1	HOUSE BILL NO. 169
2	INTRODUCED BY ZOOK, VAN VALKENBURG
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE LAWS 5 6 GOVERNING APPROPRIATIONS AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF STATE GOVERNMENT FINANCES; CLARIFYING THE TREASURY FUNDS SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATION; REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE 7 DEPOSIT OF CERTAIN FUNDS; REVISING THE STATUTORY APPROPRIATION OF CERTAIN FUNDS; 8 CONFORMING THE ADMINISTRATION OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS TO CONSTITUTIONAL REVISIONS; 9 10 AUTHORIZING THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD TO HIRE THEIR OWN PERSONNEL: 11 LIMITING THE ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OF THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS; AMENDING SECTIONS 12 2-9-202, 2-15-1009, 2-18-812, 15-36-324, 17-2-101, 17-2-102, 17-2-103, 17-2-121, 17-3-221, 13 17-3-222, 17-6-201, 17-7-402, 17-7-502, 17-8-101, 19-2-404, 19-2-408, 19-2-502, 19-5-404, 19-6-709. 14 19-8-504, 19-9-702, 19-9-1007, 19-13-604, 19-13-1006, 19-13-1009, 19-17-301, 19-18-512, 19-19-205, 19-19-305, 19-19-506, 19-20-203, 19-20-501, 19-20-605, 50-3-109, 61-3-321, AND 15 16 76-13-114, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 19-9-208, 19-13-615, 19-18-513, 19-18-606, AND 19-20-606, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE." 17

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19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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Section 1. Section 2-9-202, MCA, is amended to read:

22 "2-9-202. Apportionment of costs -- creation of deductible reserve. (1) The department of 23 administration shall apportion the costs of all insurance purchased under 2-9-201 to the individual state 24 participants, and the costs shall must be paid to the department subject to appropriations by the legislature. 25 (2) The department, if it elects to utilize use a deductible insurance plan, is authorized to charge 26 the individual state participants an amount equal to the cost of a full-coverage insurance plan until such 27 time as a deductible reserve is established. In each subsequent year, the department may charge a sufficient amount over the actual cost of the deductible insurance to replenish such the deductible reserves. 28 29 (3) The department may accumulate a self-insurance reserve fund sufficient to provide self-insurance for all liability coverages that in its discretion the department considers should be self-insured. 30

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1 Payments into the self-insurance reserve fund must be made from a legislative appropriation for that 2 purpose. Proceeds of the fund are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to must be used by 3 the department to pay claims under parts 1 through 3 of this chapter. Expenditures for actual and necessary 4 expenses required for the efficient administration of the fund must be made from temporary appropriations, as described in 17-7-501(1) or (2), made for that purpose. 5 (4) Money in reserve funds established under this section that is not needed to meet expected 6 7 expenditures shall must be invested and all proceeds of the investment credited to the fund." 8 9 Section 2. Section 2-15-1009, MCA, is amended to read: 10 "2-15-1009. Public employees' retirement board -- terms -- allocation. (1) There is a public 11 employees' retirement board. 12 (2) The board consists of six members appointed by the governor. The members are: 13 (a) three public employees who are active members of a public retirement system (not more than 14 one of these members may be an employee of the same department); 15 (b) one retired public employee who is an inactive member of the public employees' retirement 16 system; and 17 (c) two members at large. 18 (3) The term of office for each member is 5 years. 19 (4) The board is allocated to the department for administrative purposes only as prescribed in 20 2-15-121. The board shall hire necessary employees as provided in 19-2-404. 21 (5) Members of the board shall must be compensated and receive travel expenses as provided for 22 in 2-15-124." 23 24 Section 3. Section 2-18-812, MCA, is amended to read: 25 "2-18-812. Alternatives to conventional insurance for providing state employee group benefits 26 authorized -- requirements. The department may establish alternatives to conventional insurance for 27 providing state employee group benefits. The requirements for providing alternatives to conventional 28 insurance are as follows: 29 (1) The department must shall maintain state employee group benefit plans on an actuarially sound 30 basis.



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1 (2) The department <u>must shall</u> maintain reserves sufficient to liquidate the unrevealed claims liability 2 and other liabilities of state employee group benefit plans.

3 (3) The department must shall deposit all reserve funds and premiums paid to a state employee
4 group benefit plan, and the deposits are-statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the
5 department to must be expended for claims under the plan.

6 (4) The department must shall deposit income earned from the investment of a state employee 7 group benefit plan's reserve fund into the account established under subsection (3) of this section in order 8 to offset the costs of administering the plan. Expenditures for actual and necessary expenses required for 9 the efficient administration of the plan must be made from temporary appropriations, as described in 10 17-7-501(1) or (2), made for that purpose.

(5) The department shall, prior to implementation of any alternative to conventional insurance,
 present to the advisory council the evidence upon which the department has concluded that the alternative
 method will be more efficient, less costly, or otherwise superior to contracting for conventional insurance.
 The department may not implement any full solf-insurance alternative prior to July 1, 1981.

(6) The provisions of Title 33 shall <u>do</u> not apply to the department when exercising the powers and
 duties provided for in this section."

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Section 4. Section 15-36-324, MCA, is amended to read:

19 "15-36-324. Distribution of taxes. (1) For each calendar quarter, the department of revenue shall 20 determine the amount of tax, late payment interest, and penalty collected under this part. For purposes of 21 distribution of the taxes to county and school taxing units, the department shall determine the amount of 22 oil and natural gas production taxes paid on production from pre-1985 wells, post-1985 wells, and 23 horizontally drilled wells located in the taxing unit.

(2) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4), oil production taxes must be distributed as
follows:

(a) The amount equal to 41.6% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and
 penalty, collected under this part must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

(b) The remaining 58.4% of the oil production taxes, plus accumulated interest earned on the
 amount allocated under this subsection (2)(b), must be deposited in the agonoy state special revenue fund
 in the state treasury and transferred to the county and school taxing units for distribution as provided in



1 subsection (8).

(3) The amount equal to 100% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and
penalty, collected from working interest owners on production from post-1985 wells occurring during the
first 12 months of production must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

5 (4) The amount equal to 100% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and 6 penalty, collected under this part on production from horizontally drilled wells and on the incremental 7 production from horizontally recompleted wells occurring during the first 18 months of production must be 8 distributed as provided in subsection (7).

9 (5) Except as provided in subsection (6), natural gas production taxes must be allocated as follows:
10 (a) The amount equal to 14.6% of the natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest
11 and penalty, collected under this part must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

(b) The remaining 85.4% of the natural gas production taxes, plus accumulated interest earned on
the amount allocated under this subsection (5)(b), must be deposited in the agency state special revenue
fund in the state treasury and transferred to the county and school taxing units for distribution as provided
in subsection (8).

(6) The amount equal to 100% of the natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest
and penalty, collected from working interest owners under this part on production from post-1985 wells
occurring during the first 12 months of production must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

19 (7) The department shall, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-501(6), distribute the state 20 portion of oil and natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest and penalty collected, as 21 follows:

22 (a) 85% to the state general fund;

(b) 4.3% to the state special revenue fund for the purpose of paying expenses of the board as
provided in 82-11-135; and

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(c) 10.7% to be distributed as provided by 15-38-106(2).

(a) For the purpose of distribution of the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985
wells, the department shall each calendar quarter adjust the unit value determined under 15-36-323
according to the ratio that the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells collected during
the calendar quarter for which the distribution occurs plus penalties and interest on delinquent oil and
natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells bears to the total liability for the oil and natural gas



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production taxes from pre-1985 wells for the quarter for which the distribution occurs. The amount of oil
 and natural gas production taxes distributions must be calculated and distributed as follows:

3 (i) By the dates referred to in subsection (9), the department shall calculate and distribute to each
4 eligible county the amount of oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells for the quarter,
5 determined by multiplying the unit value, as adjusted in this subsection (8)(a), by the units of production
6 on which oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells were owed for the calendar quarter for
7 which the distribution occurs.

8 (ii) Any amount by which the total tax liability exceeds or is less than the total distributions
9 determined in subsection (8)(a) must be calculated and distributed in the following manner:

(A) The excess amount or shortage must be divided by the total distribution determined for that
 period to obtain an excess or shortage percentage.

(B) The excess percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this
amount must be added to the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

(C) The shortage percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this
amount must be subtracted from the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

16 (b) Except as provided in subsection (8)(c), the county treasurer shall distribute the money 17 received under subsection (9) from pre-1985 wells to the taxing units that levied mills in fiscal year 1990 18 against calendar year 1988 production in the same manner that all other property tax proceeds were 19 distributed during fiscal year 1990 in the taxing unit, except that a distribution may not be made to a 20 municipal taxing unit.

(c) The board of county commissioners of a county may direct the county treasurer to reallocate
 the distribution of oil and natural gas production tax money that would have gone to a taxing unit, as
 provided in subsection (8)(b), to another taxing unit or taxing units, other than an elementary school or high
 school, within the county under the following conditions:

(i) The county treasurer shall first allocate the oil and natural gas production taxes to the taxing
units within the county in the same proportion that all other property tax proceeds were distributed in the
county in fiscal year 1990.

(ii) If the allocation in subsection (8)(c)(i) exceeds the total budget for a taxing unit, the
 commissioners may direct the county treasurer to allocate the excess to any taxing unit within the county.
 (d) The board of trustees of an elementary or high school district may reallocate the oil and natural



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1 gas production taxes distributed to the district by the county treasurer under the following conditions:

2 (i) The district shall first allocate the oil and natural gas production taxes to the budgeted funds
3 of the district in the same proportion that all other property tax proceeds were distributed in the district in
4 fiscal year 199C.

(ii) If the allocation under subsection (8)(d)(i) exceeds the total budget for a fund, the trustees may
allocate the excess to any budgeted fund of the school district.

(e) For all production from post-1985 wells and horizontally drilled wells completed after December
31, 1993, the county treasurer shall distribute oil and natural gas production taxes received under
subsections (2)(b) and (5)(b) between county and school taxing units in the relative proportions required
by the levies for state, county, and school district purposes in the same manner as property taxes were
distributed in the preceding fiscal year.

(f) The allocation to the county in subsection (8)(e) must be distributed by the county treasurer in
the relative proportions required by the levies for county taxing units and in the same manner as property
taxes were distributed in the preceding fiscal year.

(g) The money distributed in subsection (8)(e) that is required for the county mill levies for school
district retirement obligations and transportation schedules must be deposited to the funds established for
these purposes.

(h) The oil and natural gas production taxes distributed under subsection (8)(b) that are required
for the 6-mill university levy imposed under 20-25-423 and for the county equalization levies imposed under
20-9-331 and 20-9-333, as those sections read on July 1, 1989, must be remitted by the county treasurer
to the state treasurer.

(i) The oil and natural gas production taxes distributed under subsection (8)(e) that are required for
the 6-mill university levy imposed under 20-25-423, for the county equalization levies imposed under
20-9-331 and 20-9-333, and for the state equalization aid levy imposed under 20-9-360 must be remitted
by the county treasurer to the state treasurer.

(j) The amount of oil and natural gas production taxes remaining after the treasurer has remitted
the amounts determined in subsections (8)(h) and (8)(i) is for the exclusive use and benefit of the county
and school taxing units.

(9) The department shall remit the amounts to be distributed in subsection (8) to the county
treasurer by the following dates:



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1	(a) On or before August 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and
2	natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending March 31 of the current year.
3	(b) On or before November 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil
4	and natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending June 30 of the current
5	year.
6	(c) On or before February 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and
7	natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending September 30 of the previous
8	year.
9	(d) On or before May 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and
10	natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending December 31 of the previous
11	calendar year.
12	(10) The department shall provide to each county by May 31 of each year the amount of gross
13	taxable value represented by all types of production taxed under 15-36-304 for the previous calendar year
14	multiplied by 60%. The resulting value must be treated as taxable value for county classification purposes
15	and for county bonding purposes.
16	(11) The distribution to taxing units under this section is statutorily appropriated as provided in
17	<u>17-7-502.</u> "
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19	Section 5. Section 17-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"17-2-101. Title and purpose. (1) Sections 17-2-101 through 17-2-107 may be cited as the
21	"Treasury Fund Structure Act".
22	(2) The purpose of these sections is to:
23	(a) comply with Article VIII, section 12, of the Montana constitution;
24	(b) simplify the accounting system and treasury fund structure of the state;
25	(c) to make possible the full utilization of modern accounting methods, $\frac{1}{2}$
26	(d) to provide the legislature with a greater measure of control over public moneys, money; and
27	(e) to enable the financial records of the state to accurately reflect the state's revenues revenue,
28	expenditures, expenses, and financial position in accordance with generally accepted accounting
2 9	principles."
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Section 6. Section 17-2-102, MCA, is amended to read: 1 2 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: 3 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: 4 (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be 5 6 accounted for in another fund; 7 (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified 8 9 purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated: 10 (A) The state special revenue fund consists of money from state and other nonfederal sources 11 deposited in the state treasury that is earmarked for the purposes of defraying particular costs of an 12 13 agency, program, or function of state government and money from other nonstate or nonfederal sources that is restricted by law or by the terms of an agreement, such as a contract, trust agreement, or donation. 14 15 (B) The federal special revenue fund consists of money deposited in the treasury from federal sources, including trust income, that is used for the operation of state government. 16 17 (iii) the capital projects fund type, which accounts for financial resources to be used for the 18 acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust

19 funds; and

20 (iv) the debt service fund type, which accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the
21 payment of general long-term debt principal and interest;

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(b) the proprietary fund category, which includes:

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(i) the enterprise fund type, which accounts for operations:

(A) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises whenever
 the intent of the legislature is that costs (i.e., expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or
 services to the general public on a continuing basis are to be financed or recovered primarily through user
 charges; or

(B) whenever the legislature has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses
 incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control,
 accountability, or other purposes; and



(ii) the internal service fund type, which accounts for the financing of goods or services provided
 by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of state government or to other
 governmental entities on a cost-reimbursed basis;

4 (c) the fiduciary fund category, which includes trust and agency fund types used to account for
5 assets held by state government in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations,
6 other governmental entities, or other funds. These include the:

7 (i) expendable trust fund type;

8 (ii) nonexpendable trust fund type;

9 (iii) pension trust fund type; and

10 (iv) agency fund type.

11 (d) the higher education funds, which include:

(i) the current fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury that is used to pay
 current operating costs relating to instruction, research, public service, and allied support operations and
 programs conducted within the Montana university system. The financial activities of the current fund are
 subdivided, for operational purposes, into the four following subfunds to serve the purpose indicated:

(A) The unrestricted subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that
 can be expended for general operations and is free of externally imposed restrictions, except those imposed
 by the legislature.

(B) The restricted subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that can
 be expended for general operations but only for purposes imposed by sources external to the board of
 regents and the legislature.

(C) The designated subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that is associated with general operations but is separately classified in order to accumulate costs that are to be recharged as allocated to other funds or subfunds¹/₂ identifies financial activities related to special organized activities of educational departments in which the activity is fully supported by supplemental assessments¹/₂ and identifies special supply and facility fees that are approved for collections beyond normal course fees and their disposition.

(D) The auxiliary subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that is
 devoted to providing essential on-campus services primarily to students, faculty, or staff wherein a fee,
 which is directly related to but does not necessarily equal the cost of the service provided, is charged to



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1 the consumer.

2 (ii) the student loan fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury that may be
3 loaned to students, faculty, or staff for purposes related to education, organized research, or public services
4 by the Montana university system;

5 (iii) the endowment fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury by the Montana 6 university system wherein the principal portion of the amount received is nonexpendable but is available 7 for investment, thus producing consumable income. Expendable earnings on endowment funds are to be 8 transferred to appropriate operating funds pursuant to prevailing administrative requirements.

9 (iv) the annuity and life income fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury by 10 the Montana university system under an agreement whereby the money is made available on condition that 11 the receiving unit of the Montana university system binds itself to pay stipulated amounts periodically to 12 the donor or others designated by the donor over a specified period of time;

(v) the plant fund, which accounts for those financial resources allocated to or received by the
 Montana university system for capital outlay purposes or to retire long-term debts associated with
 construction or acquisition of fixed assets and the net accumulative results of these activities; and

(vi) the agency fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury wherein the
 Montana university system acts in the capacity of a custodian or fiscal agent for individual students,
 faculty, staff, and qualified organizations.

19 (2) In addition to the funds provided for in subsection (1), there are in the state treasury the20 following account groups:

(a) the fixed assets account group, which is a self-balancing group of accounts set up to establish
 accounting control and accountability for the state's general fixed assets, except those accounted for in
 proprietary funds, trust funds, and the higher education funds designated in subsections (1)(d)(i)(D),
 (1)(d)(iii), and (1)(d)(v); and

(b) the long-term debt account group, which is a self-balancing group of accounts set up to
establish accounting control and accountability for the state's unmatured general long-term liabilities, except
those accounted for in proprietary funds, trust funds, and the higher education funds designated in
subsections (1)(d)(i)(D), (1)(d)(iii), and (1)(d)(v)."

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Section 7. Section 17-2-103, MCA, is amended to read:



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"17-2-103. Previous definitions of funds -- identification or segregation of moneys money and
 funds. (1) It is the intent of the legislature that the definitions in 17-2-102 supersede all previous definitions
 of public funds which that are inconsistent with the definitions found in this part.

4 (2) Any laws enacted in the future or any contracts entered into in the future in pursuance of law
5 that require the segregation of moneys money in the state treasury by means of a separate treasury fund
6 shall must be interpreted as permitting the segregation of such moneys the money by means of a subfund
7 or account within one of the funds created by 17-2-102.

8 (3) Each federal grant or other federal money within any subfund or account of one of the funds 9 created by 17-2-102(1)(a) through (1)(c) must be identifiable as a separate accounting entity, reporting 10 center, responsibility center, or revenue identification code, and an account must be made of each such 11 grant or other money by income and expenditure for each federal grant year or fiscal year as may be 12 applicable.

(4) Unless otherwise specifically provided in the statutes pertaining to the tax, the portion of taxes collected by the state that, pursuant to a statute, are to be allocated or distributed to units of local government, school districts, authorities, or other local governmental entities shall <u>must</u> be accounted for in a <u>fiduoiary state special revenue</u> fund, established in 17-2-102, as prescribed by the department in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles."

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Section 8. Section 17-2-121, MCA, is amended to read:

"17-2-121. Deposits by insurance commissioner. All Except as provided in 33-2-708, all fees,
 miscellaneous and examination charges, fines, penalties, and those amounts received pursuant to 33-2-311,
 33-2-705, er 33-2-706, or 50-3-109 collected by the insurance commissioner pursuant to Title 33 and the
 rules adopted thereunder to implement Title 33 must be deposited in the general fund."

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Section 9. Section 17-3-221, MCA, is amended to read:

"17-3-221. State treasurer to be custodian of moneys money received under Taylor Grazing Act.
 The state treasurer shall be is the custodian of all moneys money that the treasurer of the United States
 may transfer transfers to the state of Montana under the terms of section 10 of the Taylor Grazing Act
 approved June 28, 1934, (Public No. 482), which provides that the secretary of the United States treasury
 pay one-half of the moneys money received from each grazing district each year to the state where

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1	collected, to be expended as the legislature may prescribe. The money must be deposited in the federal
2	special revenue fund."
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4	Section 10. Section 17-3-222, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"17-3-222. Apportionment of moneys to counties. (1) It shall be is the duty of the state treasurer
6	to properly apportion and allocate these moneys the money received pursuant to 17-3-221 to the county
7	treasurers, who will shall allocate and pay all such moneys <u>the money</u> as follows:
8	(a) 50% to the county general fund; and
9	(b) 50% to the common school fund of the county.
10	(2) The payments from the state to the county treasurers provided for in subsection (1) are
11	statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."
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13	Section 11. Section 17-6-201, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"17-6-201. Unified investment program general provisions. (1) The unified investment program
15	directed by Article VIII, section 13, of the Montana constitution to be provided for public funds must be
16	administered by the board of investments in accordance with the prudent expert principle, which requires
17	any investment manager to:
18	(a) discharge the duties with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence, under the circumstances then
19	prevailing, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity with the same resources and familiar with like
20	matters exercises in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character with like aims;
21	(b) diversify the holdings of each fund within the unified investment program to minimize the risk
22	of loss and to maximize the rate of return unless, under the circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do
23	so; and
24	(c) discharge the duties solely in the interest of and for the benefit of the funds forming the unified
25	investment program.
26	(2) (a) Retirement funds may be invested in common stocks of any corporation, except that an
27	investment may not be made at any time that would cause the book value of the investments in any
28	retirement fund to exceed 50% of the book value of the fund or would cause the stock of one corporation
2 9	to exceed 2% of the book value of the retirement fund.
30	(b) Other public funds may not be invested in private corporate capital stock. "Private corporate



1 capital stock" means only the common stock of a corporation.

2 (3) (a) This section does not prevent investment in any business activity in Montana, including
3 activities that continue existing jobs or create new jobs in Montana.

(b) The board is urged under the prudent expert principle to invest up to 3% of retirement funds
in venture capital companies. Whenever possible, preference should be given to investments in those
venture capital companies that demonstrate an interest in making investments in Montana.

7 (c) In discharging its duties, the board shall consider the preservation of purchasing power of
8 capital during periods of high monetary inflation.

9 (d) The board may not make a direct loan to an individual borrower. The purchase of a loan or a
10 portion of a loan originated by a financial institution is not considered a direct loan.

(4) The board has the primary authority to invest state funds. Another agency may not invest state
funds unless otherwise provided by law. The board shall direct the investment of state funds in accordance
with the laws and constitution of this state. The board has the power to veto any investments made under
its general supervision.

15 (5) The board shall:

16 (a) assist agencies with public money to determine if, when, and how much surplus cash is 17 available for investment;

- 18 (b) determine the amount of surplus treasury cash to be invested;
- 19 (c) determine the type of investment to be made;
- 20 (d) prepare the claim to pay for the investment; and

(e) keep an account of the total of each investment fund and of all the investments belonging to
 the fund and a record of the participation of each treasury fund account in each investment fund.

23 (6) The board may:

24 (a) execute deeds of conveyance transferring all real property obtained through foreclosure of any

investments purchased under the provisions of 17-6-211 when full payment has been received for the
property;

- (b) direct the withdrawal of any funds deposited by or for the state treasurer pursuant to 17-6-101
 and 17-6-105;
- (c) direct the sale of any securities in the program at their full and true value when found necessary
 to raise money for payments due from the treasury funds for which the securities have been purchased;



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1	(d) expend funds needed to cover costs of necessary repairs to property owned by the board as
2	an investment. The expenditures may be made directly by the board and are statutorily appropriated, as
3	provided in 17-7-502 . Repairs that cost in excess of \$2,500 must be bid, and the bid must be awarded in
4	compliance with existing state law and regulations. Emergency repairs may be made by the board without
5	bid if approved by the state architect.
6	(7) The cost of administering and accounting for each investment fund must be deducted from the
7	income from each fund.
8	(8) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the board shall, from the appropriate fund, reimburse the
9	department of commerce for the costs of administering programs established under Title 90, chapter 3, that
10	are not covered by payback funds available from the account established in 90-3-305."
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12	Section 12. Section 17-7-402, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"17-7-402. Budget amendment requirements. (1) Except as provided in subsection (6), a budget
14	amendment may not be approved:
15	(a) by the approving authority, except a budget amendment to spend:
16	(i) additional federal revenue;
17	(ii) additional tuition collected by the Montana university system;
18	(iii) additional revenue deposited in the internal service funds within the department or the office
19	of the commissioner of higher education as a result of increased service demands by state agencies;
20	(iv) Montana historical society enterprise revenue resulting from sales to the public;
21	(v) additional revenue that is deposited in funds other than the general fund and that is from the
22	sale of fuel for those agencies participating in the Montana public vehicle fueling program established by
23	Executive Order 22-91; or
24	(vi) revenue resulting from the sale of goods produced or manufactured by the industries program
25	of an institution within the department of corrections;
26	(b) by the approving authority if the budget amendment contains any significant ascertainable
27	commitment for any present or future increased general fund support;
28	(c) by the approving authority for the expenditure of money in the state special revenue fund unless
29	an emergency justifies the expenditure or the expenditure is exempt under subsection (4);
30	(d) by the approving authority unless it will provide additional services;



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(e) by the approving authority for any matter of which the requesting agency had knowledge at 1 2 a time when the proposal could have been presented to an appropriation subcommittee, the house 3 appropriations committee, or the senate finance and claims committee of the most recent legislative session open to that matter, except when the legislative finance committee is given specific notice by the approving 4 5 authority that significant identifiable events, specific to Montana and pursuant to provisions or requirements 6 of Montana state law, have occurred since the matter was raised with or presented for consideration by 7 the legislature; or 8 (f) to extend beyond June 30 of the last year of any biennium. 9 (2) All budget amendments must itemize planned expenditures by fiscal year. (3) Each budget amendment must be submitted by the approving authority to the budget director 10 11 and the legislative fiscal analyst. The proposed expenditure of money from nonstate or nonfederal sources 12 that is restricted by law must be submitted to the legislative fiscal analyst. 13 (4) Money from nonstate or nonfederal sources that would be deposited in the state special 14 revenue fund and that is restricted by law or by the terms of a written agreement, such as a contract, trust agreement, or donation, is exempt from the requirements of this part. 15 16 (5) An appropriation that would usually be the subject of a budget amendment that is submitted 17 to the legislature for approval during a legislative session may not include authority to spend money beyond 18 the first fiscal year of the next biennium. 19 (6) A budget amendment to spend state funds, other than from the general fund, required for 20 matching funds in order to receive a grant is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1)." 21 22 Section 13. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read: Statutory appropriations -- definition -- requisites for validity. (1) A statutory 23 "17-7-502. 24 appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency 25 without the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment. 26 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply 27 with both of the following provisions: 28 (a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3). 29 (b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a

30 statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.



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(3) The following laws are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 1 2 18 812; 3-5-901; 5-13-403; 10-3-203; 10-3-310; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 15-1-111; 15-23-706; 2 15-30-195; 15-31-702; 15-36-324; 15-37-117; 15-38-202; 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 16-1-410; 3 16-1-411; 16-11-308; 17-3-106; 17-3-212; <u>17-3-222;</u> 17-5-404; 17-5-424; 17-5-804; 17-6-101; 4 17-6-201; 17-7-304; 18-11-112; 18 2-502; 19-5-404; 19-6-709; 19-8-504; 19-9-702; 19-9-1007; 5 19-13-604; 19-13-1006; 19-17-301; 19-18-512; 19-18-513; 19-18-606; 19-19-205; 19-19-305; 6 19-19-506; 20-8-107; 20-8-111; 20-9-361; 20-26-1503; 23-5-136; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 23-5-610; 7 23-5-612; 23-5-631; 23-7-301; 23-7-402; 32-1-537; 37-43-204; 37-51-501; 39-71-503; 39-71-907; 8 39-71-2321; 39-71-2504; 44-12-206; 44-13-102; 50-4-623; 50-5-232; 50-40-206; 53-6-150; 53-6-703; 9 10 53-24-206; 60-2-220; 67-3-205; 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-6-214; 75-11-313; 76-12-123; 80-2-103; 80-2-222; 80-4-416; 81-5-111; 82-11-136; 82-11-161; 85-1-220; 85-20-402; 90-3-301; 90-4-215; 11 90-6-331; 90-7-220; 90-7-221; and 90-9-306. 12

13 (4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, 14 paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued 15 pursuant to the laws of Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as 16 17 determined by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the 18 bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for the payments. (In subsection (3): pursuant to 19 sec. 7, Ch. 567, L. 1991, the inclusion of 19-6-709 terminates upon death of last recipient eligible for 20 supplemental benefit; and pursuant to sec. 7(2), Ch. 29, L. 1995, the inclusion of 15-30-195 terminates 21 July 1, 2001.)"

22

23

Section 14. Section 17-8-101, MCA, is amended to read:

24 "17-8-101. Appropriation and disbursement of money from treasury. (1) Except as provided in 25 subsection (5) For purposes of complying with Article VIII, section 14, of the Montana constitution, money 26 deposited in the general fund, the special revenue fund type (except money deposited in the treasury from 27 nonstate and nonfederal sources restricted by law or by the terms of an agreement, such as a contract, 28 trust agreement, or donation), the enterprise fund type, the debt service fund type, and the capital projects 29 fund type, with the exception of refunds authorized in subsection (3) (4), must be paid out of the treasury 30 only on appropriation made by law.



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(2) Money deposited in the enterprise fund type, internal service fund type, debt service fund type,
 expendable trust fund type, nonexpendable trust fund type, pension trust fund type, agency fund type, and
 state special revenue fund from nonstate and nonfederal sources restricted by law or by the terms of an
 agreement, such as a contract, trust agreement, or donation, and agency fund type may be paid out of the
 treasury:

6 (a) by appropriation; or

- 7 (b) under general laws, or contracts entered into in pursuance of law, permitting the disbursement.
 8 (3) The pension trust fund type is not considered a part of the state treasury for appropriation
 9 purposes. Money deposited in the pension trust fund type may be paid out of the treasury pursuant to
 10 general laws, trust agreement, or contract.
- 11 (3)(4) Subject to the provisions of subsection (8), money Money paid into the state treasury 12 through error or under circumstances, such that the state is not legally entitled to retain it and a refund 13 procedure is not otherwise provided by law_7 may be refunded upon the submission of a verified claim 14 approved by the department of administration.
- 15 (4)(5) Authority to expend appropriated money may be transferred from one state agency to 16 another, provided that the original purpose of the appropriation is maintained. The office of budget and 17 program planning shall report semiannually to the legislative finance committee concerning all appropriations 18 transferred under the provisions of this section.
- (5)(6) Fees and charges for services deposited in the internal service fund type must be based upon
 commensurate costs. The legislative auditor, during regularly scheduled audits of state agencies, shall audit
 and report on the reasonableness of internal service fund type fees and charges and on the fund equity
 balances.
- 23 (6)(7) The office of budget and program planning shall include in the budget submitted to the
 24 legislature a report on:
- (a) enterprise funds, including retained earnings and contributed capital, projected operations and
 charges, and projected fund balances; and
- (b) internal service fund type fees and charges, including changes in the level of fees and charges,
 projected use of the fees and charges, and projected fund balances. Internal service fund type fees and
 charges must be approved by the legislature in the general appropriations act. Fees and charges in any
 biennium may not exceed the level approved by the legislature in the general appropriations act effective

1 for that biennium.

(7)(8) Any The creation of accounts in the enterprise fund or the internal service fund created after 2 July 1, 1995, must be approved by the department, using conformity with generally accepted accounting 3 4 principles as the primary approval criteria. The department shall report annually to the office of budget and program planning and the legislative finance committee on the nature, status, and justification for all new 5 6 accounts in the enterprise fund and the internal service fund. (8)(9) Enterprise and internal-service funds must be appropriated if they are used as a part of a 7 program that is not an enterprise or internal service function and otherwise requires an appropriation paid 8 out of the state treasury. The payment of funds into an internal service fund must be authorized by law." 9 10 11 Section 15. Section 19-2-404, MCA, is amended to read: 12 "19-2-404. Appointment and compensation of administrative staff. The department board shall 13 appoint hire and fix the compensation of an administrator and other necessary employees to assist the board in administering the retirement systems. The compensation of the administrator and employees must 14 be established in accordance with Title 2, chapter 18." 15 16 Section 16. Section 19-2-408, MCA, is amended to read: 17 18 "19-2-408. Administrative expenses. (1) The legislature finds that proper administration of the 19 pension trust funds benefits both employers and members and continues to benefit members after 20 retirement. 21 (2) The administrative expenses of the retirement systems administered by the board must be paid 22 from the investment earnings on the pension trust fund of the public employees' retirement system, except 23 as provided in subsection (3). Before the fiscal yearend closing, the board shall compute the administrative 24 expenses attributable to each retirement system administered by the board for the immediately preceding 25 fiscal year and transfer that amount from each retirement system's pension trust fund to the pension trust 26 fund of the public employees' retirement system. The total administrative expenses of the board, including 27 the administration of the volunteer firefighters' pension plan, may not exceed 1.5% of the total retirement 28 benefits paid.

(3) On January 1 of each year, each employer under the public employees' retirement system shall
 contribute on behalf of each member then in its service a membership fee of \$1 in addition to other required



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1	contributions. The appropriation of these fees , together with other money appropriated for that purpose,
2	must be used for the purpose of defraying the administrative expense of chapters 2, 3, 5 through 9, and
3	13, and this chapter.
4	(4) Any request for an increase in spending authority for administrative expenses requires a budget
5	amendment and is subject to Title 17, chapter 7 part 4.
6	(6) The board may assess and the division may collect a fee from the department of fish, wildlife,
7	and parks for the purpose of defraying the expenses of administering chapter 8 of this title."
8	
9	Section 17. Section 19-2-502, MCA, is amended to read:
10	"19-2-502. Statutory appropriation of payments Payments from pension trust funds. (1) Assets
11	The board shall administer the assets of the pension trust funds are statutorily appropriated, as provided
12	in 17-7-502, to the division for payment of benefits and refunds to eligible recipients and for paying the
13	necessary administrative and investment expenses of the retirement systems as provided in Article VIII,
14	section 15, of the Montana constitution, subject to the specific provisions of chapters 2, 3, 5 through 9,
15	and 13 of this title.
16	(2) Benefits and refunds to eligible recipients are payable pursuant to a contract as contained in
17	statute. The contract is entered into on the first day of a member's covered employment and may be
18	enhanced by the legislature. Unless specifically provided for by statute, the contract does not contain
19	revisions to statutes after the time of retirement or termination."
20	
21	Section 18. Section 19-5-404, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"19-5-404. Contributions by state. (1) The state of Montana shall contribute monthly to the
23	pension trust fund a sum equal to 6% of the compensation of each member. In addition, the clerk of each
24	district court shall transmit 68% of certain filing fees as required under 25-1-201(2) and that portion of the
25	fee for filing a petition for dissolution of marriage and a motion for substitution of a judge specified in
26	25-1-201(4) and (6) to the state, which shall first deposit in the pension trust fund an amount equal to
27	34.71% of the total compensation paid to district judges and supreme court justices who are covered by
28	the judges' retirement system and then deposit the balance in the state general fund. The clerk of the
2 9	supreme court shall pay one-fourth of the fees collected under 3-2-403 to the division to be credited to the
30	pension trust fund.

(2) The state of Montana shall contribute monthly from the renewable resource grant and loan 1 2 program account in the state special revenue fund to the judges' pension trust fund an amount equal to 3 34.71% of the compensation paid to the chief water court judge. The state contributions in this section are statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502." 4 5 6 Section 19. Section 19-6-709, MCA, is amended to read: 7 "19-6-709. (Temporary) Supplemental benefits for certain retirees. (1) In addition to any retirement 8 benefit payable under this chapter, a retired member or a survivor determined by the board to be eligible 9 under subsection (2) must receive an annual lump-sum benefit payment beginning in September 1991 and each succeeding year as long as the member remains eligible. 10 (2) To be eligible for the benefits under this section, a person must be receiving a monthly benefit 11 12 before July 1, 1991, and must be: 13 (a) a retired member who is 55 years of age or older and who has been receiving a service 14 retirement benefit for at least 5 years prior to the date of distribution; 15 (b) a survivor of a member who would have been eligible under subsection (2)(a); or 16 (c) a recipient of a disability or survivorship benefit under 19-6-601 or 19-6-901. 17 (3) A retired member otherwise qualified under this section who is employed in a position covered 18 by a retirement system under Title 19 is ineligible to receive any lump-sum benefit payments provided for 19 in this section until the member's service in the covered position is terminated. Upon termination of the 20 member's covered service, the retired member becomes eligible in the next fiscal year succeeding the 21 member's termination. 22 (4) (a) Twenty five An amount equal to 25 cents of each motor vehicle registration fee provided 23 for in 61-3-321(5) must be deposited in paid from the general fund to the pension trust fund at the end of 24 each fiscal year. The fee payment is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the pension fund 25 for payment of benefits to eligible recipients. The total funds must be distributed by the division in 26 lump-sum payments to eligible recipients along with their normal retirement benefit payment. 27 (b) The lump-sum payment must be distributed proportionally to all eligible recipients based on 28 service credit at the time of retirement, subject to the following: 29 (i) a recipient under subsection (2)(c) is considered to have 20 years of service for the purposes 30 of the distributions;



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(ii) any recipient of a service retirement benefit exceeding the maximum monthly benefit under
 19-6-707(2)(a) must have the recipient's service credit reduced 25% for the purposes of the distributions;
 (iii) the maximum annual increase in the amount of supplemental benefits paid to each individual
 under this section after August 31, 1993, is the percentage increase for the previous calendar year in the
 annual average consumer price index for urban wage earners and workers, compiled by the bureau of labor
 statistics of the United States department of labor or its successor agency.

(c) Any amount deposited in the pension trust fund under subsection (4)(a) for the payment of
supplemental benefits under this section that exceeds the limitation of subsection (4)(b)(iii) must be used
to amortize unfunded liabilities of the retirement system.

10 (5) Every 10 years following July 1, 1991, the division shall review the size of the additional fee 11 collected under 61-3-321(5) and deposited in the account <u>paid to the pension trust fund</u> in accordance with 12 subsection (4)(a) and recommend to each legislature following the division's review any legislation 13 necessary to reduce the fee to the minimum amount necessary to provide the supplemental benefits 14 provided by this section."

15

16

Section 20. Section 19-8-504, MCA, is amended to read:

17 "19-8-504. State's contribution. Each month, the state treasurer shall pay to the pension trust
18 fund out of the department of fish, wildlife, and parks funds, a sum equal to 8.15% of all members'
19 salaries. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."

20 21

Section 21. Section 19-9-702, MCA, is amended to read:

22 "19-9-702. State contribution. The state of Montana shall make its contributions through the state 23 auditor out of from the general fund the premium tax on motor vehicle property and casualty insurance 24 policies. The payments general fund contributions must be made annually after the end of each fiscal year but no later than November 1 from the gross premium tax after deduction for cancellations and returned 25 premiums. The division shall notify the state auditor by September 1 of each fiscal year of the annual 26 27 compensation paid to all active members during the preceding fiscal year. The state's contribution is 15.66% of compensation paid to members. The contributions are statutorily appropriated as provided in 28 29 17-7-502."

30



Section 22. Section 19-9-1007, MCA, is amended to read: 1 "19-9-1007. Supplement to certain benefits. (1) The benefits paid in each fiscal year to a retired 2 member or the member's survivors may not be less than one-half of the compensation that will be paid in 3 4 the current fiscal year in the appropriate city or town to newly confirmed police officers. 5 (2) On or before October 1 of each year, the division shall make a report including the following 6 information: 7 (a) the names of all retired members who are receiving benefits from the retirement system as of 8 the date of the report; 9 (b) the names of all surviving spouses or dependent children who are receiving benefits from the retirement system because of the death of an active or retired member of this or a prior plan; 10 11 (c) for the purpose of determining the base retirement, disability, or survivorship benefits for the 12 computations set forth in subsection (3), the following information relating to the base fiscal year 13 commencing July 1, 1976: 14 (i) the amount of the benefits paid in the base fiscal year to each retired member described in 15 subsection (2)(a); 16 (ii) the amount of the benefits paid in the base fiscal year to each surviving spouse or dependent 17 child described in subsection (2)(b); 18 (iii) upon the death after the base fiscal year of any retired member who was receiving benefits, the 19 amount of benefits that would have been paid to an eligible surviving spouse of the retired member if the 20 surviving spouse had been receiving benefits in the base fiscal year; 21 (d) the original amount of retirement, disability, or survivorship benefits paid to retired members 22 or their eligible survivors as of the original retirement dates after July 1, 1975; 23 (e) the compensation that will be paid during the current fiscal year to a newly confirmed police 24 officer of each city or town participating in the retirement system. 25 (3) The division shall compute the difference between each amount reported under subsections 26 (2)(c) through (2)(e) and one-half the compensation to be paid during the current fiscal year to a newly confirmed police officer of the appropriate city or town. The difference must be reported to the state 27 auditor, who shall pay the difference from the general fund to the pension trust fund out of the premium 28 29 tax collected on insurance sold in this state to insure against the risks enumerated in 19-18-512(3) no later 30 than November 1. If the compensation of a newly confirmed police officer has not been set for the current



fiscal year in time to be included in the October 1 report to the state auditor, the division shall make any retroactive adjustments necessary to individual supplemental benefits after the current compensation has been determined and shall include these amounts in the next year's report for reimbursement at that time. (4) The promium tax amount paid by the state auditor is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, for the payment of supplemental retirement benefits to eligible retired members and their survivors. This payment amount is in addition to the payment to be made by the state auditor under 19-9-702.

8 (5) If more than one dependent child is entitled to supplementary benefits under this section by 9 virtue of the death of a common parent, the minimum benefit paid to the dependent children under this 10 section must be determined as if there were one dependent child and the supplementary benefits must be 11 paid to the dependent children collectively."

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Section 23. Section 19-13-604, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-13-604. State contribution. The state shall make its contributions through the state auditor 14 from the premium taxes on the insurance risks enumerated in 19-18-512 general fund. These payments 15 16 Payments must be made annually from the general fund to the pension trust fund after the end of each fiscal year but no later than November 1 from the gross-premium taxes after deduction for cancellations 17 18 and returned promiums. The division shall notify the state auditor of the annual compensation, excluding 19 overtime, holiday payments, shift differential payments, compensatory time payments, and payments in 20 lieu of sick leave, paid to all active members during the preceding year. The state's contribution is 24.21% 21 of this total compensation. As soon as practicable after receipt of the state contribution, the division shall 22 deposit it in the pension trust fund. The contributions are statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."

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Section 24. Section 19-13-1006, MCA, is amended to read:

25 "19-13-1006. Supplement to retirement benefits for persons retiring before July 1, 1973. (1) The 26 retirement system shall pay to each member retired before July 1, 1973, or the member's surviving spouse 27 or dependent children a monthly retirement benefit of not less than one-half the regular monthly 28 compensation paid to a confirmed active firefighter of the city that last employed the member as a 29 firefighter, as provided each year in the budget of that city. If the city that last employed the member as 30 a firefighter no longer employs a full-paid firefighter, the member's or survivor's benefit may not be less



than one-half the average regular monthly compensation paid to all newly confirmed full-paid firefighters, as provided each year in the budgets of those cities that participate in the retirement system and employ a full-paid firefighter. In the case of volunteer firefighters, the retirement benefit may not exceed \$75 per month. Distribution of the money provided for this purpose under 19-18-606(1) <u>subsection (2)</u> must be made according to subsection (2) <u>(3)</u>.

6 (2) The state auditor shall deposit the proceeds of the tax collected pursuant to 50-3-109(1)(b) in 7 the general fund. The state auditor shall pay an amount equal to the proceeds of the tax from the general 8 fund to the pension trust fund to be used to pay claims as provided in subsection (3). The payment is 9 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502. If the amount paid is in excess of the amount necessary 10 for the payment of claims as provided in subsection (3), the excess must be used to pay the supplementary 11 benefits provided for in 19-13-1009.

12 (2)(3) (a) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the division shall request and, except as provided 13 in subsection (2)(b) (3)(b), the state auditor shall issue pay from the state special revenue general fund and 14 deliver to the division pension trust fund an amount certified to be equal to the total annual dollar difference 15 between the total retirement benefits paid to all retirees or their surviving spouses or dependent children 16 in the previous fiscal year and the total benefits payable on June 30, 1973. The division shall deposit this 17 money into the pension trust fund.

18 (b) If the amount of insufficient money is contained in the state special revenue fund to pay the 19 amount requested paid in subsection (2)(a) (3)(a) is insufficient, the auditor shall pay to the division the 20 balance contained in the state special revenue fund. The division shall continue to request the payment of 21 any portion of the amount requested under subsection $\frac{2}{3}$ (a) that was not paid in previous fiscal years plus sufficient interest to reimburse the pension trust fund_{7.} which The amounts must be paid to the division 22 23 pension trust fund prior to determining whether sufficient each remains in the special revenue fund taxes 24 have been collected to make any amount available for payments into the account established in 19-13-615 25 of supplementary benefits provided for in 19-13-1009. The state auditor shall pay the requests amounts 26 as premium tax money in the state special revenue general fund becomes available."

27

28

Section 25. Section 19-13-1009, MCA, is amended to read:

29 "19-13-1009. Supplement to retirement benefits for persons hired on or after July 1, 1981. (1)
 30 The division shall pay a supplemental benefit from the account provided for in 19-13-615 to each member



1 hired on or after July 1, 1981, who has earned 20 years of membership service as an active firefighter or 2 to the member's surviving spouse or dependent children. Except as provided in subsection (2), the 3 supplemental benefit, when added to the service retirement benefit, must equal one-half the regular monthly 4 compensation paid to a newly confirmed full-paid active firefighter of the city that last employed the 5 member as a firefighter as provided each year in the budget of that city. If after a member retires, the city 6 that last employed the member no longer employs a full-paid firefighter, the member's supplemental benefit 7 must be calculated on the basis of the average monthly compensation paid to all newly confirmed full-paid 8 firefighters, as provided each year in the budgets of those cities that participate in the retirement system 9 and employ a full-paid firefighter.

10 (2) If the amount available to the account is insufficient to fully fund the supplemental benefit 11 provided for in subsection (1), the supplemental benefit for each eligible member or survivor must be 12 reduced by an equal percentage so that the amount contained in the account available for this purpose is 13 not exceeded."

14

15 Section 26. Section 19-17-301, MCA, is amended to read:

16 "19-17-301. Fire insurance premium tax to be paid into pension trust fund. The state auditor and 17 ox officio commissioner of insurance shall annually deposit in pay from the general fund to the pension trust 18 fund a sum equivalent to 5% of the premium taxes collected from insurers authorized to effect insurance 19 against risks enumerated in 19-18-512 <u>50-3-109</u>. The sum must be computed before the amounts provided 19 for by 19-13-604, <u>19-13-1006</u>, and 19-18-512 are deducted. The money must be used for the payment 19 of claims, benefits, and administrative costs as provided in this chapter. The money is statutorily 20 appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."

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Section 27. Section 19-18-512, MCA, is amended to read:

25 "19-18-512. State auditor to pay -- payment to association out of insurance premium taxes. (1)
26 After the end of the fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver the warrant described in this
27 subsection to the treasurer of overy each city or town which that has a fire department relief association
28 entitled by law to receive payments. The warrant shall must be for the use and benefit of the association.
29 It shall The warrant must be for an amount equal to 1 1/2 mills of the total taxable value of the city or town
30 and shall must be paid out of the premium taxes on insurance risks enumerated in subsection (3) collected



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1	by the state auditor general fund. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.
2	(2) If the The payment provided for in subsection (1) is less than \$100, an additional payment shall
3	be made from the same tax moneys so that the total amount received is must be for at least \$100.
4	(3) The risks referred to in subsoction (1) are:
5	(a) insurance of houses, buildings, and all other kinds of property against loss or damage by fire
6	or other casualty;
7	(b) all kinds of insurance on goods, merchandise, or other property in the course of transportation,
8	whether by land, water, or air;
9	(c) insurance against loss or damage to motor vehicles resulting from accident, collision, or marine
10	and inland navigation and transportation perils;
11	(d) insurance of growing crops against loss or damage resulting from hail or the elements;
12	(e) insurance against less or damage by water to any goods or premises arising from the breakage
13	or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus;
14	(f) insurance against loss or legal liability for loss because of damage to property caused by the
15	use of teams or vehicles, whether by accident or collision or by explosion of any ongine, tank, boiler, pipe,
16	or tire of any vehicle; and
17	(g) insurance against theft of the whole or any part of any vehicle."
18	
19	Section 28. Section 19-19-205, MCA, is amended to read:
19 20	Section 28. Section 19-19-205, MCA, is amended to read: "19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to
20	"19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to
20 21	"19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested
20 21 22	"19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested by the department necessary to complete an actuarial valuation of the city's police retirement fund. The
20 21 22 23	"19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested by the department necessary to complete an actuarial valuation of the city's police retirement fund. The valuation shall <u>must</u> consider the actuarial soundness of the police retirement fund for the 2 preceding fiscal
20 21 22 23 24	"19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested by the department necessary to complete an actuarial valuation of the city's police retirement fund. The valuation shall must consider the actuarial soundness of the police retirement fund for the 2 preceding fiscal years.
20 21 22 23 24 25	 "19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested by the department necessary to complete an actuarial valuation of the city's police retirement fund. The valuation shall must consider the actuarial soundness of the police retirement fund for the 2 preceding fiscal years. (2) The valuation is-to must be prepared by a qualified actuary selected by the department. A
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	"19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested by the department necessary to complete an actuarial valuation of the city's police retirement fund. The valuation shall must consider the actuarial soundness of the police retirement fund for the 2 preceding fiscal years. (2) The valuation is-to must be prepared by a qualified actuary selected by the department. A qualified actuary is a member of the American academy of actuaries or of any organization considered by
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	"19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested by the department necessary to complete an actuarial valuation of the city's police retirement fund. The valuation shall must consider the actuarial soundness of the police retirement fund for the 2 preceding fiscal years. (2) The valuation is-to must be prepared by a qualified actuary selected by the department. A qualified actuary is a member of the American academy of actuaries or of any organization considered by the department to have similar standards.



1	designated in the request from the general fund. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in
2	17-7-502."
3	
4	Section 29. Section 19-19-305, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"19-19-305. Annual state payments to municipality with police department. (1) After the end of
6	each fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver to the treasurer of each city and town in Montana
7	which that has a police department and which that is not a participant in the municipal police officers'
8	retirement system his a warrant for an amount computed in the same manner as the amount paid (or that
9	would be paid if an existing relief association met the legal requirements for payment) to cities and towns
10	for fire department relief associations pursuant to 19-18-512. The payment from the general fund is
11	statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.
12	(2) The payments provided for by 19-19-205 and subsection (1) of this section shall be paid from
13	the premium tax collected on insurance sold in this state to insure against the risks enumerated in
14	19-18-512. Such payments may only be made after deductions have been made from the gross premium
15	tax for cancellations and returned promiums.
16	(3) Each city or town which that has a police retirement fund shall deposit the payment to the
17	credit of its police retirement fund.
18	(4)(3) Payments provided for in 19-19-205 and subsection (1) of this section are in addition to
19	those provided for in 19-19-301."
20	
21	Section 30. Section 19-19-506, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"19-19-506. Supplement to certain pensions. (1) The payment for each fiscal year to the police
23	officers, spouses, or minor children described in subsections (2)(a) through (2)(c) may be not <u>be</u> less than
24	one-half of the salary paid in that fiscal year in the appropriate city or town to newly confirmed police
25	officers.
26	(2) On or before April 1 of each year, the board of trustees shall make a report to the state auditor
27	including the following information:
28	(a) the names of ail police officers who are receiving payments from the police retirement fund of
29	the city or town as of the date of the report and who were receiving such the payments prior to July 1,
30	1975,



(b) the names of all spouses or minor children who are receiving payments from the police
 retirement fund because of the death of a police officer who was receiving such payments prior to July 1,
 1975;

4 (c) the names of all spouses or minor children who are receiving payments from the police 5 retirement fund and who were receiving such payments prior to July 1, 1975, or in the case of minor 6 children, whose parent, the spouse of a police officer, was receiving such payments prior to July 1, 1975;

7 (d) for the purpose of determining the base figure for the computations set forth in subsection (4),
8 the following information relating to the base fiscal year commencing July 1, 1976:

9 (i) the amount of the payments made in the base fiscal year to each police officer described in
10 subsection (2)(a);

(ii) the amount of the payments made in the base fiscal year to each spouse or minor child (or
 children) described in subsection (2)(b) or (2)(c);

(iii) upon the death after April 18, 1977, of any police officer on the retired list who was receiving payments from the police retirement fund prior to July 1, 1975, and who is survived by a spouse or minor children <u>child</u> entitled to receive payments therefrom from the police retirement fund, the amount which <u>that</u> would have been paid to an eligible spouse of cuch <u>the</u> police officer had <u>if</u> that spouse <u>had</u> been receiving payments in the base fiscal year.

(3) Each fiscal year immediately after the adoption by a city or town having a police retirement fund
of its budget for that fiscal year, each such the city or town shall report to the state auditor the salary for
that fiscal year of a newly confirmed police officer of that city or town.

(4) The state auditor shall, upon receipt of the reports referred to in subsections (2) and (3),
compute the difference between each amount reported under subsections (2)(d)(i) through (2)(d)(iii) and
one-half the salary for the current fiscal year of a newly confirmed police officer of the appropriate city or
town. The difference shall must be paid by the state auditor out of the promium tax collected on insurance,
as provided in 19-19 305(2), general fund to the treasurer of the appropriate city or town at the same time
as and in addition to the payment to be made by the state auditor under 19-19-305(1). The payment is
statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.

(5) The treasurer of each city or town receiving funds under subsection (4) shall immediately
deposit them to the credit of the city or town's police retirement fund. The board of trustees of the fund
shall use the funds to supplement the monthly payments to persons described in subsections (2)(a) through



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1 (2)(c) so that the requirements of subsection (1) are met. 2 (6) If more than one minor child is entitled to supplementary payments under this section by virtue 3 of the death of a common parent police officer, the minimum payment to such the minor children under this 4 section shall must be determined as if there were one such minor child and the supplementary payment 5 shall must be made to the minor children collectively." 6 7 Section 31. Section 19-20-203, MCA, is amended to read: "19-20-203. Officers and employees of retirement board. (1) It is the duty of the retirement board 8 9 to: 10 (a) elect a presiding officer from its membership; 11 (b) appoint a secretary, who may be one of its members; 12 (c) employ technical or administrative employees who are necessary for the transaction of the 13 business of the retirement system and establish their compensation pursuant to Title 2, chapter 18; and 14 (d) designate an actuary who meets the qualifications established by the retirement board to assist 15 the retirement board with the technical actuarial aspects of the operation of the retirement system, which 16 includes establishing mortality and service tables and making an actuarial investigation at least once every 17 5 years into the mortality, service, and compensation experience of the members and beneficiaries of the 18 retirement system. 19 (2) A quorum of the board is three members." 20 21 Section 32. Section 19-20-501, MCA, is amended to read: 22 "19-20-501. Financial administration of money. The members of the retirement board are the 23 trustees of all money collected for the retirement system, and as trustees, they shall provide for the 24 financial administration of the money as provided in Article VIII, section 15, of the Montana constitution 25 in the following manner: 26 (1) The money must be invested and reinvested by the state board of investments. 27 (2) The retirement board annually shall establish the rate of regular interest. (3) The retirement board annually shall divide among the several reserves of the retirement system 28 29 an amount equal to the average balance of the reserves during the preceding fiscal year multiplied by the 30 rate of regular interest. In accordance with the provisions of 19-20-605(5), the amount to be credited to

each reserve must be allocated from the interest and other earnings on the money of the retirement system 1 2 actually realized during the preceding fiscal year, less the amount allocated to the expense fund under the 3 provisions of 19-20-606 administrative expenses. The administrative expenses of the retirement system 4 may not exceed 1.5% of retirement benefits paid. (4) The state treasurer is the custodian of the collected retirement system money and of the 5 6 securities in which the money is invested. (5) All For purposes of Article VIII, section 12, of the Montana constitution, all the reserves 7 8 established by part 6 of this chapter must be accounts in the pension trust fund type of the treasury fund 9 structure of the state. 10 (6) Benefits and refunds to eligible recipients are payable pursuant to a contract as contained in 11 statute. Unless specifically provided for by statute, the contract does not contain revisions to statutes after 12 the time of retirement or termination." 13 14 Section 33. Section 19-20-605, MCA, is amended to read: 15 "19-20-605. Pension accumulation fund -- employer's contribution. The pension accumulation fund 16 is the fund in which the reserves for payment of pensions and annuities must be accumulated and from 17 which pensions, annuities, and benefits must be paid to or on account of beneficiaries credited with prior 18 service. Contributions to and payments from the pension accumulation fund must be made as follows: 19 (1) Each employer shall pay into the pension accumulation fund an amount equal to 7.47% of the 20 earned compensation of each member employed during the whole or part of the preceding payroll period. 21 (2) If the employer is a district or community college district, the trustees shall budget and pay for 22 the employer's contribution under the provisions of 20-9-501. 23 (3) If the employer is the superintendent of public instruction, a public institution of the state of 24 Montana, a unit of the Montana university system, or the Montana state school for the deaf and blind, the legislature shall appropriate to the employer an adequate amount to allow the payment of the employer's 25 26 contribution. (4) If the employer is a county, the county commissioners shall budget and pay for the employer's 27 28 contribution in the manner provided by law for the adoption of a county budget and for payments under 29 the budget. 30 (5) All interest and other earnings realized on the money of the retirement system shall must be



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credited to the pension accumulation fund, and the amount required to allow regular interest on the annuity 1 savings fund shall must be transferred to that fund from the pension accumulation fund. 2 3 (6) All pensions, annuities, and benefits must be paid from the pension accumulation fund. 4 (7) The retirement board may, in its discretion, transfer from the pension accumulation fund to the 5 expense fund an amount necessary to cover expenses of administration." 6 7 Section 34. Section 50-3-109, MCA, is amended to read: 8 "50-3-109. Tax on fire insurance premiums for maintenance of state fire prevention and 9 investigation activities of department of justice. (1) Each insurer authorized to effect insurance on risks 10 enumerated in 19-18-512 subsection (2) doing business in this state shall pay to the state auditor and 11 commissioner of insurance ex officio during the month of February or March in each year, in addition to the 12 taxes on premiums required by law to be paid by it, a tax of 1% taxes on the fire portion of the direct 13 premiums on such the enumerated risks received during the calendar year next preceding after deducting 14 cancellations and return premiums. The taxes are: 15 (a) 1% to be deposited as provided in 17-2-121; and 16 (b) 1 1/2% to be used for purposes of 19-13-1006. 17 (2) The risks referred to in subsection (1) are: 18 (a) insurance of houses, buildings, and all other kinds of property against loss or damage by fire 19 or other casualty; 20 (b) all kinds of insurance on goods, merchandise, or other property in the course of transportation, 21 whether by land, water, or air; (c) insurance against loss or damage to motor vehicles resulting from accident, collision, or marine 22 23 and inland navigation and transportation perils; 24 (d) insurance of growing crops against loss or damage resulting from hail or the elements; 25 (e) insurance against loss or damage by water to any goods or premises arising from the breakage 26 or leakage of sprinkiers, pumps, or other apparatus; 27 (f) insurance against loss or legal liability for loss because of damage to property caused by the 28 use of teams or vehicles, whether by accident or collision or by explosion of any engine, tank, boiler, pipe, 29 or tire of any vehicle; and 30 (g) insurance against theft of the whole or any part of a vehicle."



1	Section 35. Section 61-3-321, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or
3	registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or
4	reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter,
5	as follows:
6	(a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5;
7	(b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10;
8	(c) electrically driven passenger vehicles, \$10;
9	(d) all motorcycles and quadricycles, \$2;
10	(e) tractors or trucks, \$10;
11	(f) buses, which are classed as motortrucks, licensed accordingly;
12	(g) trailers and semitrailers less than 2,500 pounds declared weight and housetrailers of all weights,
13	\$2;
14	(h) trailers and semitrailers over 2,500 up to 6,000 pounds declared weight (except housetrailers),
15	\$5;
16	(i) trailers and semitrailers over 6,000 pounds declared weight, \$10, except trailers and semitrailers
17	registered in other jurisdictions and registered through a proportional registration agreement;
18	(j) trailers used exclusively in the transportation of logs in the forest or in the transportation of oil
19	and gas well machinery, road machinery, or bridge materials, new and secondhand, \$15 annually,
20	regardless of size or capacity.
21	(2) All rates are 25% higher for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers that are not equipped with
22	pneumatic tires.
23	(3) "Tractor", as specified in this section, means any motor vehicle, except a passenger car, that
24	is used for towing a trailer or semitrailer.
25	(4) If any motor vehicle, housetrailer, trailer, or semitrailer is originally registered 6 months after
26	the time of registration as set by law, the registration or license fee for the remainder of the year is one-half
27	of the regular fee.
28	(5) An additional fee of \$5.25 a year for each registration of a vehicle, except trailers and
29	semitrailers registered in other jurisdictions and registered through a proportional registration agreement,
30	must be collected as a registration fee. Revenue from this fee must be forwarded by the respective county



treasurers to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund. The department shall distribute pay an
amount equal to 25 cents from the each motor vehicle registration fee from the general fund to the pension
trust fund for payment of supplemental benefits provided for in 19-6-709.
(6) A fee of \$2 for each set of new number plates must be collected when number plates provided
for under 61-3-332(3) are issued. Revenue from this fee must be deposited as provided in subsection (5).
(7) The provisions of this part with respect to the payment of registration fees do not apply to and

6 (7) The provisions of this part with respect to the payment of registration fees do not apply to and 7 are not binding upon motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, or tractors owned or controlled by the United 8 States of America or any state, county, city, or special district, as defined in 18-8-202.

9 (8) The provisions of this section relating to the payment of registration fees or new number plate
10 fees do not apply when number plates are transferred to a replacement vehicle under 61-3-317, 61-3-332,
11 or 61-3-335. (See compiler's comments for contingent termination of certain text.)"

12

13

Section 36. Section 76-13-114, MCA, is amended to read:

14 "76-13-114. Disposition of fines. Fines collected in a court of the state under this part or part 2, 15 except those collected in a justice's court, shall <u>must</u> be transferred to the state treasurer for deposit in the 16 ageney state special revenue fund. Whenever a person is convicted in any court of a violation of this part 17 or part 2, the court may levy and collect as costs in the case the amount necessary to compensate the 18 county for the expenditures made in and for the prosecution of the offender. These costs when collected, 19 except those collected in a justice's court, shall <u>must</u> be deposited by the court with the proper county 20 treasurer for the benefit of the county."

21

 NEW SECTION. Section 37. Repealer. Sections 19-9-208, 19-13-615, 19-18-513, 19-18-606, and

 19-20-606, MCA, are repealed.

24

25

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 38. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997.

26

-END-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for HB0169, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act generally revising and clarifying the laws governing appropriations and the administration of state government finances; clarifying the treasury funds subject to appropriation; revising and clarifying the deposit of certain funds; revising the statutory appropriation of certain funds; conforming the administration of retirement systems to constitutional revisions; authorizing the Public Employees' Retirement Board to hire their own personnel; limiting the administrative expenses of the retirement systems.

Assumptions:

- 1. Appropriations for health insurance benefits and claims and for tort claims will not be statutory. These programs, covered by HB576, are non-budgeted and therefore statutory appropriations will no longer be required.
- 2. Recent constitutional changes require that pension funds no longer be subject to legislative appropriation. This legislation recognizes these constitutional changes and mandates that the administrative expenses of the state retirement systems not exceed 1.5% of retirement benefits paid.
- 3. HB 169 does not change or otherwise impact the administrative expenditures of the Public Employees' Retirement Division (PERD) and, therefore, the bill will have no fiscal impact on PERD.
- 4. HB 169 does not change or otherwise impact the administrative expenditures of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and, therefore, the bill will have no fiscal impact on TRS.
- 5. If the provisions to conform the administration of the retirement systems to the Montana constitution are adopted, the total amount appropriated by the legislature in House Bill 2 would decrease by the amounts budgeted for the teachers' retirement board: FY 1998- \$994,113 and 1999 - \$778,979 and the public employees' retirement board: FY 1998- \$1,389,901 and 1999 - \$1,316,965.
- 6. This bill has no impact on the Department of Administration.
- 7. This bill has no impact on the Legislative Branch.

FISCAL IMPACT: None.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning

TÓM ZOOK, PRIMARY SPONSOR DATE Fiscal Note for <u>HB0169, as introduced</u> 4

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 169
2	INTRODUCED BY ZOOK, VAN VALKENBURG
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE

5 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE LAWS GOVERNING APPROPRIATIONS AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF STATE GOVERNMENT FINANCES; 6 7 CLARIFYING THE TREASURY FUNDS SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATION; REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE 8 DEPOSIT OF CERTAIN FUNDS; REVISING THE STATUTORY APPROPRIATION OF CERTAIN FUNDS; CONFORMING THE ADMINISTRATION OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS TO CONSTITUTIONAL REVISIONS: 9 10 AUTHORIZING THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD TO HIRE THEIR OWN PERSONNEL; 11 LIMITING THE ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OF THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS; AMENDING SECTIONS 12 2-9-202, 2-15-1009, 2-18-812, 15-36-324, <u>15-36-325</u>, 17-2-101, 17-2-102, 17-2-103, 17-2-121, 13 17-3-221, 17-3-222, 17-6-201, 17-7-402, 17-7-502, 17-8-101, 19-2-404, 19-2-408, 19-2-502, 19-5-404, 14 19-6-709, 19-8-504, 19-9-702, 19-9-1007, 19-13-604, 19-13-1006, 19-13-1009, 19-17-301, 19-18-512, 19-19-205, 19-19-305, 19-19-506, 19-20-203, 19-20-501, 19-20-605, 50-3-109, 61-3-321, AND 15 76-13-114, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 19-9-208, 19-13-615, 19-18-513, 19-18-606, AND 19-20-606, 16 MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE." 17

18

19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

20

21

Section 1. Section 2-9-202, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-9-202. Apportionment of costs -- creation of deductible reserve. (1) The department of
 administration shall apportion the costs of all insurance purchased under 2-9-201 to the individual state
 participants, and the costs shall must be paid to the department subject to appropriations by the legislature.

25 (2) The department, if it elects to utilize use a deductible insurance plan, is authorized to charge 26 the individual state participants an amount equal to the cost of a full-coverage insurance plan until such 27 time as a deductible reserve is established. In each subsequent year, the department may charge a 28 sufficient amount over the actual cost of the deductible insurance to replenish such the deductible reserves.

(3) The department may accumulate a self-insurance reserve fund sufficient to provide
 self-insurance for all liability coverages that in its discretion the department considers should be self-insured.



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1 Payments into the self-insurance reserve fund must be made from a legislative appropriation for that 2 purpose. Proceeds of the fund are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7 502, to must be used by 3 the department to pay claims under parts 1 through 3 of this chapter. Expenditures for actual and necessary 4 expenses required for the efficient administration of the fund must be made from temporary appropriations, 5 as described in 17-7-501(1) or (2), made for that purpose. 6 (4) Money in reserve funds established under this section that is not needed to meet expected 7 expenditures shall must be invested and all proceeds of the investment credited to the fund." 8 9 Section 2. Section 2-15-1009, MCA, is amended to read: "2-15-1009. Public employees' retirement board -- terms -- allocation. (1) There is a public 10 11 employees' retirement board. 12 (2) The board consists of six members appointed by the governor. The members are: 13 (a) three public employees who are active members of a public retirement system (not more than 14 one of these members may be an employee of the same department); 15 (b) one retired public employee who is an inactive member of the public employees' retirement 16 system; and 17 (c) two members at large. 18 (3) The term of office for each member is 5 years. 19 (4) The board is allocated to the department for administrative purposes only as prescribed in 2-15-121. The board shall hire necessary employees as provided in 19-2-404. 20 21 (5) Members of the board shall must be compensated and receive travel expenses as provided for in 2-15-124." 22 23 24 Section 3. Section 2-18-812, MCA, is amended to read: "2-18-812. Alternatives to conventional insurance for providing state employee group benefits 25 26 authorized -- requirements. The department may establish alternatives to conventional insurance for 27 providing state employee group benefits. The requirements for providing alternatives to conventional 28 insurance are as follows: 29 (1) The department must shall maintain state employee group benefit plans on an actuarially sound 30 basis.

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1 (2) The department must shall maintain reserves sufficient to liquidate the unrevealed claims liability 2 and other liabilities of state employee group benefit plans.

3 (3) The department must shall deposit all reserve funds and premiums paid to a state employee
4 group benefit plan, and the deposits are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17.7.502, to the
5 department to must be expended for claims under the plan.

6 (4) The department must shall deposit income earned from the investment of a state employee 7 group benefit plan's reserve fund into the account established under subsection (3) of this section in order 8 to offset the costs of administering the plan. Expenditures for actual and necessary expenses required for 9 the efficient administration of the plan must be made from temporary appropriations, as described in 10 17-7-501(1) or (2), made for that purpose.

(5) The department shall, prior to implementation of any alternative to conventional insurance,
 present to the advisory council the evidence upon which the department has concluded that the alternative
 method will be more efficient, less costly, or otherwise superior to contracting for conventional insurance.

14 The department may not implement any full self-insurance alternative prior to July 1, 1981.

(6) The provisions of Title 33 shall do not apply to the department when exercising the powers and
 duties provided for in this section."

17

18 Section 4. Section 15-36-324, MCA, is amended to read:

19 "15-36-324. Distribution of taxes. (1) For each calendar quarter, the department of revenue shall 20 determine the amount of tax, late payment interest, and penalty collected under this part. For purposes of 21 distribution of the taxes to county and school taxing units, the department shall determine the amount of 22 oil and natural gas production taxes paid on production from pre-1985 wells, post-1985 wells, and 23 horizontally drilled wells located in the taxing unit.

(2) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4), oil production taxes must be distributed as
follows:

(a) The amount equal to 41.6% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and
 penalty, collected under this part must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

(b) The remaining 58.4% of the oil production taxes, plus accumulated interest earned on the
 amount allocated under this subsection (2)(b), must be deposited in the agency state special revenue fund
 in the state treasury and transferred to the county and school taxing units for distribution as provided in



1 subsection (8).

2 (3) The amount equal to 100% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and 3 penalty, collected from working interest owners on production from post-1985 wells occurring during the 4 first 12 months of production must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

5

(4) The amount equal to 100% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and 6 penalty, collected under this part on production from horizontally drilled wells and on the incremental 7 production from horizontally recompleted wells occurring during the first 18 months of production must be 8 distributed as provided in subsection (7).

9

(5) Except as provided in subsection (6), natural gas production taxes must be allocated as follows:

10 (a) The amount equal to 14.6% of the natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest 11 and penalty, collected under this part must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

12 (b) The remaining 85.4% of the natural gas production taxes, plus accumulated interest earned on 13 the amount allocated under this subsection (5)(b), must be deposited in the agency state special revenue 14 fund in the state treasury and transferred to the county and school taxing units for distribution as provided 15 in subsection (8).

16 (6) The amount equal to 100% of the natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest 17 and penalty, collected from working interest owners under this part on production from post-1985 wells 18 occurring during the first 12 months of production must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

19 (7) The department shall, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-501(6), distribute the state 20 portion of oil and natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest and penalty collected, as 21 follows:

22 (a) 85% to the state general fund;

(b) .4.3% to the state special revenue fund for the purpose of paying expenses of the board as 23 24 provided in 82-11-135; and

25

(c) 10.7% to be distributed as provided by 15-38-106(2).

26 (8) (a) For the purpose of distribution of the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 27 wells, the department shall each calendar quarter adjust the unit value determined under 15-36-323 28 according to the ratio that the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells collected during 29 the calendar quarter for which the distribution occurs plus penalties and interest on delinquent oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells bears to the total liability for the oil and natural gas 30



production taxes from pre-1985 wells for the quarter for which the distribution occurs. The amount of oil
and natural gas production taxes distributions must be calculated and distributed as follows:

3 (i) By the dates referred to in subsection (9), the department shall calculate and distribute to each 4 eligible county the amount of oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells for the quarter, 5 determined by multiplying the unit value, as adjusted in this subsection (8)(a), by the units of production 6 on which oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells were owed for the calendar quarter for 7 which the distribution occurs.

8 (ii) Any amount by which the total tax liability exceeds or is less than the total distributions
9 determined in subsection (8)(a) must be calculated and distributed in the following manner:

(A) The excess amount or shortage must be divided by the total distribution determined for that
period to obtain an excess or shortage percentage.

(B) The excess percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and thisamount must be added to the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

14 (C) The shortage percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this 15 amount must be subtracted from the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

16 (b) Except as provided in subsection (8)(c), the county treasurer shall distribute the money 17 received under subsection (9) from pre-1985 wells to the taxing units that levied mills in fiscal year 1990 18 against calendar year 1988 production in the same manner that all other property tax proceeds were 19 distributed during fiscal year 1990 in the taxing unit, except that a distribution may not be made to a 20 municipal taxing unit.

(c) The board of county commissioners of a county may direct the county treasurer to reallocate
the distribution of oil and natural gas production tax money that would have gone to a taxing unit, as
provided in subsection (8)(b), to another taxing unit or taxing units, other than an elementary school or high
school, within the county under the following conditions:

(i) The county treasurer shall first allocate the oil and natural gas production taxes to the taxing
units within the county in the same proportion that all other property tax proceeds were distributed in the
county in fiscal year 1990.

(ii) If the allocation in subsection (8)(c)(i) exceeds the total budget for a taxing unit, the
commissioners may direct the county treasurer to allocate the excess to any taxing unit within the county.
(d) The board of trustees of an elementary or high school district may reallocate the oil and natural



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1 gas production taxes distributed to the district by the county treasurer under the following conditions:

2 (i) The district shall first allocate the oil and natural gas production taxes to the budgeted funds
3 of the district in the same proportion that all other property tax proceeds were distributed in the district in
4 fiscal year 1990.

5 (ii) If the allocation under subsection (8)(d)(i) exceeds the total budget for a fund, the trustees may
allocate the excess to any budgeted fund of the school district.

(e) For all production from post-1985 wells and horizontally drilled wells completed after December
31, 1993, the county treasurer shall distribute oil and natural gas production taxes received under
subsections (2)(b) and (5)(b) between county and school taxing units in the relative proportions required
by the levies for state, county, and school district purposes in the same manner as property taxes were
distributed in the preceding fiscal year.

(f) The allocation to the county in subsection (8)(e) must be distributed by the county treasurer in
 the relative proportions required by the levies for county taxing units and in the same manner as property
 taxes were distributed in the preceding fiscal year.

(g) The money distributed in subsection (8)(e) that is required for the county mill levies for school
district retirement obligations and transportation schedules must be deposited to the funds established for
these purposes.

(h) The oil and natural gas production taxes distributed under subsection (8)(b) that are required
for the 6-mill university levy imposed under 20-25-423 and for the county equalization levies imposed under
20-9-331 and 20-9-333, as those sections read on July 1, 1989, must be remitted by the county treasurer
to the state treasurer.

(i) The oil and natural gas production taxes distributed under subsection (8)(e) that are required for
the 6-mill university levy imposed under 20-25-423, for the county equalization levies imposed under
20-9-331 and 20-9-333, and for the state equalization aid levy imposed under 20-9-360 must be remitted
by the county treasurer to the state treasurer.

(j) The amount of oil and natural gas production taxes remaining after the treasurer has remitted
the amounts determined in subsections (8)(h) and (8)(i) is for the exclusive use and benefit of the county
and school taxing units.

(9) The department shall remit the amounts to be distributed in subsection (8) to the county
treasurer by the following dates:



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1 (a) On or before August 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending March 31 of the current year. 2 (b) On or before November 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil 3 and natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending June 30 of the current 4 5 year. 6 (c) On or before February 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and 7 natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending September 30 of the previous 8 year. 9 (d) On or before May 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and 10 natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar guarter ending December 31 of the previous 11 calendar year. 12 (10) The department shall provide to each county by May 31 of each year the amount of gross 13 taxable value represented by all types of production taxed under 15-36-304 for the previous calendar year 14 multiplied by 60%. The resulting value must be treated as taxable value for county classification purposes 15 and for county bonding purposes. 16 (11) The distribution to taxing units under this section is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17 17-7-502." 18 19 SECTION 5. SECTION 15-36-325, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 20 "15-36-325. Local government severance tax payments for calendar year 1995 production --21 distribution of payments -- not subject to I-105 limitations. (1) The local government severance tax imposed 22 under 15-36-101, as that section read before January 1, 1996, for calendar year 1995 production is due 23 as follows: 24 (a) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the first calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is due May 31, 1996; 25 26 (b) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the second calendar guarter of 1995, the tax is 27 due May 31, 1997; 28 (c) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the third calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is due 29 May 31, 1998; and 30 (d) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the fourth calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is



1 due May 31, 1999.

(2) (a) If the taxpayer pays the entire local government severance tax liability for calendar year
1995 on or before June 30, 1996, the taxpayer must receive a 6% reduction in the total local government
severance tax liability.

5 (b) Any payment of local government severance taxes for calendar year 1995 made on or before 6 June 30, 1997, does not accrue interest. Any payment of local government severance taxes for calendar 7 year 1995 made after June 30, 1997, must accrue interest at the rate of 1% a month or fraction of a 8 month from July 1, 1997, to the date of payment. Any payment for the third quarter of 1995 received after 9 May 31, 1998, and any payment for the fourth quarter of 1995 received after May 31, 1999, is subject 10 to the late payment penalty provisions in 15-36-311.

11 (c) In the case of the dissolution of the operator or a change in the operator of any lease or unit, 12 any unpaid local government severance tax for calendar year 1995 becomes due on the date of dissolution 13 or on the date of the change in operator. The operator is subject to the provisions of subsection (2)(a) 14 regarding the 6% tax liability reduction or the provisions of subsection (2)(b) regarding interest and 15 penalties.

16 (3) The department shall determine the amount of tax collected under subsections (1) and (2) from
17 within each taxing unit.

(4) For purposes of the distribution of local government severance taxes collected under this
section, the department shall use the unit value of oil and gas for each taxing unit as determined in
15-36-323.

(5) The local government severance tax must be deposited in the agency state special revenue fund
 in the state treasury and transferred to the county for distribution as provided in subsection (6).

(6) For the purpose of the distribution of the local government severance tax for calendar year
1995 production, the department shall adjust the unit value determined under this section according to the
ratio that the local government severance taxes collected during the quarters for which the distribution
occurs plus penalties and interest on delinquent local government severance taxes bears to the total liability
for local government severance taxes for the quarters for which the distribution occurs. The taxes must
be calculated and distributed as follows:

(a) By July 31 of each of the years 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999, the department shall calculate
and distribute to each eligible county the amount of local government severance tax for calendar year 1995



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production, determined by multiplying the unit value, as adjusted in this subsection (6), by the units of
 production on which the local government severance tax was owed during calendar year 1995 production.

- 3 (b) Any amount by which the total tax liability exceeds or is less than the total distributions
 4 determined in subsection (6)(a) must be calculated and distributed in the following manner:
- 5 (i) The excess amount or shortage must be divided by the total distribution determined for that 6 period to obtain an excess or shortage percentage.

7 (ii) The excess percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this
8 amount must be added to the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

9 (iii) The shortage percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this
10 amount must be subtracted from the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

11 (7) (a) The county treasurer shall distribute the money received under subsection (6) between the 12 county and school taxing units. The distribution between county and school taxing units is the ratio of the 13 number of mills levied for fiscal year 1990 against 1988 production in each taxing unit for the county and 14 schools, including the county equalization levies that were in effect under 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 as those 15 sections read on July 1, 1989, and the university 6-mill levy imposed under 20-25-423, except that a distribution may not be made to a municipal taxing unit or the state equalization aid levy imposed under 16 17 20-9-360. Distribution of money for the county equalization levies and the university levy must be remitted 18 to the state by the county treasurer. The amounts distributed under subsections (7)(b) and (7)(c) are for 19 the exclusive use of county and school taxing units.

(b) The county treasurer shall deposit the money from subsection (7)(a) allocated to county levies
to the oil and gas tax accelerated fund.

(c) The trustees of a school district may allocate any payment received under subsection (7)(a) to
any budget fund of the district or to the miscellaneous programs fund established in 20-9-507. The trustees
shall direct the county treasurer to deposit the local government severance tax payments under this section
to the funds of the district in accordance with the allocations determined by the trustees.

- (8) Local government severance tax payments to a county pursuant to this section are not subject
 to the limitations of Title 15, chapter 10, part 4. Payments of local government severance tax pursuant to
 this section may not be used for county classification purposes under 7-1-2111 and may not be considered
 in the determination of bonding limits under 7-7-2101, 7-7-2203, 7-14-2524, and 7-16-2327.
- 30 (9) The distribution to taxing units under this section is statutorily appropriated as provided in



1	<u>17-7-502."</u>
2	
3	Section 6. Section 17-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"17-2-101. Title and purpose. (1) Sections 17-2-101 through 17-2-107 may be cited as the
5	"Treasury Fund Structure Act".
6	(2) The purpose of these sections is to:
7	(a) comply with Article VIII, section 12, of the Montana constitution;
8	(b) simplify the accounting system and treasury fund structure of the state ₇ .
9	(c) to make possible the full utilization of modern accounting methods $ au_{z}$
10	(d) to provide the legislature with a greater measure of control over public moneys, money; and
11	(e) to enable the financial records of the state to accurately reflect the state's revenues revenue,
12	expenditures, expenses, and financial position in accordance with generally accepted accounting
13	principles."
14	
15	Section 7. Section 17-2-102, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all
17	revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types:
17 18	revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes:
18	(a) the governmental fund category, which includes:
18 19	(a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be
18 19 20	 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund;
18 19 20 21	 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources
18 19 20 21 22	 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified
18 19 20 21 22 23	 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes,
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated:
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated: (A) The state special revenue fund consists of money from state and other nonfederal sources
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated: (A) The state special revenue fund consists of money from state and other nonfederal sources deposited in the state treasury that is earmarked for the purposes of defraying particular costs of an
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated: (A) The state special revenue fund consists of money from state and other nonfederal sources deposited in the state treasury that is earmarked for the purposes of defraying particular costs of an agency, program, or function of state government and money from other nonstate or nonfederal sources
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated: (A) The state special revenue fund consists of money from state and other nonfederal sources deposited in the state treasury that is earmarked for the purposes of defraying particular costs of an agency, program, or function of state government and money from other nonstate or nonfederal sources that is restricted by law or by the terms of an agreement, such as a contract, trust agreement, or donation.



1 (iii) the capital projects fund type, which accounts for financial resources to be used for the 2 acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust 3 funds; and

4 (iv) the debt service fund type, which accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the 5 payment of general long-term debt principal and interest;

6

7

(b) the proprietary fund category, which includes:(i) the enterprise fund type, which accounts for operations:

8 (A) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises whenever 9 the intent of the legislature is that costs (i.e., expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or 10 services to the general public on a continuing basis are to be financed or recovered primarily through user 11 charges; or

(B) whenever the legislature has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses
 incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control,
 accountability, or other purposes; and

(ii) the internal service fund type, which accounts for the financing of goods or services provided
by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of state government or to other
governmental entities on a cost-reimbursed basis;

(c) the fiduciary fund category, which includes trust and agency fund types used to account for
assets held by state government in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations,
other governmental entities, or other funds. These include the:

- 21 (i) expendable trust fund type;
- 22 (ii) nonexpendable trust fund type;

23 (iii) pension trust fund type; and

24 (iv) agency fund type.

25 (d) the higher education funds, which include:

(i) the current fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury that is used to pay
 current operating costs relating to instruction, research, public service, and allied support operations and
 programs conducted within the Montana university system. The financial activities of the current fund are
 subdivided, for operational purposes, into the four following subfunds to serve the purpose indicated:

30 (A) The unrestricted subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that



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can be expended for general operations and is free of externally imposed restrictions, except those imposed
 by the legislature.

(B) The restricted subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that can
be expended for general operations but only for purposes imposed by sources external to the board of
regents and the legislature.

6 (C) The designated subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that 7 is associated with general operations but is separately classified in order to accumulate costs that are to 8 be recharged as allocated to other funds or subfunds; identifies financial activities related to special 9 organized activities of educational departments in which the activity is fully supported by supplemental 10 assessments; and identifies special supply and facility fees that are approved for collections beyond normal 11 course fees and their disposition.

(D) The auxiliary subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that is
devoted to providing essential on-campus services primarily to students, faculty, or staff wherein a fee,
which is directly related to but does not necessarily equal the cost of the service provided, is charged to
the consumer.

(ii) the student loan fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury that may be
 loaned to students, faculty, or staff for purposes related to education, organized research, or public services
 by the Montana university system;

(iii) the endowment fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury by the Montana university system wherein the principal portion of the amount received is nonexpendable but is available for investment, thus producing consumable income. Expendable earnings on endowment funds are to be transferred to appropriate operating funds pursuant to prevailing administrative requirements.

(iv) the annuity and life income fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury by
 the Montana university system under an agreement whereby the money is made available on condition that
 the receiving unit of the Montana university system binds itself to pay stipulated amounts periodically to
 the donor or others designated by the donor over a specified period of time;

(v) the plant fund, which accounts for those financial resources allocated to or received by the
 Montana university system for capital outlay purposes or to retire long-term debts associated with
 construction or acquisition of fixed assets and the net accumulative results of these activities; and

(vi) the agency fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury wherein the



30

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Montana university system acts in the capacity of a custodian or fiscal agent for individual students,
 faculty, staff, and qualified organizations.

3 (2) In addition to the funds provided for in subsection (1), there are in the state treasury the
following account groups:

(a) the fixed assets account group, which is a self-balancing group of accounts set up to establish
accounting control and accountability for the state's general fixed assets, except those accounted for in
proprietary funds, trust funds, and the higher education funds designated in subsections (1)(d)(i)(D),
(1)(d)(iii), and (1)(d)(v); and

9 (b) the long-term debt account group, which is a self-balancing group of accounts set up to 10 establish accounting control and accountability for the state's unmatured general long-term liabilities, except 11 those accounted for in proprietary funds, trust funds, and the higher education funds designated in 12 subsections (1)(d)(i)(D), (1)(d)(iii), and (1)(d)(v)."

- 13
- 14

Section 8. Section 17-2-103, MCA, is amended to read:

"17-2-103. Previous definitions of funds -- identification or segregation of moneys money and
 funds. (1) It is the intent of the legislature that the definitions in 17-2-102 supersede all previous definitions
 of public funds which that are inconsistent with the definitions found in this part.

(2) Any laws enacted in the future or any contracts entered into in the future in pursuance of law
 that require the segregation of moneys money in the state treasury by means of a separate treasury fund
 shall must be interpreted as permitting the segregation of such moneys the money by means of a subfund
 or account within one of the funds created by 17-2-102.

(3) Each federal grant or other federal money within any subfund or account of one of the funds
created by 17-2-102(1)(a) through (1)(c) must be identifiable as a separate accounting entity, reporting
center, responsibility center, or revenue identification code, and an account must be made of each such
grant or other money by income and expenditure for each federal grant year or fiscal year as may be
applicable.

(4) Unless otherwise specifically provided in the statutes pertaining to the tax, the portion of taxes
collected by the state that, pursuant to a statute, are to be allocated or distributed to units of local
government, school districts, authorities, or other local governmental entities shall must be accounted for
in a fiduciary state special revenue fund, established in 17-2-102, as prescribed by the department in



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1 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles."

2	
3	Section 9. Section 17-2-121, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"17-2-121. Deposits by insurance commissioner. All Except as provided in 33-2-708, all fees,
5	miscellaneous and examination charges, fines, penalties, and those amounts received pursuant to 33-2-311,
6	33-2-705, or 33-2-706, or 50-3-109 collected by the insurance commissioner pursuant to Title 33 and the
7	rules adopted therounder to implement Title 33 must be deposited in the general fund."
8	
9	Section 10. Section 17-3-221, MCA, is amended to read:
10	"17-3-221. State treasurer to be custodian of moneys money received under Taylor Grazing Act.
11	The state treasurer shall be is the custodian of all moneys money that the treasurer of the United States
12	may transfer transfers to the state of Montana under the terms of section 10 of the Taylor Grazing Act
13	approved June 28, 1934, (Public No. 482), which provides that the secretary of the United States treasury
14	pay one-half of the moneys money received from each grazing district each year to the state where
15	collected, to be expended as the legislature may prescribe. The money must be deposited in the federal
16	special revenue fund."
17	
18	Section 11. Section 17-3-222, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"17-3-222. Apportionment of moneys to counties. (1) It shall be is the duty of the state treasurer
20	to properly apportion and allocate these moneys the money received pursuant to 17-3-221 to the county
21	treasurers, who will <u>shall</u> allocate and pay all such moneys <u>the money</u> as follows:
22	(a) 50% to the county general fund; and
23	(b) 50% to the common school fund of the county.
24	(2) The payments from the state to the county treasurers provided for in subsection (1) are
25	statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."
26	
27	Section 12. Section 17-6-201, MCA, is amended to read:
28	"17-6-201. Unified investment program general provisions. (1) The unified investment program
29	directed by Article VIII, section 13, of the Montana constitution to be provided for public funds must be
30	administered by the board of investments in accordance with the prudent expert principle, which requires



1 any investment manager to:

(a) discharge the duties with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence, under the circumstances then
prevailing, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity with the same resources and familiar with like
matters exercises in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character with like aims;

5 (b) diversify the holdings of each fund within the unified investment program to minimize the risk 6 of loss and to maximize the rate of return unless, under the circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do 7 so; and

8 (c) discharge the duties solely in the interest of and for the benefit of the funds forming the unified9 investment program.

10 (2) (a) Retirement funds may be invested in common stocks of any corporation, except that an 11 investment may not be made at any time that would cause the book value of the investments in any 12 retirement fund to exceed 50% of the book value of the fund or would cause the stock of one corporation 13 to exceed 2% of the book value of the retirement fund.

(b) Other public funds may not be invested in private corporate capital stock. "Private corporate
capital stock" means only the common stock of a corporation.

(3) (a) This section does not prevent investment in any business activity in Montana, including
 activities that continue existing jobs or create new jobs in Montana.

(b) The board is urged under the prudent expert principle to invest up to 3% of retirement funds
in venture capital companies. Whenever possible, preference should be given to investments in those
venture capital companies that demonstrate an interest in making investments in Montana.

(c) In discharging its duties, the board shall consider the preservation of purchasing power of
 capital during periods of high monetary inflation.

23 (d) The board may not make a direct loan to an individual borrower. The purchase of a loan or a
24 portion of a loan originated by a financial institution is not considered a direct loan.

(4) The board has the primary authority to invest state funds. Another agency may not invest state
funds unless otherwise provided by law. The board shall direct the investment of state funds in accordance
with the laws and constitution of this state. The board has the power to veto any investments made under
its general supervision.

29 (5) The board shall:

30

(a) assist agencies with public money to determine if, when, and how much surplus cash is



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1	available for investment;
2	(b) determine the amount of surplus treasury cash to be invested;
3	(c) determine the type of investment to be made;
4	(d) prepare the claim to pay for the investment; and
5	(e) keep an account of the total of each investment fund and of all the investments belonging to
6	the fund and a record of the participation of each treasury fund account in each investment fund.
7	(6) The board may:
8	(a) execute deeds of conveyance transferring all real property obtained through foreclosure of any
9	investments purchased under the provisions of 17-6-211 when full payment has been received for the
10	property;
11	(b) direct the withdrawal of any funds deposited by or for the state treasurer pursuant to 17-6-101
12	and 17-6-105;
13	(c) direct the sale of any securities in the program at their full and true value when found necessary
14	to raise money for payments due from the treasury funds for which the securities have been purchased;
15	(d) expend funds needed to cover costs of necessary repairs to property owned by the board as
16	an investment. The expenditures may be made directly by the board and are statutorily appropriated, as
17	provided in 17-7-502 . Repairs that cost in excess of \$2,500 must be bid, and the bid must be awarded in
18	compliance with existing state law and regulations. Emergency repairs may be made by the board without
19	bid if approved by the state architect.
20	(7) The cost of administering and accounting for each investment fund must be deducted from the
21	income from each fund.
22	(8) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the board shall, from the appropriate fund, reimburse the
23	department of commerce for the costs of administering programs established under Title 90, chapter 3, that
24	are not covered by payback funds available from the account established in 90-3-305."
25	
26	Section 13. Section 17-7-402, MCA, is amended to read:
27	"17-7-402. Budget amendment requirements. (1) Except as provided in subsection (6), a budget
28	amendment may not be approved:
29	(a) by the approving authority, except a budget amendment to spend:
30	(i) additional federal revenue;



1 (ii) additional tuition collected by the Montana university system; 2 (iii) additional revenue deposited in the internal service funds within the department or the office 3 of the commissioner of higher education as a result of increased service demands by state agencies; 4 (iv) Montana historical society enterprise revenue resulting from sales to the public; 5 (v) additional revenue that is deposited in funds other than the general fund and that is from the 6 sale of fuel for those agencies participating in the Montana public vehicle fueling program established by 7 Executive Order 22-91; or 8 (vi) revenue resulting from the sale of goods produced or manufactured by the industries program 9 of an institution within the department of corrections; 10 (b) by the approving authority if the budget amendment contains any significant ascertainable 11 commitment for any present or future increased general fund support; 12 (c) by the approving authority for the expenditure of money in the state special revenue fund unless 13 an emergency justifies the expenditure or the expenditure is exempt under subsection (4); 14 (d) by the approving authority unless it will provide additional services; 15 (e) by the approving authority for any matter of which the requesting agency had knowledge at a time when the proposal could have been presented to an appropriation subcommittee, the house 16 17 appropriations committee, or the senate finance and claims committee of the most recent legislative session 18 open to that matter, except when the legislative finance committee is given specific notice by the approving 19 authority that significant identifiable events, specific to Montana and pursuant to provisions or requirements 20 of Montana state law, have occurred since the matter was raised with or presented for consideration by 21 the legislature; or 22 (f) to extend beyond June 30 of the last year of any biennium. 23 (2) All budget amendments must itemize planned expenditures by fiscal year. 24 (3) Each budget amendment must be submitted by the approving authority to the budget director 25 and the legislative fiscal analyst. The proposed expenditure of money from nonstate or nonfederal sources 26 that is restricted by law must be submitted to the legislative fiscal analyst. 27 (4) Money from nonstate or nonfederal sources that would be deposited in the state special 28 revenue fund and that is restricted by law or by the terms of a written agreement, such as a contract, trust

agreement, or donation, is exempt from the requirements of this part.

30

(5) An appropriation that would usually be the subject of a budget amendment that is submitted



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to the legislature for approval during a legislative session may not include authority to spend money beyond
the first fiscal year of the next biennium.

3 (6) A budget amendment to spend state funds, other than from the general fund, required for
4 matching funds in order to receive a grant is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1)."

5

6

Section 14. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:

7 "17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition -- requisites for validity. (1) A statutory
8 appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency
9 without the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.

10 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply
11 with both of the following provisions:

12

(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).

(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a
statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.

(3) The following laws are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 15 16 2-18-812; 3-5-901; 5-13-403; 10-3-203; 10-3-310; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 15-1-111; 15-23-706; 15-30-195; 15-31-702; 15-36-324; 15-36-325, 15-37-117; 15-38-202; 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 17 16-1-410; 16-1-411; 16-11-308; 17-3-106; 17-3-212; 17-3-222; 17-5-404; 17-5-424; 17-5-804; 18 17-6-101; 17-6-201; 17-7-304; 18-11-112; 18-2-502; <u>19-5-404;</u> 19-6-709; <u>19-8-504; 19-9-702;</u> 19 19-9-1007; <u>19-13-604; 19-13-1006;</u> 19-17-301; 19-18-512; 19-18-513; 19-18-606; 19-19-205; 20 19-19-305; 19-19-506; 20-8-107; 20-8-111; 20-9-361; 20-26-1503; 23-5-136; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 21 22 23-5-610; 23-5-612; 23-5-631; 23-7-301; 23-7-402; 32-1-537; 37-43-204; 37-51-501; 39-71-503; 23 39-71-907; 39-71-2321; 39-71-2504; 44-12-206; 44-13-102; 50-4-623; 50-5-232; 50-40-206; 53-6-150; 24 53-6-703; 53-24-206; 60-2-220; 67-3-205; 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-6-214; 75-11-313; 76-12-123; 25 80-2-103; 80-2-222; 80-4-416; 81-5-111; 82-11-136; 82-11-161; 85-1-220; 85-20-402; 90-3-301; 90-4-215; 90-6-331; 90-7-220; 90-7-221; and 90-9-306. 26

(4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing,
paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued
pursuant to the laws of Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of
Montana to pay the state treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as



determined by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for the payments. (In subsection (3): pursuant to sec. 7, Ch. 567, L. 1991, the inclusion of 19-6-709 terminates upon death of last recipient eligible for supplemental benefit; and pursuant to sec. 7(2), Ch. 29, L. 1995, the inclusion of 15-30-195 terminates July 1, 2001.)"

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Section 15. Section 17-8-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"17-8-101. Appropriation and disbursement of money from treasury. (1) Except as provided in
subsection (5) For purposes of complying with Article VIII, section 14, of the Montana constitution, money
deposited in the general fund, the special revenue fund type (except money deposited in the treasury from
nonstate and nonfederal sources restricted by law or by the terms of an agreement, such as a contract,
trust agreement, or donation), the enterprise fund type, the debt service fund type, and the capital projects
fund type, with the exception of refunds authorized in subsection (3) (4), must be paid out of the treasury
only on appropriation made by law.

15 (2) Money deposited in the enterprise fund type, internal service fund type, debt service fund type, 16 expendable trust fund type, nonexpendable trust fund type, pension trust fund type, agency fund type, and 17 state special revenue fund from nonstate and nonfederal sources restricted by law or by the terms of an 18 agreement, such as a contract, trust agreement, or donation, and agency fund type may be paid out of the 19 treasury:

20 (a) by appropriation; or

(b) under general laws, or contracts entered into in pursuance of law, permitting the disbursement.
 (3) The pension trust fund type is not considered a part of the state treasury for appropriation
 purposes. Money deposited in the pension trust fund type may be paid out of the treasury pursuant to
 general laws, trust agreement, or contract.

25 (3)(4) Subject to the provisions of subsection (8), money Money paid into the state treasury 26 through error or under circumstances, such that the state is not legally entitled to retain it and a refund 27 procedure is not otherwise provided by law_7 may be refunded upon the submission of a verified claim 28 approved by the department of administration.

4)(5) Authority to expend appropriated money may be transferred from one state agency to
 another, provided that the original purpose of the appropriation is maintained. The office of budget and



program planning shall report semiannually to the legislative finance committee concerning all appropriations
 transferred under the provisions of this section.

3 (6)(6) Fees and charges for services deposited in the internal service fund type must be based upon 4 commensurate costs. The legislative auditor, during regularly scheduled audits of state agencies, shall audit 5 and report on the reasonableness of internal service fund type fees and charges and on the fund equity 6 balances.

7 (6)(7) The office of budget and program planning shall include in the budget submitted to the
 8 legislature a report on:

9 (a) enterprise funds, including retained earnings and contributed capital, projected operations and
10 charges, and projected fund balances; and

(b) internal service fund type fees and charges, including changes in the level of fees and charges, projected use of the fees and charges, and projected fund balances. Internal service fund type fees and charges must be approved by the legislature in the general appropriations act. Fees and charges in any biennium may not exceed the level approved by the legislature in the general appropriations act effective for that biennium.

16 (7)(8) Any The creation of accounts in the enterprise fund or the internal service fund created after 17 July 1, 1995, must be approved by the department, using conformity with generally accepted accounting 18 principles as the primary approval criteria. The department shall report annually to the office of budget and 19 program planning and the legislative finance committee on the nature, status, and justification for all new 20 accounts in the enterprise fund and the internal service fund.

21 (8)(9) Enterprise and internal service funds must be appropriated if they are used as a part of a
 22 program that is not an enterprise or internal service function and otherwise requires an appropriation paid
 23 out of the state treasury. The payment of funds into an internal service fund must be authorized by law."

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Section 16. Section 19-2-404, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-2-404. Appointment and compensation of administrative staff. The department board shall
 appoint <u>hire</u> and fix the compensation of an administrator and other necessary employees to assist the
 board in administering the retirement systems. <u>The compensation of the administrator and employees must</u>
 be established in accordance with Title 2, chapter 18."

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1 Section 17. Section 19-2-408, MCA, is amended to read: 2 "19-2-408. Administrative expenses. (1) The legislature finds that proper administration of the pension trust funds benefits both employers and members and continues to benefit members after 3 4 retirement. 5 (2) The administrative expenses of the retirement systems administered by the board must be paid 6 from the investment earnings on the pension trust fund of the public employees' retirement system, except 7 as provided in subsection (3). Before the fiscal yearend closing, the board shall compute the administrative 8 expenses attributable to each retirement system administered by the board for the immediately preceding 9 fiscal year and transfer that amount from each retirement system's pension trust fund to the pension trust 10 fund of the public employees' retirement system. The total administrative expenses of the board, including the administration of the volunteer firefighters' pension plan, may not exceed 1.5% of the total retirement 11 12 benefits paid. 13 (3) On January 1 of each year, each employer under the public employees' retirement system shall 14 contribute on behalf of each member then in its service a membership fee of \$1 in addition to other required contributions. The appropriation of these fees, together with other money appropriated for that purpose, 15 must be used for the purpose of defraying the administrative expense of chapters 2, 3, 5 through 9, and 16 13, and this chapter. 17 (4) Any request for an increase in spending authority for administrative expenses requires a budget 18 19 amendment and is subject to Title 17, shapter 7, part 4. 20 (5) The board may assess and the division may collect a fee from the department of fish, wildlife, 21 and parks for the purpose of defraying the expenses of administering chapter 8 of this title." 22 23 Section 18. Section 19-2-502, MCA, is amended to read: 24 "19-2-502. Statutory appropriation of payments Payments from pension trust funds. (1) Accete The board shall administer the assets of the pension trust funds are statutorily appropriated, as provided 25 26 in 17-7-502, to the division for payment of benefits and refunds to eligible recipients and for paying the 27 necessary administrative and investment expenses of the retirement systems as provided in Article VIII. 28 section 15, of the Montana constitution, subject to the specific provisions of chapters 2, 3, 5 through 9, 29 and 13 of this title. 30 (2) Benefits and refunds to eligible recipients are payable pursuant to a contract as contained in



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- 1 statute. The contract is entered into on the first day of a member's covered employment and may be
- 2 enhanced by the legislature. Unless specifically provided for by statute, the contract does not contain
- 3 revisions to statutes after the time of retirement or termination."
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Section 19. Section 19-5-404, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-5-404. Contributions by state. (1) The state of Montana shall contribute monthly to the 6 7 pension trust fund a sum equal to 6% of the compensation of each member. In addition, the clerk of each 8 district court shall transmit 68% of certain filing fees as required under 25-1-201(2) and that portion of the 9 fee for filing a petition for dissolution of marriage and a motion for substitution of a judge specified in 25-1-201(4) and (6) to the state, which shall first deposit in the pension trust fund an amount equal to 10 34.71% of the total compensation paid to district judges and supreme court justices who are covered by 11 12 the judges' retirement system and then deposit the balance in the state general fund. The clerk of the 13 supreme court shall pay one-fourth of the fees collected under 3-2-403 to the division to be credited to the 14 pension trust fund.

15 (2) The state of Montana shall contribute monthly from the renewable resource grant and loan 16 program account in the state special revenue fund to the judges' pension trust fund an amount equal to 17 34.71% of the compensation paid to the chief water court judge. The state contributions in this section 18 are statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."

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Section 20. Section 19-6-709, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "19-6-709. (Temporary) Supplemental benefits for certain retirees. (1) In addition to any retirement 22 benefit payable under this chapter, a retired member or a survivor determined by the board to be eligible 23 under subsection (2) must receive an annual lump-sum benefit payment beginning in September 1991 and 24 each succeeding year as long as the member remains eligible.

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(2) To be eligible for the benefits under this section, a person must be receiving a monthly benefit 26 before July 1, 1991, and must be:

- 27 (a) a retired member who is 55 years of age or older and who has been receiving a service 28 retirement benefit for at least 5 years prior to the date of distribution;
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(b) a survivor of a member who would have been eligible under subsection (2)(a); or

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(c) a recipient of a disability or survivorship benefit under 19-6-601 or 19-6-901.



1 (3) A retired member otherwise qualified under this section who is employed in a position covered 2 by a retirement system under Title 19 is ineligible to receive any lump-sum benefit payments provided for 3 in this section until the member's service in the covered position is terminated. Upon termination of the 4 member's covered service, the retired member becomes eligible in the next fiscal year succeeding the 5 member's termination.

6 (4) (a) Twenty-five <u>An amount equal to 25</u> cents of each motor vehicle registration fee provided 7 for in 61-3-321(5) must be deposited in <u>paid</u> from the general fund to the pension trust fund at the end of 8 each fiscal year. The fee <u>payment</u> is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, <u>to the pension fund</u> 9 for payment of benefits to eligible recipients. The total funds must be distributed by the division in 10 lump-sum payments to eligible recipients along with their normal retirement benefit payment.

(b) The lump-sum payment must be distributed proportionally to all eligible recipients based on
 service credit at the time of retirement, subject to the following:

13 (i) a recipient under subsection (2)(c) is considered to have 20 years of service for the purposes
14 of the distributions;

(ii) any recipient of a service retirement benefit exceeding the maximum monthly benefit under
19-6-707(2)(a) must have the recipient's service credit reduced 25% for the purposes of the distributions;
(iii) the maximum annual increase in the amount of supplemental benefits paid to each individual
under this section after August 31, 1993, is the percentage increase for the previous calendar year in the
annual average consumer price index for urban wage earners and workers, compiled by the bureau of labor
statistics of the United States department of labor or its successor agency.

(c) Any amount deposited in the pension trust fund under subsection (4)(a) for the payment of
 supplemental benefits under this section that exceeds the limitation of subsection (4)(b)(iii) must be used
 to amortize unfunded liabilities of the retirement system.

(5) Every 10 years following July 1, 1991, the division shall review the size of the additional fee collected under 61-3-321(5) and deposited in the account <u>paid to the pension trust fund</u> in accordance with subsection (4)(a) and recommend to each legislature following the division's review any legislation necessary to reduce the fee to the minimum amount necessary to provide the supplemental benefits provided by this section."

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Section 21. Section 19-8-504, MCA, is amended to read:



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1	"19-8-504. State's contribution. Each month, the state treasurer shall pay to the pension trust
2	fund out of the department of fish, wildlife, and parks funds, a sum equal to 8.15% of all members'
3	salaries. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."
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5	Section 22. Section 19-9-702, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"19-9-702. State contribution. The state of Montana shall make its contributions through the state
7	auditor-out of from the general fund the promium tax on motor vehicle property and casualty insurance
8	policies. The payments general fund contributions must be made annually after the end of each fiscal year
9	but no later than November 1 from the gross premium tax after deduction for cancellations and returned
10	premiums. The division shall notify the state auditor by September 1 of each fiscal year of the annual
1 1	compensation paid to all active members during the preceding fiscal year. The state's contribution is
12	15.66% of compensation paid to members. The contributions are statutorily appropriated as provided in
13	<u>17-7-502.</u> "
14	
15	Section 23. Section 19-9-1007, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"19-9-1007. Supplement to certain benefits. (1) The benefits paid in each fiscal year to a retired
17	member or the member's survivors may not be less than one-half of the compensation that will be paid in
18	the current fiscal year in the appropriate city or town to newly confirmed police officers.
19	(2) On or before October 1 of each year, the division shall make a report including the following
20	information:
21	(a) the names of all retired members who are receiving benefits from the retirement system as of
22	the date of the report;
23	(b) the names of all surviving spouses or dependent children who are receiving benefits from the
24	retirement system because of the death of an active or retired member of this or a prior plan;
25	(c) for the purpose of determining the base retirement, disability, or survivorship benefits for the
26	computations set forth in subsection (3), the following information relating to the base fiscal year
27	commencing July 1, 1976:
28	(i) the amount of the benefits paid in the base fiscal year to each retired member described in
2 9	subsection (2)(a);
30	(ii) the amount of the benefits paid in the base fiscal year to each surviving spouse or dependent



1 child described in subsection (2)(b);

2 (iii) upon the death after the base fiscal year of any retired member who was receiving benefits, the 3 amount of benefits that would have been paid to an eligible surviving spouse of the retired member if the surviving spouse had been receiving benefits in the base fiscal year; 4

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(d) the original amount of retirement, disability, or survivorship benefits paid to retired members or their eligible survivors as of the original retirement dates after July 1, 1975; 6

7 (e) the compensation that will be paid during the current fiscal year to a newly confirmed police 8 officer of each city or town participating in the retirement system.

9 (3) The division shall compute the difference between each amount reported under subsections 10 (2)(c) through (2)(e) and one-half the compensation to be paid during the current fiscal year to a newly 11 confirmed police officer of the appropriate city or town. The difference must be reported to the state 12 auditor, who shall pay the difference from the general fund to the pension trust fund out of the premium 13 tax collected on insurance cold in this state to insure against the risks enumerated in 19-18-512(3) no later 14 than November 1. If the compensation of a newly confirmed police officer has not been set for the current fiscal year in time to be included in the October 1 report to the state auditor, the division shall make any 15 16 retroactive adjustments necessary to individual supplemental benefits after the current compensation has 17 been determined and shall include these amounts in the next year's report for reimbursement at that time. 18 (4) The premium tax amount paid by the state auditor is statutorily appropriated, as provided in

19 17-7-502, for the payment of supplemental retirement benefits to eligible retired members and their 20 survivors. This payment amount is in addition to the payment to be made by the state auditor under 21 19-9-702.

22 (5) If more than one dependent child is entitled to supplementary benefits under this section by virtue of the death of a common parent, the minimum benefit paid to the dependent children under this 23 24 section must be determined as if there were one dependent child and the supplementary benefits must be 25 paid to the dependent children collectively."

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Section 24. Section 19-13-604, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-13-604. State contribution. The state shall make its contributions through the state auditor 28 29 from the promium taxes on the insurance risks enumerated in 19-18-512 general fund. These payments Payments must be made annually from the general fund to the pension trust fund after the end of each 30



fiscal year but no later than November 1 from the gross promium taxes after deduction for cancellations and returned promiums. The division shall notify the state auditor of the annual compensation, excluding overtime, holiday payments, shift differential payments, compensatory time payments, and payments in lieu of sick leave, paid to all active members during the preceding year. The state's contribution is 24.21% of this total compensation. As soon as practicable after receipt of the state contribution, the division shall deposit it in the pension trust fund. The contributions are statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."

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Section 25. Section 19-13-1006, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-13-1006. Supplement to retirement benefits for persons retiring before July 1, 1973. (1) The 9 retirement system shall pay to each member retired before July 1, 1973, or the member's surviving spouse 10 or dependent children a monthly retirement benefit of not less than one-half the regular monthly 11 compensation paid to a confirmed active firefighter of the city that last employed the member as a 12 firefighter, as provided each year in the budget of that city. If the city that last employed the member as 13 14 a firefighter no longer employs a full-paid firefighter, the member's or survivor's benefit may not be less than one-half the average regular monthly compensation paid to all newly confirmed full-paid firefighters, 15 16 as provided each year in the budgets of those cities that participate in the retirement system and employ a full-paid firefighter. In the case of volunteer firefighters, the retirement benefit may not exceed \$75 per 17 18 month. Distribution of the money provided for this purpose under 19-18-606(1) subsection (2) must be made according to subsection (2) (3). 19

(2) The state auditor shall deposit the proceeds of the tax collected pursuant to 50-3-109(1)(b) in
 the general fund. The state auditor shall pay an amount equal to the proceeds of the tax from the general
 fund to the pension trust fund to be used to pay claims as provided in subsection (3). The payment is
 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502. If the amount paid is in excess of the amount necessary
 for the payment of claims as provided in subsection (3), the excess must be used to pay the supplementary
 benefits provided for in 19-13-1009.

(2)(3) (a) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the division shall request and, except as provided
in subsection (2)(b) (3)(b), the state auditor shall issue pay from the state special revenue general fund and
deliver to the division pension trust fund an amount certified to be equal to the total annual dollar difference
between the total retirement benefits paid to all retirees or their surviving spouses or dependent children
in the previous fiscal year and the total benefits payable on June 30, 1973. The division shall deposit this



money into the pension trust fund. 1 2 (b) If the amount of insufficient money is contained in the state special revenue-fund to pay the amount requested paid in subsection (2)(a) (3)(a) is insufficient, the auditor shall pay to the division the 3 4 balance contained in the state special revenue fund. The division shall continue to request the payment of 5 any portion of the amount requested under subsection (2)(a) (3)(a) that was not paid in previous fiscal years 6 plus sufficient interest to reimburse the pension trust fund₇, which The amounts must be paid to the division 7 pension trust fund prior to determining whether sufficient cash remains in the special revenue fund taxes 8 have been collected to make any amount available for payments into the account established in 19-13-615 9 of supplementary benefits provided for in 19-13-1009. The state auditor shall pay the requests amounts 10 as premium tax money in the state special revenue general fund becomes available."

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Section 26. Section 19-13-1009, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-13-1009. Supplement to retirement benefits for persons hired on or after July 1, 1981. (1) 13 The division shall pay a supplemental benefit from the account provided for in 19-13-615 to each member 14 15 hired on or after July 1, 1981, who has earned 20 years of membership service as an active firefighter or to the member's surviving spouse or dependent children. Except as provided in subsection (2), the 16 17 supplemental benefit, when added to the service retirement benefit, must equal one-half the regular monthly compensation paid to a newly confirmed full-paid active firefighter of the city that last employed the 18 19 member as a firefighter as provided each year in the budget of that city. If after a member retires, the city that last employed the member no longer employs a full-paid firefighter, the member's supplemental benefit 20 21 must be calculated on the basis of the average monthly compensation paid to all newly confirmed full-paid firefighters, as provided each year in the budgets of those cities that participate in the retirement system 22 23 and employ a full-paid firefighter.

(2) If the amount available to the account is insufficient to fully fund the supplemental benefit
 provided for in subsection (1), the supplemental benefit for each eligible member or survivor must be
 reduced by an equal percentage so that the amount contained in the account available for this purpose is
 not exceeded."

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Section 27. Section 19-17-301, MCA, is amended to read:

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"19-17-301. Fire insurance premium tax to be paid into pension trust fund. The state auditor and



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1	ex officio commissioner of insurance shall annually deposit in pay from the general fund to the pension trust
2	fund a sum equivalent to 5% of the premium taxes collected from insurers authorized to effect insurance
3	against risks enumerated in 19–18–512 <u>50-3-109</u> . The sum must be computed before the amounts provided
4	for by 19-13-604, 19-13-1006, and 19-18-512 are deducted. The money must be used for the payment
5	of claims, benefits, and administrative costs as provided in this chapter. The money is statutorily
6	appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."
7	
8	Section 28. Section 19-18-512, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"19-18-512. State auditor to pay <u> payment to</u> association out of insurance promium taxes . (1)
10	After the end of the fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver the warrant described in this
11	subsection to the treasurer of every each city or town which that has a fire department relief association
12	entitled by law to receive payments. The warrant shall must be for the use and benefit of the association.
13	It shall The warrant must be for an amount equal to 1 1/2 mills of the total taxable value of the city or town
14	and shall must be paid out of the promium taxes on insurance risks enumerated in subsection (3) collected
15	by the state auditor general fund. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.
16	(2) If the The payment provided for in subsection (1) is less than \$100, an additional payment shall
17	be made from the same tax moneys so that the total amount received is must be for at least \$100.
18	(3) The risks referred to in subsection (1) are:
19	(a) insurance of houses, buildings, and all other kinds of property against loss or damage by fire
20	or other casualty;
21	(b) all kinds of insurance on goods, merchandise, or other property in the course of transportation,
2 2	whether by land, water, or air;
23	(c) insurance against loss or damage to motor vehicles resulting from accident, collision, or marine
24	and inland navigation and transportation perils;
25	(d) insurance of growing crops against loss or damage resulting from hail or the elements;
26	(e) insurance against loss or damage by water to any goods or premises arising from the breakage
27	or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus;
28	(f) insurance against loss or legal liability for loss because of damage to property caused by the
29	use of teams or vehicles, whether by accident or collision or by explosion of any engine, tank, boiler, pipe,
30	or tire of any vehicle; and



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Section 29. Section 19-19-205, MCA, is amended to read:

(g) insurance against theft of the whole or any part of any vehicle."

"19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to
the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested
by the department necessary to complete an actuarial valuation of the city's police retirement fund. The
valuation shall must consider the actuarial soundness of the police retirement fund for the 2 preceding fiscal
years.

9 (2) The valuation is to must be prepared by a qualified actuary selected by the department. A 10 qualified actuary is a member of the American academy of actuaries or of any organization considered by 11 the department to have similar standards.

12 (3) In each fiscal year in which an actuarial valuation is prepared, the department shall submit to 13 the state auditor a request for payment of the expense incurred in securing the actuarial valuation. The 14 expense may not exceed \$6,000 in any fiscal year. The state auditor shall make payment to the actuary 15 designated in the request from the general fund. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 16 17-7-502."

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Section 30. Section 19-19-305, MCA, is amended to read:

19 "19-19-305. Annual state payments to municipality with police department. (1) After the end of 20 each fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver to the treasurer of each city and town in Montana 21 which that has a police department and which that is not a participant in the municipal police officers' 22 retirement system his <u>a</u> warrant for an amount computed in the same manner as the amount paid (or that 23 would be paid if an existing relief association met the legal requirements for payment) to cities and towns 24 for fire department relief associations pursuant to 19-18-512. The payment <u>from the general fund</u> is 25 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.

(2) The payments provided for by 19-19-205 and subsection (1) of this section shall be paid from
 the premium tax collected on insurance cold in this state to insure against the risks enumerated in
 19-18-512. Such payments may only be made after deductions have been made from the gross premium
 tax for cancellations and returned premiums.

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(3) Each city or town which that has a police retirement fund shall deposit the payment to the



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1 credit of its police retirement fund. 2 (4)(3) Payments provided for in 19-19-205 and subsection (1) of this section are in addition to 3 those provided for in 19-19-301." 4 5 Section 31. Section 19-19-506, MCA, is amended to read: 6 "19-19-506. Supplement to certain pensions. (1) The payment for each fiscal year to the police 7 officers, spouses, or minor children described in subsections (2)(a) through (2)(c) may be not be less than 8 one-half of the salary paid in that fiscal year in the appropriate city or town to newly confirmed police 9 officers. 10 (2) On or before April 1 of each year, the board of trustees shall make a report to the state auditor 11 including the following information: 12 (a) the names of all police officers who are receiving payments from the police retirement fund of 13 the city or town as of the date of the report and who were receiving such the payments prior to July 1, 14 1975; 15 (b) the names of all spouses or minor children who are receiving payments from the police 16 retirement fund because of the death of a police officer who was receiving such payments prior to July 1, 17 1975; 18 (c) the names of all spouses or minor children who are receiving payments from the police retirement fund and who were receiving such payments prior to July 1, 1975, or in the case of minor 19 20 children, whose parent, the spouse of a police officer, was receiving such payments prior to July 1, 1975; 21 (d) for the purpose of determining the base figure for the computations set forth in subsection (4), 22 the following information relating to the base fiscal year commencing July 1, 1976: 23 (i) the amount of the payments made in the base fiscal year to each police officer described in 24 subsection (2)(a); 25 (ii) the amount of the payments made in the base fiscal year to each spouse or minor child (or childron) described in subsection (2)(b) or (2)(c); 26 27 (iii) upon the death after April 18, 1977, of any police officer on the retired list who was receiving 28 payments from the police retirement fund prior to July 1, 1975, and who is survived by a spouse or minor 29 children child entitled to receive payments therefrom from the police retirement fund, the amount which 30 that would have been paid to an eligible spouse of such the police officer had if that spouse had been



1 receiving payments in the base fiscal year.

(3) Each fiscal year immediately after the adoption by a city or town having a police retirement fund
of its budget for that fiscal year, each such the city or town shall report to the state auditor the salary for
that fiscal year of a newly confirmed police officer of that city or town.

5 (4) The state auditor shall, upon receipt of the reports referred to in subsections (2) and (3), 6 compute the difference between each amount reported under subsections (2)(d)(i) through (2)(d)(iii) and 7 one-half the salary for the current fiscal year of a newly confirmed police officer of the appropriate city or 8 town. The difference shall must be paid by the state auditor out of the premium tax-collected on insurance, 9 as provided in 19-19-305(2), general fund to the treasurer of the appropriate city or town at the same time 10 as and in addition to the payment to be made by the state auditor under 19-19-305(1). The payment is 11 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.

12 (5) The treasurer of each city or town receiving funds under subsection (4) shall immediately 13 deposit them to the credit of the city or town's police retirement fund. The board of trustees of the fund 14 shall use the funds to supplement the monthly payments to persons described in subsections (2)(a) through 15 (2)(c) so that the requirements of subsection (1) are met.

(6) If more than one minor child is entitled to supplementary payments under this section by virtue
of the death of a common parent police officer, the minimum payment to such the minor children under this
section shall must be determined as if there were one such minor child and the supplementary payment
shall must be made to the minor children collectively."

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21 Section 32. Section 19-20-203, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-20-203. Officers and employees of retirement board. (1) It is the duty of the retirement board
to:

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(a) elect a presiding officer from its membership;

(b) appoint a secretary, who may be one of its members;

(c) employ technical or administrative employees who are necessary for the transaction of the
business of the retirement system and establish their compensation pursuant to Title 2, chapter 18; and
(d) designate an actuary who meets the qualifications established by the retirement board to assist
the retirement board with the technical actuarial aspects of the operation of the retirement system, which
includes establishing mortality and service tables and making an actuarial investigation at least once every



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5 years into the mortality, service, and compensation experience of the members and beneficiaries of the 1 2 retirement system. (2) A guorum of the board is three members." 3 4 5 Section 33. Section 19-20-501, MCA, is amended to read: 6 "19-20-501. Financial administration of money. The members of the retirement board are the trustees of all money collected for the retirement system, and as trustees, they shall provide for the 7 financial administration of the money as provided in Article VIII, section 15, of the Montana constitution 8 9 in the following manner: (1) The money must be invested and reinvested by the state board of investments. 10 11 (2) The retirement board annually shall establish the rate of regular interest. 12 (3) The retirement board annually shall divide among the several reserves of the retirement system 13 an amount equal to the average balance of the reserves during the preceding fiscal year multiplied by the 14 rate of regular interest. In accordance with the provisions of 19-20-605(5), the amount to be credited to 15 each reserve must be allocated from the interest and other earnings on the money of the retirement system actually realized during the preceding fiscal year, less the amount allocated to the expense fund under the 16 provisions of 19-20-606 administrative expenses. The administrative expenses of the retirement system 17 may not exceed 1.5% of retirement benefits paid. 18 19 (4) The state treasurer is the custodian of the collected retirement system money and of the 20 securities in which the money is invested. 21 (5) All For purposes of Article VIII, section 12, of the Montana constitution, all the reserves established by part 6 of this chapter must be accounts in the pension trust fund type of the treasury fund 22 23 structure of the state. 24 (6) Benefits and refunds to eligible recipients are payable pursuant to a contract as contained in 25 statute. Unless specifically provided for by statute, the contract does not contain revisions to statutes after 26 the time of retirement or termination." 27 28 Section 34. Section 19-20-605, MCA, is amended to read: 29 "19-20-605. Pension accumulation fund -- employer's contribution. The pension accumulation fund 30 is the fund in which the reserves for payment of pensions and annuities must be accumulated and from Legislative Services

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which pensions, annuities, and benefits must be paid to or on account of beneficiaries credited with prior
 service. Contributions to and payments from the pension accumulation fund must be made as follows:

3 (1) Each employer shall pay into the pension accumulation fund an amount equal to 7.47% of the
4 earned compensation of each member employed during the whole or part of the preceding payroll period.

5 (2) If the employer is a district or community college district, the trustees shall budget and pay for
6 the employer's contribution under the provisions of 20-9-501.

7 (3) If the employer is the superintendent of public instruction, a public institution of the state of 8 Montana, a unit of the Montana university system, or the Montana state school for the deaf and blind, the 9 legislature shall appropriate to the employer an adequate amount to allow the payment of the employer's 10 contribution.

(4) If the employer is a county, the county commissioners shall budget and pay for the employer's
 contribution in the manner provided by law for the adoption of a county budget and for payments under
 the budget.

14 (5) All interest and other earnings realized on the money of the retirement system shall <u>must</u> be 15 credited to the pension accumulation fund, and the amount required to allow regular interest on the annuity 16 savings fund shall <u>must</u> be transferred to that fund from the pension accumulation fund.

(6) All pensions, annuities, and benefits must be paid from the pension accumulation fund.

18 (7) The retirement board may, in its discretion, transfer from the pension accumulation fund to the
 19 expense fund an amount necessary to cover expenses of administration."

20

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21

Section 35. Section 50-3-109, MCA, is amended to read:

22 "50-3-109. Tax on fire insurance premiums for maintenance of state-fire prevention and 23 investigation activities of department of justice. (1) Each insurer authorized to effect insurance on risks 24 enumerated in 19-18-512 subsection (2) doing business in this state shall pay to the state auditor and 25 commissioner of insurance ex officio during the month of February or March in each year, in addition to the 26 taxes on premiums required by law to be paid by it, a tax of 1% taxes on the fire portion of the direct 27 premiums on such the enumerated risks received during the calendar year next preceding after deducting 28 cancellations and return premiums. The taxes are:

- 29 (a) 1% to be deposited as provided in 17-2-121; and
- 30 (b) 1 1/2% to be used for purposes of 19-13-1006.



1	(2) The risks referred to in subsection (1) are:
2	(a) insurance of houses, buildings, and all other kinds of property against loss or damage by fire
3	or other casualty;
4	(b) all kinds of insurance on goods, merchandise, or other property in the course of transportation,
5	whether by land, water, or air;
6	(c) insurance against loss or damage to motor vehicles resulting from accident, collision, or marine
7	and inland navigation and transportation perils;
8	(d) insurance of growing crops against loss or damage resulting from hail or the elements;
9	(e) insurance against loss or damage by water to any goods or premises arising from the breakage
10	or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus;
11	(f) insurance against loss or legal liability for loss because of damage to property caused by the
12	use of teams or vehicles, whether by accident or collision or by explosion of any engine, tank, boiler, pipe,
13	or tire of any vehicle; and
14	(g) insurance against theft of the whole or any part of a vehicle."
15	
16	Section 36. Section 61-3-321, MCA, is amended to read:
16 17	Section 36. Section 61-3-321, MCA, is amended to read: "61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or
17	"61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or
17 18	"61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or
17 18 19	"61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter,
17 18 19 20	"61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter, as follows:
17 18 19 20 21	 "61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter, as follows: (a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5;
17 18 19 20 21 22	 "61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter, as follows: (a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5; (b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 "61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter, as follows: (a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5; (b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10; (c) electrically driven passenger vehicles, \$10;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 "61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter, as follows: (a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5; (b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10; (c) electrically driven passenger vehicles, \$10; (d) all motorcycles and quadricycles, \$2;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 "61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter, as follows: (a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5; (b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10; (c) electrically driven passenger vehicles, \$10; (d) all motorcycles and quadricycles, \$2; (e) tractors or trucks, \$10;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	 "61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter, as follows: (a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5; (b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10; (c) electrically driven passenger vehicles, \$10; (d) all motorcycles and quadricycles, \$2; (e) tractors or trucks, \$10; (f) buses, which are classed as motortrucks, licensed accordingly;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 "61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter, as follows: (a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5; (b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10; (c) electrically driven passenger vehicles, \$10; (d) all motorcycles and quadricycles, \$2; (e) tractors or trucks, \$10; (f) buses, which are classed as motortrucks, licensed accordingly; (g) trailers and semitrailers less than 2,500 pounds declared weight and housetrailers of all weights,
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	 "61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter, as follows: (a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5; (b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10; (c) electrically driven passenger vehicles, \$10; (d) all motorcycles and quadricycles, \$2; (e) tractors or trucks, \$10; (f) buses, which are classed as motortrucks, licensed accordingly; (g) trailers and semitrailers less than 2,500 pounds declared weight and housetrailers of all weights,



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(i) trailers and semitrailers over 6,000 pounds declared weight, \$10, except trailers and semitrailers
 registered in other jurisdictions and registered through a proportional registration agreement;

(j) trailers used exclusively in the transportation of logs in the forest or in the transportation of oil
and gas well machinery, road machinery, or bridge materials, new and secondhand, \$15 annually,
regardless of size or capacity.

6 (2) All rates are 25% higher for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers that are not equipped with 7 pneumatic tires.

8 (3) "Tractor", as specified in this section, means any motor vehicle, except a passenger car, that
9 is used for towing a trailer or semitrailer.

(4) If any motor vehicle, housetrailer, trailer, or semitrailer is originally registered 6 months after
 the time of registration as set by law, the registration or license fee for the remainder of the year is one-half
 of the regular fee.

13 (5) An additional fee of \$5.25 a year for each registration of a vehicle, except trailers and 14 semitrailers registered in other jurisdictions and registered through a proportional registration agreement, 15 must be collected as a registration fee. Revenue from this fee must be forwarded by the respective county 16 treasurers to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund. The department shall distribute pay an 17 <u>amount equal to</u> 25 cents from the each motor vehicle registration fee from the general fund to the pension 18 trust fund for payment of supplemental benefits provided for in 19-6-709.

(6) A fee of \$2 for each set of new number plates must be collected when number plates provided
for under 61-3-332(3) are issued. Revenue from this fee must be deposited as provided in subsection (5).

(7) The provisions of this part with respect to the payment of registration fees do not apply to and
 are not binding upon motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, or tractors owned or controlled by the United
 States of America or any state, county, city, or special district, as defined in 18-8-202.

(8) The provisions of this section relating to the payment of registration fees or new number plate
fees do not apply when number plates are transferred to a replacement vehicle under 61-3-317, 61-3-332,
or 61-3-335. (See compiler's comments for contingent termination of certain text.)"

27

28 Section 37. Section 76-13-114, MCA, is amended to read:

29 "76-13-114. Disposition of fines. Fines collected in a court of the state under this part or part 2,
 30 except those collected in a justice's court, shall <u>must</u> be transferred to the state treasurer for deposit in the



1 agency state special revenue fund. Whenever a person is convicted in any court of a violation of this part 2 or part 2, the court may levy and collect as costs in the case the amount necessary to compensate the 3 county for the expenditures made in and for the prosecution of the offender. These costs when collected, 4 except those collected in a justice's court, enall must be deposited by the court with the proper county 5 treasurer for the benefit of the county." 6 7 NEW SECTION. Section 38. Repealer. Sections 19-9-208, 19-13-615, 19-18-513, 19-18-606, and 8 19-20-606, MCA, are repealed. 9 10 NEW SECTION. Section 39. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1997. -END-11

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 169
2	INTRODUCED BY ZOOK, VAN VALKENBURG
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
. 4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE LAWS
6	GOVERNING APPROPRIATIONS AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF STATE GOVERNMENT FINANCES;
7	CLARIFYING THE TREASURY FUNDS SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATION; REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE
8	DEPOSIT OF CERTAIN FUNDS; REVISING THE STATUTORY APPROPRIATION OF CERTAIN FUNDS;
9	CONFORMING THE ADMINISTRATION OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS TO CONSTITUTIONAL REVISIONS;
10	AUTHORIZING THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD TO HIRE THEIR OWN PERSONNEL;
11	LIMITING THE ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OF THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS; AMENDING SECTIONS
12	2-9-202, 2-15-1009, 2-18-812, 15-36-324, <u>15-36-325,</u> 17-2-101, 17-2-102, 17-2-103, 17-2-121,
13	17-3-221, 17-3-222, 17-6-201, 17-7-402, 17-7-502, 17-8-101, 19-2-404, 19-2-408, 19-2-502, 19-5-404,
14	19-6-709, 19-8-504, 19-9-702, 19-9-1007, 19-13-604, 19-13-1006, 19-13-1009, 19-17-301, 19-18-512,
15	19-19-205, 19-19-305, 19-19-506, 19-20-203, 19-20-501, 19-20-605, 50-3-109, 61-3-321, AND
16	76-13-114, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 19-9-208, 19-13-615, 19-18-513, 19-18-606, AND 19-20-606,
17	MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

18

19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

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APPROVED BY COM ON FINANCE & CLAIMS

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 169
2	INTRODUCED BY ZOOK, VAN VALKENBURG
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE LAWS

6 GOVERNING APPROPRIATIONS AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF STATE GOVERNMENT FINANCES; 7 CLARIFYING THE TREASURY FUNDS SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATION; REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE 8 DEPOSIT OF CERTAIN FUNDS; REVISING THE STATUTORY APPROPRIATION OF CERTAIN FUNDS; CONFORMING THE ADMINISTRATION OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS TO CONSTITUTIONAL REVISIONS: 9 AUTHORIZING THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD TO HIRE THEIR OWN PERSONNEL: 10 LIMITING THE ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OF THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS; CLARIFYING 11 12 APPROPRIATIONS CARRYOVER RESTRICTIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-9-202, 2-15-1009, 2-18-812, 13 15-36-324, 15-36-325, 17-2-101, 17-2-102, 17-2-103, 17-2-121, 17-3-221, 17-3-222, 17-6-201, 17-7-304, 17-7-402, 17-7-502, 17-8-101, 19-2-404, 19-2-408, 19-2-502, 19-5-404, 19-6-709, 19-8-504, 14 19-9-702, 19-9-1007, 19-13-604, 19-13-1006, 19-13-1009, 19-17-301, 19-18-512, 19-19-205. 15 16 19-19-305, 19-19-506, 19-20-203, 19-20-501, 19-20-605, 50-3-109, 61-3-321, AND 76-13-114, MCA; 17 REPEALING SECTIONS 19-9-208, 19-13-615, 19-18-513, 19-18-606, AND 19-20-606, MCA, AND 18 SECTION 13, CHAPTER 23, SPECIAL LAWS OF NOVEMBER 1993; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE 19 DATES."

20

21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

22 23

Section 1. Section 2-9-202, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-9-202. Apportionment of costs -- creation of deductible reserve. (1) The department of
 administration shall apportion the costs of all insurance purchased under 2-9-201 to the individual state
 participants, and the costs shall must be paid to the department subject to appropriations by the legislature.

27 (2) The department, if it elects to <u>utilize use</u> a deductible insurance plan, is authorized to charge 28 the individual state participants an amount equal to the cost of a full-coverage insurance plan until such 29 time as a deductible reserve is established. In each subsequent year, the department may charge a 30 sufficient amount over the actual cost of the deductible insurance to replenish such the deductible reserves.



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4

1	(3) The department may accumulate a self-insurance reserve fund sufficient to provide
2	self-insurance for all liability coverages that in its discretion the department considers should be self-insured.
3	Payments into the self-insurance reserve fund must be made from a legislative appropriation for that
4	purpose. Proceeds of the fund are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to must be used by
5	the department to pay claims under parts 1 through 3 of this chapter. Expenditures for actual and necessary
6	expenses required for the efficient administration of the fund must be made from temporary appropriations,
7	as described in 17-7-501(1) or (2), made for that purpose.
8	(4) Money in reserve funds established under this section that is not needed to meet expected
9	expenditures shall must be invested and all proceeds of the investment credited to the fund."
10	
11	Section 2. Section 2-15-1009, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"2-15-1009. Public employees' retirement board terms allocation. (1) There is a public
13	employees' retirement board.
14	(2) The board consists of six members appointed by the governor. The members are:
15	(a) three public employees who are active members of a public retirement system (not more than
16	one of these members may be an employee of the same department);
17	(b) one retired public employee who is an inactive member of the public employees' retirement
18	system; and
19	(c) two members at large.
20	(3) The term of office for each member is 5 years.
21	(4) The board is allocated to the department for administrative purposes only as prescribed in
22	2-15-121. The board shall hire necessary employees as provided in 19-2-404.
23	(5) Members of the board shall <u>must</u> be compensated and receive travel expenses as provided for
24	in 2-15-124."
25	
26	Section 3. Section 2-18-812, MCA, is amended to read:
. 27	"2-18-812. Alternatives to conventional insurance for providing state employee group benefits
28	authorized requirements. The department may establish alternatives to conventional insurance for
29	providing state employee group benefits. The requirements for providing alternatives to conventional
30	insurance are as follows:



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(1) The department must shall maintain state employee group benefit plans on an actuarially sound

2 basis.

1

- 3 (2) The department must shall maintain reserves sufficient to liquidate the unrevealed claims liability 4 and other liabilities of state employee group benefit plans.
 - (3) The department must shall deposit all reserve funds and premiums paid to a state employee

5 6 group benefit plan, and the deposits are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-602, to the 7 department-to must be expended for claims under the plan.

8 (4) The department must shall deposit income earned from the investment of a state employee 9 group benefit plan's reserve fund into the account established under subsection (3) of this soction in order 10 to offset the costs of administering the plan. Expenditures for actual and necessary expenses required for 11 the efficient administration of the plan must be made from temporary appropriations, as described in 12 17-7-501(1) or (2), made for that purpose.

13 (5) The department shall, prior to implementation of any alternative to conventional insurance, 14 present to the advisory council the evidence upon which the department has concluded that the alternative 15 method will be more efficient, less costly, or otherwise superior to contracting for conventional insurance. The department may not implement any full self insurance alternative prior to July 1, 1981. 16

17 (6) The provisions of Title 33 shall do not apply to the department when exercising the powers and 18 duties provided for in this section."

19

20

Section 4. Section 15-36-324, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "15-36-324. Distribution of taxes. (1) For each calendar quarter, the department of revenue shall 22 determine the amount of tax, late payment interest, and penalty collected under this part. For purposes of 23 distribution of the taxes to county and school taxing units, the department shall determine the amount of 24 oil and natural gas production taxes paid on production from pre-1985 wells, post-1985 wells, and 25 horizontally drilled wells located in the taxing unit.

26 (2) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4), oil production taxes must be distributed as 27 follows:

28 (a) The amount equal to 41.6% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and 29 penalty, collected under this part must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

30

(b) The remaining 58.4% of the oil production taxes, plus accumulated interest earned on the



amount allocated under this subsection (2)(b), must be deposited in the agency state special revenue fund
 in the state treasury and transferred to the county and school taxing units for distribution as provided in
 subsection (8).

(3) The amount equal to 100% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and
penalty, collected from working interest owners on production from post-1985 wells occurring during the
first 12 months of production must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

7 (4) The amount equal to 100% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and 8 penalty, collected under this part on production from horizontally drilled wells and on the incremental 9 production from horizontally recompleted wells occurring during the first 18 months of production must be 10 distributed as provided in subsection (7).

11

(5) Except as provided in subsection (6), natural gas production taxes must be allocated as follows:

(a) The amount equal to 14.6% of the natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest
and penalty, collected under this part must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

(b) The remaining 85.4% of the natural gas production taxes, plus accumulated interest earned on
the amount allocated under this subsection (5)(b), must be deposited in the agency state special revenue
fund in the state treasury and transferred to the county and school taxing units for distribution as provided
in subsection (8).

(6) The amount equal to 100% of the natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest
and penalty, collected from working interest owners under this part on production from post-1985 wells
occurring during the first 12 months of production must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

(7) The department shall, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-501(6), distribute the state
 portion of oil and natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest and penalty collected, as
 follows:

24

(a) 85% to the state general fund;

(b) 4.3% to the state special revenue fund for the purpose of paying expenses of the board as
provided in 82-11-135; and

27

(c) 10.7% to be distributed as provided by 15-38-106(2).

(8) (a) For the purpose of distribution of the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985
wells, the department shall each calendar quarter adjust the unit value determined under 15-36-323
according to the ratio that the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells collected during



- 4 -

the calendar quarter for which the distribution occurs plus penalties and interest on delinquent oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells bears to the total liability for the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells for the quarter for which the distribution occurs. The amount of oil and natural gas production taxes distributions must be calculated and distributed as follows:

(i) By the dates referred to in subsection (9), the department shall calculate and distribute to each
eligible county the amount of oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells for the quarter,
determined by multiplying the unit value, as adjusted in this subsection (8)(a), by the units of production
on which oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells were owed for the calendar quarter for
which the distribution occurs.

(ii) Any amount by which the total tax liability exceeds or is less than the total distributions
 determined in subsection (8)(a) must be calculated and distributed in the following manner:

(A) The excess amount or shortage must be divided by the total distribution determined for that
 period to obtain an excess or shortage percentage.

(B) The excess percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this
amount must be added to the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

16 (C) The shortage percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this 17 amount must be subtracted from the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (8)(c), the county treasurer shall distribute the money
received under subsection (9) from pre-1985 wells to the taxing units that levied mills in fiscal year 1990
against calendar year 1988 production in the same manner that all other property tax proceeds were
distributed during fiscal year 1990 in the taxing unit, except that a distribution may not be made to a
municipal taxing unit.

(c) The board of county commissioners of a county may direct the county treasurer to reallocate
 the distribution of oil and natural gas production tax money that would have gone to a taxing unit, as
 provided in subsection (8)(b), to another taxing unit or taxing units, other than an elementary school or high
 school, within the county under the following conditions:

(i) The county treasurer shall first allocate the oil and natural gas production taxes to the taxing
units within the county in the same proportion that all other property tax proceeds were distributed in the
county in fiscal year 1990.

30

(ii) If the allocation in subsection (8)(c)(i) exceeds the total budget for a taxing unit, the



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1 commissioners may direct the county treasurer to allocate the excess to any taxing unit within the county.

2 (d) The board of trustees of an elementary or high school district may reallocate the oil and natural 3 gas production taxes distributed to the district by the county treasurer under the following conditions:

4 (i) The district shall first allocate the oil and natural gas production taxes to the budgeted funds
5 of the district in the same proportion that all other property tax proceeds were distributed in the district in
6 fiscal year 1990.

7 (ii) If the allocation under subsection (8)(d)(i) exceeds the total budget for a fund, the trustees may
8 allocate the excess to any budgeted fund of the school district.

9 (e) For all production from post-1985 wells and horizontally drilled wells completed after December 10 31, 1993, the county treasurer shall distribute oil and natural gas production taxes received under 11 subsections (2)(b) and (5)(b) between county and school taxing units in the relative proportions required 12 by the levies for state, county, and school district purposes in the same manner as property taxes were 13 distributed in the preceding fiscal year.

(f) The allocation to the county in subsection (8)(e) must be distributed by the county treasurer in
the relative proportions required by the levies for county taxing units and in the same manner as property
taxes were distributed in the preceding fiscal year.

(g) The money distributed in subsection (8)(e) that is required for the county mill levies for school
district retirement obligations and transportation schedules must be deposited to the funds established for
these purposes.

(h) The oil and natural gas production taxes distributed under subsection (8)(b) that are required
for the 6-mill university levy imposed under 20-25-423 and for the county equalization levies imposed under
20-9-331 and 20-9-333, as those sections read on July 1, 1989, must be remitted by the county treasurer
to the state treasurer.

(i) The oil and natural gas production taxes distributed under subsection (8)(e) that are required for
the 6-mill university levy imposed under 20-25-423, for the county equalization levies imposed under
20-9-331 and 20-9-333, and for the state equalization aid levy imposed under 20-9-360 must be remitted
by the county treasurer to the state treasurer.

(j) The amount of oil and natural gas production taxes remaining after the treasurer has remitted
 the amounts determined in subsections (8)(h) and (8)(i) is for the exclusive use and benefit of the county
 and school taxing units.



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1 (9) The department shall remit the amounts to be distributed in subsection (8) to the county 2 treasurer by the following dates:

(a) On or before August 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and
natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending March 31 of the current year.
(b) On or before November 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil
and natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending June 30 of the current
year.

8 (c) On or before February 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and
9 natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending September 30 of the previous
10 year.

(d) On or before May 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and
 natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending December 31 of the previous
 calendar year.

(10) The department shall provide to each county by May 31 of each year the amount of gross
taxable value represented by all types of production taxed under 15-36-304 for the previous calendar year
multiplied by 60%. The resulting value must be treated as taxable value for county classification purposes
and for county bonding purposes.

18 (11) The distribution to taxing units under this section is statutorily appropriated as provided in
 19 17-7-502."

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21

SECTION 5. SECTION 15-36-325, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"15-36-325. Local government severance tax payments for calendar year 1995 production - distribution of payments -- not subject to I-105 limitations. (1) The local government severance tax imposed
 under 15-36-101, as that section read before January 1, 1996, for calendar year 1995 production is due
 as follows:

(a) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the first calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is due
May 31, 1996;

(b) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the second calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is
due May 31, 1997;

30

(c) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the third calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is due



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1 May 31, 1998; and

2 (d) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the fourth calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is 3 due May 31, 1999.

4 (2) (a) If the taxpayer pays the entire local government severance tax liability for calendar year
5 1995 on or before June 30, 1996, the taxpayer must receive a 6% reduction in the total local government
6 severance tax liability.

(b) Any payment of local government severance taxes for calendar year 1995 made on or before
June 30, 1997, does not accrue interest. Any payment of local government severance taxes for calendar
year 1995 made after June 30, 1997, must accrue interest at the rate of 1% a month or fraction of a
month from July 1, 1997, to the date of payment. Any payment for the third quarter of 1995 received after
May 31, 1998, and any payment for the fourth quarter of 1995 received after May 31, 1999, is subject
to the late payment penalty provisions in 15-36-311.

(c) In the case of the dissolution of the operator or a change in the operator of any lease or unit,
any unpaid local government severance tax for calendar year 1995 becomes due on the date of dissolution
or on the date of the change in operator. The operator is subject to the provisions of subsection (2)(a)
regarding the 6% tax liability reduction or the provisions of subsection (2)(b) regarding interest and
penalties.

(3) The department shall determine the amount of tax collected under subsections (1) and (2) from
within each taxing unit.

20 (4) For purposes of the distribution of local government severance taxes collected under this
21 section, the department shall use the unit value of oil and gas for each taxing unit as determined in
22 15-36-323.

(5) The local government severance tax must be deposited in the agency state special revenue fund
 in the state treasury and transferred to the county for distribution as provided in subsection (6).

(6) For the purpose of the distribution of the local government severance tax for calendar year 1995 production, the department shall adjust the unit value determined under this section according to the ratio that the local government severance taxes collected during the quarters for which the distribution occurs plus penalties and interest on delinquent local government severance taxes bears to the total liability for local government severance taxes for the quarters for which the distribution occurs. The taxes must be calculated and distributed as follows:



- 8 -

(a) By July 31 of each of the years 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999, the department shall calculate
 and distribute to each eligible county the amount of local government severance tax for calendar year 1995
 production, determined by multiplying the unit value, as adjusted in this subsection (6), by the units of
 production on which the local government severance tax was owed during calendar year 1995 production.

5 (b) Any amount by which the total tax liability exceeds or is less than the total distributions 6 determined in subsection (6)(a) must be calculated and distributed in the following manner:

7 (i) The excess amount or shortage must be divided by the total distribution determined for that8 period to obtain an excess or shortage percentage.

9 (ii) The excess percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this 10 amount must be added to the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

(iii) The shortage percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this
amount must be subtracted from the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

13 (7) (a) The county treasurer shall distribute the money received under subsection (6) between the 14 county and school taxing units. The distribution between county and school taxing units is the ratio of the 15 number of mills levied for fiscal year 1990 against 1988 production in each taxing unit for the county and 16 schools, including the county equalization levies that were in effect under 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 as those 17 sections read on July 1, 1989, and the university 6-mill levy imposed under 20-25-423, except that a 18 distribution may not be made to a municipal taxing unit or the state equalization aid levy imposed under 19 20-9-360. Distribution of money for the county equalization levies and the university levy must be remitted 20 to the state by the county treasurer. The amounts distributed under subsections (7)(b) and (7)(c) are for 21 the exclusive use of county and school taxing units.

(b) The county treasurer shall deposit the money from subsection (7)(a) allocated to county levies
to the oil and gas tax accelerated fund.

(c) The trustees of a school district may allocate any payment received under subsection (7)(a) to
any budget fund of the district or to the miscellaneous programs fund established in 20-9-507. The trustees
shall direct the county treasurer to deposit the local government severance tax payments under this section
to the funds of the district in accordance with the allocations determined by the trustees.

(8) Local government severance tax payments to a county pursuant to this section are not subject
 to the limitations of Title 15, chapter 10, part 4. Payments of local government severance tax pursuant to
 this section may not be used for county classification purposes under 7-1-2111 and may not be considered



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1	in the determination of bonding limits under 7-7-2101, 7-7-2203, 7-14-2524, and 7-16-2327.
2	(9) The distribution to taxing units under this section is statutorily appropriated as provided in
3	17-7-502. Jont underline
4	don't unación
5	Section 6. Section 17-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"17-2-101. Title and purpose. (1) Sections 17-2-101 through 17-2-107 may be cited as the
7	"Treasury Fund Structure Act".
8	(2) The purpose of these sections is to:
9	(a) comply with Article VIII, section 12, of the Montana constitution;
10	(b) simplify the accounting system and treasury fund structure of the state ₇ ;
11	(c) to make possible the full utilization of modern accounting methods,
12	(d) to provide the legislature with a greater measure of control over public moneys, money; and
13	(e) to enable the financial records of the state to accurately reflect the state's revenues revenue,
14	expenditures, expenses, and financial position in accordance with generally accepted accounting
15	principles."
16	
16 17	Section 7. Section 17-2-102, MCA, is amended to read:
	Section 7. Section 17-2-102, MCA, is amended to read: "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all
17	
17 18	"17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all
17 18 19	"17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types:
17 18 19 20	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes:
17 18 19 20 21	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be
17 18 19 20 21 22	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 23 24	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes,
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated:
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated: (A) The state special revenue fund consists of money from state and other nonfederal sources



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(B) The federal special revenue fund consists of money deposited in the treasury from federal
 sources, including trust income, that is used for the operation of state government.

3 (iii) the capital projects fund type, which accounts for financial resources to be used for the
4 acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust
5 funds; and

6 (iv) the debt service fund type, which accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the 7 payment of general long-term debt principal and interest;

8 (b) the proprietary fund category, which includes:

9 (i) the enterprise fund type, which accounts for operations:

10 (A) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises whenever 11 the intent of the legislature is that costs (i.e., expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or 12 services to the general public on a continuing basis are to be financed or recovered primarily through user 13 charges; or

(B) whenever the legislature has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses
 incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control,
 accountability, or other purposes; and

(ii) the internal service fund type, which accounts for the financing of goods or services provided
by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of state government or to other
governmental entities on a cost-reimbursed basis;

(c) the fiduciary fund category, which includes trust and agency fund types used to account for
 assets held by state government in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations,
 other governmental entities, or other funds. These include the:

23 (i) expendable trust fund type;

24 (ii) nonexpendable trust fund type;

25 (iii) pension trust fund type; and

26 (iv) agency fund type.

27 (d) the higher education funds, which include:

(i) the current fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury that is used to pay
 current operating costs relating to instruction, research, public service, and allied support operations and
 programs conducted within the Montana university system. The financial activities of the current fund are



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1 subdivided, for operational purposes, into the four following subfunds to serve the purpose indicated:

(A) The unrestricted subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that
can be expended for general operations and is free of externally imposed restrictions, except those imposed
by the legislature.

5 (B) The restricted subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that can 6 be expended for general operations but only for purposes imposed by sources external to the board of 7 regents and the legislature.

8 (C) The designated subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that 9 is associated with general operations but is separately classified in order to accumulate costs that are to 10 be recharged as allocated to other funds or subfunds; identifies financial activities related to special 11 organized activities of educational departments in which the activity is fully supported by supplemental 12 assessments; and identifies special supply and facility fees that are approved for collections beyond normal 13 course fees and their disposition.

14 (D) The auxiliary subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that is 15 devoted to providing essential on-campus services primarily to students, faculty, or staff wherein a fee, 16 which is directly related to but does not necessarily equal the cost of the service provided, is charged to 17 the consumer.

(ii) the student loan fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury that may be
loaned to students, faculty, or staff for purposes related to education, organized research, or public services
by the Montana university system;

(iii) the endowment fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury by the Montana university system wherein the principal portion of the amount received is nonexpendable but is available for investment, thus producing consumable income. Expendable earnings on endowment funds are to be transferred to appropriate operating funds pursuant to prevailing administrative requirements.

(iv) the annuity and life income fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury by
the Montana university system under an agreement whereby the money is made available on condition that
the receiving unit of the Montana university system binds itself to pay stipulated amounts periodically to
the donor or others designated by the donor over a specified period of time;

(v) the plant fund, which accounts for those financial resources allocated to or received by the
 Montana university system for capital outlay purposes or to retire long-term debts associated with



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1 construction or acquisition of fixed assets and the net accumulative results of these activities; and

(vi) the agency fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury wherein the
Montana university system acts in the capacity of a custodian or fiscal agent for individual students,
faculty, staff, and qualified organizations.

5 (2) In addition to the funds provided for in subsection (1), there are in the state treasury the 6 following account groups:

(a) the fixed assets account group, which is a self-balancing group of accounts set up to establish
accounting control and accountability for the state's general fixed assets, except those accounted for in
proprietary funds, trust funds, and the higher education funds designated in subsections (1)(d)(i)(D),
(1)(d)(iii), and (1)(d)(v); and

(b) the long-term debt account group, which is a self-balancing group of accounts set up to
establish accounting control and accountability for the state's unmatured general long-term liabilities, except
those accounted for in proprietary funds, trust funds, and the higher education funds designated in
subsections (1)(d)(i)(D), (1)(d)(iii), and (1)(d)(v)."

15

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Section 8. Section 17-2-103, MCA, is amended to read:

17 "17-2-103. Previous definitions of funds -- identification or segregation of moneys money and
 18 funds. (1) It is the intent of the legislature that the definitions in 17-2-102 supersede all previous definitions
 19 of public funds which that are inconsistent with the definitions found in this part.

20 (2) Any laws enacted in the future or any contracts entered into in the future in pursuance of law 21 that require the segregation of moneys money in the state treasury by means of a separate treasury fund 22 shall must be interpreted as permitting the segregation of such moneys the money by means of a subfund 23 or account within one of the funds created by 17-2-102.

(3) Each federal grant or other federal money within any subfund or account of one of the funds created by 17-2-102(1)(a) through (1)(c) must be identifiable as a separate accounting entity, reporting center, responsibility center, or revenue identification code, and an account must be made of each such grant or other money by income and expenditure for each federal grant year or fiscal year as may be applicable.

(4) Unless otherwise specifically provided in the statutes pertaining to the tax, the portion of taxes
 collected by the state that, pursuant to a statute, are to be allocated or distributed to units of local



1	government, school districts, authorities, or other local governmental entities shall must be accounted for
2	in a fiduciary state special revenue fund, established in 17-2-102, as prescribed by the department in
3	accordance with generally accepted accounting principles."
4	
5	Section 9. Section 17-2-121, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"17-2-121. Deposits by insurance commissioner. All Except as provided in 33-2-708, all fees,
7	miscellaneous and examination charges, fines, penalties, and those amounts received pursuant to 33-2-311,
8	33-2-705, or 33-2-706, or 50-3-109 collected by the insurance commissioner pursuant to Title 33 and the
9	rules adopted thereunder to implement Title 33 must be deposited in the general fund."
10	
11	Section 10. Section 17-3-221, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"17-3-221. State treasurer to be custodian of moneys money received under Taylor Grazing Act.
13	The state treasurer shall be is the custodian of all moneys money that the treasurer of the United States
14	may transfer transfers to the state of Montana under the terms of section 10 of the Taylor Grazing Act
15	approved June 28, 1934, (Public No. 482), which provides that the secretary of the United States treasury
16	pay one-half of the moneys money received from each grazing district each year to the state where
17	collected, to be expended as the legislature may prescribe. The money must be deposited in the federal
18	special revenue fund."
19	
20	Section 11. Section 17-3-222, MCA, is amended to read:
21	"17-3-222. Apportionment of moneys to counties. (1) It shall be is the duty of the state treasurer
22	to properly apportion and allocate these moneys the money received pursuant to 17-3-221 to the county
23	treasurers, who will <u>shall</u> allocate and pay all such moneys <u>the money</u> as follows:
24	(a) 50% to the county general fund; and
25	(b) 50% to the common school fund of the county.
26	(2) The payments from the state to the county treasurers provided for in subsection (1) are
27	statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."
28	
29	Section 12. Section 17-6-201, MCA, is amended to read:
30	"17-6-201. Unified investment program general provisions. (1) The unified investment program



directed by Article VIII, section 13, of the Montana constitution to be provided for public funds must be
 administered by the board of investments in accordance with the prudent expert principle, which requires
 any investment manager to:

4 (a) discharge the duties with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence, under the circumstances then
5 prevailing, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity with the same resources and familiar with like
6 matters exercises in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character with like aims;

7 (b) diversify the holdings of each fund within the unified investment program to minimize the risk 8 of loss and to maximize the rate of return unless, under the circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do 9 so; and

(c) discharge the duties solely in the interest of and for the benefit of the funds forming the unified
 investment program.

(2) (a) Retirement funds may be invested in common stocks of any corporation, except that an
 investment may not be made at any time that would cause the book value of the investments in any
 retirement fund to exceed 50% of the book value of the fund or would cause the stock of one corporation
 to exceed 2% of the book value of the retirement fund.

(b) Other public funds may not be invested in private corporate capital stock. "Private corporate
capital stock" means only the common stock of a corporation.

(3) (a) This section does not prevent investment in any business activity in Montana, including
 activities that continue existing jobs or create new jobs in Montana.

(b) The board is urged under the prudent expert principle to invest up to 3% of retirement funds
 in venture capital companies. Whenever possible, preference should be given to investments in those
 venture capital companies that demonstrate an interest in making investments in Montana.

(c) In discharging its duties, the board shall consider the preservation of purchasing power of
 capital during periods of high monetary inflation.

25 (d) The board may not make a direct loan to an individual borrower. The purchase of a loan or a
26 portion of a loan originated by a financial institution is not considered a direct loan.

(4) The board has the primary authority to invest state funds. Another agency may not invest state
funds unless otherwise provided by law. The board shall direct the investment of state funds in accordance
with the laws and constitution of this state. The board has the power to veto any investments made under
its general supervision.



1	(5) The board shall:
2	. (a) assist agencies with public money to determine if, when, and how much surplus cash is
3	available for investment;
4	(b) determine the amount of surplus treasury cash to be invested;
5	(c) determine the type of investment to be made;
6	(d) prepare the claim to pay for the investment; and
7	(e) keep an account of the total of each investment fund and of all the investments belonging to
8	the fund and a record of the participation of each treasury fund account in each investment fund.
9	(6) The board may:
10	(a) execute deeds of conveyance transferring all real property obtained through foreclosure of any
11	investments purchased under the provisions of 17-6-211 when full payment has been received for the
12	property;
13	(b) direct the withdrawal of any funds deposited by or for the state treasurer pursuant to 17-6-101
14	and 17-6-105;
15	(c) direct the sale of any securities in the program at their full and true value when found necessary
16	to raise money for payments due from the treasury funds for which the securities have been purchased;
17	(d) expend funds needed to cover costs of necessary repairs to property owned by the board as
18	an investment. The expenditures may be made directly by the board and are statutorily appropriated, as
19	provided in 17-7-502. Repairs that cost in excess of \$2,500 must be bid, and the bid must be awarded in
20	compliance with existing state law and regulations. Emergency repairs may be made by the board without
21	bid if approved by the state architect.
22	(7) The cost of administering and accounting for each investment fund must be deducted from the
23	income from each fund.
24	(8) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the board shall, from the appropriate fund, reimburse the
25	department of commerce for the costs of administering programs established under Title 90, chapter 3, that
26	are not covered by payback funds available from the account established in 90-3-305."
27	
28	SECTION 13. SECTION 17-7-304, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
29	"17-7-304. (Temporary) Disposal of unexpended appropriations. (1) All money appropriated for any
30	specific purpose except that appropriated for the university system units listed in subsection (2) and except

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as provided in subsection (4) must, after the expiration of the time for which appropriated, revert to the
 several funds and accounts from which originally appropriated. However, any unexpended balance in any
 specific appropriation may be used for the years for which the appropriation was made.

•

4 (2) Except as provided in 17-2-108 and subsection (3) of this section, all money appropriated for 5 the university of Montana campuses at Missoula, Butte, Dillon, and Helena and the Montana state university 6 campuses at Bozeman, Billings, Havre, and Great Falls, the agricultural experiment station with central 7 offices at Bozeman, the forest and conservation experiment station with central offices at Missoula, the 8 cooperative extension service with central offices at Bozeman, and the bureau of mines and geology with 9 central offices in Butte must, after the expiration of the time for which appropriated, revert to an account 10 held by the board of regents. The board of regents is authorized to maintain a fund balance. There is a 11 statutory appropriation, as provided in 17-7-502, to use the funds held in this account in accordance with 12 a long-term plan for major and deferred maintenance expenditures and equipment or fixed assets purchases 13 prepared by the affected university system units and approved by the board of regents. The affected 14 university system units may, with the approval of the board of regents, modify the long-term plan at any 15 time to address changing needs and priorities. The board of regents shall communicate the plan to each 16 legislature, to the finance committee when requested by the committee, and to the office of budget and 17 program planning.

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to reversions that are the result of a reduction in spending
directed by the governor pursuant to 17-7-140. Any amount that is a result of a reduction in spending
directed by the governor must revert to the fund or account from which it was originally appropriated.

(4) For the 2 years following the end of a fiscal year, 30% of the money appropriated to an agency
for that year by the general appropriations act for personal services, operating expenses, and equipment,
by fund type, and remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the end of the year may be spent for any
purpose that is consistent with the goals and objectives of the agency. The dollar amount of the 30%
amount that may be carried forward and spent must be determined by the office of budget and program
planning. (Terminates July 1, 1997--sec. 13, Ch. 23, Sp. L. November 1993.)

27 **17-7-304. (Effective July 1, 1997) Disposal of unexpended appropriations.** (1) All money 28 appropriated for any specific purpose except that appropriated for the university system units listed in 29 subsection (2) must, after the expiration of the time for which appropriated, revert to the several funds and 30 accounts from which originally appropriated. However, any unexpended balance in any specific



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appropriation may be used for the years for which the appropriation was made.

2 (2) Except as provided in 17-2-108 and subsection (3) of this section, all money appropriated for 3 the university of Montana campuses at Missoula, Butte, Dillon, and Helena and the Montana state university 4 campuses at Bozeman, Billings, Havre, and Great Falls, the agricultural experiment station with central 5 offices at Bozeman, the forest and conservation experiment station with central offices at Missoula, the 6 cooperative extension service with central offices at Bozeman, and the bureau of mines and geology with 7 central offices in Butte must, after the expiration of the time for which appropriated, revert to an account 8 held by the board of regents. The board of regents is authorized to maintain a fund balance. There is a 9 statutory appropriation, as provided in 17-7-502, to use the funds held in this account in accordance with 10 a long-term plan for major and deferred maintenance expenditures and equipment or fixed assets purchases 11 prepared by the affected university system units and approved by the board of regents. The affected 12 university system units may, with the approval of the board of regents, modify the long-term plan at any 13 time to address changing needs and priorities. The board of regents shall communicate the plan to each 14 legislature, to the finance committee when requested by the committee, and to the office of budget and 15 program planning.

16 (3) Subsection (2) does not apply to reversions that are the result of a reduction in spending 17 directed by the governor pursuant to 17-7-140. Any amount that is a result of a reduction in spending 18 directed by the governor must revert to the fund or account from which it was originally appropriated."

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Section 14. Section 17-7-402, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "17-7-402. Budget amendment requirements. (1) Except as provided in subsection (6), a budget
 22 amendment may not be approved:

23 (a) by the approving authority, except a budget amendment to spend:

24 (i) additional federal revenue;

25 (ii) additional tuition collected by the Montana university system;

26 (iii) additional revenue deposited in the internal service funds within the department or the office
27 of the commissioner of higher education as a result of increased service demands by state agencies;

28 (iv) Montana historical society enterprise revenue resulting from sales to the public;

(v) additional revenue that is deposited in funds other than the general fund and that is from the
 sale of fuel for those agencies participating in the Montana public vehicle fueling program established by



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1 Executive Order 22-91; or

2 (vi) revenue resulting from the sale of goods produced or manufactured by the industries program
3 of an institution within the department of corrections;

4 (b) by the approving authority if the budget amendment contains any significant ascertainable
5 commitment for any present or future increased general fund support;

- 6 (c) by the approving authority for the expenditure of money in the state special revenue fund unless
 7 an emergency justifies the expenditure or the expenditure is exempt under subsection (4);
- 8

(d) by the approving authority unless it will provide additional services;

9 (e) by the approving authority for any matter of which the requesting agency had knowledge at 10 a time when the proposal could have been presented to an appropriation subcommittee, the house 11 appropriations committee, or the senate finance and claims committee of the most recent legislative session 12 open to that matter, except when the legislative finance committee is given specific notice by the approving 13 authority that significant identifiable events, specific to Montana and pursuant to provisions or requirements 14 of Montana state law, have occurred since the matter was raised with or presented for consideration by 15 the legislature; or

16

(f) to extend beyond June 30 of the last year of any biennium.

17 (2) All budget amendments must itemize planned expenditures by fiscal year.

(3) Each budget amendment must be submitted by the approving authority to the budget director
 and the legislative fiscal analyst. <u>The proposed expenditure of money from nonstate or nonfederal sources</u>
 that is restricted by law must be submitted to the legislative fiscal analyst.

(4) Money from nonstate or nonfederal sources that would be deposited in the state special
 revenue fund and that is restricted by law or by the terms of a written agreement, such as a contract, trust
 agreement, or donation, is exempt from the requirements of this part.

- (5) An appropriation that would usually be the subject of a budget amendment that is submitted
 to the legislature for approval during a legislative session may not include authority to spend money beyond
 the first fiscal year of the next biennium.
- (6) A budget amendment to spend state funds, other than from the general fund, required for
 matching funds in order to receive a grant is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1)."
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Section 15. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:



1	"17-7-502. Statutory appropriations definition requisites for validity. (1) A statutory
2	appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency
3	without the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.
4	(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply
5	with both of the following provisions:
6	(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).
7	(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a
8	statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.
9	(3) The following laws are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105;
10	2-18-812; 3-5-901; 5-13-403; 10-3-203; 10-3-310; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 15-1-111; 15-23-706;
11	15-30-195;15-31-702; <u>15-36-324;15-36-325,</u> 15-37-117;15-38-202;15-65-121;15-70-101;16-1-404;
12	16-1-410; 16-1-411; 16-11-308; 17-3-106; 17-3-212; <u>17-3-222;</u> 17-5-404; 17-5-424; 17-5-804;
13	17-6-101; 17-6-201; 17-7-304; 18-11-112; 19-2-502; <u>19-5-404;</u> 19-6-709; <u>19-8-504;</u> 19-9-702;
14	19-9-1007; <u>19-13-604; 19-13-1006;</u> 19-17-301; 19-18-512; 19-18-513; 19-18-606; 19-19-205;
15	19-19-305; 19-19-506; 20-8-107; 20-8-111; 20-9-361; 20-26-1503; 23-5-136; 23-5-306; 23-5-409;
16	23-5-610; 23-5-612; 23-5-631; 23-7-301; 23-7-402; 32-1-537; 37-43-204; 37-51-501; 39-71-503;
17	39-71-907; 39-71-2321; 39-71-2504; 44-12-206; 44-13-102; 50-4-623; 50-5-232; 50-40-206; 53-6-150;
18	53-6-703; 53-24-206; 60-2-220; 67-3-205; 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-6-214; 75-11-313; 76-12-123;
19	80-2-103; 80-2-222; 80-4-416; 81-5-111; 82-11-136; 82-11-161; 85-1-220; 85-20-402; 90-3-301;
20	90-4-215; 90-6-331; 90-7-220; 90-7-221; and 90-9-306.
21	(4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing,
22	paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued

paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for the payments. (In subsection (3): pursuant to sec. 7, Ch. 567, L. 1991, the inclusion of 19-6-709 terminates upon death of last recipient eligible for supplemental benefit; and pursuant to sec. 7(2), Ch. 29, L. 1995, the inclusion of 15-30-195 terminates July 1, 2001.)"

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- 20 -

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Section 16. Section 17-8-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"17-8-101. Appropriation and disbursement of money from treasury. (1) Except as provided in
subsection (5) For purposes of complying with Article VIII, section 14, of the Montana constitution, money
deposited in the general fund, the special revenue fund type (except money deposited in the treasury from
nonstate and nonfederal sources restricted by law or by the terms of an agreement, such as a contract,
trust agreement, or donation), the onterprise fund type, the debt service fund type,
and the capital projects
fund type, with the exception of refunds authorized in subsection (3) (4), must be paid out of the treasury
only on appropriation made by law.

9 (2) Money deposited in the enterprise fund type, <u>ENTERPRISE FUND TYPE</u>, <u>DEBT SERVICE FUND</u> 10 <u>TYPE</u>, internal service fund type, debt service fund type, expendable trust fund type, nonexpendable trust 11 fund type, pension trust fund type, <u>agency fund type</u>, and state special revenue fund from nonstate and 12 nonfederal sources restricted by law or by the terms of an agreement, such as a contract, trust agreement, 13 or donation, and agency fund type may be paid out of the treasury:

14 (a) by appropriation; or

- 15 (b) under general laws, or contracts entered into in pursuance of law, permitting the disbursement.
- 16 (3) The pension trust fund type is not considered a part of the state treasury for appropriation

17 purposes. Money deposited in the pension trust fund type may be paid out of the treasury pursuant to

18 general laws, trust agreement, or contract.

19 (3)(4) Subject to the provisions of subsection (8), money Money paid into the state treasury 20 through error or under circumstances, such that the state is not legally entitled to retain it and a refund 21 procedure is not otherwise provided by law_7 may be refunded upon the submission of a verified claim 22 approved by the department of administration.

Authority to expend appropriated money may be transferred from one state agency to another, provided that the original purpose of the appropriation is maintained. The office of budget and program planning shall report semiannually to the legislative finance committee concerning all appropriations transferred under the provisions of this section.

(5)(6) Fees and charges for services deposited in the internal service fund type must be based upon
 commensurate costs. The legislative auditor, during regularly scheduled audits of state agencies, shall audit
 and report on the reasonableness of internal service fund type fees and charges and on the fund equity
 balances.



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1 (6)(7) The office of budget and program planning shall include in the budget submitted to the 2 legislature a report on:

3 (a) enterprise funds, including retained earnings and contributed capital, projected operations and
4 charges, and projected fund balances; and

5 (b) internal service fund type fees and charges, including changes in the level of fees and charges, 6 projected use of the fees and charges, and projected fund balances. Internal service fund type fees and 7 charges must be approved by the legislature in the general appropriations act. Fees and charges in any 8 biennium may not exceed the level approved by the legislature in the general appropriations act effective 9 for that biennium.

10 (7)(8) Any The creation of accounts in the enterprise fund or the internal service fund created after 11 July 1, 1995, must be approved by the department, using conformity with generally accepted accounting 12 principles as the primary approval criteria. The department shall report annually to the office of budget and 13 program planning and the legislative finance committee on the nature, status, and justification for all new 14 accounts in the enterprise fund and the internal service fund.

(8)(9) Enterprise and internal service AND INTERNAL SERVICE funds must be appropriated if they
 are used as a part of a program that is not an enterprise or internal service function and otherwise requires
 an appropriation paid out of the state treasury USED AS A PART OF A PROGRAM THAT IS NOT AN
 ENTERPRISE OR INTERNAL SERVICE FUNCTION AND THAT OTHERWISE REQUIRES AN APPROPRIATION.
 The payment of funds into an internal service fund must be authorized by law."

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Section 17. Section 19-2-404, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-2-404. Appointment and compensation of administrative staff. The department board shall
 appoint hire and fix the compensation of an administrator and other necessary employees to assist the
 board in administering the retirement systems. The compensation of the administrator and employees must
 be established in accordance with Title 2, chapter 18."

26

27

Section 18. Section 19-2-408, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-2-408. Administrative expenses. (1) The legislature finds that proper administration of the
 pension trust funds benefits both employers and members and continues to benefit members after
 retirement.



1 (2) The administrative expenses of the retirement systems administered by the board must be paid from the investment earnings on the pension trust fund of the public employees' retirement system, except 2 3 as provided in subsection (3). Before the fiscal yearend closing, the board shall compute the administrative 4 expenses attributable to each retirement system administered by the board for the immediately preceding 5 fiscal year and transfer that amount from each retirement system's pension trust fund to the pension trust 6 fund of the public employees' retirement system. The total administrative expenses of the board, including 7 the administration of the volunteer firefighters' pension plan, may not exceed 1.5% of the total retirement 8 benefits paid. 9 (3) On January 1 of each year, each employer under the public employees' retirement system shall

10 contribute on behalf of each member then in its service a membership fee of \$1 in addition to other required 11 contributions. The appropriation of these fees, together with other money appropriated for that purpose, must be used for the purpose of defraying the administrative expense of chapters 2, 3, 5 through 9, and 12 13 137 and this chapter.

14

(4) Any request for an increase in spending authority for administrative expenses requires a budget 15 amondmont and is subject to Title 17, chapter 7, part 4.

16 (5) The board may assess and the division may collect a fee from the department of fish, wildlife, 17 and parks for the purpose of defraying the expenses of administering chapter 8 of this title."

18

Section 19. Section 19-2-502, MCA, is amended to read: 19

"19-2-502. Statutory appropriation of payments Payments from pension trust funds. (1) Assots 20 21 The board shall administer the assets of the pension trust funds are statutorily appropriated, as provided 22 in 17-7-502, to the division for payment of benefits and refunds to eligible recipients and for paying the 23 necessary administrative and investment expenses of the retirement systems as provided in Article VIII, 24 section 15, of the Montana constitution, subject to the specific provisions of chapters 2, 3, 5 through 9, 25 and 13 of this title. 26 (2) Benefits and refunds to eligible recipients are payable pursuant to a contract as contained in

27 statute. The contract is entered into on the first day of a member's covered employment and may be

28 enhanced by the legislature. Unless specifically provided for by statute, the contract does not contain

29 revisions to statutes after the time of retirement or termination."

30



1 Section 20. Section 19-5-404, MCA, is amended to read: 2 "19-5-404. Contributions by state. (1) The state of Montana shall contribute monthly to the 3 pension trust fund a sum equal to 6% of the compensation of each member. In addition, the clerk of each 4 district court shall transmit 68% of certain filing fees as required under 25-1-201(2) and that portion of the fee for filing a petition for dissolution of marriage and a motion for substitution of a judge specified in 5 6 25-1-201(4) and (6) to the state, which shall first deposit in the pension trust fund an amount equal to 34.71% of the total compensation paid to district judges and supreme court justices who are covered by 7 8 the judges' retirement system and then deposit the balance in the state general fund. The clerk of the 9 supreme court shall pay one-fourth of the fees collected under 3-2-403 to the division to be credited to the 10 pension trust fund. 11 (2) The state of Montana shall contribute monthly from the renewable resource grant and loan 12 program account in the state special revenue fund to the judges' pension trust fund an amount equal to 13 34.71% of the compensation paid to the chief water court judge. The state contributions in this section 14 are statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502. THE JUDICIARY SHALL INCLUDE IN ITS BUDGET AND 15 SHALL REQUEST FOR LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION AN AMOUNT NECESSARY TO DEFRAY THE 16 STATE'S PORTION OF THE COSTS OF THIS SECTION." 17 18 Section 21. Section 19-6-709, MCA, is amended to read: 19 "19-6-709. (Temporary) Supplemental benefits for certain retirees. (1) In addition to any retirement 20 benefit payable under this chapter, a retired member or a survivor determined by the board to be eligible under subsection (2) must receive an annual lump-sum benefit payment beginning in September 1991 and 21 22 each succeeding year as long as the member remains eligible. 23 (2) To be eligible for the benefits under this section, a person must be receiving a monthly benefit 24 before July 1, 1991, and must be: (a) a retired member who is 55 years of age or older and who has been receiving a service 25 26 retirement benefit for at least 5 years prior to the date of distribution; (b) a survivor of a member who would have been eligible under subsection (2)(a); or 27 (c) a recipient of a disability or survivorship benefit under 19-6-601 or 19-6-901. 28 (3) A retired member otherwise qualified under this section who is employed in a position covered 29 by a retirement system under Title 19 is ineligible to receive any lump-sum benefit payments provided for 30



in this section until the member's service in the covered position is terminated. Upon termination of the
member's covered service, the retired member becomes eligible in the next fiscal year succeeding the
member's termination.

(4) (a) Twenty-five <u>An amount equal to 25</u> cents of each motor vehicle registration fee provided
for in 61-3-321(5) must be deposited in paid from the general fund to the pension trust fund at the end of
each fiscal year. The fee payment is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the pension fund
for payment of benefits to eligible recipients. The total funds must be distributed by the division in
lump-sum payments to eligible recipients along with their normal retirement benefit payment.

9 (b) The lump-sum payment must be distributed proportionally to all eligible recipients based on
10 service credit at the time of retirement, subject to the following:

(i) a recipient under subsection (2)(c) is considered to have 20 years of service for the purposes
of the distributions;

(ii) any recipient of a service retirement benefit exceeding the maximum monthly benefit under
19-6-707(2)(a) must have the recipient's service credit reduced 25% for the purposes of the distributions;
(iii) the maximum annual increase in the amount of supplemental benefits paid to each individual
under this section after August 31, 1993, is the percentage increase for the previous calendar year in the
annual average consumer price index for urban wage earners and workers, compiled by the bureau of labor
statistics of the United States department of labor or its successor agency.

(c) Any amount deposited in the pension trust fund under subsection (4)(a) for the payment of
 supplemental benefits under this section that exceeds the limitation of subsection (4)(b)(iii) must be used
 to amortize unfunded liabilities of the retirement system.

22 (5) Every 10 years following July 1, 1991, the division shall review the size of the additional fee 23 collected under 61-3-321(5) and deposited in the account <u>paid to the pension trust fund</u> in accordance with 24 subsection (4)(a) and recommend to each legislature following the division's review any legislation 25 necessary to reduce the fee to the minimum amount necessary to provide the supplemental benefits 26 provided by this section."

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Section 22. Section 19-8-504, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-8-504. State's contribution. Each month, the state treasurer shall pay to the pension trust
 fund out of the department of fish, wildlife, and parks funds, a sum equal to 8.15% of all members'



salaries. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502. THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH, 1 2 WILDLIFE, AND PARKS SHALL INCLUDE IN ITS BUDGET AND SHALL REQUEST FOR LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION AN AMOUNT NECESSARY TO DEFRAY THE STATE'S PORTION OF THE COSTS OF THIS 3 SECTION." 4 5 6 Section 23. Section 19-9-702, MCA, is amended to read: 7 "19-9-702. State contribution. The state of Montana shall make its contributions through the state auditor out of from the general fund the premium tax on motor vehicle property and casualty insurance 8 9 policies. The payments general fund contributions must be made annually after the end of each fiscal year 10 but no later than November 1 from the gross premium tax after deduction for cancellations and returned premiume. The division shall notify the state auditor by September 1 of each fiscal year of the annual 11 12 compensation paid to all active members during the preceding fiscal year. The state's contribution is 13 15,66% of compensation paid to members. The contributions are statutorily appropriated as provided in 14 17-7-502." 15 16 Section 24. Section 19-9-1007, MCA, is amended to read: 17 "19-9-1007. Supplement to certain benefits. (1) The benefits paid in each fiscal year to a retired member or the member's survivors may not be less than one-half of the compensation that will be paid in 18 19 the current fiscal year in the appropriate city or town to newly confirmed police officers. 20 (2) On or before October 1 of each year, the division shall make a report including the following 21 information: (a) the names of all retired members who are receiving benefits from the retirement system as of 22 23 the date of the report; (b) the names of all surviving spouses or dependent children who are receiving benefits from the 24 retirement system because of the death of an active or retired member of this or a prior plan; 25 26 (c) for the purpose of determining the base retirement, disability, or survivorship benefits for the 27 computations set forth in subsection (3), the following information relating to the base fiscal year 28 commencing July 1, 1976: 29 (i) the amount of the benefits paid in the base fiscal year to each retired member described in 30 subsection (2)(a); Legislative Services - 26 -HB 169 Division

(ii) the amount of the benefits paid in the base fiscal year to each surviving spouse or dependent
 child described in subsection (2)(b);

3 (iii) upon the death after the base fiscal year of any retired member who was receiving benefits, the
4 amount of benefits that would have been paid to an eligible surviving spouse of the retired member if the
5 surviving spouse had been receiving benefits in the base fiscal year;

6 (d) the original amount of retirement, disability, or survivorship benefits paid to retired members
7 or their eligible survivors as of the original retirement dates after July 1, 1975;

8 (e) the compensation that will be paid during the current fiscal year to a newly confirmed police
9 officer of each city or town participating in the retirement system.

10 (3) The division shall compute the difference between each amount reported under subsections 11 (2)(c) through (2)(e) and one-half the compensation to be paid during the current fiscal year to a newly 12 confirmed police officer of the appropriate city or town. The difference must be reported to the state 13 auditor, who shall pay the difference from the general fund to the pension trust fund out of the premium 14 tax collected on insurance sold in this state to insure against the risks enumerated in 19-18-512(3) no later 15 than November 1. If the compensation of a newly confirmed police officer has not been set for the current 16 fiscal year in time to be included in the October 1 report to the state auditor, the division shall make any 17 retroactive adjustments necessary to individual supplemental benefits after the current compensation has been determined and shall include these amounts in the next year's report for reimbursement at that time. 18 19 (4) The premium tax amount paid by the state auditor is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 20 17-7-502, for the payment of supplemental retirement benefits to eligible retired members and their

survivors. This payment amount is in addition to the payment to be made by the state auditor under
19-9-702.

(5) If more than one dependent child is entitled to supplementary benefits under this section by
virtue of the death of a common parent, the minimum benefit paid to the dependent children under this
section must be determined as if there were one dependent child and the supplementary benefits must be
paid to the dependent children collectively."

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Section 25. Section 19-13-604, MCA, is amended to read:

29 "19-13-604. State contribution. The state shall make its contributions through the state auditor
 30 from the premium taxes on the insurance risks enumerated in 19-18-512 general fund. These payments



- 27 -

Payments must be made annually from the general fund to the pension trust fund after the end of each fiscal year but no later than November 1 from the gross premium taxes after deduction for cancellations and returned premiums. The division shall notify the state auditor of the annual compensation, excluding overtime, holiday payments, shift differential payments, compensatory time payments, and payments in lieu of sick leave, paid to all active members during the preceding year. The state's contribution is 24.21% of this total compensation. As soon as practicable after receipt of the state contribution, the division shall deposit it in the pension trust fund. The contributions are statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."

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Section 26. Section 19-13-1006, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-13-1006. Supplement to retirement benefits for persons retiring before July 1, 1973. (1) The 10 retirement system shall pay to each member retired before July 1, 1973, or the member's surviving spouse 11 or dependent children a monthly retirement benefit of not less than one-half the regular monthly 12 compensation paid to a confirmed active firefighter of the city that last employed the member as a 13 firefighter, as provided each year in the budget of that city. If the city that last employed the member as 14 15 a firefighter no longer employs a full-paid firefighter, the member's or survivor's benefit may not be less than one-half the average regular monthly compensation paid to all newly confirmed full-paid firefighters, 16 17 as provided each year in the budgets of those cities that participate in the retirement system and employ 18 a full-paid firefighter. In the case of volunteer firefighters, the retirement benefit may not exceed \$75 per 19 month. Distribution of the money provided for this purpose under 19-18-606(1) subsection (2) must be 20 made according to subsection (2) (3).

21 (2) The state auditor shall deposit the proceeds of the tax collected pursuant to 50-3-109(1)(b) in 22 the general fund. The state auditor shall pay an amount equal to the proceeds of the tax from the general 23 fund to the pension trust fund to be used to pay claims as provided in subsection (3). The payment is 24 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502. If the amount paid is in excess of the amount necessary 25 for the payment of claims as provided in subsection (3), the excess must be used to pay the supplementary 26 benefits provided for in 19-13-1009.

(2)(3) (a) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the division shall request and, except as provided
 in subsection (2)(b) (3)(b), the state auditor shall issue pay from the state special revenue general fund and
 deliver to the division pension trust fund an amount certified to be equal to the total annual dollar difference
 between the total retirement benefits paid to all retirees or their surviving spouses or dependent children



in the previous fiscal year and the total benefits payable on June 30, 1973. The division shall deposit this
 money into the pension trust fund.

3 (b) If the amount of insufficient money is contained in the state special revenue fund to pay the 4 amount requested paid in subsection (2)(a) (3)(a) is insufficient, the auditor shall pay to the division the 5 balance contained in the state special revenue fund. The division shall continue to request the payment of 6 any portion of the amount requested under subsection $\frac{(2)(a)}{(2)(a)}$ (3)(a) that was not paid in previous fiscal years 7 plus sufficient interest to reimburse the pension trust fund₇, which The amounts must be paid to the division 8 pension trust fund prior to determining whether sufficient each remains in the special revenue fund taxes 9 have been collected to make any amount available for payments into the account established in 19-13-615 10 of supplementary benefits provided for in 19-13-1009. The state auditor shall pay the requests amounts 11 as premium tax money in the state special revenue general fund becomes available."

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Section 27. Section 19-13-1009, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-13-1009. Supplement to retirement benefits for persons hired on or after July 1, 1981. (1) 14 The division shall pay a supplemental benefit from the account provided for in 19-13-615 to each member 15 hired on or after July 1, 1981, who has earned 20 years of membership service as an active firefighter or 16 17 to the member's surviving spouse or dependent children. Except as provided in subsection (2), the supplemental benefit, when added to the service retirement benefit, must equal one-half the regular monthly 18 compensation paid to a newly confirmed full-paid active firefighter of the city that last employed the 19 20 member as a firefighter as provided each year in the budget of that city. If after a member retires, the city 21 that last employed the member no longer employs a full-paid firefighter, the member's supplemental benefit 22 must be calculated on the basis of the average monthly compensation paid to all newly confirmed full-paid 23 firefighters, as provided each year in the budgets of those cities that participate in the retirement system 24 and employ a full-paid firefighter.

(2) If the amount available to the account is insufficient to fully fund the supplemental benefit provided for in subsection (1), the supplemental benefit for each eligible member or survivor must be reduced by an equal percentage so that the amount contained in the account available for this purpose is not exceeded."

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Section 28. Section 19-17-301, MCA, is amended to read:



1	"19-17-301. Fire insurance premium tax to be paid into pension trust fund. The state auditor and
2	ex officio commissioner of insurance shall annually deposit in <u>pay</u> from the general fund to the pension trust
3	fund a sum equivalent to 5% of the premium taxes collected from insurers authorized to effect insurance
4	against risks enumerated in 19-18-512 <u>50-3-109</u> . The sum must be computed before the amounts provided
5	for by 19-13-604, <u>19-13-1006</u> , and 19-18-512 are deducted. The money must be used for the payment
6	of claims, benefits, and administrative costs as provided in this chapter. The money is statutorily
7	appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."
8	
9	Section 29. Section 19-18-512, MCA, is amended to read:
10	"19-18-512. State auditor to pay <u> payment to</u> association out of insurance premium taxes . (1)
11	After the end of the fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver the warrant described in this
12	subsection to the treasurer of every each city or town which that has a fire department relief association
13	entitled by law to receive payments. The warrant shall must be for the use and benefit of the association.
14	It shall The warrant must be for an amount equal to 1 1/2 mills of the total taxable value of the city or town
15	and shall <u>must</u> be paid out of the premium taxes on insurance risks enumerated in subsection (3) collected
16	by the state auditor general fund. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.
17	(2) I f the <u>The</u> payment provided for in subsection (1) is less than \$100, an additional payment shall
18	be made from the same tax moneys so that the total amount received is must be for at least \$100.
19	(3)—The-risks referred to in subsection (1) are:
20	a) insurance of houses, buildings, and all other kinds of property against loss or damage by fire
21	or other casualty;
22	(b) all kinds of insurance on goods, merchandise, or other property in the course of transportation,
23	whether by land, water, or air;
24	(c) insurance against loss or damage to motor vehicles resulting from assident, collision, or marine
25	and inland navigation and transportation perils;
26	(d) insurance of growing crops against loss or damage resulting from hail or the elements;
27	(o) insurance against loss or damage by water to any goods or premises arising from the broakage
28	or loakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus;
29	(f) insurance against loss or legal liability for loss because of damage to property caused by the
30	use of teams or vehicles, whether by accident or collision or by explosion of any engine, tank, beiler, pipe,



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or tire of any vehicle; and

1

2 (g) insurance against theft of the whole or any part of any vehicle." 3 Section 30. Section 19-19-205, MCA, is amended to read: 4 "19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to 5 6 the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested 7 by the department necessary to complete an actuarial valuation of the city's police retirement fund. The 8 valuation shall must consider the actuarial soundness of the police retirement fund for the 2 preceding fiscal 9 years. (2) The valuation is to must be prepared by a qualified actuary selected by the department. A 10 11 qualified actuary is a member of the American academy of actuaries or of any organization considered by 12 the department to have similar standards. 13 (3) In each fiscal year in which an actuarial valuation is prepared, the department shall submit to 14 the state auditor a request for payment of the expense incurred in securing the actuarial valuation. The expense may not exceed \$6,000 in any fiscal year. The state auditor shall make payment to the actuary 15 16 designated in the request from the general fund. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17 17-7-502." 18 19 Section 31. Section 19-19-305, MCA, is amended to read: 20 "19-19-305. Annual state payments to municipality with police department. (1) After the end of 21 each fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver to the treasurer of each city and town in Montana 22 which that has a police department and which that is not a participant in the municipal police officers' 23 retirement system his a warrant for an amount computed in the same manner as the amount paid (or that would be paid if an existing relief association met the legal requirements for payment) to cities and towns 24 25 for fire department relief associations pursuant to 19-18-512. The payment from the general fund is 26 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502. 27 (2) The payments provided for by 19-19-205 and subsection (1) of this section shall be paid from 28 the premium tax collected on incurance sold in this state-to-insure-against-the-risks enumerated in 29 19-18-512. Such payments may only be made after deductions have been made from the gross premium 30 tax for cancellations and returned premiums.



- 31 -

1 (3) Each city or town which that has a police retirement fund shall deposit the payment to the 2 credit of its police retirement fund.

3 (4)(3) Payments provided for in 19-19-205 and subsection (1) of this section are in addition to
 4 those provided for in 19-19-301."

5

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Section 32. Section 19-19-506, MCA, is amended to read:

7 "19-19-506. Supplement to certain pensions. (1) The payment for each fiscal year to the police
8 officers, spouses, or minor children described in subsections (2)(a) through (2)(c) may be not be less than
9 one-half of the salary paid in that fiscal year in the appropriate city or town to newly confirmed police
10 officers.

(2) On or before April 1 of each year, the board of trustees shall make a report to the state auditor
 including the following information:

(a) the names of all police officers who are receiving payments from the police retirement fund of
the city or town as of the date of the report and <u>who</u> were receiving such <u>the</u> payments prior to July 1,
1975;

(b) the names of all spouses or minor children who are receiving payments from the police
retirement fund because of the death of a police officer who was receiving such payments prior to July 1,
18 1975;

(c) the names of all spouses or minor children who are receiving payments from the police
retirement fund and who were receiving such payments prior to July 1, 1975, or in the case of minor
children, whose parent, the spouse of a police officer, was receiving such payments prior to July 1, 1975;
(d) for the purpose of determining the base figure for the computations set forth in subsection (4),
the following information relating to the base fiscal year commencing July 1, 1976:

(i) the amount of the payments made in the base fiscal year to each police officer described in
subsection (2)(a);

(ii) the amount of the payments made in the base fiscal year to each spouse or minor child (or
 children) described in subsection (2)(b) or (2)(c);

(iii) upon the death after April 18, 1977, of any police officer on the retired list who was receiving
 payments from the police retirement fund prior to July 1, 1975, and who is survived by a spouse or minor
 children child entitled to receive payments therefrom from the police retirement fund, the amount which

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that would have been paid to an eligible spouse of such the police officer had if that spouse had been
 receiving payments in the base fiscal year.

3 (3) Each fiscal year immediately after the adoption by a city or town having a police retirement fund
4 of its budget for that fiscal year, each such the city or town shall report to the state auditor the salary for
5 that fiscal year of a newly confirmed police officer of that city or town.

6 (4) The state auditor shall, upon receipt of the reports referred to in subsections (2) and (3), 7 compute the difference between each amount reported under subsections (2)(d)(i) through (2)(d)(iii) and 8 one-half the salary for the current fiscal year of a newly confirmed police officer of the appropriate city or 9 town. The difference shall must be paid by the state auditor out of the promium tax collected on insurance, 10 as provided in 19-19-305(2), general fund to the treasurer of the appropriate city or town at the same time 11 as and in addition to the payment to be made by the state auditor under 19-19-305(1). The payment is 12 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.

(5) The treasurer of each city or town receiving funds under subsection (4) shall immediately
deposit them to the credit of the city or town's police retirement fund. The board of trustees of the fund
shall use the funds to supplement the monthly payments to persons described in subsections (2)(a) through
(2)(c) so that the requirements of subsection (1) are met.

(6) If more than one minor child is entitled to supplementary payments under this section by virtue
of the death of a common parent police officer, the minimum payment to such the minor children under this
section shall must be determined as if there were one such minor child and the supplementary payment
shall must be made to the minor children collectively."

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Section 33. Section 19-20-203, MCA, is amended to read:

23 "19-20-203. Officers and employees of retirement board. (1) It is the duty of the retirement board
24 to:

(a) elect a presiding officer from its membership;

26 (b) appoint a secretary, who may be one of its members;

(c) employ technical or administrative employees who are necessary for the transaction of the
 business of the retirement system and establish their compensation pursuant to Title 2, chapter 18; and
 (d) designate an actuary who meets the qualifications established by the retirement board to assist
 the retirement board with the technical actuarial aspects of the operation of the retirement system, which

includes establishing mortality and service tables and making an actuarial investigation at least once every 1 5 years into the mortality, service, and compensation experience of the members and beneficiaries of the 2 3 retirement system. (2) A guorum of the board is three members." 4 5 Section 34. Section 19-20-501, MCA, is amended to read: 6 "19-20-501. Financial administration of money. The members of the retirement board are the 7 trustees of all money collected for the retirement system, and as trustees, they shall provide for the 8 financial administration of the money as provided in Article VIII, section 15, of the Montana constitution 9 in the following manner: 10 (1) The money must be invested and reinvested by the state board of investments. 11 (2) The retirement board annually shall establish the rate of regular interest. 12 (3) The retirement board annually shall divide among the several reserves of the retirement system 13 an amount equal to the average balance of the reserves during the preceding fiscal year multiplied by the 14 rate of regular interest. In accordance with the provisions of 19-20-605(5), the amount to be credited to 15 each reserve must be allocated from the interest and other earnings on the money of the retirement system 16 17 actually realized during the preceding fiscal year, less the amount allocated to the expense fund under the 18 provisions of 19-20-606 administrative expenses. The administrative expenses of the retirement system 19 may not exceed 1.5% of retirement benefits paid. (4) The state treasurer is the custodian of the collected retirement system money and of the 20 21 securities in which the money is invested. 22 (5) All For purposes of Article VIII, section 12, of the Montana constitution, all the reserves 23 established by part 6 of this chapter must be accounts in the pension trust fund type of the treasury fund 24 structure of the state. 25 (6) Benefits and refunds to eligible recipients are payable pursuant to a contract as contained in 26 statute. Unless specifically provided for by statute, the contract does not contain revisions to statutes after 27 the time of retirement or termination." 28 29 Section 35. Section 19-20-605, MCA, is amended to read: 30 "19-20-605. Pension accumulation fund -- employer's contribution. The pension accumulation fund



is the fund in which the reserves for payment of pensions and annuities must be accumulated and from
 which pensions, annuities, and benefits must be paid to or on account of beneficiaries credited with prior
 service. Contributions to and payments from the pension accumulation fund must be made as follows:

4 (1) Each employer shall pay into the pension accumulation fund an amount equal to 7.47% of the
5 earned compensation of each member employed during the whole or part of the preceding payroll period.

6 (2) If the employer is a district or community college district, the trustees shall budget and pay for
7 the employer's contribution under the provisions of 20-9-501.

8 (3) If the employer is the superintendent of public instruction, a public institution of the state of 9 Montana, a unit of the Montana university system, or the Montana state school for the deaf and blind, the 10 legislature shall appropriate to the employer an adequate amount to allow the payment of the employer's 11 contribution.

(4) If the employer is a county, the county commissioners shall budget and pay for the employer's
contribution in the manner provided by law for the adoption of a county budget and for payments under
the budget.

15 (5) All interest and other earnings realized on the money of the retirement system shall must be 16 credited to the pension accumulation fund, and the amount required to allow regular interest on the annuity 17 savings fund shall must be transferred to that fund from the pension accumulation fund.

18 (6) All pensions, annuities, and benefits must be paid from the pension accumulation fund.

(7) The retirement board may, in its discretion, transfer from the pension accumulation fund to the
 expense fund an amount necessary to cover expenses of administration."

21

22

Section 36. Section 50-3-109, MCA, is amended to read:

23 "50-3-109. Tax on fire insurance premiums for maintenance of state fire prevention and 24 investigation activities of department of justice. (1) Each insurer authorized to effect insurance on risks 25 enumerated in 19-18-512 subsection (2) doing business in this state shall pay to the state auditor and 26 commissioner of insurance ox officio during the month of February or March in each year, in addition to the 27 taxes on premiums required by law to be paid by it, a-tax-of 1% taxes on the fire portion of the direct 28 premiums on such the enumerated risks received during the calendar year next preceding after deducting 29 cancellations and return premiums. The taxes are:

- 30
- (a) 1% to be deposited as provided in 17-2-121; and



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1	(b) 1 1/2% to be used for purposes of 19-13-1006.
2	(2) The risks referred to in subsection (1) are:
3	(a) insurance of houses, buildings, and all other kinds of property against loss or damage by fire
4	or other casualty;
5	(b) all kinds of insurance on goods, merchandise, or other property in the course of transportation,
6	whether by land, water, or air;
7	(c) insurance against loss or damage to motor vehicles resulting from accident, collision, or marine
8	and inland navigation and transportation perils;
9	(d) insurance of growing crops against loss or damage resulting from hail or the elements;
10	(e) insurance against loss or damage by water to any goods or premises arising from the breakage
11	or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus;
12	(f) insurance against loss or legal liability for loss because of damage to property caused by the
13	use of teams or vehicles, whether by accident or collision or by explosion of any engine, tank, boiler, pipe,
14	or tire of any vehicle; and
15	(g) insurance against theft of the whole or any part of a vehicle."
16	
17	Section 37. Section 61-3-321, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or
19	registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or
20	reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter,
21	as follows:
22	(a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5;
23	(b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10;
24	(c) electricallγ driven passenger vehicles, \$10;
25	(d) all motorcycles and quadricycles, \$2;
26	(e) tractors or trucks, \$10;
27	(f) buses, which are classed as motortrucks, licensed accordingly;
28	(g) trailers and semitrailers less than 2,500 pounds declared weight and housetrailers of all weights,
29	\$2;
30	(h) trailers and semitrailers over 2,500 up to 6,000 pounds declared weight (except housetrailers),



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1 \$5;

(i) trailers and semitrailers over 6,000 pounds declared weight, \$10, except trailers and semitrailers
 registered in other jurisdictions and registered through a proportional registration agreement;

(j) trailers used exclusively in the transportation of logs in the forest or in the transportation of oil
and gas well machinery, road machinery, or bridge materials, new and secondhand, \$15 annually,
regardless of size or capacity.

7 (2) All rates are 25% higher for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers that are not equipped with
8 pneumatic tires.

9 (3) "Tractor", as specified in this section, means any motor vehicle, except a passenger car, that
10 is used for towing a trailer or semitrailer.

(4) If any motor vehicle, housetrailer, trailer, or semitrailer is originally registered 6 months after
the time of registration as set by law, the registration or license fee for the remainder of the year is one-half
of the regular fee.

14 (5) An additional fee of \$5.25 a year for each registration of a vehicle, except trailers and 15 semitrailers registered in other jurisdictions and registered through a proportional registration agreement, 16 must be collected as a registration fee. Revenue from this fee must be forwarded by the respective county 17 treasurers to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund. The department shall distribute pay an 18 amount equal to 25 cents from the each motor vehicle registration fee from the general fund to the pension 19 trust fund for payment of supplemental benefits provided for in 19-6-709.

20 (6) A fee of \$2 for each set of new number plates must be collected when number plates provided
21 for under 61-3-332(3) are issued. Revenue from this fee must be deposited as provided in subsection (5).

(7) The provisions of this part with respect to the payment of registration fees do not apply to and
are not binding upon motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, or tractors owned or controlled by the United
States of America or any state, county, city, or special district, as defined in 18-8-202.

(8) The provisions of this section relating to the payment of registration fees or new number plate
fees do not apply when number plates are transferred to a replacement vehicle under 61-3-317, 61-3-332,
or 61-3-335. (See compiler's comments for contingent termination of certain text.)"

28

29 Section 38. Section 76-13-114, MCA, is amended to read:

30

"76-13-114. Disposition of fines. Fines collected in a court of the state under this part or part 2,


except those collected in a justice's court, shall must be transferred to the state treasurer for deposit in the agency state special revenue fund. Whenever a person is convicted in any court of a violation of this part or part 2, the court may levy and collect as costs in the case the amount necessary to compensate the county for the expenditures made in and for the prosecution of the offender. These costs when collected, except those collected in a justice's court, shall must be deposited by the court with the proper county treasurer for the benefit of the county."

7

8 <u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 39. COORDINATION INSTRUCTIONS.</u> (1) IF HOUSE BILL NO. 170 IS 9 PASSED AND APPROVED AND IF IT CONTAINS A NEW [SECTION 4] PROVIDING FOR STATE 10 CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM ON BEHALF OF LOCAL 11 GOVERNMENTS, THEN:

12

(A) THE NEW [SECTION 4 OF HOUSE BILL NO. 170] SHALL READ:

13 "Section 4. State contributions for local government and school district employers. The state shall 14 contribute monthly from the general fund to the pension trust fund a sum equal to 0.1% of the 15 compensation of members employed by local government entities and school districts on and after [the 16 effective date of this act]. The division shall certify amounts due under this section on a monthly basis, 17 and the state treasurer shall transfer those amounts to the pension trust fund within 1 week. The payment 18 is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."; AND

- 19 (B) [SECTION 14 OF THIS ACT], AMENDING 17-7-502, SHALL INCLUDE IN THE LIST OF 20 SECTIONS WITH A STATUTORY APPROPRIATION, [SECTION 4 OF HOUSE BILL NO. 170].
- 21 (2) IF EITHER HOUSE BILL NO. 173 OR HOUSE BILL NO. 430, IS PASSED AND APPROVED, OR
- 22 IF BOTH ARE PASSED AND APPROVED, AND IF EITHER OR BOTH REPEAL 19-13-1006, THEN:

(A) [SECTION 27 OF THIS ACT], AMENDING 19-17-301, SHALL READ:

24

23

"Section 27. Section 19-17-301, MCA, is amended to read:

25 "19-17-301. Fire insurance premium tax to be paid into pension trust fund. The state auditor and 26 ex officio commissioner of insurance shall annually deposit in pay from the general fund to the pension trust 27 fund a sum equivalent to 5% of the premium taxes collected from insurers authorized to effect insurance 28 against risks enumerated in 19-18-512 <u>50-3-109</u>. The sum must be computed before the amounts provided 29 for by 19-13-604 and 19-18-512 are deducted. The money must be used for the payment of claims, 30 benefits, and administrative costs as provided in this chapter. The money is statutorily appropriated as



1	provided in 17-7-502."" <u>; AND</u>
2	(B) THE INTERNAL REFERENCE TO 19-13-1006 IN [SECTION 14 OF THIS ACT], AMENDING
3	17-7-502, MUST BE REMOVED.
4	
5	<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 40. Repealer. (1) Sections 19-9-208, 19-13-615, 19-18-513, 19-18-606,
6	and 19-20-606, MCA, are repealed.
7	(2) SECTION 13, CHAPTER 23, SPECIAL LAWS OF NOVEMBER 1993, IS REPEALED.
8	
9	NEW SECTION. Section 41. Effective date. [This DATES. (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN
10	SUBSECTION (2), [THIS act] is effective July 1, 1997.
11	(2) [SECTION 40(2) AND THIS SECTION] ARE EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.
12	-END-

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 169
2	INTRODUCED BY ZOOK, VAN VALKENBURG
3	BY REQUEST OF THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE LAWS
6	GOVERNING APPROPRIATIONS AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF STATE GOVERNMENT FINANCES
7	CLARIFYING THE TREASURY FUNDS SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATION; REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE
8	DEPOSIT OF CERTAIN FUNDS; REVISING THE STATUTORY APPROPRIATION OF CERTAIN FUNDS
9	CONFORMING THE ADMINISTRATION OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS TO CONSTITUTIONAL REVISIONS
10	AUTHORIZING THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT BOARD TO HIRE THEIR OWN PERSONNEL
11	LIMITING THE ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OF THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS; <u>CLARIFYING</u>
12	APPROPRIATIONS CARRYOVER RESTRICTIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-9-202, 2-15-1009, 2-18-812,
13	15-36-324, <u>15-36-325,</u> 17-2-101, 17-2-102, 17-2-103, 17-2-121, 17-3-221, 17-3-222, 17-6-201,
14	<u>17-7-304,</u> 17-7-402, 17-7-502, 17-8-101, 19-2-404, 19-2-408, 19-2-502, 19-5-404, 19-6-709, 19-8-504,
15	19-9-702, 19-9-1007, 19-13-604, 19-13-1006, 19-13-1009, 19-17-301, 19-18-512, 19-19-205,
16	19-19-305, 19-19-506, 19-20-203, 19-20-501, 19-20-605, 50 <mark>-3-109, 61-3-321, AND 7</mark> 6-13-114, MCA
17	REPEALING SECTIONS 19-9-208, 19-13-615, 19-18-513, 19-18-606, AND 19-20-606, MCA <u>, AND</u>
18	SECTION 13, CHAPTER 23, SPECIAL LAWS OF NOVEMBER 1993; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE
19	DATES."
20	
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
22	
23	Section 1. Section 2-9-202, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"2-9-202. Apportionment of costs creation of deductible reserve. (1) The department of

pt administration shall apportion the costs of all insurance purchased under 2-9-201 to the individual state 25 26 participants, and the costs shall must be paid to the department subject to appropriations by the legislature.

27 (2) The department, if it elects to utilize use a deductible insurance plan, is authorized to charge 28 the individual state participants an amount equal to the cost of a full-coverage insurance plan until such 29 time as a deductible reserve is established. In each subsequent year, the department may charge a 30 sufficient amount over the actual cost of the deductible insurance to replenish such the deductible reserves.



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1 (3) The department may accumulate a self-insurance reserve fund sufficient to provide 2 self-insurance for all liability coverages that in its discretion the department considers should be self-insured. 3 Payments into the self-insurance reserve fund must be made from a legislative appropriation for that 4 purpose. Proceeds of the fund are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17.7.502, to must be used by 5 the department to pay claims under parts 1 through 3 of this chapter. Expenditures for actual and necessary 6 expenses required for the efficient administration of the fund must be made from temporary appropriations, 7 as described in 17-7-501(1) or (2), made for that purpose. 8 (4) Money in reserve funds established under this section that is not needed to meet expected 9 expenditures shall must be invested and all proceeds of the investment credited to the fund." 10 11 Section 2. Section 2-15-1009, MCA, is amended to read: 12 "2-15-1009. Public employees' retirement board -- terms -- allocation. (1) There is a public 13 employees' retirement board. 14 (2) The board consists of six members appointed by the governor. The members are: 15 (a) three public employees who are active members of a public retirement system (not more than 16 one of these members may be an employee of the same department); 17 (b) one retired public employee who is an inactive member of the public employees' retirement 18 system; and 19 (c) two members at large. 20 (3) The term of office for each member is 5 years. 21 (4) The board is allocated to the department for administrative purposes only as prescribed in 22 2-15-121. The board shall hire necessary employees as provided in 19-2-404. (5) Members of the board shall must be compensated and receive travel expenses as provided for 23 24 in 2-15-124." 25 26 Section 3. Section 2-18-812, MCA, is amended to read: 27 "2-18-812. Alternatives to conventional insurance for providing state employee group benefits 28 authorized -- requirements. The department may establish alternatives to conventional insurance for 29 providing state employee group benefits. The requirements for providing alternatives to conventional 30 insurance are as follows:



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- (1) The department must shall maintain state employee group benefit plans on an actuarially sound
 basis.
- 3 (2) The department must shall maintain reserves sufficient to liquidate the unrevealed claims liability
 4 and other liabilities of state employee group benefit plans.
- 5 (3) The department must shall deposit all reserve funds and premiums paid to a state employee 6 group benefit plan, and the deposits are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the 7 department to must be expended for claims under the plan.
- 8 (4) The department must shall deposit income earned from the investment of a state employee 9 group benefit plan's reserve fund into the account established under subsection (3) of this section in order 10 to offset the costs of administering the plan. Expenditures for actual and necessary expenses required for 11 the efficient administration of the plan must be made from temporary appropriations, as described in 12 17-7-501(1) or (2), made for that purpose.
- (5) The department shall, prior to implementation of any alternative to conventional insurance,
 present to the advisory council the evidence upon which the department has concluded that the alternative
 method will be more efficient, less costly, or otherwise superior to contracting for conventional insurance.
- 16 The department may not implement any full self-insurance alternative prior to July 1, 1981.
- 17 (6) The provisions of Title 33 shall do not apply to the department when exercising the powers and
 18 duties provided for in this section."
- 19

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Section 4. Section 15-36-324, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-36-324. Distribution of taxes. (1) For each calendar quarter, the department of revenue shall
determine the amount of tax, late payment interest, and penalty collected under this part. For purposes of
distribution of the taxes to county and school taxing units, the department shall determine the amount of
oil and natural gas production taxes paid on production from pre-1985 wells, post-1985 wells, and
horizontally drilled wells located in the taxing unit.

26 (2) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4), oil production taxes must be distributed as27 follows:

- (a) The amount equal to 41.6% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and
 penalty, collected under this part must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).
- 30 |

(b) The remaining 58.4% of the oil production taxes, plus accumulated interest earned on the



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amount allocated under this subsection (2)(b), must be deposited in the agency state special revenue fund 1 2 in the state treasury and transferred to the county and school taxing units for distribution as provided in 3 subsection (8).

4 (3) The amount equal to 100% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and 5 penalty, collected from working interest owners on production from post-1985 wells occurring during the 6 first 12 months of production must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

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(4) The amount equal to 100% of the oil production taxes, including late payment interest and 8 penalty, collected under this part on production from horizontally drilled wells and on the incremental 9 production from horizontally recompleted wells occurring during the first 18 months of production must be 10 distributed as provided in subsection (7).

11

(5) Except as provided in subsection (6), natural gas production taxes must be allocated as follows:

12 (a) The amount equal to 14.6% of the natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest 13 and penalty, collected under this part must be distributed as provided in subsection (7).

14 (b) The remaining 85.4% of the natural gas production taxes, plus accumulated interest earned on 15 the amount allocated under this subsection (5)(b), must be deposited in the agency state special revenue 16 fund in the state treasury and transferred to the county and school taxing units for distribution as provided 17 in subsection (8).

18 (6) The amount equal to 100% of the natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest 19 and penalty, collected from working interest owners under this part on production from post-1985 wells occurring during the first 12 months of production must be distributed as provided in subsection (7). 20

21 (7) The department shall, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-501(6), distribute the state portion of oil and natural gas production taxes, including late payment interest and penalty collected, as 22 23 follows:

24 (a) 85% to the state general fund;

25 (b) 4.3% to the state special revenue fund for the purpose of paying expenses of the board as 26 provided in 82-11-135; and

27

(c) 10.7% to be distributed as provided by 15-38-106(2).

28 (8) (a) For the purpose of distribution of the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 29 wells, the department shall each calendar quarter adjust the unit value determined under 15-36-323 30 according to the ratio that the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells collected during



- 4 -

the calendar quarter for which the distribution occurs plus penalties and interest on delinquent oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells bears to the total liability for the oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells for the quarter for which the distribution occurs. The amount of oil and natural gas production taxes distributions must be calculated and distributed as follows:

(i) By the dates referred to in subsection (9), the department shall calculate and distribute to each
eligible county the amount of oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells for the quarter,
determined by multiplying the unit value, as adjusted in this subsection (8)(a), by the units of production
on which oil and natural gas production taxes from pre-1985 wells were owed for the calendar quarter for
which the distribution occurs.

(ii) Any amount by which the total tax liability exceeds or is less than the total distributions
 determined in subsection (8)(a) must be calculated and distributed in the following manner:

12 (A) The excess amount or shortage must be divided by the total distribution determined for that13 period to obtain an excess or shortage percentage.

(B) The excess percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this
amount must be added to the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

16 (C) The shortage percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this 17 amount must be subtracted from the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

18 (b) Except as provided in subsection (8)(c), the county treasurer shall distribute the money 19 received under subsection (9) from pre-1985 wells to the taxing units that levied mills in fiscal year 1990 20 against calendar year 1988 production in the same manner that all other property tax proceeds were 21 distributed during fiscal year 1990 in the taxing unit, except that a distribution may not be made to a 22 municipal taxing unit.

(c) The board of county commissioners of a county may direct the county treasurer to reallocate
 the distribution of oil and natural gas production tax money that would have gone to a taxing unit, as
 provided in subsection (8)(b), to another taxing unit or taxing units, other than an elementary school or high
 school, within the county under the following conditions:

(i) The county treasurer shall first allocate the oil and natural gas production taxes to the taxing
units within the county in the same proportion that all other property tax proceeds were distributed in the
county in fiscal year 1990.

30

(ii) If the allocation in subsection (8)(c)(i) exceeds the total budget for a taxing unit, the



1 commissioners may direct the county treasurer to allocate the excess to any taxing unit within the county.

2 (d) The board of trustees of an elementary or high school district may reallocate the oil and natural 3 gas production taxes distributed to the district by the county treasurer under the following conditions:

4 (i) The district shall first allocate the oil and natural gas production taxes to the budgeted funds 5 of the district in the same proportion that all other property tax proceeds were distributed in the district in 6 fiscal year 1990.

7 (ii) If the allocation under subsection (8)(d)(i) exceeds the total budget for a fund, the trustees may
8 allocate the excess to any budgeted fund of the school district.

9 (e) For all production from post-1985 wells and horizontally drilled wells completed after December 10 31, 1993, the county treasurer shall distribute oil and natural gas production taxes received under 11 subsections (2)(b) and (5)(b) between county and school taxing units in the relative proportions required 12 by the levies for state, county, and school district purposes in the same manner as property taxes were 13 distributed in the preceding fiscal year.

(f) The allocation to the county in subsection (8)(e) must be distributed by the county treasurer in
the relative proportions required by the levies for county taxing units and in the same manner as property
taxes were distributed in the preceding fiscal year.

(g) The money distributed in subsection (8)(e) that is required for the county mill levies for school
 district retirement obligations and transportation schedules must be deposited to the funds established for
 these purposes.

(h) The oil and natural gas production taxes distributed under subsection (8)(b) that are required
for the 6-mill university levy imposed under 20-25-423 and for the county equalization levies imposed under
20-9-331 and 20-9-333, as those sections read on July 1, 1989, must be remitted by the county treasurer
to the state treasurer.

(i) The oil and natural gas production taxes distributed under subsection (8)(e) that are required for
the 6-mill university levy imposed under 20-25-423, for the county equalization levies imposed under
20-9-331 and 20-9-333, and for the state equalization aid levy imposed under 20-9-360 must be remitted
by the county treasurer to the state treasurer.

(j) The amount of oil and natural gas production taxes remaining after the treasurer has remitted
 the amounts determined in subsections (8)(h) and (8)(i) is for the exclusive use and benefit of the county
 and school taxing units.



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(9) The department shall remit the amounts to be distributed in subsection (8) to the county
 treasurer by the following dates:

3 (a) On or before August 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and
4 natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending March 31 of the current year.
5 (b) On or before November 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil
6 and natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending June 30 of the current

7 year.

8 (c) On or before February 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and 9 natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending September 30 of the previous 10 year.

(d) On or before May 1 of each year, the department shall remit to the county treasurer oil and
 natural gas production tax payments received for the calendar quarter ending December 31 of the previous
 calendar year.

(10) The department shall provide to each county by May 31 of each year the amount of gross
taxable value represented by all types of production taxed under 15-36-304 for the previous calendar year
multiplied by 60%. The resulting value must be treated as taxable value for county classification purposes
and for county bonding purposes.

18 (11) The distribution to taxing units under this section is statutorily appropriated as provided in
 19 <u>17-7-502.</u>"

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21

SECTION 5. SECTION 15-36-325, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"15-36-325. Local government severance tax payments for calendar year 1995 production - distribution of payments -- not subject to 1-105 limitations. (1) The local government severance tax imposed
 under 15-36-101, as that section read before January 1, 1996, for calendar year 1995 production is due
 as follows:

26 (a) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the first calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is due
27 May 31, 1996;

(b) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the second calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is
 due May 31, 1997;

30

(c) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the third calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is due



1 May 31, 1998; and

2 (d) for oil and natural gas production occurring in the fourth calendar quarter of 1995, the tax is 3 due May 31, 1999.

4 (2) (a) If the taxpayer pays the entire local government severance tax liability for calendar year
1995 on or before June 30, 1996, the taxpayer must receive a 6% reduction in the total local government
severance tax liability.

(b) Any payment of local government severance taxes for calendar year 1995 made on or before
June 30, 1997, does not accrue interest. Any payment of local government severance taxes for calendar
year 1995 made after June 30, 1997, must accrue interest at the rate of 1% a month or fraction of a
month from July 1, 1997, to the date of payment. Any payment for the third quarter of 1995 received after
May 31, 1998, and any payment for the fourth quarter of 1995 received after May 31, 1999, is subject
to the late payment penalty provisions in 15-36-311.

(c) In the case of the dissolution of the operator or a change in the operator of any lease or unit,
any unpaid local government severance tax for calendar year 1995 becomes due on the date of dissolution
or on the date of the change in operator. The operator is subject to the provisions of subsection (2)(a)
regarding the 6% tax liability reduction or the provisions of subsection (2)(b) regarding interest and
penalties.

(3) The department shall determine the amount of tax collected under subsections (1) and (2) from
within each taxing unit.

20 (4) For purposes of the distribution of local government severance taxes collected under this
21 section, the department shall use the unit value of oil and gas for each taxing unit as determined in
22 15-36-323.

(5) The local government severance tax must be deposited in the agency state special revenue fund
 in the state treasury and transferred to the county for distribution as provided in subsection (6).

(6) For the purpose of the distribution of the local government severance tax for calendar year 1995 production, the department shall adjust the unit value determined under this section according to the ratio that the local government severance taxes collected during the quarters for which the distribution occurs plus penalties and interest on delinquent local government severance taxes bears to the total liability for local government severance taxes for the quarters for which the distribution occurs. The taxes must be calculated and distributed as follows:



1 (a) By July 31 of each of the years 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999, the department shall calculate 2 and distribute to each eligible county the amount of local government severance tax for calendar year 1995 3 production, determined by multiplying the unit value, as adjusted in this subsection (6), by the units of production on which the local government severance tax was owed during calendar year 1995 production. 4

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(b) Any amount by which the total tax liability exceeds or is less than the total distributions. 6 determined in subsection (6)(a) must be calculated and distributed in the following manner:

7 (i) The excess amount or shortage must be divided by the total distribution determined for that 8 period to obtain an excess or shortage percentage.

9 (ii) The excess percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this 10 amount must be added to the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

11 (iii) The shortage percentage must be multiplied by the distribution to each taxing unit, and this 12 amount must be subtracted from the distribution to each respective taxing unit.

13 (7) (a) The county treasurer shall distribute the money received under subsection (6) between the 14 county and school taxing units. The distribution between county and school taxing units is the ratio of the 15 number of mills levied for fiscal year 1990 against 1988 production in each taxing unit for the county and 16 schools, including the county equalization levies that were in effect under 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 as those 17 sections read on July 1, 1989, and the university 6-mill levy imposed under 20-25-423, except that a 18 distribution may not be made to a municipal taxing unit or the state equalization aid levy imposed under 19 20-9-360. Distribution of money for the county equalization levies and the university levy must be remitted 20 to the state by the county treasurer. The amounts distributed under subsections (7)(b) and (7)(c) are for 21 the exclusive use of county and school taxing units.

22 (b) The county treasurer shall deposit the money from subsection (7)(a) allocated to county levies 23 to the oil and gas tax accelerated fund.

24 (c) The trustees of a school district may allocate any payment received under subsection (7)(a) to 25 any budget fund of the district or to the miscellaneous programs fund established in 20-9-507. The trustees 26 shall direct the county treasurer to deposit the local government severance tax payments under this section 27 to the funds of the district in accordance with the allocations determined by the trustees.

28 (8) Local government severance tax payments to a county pursuant to this section are not subject 29 to the limitations of Title 15, chapter 10, part 4. Payments of local government severance tax pursuant to 30 this section may not be used for county classification purposes under 7-1-2111 and may not be considered



1	in the determination of bonding limits under 7-7-2101, 7-7-2203, 7-14-2524, and 7-16-2327.
2	(9) The distribution to taxing units under this section is statutorily appropriated as provided in
3	<u>17-7-502."</u>
4	
5	Section 6. Section 17-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"17-2-101. Title and purpose. (1) Sections 17-2-101 through 17-2-107 may be cited as the
7	"Treasury Fund Structure Act".
8	(2) The purpose of these sections is to:
9	(a) comply with Article VIII, section 12, of the Montana constitution;
10	(b) simplify the accounting system and treasury fund structure of the state ₇₂
11	(c) to make possible the full utilization of modern accounting methods,
12	(d) to provide the legislature with a greater measure of control over public moneys, money; and
13	(e) to enable the financial records of the state to accurately reflect the state's revenues revenue,
14	expenditures, expenses, and financial position in accordance with generally accepted accounting
15	principles."
16	
16 17	Section 7. Section 17-2-102, MCA, is amended to read:
	Section 7. Section 17-2-102, MCA, is amended to read: "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all
17	
17 18	"17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all
17 18 19	"17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types:
17 18 19 20	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes:
17 18 19 20 21	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be
17 18 19 20 21 22	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes,
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated:
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The financial activities of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated: (A) The state special revenue fund consists of money from state and other nonfederal sources
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	 "17-2-102. Fund structure. (1) There For the purpose of ensuring strict accountability for all revenue received and spent, there are in the state treasury only the following fund categories and types: (a) the governmental fund category, which includes: (i) the general fund, which accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund; (ii) the special revenue fund type, which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources of the special revenue fund type are subdivided, for operational purposes, into the following funds to serve the purpose indicated: (A) The state special revenue fund consists of money from state and other nonfederal sources deposited in the state treasury that is earmarked for the purposes of defraying particular costs of an

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1 (B) The federal special revenue fund consists of money deposited in the treasury from federal 2 sources, including trust income, that is used for the operation of state government. 3 (iii) the capital projects fund type, which accounts for financial resources to be used for the 4 acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust 5 funds; and 6 (iv) the debt service fund type, which accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the 7 payment of general long-term debt principal and interest; 8 (b) the proprietary fund category, which includes: 9 (i) the enterprise fund type, which accounts for operations: 10 (A) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises whenever 11 the intent of the legislature is that costs (i.e., expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or 12 services to the general public on a continuing basis are to be financed or recovered primarily through user 13 charges; or 14 (B) whenever the legislature has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses 15 incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, 16 accountability, or other purposes; and 17 (ii) the internal service fund type, which accounts for the financing of goods or services provided 18 by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of state government or to other 19 governmental entities on a cost-reimbursed basis; 20 (c) the fiduciary fund category, which includes trust and agency fund types used to account for 21 assets held by state government in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, 22 other governmental entities, or other funds. These include the: 23 (i) expendable trust fund type; 24 (ii) nonexpendable trust fund type; 25 (iii) pension trust fund type; and 26 (iv) agency fund type. 27 (d) the higher education funds, which include: 28 (i) the current fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury that is used to pay 29 current operating costs relating to instruction, research, public service, and allied support operations and 30 programs conducted within the Montana university system. The financial activities of the current fund are



1 subdivided, for operational purposes, into the four following subfunds to serve the purpose indicated:

2 (A) The unrestricted subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that
3 can be expended for general operations and is free of externally imposed restrictions, except those imposed
4 by the legislature.

5 (B) The restricted subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that can 6 be expended for general operations but only for purposes imposed by sources external to the board of 7 regents and the legislature.

8 (C) The designated subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that 9 is associated with general operations but is separately classified in order to accumulate costs that are to 10 be recharged as allocated to other funds or subfunds; identifies financial activities related to special 11 organized activities of educational departments in which the activity is fully supported by supplemental 12 assessments; and identifies special supply and facility fees that are approved for collections beyond normal 13 course fees and their disposition.

(D) The auxiliary subfund segregates that portion of the current fund's financial resources that is
devoted to providing essential on-campus services primarily to students, faculty, or staff wherein a fee,
which is directly related to but does not necessarily equal the cost of the service provided, is charged to
the consumer.

(ii) the student loan fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury that may be
loaned to students, faculty, or staff for purposes related to education, organized research, or public services
by the Montana university system;

(iii) the endowment fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury by the Montana
 university system wherein the principal portion of the amount received is nonexpendable but is available
 for investment, thus producing consumable income. Expendable earnings on endowment funds are to be
 transferred to appropriate operating funds pursuant to prevailing administrative requirements.

(iv) the annuity and life income fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury by
 the Montana university system under an agreement whereby the money is made available on condition that
 the receiving unit of the Montana university system binds itself to pay stipulated amounts periodically to
 the donor or others designated by the donor over a specified period of time;

(v) the plant fund, which accounts for those financial resources allocated to or received by the
 Montana university system for capital outlay purposes or to retire long-term debts associated with



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1 construction or acquisition of fixed assets and the net accumulative results of these activities; and

2 (vi) the agency fund, which accounts for money deposited in the state treasury wherein the
3 Montana university system acts in the capacity of a custodian or fiscal agent for individual students,
4 faculty, staff, and qualified organizations.

5 (2) In addition to the funds provided for in subsection (1), there are in the state treasury the 6 following account groups:

7 (a) the fixed assets account group, which is a self-balancing group of accounts set up to establish
8 accounting control and accountability for the state's general fixed assets, except those accounted for in
9 proprietary funds, trust funds, and the higher education funds designated in subsections (1)(d)(i)(D),
10 (1)(d)(iii), and (1)(d)(v); and

(b) the long-term debt account group, which is a self-balancing group of accounts set up to
establish accounting control and accountability for the state's unmatured general long-term liabilities, except
those accounted for in proprietary funds, trust funds, and the higher education funds designated in
subsections (1)(d)(i)(D), (1)(d)(iii), and (1)(d)(v)."

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Section 8. Section 17-2-103, MCA, is amended to read:

17 "17-2-103. Previous definitions of funds -- identification or segregation of moneys money and
 18 funds. (1) It is the intent of the legislature that the definitions in 17-2-102 supersede all previous definitions
 19 of public funds which that are inconsistent with the definitions found in this part.

20 (2) Any laws enacted in the future or any contracts entered into in the future in pursuance of law 21 that require the segregation of moneys money in the state treasury by means of a separate treasury fund 22 shall must be interpreted as permitting the segregation of such moneys the money by means of a subfund 23 or account within one of the funds created by 17-2-102.

(3) Each federal grant or other federal money within any subfund or account of one of the funds
created by 17-2-102(1)(a) through (1)(c) must be identifiable as a separate accounting entity, reporting
center, responsibility center, or revenue identification code, and an account must be made of each such
grant or other money by income and expenditure for each federal grant year or fiscal year as may be
applicable.

(4) Unless otherwise specifically provided in the statutes pertaining to the tax, the portion of taxes
 collected by the state that, pursuant to a statute, are to be allocated or distributed to units of local

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government, school districts, authorities, or other local governmental entities shall must be accounted for 1 2 in a fiduciary state special revenue fund, established in 17-2-102, as prescribed by the department in 3 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles." 4 5 Section 9. Section 17-2-121, MCA, is amended to read: 6 "17-2-121. Deposits by insurance commissioner. All Except as provided in 33-2-708, all fees, miscellaneous and examination charges, fines, penalties, and those amounts received pursuant to 33-2-311, 7 33-2-705, or 33-2-706, or 50-3-109 collected by the insurance commissioner pursuant to Title 33 and the 8 9 rules adopted thereunder to implement Title 33 must be deposited in the general fund." 10 11 Section 10. Section 17-3-221, MCA, is amended to read: 12 "17-3-221. State treasurer to be custodian of moneys money received under Taylor Grazing Act. The state treasurer shall be is the custodian of all moneys money that the treasurer of the United States 13 14 may transfor transfers to the state of Montana under the terms of section 10 of the Taylor Grazing Act 15 approved June 28, 1934, (Public No. 482), which provides that the secretary of the United States treasury 16 pay one-half of the moneye money received from each grazing district each year to the state where 17 collected, to be expended as the legislature may prescribe. The money must be deposited in the federal 18 special revenue fund." 19 20 Section 11. Section 17-3-222, MCA, is amended to read: 21 "17-3-222. Apportionment of moneys to counties. (1) It shall be is the duty of the state treasurer to properly apportion and allocate these moneys the money received pursuant to 17-3-221 to the county 22 treasurers, who will shall allocate and pay all such moneys the money as follows: 23 24 (a) 50% to the county general fund; and 25 (b) 50% to the common school fund of the county. 26 (2) The payments from the state to the county treasurers provided for in subsection (1) are 27 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502." 28 29 Section 12. Section 17-6-201, MCA, is amended to read: 30 "17-6-201. Unified investment program -- general provisions. (1) The unified investment program



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directed by Article VIII, section 13, of the Montana constitution to be provided for public funds must be
 administered by the board of investments in accordance with the prudent expert principle, which requires
 any investment manager to:

4 (a) discharge the duties with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence, under the circumstances then
5 prevailing, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity with the same resources and familiar with like
6 matters exercises in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character with like aims;

(b) diversify the holdings of each fund within the unified investment program to minimize the risk
of loss and to maximize the rate of return unless, under the circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do
so; and

(c) discharge the duties solely in the interest of and for the benefit of the funds forming the unifiedinvestment program.

(2) (a) Retirement funds may be invested in common stocks of any corporation, except that an
investment may not be made at any time that would cause the book value of the investments in any
retirement fund to exceed 50% of the book value of the fund or would cause the stock of one corporation
to exceed 2% of the book value of the retirement fund.

(b) Other public funds may not be invested in private corporate capital stock. "Private corporate
 capital stock" means only the common stock of a corporation.

(3) (a) This section does not prevent investment in any business activity in Montana, including
 activities that continue existing jobs or create new jobs in Montana.

(b) The board is urged under the prudent expert principle to invest up to 3% of retirement funds
in venture capital companies. Whenever possible, preference should be given to investments in those
venture capital companies that demonstrate an interest in making investments in Montana.

(c) In discharging its duties, the board shall consider the preservation of purchasing power of
capital during periods of high monetary inflation.

25 (d) The board may not make a direct loan to an individual borrower. The purchase of a loan or a
26 portion of a loan originated by a financial institution is not considered a direct loan.

(4) The board has the primary authority to invest state funds. Another agency may not invest state
funds unless otherwise provided by law. The board shall direct the investment of state funds in accordance
with the laws and constitution of this state. The board has the power to veto any investments made under
its general supervision.



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1	(5)	The board shall:
2	(a)	assist agencies with public money to determine if, when, and how much surplus cash is
3	available fo	r investment;
4	(b)	determine the amount of surplus treasury cash to be invested;
5	(c)	determine the type of investment to be made;
6	(d)	prepare the claim to pay for the investment; and
7	(e)	keep an account of the total of each investment fund and of all the investments belonging to
8	the fund an	d a record of the participation of each treasury fund account in each investment fund.
9	(6)	The board may:
10	(a)	execute deeds of conveyance transferring all real property obtained through foreclosure of any
11	investment	s purchased under the provisions of 17-6-211 when full payment has been received for the
12	property;	
13	(b)	direct the withdrawal of any funds deposited by or for the state treasurer pursuant to 17-6-101
14	and 17-6-1	05;
15	(c)	direct the sale of any securities in the program at their full and true value when found necessary
16	to raise mo	ney for payments due from the treasury funds for which the securities have been purchased;
17	(d)	expend funds needed to cover costs of necessary repairs to property owned by the board as
18	an investm	ent. The expenditures may be made directly by the board and are statutorily appropriated, as
19	provided in	17-7-502. Repairs that cost in excess of \$2,500 must be bid, and the bid must be awarded in
20	compliance	with existing state law and regulations. Emergency repairs may be made by the board without
21	bid if appro	oved by the state architect.
22	(7)	The cost of administering and accounting for each investment fund must be deducted from the
23	income fro	m each fund.
24	(8)	At the beginning of each fiscal year, the board shall, from the appropriate fund, reimburse the
25	department	t of commerce for the costs of administering programs established under Title 90, chapter 3, that
26	are not cov	rered by payback funds available from the account established in 90-3-305."
27		
28	<u>SEC</u>	CTION 13. SECTION 17-7-304, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
29	"17	7-7-304. (Temporary) Disposal of unexpended appropriations. (1) All money appropriated for any
30	specific pu	rpose except that appropriated for the university system units listed in subsection (2) and except

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as provided in subsection (4) must, after the expiration of the time for which appropriated, revert to the
 several funds and accounts from which originally appropriated. However, any unexpended balance in any
 specific appropriation may be used for the years for which the appropriation was made.

4 (2) Except as provided in 17-2-108 and subsection (3) of this section, all money appropriated for the university of Montana campuses at Missoula, Butte, Dillon, and Helena and the Montana state university 5 6 campuses at Bozeman, Billings, Havre, and Great Falls, the agricultural experiment station with central 7 offices at Bozeman, the forest and conservation experiment station with central offices at Missoula, the 8 cooperative extension service with central offices at Bozeman, and the bureau of mines and geology with 9 central offices in Butte must, after the expiration of the time for which appropriated, revert to an account held by the board of regents. The board of regents is authorized to maintain a fund balance. There is a 10 11 statutory appropriation, as provided in 17-7-502, to use the funds held in this account in accordance with a long-term plan for major and deferred maintenance expenditures and equipment or fixed assets purchases 12 prepared by the affected university system units and approved by the board of regents. The affected 13 14 university system units may, with the approval of the board of regents, modify the long-term plan at any 15 time to address changing needs and priorities. The board of regents shall communicate the plan to each 16 legislature, to the finance committee when requested by the committee, and to the office of budget and 17 program planning.

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to reversions that are the result of a reduction in spending
 directed by the governor pursuant to 17-7-140. Any amount that is a result of a reduction in spending
 directed by the governor must revert to the fund or account from which it was originally appropriated.

(4) For the 2 years following the end of a fiscal year, 30% of the money appropriated to an agency
for that year by the general appropriations act for personal services, operating expenses, and equipment,
by fund type, and remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the end of the year may be spent for any
purpose that is consistent with the goals and objectives of the agency. The dollar amount of the 30%
amount that may be carried forward and spent must be determined by the office of budget and program
planning. (Terminates July 1, 1997--sec. 13, Ch. 23, Sp. L. November 1993.)

27 **17-7-304. (Effective July 1, 1997) Disposal of unexpended appropriations.** (1) All money 28 appropriated for any specific purpose except that appropriated for the university system units listed in 29 subsection (2) must, after the expiration of the time for which appropriated, revert to the several funds and 30 accounts from which originally appropriated. However, any unexpended balance in any specific



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appropriation may be used for the years for which the appropriation was made.

2 (2) Except as provided in 17-2-108 and subsection (3) of this section, all money appropriated for 3 the university of Montana campuses at Missoula, Butte, Dillon, and Helena and the Montana state university 4 campuses at Bozeman, Billings, Havre, and Great Falls, the agricultural experiment station with central 5 offices at Bozeman, the forest and conservation experiment station with central offices at Missoula, the 6 cooperative extension service with central offices at Bozeman, and the bureau of mines and geology with 7 central offices in Butte must, after the expiration of the time for which appropriated, revert to an account 8 held by the board of regents. The board of regents is authorized to maintain a fund balance. There is a 9 statutory appropriation, as provided in 17-7-502, to use the funds held in this account in accordance with 10 a long-term plan for major and deferred maintenance expenditures and equipment or fixed assets purchases 11 prepared by the affected university system units and approved by the board of regents. The affected 12 university system units may, with the approval of the board of regents, modify the long-term plan at any 13 time to address changing needs and priorities. The board of regents shall communicate the plan to each 14 legislature, to the finance committee when requested by the committee, and to the office of budget and 15 program planning.

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to reversions that are the result of a reduction in spending
directed by the governor pursuant to 17-7-140. Any amount that is a result of a reduction in spending
directed by the governor must revert to the fund or account from which it was originally appropriated."

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Section 14. Section 17-7-402, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "17-7-402. Budget amendment requirements. (1) Except as provided in subsection (6), a budget
 22 amendment may not be approved:

23 (a) by the approving authority, except a budget amendment to spend:

24 (i) additional federal revenue;

25 (ii) additional tuition collected by the Montana university system;

26 (iii) additional revenue deposited in the internal service funds within the department or the office

27 of the commissioner of higher education as a result of increased service demands by state agencies;

28 (iv) Montana historical society enterprise revenue resulting from sales to the public;

(v) additional revenue that is deposited in funds other than the general fund and that is from the
 sale of fuel for those agencies participating in the Montana public vehicle fueling program established by



1 Executive Order 22-91; or

2 (vi) revenue resulting from the sale of goods produced or manufactured by the industries program 3 of an institution within the department of corrections;

- 4 (b) by the approving authority if the budget amendment contains any significant ascertainable 5 commitment for any present or future increased general fund support;
- 6 (c) by the approving authority for the expenditure of money in the state special revenue fund unless 7 an emergency justifies the expenditure or the expenditure is exempt under subsection (4);
- 8

(d) by the approving authority unless it will provide additional services;

9 (e) by the approving authority for any matter of which the requesting agency had knowledge at 10 a time when the proposal could have been presented to an appropriation subcommittee, the house 11 appropriations committee, or the senate finance and claims committee of the most recent legislative session 12 open to that matter, except when the legislative finance committee is given specific notice by the approving 13 authority that significant identifiable events, specific to Montana and pursuant to provisions or requirements 14 of Montaha state law, have occurred since the matter was raised with or presented for consideration by 15 the legislature; or

16

(f) to extend beyond June 30 of the last year of any biennium.

17 (2) All budget amendments must itemize planned expenditures by fiscal year.

18 (3) Each budget amendment must be submitted by the approving authority to the budget director 19 and the legislative fiscal analyst. The proposed expenditure of money from nonstate or nonfederal sources 20 that is restricted by law must be submitted to the legislative fiscal analyst.

21 (4) Money from nonstate or nonfederal sources that would be deposited in the state special 22 revenue fund and that is restricted by law or by the terms of a written agreement, such as a contract, trust agreement, or donation, is exempt from the requirements of this part. 23

24

(5) An appropriation that would usually be the subject of a budget amendment that is submitted 25 to the legislature for approval during a legislative session may not include authority to spend money beyond 26 the first fiscal year of the next biennium.

- 27 (6) A budget amendment to spend state funds, other than from the general fund, required for 28 matching funds in order to receive a grant is exempt from the provisions of subsection (1)."
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Section 15. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:



- "17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition -- requisites for validity. (1) A statutory
 appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency
 without the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.
- 4 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply 5 with both of the following provisions:
- 6

(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).

7 (b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a
8 statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.

9 (3) The following laws are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 10 2-18-812; 3-5-901; 5-13-403; 10-3-203; 10-3-310; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 15-1-111; 15-23-706; 15-30-195; 15-31-702; 15-36-324; 15-36-325, 15-37-117; 15-38-202; 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 11 12 16-1-410; 16-1-411; 16-11-308; 17-3-106; 17-3-212; 17-3-222; 17-5-404; 17-5-424; 17-5-804; 17-6-101; 17-6-201; 17-7-304; 18-11-112; 19-2-502; 19-5-404; 19-6-709; 19-8-504; 19-9-702; 13 14 19-9-1007; 19-13-604; 19-13-1006; 19-17-301; 19-18-512; 19-18-513; 19-18-606; 19-19-205; 15 19-19-305; 19-19-506; 20-8-107; 20-8-111; 20-9-361; 20-26-1503; 23-5-136; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 16 23-5-610; 23-5-612; 23-5-631; 23-7-301; 23-7-402; 32-1-537; 37-43-204; 37-51-501; 39-71-503; 17 39-71-907; 39-71-2321; 39-71-2504; 44-12-206; 44-13-102; 50-4-623; 50-5-232; 50-40-206; 53-6-150; 18 53-6-703; 53-24-206; 60-2-220; 67-3-205; 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-6-214; 75-11-313; 76-12-123; 80-2-103; 80-2-222; 80-4-416; 81-5-111; 82-11-136; 82-11-161; 85-1-220; 85-20-402; 90-3-301; 19 20 90-4-215; 90-6-331; 90-7-220; 90-7-221; and 90-9-306.

21 (4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, 22 paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued 23 pursuant to the laws of Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of 24 Montana to pay the state treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as 25 determined by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the 26 bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for the payments. (In subsection (3): pursuant to 27 sec. 7, Ch. 567, L. 1991, the inclusion of 19-6-709 terminates upon death of last recipient eligible for supplemental benefit; and pursuant to sec. 7(2), Ch. 29, L. 1995, the inclusion of 15-30-195 terminates 28 29 July 1, 2001.)"

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- 20 -

1 Section 16. Section 17-8-101, MCA, is amended to read: 2 "17-8-101. Appropriation and disbursement of money from treasury. (1) Except as provided in 3 subsection (5) For purposes of complying with Article VIII, section 14, of the Montana constitution, money 4 deposited in the general fund, the special revenue fund type (except money deposited in the treasury from 5 nonstate and nonfederal sources restricted by law or by the terms of an agreement, such as a contract, 6 trust agreement, or donation), the enterprise fund type, the debt service fund type, and the capital projects 7 fund type, with the exception of refunds authorized in subsection (3) (4), must be paid out of the treasury 8 only on appropriation made by law. (2) Money deposited in the enterprise fund type, ENTERPRISE FUND TYPE, DEBT SERVICE FUND 9 10 TYPE, internal service fund type, debt service fund type, expendable trust fund type, nonexpendable trust 11 fund type, pension trust fund type, agency fund type, and state special revenue fund from nonstate and 12 nonfederal sources restricted by law or by the terms of an agreement, such as a contract, trust agreement, 13 or donation, and agency fund type may be paid out of the treasury: 14 (a) by appropriation; or 15 (b) under general laws, or contracts entered into in pursuance of law, permitting the disbursement. 16 (3) The pension trust fund type is not considered a part of the state treasury for appropriation 17 purposes. Money deposited in the pension trust fund type may be paid out of the treasury pursuant to 18 general laws, trust agreement, or contract. 19 (3)(4) Subject to the provisions of subsection (8), money Money paid into the state treasury 20 through error or under circumstances, such that the state is not legally entitled to retain it and a refund 21 procedure is not otherwise provided by law, may be refunded upon the submission of a verified claim 22 approved by the department of administration. 23 (4)(5) Authority to expend appropriated money may be transferred from one state agency to 24 another, provided that the original purpose of the appropriation is maintained. The office of budget and 25 program planning shall report semiannually to the legislative finance committee concerning all appropriations 26 transferred under the provisions of this section. 27 (6) Fees and charges for services deposited in the internal service fund type must be based upon commensurate costs. The legislative auditor, during regularly scheduled audits of state agencies, shall audit 28 29 and report on the reasonableness of internal service fund type fees and charges and on the fund equity 30 balances.



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(6)(7) The office of budget and program planning shall include in the budget submitted to the
 legislature a report on:

(a) enterprise funds, including retained earnings and contributed capital, projected operations and
 charges, and projected fund balances; and

5 (b) internal service fund type fees and charges, including changes in the level of fees and charges, 6 projected use of the fees and charges, and projected fund balances. Internal service fund type fees and 7 charges must be approved by the legislature in the general appropriations act. Fees and charges in any 8 biennium may not exceed the level approved by the legislature in the general appropriations act effective 9 for that biennium.

10 (7)(8) Any The creation of accounts in the enterprise fund or the internal service fund created after 11 July 1, 1995, must be approved by the department, using conformity with generally accepted accounting 12 principles as the primary approval criteria. The department shall report annually to the office of budget and 13 program planning and the legislative finance committee on the nature, status, and justification for all new 14 accounts in the enterprise fund and the internal service fund.

15 (8)(9) Enterprise and internal service AND INTERNAL SERVICE funds must be appropriated if they 16 are used as a part of a program that is not an enterprise or internal service function and otherwise requires 17 an appropriation <u>paid out of the state treasury</u> USED AS A PART OF A PROGRAM THAT IS NOT AN 18 ENTERPRISE OR INTERNAL SERVICE FUNCTION AND THAT OTHERWISE REQUIRES AN APPROPRIATION. 19 The payment of funds into an internal service fund must be authorized by law."

20 21

Section 17. Section 19-2-404, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-2-404. Appointment and compensation of administrative staff. The department board shall
 appoint hire and fix the compensation of an administrator and other necessary employees to assist the
 board in administering the retirement systems. <u>The compensation of the administrator and employees must</u>
 <u>be established in accordance with Title 2, chapter 18.</u>"

26

27 Section 18. Section 19-2-408, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-2-408. Administrative expenses. (1) The legislature finds that proper administration of the
 pension trust funds benefits both employers and members and continues to benefit members after
 retirement.



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1	(2) The administrative expenses of the retirement systems administered by the board must be paid
2	from the investment earnings on the pension trust fund of the public employees' retirement system, except
3	as provided in subsection (3). Before the fiscal yearend closing, the board shall compute the administrative
4	expenses attributable to each retirement system administered by the board for the immediately preceding
5	fiscal year and transfer that amount from each retirement system's pension trust fund to the pension trust
6	fund of the public employees' retirement system. The total administrative expenses of the board, including
7	the administration of the volunteer firefighters' pension plan, may not exceed 1.5% of the total retirement
8	benefits paid.
9	(3) On January 1 of each year, each employer under the public employees' retirement system shall
10	contribute on behalf of each member then in its service a membership fee of \$1 in addition to other required
11	contributions. The appropriation of these fees, together with other money appropriated for that purpose,
12	must be used for the purpose of defraying the administrative expense of chapters 2, 3, 5 through 9, and
13	13_7 and this chapter.
14	(4) Any request for an increase in spending authority for administrative expenses requires a budget
15	amondment and is subject to Title 17, chapter 7, part 4.
16	(5) The board may assess and the division may collect a fee from the department of fish, wildlife,
17	and parks for the purpose of defraying the expenses of administering chapter 8 of this title."
18	
19	Section 19. Section 19-2-502, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"19-2-502. Statutory appropriation of payments Payments from pension trust funds. (1) Assets
21	The board shall administer the assets of the pension trust funds are statutorily appropriated, as provided
22	in 17-7-502, to the division for payment of benefits and refunds to eligible recipients and for paying the
23	necessary administrative and investment expenses of the retirement systems as provided in Article VIII,
24	section 15, of the Montana constitution, subject to the specific provisions of chapters 2, 3, 5 through 9,
25	and 13 of this title.
26	(2) Benefits and refunds to eligible recipients are payable pursuant to a contract as contained in
27	statute. The contract is entered into on the first day of a member's covered employment and may be
28	enhanced by the legislature. Unless specifically provided for by statute, the contract does not contain
29	revisions to statutes after the time of retirement or termination."
30	



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1

Section 20. Section 19-5-404, MCA, is amended to read:

2 "19-5-404. Contributions by state. (1) The state of Montana shall contribute monthly to the 3 pension trust fund a sum equal to 6% of the compensation of each member. In addition, the clerk of each 4 district court shall transmit 68% of certain filing fees as required under 25-1-201(2) and that portion of the fee for filing a petition for dissolution of marriage and a motion for substitution of a judge specified in 5 25-1-201(4) and (6) to the state, which shall first deposit in the pension trust fund an amount equal to 6 7 34.71% of the total compensation paid to district judges and supreme court justices who are covered by 8 the judges' retirement system and then deposit the balance in the state general fund. The clerk of the 9 supreme court shall pay one-fourth of the fees collected under 3-2-403 to the division to be credited to the 10 pension trust fund.

11 (2) The state of Montana shall contribute monthly from the renewable resource grant and loan 12 program account in the state special revenue fund to the judges' pension trust fund an amount equal to 13 34.71% of the compensation paid to the chief water court judge. <u>The state contributions in this section</u> 14 <u>are statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.</u> THE JUDICIARY SHALL INCLUDE IN ITS BUDGET AND 15 <u>SHALL REQUEST FOR LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION AN AMOUNT NECESSARY TO DEFRAY THE</u> 16 <u>STATE'S PORTION OF THE COSTS OF THIS SECTION.</u>"

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Section 21. Section 19-6-709, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-6-709. (Temporary) Supplemental benefits for certain retirees. (1) In addition to any retirement
 benefit payable under this chapter, a retired member or a survivor determined by the board to be eligible
 under subsection (2) must receive an annual lump-sum benefit payment beginning in September 1991 and
 each succeeding year as long as the member remains eligible.

23 (2) To be eligible for the benefits under this section, a person must be receiving a monthly benefit
24 before July 1, 1991, and must be:

(a) a retired member who is 55 years of age or older and who has been receiving a service
retirement benefit for at least 5 years prior to the date of distribution;

(b) a survivor of a member who would have been eligible under subsection (2)(a); or

27

28 (c) a recipient of a disability or survivorship benefit under 19-6-601 or 19-6-901.

(3) A retired member otherwise qualified under this section who is employed in a position covered
 by a retirement system under Title 19 is ineligible to receive any lump-sum benefit payments provided for



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in this section until the member's service in the covered position is terminated. Upon termination of the
 member's covered service, the retired member becomes eligible in the next fiscal year succeeding the
 member's termination.

4 (4) (a) Twenty-five An amount equal to 25 cents of each motor vehicle registration fee provided 5 for in 61-3-321(5) must be deposited in paid from the general fund to the pension trust fund at the end of 6 each fiscal year. The fee payment is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the pension fund 7 for payment of benefits to eligible recipients. The total funds must be distributed by the division in 8 lump-sum payments to eligible recipients along with their normal retirement benefit payment.

9 (b) The lump-sum payment must be distributed proportionally to all eligible recipients based on
10 service credit at the time of retirement, subject to the following:

(i) a recipient under subsection (2)(c) is considered to have 20 years of service for the purposes
 of the distributions;

(ii) any recipient of a service retirement benefit exceeding the maximum monthly benefit under
19-6-707(2)(a) must have the recipient's service credit reduced 25% for the purposes of the distributions;
(iii) the maximum annual increase in the amount of supplemental benefits paid to each individual
under this section after August 31, 1993, is the percentage increase for the previous calendar year in the
annual average consumer price index for urban wage earners and workers, compiled by the bureau of labor
statistics of the United States department of labor or its successor agency.

(c) Any amount deposited in the pension trust fund under subsection (4)(a) for the payment of
 supplemental benefits under this section that exceeds the limitation of subsection (4)(b)(iii) must be used
 to amortize unfunded liabilities of the retirement system.

(5) Every 10 years following July 1, 1991, the division shall review the size of the additional fee collected under 61-3-321(5) and deposited in the account <u>paid to the pension trust fund</u> in accordance with subsection (4)(a) and recommend to each legislature following the division's review any legislation necessary to reduce the fee to the minimum amount necessary to provide the supplemental benefits provided by this section."

27

28 Section 22. Section 19-8-504, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-8-504. State's contribution. Each month, the state treasurer shall pay to the pension trust
 fund out of the department of fish, wildlife, and parks funds, a sum equal to 8.15% of all members'



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salaries. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502. THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH, 1 2 WILDLIFE, AND PARKS SHALL INCLUDE IN ITS BUDGET AND SHALL REQUEST FOR LEGISLATIVE 3 APPROPRIATION AN AMOUNT NECESSARY TO DEFRAY THE STATE'S PORTION OF THE COSTS OF THIS 4 SECTION." 5 6 Section 23. Section 19-9-702, MCA, is amended to read: 7 "19-9-702. State contribution. The state of Montana shall make its contributions through the state 8 auditor out of from the general fund the promium tax on motor vehicle property and casualty insurance 9 policies. The payments general fund contributions must be made annually after the end of each fiscal year 10 but no later than November 1 from the gross premium tax after deduction for cancellations and returned 11 promiume. The division shall notify the state auditor by September 1 of each fiscal year of the annual 12 compensation paid to all active members during the preceding fiscal year. The state's contribution is 13 15.66% of compensation paid to members. The contributions are statutorily appropriated as provided in 14 17-7-502." 15 16 Section 24. Section 19-9-1007, MCA, is amended to read: 17 "19-9-1007. Supplement to certain benefits. (1) The benefits paid in each fiscal year to a retired 18 member or the member's survivors may not be less than one-half of the compensation that will be paid in 19 the current fiscal year in the appropriate city or town to newly confirmed police officers. 20 (2) On or before October 1 of each year, the division shall make a report including the following 21 information: 22 (a) the names of all retired members who are receiving benefits from the retirement system as of 23 the date of the report; 24 (b) the names of all surviving spouses or dependent children who are receiving benefits from the 25 retirement system because of the death of an active or retired member of this or a prior plan; 26 (c) for the purpose of determining the base retirement, disability, or survivorship benefits for the 27 computations set forth in subsection (3), the following information relating to the base fiscal year 28 commencing July 1, 1976: 29 (i) the amount of the benefits paid in the base fiscal year to each retired member described in 30 subsection (2)(a); Legislative

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(ii) the amount of the benefits paid in the base fiscal year to each surviving spouse or dependent
 child described in subsection (2)(b);

3 (iii) upon the death after the base fiscal year of any retired member who was receiving benefits, the
4 amount of benefits that would have been paid to an eligible surviving spouse of the retired member if the
5 surviving spouse had been receiving benefits in the base fiscal year;

6 (d) the original amount of retirement, disability, or survivorship benefits paid to retired members
7 or their eligible survivors as of the original retirement dates after July 1, 1975;

8 (e) the compensation that will be paid during the current fiscal year to a newly confirmed police
9 officer of each city or town participating in the retirement system.

10 (3) The division shall compute the difference between each amount reported under subsections 11 (2)(c) through (2)(e) and one-half the compensation to be paid during the current fiscal year to a newly 12 confirmed police officer of the appropriate city or town. The difference must be reported to the state 13 auditor, who shall pay the difference from the general fund to the pension trust fund out of the promium 14 tax collected on insurance cold in this state to insure against the risks enumerated in 19-18-512(3) no later 15 than November 1. If the compensation of a newly confirmed police officer has not been set for the current 16 fiscal year in time to be included in the October 1 report to the state auditor, the division shall make any 17 retroactive adjustments necessary to individual supplemental benefits after the current compensation has 18 been determined and shall include these amounts in the next year's report for reimbursement at that time. 19 (4) The premium tax amount paid by the state auditor is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 20 17-7-502, for the payment of supplemental retirement benefits to eligible retired members and their

survivors. This payment <u>amount</u> is in addition to the payment to be made by the state auditor under
19-9-702.

(5) If more than one dependent child is entitled to supplementary benefits under this section by
virtue of the death of a common parent, the minimum benefit paid to the dependent children under this
section must be determined as if there were one dependent child and the supplementary benefits must be
paid to the dependent children collectively."

27

28

Section 25. Section 19-13-604, MCA, is amended to read:

29 "19-13-604. State contribution. The state shall make its contributions through the state auditor
 30 from the premium taxes on the insurance risks enumerated in 19-18-512 general fund. These payments



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Payments must be made annually from the general fund to the pension trust fund after the end of each fiscal year but no later than November 1 from the gross premium taxes after deduction for cancellations and returned premiums. The division shall notify the state auditor of the annual compensation, excluding overtime, holiday payments, shift differential payments, compensatory time payments, and payments in lieu of sick leave, paid to all active members during the preceding year. The state's contribution is 24.21% of this total compensation. As soon as practicable after receipt of the state contribution, the division shall deposit it in the pension trust fund. The contributions are statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."

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Section 26. Section 19-13-1006, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-13-1006. Supplement to retirement benefits for persons retiring before July 1, 1973. (1) The 10 retirement system shall pay to each member retired before July 1, 1973, or the member's surviving spouse 11 or dependent children a monthly retirement benefit of not less than one-half the regular monthly 12 compensation paid to a confirmed active firefighter of the city that last employed the member as a 13 firefighter, as provided each year in the budget of that city. If the city that last employed the member as 14 a firefighter no longer employs a full-paid firefighter, the member's or survivor's benefit may not be less 15 16 than one-half the average regular monthly compensation paid to all newly confirmed full-paid firefighters, 17 as provided each year in the budgets of those cities that participate in the retirement system and employ 18 a full-paid firefighter. In the case of volunteer firefighters, the retirement benefit may not exceed \$75 per month. Distribution of the money provided for this purpose under 19-18-606(1) subsection (2) must be 19 20 made according to subsection (2) (3).

(2) The state auditor shall deposit the proceeds of the tax collected pursuant to 50-3-109(1)(b) in the general fund. The state auditor shall pay an amount equal to the proceeds of the tax from the general fund to the pension trust fund to be used to pay claims as provided in subsection (3). The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502. If the amount paid is in excess of the amount necessary for the payment of claims as provided in subsection (3), the excess must be used to pay the supplementary benefits provided for in 19-13-1009.

(2)(3) (a) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the division shall request and, except as provided
in subsection (2)(b) (3)(b), the state auditor shall issue pay from the state special revenue general fund and
deliver to the division pension trust fund an amount certified to be equal to the total annual dollar difference
between the total retirement benefits paid to all retirees or their surviving spouses or dependent children



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1 in the previous fiscal year and the total benefits payable on June 30, 1973. The division shall deposit this 2 money into the pension trust fund.

3 (b) If the amount of insufficient money is contained in the state special revenue fund to pay the 4 amount requested paid in subsection (2)(a) (3)(a) is insufficient, the auditor shall pay to the division the 5 balance contained in the state special revenue fund. The division shall continue to request the payment of 6 any portion of the amount requested under subsection (2)(a) (3)(a) that was not paid in previous fiscal years 7 plus sufficient interest to reimburse the pension trust fund₇, which The amounts must be paid to the division 8 pension trust fund prior to determining whether sufficient cash remains in the special revenue fund taxes 9 have been collected to make any amount available for payments into the account established in 19-13-615 10 of supplementary benefits provided for in 19-13-1009. The state auditor shall pay the requests amounts 11 as premium tax money in the state special revenue general fund becomes available."

12

13

Section 27. Section 19-13-1009, MCA, is amended to read:

14 "19-13-1009. Supplement to retirement benefits for persons hired on or after July 1, 1981. (1) 15 The division shall pay a supplemental benefit from the account provided for in 19-13-615 to each member 16 hired on or after July 1, 1981, who has earned 20 years of membership service as an active firefighter or 17 to the member's surviving spouse or dependent children. Except as provided in subsection (2), the 18 supplemental benefit, when added to the service retirement benefit, must equal one-half the regular monthly 19 compensation paid to a newly confirmed full-paid active firefighter of the city that last employed the 20 member as a firefighter as provided each year in the budget of that city. If after a member retires, the city that last employed the member no longer employs a full-paid firefighter, the member's supplemental benefit 21 22 must be calculated on the basis of the average monthly compensation paid to all newly confirmed full-paid 23 firefighters, as provided each year in the budgets of those cities that participate in the retirement system 24 and employ a full-paid firefighter.

25

(2) If the amount available to the account is insufficient to fully fund the supplemental benefit provided for in subsection (1), the supplemental benefit for each eligible member or survivor must be 26 27 reduced by an equal percentage so that the amount contained in the account available for this purpose is 28 not exceeded."

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Section 28. Section 19-17-301, MCA, is amended to read:



1	"19-17-301. Fire insurance premium tax to be paid into pension trust fund. The state auditor and
2	ex efficie commissioner of insurance shall annually deposit in pay from the general fund to the pension trust
3	fund a sum equivalent to 5% of the premium taxes collected from insurers authorized to effect insurance
4	against risks enumerated in 19-18-512 50-3-109. The sum must be computed before the amounts provided
5	for by 19-13-604, 19-13-1006, and 19-18-512 are deducted. The money must be used for the payment
6	of claims, benefits, and administrative costs as provided in this chapter. The money is statutorily
7	appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."
8	
9	Section 29. Section 19-18-512, MCA, is amended to read:
10	"19-18-512. State auditor to pay <u> payment to</u> association out of insurance premium taxes . (1)
11	After the end of the fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver the warrant described in this
12	subsection to the treasurer of every each city or town which that has a fire department relief association
13	entitled by law to receive payments. The warrant shall must be for the use and benefit of the association.
14	It shall The warrant must be for an amount equal to 1 1/2 mills of the total taxable value of the city or town
15	and shall <u>must</u> be paid out of the promium taxes on insurance risks enumerated in subsection (3) collected
16	by the state auditor general fund. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.
17	(2) I f the <u>The</u> payment provided for in subsection (1) is less than \$100, an additional payment shall
18	be made from the same tax moneys so that the total amount received is must be for at least 100 .
19	(3) The risks referred to in subsection (1) are:
20	(a) insurance of houses, buildings, and all other kinds of property against loss or damage by fire
21	or other casualty;
22	(b) all kinds of insurance on goods, merchandise, or other property in the course of transportation,
23	whether by land, water, or air;
24	(c) insurance against loss or damage to motor vahisles resulting from accident, collision, or marine
25	and inland navigation and transportation perils;
26	(d) insurance of growing crops against loss or damage resulting from hail or the elements;
27	(o) insurance against loss or damage by water to any goods or promises arising from the breakage
28	or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus;
29	(f) insurance against loss or-legal-liability for loss because of damage to property caused by the
30	use of teams or vehicles, whether by accident or collision or by explosion of any engine, tank, boiler, pipe,



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1	or tire of any vehicle; and
2	(g) insurance against theft of the whole or any part of any vehicle."
3	
4	Section 30. Section 19-19-205, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"19-19-205. Actuarial valuation of police retirement fund. (1) The city treasurer shall submit to
6	the department of administration before October 1 of each odd-numbered year all information requested
7	by the department necessary to complete an actuarial valuation of the city's police retirement fund. The
8	valuation shall must consider the actuarial soundness of the police retirement fund for the 2 preceding fiscal
9	years.
10	(2) The valuation is to must be prepared by a qualified actuary selected by the department. A
11	qualified actuary is a member of the American academy of actuaries or of any organization considered by
12	the department to have similar standards.
13	(3) In each fiscal year in which an actuarial valuation is prepared, the department shall submit to
14	the state auditor a request for payment of the expense incurred in securing the actuarial valuation. The
15	expense may not exceed \$6,000 in any fiscal year. The state auditor shall make payment to the actuary
16	designated in the request from the general fund. The payment is statutorily appropriated as provided in
17	17-7-502."
18	
19	Section 31. Section 19-19-305, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"19-19-305. Annual state payments to municipality with police department. (1) After the end of
21	each fiscal year, the state auditor shall issue and deliver to the treasurer of each city and town in Montana
22	which that has a police department and which that is not a participant in the municipal police officers'
23	retirement system his a warrant for an amount computed in the same manner as the amount paid (or that
24	would be paid if an existing relief association met the legal requirements for payment) to cities and towns
25	for fire department relief associations pursuant to 19-18-512. The payment from the general fund is
26	statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.
27	(2) The payments provided for by 19-19-205 and subsection (1) of this section shall be paid from
28	the promium tax collected on insurance sold in this state to insure against the risks enumerated in
29	19-18-512. Such payments may only be made after deductions have been made from the gross premium
30	tax for cancellations and returned premiums.



(3) Each city or town which that has a police retirement fund shall deposit the payment to the
 credit of its police retirement fund.

3 (4)(3) Payments provided for in 19-19-205 and subsection (1) of this section are in addition to
 4 those provided for in 19-19-301."

5

6

Section 32. Section 19-19-506, MCA, is amended to read:

7 "19-19-506. Supplement to certain pensions. (1) The payment for each fiscal year to the police
8 officers, spouses, or minor children described in subsections (2)(a) through (2)(c) may be not be less than
9 one-half of the salary paid in that fiscal year in the appropriate city or town to newly confirmed police
10 officers.

(2) On or before April 1 of each year, the board of trustees shall make a report to the state auditor
 including the following information:

(a) the names of all police officers who are receiving payments from the police retirement fund of
the city or town as of the date of the report and <u>who</u> were receiving such the payments prior to July 1,
1975;

(b) the names of all spouses or minor children who are receiving payments from the police
retirement fund because of the death of a police officer who was receiving such payments prior to July 1,
18 1975;

(c) the names of all spouses or minor children who are receiving payments from the police
 retirement fund and who were receiving such payments prior to July 1, 1975, or in the case of minor
 children, whose parent, the spouse of a police officer, was receiving such payments prior to July 1, 1975;

(d) for the purpose of determining the base figure for the computations set forth in subsection (4),
the following information relating to the base fiscal year commencing July 1, 1976:

24 (i) the amount of the payments made in the base fiscal year to each police officer described in
25 subsection (2)(a);

(ii) the amount of the payments made in the base fiscal year to each spouse or minor child for
 children) described in subsection (2)(b) or (2)(c);

(iii) upon the death after April 18, 1977, of any police officer on the retired list who was receiving
 payments from the police retirement fund prior to July 1, 1975, and who is survived by a spouse or minor
 children child entitled to receive payments therefrom from the police retirement fund, the amount which



that would have been paid to an eligible spouse of such the police officer had if that spouse had been
 receiving payments in the base fiscal year.

3 (3) Each fiscal year immediately after the adoption by a city or town having a police retirement fund 4 of its budget for that fiscal year, each such the city or town shall report to the state auditor the salary for 5 that fiscal year of a newly confirmed police officer of that city or town.

6 (4) The state auditor shall, upon receipt of the reports referred to in subsections (2) and (3), 7 compute the difference between each amount reported under subsections (2)(d)(i) through (2)(d)(iii) and 8 one-half the salary for the current fiscal year of a newly confirmed police officer of the appropriate city or 9 town. The difference shall must be paid by the state auditor out of the premium tax collected on insurance, 10 as provided in 19-19-305(2), general fund to the treasurer of the appropriate city or town at the same time 11 as and in addition to the payment to be made by the state auditor under 19-19-305(1). The payment is 12 statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.

(5) The treasurer of each city or town receiving funds under subsection (4) shall immediately
deposit them to the credit of the city or town's police retirement fund. The board of trustees of the fund
shall use the funds to supplement the monthly payments to persons described in subsections (2)(a) through
(2)(c) so that the requirements of subsection (1) are met.

17 (6) If more than one minor child is entitled to supplementary payments under this section by virtue
18 of the death of a common parent police officer, the minimum payment to such the minor children under this
19 section shall must be determined as if there were one such minor child and the supplementary payment
20 shall must be made to the minor children collectively."

21

22 Section 33. Section 19-20-203, MCA, is amended to read:

23 "19-20-203. Officers and employees of retirement board. (1) It is the duty of the retirement board
24 to:

25 (a) elect a presiding officer from its membership;

26 (b) appoint a secretary, who may be one of its members;

(c) employ technical or administrative employees who are necessary for the transaction of the
 business of the retirement system and establish their compensation pursuant to Title 2, chapter 18; and
 (d) designate an actuary who meets the qualifications established by the retirement board to assist
 the retirement board with the technical actuarial aspects of the operation of the retirement system, which



includes establishing mortality and service tables and making an actuarial investigation at least once every 1 2 5 years into the mortality, service, and compensation experience of the members and beneficiaries of the 3 retirement system. 4 (2) A guorum of the board is three members." 5 Section 34. Section 19-20-501, MCA, is amended to read: 6 7 "19-20-501. Financial administration of money. The members of the retirement board are the 8 trustees of all money collected for the retirement system, and as trustees, they shall provide for the 9 financial administration of the money as provided in Article VIII, section 15, of the Montana constitution 10 in the following manner: 11 (1) The money must be invested and reinvested by the state board of investments. 12 (2) The retirement board annually shall establish the rate of regular interest. 13 (3) The retirement board annually shall divide among the several reserves of the retirement system 14 an amount equal to the average balance of the reserves during the preceding fiscal year multiplied by the 15 rate of regular interest. In accordance with the provisions of 19-20-605(5), the amount to be credited to 16 each reserve must be allocated from the interest and other earnings on the money of the retirement system 17 actually realized during the preceding fiscal year, less the amount allocated to the expense fund under the provisions of 19-20-606 administrative expenses. The administrative expenses of the retirement system 18 19 may not exceed 1.5% of retirement benefits paid. 20 (4) The state treasurer is the custodian of the collected retirement system money and of the 21 securities in which the money is invested. 22 (5) All For purposes of Article VIII, section 12, of the Montana constitution, all the reserves 23 established by part 6 of this chapter must be accounts in the pension trust fund type of the treasury fund 24 structure of the state. 25 (6) Benefits and refunds to eligible recipients are payable pursuant to a contract as contained in 26 statute. Unless specifically provided for by statute, the contract does not contain revisions to statutes after 27 the time of retirement or termination." 28 29 Section 35. Section 19-20-605, MCA, is amended to read: 30 "19-20-605. Pension accumulation fund -- employer's contribution. The pension accumulation fund Legislative Tervices - 34 -HB 169 Division

1 is the fund in which the reserves for payment of pensions and annuities must be accumulated and from 2 which pensions, annuities, and benefits must be paid to or on account of beneficiaries credited with prior service. Contributions to and payments from the pension accumulation fund must be made as follows: 3

(1) Each employer shall pay into the pension accumulation fund an amount equal to 7.47% of the 4 earned compensation of each member employed during the whole or part of the preceding payroll period. 5

(2) If the employer is a district or community college district, the trustees shall budget and pay for 6 7 the employer's contribution under the provisions of 20-9-501.

8 (3) If the employer is the superintendent of public instruction, a public institution of the state of 9 Montana, a unit of the Montana university system, or the Montana state school for the deaf and blind, the 10 legislature shall appropriate to the employer an adequate amount to allow the payment of the employer's 11 contribution.

12 (4) If the employer is a county, the county commissioners shall budget and pay for the employer's 13 contribution in the manner provided by law for the adoption of a county budget and for payments under 14 the budget.

15 (5) All interest and other earnings realized on the money of the retirement system shall must be 16 credited to the pension accumulation fund, and the amount required to allow regular interest on the annuity 17 savings fund shall must be transferred to that fund from the pension accumulation fund.

18 (6) All pensions, annuities, and benefits must be paid from the pension accumulation fund.

19 (7) The retirement board may, in its discretion, transfer from the pension accumulation fund to the 20 expense fund an amount necessary to cover expenses of administration."

21

22

Section 36. Section 50-3-109, MCA, is amended to read:

23 "50-3-109. Tax on fire insurance premiums for maintenance of state fire prevention and 24 invectigation activities of department of justice. (1) Each insurer authorized to effect insurance on risks 25 enumerated in 19 18 512 subsection (2) doing business in this state shall pay to the state auditor and 26 commissioner of insurance ox officio during the month of February or March in each year, in addition to the 27 taxes on premiums required by law to be paid by it, a tax of 1% taxes on the fire portion of the direct 28 premiums on such the enumerated risks received during the calendar year next preceding after deducting 29 cancellations and return premiums. The taxes are:

30 (a) 1% to be deposited as provided in 17-2-121; and



1	(b) 1 1/2% to be used for purposes of 19-13-1006.
2	(2) The risks referred to in subsection (1) are:
3	(a) insurance of houses, buildings, and all other kinds of property against loss or damage by fire
4	or other casualty;
5	(b) all kinds of insurance on goods, merchandise, or other property in the course of transportation,
6	whether by land, water, or air;
7	(c) insurance against loss or damage to motor vehicles resulting from accident, collision, or marine
8	and inland navigation and transportation perils;
9	(d) insurance of growing crops against loss or damage resulting from hail or the elements;
10	(e) insurance against loss or damage by water to any goods or premises arising from the breakage
11	or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, or other apparatus;
12	(f) insurance against loss or legal liability for loss because of damage to property caused by the
13	use of teams or vehicles, whether by accident or collision or by explosion of any engine, tank, boiler, pipe,
14	or tire of any vehicle; and
15	(g) insurance against theft of the whole or any part of a vehicle."
16	
17	Section 37. Section 61-3-321, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles public-owned vehicles exempt from license or
19	registration fees disposition of fees. (1) Registration or license fees must be paid upon registration or
20	reregistration of motor vehicles, trailers, housetrailers, and semitrailers, in accordance with this chapter,
21	as follows:
22	(a) motor vehicles weighing 2,850 pounds or under (other than motortrucks), \$5;
23	(b) motor vehicles weighing over 2,850 pounds (other than motortrucks), \$10;
24	(c) electrically driven passenger vehicles, \$10;
25	(d) all motorcycles and quadricycles, \$2;
26	(e) tractors or trucks, \$10;
27	(f) buses, which are classed as motortrucks, licensed accordingly;
28	(g) trailers and semitrailers less than 2,500 pounds declared weight and housetrailers of all weights,
29	\$2;
30	(h) trailers and semitrailers over 2,500 up to 6,000 pounds declared weight (except housetrailers),



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1 \$5;

(i) trailers and semitrailers over 6,000 pounds declared weight, \$10, except trailers and semitrailers
 registered in other jurisdictions and registered through a proportional registration agreement;

(j) trailers used exclusively in the transportation of logs in the forest or in the transportation of oil
and gas well machinery, road machinery, or bridge materials, new and secondhand, \$15 annually,
regardless of size or capacity.

7 (2) All rates are 25% higher for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers that are not equipped with
8 pneumatic tires.

9 (3) "Tractor", as specified in this section, means any motor vehicle, except a passenger car, that 10 is used for towing a trailer or semitrailer.

(4) If any motor vehicle, housetrailer, trailer, or semitrailer is originally registered 6 months after
the time of registration as set by law, the registration or license fee for the remainder of the year is one-half
of the regular fee.

14 (5) An additional fee of \$5.25 a year for each registration of a vehicle, except trailers and 15 semitrailers registered in other jurisdictions and registered through a proportional registration agreement, 16 must be collected as a registration fee. Revenue from this fee must be forwarded by the respective county 17 treasurers to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund. The department shall distribute pay an 18 amount equal to 25 cents from the each motor vehicle registration fee from the general fund to the pension 19 trust fund for payment of supplemental benefits provided for in 19-6-709.

20 (6) A fee of \$2 for each set of new number plates must be collected when number plates provided
21 for under 61-3-332(3) are issued. Revenue from this fee must be deposited as provided in subsection (5).

(7) The provisions of this part with respect to the payment of registration fees do not apply to and
are not binding upon motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, or tractors owned or controlled by the United
States of America or any state, county, city, or special district, as defined in 18-8-202.

(8) The provisions of this section relating to the payment of registration fees or new number plate
fees do not apply when number plates are transferred to a replacement vehicle under 61-3-317, 61-3-332,
or 61-3-335. (See compiler's comments for contingent termination of certain text.)"

28

29 Section 38. Section 76-13-114, MCA, is amended to read:

30

"76-13-114. Disposition of fines. Fines collected in a court of the state under this part or part 2,



except those collected in a justice's court, chall <u>must</u> be transferred to the state treasurer for deposit in the agency state special revenue</u> fund. Whenever a person is convicted in any court of a violation of this part or part 2, the court may levy and collect as costs in the case the amount necessary to compensate the county for the expenditures made in and for the prosecution of the offender. These costs when collected, except those collected in a justice's court, chall <u>must</u> be deposited by the court with the proper county treasurer for the benefit of the county."

7

8 <u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 39. COORDINATION INSTRUCTIONS.</u> (1) IF HOUSE BILL NO. 170 IS 9 <u>PASSED AND APPROVED AND IF IT CONTAINS A NEW [SECTION 4] PROVIDING FOR STATE</u> 10 <u>CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM ON BEHALF OF LOCAL</u> 11 <u>GOVERNMENTS, THEN:</u>

12 (A) THE NEW [SECTION 4 OF HOUSE BILL NO. 170] SHALL READ:

13 "Section 4. State contributions for local government and school district employers. The state shall 14 contribute monthly from the general fund to the pension trust fund a sum equal to 0.1% of the 15 compensation of members employed by local government entities and school districts on and after [the 16 effective date of this act]. The division shall certify amounts due under this section on a monthly basis, 17 and the state treasurer shall transfer those amounts to the pension trust fund within 1 week. The payment 18 is statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502."; AND

- (B) [SECTION 44 15 OF THIS ACT], AMENDING 17-7-502, SHALL INCLUDE IN THE LIST OF
 SECTIONS WITH A STATUTORY APPROPRIATION, [SECTION 4 OF HOUSE BILL NO. 170].
- (2) IF EITHER HOUSE BILL NO. 173 OR HOUSE BILL NO. 430, IS PASSED AND APPROVED, OR
 IF BOTH ARE PASSED AND APPROVED, AND IF EITHER OR BOTH REPEAL 19-13-1006, THEN:
- 23

(A) [SECTION 27 28 OF THIS ACT], AMENDING 19-17-301, SHALL READ:

24 "Section 27 28. Section 19-17-301, MCA, is amended to read:

"19-17-301. Fire insurance premium tax to be paid into pension trust fund. The state auditor and
ox officio commissioner of insurance shall annually deposit in pay from the general fund to the pension trust
fund a sum equivalent to 5% of the premium taxes collected from insurers authorized to effect insurance
against risks enumerated in 19-18-512 50-3-109. The sum must be computed before the amounts provided
for by 19-13-604 and 19-18-512 are deducted. The money must be used for the payment of claims,
benefits, and administrative costs as provided in this chapter. The money is statutorily appropriated as



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1	provided in 17-7-502."" <u>; AND</u>
2	(B) THE INTERNAL REFERENCE TO 19-13-1006 IN [SECTION 44 15 OF THIS ACT], AMENDING
3	17-7-502, MUST BE REMOVED.
4	
5	<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 40. Repeater. (1) Sections 19-9-208, 19-13-615, 19-18-513, 19-18-606,
6	and 19-20-606, MCA, are repealed.
7	(2) SECTION 13, CHAPTER 23, SPECIAL LAWS OF NOVEMBER 1993, IS REPEALED.
8	
9	NEW SECTION. Section 41. Effective date. [This DATES. (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN
10	SUBSECTION (2), [THIS act] is effective July 1, 1997.
11	(2) [SECTION 40(2) AND THIS SECTION] ARE EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.
12	-END-



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