1	SENATE BILL NO.	320
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GRANTING THE BOARD OF NURSING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH QUALIFICATIONS FOR NURSES TO PRACTICE IN PARTICULAR SETTINGS AND TO PERFORM SPECIFIC PROCEDURES; CLARIFYING THE EXISTING AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH THE SCOPE OF PRACTICE FOR ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSES; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 33-22-111, 33-30-1013, 33-31-102, 37-2-101, 37-7-401, 37-8-102, 37-8-202, AND 53-6-101, MCA."

STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because it grants rulemaking authority to the board of nursing in two areas. The bill authorizes the establishment of qualifications for nurses to practice in particular settings and to perform specific procedures and the use of knowledge not specifically obtained in a basic nursing program. The bill also clarifies rulemaking authority regarding the scope of practice for advanced practice registered nurses.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 33-22-111, MCA, is amended to read:

"33-22-111. Policies to provide for freedom of choice of practitioners -- professional practice not enlarged. (1) All policies of disability insurance, including individual, group, and blanket policies, must provide that the insured <u>person</u> has full freedom of choice in the selection of any licensed physician, physician assistant-certified, dentist, osteopath, chiropractor, optometrist, podiatrist, psychologist, licensed social worker, licensed professional counselor, acupuncturist, or <u>nurse specialist advanced practice</u> registered nurse as specifically listed in 37-8-202 for treatment of any illness or injury within the scope and limitations of the person's practice. Whenever the policies insure against the expense of drugs, the insured <u>person</u> has full freedom of choice in the selection of any licensed and registered pharmacist.

(2) This section may not be construed as enlarging the scope and limitations of practice of any of the licensed professions enumerated in subsection (1). This section may not be construed as amending, altering, or repealing any statutes relating to the licensing or use of hospitals."



1	Section 2. Section 33-30-1013, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"33-30-1013. Coverage required for services provided by nurse specialists advanced practice
3	registered nurses. A health service corporation shall provide, in group and individual insurance contracts,
4	coverage for health services provided by a nurse specialist an advanced practice registered nurse, as
5	specifically listed in 37-8-202 (5) , if health care services that nurse specialists <u>advanced practice registered</u>
6	nurses are licensed to perform are covered by the contract."
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8	Section 3. Section 33-31-102, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"33-31-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, the
10	following definitions apply:
11	(1) "Basic health care services" means:
12	(a) consultative, diagnostic, therapeutic, and referral services by a provider;
13	(b) inpatient hospital and provider care;
14	(c) outpatient medical services;
15	(d) medical treatment and referral services;
16	(e) accident and sickness services by a provider and newborn infant of an enrollee pursuant
17	to 33-31-301(3)(e);
18	(f) care and treatment of mental illness, alcoholism, and drug addiction;
19	(g) diagnostic laboratory and diagnostic and therapeutic radiologic services;
20	(h) preventive health services, including:
21	(i) immunizations;
22	(ii) well-child care from birth;
23	(iii) periodic health evaluations for adults;
24	(iv) voluntary family planning services;
25	(v) infertility services; and
26	(vi) children's eye and ear examinations conducted to determine the need for vision and hearing
27,	correction;
28	(i) minimum mammography examination, as defined in 33-22-132; and
29	(j) treatment for phenylketonuria. "Treatment" means licensed professional medical services under
30	the supervision of a physician and a dietary formula product to achieve and maintain normalized blood levels



54th Legislature

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- 1 of phenylalanine and adequate nutritional status.
- 2 (2) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance of the state of Montana.
- 3 (3) "Enrollee" means a person:
- 4 (a) who enrolls in or contracts with a health maintenance organization;
- 5 (b) on whose behalf a contract is made with a health maintenance organization to receive health 6 care services; or
 - (c) on whose behalf the health maintenance organization contracts to receive health care services.
- 8 (4) "Evidence of coverage" means a certificate, agreement, policy, or contract issued to an enrollee, setting forth the coverage to which the enrollee is entitled.
- 10 (5) "Health care services" means:
 - (a) the services included in furnishing medical er, dental, or nursing care to a person;
- 12 (b) the services included in hospitalizing a person;
- 13 (c) the services incident to furnishing medical, or dental, or nursing care or hospitalization; or
- (d) the services included in furnishing to a person other services for the purpose of preventing,
 alleviating, curing, or healing illness, injury, or physical disability.
 - (6) "Health care services agreement" means an agreement for health care services between a health maintenance organization and an enrollee.
 - (7) "Health maintenance organization" means a person who provides or arranges for basic health care services to enrollees on a prepaid or other financial basis, either directly through provider employees or through contractual or other arrangements with a provider or a group of providers.
 - (8) "Insurance producer" means an individual, partnership, or corporation appointed or authorized by a health maintenance organization to solicit applications for health care services agreements on its behalf.
 - (9) "Person" means:
- 25 (a) an individual;
- 26 (b) a group of individuals;
- (c) an insurer, as defined in 33-1-201;
- 28 (d) a health service corporation, as defined in 33-30-101;
- 29 (e) a corporation, partnership, facility, association, or trust; or
 - (f) an institution of a governmental unit of any state licensed by that state to provide health care,



54th Legislature LC0800.01

1 including but not limited to a physician, hospital, hospital-related facility, or long-term care facility. 2 (10) "Plan" means a health maintenance organization operated by an insurer or health service 3 corporation as an integral part of the corporation and not as a subsidiary. 4 (11) "Provider" means a physician, hospital, hospital-related facility, long-term care facility, dentist, 5 osteopath, chiropractor, optometrist, podiatrist, psychologist, licensed social worker, registered pharmacist, 6 or nurse specialist advanced practice registered nurse as specifically listed in 37-8-202 who treats any 7 illness or injury within the scope and limitations of his the provider's practice or any other person who is 8 licensed or otherwise authorized in this state to furnish health care services. 9 (12) "Uncovered expenditures" mean the costs of health care services that are covered by a health maintenance organization and for which an enrollee is liable if the health maintenance organization becomes 10 11 insolvent." 12 13 Section 4. Section 37-2-101, MCA, is amended to read: 14 "37-2-101. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply: 15 (1) "Community pharmacy", when used in relation to a medical practitioner, means a pharmacy 16 situated within 10 miles of any place at which the medical practitioner maintains an office for professional 17 practice. 18 (2) "Device" means any an instrument, apparatus, or contrivance intended: 19 (a) for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man humans; 20 (b) to affect the structure or any function of the human body of man. 21 (3) (a) "Drug" means any an article: 22 (a)(i) recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia/National Formulary or in any 23 supplement to the pharmacopoeia/formulary; 24 (b)(ii) intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man 25 humans; 26 (c)(iii) intended to affect the structure or any function of the human body of man; (d)(iv) intended for use as a component of any article described in subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this 27 28 subsection (3)(a), (3)(b), or $(3)(c)_7$. but the



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(4) "Drug company" means any a person engaged in the manufacturing, processing, packaging,

(b) The term does not include any device or any components of a device.

54th Legislature

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- (5) "Medical practitioner" means any a person licensed by the state of Montana to engage in the practice of medicine, dentistry, osteopathy, podiatry, optometry, or a advanced practice registered nursing specialty, as described in 37-8-202(5), and in the licensed practice to administer of administering or prescribe prescribing drugs.
- (6) "Person" means any an individual and any or a partnership, firm, corporation, association, or other business entity.
- 8 (7) "Pharmacy" means an establishment which that engages in the sale of drugs requiring a prescription.
 - (8) "State" means the state of Montana or any political subdivision thereof of the state."

- Section 5. Section 37-7-401, MCA, is amended to read:
- "37-7-401. Restrictions upon sale or prescription of opiates -- coding prohibited -- refilling prescriptions. (1) It is unlawful for any a physician, physician assistant-certified, or advanced practice registered nurse specialist to sell or give to or prescribe for any a person any opium, morphine, alkaloid-cocaine, or alpha or beta eucaine or codeine or heroin or any derivative, mixture, or preparation of any of them, except to a patient believed in good faith to require the same for medical use and in quantities proportioned to the needs of the patient.
- (2) A prescription must be written so that it can be compounded by any registered pharmacist. The coding of any prescription is a violation of this section.
- (3) A prescription marked "non repetatur", "non rep", or "N.R." eannot may not be refilled. A prescription marked to be refilled by a specified amount may be filled by any registered pharmacist the number of times marked on the prescription. A prescription not bearing any refill instructions may not be refilled without first obtaining permission from the prescriber. A prescription may not be refilled for more than 3 years from the date on which it was originally filled. A narcotic prescription may not be refilled."

- Section 6. Section 37-8-102, MCA, is amended to read:
- 28 "37-8-102. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this chapter, the following definitions apply:
 - (1) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means a registered professional nurse who has completed



educational requirements related to the nurse's specific practice role, in addition to basic nursing education,
as specified by the board pursuant to 37-8-202(5)(a).

(2) "Board" means the board of nursing provided for in 2-15-1844.

- 4 (3) "Department" means the department of commerce provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 18.
 - (4) "Nursing education program" means any board-approved school that prepares graduates for initial licensure under this chapter. Nursing education programs for:
 - (a) professional nursing may be a department, school, division, or other administrative unit in a senior or junior college or university;
 - (b) practical nursing may be a department, school, division, or other administrative unit in a vocational-technical eenter program or junior college.
 - (5) "Practice of nursing" embraces two classes of nursing service and activity, as follows:
 - (a) "Practice of practical nursing" means the performance for compensation of services requiring basic knowledge of the biological, physical, behavioral, psychological, and sociological sciences and of nursing procedures. Practical nursing practice <u>utilizes uses</u> standardized procedures in the observation and care of the ill, injured, and infirm; in the maintenance of health; in action to safeguard life and health; and in the administration of medications and treatments prescribed by a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, dentist, osteopath, or podiatrist authorized by state law to prescribe medications and treatments. These services are performed under the supervision of a registered nurse or a physician, dentist, osteopath, or podiatrist authorized by state law to prescribe medications and treatments.
 - (b) "Practice of professional nursing" means the performance for compensation of services requiring substantial specialized knowledge of the biological, physical, behavioral, psychological, and sociological sciences and of nursing theory as a basis for the nursing process. The nursing process is the assessment, nursing analysis, planning, nursing intervention, and evaluation in the promotion and maintenance of health; the prevention, casefinding, and management of illness, injury, or infirmity; and the restoration of optimum function. The term also includes administration, teaching, counseling, supervision, delegation, and evaluation of nursing practice and the administration of medications and treatments prescribed by physicians, advanced practice registered nurses, dentists, osteopaths, or podiatrists authorized by state law to prescribe medications and treatments. Each registered nurse is directly accountable and responsible to the consumer for the quality of nursing care rendered. As used in this subsection (5)(b):
 - (i) "nursing analysis" is the identification of those client problems for which nursing care is



indicated and may include referral to medical or community resources;

(ii) "nursing intervention" is the implementation of a plan of nursing care necessary to accomplish defined goals."

Section 7. Section 37-8-202, MCA, is amended to read:

"37-8-202. Organization -- meetings -- powers and duties. (1) The board shall meet annually and shall elect from among the nine members a president and a secretary. The board shall hold other meetings when necessary to transact its business. A majority of the board constitutes a quorum at any meeting. The department shall keep complete minutes and records of the meetings and rules and orders promulgated by the board.

- standards for schools preparing persons for registration and licensure under this chapter. It shall provide for surveys of schools at times that it considers necessary. It shall approve programs that meet the requirements of this chapter and of the board. The department shall, subject to 37-1-101, examine applicants and issue licenses to and renew licenses of qualified applicants. The board shall conduct hearings on charges that may call for discipline of a licensee, revocation of a license, or removal of schools of nursing from the approved list. It shall cause the prosecution of persons violating this chapter and may incur necessary expenses for prosecutions.
- (3) The board may adopt and the department shall publish forms for use by applicants and others, including license, certificate, and identity forms and other appropriate forms and publications convenient for the proper administration of this chapter. The board may fix reasonable fees for incidental services, within the subject matter delegated by this chapter.
- (4) The board may participate in and pay fees to a national organization of state boards of nursing to ensure interstate endorsement of licenses.
- (5) (a) The board may define the educational requirements and other qualifications applicable to advanced practice registered nurses. Advanced practice registered nurses are nurses who must have additional professional education beyond the basic nursing degree required of a registered nurse. Additional education must be obtained in courses offered in a university setting or its equivalent. The applicant must be certified by a certifying body for advanced practice registered nurses. Advanced practice registered nurses include nurse practitioners, nurse-midwives, nurse-anesthetists, and clinical nurse specialists.



(b) The board of nursing and the board of medical examiners, acting jointly, shall adopt rules
regarding authorization for prescriptive authority of nurse specialists advanced practice registered nurses
If considered appropriate for a nurse specialist an advanced practice registered nurse who applies to the
board for authorization, prescriptive authority must be granted.

- (6) The board shall establish a program to assist licensed nurses who are found to be physically or mentally impaired by habitual intemperance or the excessive use of narcotic drugs, alcohol, or any other drug or substance. The program must provide assistance to licensees in seeking treatment for substance abuse and monitor their efforts toward rehabilitation. For purposes of funding this program, the board shall adjust the license fee provided for in 37-8-431 commensurate with the cost of the program.
- (7) The board may adopt rules for delegation of nursing tasks by licensed nurses to unlicensed persons.
- (8) The board may adopt rules establishing additional qualifications for licensed nurses to practice in particular settings and to perform specific procedures. The rules must be directed toward ensuring that a nurse is qualified to practice as a professional nurse or practical nurse in those areas of service that are within the scope of practice of a professional or practical nurse but that involve knowledge not specifically obtained in a basic nursing program. The rules may not expand the scope of the practice of nursing beyond its definition in 37-8-102.
- (9) The board may adopt rules establishing the scope of practice for advanced practice registered nurses based upon scopes of practice developed by national certifying bodies for advanced practice registered nurses.
- (8)(10) The board may fund additional staff, hired by the department, to administer the provisions of this chapter."

Section 8. Section 53-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-6-101. Montana medicaid program -- authorization of services. (1) There is a Montana medicaid program established for the purpose of providing necessary medical services to eligible persons who have need for medical assistance. The Montana medicaid program is a joint federal-state program administered under this chapter and in accordance with Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, 442 U.S.C. 1396, et seq.), as may be amended. The department of social and rehabilitation services shall administer the Montana medicaid program.



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1	(2) Medical assistance provided by the Montana medicald program includes the following services:
2	(a) inpatient hospital services;
3	(b) outpatient hospital services;
4	(c) other laboratory and x-ray services, including minimum mammography examination as defined
5	in 33-22-132;
6	(d) skilled nursing services in long-term care facilities;
7	(e) physicians' services;
8	(f) advanced practice registered nurse specialist services;
9	(g) early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment services for persons under 21 years of
10	age;
11	(h) ambulatory prenatal care for pregnant women during a presumptive eligibility period, as
12	provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(47) and 42 U.S.C. 1396r-1;
13	(i) targeted case management services, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. 1396n(g), for high-risk pregnant
14	women;
15	(j) services that are provided by physician assistants-certified within the scope of their practice and
16	that are otherwise directly reimbursed as allowed under department rule to an existing provider;
17	(k) health services provided under a physician's orders by a public health department; and
18	(I) federally qualified health center services, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1396d(I)(2).
19	(3) Medical assistance provided by the Montana medicaid program may, as provided by department
20	rule, also include the following services:
21	(a) medical care or any other type of remedial care recognized under state law_7 and furnished by
22	licensed practitioners within the scope of their practice as defined by state law;
23	(b) home health care services;
24	(c) private-duty nursing services;
25	(d) dental services;
26	(e) physical therapy services;
27	(f) mental health center services administered and funded under a state mental health program
28	authorized under Title 53, chapter 21, part 2;
29	(g) clinical social worker services;



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(h) prescribed drugs, dentures, and prosthetic devices;

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- 2 (j) other diagnostic, screening, preventive, rehabilitative, chiropractic, and osteopathic services;
- 3 (k) inpatient psychiatric hospital services for persons under 21 years of age;
- 4 (I) services of professional counselors licensed under Title 37, chapter 23;
- 5 (m) hospice care, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1396d(o);
- 6 (n) case management services as provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396d(a) and 1396n(g), including targeted 7 case management services for the mentally ill;
 - (o) inpatient psychiatric services for persons under 21 years of age, as provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396d(h), in a residential treatment facility, as defined in 50-5-101, that is licensed in accordance with 50-5-201; and
 - (p) any additional medical service or aid allowable under or provided by the federal Social Security Act.
 - (4) Services for persons qualifying for medicaid under the medically needy category of assistance, as described in 53-6-131, may be more limited in amount, scope, and duration than services provided to others qualifying for assistance under the Montana medicaid program. The department is not required to provide all of the services listed in subsections (2) and (3) to persons qualifying for medicaid under the medically needy category of assistance.
 - (5) The department may implement, as provided for in Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1396, et seq.), as may be amended, a program under medicaid for payment of medicare premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance for persons not otherwise eligible for medicaid.
 - (6) The department may set rates for medical and other services provided to recipients of medicaid and may enter into contracts for delivery of services to individual recipients or groups of recipients.
 - (7) The services provided under this part may be only those that are medically necessary and that are the most efficient and cost-effective.
 - (8) The amount, scope, and duration of services provided under this part must be determined by the department in accordance with Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, (42 U.S.C. 1396, et seq.), as may be amended.
 - (9) Services, procedures, and items of an experimental or cosmetic nature may not be provided.
 - (10) If available funds are not sufficient to provide medical assistance for all eligible persons, the department may set priorities to limit, reduce, or otherwise curtail the amount, scope, or duration of the



medical services made available under the Montana medicaid program	medical	services	made	available	under	the	Montana	medicaid	program.
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(11) Community-based medicaid services, as provided for in part 4 of this chapter, must be provided in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter.

(12) Medicaid payment for personal-care facilities may not be made unless the department certifies to the director of the governor's office of budget and program planning that payment to this type of provider would, in the aggregate, be a cost-effective alternative to services otherwise provided."

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 9. Name change -- directions to code commissioner. Wherever the term "nurse specialist" appears in legislation enacted by the 1995 legislature, the code commissioner is directed to change the term to "advanced practice registered nurse".

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