- (d) any fees or charges collected by the department pursuant to 85-1-616 for the servicing of loans, including arrangements for obtaining security interests; and
- (e) the resource indemnity and ground water assessment tax proceeds as provided in 15-38-106(2)(b).
- (3) Appropriations may be made from the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account for the following purposes and subject to the following conditions:
- (a) The amount of resource indemnity trust fund interest earnings allocated under 15 38-202(2)(b)(iii) to the special revenue account must be used for renewable resource grants.
- (b) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account under 85-1-332 and only that amount may be appropriated for the operation and maintenance of state-owned projects and works. If the amount of money available for appropriation under this subsection (3)(b) is greater than that necessary for operation and maintenance expenses, the excess may be appropriated as provided in subsection (3)(c).
- (c) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account from the resource indemnity trust account plus any excess from subsection (3)(b) and only that amount may be appropriated from the account for expenditures that meet the policies and objectives of the renewable resource grant and loan program. If the amount of money available for appropriation under this subsection (3)(c) is greater than that necessary for operation and maintenance expenses, the excess may be appropriated as provided in subsection (3)(d).
- (d) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account from the sources provided for in subsections (2)(c) and (2)(d) and any excess from subsection (3)(c) and only that amount may be appropriated from the account for loans and grants for renewable resource projects; for purchase of liens and operation of property as provided in 85-1-615; for administrative expenses, including but not limited to the salaries and expenses of personnel, equipment, and office space; for the servicing of loans, including arrangements for obtaining security interests; and for other necessities incurred in administering the loans and grants."



HB 171

1	Section 6. Section 85-2-905, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"85-2-905. Ground water assessment account. (1) There is a ground water assessment account
3	within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102. The Montana bureau of mines and geology
4	is authorized to expend amounts from the account necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.
5	(2) The account may be used by the Montana bureau of mines and geology only to carry out the
6	provisions of this part.
7	(3) Subject to the direction of the ground water assessment steering committee, the Montana
8	bureau of mines and geology shall investigate opportunities for the participation and financial contribution
9	of agencies of federal and local governments to accomplish the purposes of this part.
10	(4) There must be deposited in the account:
11	(a) at the beginning of each fiscal year, 14.1% of the proceeds from the resource indemnity and
12	ground water assessment tax, as authorized by 15-38-106, and 2.2% of the proceeds from the
13	metalliferous mines license taxes, as authorized by 15-37-117, unless at the beginning of the fiscal year
14	the unobligated cash balance in the ground water assessment account:
15	(i) equals or exceeds \$666,000, in which case no <u>an</u> allocation will <u>may not</u> be made and the funds
16	proceeds must be deposited in the resource indemnity trust fund established by 15-38-201; or
17	(ii) is less than \$666,000, in which case an amount equal to the difference between the unobligated
18.	cash balance and \$666,000 must be allocated to the ground water assessment account and any remaining
19	amount must be deposited in the resource indemnity trust fund established by 15-38-201;
20	(b) funds provided by federal or state government agencies and by local governments to carry out
21	the purposes of this part; and
22	(c) proceeds allocated to the account as provided in 15-36-324 and 15-38-106; and
23	(e)(d) funds provided by any other public or private sector organization or person in the form of
24	gifts, grants, or contracts specifically designated to carry out the purposes of this part."
25	
26	Section 7. Section 90-2-1104, MCA, is amended to read:
27	"90-2-1104. Reclamation and development grants account. (1) There is a reclamation and
28	development grants special revenue account within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102.
29	(2) There must be paid into the reclamation and development grants account money allocated from:



(a) the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund under the provisions of 15-38-202;

1	(b) the resource indemnity trust and ground water assessment tax under the provisions of
2	15-38-106; and
3	(c) the metal mines license tax proceeds as provided in 15-37-117(1)(e) oil and gas production tax
4	as provided in 15-36-324.
5	(3) Appropriations may be made from the reclamation and development grants account for the
6	following purposes:
7	(a) grants for designated projects; and
8	(b) administrative expenses, including the salaries and expenses of personnel, equipment, office
9	space, and other expenses necessarily incurred in the administration of the grants program. These expenses
10	may be funded prior to <u>before</u> funding of projects."
11	
12	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997.
13	-END-



STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for HB0171, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act generally revising and clarifying the allocation of resource indemnity and ground water assessment taxes; revising the time for allocating certain portions of the resource indemnity and ground water assessment tax.

ASSUMPTIONS:

Department of Environmental Quality:

- Projected revenue is taken from the 1999 biennium projections of the Legislative Fiscal Division.
- Under current allocation, Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) receives 22% of 2 biennial revenue during the first year of the biennium and the remaining 78% during the second year of the biennium. This was based on fiscal year 1996 revenues for the 1997 biennium.
- Under the proposed allocation, \$904,162 in fiscal year 1998 and \$963,602 in fiscal 3. year 1999 of revenue would be deposited into DEQ accounts during the biennium.
- The level of agency expenditures would not be different under the current and 4. proposed legislation.
- The fund balance for the hazardous waste CERCLA account beginning in fiscal year 5. 1998 (July 1, 1997) will be \$650,494. Under current law, fiscal year 1998 revenue would be \$409,162 and fiscal year 1999 revenue would be \$1,458,602. Expenditures would be \$1,221,548 each year of the biennium. Under proposed law, fiscal year 1998 and fiscal year 1999 revenue would be equal at \$1,221,548 per year.
- If the legislation did not pass, a general fund loan of approximately \$150,000 would 6. be necessary during the first year of the biennium to alleviate a cash flow problem.
- If the proposed legislation does pass, there would not be a cash flow problem so no 7. general fund loan would be necessary to alleviate a cash flow problem.

Department of Natural Resources and Conservation:

- Revenue Oversight Committee revenue estimates are used.
- Water storage account fund balances are invested and earn interest at an annual rate 9. of 5 percent.
- The beginning fund balance of the water storage account is \$200,000 and fund 10. balances will not be expended until the first quarter of fiscal 1999.
- Clarifying the allocation resource indemnity and ground water assessment (RIGWA) tax 11. has no fiscal impact.

Legislative_Branch:

- For the 1997 biennium, the Legislative Services Division, Legislative Environmental Policy Office (LEPO) received a biennial appropriation from the reclamation and development account to provide funding for statutory functions of the Environmental Quality Council.
- Revenue in the reclamation and development account would remain sufficient under the revised funding structure to allow continued appropriation to LEPO. The 1999 biennium appropriation request is \$26,623 in the state special revenue fund.
- If the legislature determines revenue in the reclamation and development account is 14. insufficient to appropriate \$26,623 to LEPO, such appropriation would be made from other accounts or the state general fund.

(continued)

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning

Fiscal Note for HB0171

Fiscal Note Request, <u>HB0171</u>, as introduced Page 2 (continued)

FISCAL IMPACT:

Expenditures:

Department of Natural Resources and Conservation:

HB 171 has a significant impact on the expenditure of some RIT interest. In Section 5, HB 171 requires all RIT interest earnings deposited in the renewable resource grant and loan (RRGL) Account be used to fund grants, only. Over the biennium, total RIT interest deposits to this account are \$5,655,528. Under current statute, \$2,000,000 is allocated to grants and the remaining \$3,655,528 is used to fund state agency appropriations. By restricting the use of these funds to grants only, all of the \$4,262,290 in grant requests that are included in House Bill No. 6 will be funded and there will be a balance of \$1,393,238. However, because agency appropriations would not be funded, this change creates a \$3,655,528 deficit in agency budgets. Agency appropriations would have to be made.

	FY 98		FY 99	
	<u>Difference</u>	Dif	ference	
Revenues:				
Department of Environmental Qualit				
Hazardous Waste/CERCLA Account (02			(495,000)	
Environ Quality Protection Fund (_	<u>1€1,999)</u>	
Total	659,999	((659,999)	
	Percent	Total	Total	Difference
	Distribution	Deposits	Deposits	
Fiscal 98		Current Law	HB 171	
Renewable Resource (02272)	36.00%	\$2,778,324	\$2,768,324	(10,000)
Reclamation & Development (02458)	40.00%	3,864,804	3,464,804	(400,000)
Hazardous Waste/CERCLA (02070)	18.00%	409,162	904,162	495,000
Environ Quality Protection (02162)	6.00%	129,721	294,721	165,000
Water Storage Account (02216)	NA	535,000	272,500	(262,500)
	Percent	Total	Total	Difference
	Distribution	Deposits	Deposits	
Fiscal 99		Current Law	HB 171	
Renewable Resource (02272)	36.00%	\$2,877,205	\$2,887,205	10,000
Reclamation & Development (02458)	40.00%	3,196,894	3,596,894	400,000
Hazardous Waste/CERCLA (02070)	18.00%	1,458,602	963,602	(495,000)
Environ Quality Protection (02162)		479,534	314,534	(165,000)
Water Storage Account (02216)	NΑ	0	250,000	250,000

Net Impact:

HB 171 would increase revenue available for grants by \$3,655,528. These funds currently fund agency expenditures. As a result, a like amount of agency appropriations would either have to be funded by the general fund or significant cuts would have to be made. Earnings in the water storage account will be an estimated \$12,500 less than under current statute.

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES: NONE More funds would be available for RRGL grants.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

There would be a more stable cash flow during both years of future biennia.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

- There is an incorrect reference to the RIGWA tax in the title of the bill. To be correct the title should read "An act generally revising and clarifying the allocation of resource indemnity and ground water assessment taxes, revising the time for allocating certain portions of the Resource Indemnity and Ground Water Assessment Tax resource indemnity trust fund earnings.
- 2. In Section 7, the reference to the metal mines tax proceeds should not be stricken.

1		HOUSE BILL NO. 171	
2		INTRODUCED BY RANEY	
3	BY REQUEST OF	THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMM	MITTEE
4			
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN AC	T GENERALLY REVISING AND CLAR	IFYING THE ALLOCATION OF
6	RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUN	ND WATER ASSESSMENT TAXES	; REVISING THE TIME FOR
7	ALLOCATING CERTAIN PORTIONS OF T	THE RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GR	OUND WATER ASSESSMENT
8	TAX; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-38-20	1, 15-38-202, 15-38-203, 75-1-110	01, 85- 1-604, 85-2-905, AND
9	90-2-1104, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN	N EFFECTIVE DATE."	
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE	OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
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13	Section 1. Section 15-38-201,	MCA, is amended to read:	
14	"15-38-201. Creation of reso	purce indemnity trust fund. For the	purpose of carrying out this
15	chapter, there is a resource indemnity	trust fund in the nonexpendable exp	oendable t rust fund type . The
16	resource indemnity <u>TRUST</u> fund shall <u>m</u>	ust be credited with all moneys mone	<u>ey</u> received as herein provided
17	in this chapter."		
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21	All money paid into the resource indem	inity trust fund, including money par	yable into the fund under the
22	provisions of 15-36-324 and 15-37-11	7, must be invested at the discretion	of the board of investments.
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	Legislative Services Division	- 1 -	SECOND READING HB 171

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1	resource grant and loan program state special revenue account to support the operations of the
2	environmental science-water quality instructional programs at Montana state university-northern, to be used
3	for support costs, for matching funds necessary to attract additional funds to further expand statewide
4	impact, and for enhancement of the facilities related to the programs-;
5	(ii) \$1 million to be deposited into the renewable resource grant and loan program state special
6	revenue account, created by 85-1-604, for the purpose of making grants; AND
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10	<u>85 1 631.</u>
11	(b) At the beginning of each biennium, there is allocated from the interest income of the resource
12	indemnity trust fund:
13	(i) an amount not to exceed \$175,000 to the environmental contingency account pursuant to the
14	conditions of 75-1-1101; and
15	(ii) an amount not to exceed \$50,000 to the oil and gas production damage mitigation account
16	pursuant to the conditions of 82-11-161 ; AND
17	(III) BEGINNING IN FISCAL YEAR 1996, \$500,000 TO BE DEPOSITED INTO THE WATER STORAGE
18	STATE SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT CREATED BY 85-1-631
19	(iii) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$2 million to be deposited into the renewable resource grant and
20	loan program state special revenue account, created by 85-1-604, for the purpose of making grants;
21	(iv) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$3 million to be deposited into the reclamation and development
22	grants state special revenue account, created by 90-2-1104, for the purpose of making grants; and
23	(v) beginning in fiscal year 1986, \$500,000 to be deposited into the water storage state special
24	revenue account created by 85-1 631.
25	(c) The remainder of the interest income is allocated as follows:
26	(i) Thirty-six percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated
27	to the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account created by 85-1-604.
28	(ii) Eighteen percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated



(iii) Forty percent of the interest income from the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated

to the hazardous waste/CERCLA special revenue account provided for in 75-10-621.

to the reclamation and development grants account provided for in 90-2-1104.

- (iv) Six percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated to the environmental quality protection fund provided for in 75-10-704.
- (3) Any formal budget document prepared by the legislature or the executive branch that proposes to appropriate funds from the resource indemnity trust interest account other than as provided for by the allocations in subsection (2) must specify the amount of money from each allocation that is proposed to be diverted and the proposed use of the diverted funds. A formal budget document includes a printed and publicly distributed budget proposal or recommendation, an introduced bill, or a bill developed during the legislative appropriation process or otherwise during a legislative session."

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- (b) if at the beginning of any biennium the unobligated cash balance in the environmental contingency account is less than \$750,000, then an amount less than or equal to the difference between the unobligated cash balance and \$750,000, but not to exceed \$175,000, must be allocated to the environmental contingency account from the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund.



(3) Funds are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, from the environmenta
contingency account upon the authorization of the governor to meet unanticipated public needs consisten
with the following objectives:

- (a) to support renewable resource development projects in communities that face an emergency or imminent need for the services or to prevent the physical failure of a project;
- (b) to preserve vegetation, water, soil, fish, wildlife, or other renewable resources from an imminent physical threat or during an emergency, not including:
 - (i) natural disasters adequately covered by other funding sources; or
- 9 (ii) fire;
 - (c) to respond to an emergency or imminent threat to persons, property, or the environment caused by mineral development;
 - (d) to respond to an emergency or imminent threat to persons, property, or the environment caused by a hazardous material; and
 - (e) to fund the environmental quality protection fund provided for in 75-10-704 or to take other necessary actions, including the construction of facilities, to respond to actual or potential threats to persons, property, or the environment caused by hazardous wastes or other hazardous materials.
 - (4) Interest from funds in the environmental contingency account accrues to the resource indemnity trust interest account general fund.
 - (5) The governor shall submit, as a part of the information required by 17-7-111, a complete financial report on the environmental contingency account, including a description of all expenditures made since the preceding report."

- Section 5. Section 85-1-604, MCA, is amended to read:
- "85-1-604. Renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account created -revenue allocated -- limitations on appropriations from account. (1) There is erected a renewable resource
 grant and loan program state special revenue account within the state special revenue fund established in
 17-2-102.
- (2) Except to the extent that they are required to be credited to the renewable resource loan debt service fund pursuant to 85-1-603, there must be paid into the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account:



(a)	all revenue of	of the	works and	other	money a	as	provided	in	85-1	1-332:
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- 2 (b) the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund as provided in and subject to the conditions of 15-38-202;
 - (c) the excess of the coal severance tax proceeds allocated by 85-1-603 to the renewable resource loan debt service fund above debt service requirements as provided in and subject to the conditions of 85-1-619;
 - (d) any fees or charges collected by the department pursuant to 85-1-616 for the servicing of loans, including arrangements for obtaining security interests; and
 - (e) the resource indemnity and ground water assessment tax proceeds as provided in 15-38-106(2)(b).
 - (3) Appropriations may be made from the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account for the following purposes and subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The amount of resource indemnity trust fund interest earnings allocated under 15-38-202(2)(b)(iii) to the special revenue account UNDER 15-38-202(2)(A)(II) must be used for renewable resource grants.
 - (b) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account under 85-1-332 and only that amount may be appropriated for the operation and maintenance of state-owned projects and works. If the amount of money available for appropriation under this subsection (3)(b) is greater than that necessary for operation and maintenance expenses, the excess may be appropriated as provided in subsection (3)(c).
 - (c) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account from the resource indemnity trust account plus any excess from subsection (3)(b) and only that amount may be appropriated from the account for expenditures that meet the policies and objectives of the renewable resource grant and loan program. If the amount of money available for appropriation under this subsection (3)(c) is greater than that necessary for operation and maintenance expenses, the excess may be appropriated as provided in subsection (3)(d).
 - (d) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account from the sources provided for in subsections (2)(c) and (2)(d) and any excess from subsection (3)(c) and only that amount may be appropriated from the account for loans and grants for renewable resource projects; for purchase of liens and operation of property as provided in 85-1-615; for administrative expenses, including but not limited to the salaries and expenses of personnel, equipment, and office space; for the servicing of loans, including



1	arrangements for obtaining security interests; and for other necessities incurred in administering the loans
2	and grants."
3	
4	Section 6. Section 85-2-905, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"85-2-905. Ground water assessment account. (1) There is a ground water assessment account
6	within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102. The Montana bureau of mines and geology
7	is authorized to expend amounts from the account necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.
8	(2) The account may be used by the Montana bureau of mines and geology only to carry out the
9	provisions of this part.
10	(3) Subject to the direction of the ground water assessment steering committee, the Montana
11	bureau of mines and geology shall investigate opportunities for the participation and financial contribution
12	of agencies of federal and local governments to accomplish the purposes of this part.
13	(4) There must be deposited in the account:
14	(a) at the beginning of each fiscal year, 14.1% of the proceeds from the resource indemnity and
15	ground water assessment tax, as authorized by 15-38-106, and 2.2% of the proceeds from the
16	metalliferous mines license taxes, as authorized by 15-37-117, unless at the beginning of the fiscal year
17	the unobligated cash balance in the ground water assessment account:
18	(i) equals or exceeds \$666,000, in which case no <u>an</u> allocation will <u>may not</u> be made and the funds
19	proceeds must be deposited in the resource indemnity trust fund established by 15-38-201; or
20	(ii) is less than \$666,000, in which case an amount equal to the difference between the unobligated
21	cash balance and \$666,000 must be allocated to the ground water assessment account and any remaining
22	amount must be deposited in the resource indemnity trust fund established by 15-38-201;
23	(b) funds provided by federal or state government agencies and by local governments to carry out
24	the purposes of this part; and
25	(c) proceeds allocated to the account as provided in 15-36-324 and 15-38-106; and
26	(e)(d) funds provided by any other public or private sector organization or person in the form of
27	gifts, grants, or contracts specifically designated to carry out the purposes of this part."
28	
29	Section 7. Section 90-2-1104, MCA, is amended to read:
30	"90-2-1104. Reclamation and development grants account. (1) There is a reclamation and



- 6 - HB 171

1	development grants special revenue account within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102.
2	(2) There must be paid into the reclamation and development grants account money allocated from:
3	(a) the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund under the provisions of 15-38-202;
4	(b) the resource indemnity trust and ground water assessment tax under the provisions of
5	15-38-106; and
6	(c) the metal mines license tax proceeds as provided in 15-37-117(1)(e) THE METAL MINES
7	LICENSE TAX PROCEEDS AS PROVIDED IN 15-37-117(1)(E); AND
8	(D) THE oil and gas production tax as provided in 15-36-324 AND 15-38-106.
9	(3) Appropriations may be made from the reclamation and development grants account for the
10	following purposes:
11	(a) grants for designated projects; and
12	(b) administrative expenses, including the salaries and expenses of personnel, equipment, office
13	space, and other expenses necessarily incurred in the administration of the grants program. These expenses
14	may be funded prior to before funding of projects."
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997.
17	-END-



STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for HB0171, Second Reading

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act generally revising and clarifying the allocation of resource indemnity and ground water assessment taxes; revising the time for allocating certain portions of the resource indemnity and ground water assessment tax.

ASSUMPTIONS:

Department of Environmental Quality:

- Projected revenue is taken from the 1999 biennium projections of the Legislative Fiscal Division.
- 2 Under current allocation, Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) receives 22% of biennial revenue during the first year of the biennium and the remaining 78% during the second year of the biennium. This was based on fiscal year 1996 revenues for the 1997 biennium.
- 3. Under the proposed allocation, \$904,162 in fiscal year 1998 and \$963,602 in fiscal year 1999 of revenue would be deposited into DEQ accounts during the biennium.
- 4. The level of agency expenditures would not be different under the current and proposed legislation.
- 5. The fund balance for the hazardous waste CERCLA account beginning in fiscal year 1998 (July 1, 1997) will be \$650,494. Under current law, fiscal year 1998 revenue would be \$409,162 and fiscal year 1999 revenue would be \$1,458,602. Expenditures would be \$1,221,548 each year of the biennium. Under proposed law, fiscal year 1998 and fiscal year 1999 revenue would be equal at \$1,221,548 per year.
- 6. If the legislation did not pass, a general fund loan of approximately \$150,000 would be necessary during the first year of the biennium to alleviate a cash flow problem.
- 7. If the proposed legislation does pass, there would not be a cash flow problem so no general fund loan would be necessary to alleviate a cash flow problem.

Department of Natural Resources and Conservation:

- 8. Revenue Oversight Committee revenue estimates are used.
- 9. Clarifying the allocation resource indemnity and ground water assessment (RIGWA) tax has no fiscal impact.

Legislative Branch:

- 10. For the 1997 biennium, the Legislative Services Division, Legislative Environmental Policy Office (LEPO) received a biennial appropriation from the reclamation and development account to provide funding for statutory functions of the Environmental Quality Council.
- 11. Revenue in the reclamation and development account would remain sufficient under the revised funding structure to allow continued appropriation to LEPO. The 1999 biennium appropriation request is \$26,623 in the state special revenue fund.
- 12. If the legislature determines revenue in the reclamation and development account is insufficient to appropriate \$26,623 to LEPO, such appropriation would be made from other accounts or the state general fund.

(continued)

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

BOB RANEY, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for <u>HB0171</u>, second reading

Am HB 171 #2

FISCAL IMPACT:

	FY 98		FY 99		
	Difference	<u>Di</u>	<u>fference</u>		
Revenues:					
Department of Environmental Qualit	<u>:</u>				
Hazardous Waste/CERCLA Account (02	2) 495,000		(495,000)		
Environ Quality Protection Fund (02) <u>164,999</u>	<u>(164,999)</u>			
Total	659,999	(659, 999)			
	Percent	Total	Total	Difference	
	Distribution	Deposits	Deposits		
Fiscal 98		Current Law	HB 171		
Renewable Resource (02272)	36.00%	\$2,778,324	\$2,768,324	(10,000)	
Reclamation & Development (02458)	40.00%	3,864,804	3,464,804	(400,000)	
Hazardous Waste/CERCLA (02070)	18.00%	409,162	904,162	495,000	
Environ Quality Protection (02162)	6.00%	129,721	294,721	165,000	
Water Storage Account (02216)	AИ	535,000	272,500	(262,500)	
	Percent	Total	Total	Difference	
	Distribution	Deposits	Deposits		
Fiscal 99		Current Law	HB 171		
Renewable Resource (02272)	36.00%	\$2,877,205	\$2,887,205	10,000	
Reclamation & Development (02458)	40.00%	3,196,894	3,596,894	400,000	
Hazardous Waste/CERCLA (02070)	18.00%	1,458,602	963,602	(495,000)	
Environ Quality Protection (02162)	6.00%	479,534	314,534	(165,000)	
Water Storage Account (02216)	NД	0	250,000	250,000	

Net Impact:

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES: None.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

There would be a more stable cash flow during both years of future biennia.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

1. There is an incorrect reference to the RIGWA tax in the title of the bill. To be correct the title should read "An act generally revising and clarifying the allocation of resource indemnity and ground water assessment taxes, revising the time for allocating certain portions of the Resource Indemnity and Ground Water Assessment Tax resource indemnity trust fund earnings."

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 171
2	INTRODUCED BY RANEY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE ALLOCATION O
6	RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT TAXES; REVISING THE TIME FOR
7	ALLOCATING CERTAIN PORTIONS OF THE RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT
8	TAX; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-38-201, 15-38-202, 15-38-203, 75-1-1101, 85-1-604, 85-2-905, AND
9	90-2-1104, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
10	
1 1	RE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA.

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.



1	HOUSE BILL NO. 171
2	INTRODUCED BY RANEY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE ALLOCATION OF
6	RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT TAXES; REVISING THE TIME FOR
7	ALLOCATING CERTAIN PORTIONS OF THE RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT
8	TAX TRUST FUND EARNINGS; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-38-201, 15-38-202, 15-38-203, 75-1-1101,
9	85-1-604, 85-2-905, AND 90-2-1104, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	
13	Section 1. Section 15-38-201, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"15-38-201. Creation of resource indemnity trust fund. For the purpose of carrying out this
15	chapter, there is a resource indemnity trust fund in the nonexpendable expendable trust fund type. The
16	resource indemnity TRUST fund shall must be credited with all meneys money received as herein provided
17	in this chapter."
18	
19	Section 2. Section 15-38-202, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"15-38-202. Investment of resource indemnity trust fund expenditure minimum balance. (1)
21	All money paid into the resource indemnity trust fund, including money payable into the fund under the
22	provisions of 15-36-324 and 15-37-117, must be invested at the discretion of the board of investments.
23	All the net earnings accruing to the resource indemnity trust fund must annually be added to the trust fund
24	until it has reached the sum of \$10 million. Thereafter, only the net earnings may be appropriated and
25	expended until the fund reaches \$100 million. Thereafter, all net earnings and all receipts must be
26	appropriated by the legislature and expended, provided that the balance in the fund may never be less than
27	\$100 million.
28	(2) (a) At the beginning of each fiscal year, there is allocated from the interest income of the
29	resource indemnity trust fund:
30	(i) \$240,000, which is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, from the renewable

1	resource grant and loan program state special revenue account to support the operations of the
2	environmental science-water quality instructional programs at Montana state university-northern, to be used
3	for support costs, for matching funds necessary to attract additional funds to further expand statewide
4	impact, and for enhancement of the facilities related to the programs;
5	(ii) \$1 million to be deposited into the renewable resource grant and loan program state specia
6	revenue account, created by 85-1-604, for the purpose of making grants; AND
7	(iii) \$1.5 million to be deposited into the reclamation and development grants special revenue
8	account, created by 90-2-1104, for the purpose of making grants; and.
9	(iv) \$250,000 to be deposited into the water storage state special revenue account created by
10	<u>85-1-631.</u>
11	(b) At the beginning of each biennium, there is allocated from the interest income of the resource
12	indemnity trust fund:
13	(i) an amount not to exceed \$175,000 to the environmental contingency account pursuant to the
14	conditions of 75-1-1101; and
15	(ii) an amount not to exceed \$50,000 to the oil and gas production damage mitigation account
16	pursuant to the conditions of 82-11-161; AND
17	(III) BEGINNING IN FISCAL YEAR 1996, \$500,000 TO BE DEPOSITED INTO THE WATER STORAGE
18	STATE SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT CREATED BY 85-1-631
19	(iii) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$2 million to be deposited into the renewable resource grant and
20	loan program state special revenue account, created by 85-1-604, for the purpose of making grants;
21	(iv) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$3 million to be deposited into the reclamation and development
22	grants state special revenue account, created by 90 2 1104, for the purpose of making grants; and
23	(v) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$500,000 to be deposited into the water storage state special
24	revenue account-created by 85-1-631.
25	(c) The remainder of the interest income is allocated as follows:
26	(i) Thirty-six percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated
27	to the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account created by 85-1-604.
28	(ii) Eighteen percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated
29	to the hazardous waste/CERCLA special revenue account provided for in 75-10-621.



(iii) Forty percent of the interest income from the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated

to the reclamation and development grants account provided for in 90-2-1104.

- (iv) Six percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated to the environmental quality protection fund provided for in 75-10-704.
- (3) Any formal budget document prepared by the legislature or the executive branch that proposes to appropriate funds from the resource indemnity trust interest account other than as provided for by the allocations in subsection (2) must specify the amount of money from each allocation that is proposed to be diverted and the proposed use of the diverted funds. A formal budget document includes a printed and publicly distributed budget proposal or recommendation, an introduced bill, or a bill developed during the legislative appropriation process or otherwise during a legislative session."

- Section 3. Section 15-38-203, MCA, is amended to read:
- "15-38-203. Purpose of fund usage -- limitation on future use. (1) Any funds made available under this chapter shall must be used and expended to improve the total environment and rectify damage thereto to the environment.
- (2) It is the intent of the legislature that future appropriations from the resource indemnity trust interest account not be made to fund general operating expenses of state agencies."

- Section 4. Section 75-1-1101, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-1-1101. Environmental contingency account objectives. (1) There is ereated an environmental contingency account within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102. The environmental contingency account is controlled by the governor.
- (2) At the beginning of each biennium, \$175,000 must be allocated to the environmental contingency account from the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund with the following exceptions:
- (a) if at the beginning of any biennium the unobligated cash balance in the environmental contingency account equals or exceeds \$750,000, allocation will may not be made; and
- (b) if at the beginning of any biennium the unobligated cash balance in the environmental contingency account is less than \$750,000, then an amount less than or equal to the difference between the unobligated cash balance and \$750,000, but not to exceed \$175,000, must be allocated to the environmental contingency account from the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund.

- 3 -



1	(3) Funds are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, from the environmental
2	contingency account upon the authorization of the governor to meet unanticipated public needs consistent
3	with the following objectives:
4	(a) to support renewable resource development projects in communities that face an emergency
5	or imminent need for the services or to prevent the physical failure of a project;
6	(b) to preserve vegetation, water, soil, fish, wildlife, or other renewable resources from an imminent
7	physical threat or during an emergency, not including:
8	(i) natural disasters adequately covered by other funding sources; or
9	(ii) fire;
10	(c) to respond to an emergency or imminent threat to persons, property, or the environment caused
11	by mineral development;
12	(d) to respond to an emergency or imminent threat to persons, property, or the environment caused
13	by a hazardous material; and
14	(e) to fund the environmental quality protection fund provided for in 75-10-704 or to take other
15	necessary actions, including the construction of facilities, to respond to actual or potential threats to
16	persons, property, or the environment caused by hazardous wastes or other hazardous materials.
17	(4) Interest from funds in the environmental contingency account accrues to the resource indemnity
18	trust interest account general fund.
19	(5) The governor shall submit, as a part of the information required by 17-7-111, a complete
20	financial report on the environmental contingency account, including a description of all expenditures made
21	since the preceding report."
22	
23	Section 5. Section 85-1-604, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"85-1-604. Renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account created
25	revenue allocated limitations on appropriations from account. (1) There is ereated a renewable resource
26	grant and loan program state special revenue account within the state special revenue fund established in
27	17-2-102.
28	(2) Except to the extent that they are required to be credited to the renewable resource loan debt



state special revenue account:

29

30

service fund pursuant to 85-1-603, there must be paid into the renewable resource grant and loan program

- (a) all revenue of the works and other money as provided in 85-1-332;
- 2 (b) the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund as provided in and subject to the conditions of 15-38-202;
 - (c) the excess of the coal severance tax proceeds allocated by 85-1-603 to the renewable resource loan debt service fund above debt service requirements as provided in and subject to the conditions of 85-1-619:
 - (d) any fees or charges collected by the department pursuant to 85-1-616 for the servicing of loans, including arrangements for obtaining security interests; and
 - (e) the resource indemnity and ground water assessment tax proceeds as provided in 15-38-106(2)(b).
 - (3) Appropriations may be made from the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account for the following purposes and subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The amount of resource indemnity trust fund interest earnings allocated under 15-38-202(2)(b)(iii) to the special revenue account UNDER 15-38-202(2)(A)(II) must be used for renewable resource grants.
 - (b) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account under 85-1-332 and only that amount may be appropriated for the operation and maintenance of state-owned projects and works. If the amount of money available for appropriation under this subsection (3)(b) is greater than that necessary for operation and maintenance expenses, the excess may be appropriated as provided in subsection (3)(c).
 - (c) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account from the resource indemnity trust account plus any excess from subsection (3)(b) and only that amount may be appropriated from the account for expenditures that meet the policies and objectives of the renewable resource grant and loan program. If the amount of money available for appropriation under this subsection (3)(c) is greater than that necessary for operation and maintenance expenses, the excess may be appropriated as provided in subsection (3)(d).
 - (d) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account from the sources provided for in subsections (2)(c) and (2)(d) and any excess from subsection (3)(c) and only that amount may be appropriated from the account for loans and grants for renewable resource projects; for purchase of liens and operation of property as provided in 85-1-615; for administrative expenses, including but not limited to the salaries and expenses of personnel, equipment, and office space; for the servicing of loans, including



1	arrangements for obtaining security interests; and for other necessities incurred in administering the loans					
2	and grants."					
3						
4	Section 6. Section 85-2-905, MCA, is amended to read:					
5	"85-2-905. Ground water assessment account. (1) There is a ground water assessment account					
6	within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102. The Montana bureau of mines and geology					
7	is authorized to expend amounts from the account necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.					
8	(2) The account may be used by the Montana bureau of mines and geology only to carry out the					
9	provisions of this part.					
10	(3) Subject to the direction of the ground water assessment steering committee, the Montana					
11	bureau of mines and geology shall investigate opportunities for the participation and financial contribution					
12	of agencies of federal and local governments to accomplish the purposes of this part.					
13	(4) There must be deposited in the account:					
14	(a) at the beginning of each fiscal year, 14.1% of the proceeds from the resource indemnity and					
15	ground water assessment tax, as authorized by 15-38-106, and 2.2% of the proceeds from the					
16	metalliferous mines license taxes, as authorized by 15-37-117, unless at the beginning of the fiscal year					
17	the unobligated cash balance in the ground water assessment account:					
18	(i) equals or exceeds \$666,000, in which case no an allocation will <u>may not</u> be made and the funds					
19	proceeds must be deposited in the resource indemnity trust fund established by 15-38-201; or					
20	(ii) is less than \$666,000, in which case an amount equal to the difference between the unobligated					
21	cash balance and \$666,000 must be allocated to the ground water assessment account and any remaining					
22	amount must be deposited in the resource indemnity trust fund established by 15-38-201;					
23	(b) funds provided by federal or state government agencies and by local governments to carry out					
24	the purposes of this part; and					
25	(c) proceeds allocated to the account as provided in 15-36-324 and 15-38-106; and					
26	(e)(d) funds provided by any other public or private sector organization or person in the form of					
27	gifts, grants, or contracts specifically designated to carry out the purposes of this part."					
28						
29	Section 7. Section 90-2-1104, MCA, is amended to read:					
30	"90-2-1104. Reclamation and development grants account. (1) There is a reclamation and					



- 6 - HB 171

į	development grants special revenue account within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102
2	(2) There must be paid into the reclamation and development grants account money allocated from
3	(a) the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund under the provisions of 15-38-202;
4	(b) the resource indemnity trust and ground water assessment tax under the provisions of
5	15-38-106; and
6	(c) the metal mines license tax proceeds as provided in 15-37-117(1)(e) THE METAL MINES
7	LICENSE TAX PROCEEDS AS PROVIDED IN 15-37-117(1)(E); AND
8	(D) THE oil and gas production tax as provided in 15-36-324 AND 15-38-106.
9	(3) Appropriations may be made from the reclamation and development grants account for the
10	following purposes:
11	(a) grants for designated projects; and
12	(b) administrative expenses, including the salaries and expenses of personnel, equipment, office
13	space, and other expenses necessarily incurred in the administration of the grants program. These expenses
14	may be funded prior to <u>before</u> funding of projects."
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997.
17	-END-

REREFERRED AND APPROVED BY COM ON FINANCE & CLAIMS

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 171
2	INTRODUCED BY RANEY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	·
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE ALLOCATION OF
6	RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT TAXES; REVISING THE TIME FOR
7	ALLOCATING CERTAIN PORTIONS OF THE RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT
8	TAX TRUST FUND EARNINGS; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-38-201, 15-38-202, 15-38-203, 75-1-1101,
9	85-1-604, 85-2-905, AND 90-2-1104, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. IT WAS RE-REFERRED AND APPROVED BY FINANCE & CLAIMS. PLEASE REFER TO 2ND RD--2ND HOUSE (TAN) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 171
2	INTRODUCED BY RANEY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE ALLOCATION OF
6	RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT TAXES; REVISING THE TIME FOR
7	ALLOCATING CERTAIN PORTIONS OF THE RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUND WATER ASSESSMENT
8	TAX TRUST FUND EARNINGS; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-38-201, 15-38-202, 15-38-203, 75-1-1101,
9	85-1-604, 85-2-905, AND 90-2-1104, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	
13	Section 1. Section 15-38-201, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"15-38-201. Creation of resource indemnity trust fund. For the purpose of carrying out this
15	chapter, there is a resource indemnity trust fund in the nonexpendable expendable trust fund type. The
16	resource indemnity TRUST fund shall must be credited with all moneys money received as herein provided
17	in this chapter."
18	
19	Section 2. Section 15-38-202, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"15-38-202. Investment of resource indemnity trust fund expenditure minimum balance. (1)
21	All money paid into the resource indemnity trust fund, including money payable into the fund under the
22	provisions of 15-36-324 and 15-37-117, must be invested at the discretion of the board of investments.
23	All the net earnings accruing to the resource indemnity trust fund must annually be added to the trust fund
24	until it has reached the sum of \$10 million. Thereafter, only the net earnings may be appropriated and
25	expended until the fund reaches \$100 million. Thereafter, all net earnings and all receipts must be
26	appropriated by the legislature and expended, provided that the balance in the fund may never be less than
27	\$100 million.
28	(2) (a) At the beginning of each fiscal year, there is allocated from the interest income of the
29	resource indemnity trust fund:
30	(i) \$240,000, which is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, from the renewable



AS AMENDED

55th Legislature HB0171.03

1	resource grant and loan program state special revenue account to support the operations of the
2	environmental science-water quality instructional programs at Montana state university-northern, to be used
3	for support costs, for matching funds necessary to attract additional funds to further expand statewide
4	impact, and for enhancement of the facilities related to the programs-; \cdot
5	(ii) \$1 million to be deposited into the renewable resource grant and loan program state special
6	revenue account, created by 85-1-604, for the purpose of making grants; AND
7	(iii) \$1.5 million to be deposited into the reclamation and development grants special revenue
8	account, created by 90-2-1104, for the purpose of making grants; and.
9	(iv) \$250,000 to be deposited into the water storage state special revenue account created by
10	<u>85-1-631.</u>
11	(b) At the beginning of each biennium, there is allocated from the interest income of the resource
12	indemnity trust fund:
13	(i) an amount not to exceed \$175,000 to the environmental contingency account pursuant to the
14	conditions of 75-1-1101; and
15	(ii) an amount not to exceed \$50,000 to the oil and gas production damage mitigation account
16	pursuant to the conditions of 82-11-161; AND
17	(III) BEGINNING IN FISCAL YEAR 1996, \$500,000 TO BE DEPOSITED INTO THE WATER STORAGE
18	STATE SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT CREATED BY 85-1-631
19	(iii) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$2 million to be deposited into the renewable resource grant and
20	loan program state special revenue account, created by 85-1-604, for the purpose of making grants;
21	(iv) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$3 million to be deposited into the reclamation and development
22	grants state special revenue ascount, created by 90-2-1104, for the purpose of making grants; and
23	(v) beginning in fiscal year 1996, \$500,000 to be deposited into the water storage state special
24	revenue account created by 85-1-631.
25	(c) The remainder of the interest income is allocated as follows:
26	(i) Thirty-six percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated
27	to the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account created by 85-1-604.
28	(ii) Eighteen percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated

to the hazardous waste/CERCLA special revenue account provided for in 75-10-621.

(iii) Forty percent of the interest income from the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated



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to the reclamation and development grants account provided for in 90-2-1104.

- (iv) Six percent of the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund must be allocated to the environmental quality protection fund provided for in 75-10-704.
- (3) Any formal budget document prepared by the legislature or the executive branch that proposes to appropriate funds from the recourse indemnity trust interest account other than as provided for by the allocations in subsection (2) must specify the amount of money from each allocation that is proposed to be diverted and the proposed use of the diverted funds. A formal budget document includes a printed and publicly distributed budget proposal or recommendation, an introduced bill, or a bill developed during the legislative appropriation process or otherwise during a legislative session."

- Section 3. Section 15-38-203, MCA, is amended to read:
- "15-38-203. Purpose of fund usage -- limitation on future use. (1) Any funds made available under this chapter shall must be used and expended to improve the total environment and rectify damage thereto to the environment.
 - (2) It is the intent of the legislature that future appropriations from the resource indemnity trust interest account not be made to fund general operating expenses of state agencies."

- Section 4. Section 75-1-1101, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-1-1101. Environmental contingency account objectives. (1) There is created an environmental contingency account within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102. The environmental contingency account is controlled by the governor.
- (2) At the beginning of each biennium, \$175,000 must be allocated to the environmental contingency account from the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund with the following exceptions:
- (a) if at the beginning of any biennium the unobligated cash balance in the environmental contingency account equals or exceeds \$750,000, allocation will may not be made; and
- (b) if at the beginning of any biennium the unobligated cash balance in the environmental contingency account is less than \$750,000, then an amount less than or equal to the difference between the unobligated cash balance and \$750,000, but not to exceed \$175,000, must be allocated to the environmental contingency account from the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund.



(3) Funds	are statutorily	appropriated,	as	provided	in	17-7-502,	from	the	environmental
contingency accou	nt upon the auth	orization of the	gov	vernor to m	eet	unanticipat	ed pub	lic ne	eds consistent
with the following	objectives:								
								_	

- (a) to support renewable resource development projects in communities that face an emergency or imminent need for the services or to prevent the physical failure of a project;
- (b) to preserve vegetation, water, soil, fish, wildlife, or other renewable resources from an imminent physical threat or during an emergency, not including:
 - (i) natural disasters adequately covered by other funding sources; or
- 9 (ii) fire;
- 10 (c) to respond to an emergency or imminent threat to persons, property, or the environment caused
 11 by mineral development;
 - (d) to respond to an emergency or imminent threat to persons, property, or the environment caused by a hazardous material; and
 - (e) to fund the environmental quality protection fund provided for in 75-10-704 or to take other necessary actions, including the construction of facilities, to respond to actual or potential threats to persons, property, or the environment caused by hazardous wastes or other hazardous materials.
 - (4) Interest from funds in the environmental contingency account accrues to the resource inderanity trust interest account general fund.
 - (5) The governor shall submit, as a part of the information required by 17-7-111, a complete financial report on the environmental contingency account, including a description of all expenditures made since the preceding report."

Section 5. Section 85-1-604, MCA, is amended to read:

- "85-1-604. Renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account created -revenue allocated -- limitations on appropriations from account. (1) There is ereated a renewable resource
 grant and loan program state special revenue account within the state special revenue fund established in
 17-2-102.
- (2) Except to the extent that they are required to be credited to the renewable resource loan debt service fund pursuant to 85-1-603, there must be paid into the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account:



- 1 (a) all revenue of the works and other money as provided in 85-1-332;
- 2 (b) the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund as provided in and subject to the conditions of 15-38-202;
- 4 (c) the excess of the coal severance tax proceeds allocated by 85-1-603 to the renewable resource
 5 loan debt service fund above debt service requirements as provided in and subject to the conditions of
 6 85-1-619:
 - (d) any fees or charges collected by the department pursuant to 85-1-616 for the servicing of loans, including arrangements for obtaining security interests; and
 - (e) the resource indemnity and ground water assessment tax proceeds as provided in 15-38-106(2)(b).
 - (3) Appropriations may be made from the renewable resource grant and loan program state special revenue account for the following purposes and subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The amount of resource indemnity trust fund interest earnings allocated under 15-38-202(2)(b)(iii) to the special revenue account UNDER 15-38-202(2)(A)(II) must be used for renewable resource grants.
 - (b) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account under 85-1-332 and only that amount may be appropriated for the operation and maintenance of state-owned projects and works. If the amount of money available for appropriation under this subsection (3)(b) is greater than that necessary for operation and maintenance expenses, the excess may be appropriated as provided in subsection (3)(c).
 - (c) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account from the resource indemnity trust account plus any excess from subsection (3)(b) and only that amount may be appropriated from the account for expenditures that meet the policies and objectives of the renewable resource grant and loan program. If the amount of money available for appropriation under this subsection (3)(c) is greater than that necessary for operation and maintenance expenses, the excess may be appropriated as provided in subsection (3)(d).
 - (d) An amount less than or equal to that paid into the account from the sources provided for in subsections (2)(c) and (2)(d) and any excess from subsection (3)(c) and only that amount may be appropriated from the account for loans and grants for renewable resource projects; for purchase of liens and operation of property as provided in 85-1-615; for administrative expenses, including but not limited to the salaries and expenses of personnel, equipment, and office space; for the servicing of loans, including



1	arrangements for obtaining security interests; and for other necessities incurred in administering the loans
2	and grants."
3	
4	Section 6. Section 85-2-905, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"85-2-905. Ground water assessment account. (1) There is a ground water assessment account
6	within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102. The Montana bureau of mines and geology
7	is authorized to expend amounts from the account necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.
8	(2) The account may be used by the Montana bureau of mines and geology only to carry out the
9	provisions of this part.
10	(3) Subject to the direction of the ground water assessment steering committee, the Montana
11	bureau of mines and geology shall investigate opportunities for the participation and financial contribution
12	of agencies of federal and local governments to accomplish the purposes of this part.
13	(4) There must be deposited in the account:
14	(a) at the beginning of each fiscal year, 14.1% of the proceeds from the resource indemnity and
15	ground water assessment tax, as authorized by 15-38-106, and 2.2% of the proceeds from the
16	metalliferous mines license taxes, as authorized by 15-37-117, unless at the beginning of the fiscal year
17	the unobligated cash balance in the ground water assessment account:
18	(i) equals or exceeds \$666,000, in which case no <u>an</u> allocation will <u>may not</u> be made and the funds
19	proceeds must be deposited in the resource indemnity trust fund established by 15-38-201; or
20	(ii) is less than \$666,000, in which case an amount equal to the difference between the unobligated
21	cash balance and \$666,000 must be allocated to the ground water assessment account and any remaining
22	amount must be deposited in the resource indemnity trust fund established by 15-38-201;
23	(b) funds provided by federal or state government agencies and by local governments to carry out
24	the purposes of this part; and
25	(c) proceeds allocated to the account as provided in 15-36-324 and 15-38-106; and
26	(c)(d) funds provided by any other public or private sector organization or person in the form of
27	gifts, grants, or contracts specifically designated to carry out the purposes of this part."
28	
29	Section 7. Section 90-2-1104, MCA, is amended to read:
30	"90-2-1104. Reclamation and development grants account. (1) There is a reclamation and



1	development grants special revenue account within the state special revenue fund established in 17-2-102.
2	(2) There must be paid into the reclamation and development grants account money allocated from:
3	(a) the interest income of the resource indemnity trust fund under the provisions of 15-38-202;
4	(b) the resource indemnity trust and ground water assessment tax under the provisions of
5	15-38-106; and
6	(c) the metal mines license tax proceeds as provided in 15-37-117(1)(e) THE METAL MINES
7	LICENSE TAX PROCEEDS AS PROVIDED IN 15-37-117(1)(E); AND
8	(D) THE oil and gas production tax as provided in 15-36-324 AND 15-38-106.
9	(3) Appropriations may be made from the reclamation and development grants account for the
10	following purposes:
11	(a) grants for designated projects; and
12	(b) administrative expenses, including the salaries and expenses of personnel, equipment, office
13	space, and other expenses necessarily incurred in the administration of the grants program. These expenses
14	may be funded prior to before funding of projects."
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997.
17	-END-