INTRODUCED BY Town SENATE BILL NO. 232

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE LOCAL CONTROL PROVIDED TO SCHOOL TRUSTEES UNDER ARTICLE X, SECTION 8, OF THE MONTANA CONSTITUTION BY REVISING CERTAIN DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION AND THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION;

AVERAGE NUMBER BELONGING, TO APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE AN ADULT EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR

WHICH A DISTRICT PROPOSES A LEVY, OR TO APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE SCHOOL ON SATURDAYS

REMOVING FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION THE AUTHORITY TO ADJUST THE

OR ON PUPIL-INSTRUCTION-RELATED DAYS; AUTHORIZING THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION TO

ADOPT POLICES FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION TO MEET MINIMUM FEDERAL STANDARDS AND ADVISE

TRUSTEES; REMOVING THE AUTHORITY OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION TO ORDER THE

13 SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION TO WITHHOLD BASE AID FROM A DISTRICT FOR FAILURE

TO COMPLY WITH BOARD RULES OR FAILURE TO MAINTAIN ACCREDITED STATUS; PROHIBITING THE

15 SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FROM WITHHOLDING FEDERAL MONEY OR WITHHOLDING

MONEY FROM VOCATIONAL EDUCATION, FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH STATE ACCREDITATION

17 STANDARDS; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-1-303, 20-1-304, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-303, 20-7-420,

18 20-7-422, 20-7-435, 20-7-705, 20-9-344, AND 20-9-603, MCA; REPEALING SECTION 20-7-402, MCA;

19 AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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Section 1. Section 20-1-303, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-1-303. Conduct of school on Saturday or Sunday prohibited -- exception. Except as provided in this section, pupil instruction shall may not be conducted on Saturday or Sunday. In emergencies, pupil instruction may be conducted on a Saturday when it is approved by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the policies adopted by the board of public education."

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Section 2. Section 20-1-304, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-1-304. Pupil-instruction-related day. A pupil-instruction-related day is a day of teacher activities



devoted to improving the quality of instruction. The activities may include but are not limited to inservice training, attending state meetings of teacher organizations, and conducting parent conferences. A maximum of 7 pupil-instruction-related days may be conducted during a school year, with a minimum of 3 of the days for instructional and professional development meetings or other appropriate inservice training, provided that the days are approved by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the policy adopted by the board of public education. The days may not be included as a part of the required minimum of 180 days of pupil instruction."

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- Section 3. Section 20-2-121, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-2-121. Board of public education -- powers and duties. The board of public education shall: 10
- (1) effect an orderly and uniform system for teacher certification and specialist certification and for the issuance of an emergency authorization of employment by adopting the policies prescribed by 12 13 20-4-102 and 20-4-111;
- (2) consider the suspension or revocation of teacher or specialist certificates and appeals from the 14 denial of teacher or specialist certification in accordance with the provisions of 20-4-110; 15
- (3) administer and order the distribution of BASE aid in accordance with the provisions of 16 17 20-9-344;
 - (4) adopt and enforce policies to provide uniform standards and regulations for the design, construction, and operation of school buses in accordance with the provisions of 20-10-111;
 - (5) approve or disapprove a reduction of the number of hours in a district's school day in accordance with the provisions of 20-1-302;
 - (6) adopt policies prescribing the conditions when school may be conducted on Saturday and the types of pupil-instruction-related days and approval procedure for such the days in accordance with the provisions of 20-1-303 and 20-1-304;
 - (7) adopt standards of accreditation and establish the accreditation status of every school in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-101 and 20-7-102;
 - (8) approve or disapprove educational media selected by the superintendent of public instruction for the educational media library in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-201;
 - (9) adopt policies for the conduct of special education in accordance with the previsions of 20-7-402 to meet minimum federal standards or to advise local boards of trustees regarding the



establishment	of a	special	education	policy;

- (10) adopt rules for issuance of documents certifying equivalency of completion of secondary education in accordance with 20-7-131:
- (11) adopt policies for the conduct of programs for gifted and talented children in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-903 and 20-7-904;
 - (12) adopt rules for student assessment in the public schools; and
- (13) perform any other duty prescribed from time to time by this title or any other act of the legislature."

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- Section 4. Section 20-3-106, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-3-106. Supervision of schools -- powers and duties. The superintendent of public instruction has the general supervision of the public schools and districts of the state and shall perform the following duties or acts in implementing and enforcing the provisions of this title:
- (1) resolve any controversy resulting from the proration of costs by a joint board of trustees under the provisions of 20-3-362;
 - (2) issue, renew, or deny teacher certification and emergency authorizations of employment;
- 17 (3) negotiate reciprocal tuition agreements with other states in accordance with the provisions of 20-5-314;
 - (4) serve on the teachers' retirement board in accordance with the provisions of 2-15-1010;
 - (5) approve or disapprove the orders of a high school boundary commission in accordance with the provisions of 20-6-311;
- 22 (6) approve or disapprove the opening or reopening of a school in accordance with the provisions of 20-6-502, 20-6-503, 20-6-504, or 20-6-505;
 - (7) approve or disapprove school isolation within the limitations prescribed by 20-9-302;
 - (8) generally supervise the school budgeting procedures prescribed by law in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-102 and prescribe the school budget format in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-103 and 20-9-506;
 - (9) establish a system of communication for calculating joint district revenues in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-151;
 - (10) approve or disapprove the adoption of a district's budget amendment resolution under the



1	conditions prescribed in 20-9-163 and adopt rules for an application for additional direct state aid for a
2	budget amendment in accordance with the approval and disbursement provisions of 20-9-166;
3	(11) generally supervise the school financial administration provisions as prescribed by
4	20-9-201(2);
5	(12) prescribe and furnish the annual report forms to enable the districts to report to the county
6	superintendent in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(5) and the annual report forms to enable the
7	county superintendents to report to the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the
8	provisions of 20-3-209;
9	(13) approve, or disapprove, or adjust an increase of the average number belonging (ANB) in
10	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-313 and 20-9-314;
11	(14) distribute BASE aid and special education allowable cost payments in support of the BASE
12	$funding\ program, in\ accordance\ with\ the\ provisions\ of\ 20-9-331,\ 20-9-333,\ 20-9-342,\ 20-9-346,\ 20-9-347,\ 20-$
13	and 20-9-366 through 20-9-369;
14	(15) provide for the uniform and equal provision of transportation by performing the duties
15	prescribed by the provisions of 20-10-112;
16	(16) approve or disapprove an adult education program for which a district proposes to levy a tax
17	in accordance with the provisions of 20 7 705;
18	(17)(16) request, accept, deposit, and expend federal money in accordance with the provisions of
19	20-9-603;
20	(18)(17) authorize the use of federal money for the support of an interlocal cooperative agreement
21	in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-703 and 20-9-704;
22	(18) prescribe the form and contents of and approve or disapprove interstate contracts in
23	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-705;
24	(20) approve or disapprove the conduct of school on a Saturday or on pupil instruction related days
25	in accordance with the previsions of 20 1 303 and 20 1 304;
26	(21)(19) recommend standards of accreditation for all schools to the board of public education and
27	evaluate compliance with the standards and recommend accreditation status of every each school to the
28	board of public education in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-101 and 20-7-102;
29	(22)(20) collect and maintain a file of curriculum guides and assist schools with instructional



programs in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-113 and 20-7-114;

1	(23)(21) establish and maintain a library of visual, aural, and other educational media in accordance
2	with the provisions of 20-7-201;
3	(24)(22) license textbook dealers and initiate prosecution of textbook dealers violating the law in
4	accordance with the provisions of the textbooks part of this title;
5	$\frac{(25)(23)}{(23)}$ as the governing agent and executive officer of the state of Montana for K-12 vocational
6	education, adopt the policies prescribed by and in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-301;
7	(26)(24) supervise and coordinate the conduct of special education in the state in accordance with
8	the provisions of 20-7-403;
9	(27)(25) administer the traffic education program in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-502
10	(28)(26) administer the school food services program in accordance with the provisions of
11	20-10-201, 20-10-202, and 20-10-203;
12	(29)(27) review school building plans and specifications in accordance with the provisions of
13	20-6-622;
14	(30)(28) prescribe the method of identification and signals to be used by school safety patrols in
15	accordance with the provisions of 20-1-408;
16	$\frac{(31)(29)}{(29)}$ provide schools with information and technical assistance for compliance with the student
17	assessment rules provided for in 20-2-121 and collect and summarize the results of the student assessment
18	for the board of public education and the legislature;
19	(32)(30) administer the distribution of guaranteed tax base aid in accordance with 20-9-366
20	through 20-9-369; and
21	(33)(31) perform any other duty prescribed from time to time by this title, any other act of the
22	legislature, or the policies of the board of public education."
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24	Section 5. Section 20-7-303, MCA, is amended to read:
25	"20-7-303. Authorization to establish and maintain vocational education courses and programs
26	The trustees of an elementary or high school district may establish and maintain a vocational education



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course or program that complies with the K-12 vocational education standards adopted by the

superintendent of public instruction. In order for a course or program to be eligible for state or federal

financing, it shall must be approved by the superintendent of public instruction for compliance with K-12

vocational education standards. The superintendent of public instruction may not withhold state or federal

funds for failure of a district to comply with state accreditation standards."

- Section 6. Section 20-7-420, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-7-420. Residency requirements -- financial responsibility for special education. (1) In accordance with the provisions of 1-1-215, a child's district of residence for special education purposes is the residence of the child's parents or of the child's guardian if the parents are deceased, unless otherwise determined by the court. This applies to a child living at home, in an institution, or under foster care. If the parent has left the state, the parent's last known district of residence is the child's district of residence.
- (2) The county of residence is financially responsible for tuition and transportation as established under 20-5-323 for a child with disabilities, as defined in 20-7-401, including a child who has been placed by a state agency in a foster care or group home licensed by the state. The county of residence is not financially responsible for tuition and transportation for a child with disabilities who is placed by a state agency in an out-of-state public school or an out-of-state private residential facility.
- (3) If an eligible child, as defined in 20-7-436, is receiving inpatient treatment in an in-state residential treatment facility or children's psychiatric hospital, as defined in 20-7-436, and the educational services are provided by a public school district under the provisions of 20-7-411 or 20-7-435, the superintendent of public instruction shall reimburse the district providing the services for the negotiated amount, as established pursuant to 20-7-435(5), that represents the district's costs of providing education and related services. Payments must be made from funds appropriated for this purpose. If the negotiated amount exceeds the daily membership rate under 20-7-435(3) and any per-ANB amount of direct state aid, the superintendent of public instruction shall pay the remaining balance from the state equalization aid account. However, the amount spent from the state equalization aid account for this purpose may not exceed \$500,000 during any biennium.
- (4) Under the provisions of 20-7-422(3), the superintendent of public instruction shall provide funds for the education fees required to provide a free appropriate public education for a child with disabilities who is in need of special education and related services and is placed by a state agency in an out-of-state private residential facility or out-of-state public school, provided that, in determining the special education services needed for the child with disabilities, the district of residence has complied with the rules promulgated under 20-7-402.



(5)	A state agency that makes a placement of a child with disabilities is responsible for the financial
costs of roo	om and board and the treatment of the child."

Section 7. Section 20-7-422, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-7-422. Out-of-state placement of children with disabilities -- payment of costs. (1) In accordance with a placement made by persons determining an individualized education program for a child with disabilities, the trustees of a district may arrange for the attendance of the child in a special education program offered outside of the state of Montana.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), when the persons determining the individualized education program of a child with disabilities who is in need of special education recommend placement in an out-of-state private residential facility, the trustees of the district of residence shall negotiate the amount and manner of payment of all costs associated with the placement.

(3) Whenever a child with disabilities who is in need of special education and related services is adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction to be an abused, neglected, or dependent child as defined in 41-3-102 or a youth in need of supervision or delinquent youth as defined in 41-5-103 and is placed by a state agency in an out-of-state private residential facility, the superintendent of public instruction shall negotiate with:

(a) the provider for the amount and manner of payment of education fees consistent with the individualized education program determined for the child under the provisions of 20-7-402; and

(b) the state agency that makes the placement for the portion of the placement costs that represents the child's education program.

(4) Payments for a child with disabilities as negotiated in subsection (3) must be paid by the superintendent of public instruction from the state special education appropriation."

Section 8. Section 20-7-435, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-7-435. Funding of educational programs at in-state children's psychiatric hospitals and in-state residential treatment programs for eligible children with emotional disturbances. (1) It is the intent of the legislature that eligible children in in-state children's psychiatric hospitals and residential treatment facilities be provided with an appropriate educational opportunity in a cost-effective manner, including the provision of a free appropriate public education for eligible children with disabilities that is consistent with state



- standards for the provision of special education and related services. General education programs for eligible children without disabilities must be provided in accordance with the requirements for a nonpublic school under the provisions of 20-5-109.
- (2) The superintendent of public instruction may contract with an in-state children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility for provision of an educational program for an eligible child in the hospital or treatment facility.
- (3) Whenever the superintendent of public instruction contracts with an in-state children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility for provision of an educational program for an eligible child in the children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) ensure the provision of a free appropriate public education and an education that is consistent with the requirements for a nonpublic school in 20-5-109 for children attending the hospital or residential treatment facility;
- (b) negotiate the approval of allowable costs under the provisions of 20-7-431 for allowable costs for providing special education, including the costs of retirement benefits, federal social security system contributions, and unemployment compensation insurance;
- (c) from appropriations provided for this purpose, fund any approved allowable costs under this section, with the exception of services for which reimbursement is made under any provision of state or federal law or an insurance policy;
- (d) provide funding for allowable costs according to a proration based on average daily membership.
- (4) A supplemental education fee or tuition may not be charged for an eligible Montana child who receives inpatient treatment and an education under contract with an in-state children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility.
- (5) If a children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility fails to provide an education in accordance with 20-5-109 or a free appropriate public education under the provisions of this part for an eligible child at the children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility or fails to negotiate a contract under the provisions of subsection (2), the superintendent of public instruction shall negotiate with the school district in which the children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility is located for the supervision and implementation of an appropriate educational program that is consistent with



54th Legislature

- accreditation standards provided for in 20-7-111 and with the provisions of 20-7-402 for children attending the children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility. The amount negotiated with the school district must include all education and related services costs that may be negotiated under the provisions of subsection (3) and all education and related services costs necessary to fulfill the requirements of providing the child with an education.
- (6) Funds provided to a district under this section, including funds received under the provisions of 20-7-420:
- (a) must be deposited in the miscellaneous programs fund of the district that provides the education program for an eligible child, regardless of the age or grade placement of the child who is served under a negotiated contract; and
 - (b) are not subject to the budget limitations in 20-9-308."

Section 9. Section 20-7-705, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-7-705. Adult education fund. (1) A separate adult education fund must be established when an adult education program is operated by a district or community college district. The financial administration of the fund must comply with the budgeting, financing, and expenditure provisions of the laws governing the schools.
- (2) Whenever the trustees of a district establish an adult education program under the provisions of 20-7-702, they shall establish an adult education fund under the provisions of this section. The adult education fund is the depository for all district money received by the district in support of the adult education program. Federal and state adult education program money must be deposited in the miscellaneous programs fund.
- (3) The trustees of a district may authorize the levy of a tax of not more than 1 mill on the district, except that trustees of a county high school district that is not unified with an elementary district may authorize a levy of not more than 2 mills on the district and a K-12 school district formed under the provisions of 20-6-701 may authorize a levy of not more than 3 mills on the district, for the operation of an adult education program when the superintendent of public instruction has approved the educational program to be supported by the levy. The trustees shall obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction before the fourth Monday of June in order to include the expenditures to be financed by the levy in the preliminary budget. The superintendent of public instruction shall promulgate rules and forms for the



approval.

(4) Whenever the trustees of a district decide to offer an adult education program during the ensuing school fiscal year, they shall budget for the cost of the program in the adult education fund of the preliminary budget. Any expenditures in support of the adult education program under the final adult education budget must be made in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title for a budgeted fund.

of public instruction is included as a revenue item on the final adult education budget, the county superintendent shall report the levy requirement to the county commissioners on the fourth Monday of August and a levy on the district must be made by the county commissioners in accordance with 20-9-142."

Section 10. Section 20-9-344, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-344. Duties of board of public education for distribution of BASE aid. (1) The board of public education shall administer and distribute the BASE aid and state advances for county equalization in the manner and with the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the board of public education shall:

- (a) shall adopt policies for regulating the distribution of BASE aid and state advances for county equalization in accordance with the provisions of law;
- (b) have has the power to require reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it considers necessary; and
- (c) shall order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the BASE aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to the aid as established by the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of BASE aid, the board of public education may not increase or decrease the BASE aid distribution to any district on account of any difference that may occur during the school fiscal year between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source of school revenue.
- (2) The board of public education may order the superintendent of public instruction to withhold distribution of BASE aid from a district when the district fails to:
- 28 (a) submit reports or budgets as required by law or rules adopted by the board of public education;
 29 or

(b) maintain accredited status.



54th Legislature LC1215.01

(3) Prior to any proposed order by the board of public education to withhold distribution of BASE aid or county equalization money, the district is entitled to a contested case hearing before the board of public education, as provided under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.

- (4) If a district or county receives more BASE aid than it is entitled to, the county treasurer shall return the overpayment to the state upon the request of the superintendent of public instruction in the manner prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (5) Except as provided in 20-9-347(3), the BASE aid payment must be distributed according to the following schedule:
 - (a) from August to October of the school fiscal year, 10% of the direct state aid to each district;
 - (b) from December to April of the school fiscal year, 10% of the direct state aid to each district;
- (c) in November of the school fiscal year, one-half of the guaranteed tax base aid payment to each district or county that has submitted a final budget to the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-134;
- (d) in May of the school fiscal year, the remainder of the guaranteed tax base aid payment to each district or county; and
- (e) in June of the school fiscal year, one-half of the remaining payment to each district of direct state aid and on the following July 15, the remaining payment to each district of direct state aid for the school fiscal year ending on the preceding June 30.
- (6) The distribution provided for in subsection (5) must occur by the last working day of each month."

Section 11. Section 20-9-603, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-603. Acceptance and expenditure of federal moneys money for state. (1) The governor and the superintendent of public instruction are authorized on behalf of the state of Montana to request and accept such moneys as are money that is now or will be made available under any act of congress of the United States or otherwise for purposes of public school building construction or for any other purposes of public schools and public education as that are permitted under the laws of the state of Montana and as that are authorized by the grants from the federal government. Such moneys shall The money must be deposited by the governor and superintendent of public instruction in the state treasury and are must be appropriated and made available to the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to this section. All



1	such moneys shall The money must be expended for the purpose of public school building construction or
2	for any other purposes of public schools and public education as permitted under the laws of the state of
3	Montana and as authorized by the grants from the federal government.
4	(2) The governor and superintenuent of public instruction are further authorized on behalf of the
5	state of Montana to accept moneys money provided from federal sources for the express purpose of
6	distribution to nonpublic education. Such moneys shall The money must be deposited by the governor and
7	superintendent of public instruction in the state treasury and are must be appropriated and made available
8	to the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to this section. All such moneys shall The money must
9	be distributed in the manner provided by the laws of the state of Montana and as authorized or expressed
10	by grants from the federal government.
11	(3) All Except as provided in subsection (4), all expenditures of meneys money from federal sources
12	under this section shall must be made under the supervision and in the discretion of the superintendent of
13	public instruction. Any balance in the account in which such moneys are the money is maintained shall may
14	not lapse at any time but shall must be continuously available to the superintendent of public instruction
15	for expenditures consistent with this title and acts of the federal government.
16	(4) The superintendent of public instruction may not withhold money for failure to comply with
17	state accreditation standards."
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NEW SECTION. Section 12. Repealer. Section 20-7-402, MCA, is repealed.

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NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

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1 SENATE BILL NO. 232

INTRODUCED BY TOEWS, ELLIS, KITZENBERG, HERTEL, MOHL

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4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE LOCAL CONTROL PROVIDED TO SCHOOL 5 TRUSTEES UNDER ARTICLE X, SECTION 8, OF THE MONTANA CONSTITUTION BY REVISING CERTAIN 6 DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION AND THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION; REMOVING FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION THE AUTHORITY TO ADJUST THE 7 8 AVERAGE NUMBER BELONGING, TO APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE AN ADULT EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR 9 WHICH A DISTRICT PROPOSES A LEVY, OR TO APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE SCHOOL ON SATURDAYS 10 OR ON PUPIL-INSTRUCTION-RELATED DAYS; AUTHORIZING THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION TO ADOPT POLICES FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION TO MEET MINIMUM FEDERAL STANDARDS AND ADVISE 11 12 TRUSTEES: REMOVING THE AUTHORITY OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION TO ORDER THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION TO WITHHOLD BASE AID FROM A DISTRICT FOR FAILURE 13 14 TO COMPLY WITH BOARD RULES OR FAILURE TO MAINTAIN ACCREDITED STATUS: PROHIBITING THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FROM WITHHOLDING FEDERAL MONEY OR WITHHOLDING 15 16 MONEY FROM VOCATIONAL EDUCATION, FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH STATE ACCREDITATION STANDARDS; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-1-301, 20-1-302, 20-1-303, 20-1-304, 20-1-308, 20-2-121, 17

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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SECTION 1. SECTION 20-1-301, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"20-1-301. School fiscal year. The school fiscal year shall begin on July 1 and end on June 30. At least 180 school days of pupil instruction shall must be conducted during each school fiscal year, except that 175 days of pupil instruction for graduating seniors may be sufficient as provided in 20-9-313, erunless a variance for kindergarten has been granted under 20-1-302 or unless a district is granted a variance under the provisions of chapter 9, part 8, of this title. For any elementary or high school district that fails to provide for at least 180 school days of pupil instruction, the superintendent of public instruction shall reduce the county equalization as defined in 20-9-334 and the state equalization as defined in

20-3-106, 20-7-303, 20-7-420, 20-7-422, 20-7-435, 20-7-705, 20-9-311, 20-9-344, AND 20-9-603,

MCA; REPEALING SECTION 20-7-402, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

54th Legislature SB0232.02

20-9-343 for the district for that school year by 1/90th for each school day less than 180 school days."

SECTION 2. SECTION 20-1-302, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"20-1-302. School day and week. Subject to 20-1-308, a school day of pupil instruction shall must be at least an average of 2 hours for kindergartens and all other preschool programs, unless a variance has been granted by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the policies of the board of public education, at least an average of 4 hours for grades 1 through 3, and at least an average of 6 hours for grades 4 through 12. The number of hours in any one school day for grades 4 through 12 may be reduced by 1 hour if the total number of hours in the school week is not less than 30 hours. The number of hours in a school week may be reduced, in an emergency, with the approval of the board of public education."

Section 3. Section 20-1-303, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-1-303. Conduct of school on Saturday or Sunday prohibited -- exception. Except as provided in this section, pupil instruction shall may not be conducted on Saturday or Sunday. In emergencies, pupil instruction may be conducted on a Saturday when it is approved by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the policies adopted by the board of public education."

Section 4. Section 20-1-304, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-1-304. Pupil-instruction-related day. A pupil-instruction-related day is a day of teacher activities devoted to improving the quality of instruction. The activities may include but are not limited to inservice training, attending state meetings of teacher organizations, and conducting parent conferences. A maximum of 7 pupil-instruction-related days may be conducted during a school year, with a minimum of 3 of the days for instructional and professional development meetings or other appropriate inservice training, provided that the days are approved by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the policy adopted by the board of public education. The days may not be included as a part of the required minimum of 180 days of pupil instruction."

SECTION 5. SECTION 20-1-308, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"20-1-308. Religious instruction released time program. (1) The trustees of an elementary or high



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school district may provide for a religious instruction released time program under which a pupil may be
released from regular school attendance for a period not to exceed 2 hours per week for the purpose of
receiving religious instruction upon written request, renewed at least annually, of the pupil's parent or
guardian.

- (2) No religious instruction released time program may be established or administered in such a way that public school property is utilized for the purpose of religious instruction.
 - (3) No public moneys money may be used, directly or indirectly, for such religious instruction.
- (4) Any period for which a pupil is released under a religious instruction released time program is part of the school day and week for purposes of 20-1-301, 20-1-302, 20-5-103, 20-9-311, and all other provisions of Title 20, and such the release may not adversely affect the pupil's attendance record."

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- Section 6. Section 20-2-121, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-2-121. Board of public education -- powers and duties. The board of public education shall:
- 14 (1) effect an orderly and uniform system for teacher certification and specialist certification and 15 for the issuance of an emergency authorization of employment by adopting the policies prescribed by 16 20-4-102 and 20-4-111;
 - (2) consider the suspension or revocation of teacher or specialist certificates and appeals from the denial of teacher or specialist certification in accordance with the provisions of 20-4-110;
 - (3) administer and order the distribution of BASE aid in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-344:
 - (4) adopt and enforce policies to provide uniform standards and regulations for the design, construction, and operation of school buses in accordance with the provisions of 20-10-111;
 - (5) approve or disapprove a reduction of the number of hours in a district's school day in accordance with the provisions of 20-1-302;
 - (6) adopt policies prescribing the conditions when school may be conducted on Saturday and the types of pupil-instruction-related days and approval procedure for such the days in accordance with the provisions of 20-1-303 and 20-1-304;
 - (7) adopt standards of accreditation and establish the accreditation status of every school in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-101 and 20-7-102;
 - (8) approve or disapprove educational media selected by the superintendent of public instruction



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1	for the educationa	media librar	v in accordance	with the	provisions of	f 20-7-201:
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- 2 (9) adopt policies for the conduct of special education in accordance with the provisions of
 3 20.7 402 to meet minimum federal standards or AND to advise local boards of trustees regarding the
 4 establishment of a special education policy;
- 5 (10) adopt rules for issuance of documents certifying equivalency of completion of secondary 6 education in accordance with 20-7-131;
 - (11) adopt policies for the conduct of programs for gifted and talented children in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-903 and 20-7-904;
 - (12) adopt rules for student assessment in the public schools; and
- 10 (13) perform any other duty prescribed from time to time by this title or any other act of the legislature."

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- Section 7. Section 20-3-106, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-3-106. Supervision of schools -- powers and duties. The superintendent of public instruction has the general supervision of the public schools and districts of the state and shall perform the following duties or acts in implementing and enforcing the provisions of this title:
- (1) resolve any controversy resulting from the proration of costs by a joint board of trustees under the provisions of 20-3-362;
 - (2) issue, renew, or deny teacher certification and emergency authorizations of employment;
- 20 (3) negotiate reciprocal tuition agreements with other states in accordance with the provisions of 20-5-314;
 - (4) serve on the teachers' retirement board in accordance with the provisions of 2-15-1010;
- 23 (5) approve or disapprove the orders of a high school boundary commission in accordance with the provisions of 20-6-311;
- 25 (6) approve or disapprove the opening or reopening of a school in accordance with the provisions of 20-6-502, 20-6-503, 20-6-504, or 20-6-505;
- 27 (7) approve or disapprove school isolation within the limitations prescribed by 20-9-302;
- 28 (8) generally supervise the school budgeting procedures prescribed by law in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-102 and prescribe the school budget format in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-103 and 20-9-506;



1	(9) establish a system of communication for calculating joint district revenues in accordance with
2	the provisions of 20-9-151;
3	(10) approve or disapprove the adoption of a district's budget amendment resolution under the
4	conditions prescribed in 20-9-163 and adopt rules for an application for additional direct state aid for a
5	budget amendment in accordance with the approval and disbursement provisions of 20-9-166;
6	(11) generally supervise the school financial administration provisions as prescribed by
7	20-9-201(2);
8	(12) prescribe and furnish the annual report forms to enable the districts to report to the county
9	superintendent in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(5) and the annual report forms to enable the
10	county superintendents to report to the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the
1	provisions of 20-3-209;
2	(13) approve, or disapprove, or adjust an increase of the average number belonging (ANB) in
13	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-313 and 20-9-314;
14	(14) distribute BASE aid and special education allowable cost payments in support of the BASE
15	funding program, in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-331, 20-9-333, 20-9-342, 20-9-346, 20-9-347,
16	and 20-9-366 through 20-9-369;
17	(15) provide for the uniform and equal provision of transportation by performing the duties
18	prescribed by the provisions of 20-10-112;
9	(16) approve or disapprove an adult education program for which a district proposes to levy a tax
20	in accordance with the provisions of 20 7 705;
21	(17)(16) request, accept, deposit, and expend federal money in accordance with the provisions of
22	20-9-603;
23	(18)(17) authorize the use of federal money for the support of an interlocal cooperative agreement
24	in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-703 and 20-9-704;
25	(18) prescribe the form and contents of and approve or disapprove interstate contracts in
26	accordance with the provisions of 20-9-705;
27	(20) approve or disapprove the conduct of school on a Saturday or on pupil instruction related days
28	in accordance with the provisions of 20 1 303 and 20 1 304;
29	(21)(19) recommend standards of accreditation for all schools to the board of public education and



evaluate compliance with the standards and recommend accreditation status of every each school to the

1	board of public education in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-101 and 20-7-102;
2	(22)(20) collect and maintain a file of curriculum guides and assist schools with instructional
3	programs in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-113 and 20-7-114;
4	(23)(21) establish and maintain a library of visual, aural, and other educational media in accordance
5	with the provisions of 20-7-201;
6	(24)(22) license textbook dealers and initiate prosecution of textbook dealers violating the law in
7	accordance with the provisions of the textbooks part of this title;
8	(25)(23) as the governing agent and executive officer of the state of Montana for K-12 vocationa
9	education, adopt the policies prescribed by and in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-301;
10	(26)(24) supervise and coordinate the conduct of special education in the state in accordance with
11	the provisions of 20-7-403;
12	(27)(25) administer the traffic education program in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-502
13	(28)(26) administer the school food services program in accordance with the provisions of
14	20-10-201, 20-10-202, and 20-10-203;
15	(29)(27) review school building plans and specifications in accordance with the provisions of
16	20-6-622;
17	(30)(28) prescribe the method of identification and signals to be used by school safety patrols in
18	accordance with the provisions of 20-1-408;
19	(31)(29) provide schools with information and technical assistance for compliance with the student
20	assessment rules provided for in 20-2-121 and collect and summarize the results of the student assessment
21	for the board of public education and the legislature;
22	(30) WITHHOLD STATE AND FEDERAL SPECIAL EDUCATION MONEY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY
23	WITH MINIMUM FEDERAL STANDARDS FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION;
24	(32)(30)(31) administer the distribution of guaranteed tax base aid in accordance with 20-9-366
25	through 20-9-369; and
26	(33)(31)(32) perform any other duty prescribed from time to time by this title, any other act of the
27	legislature, or the policies of the board of public education."
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"20-7-303. Authorization to establish and maintain vocational education courses and programs.

Section 8. Section 20-7-303, MCA, is amended to read:

The trustees of an elementary or high school district may establish and maintain a vocational education course or program that complies with the K-12 vocational education standards adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. In order for a course or program to be eligible for state or federal financing, it shall must be approved by the superintendent of public instruction for compliance with K-12 vocational education standards. The superintendent of public instruction may not withhold state or federal funds for failure of a district to comply with state accreditation standards."

Section 9. Section 20-7-420, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-7-420. Residency requirements -- financial responsibility for special education. (1) In accordance with the provisions of 1-1-215, a child's district of residence for special education purposes is the residence of the child's parents or of the child's guardian if the parents are deceased, unless otherwise determined by the court. This applies to a child living at home, in an institution, or under foster care. If the parent has left the state, the parent's last known district of residence is the child's district of residence.

- (2) The county of residence is financially responsible for tuition and transportation as established under 20-5-323 for a child with disabilities, as defined in 20-7-401, including a child who has been placed by a state agency in a foster care or group home licensed by the state. The county of residence is not financially responsible for tuition and transportation for a child with disabilities who is placed by a state agency in an out-of-state public school or an out-of-state private residential facility.
- (3) If an eligible child, as defined in 20-7-436, is receiving inpatient treatment in an in-state residential treatment facility or children's psychiatric hospital, as defined in 20-7-436, and the educational services are provided by a public school district under the provisions of 20-7-411 or 20-7-435, the superintendent of public instruction shall reimburse the district providing the services for the negotiated amount, as established pursuant to 20-7-435(5), that represents the district's costs of providing education and related services. Payments must be made from funds appropriated for this purpose. If the negotiated amount exceeds the daily membership rate under 20-7-435(3) and any per-ANB amount of direct state aid, the superintendent of public instruction shall pay the remaining balance from the state equalization aid account. However, the amount spent from the state equalization aid account for this purpose may not exceed \$500,000 during any biennium.
 - (4) Under the provisions of 20-7-422(3), the superintendent of public instruction shall provide funds



for the education fees required to provide a free appropriate public education for a child with disabilities
who is in need of special education and related services and is placed by a state agency in an out-of-state
private residential facility or out-of-state public school, provided that, in determining the special education
services needed for the child with disabilities, the district of residence has complied with the rules
promulgated under 20-7-402.

(5) A state agency that makes a placement of a child with disabilities is responsible for the financial costs of room and board and the treatment of the child."

Section 10. Section 20-7-422, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-7-422. Out-of-state placement of children with disabilities -- payment of costs. (1) In accordance with a placement made by persons determining an individualized education program for a child with disabilities, the trustees of a district may arrange for the attendance of the child in a special education program offered outside of the state of Montana.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), when the persons determining the individualized education program of a child with disabilities who is in need of special education recommend placement in an out-of-state private residential facility, the trustees of the district of residence shall negotiate the amount and manner of payment of all costs associated with the placement.
- (3) Whenever a child with disabilities who is in need of special education and related services is adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction to be an abused, neglected, or dependent child as defined in 41-3-102 or a youth in need of supervision or delinquent youth as defined in 41-5-103 and is placed by a state agency in an out-of-state private residential facility, the superintendent of public instruction shall negotiate with:
- (a) the provider for the amount and manner of payment of education fees consistent with the individualized education program determined for the child under the provisions of 20-7-402; and
- (b) the state agency that makes the placement for the portion of the placement costs that represents the child's education program.
- (4) Payments for a child with disabilities as negotiated in subsection (3) must be paid by the superintendent of public instruction from the state special education appropriation."

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Section 11. Section 20-7-435, MCA, is amended to read:



"20-7-435. Funding of educational programs at in-state children's psychiatric hospitals and in-state
residential treatment programs for eligible children with emotional disturbances. (1) It is the intent of the
legislature that eligible children in in-state children's psychiatric hospitals and residential treatment facilities
be provided with an appropriate educational opportunity in a cost-effective manner, including the provision
of a free appropriate public education for eligible children with disabilities that is consistent with state
standards for the provision of special education and related services. General education programs for eligible
children without disabilities must be provided in accordance with the requirements for a nonpublic school
under the provisions of 20-5-109.

- (2) The superintendent of public instruction may contract with an in-state children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility for provision of an educational program for an eligible child in the hospital or treatment facility.
- (3) Whenever the superintendent of public instruction contracts with an in-state children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility for provision of an educational program for an eligible child in the children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) ensure the provision of a free appropriate public education and an education that is consistent with the requirements for a nonpublic school in 20-5-109 for children attending the hospital or residential treatment facility;
- (b) negotiate the approval of allowable costs under the provisions of 20-7-431 for allowable costs for providing special education, including the costs of retirement benefits, federal social security system contributions, and unemployment compensation insurance;
- (c) from appropriations provided for this purpose, fund any approved allowable costs under this section, with the exception of services for which reimbursement is made under any provision of state or federal law or an insurance policy;
- (d) provide funding for allowable costs according to a proration based on average daily membership.
- (4) A supplemental education fee or tuition may not be charged for an eligible Montana child who receives inpatient treatment and an education under contract with an in-state children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility.
 - (5) If a children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility fails to provide an education



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in accordance with 20-5-109 or a free appropriate public education under the provisions of this part for an eligible child at the children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility or fails to negotiate a contract under the provisions of subsection (2), the superintendent of public instruction shall negotiate with the school district in which the children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility is located for the supervision and implementation of an appropriate educational program that is consistent with accreditation standards provided for in 20-7-111 and with the provisions of 20-7-402 for children attending the children's psychiatric hospital or residential treatment facility. The amount negotiated with the school district must include all education and related services costs that may be negotiated under the provisions of subsection (3) and all education and related services costs necessary to fulfill the requirements of providing the child with an education.

- (6) Funds provided to a district under this section, including funds received under the provisions of 20-7-420:
- (a) must be deposited in the miscellaneous programs fund of the district that provides the education program for an eligible child, regardless of the age or grade placement of the child who is served under a negotiated contract; and
 - (b) are not subject to the budget limitations in 20-9-308."

- Section 12. Section 20-7-705, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-7-705. Adult education fund. (1) A separate adult education fund must be established when an adult education program is operated by a district or community college district. The financial administration of the fund must comply with the budgeting, financing, and expenditure provisions of the laws governing the schools.
- (2) Whenever the trustees of a district establish an adult education program under the provisions of 20-7-702, they shall establish an adult education fund under the provisions of this section. The adult education fund is the depository for all district money received by the district in support of the adult education program. Federal and state adult education program money must be deposited in the miscellaneous programs fund.
- (3) The trustees of a district may authorize the levy of a tax of not more than 1 mill on the district, except that trustees of a county high school district that is not unified with an elementary district may authorize a levy of not more than 2 mills on the district and a K-12 school district formed under the



 provisions of 20-6-701 may authorize a levy of not more than 3 mills on the district, for the operation of an adult education program when the superintendent of public instruction has approved the educational program to be supported by the levy. The trustees shall obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction before the fourth Monday of June in order to include the expenditures to be financed by the levy in the proliminary budget. The superintendent of public instruction shall promulgate rules and forms for the approval.

- (4) Whenever the trustees of a district decide to offer an adult education program during the ensuing school fiscal year, they shall budget for the cost of the program in the adult education fund of the preliminary budget. Any expenditures in support of the adult education program under the final adult education budget must be made in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title for a budgeted fund.
- (5) When a tax levy for an adult education program that has been approved by the superintendent of public instruction is included as a revenue item on the final adult education budget, the county superintendent shall report the levy requirement to the county commissioners on the fourth Monday of August and a levy on the district must be made by the county commissioners in accordance with 20-9-142."

SECTION 13. SECTION 20-9-311, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

- "20-9-311. Calculation of average number belonging (ANB). (1) Average number belonging (ANB) must be computed as follows:
- (a) compute an average enrollment by adding a count of regularly enrolled full-time pupils who were enrolled as of the first Monday in October of the prior school fiscal year to a count of regularly enrolled pupils on February 1 of the prior school fiscal year, or the nearest school day if those dates do not fall on a school day, and divide the sum by two; and
- (b) multiply the average enrollment calculated in subsection (1)(a) by the sum of the pupil-instruction and the approved pupil-instruction-related days for the current school fiscal year and divide by 180.
- (2) For the purpose of calculating ANB under subsection (1), up to 7 approved pupil-instruction-related days may be included in the calculation.
 - (3) When a school district has approval to operate less than 180 school days under 20-9-804, the



total ANB must be calculated in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-805.

- (4) Enrollment for a part of a morning session or a part of an afternoon session by a pupil must be counted as enrollment for one-half day.
- (5) In calculating the ANB for pupils enrolled in a program established under 20-7-117(1), enrollment at a regular session of the program for at least 2 hours of either a morning or an afternoon session must be counted as one-half pupil for ANB purposes. If a variance has been granted as provided in 20-1-302, ANB must be computed in a manner prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction, but the ANB for a kindergarten student may not exceed one-half for each kindergarten pupil.
- (6) When any pupil has been absent, with or without excuse, for more than 10 consecutive school days, the pupil may not be included in the enrollment count used in the calculation of the ANB unless the pupil resumes attendance prior to the day of the enrollment count.
- (7) The enrollment of prekindergarten pupils, as provided in 20-7-117, may not be included in the ANB calculations.
- (8) The average number belonging of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils for the public schools of a district must be based on the aggregate of all the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the schools of the district, except that when:
- (a) (i) a school of the district is located more than 20 miles beyond the incorporated limits of a city or town located in the district and at least 20 miles from any other school of the district, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement for the school calculated separately from the other schools of the district;
- (ii) a school of the district is located more than 20 miles from any other school of the district and no incorporated territory is involved in the district, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement for the school calculated separately from the other schools of the district; or
- (iii) the superintendent of public instruction approves an application not to aggregate when conditions exist affecting transportation, such as poor roads, mountains, rivers, or other obstacles to travel, or when any other condition exists that would result in an unusual hardship to the pupils of the school if they were transported to another school, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement for the



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school calculated separately from the other schools of the district;

- (b) a junior high school has been approved and accredited by the board of public education as a junior high school, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the junior high school must be considered as high school district pupils for ANB purposes; or
- (c) a middle school has been approved and accredited by the board of public education, all pupils below the 7th grade must be considered elementary school pupils for ANB purposes and the 7th and 8th grade pupils must be considered high school pupils for ANB purposes; or
- (d) a school has not been accredited by the board of public education, the regularly enrolled, full time pupils attending the nonaccredited school are not eligible for average number belonging calculation purposes, nor will an average number belonging for the nonaccredited school be used in determining the BASE funding program for the district.
- (9) When 11th or 12th grade students are regularly enrolled on a part-time basis, high schools may calculate the ANB to include an "equivalent ANB" for those students. The method for calculating an equivalent ANB must be determined in a manner prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (10) For average daily attendance reporting purposes, districts shall provide the superintendent of public instruction with annual reports of school attendance for regularly enrolled students and special education students, using a format determined by the superintendent."

Section 14. Section 20-9-344, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-9-344. Duties of board of public education for distribution of BASE aid. (1) The board of public education shall administer and distribute the BASE aid and state advances for county equalization in the manner and with the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the board of public education shall:
- (a) <u>shall</u> adopt policies for regulating the distribution of BASE aid and state advances for county equalization in accordance with the provisions of law;
- (b) have has the power to require reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it considers necessary; and
- (c) shall order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the BASE aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to the aid as established by the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of BASE aid, the board of public education may not increase or decrease the BASE aid distribution to any district on account of any difference that may occur during the school fiscal year



1	between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source of school revenue.
2	(2) The board of public education may order the superintendent of public instruction to withhold
3	distribution of BASE aid from a district when the district fails to:
4	(a) submit reports or budgets as required by law or rules adopted by the board of public education;
5	or
6	(b) maintain accredited status.
7	(3) Prior to any proposed order by the board of public education to withhold distribution of BASE
8	aid or county equalization money, the district is entitled to a contested case hearing before the board of
9	public education, as provided under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.
10	(4) If a district or county receives more BASE aid than it is entitled to, the county treasurer shall
11	return the overpayment to the state upon the request of the superintendent of public instruction in the
12	manner prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.
13	(5) Except as provided in 20-9-347(3), the BASE aid payment must be distributed according to the
14	following schedule:
15	(a) from August to October of the school fiscal year, 10% of the direct state aid to each district;
16	(b) from December to April of the school fiscal year, 10% of the direct state aid to each district;
17	(c) in November of the school fiscal year, one-half of the guaranteed tax base aid payment to each
18	district or county that has submitted a final budget to the superintendent of public instruction in accordance
19	with the provisions of 20-9-134;
20	(d) in May of the school fiscal year, the remainder of the guaranteed tax base aid payment to each
21	district or county; and
22	(e) in June of the school fiscal year, one-half of the remaining payment to each district of direct
23	state aid and on the following July 15, the remaining payment to each district of direct state aid for the
24	school fiscal year ending on the preceding June 30.
25	(6) The distribution provided for in subsection (5) must occur by the last working day of each
26	month."
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the superintendent of public instruction are authorized on behalf of the state of Montana to request and

"20-9-603. Acceptance and expenditure of federal moneys money for state. (1) The governor and

Section 15. Section 20-9-603, MCA, is amended to read:

accept such moneys as are money that is now or will be made available under any act of congress of the United States or otherwise for purposes of public school building construction or for any other purposes of public schools and public education as that are permitted under the laws of the state of Montana and as that are authorized by the grants from the federal government. Such moneys shall The money must be deposited by the governor and superintendent of public instruction in the state treasury and are must be appropriated and made available to the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to this section. All such moneys shall The money must be expended for the purpose of public school building construction or for any other purposes of public schools and public education as permitted under the laws of the state of Montana and as authorized by the grants from the federal government.

- (2) The governor and superintendent of public instruction are further authorized on behalf of the state of Montana to accept money money provided from federal sources for the express purpose of distribution to nonpublic education. Such moneys shall The money must be deposited by the governor and superintendent of public instruction in the state treasury and are must be appropriated and made available to the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to this section. All such moneys shall The money must be distributed in the manner provided by the laws of the state of Montana and as authorized or expressed by grants from the federal government.
- (3) All Except as provided in subsection (4), all expenditures of moneys money from federal sources under this section shall must be made under the supervision and in the discretion of the superintendent of public instruction. Any balance in the account in which such moneys are the money is maintained shall may not lapse at any time but shall must be continuously available to the superintendent of public instruction for expenditures consistent with this title and acts of the federal government.
- (4) The superintendent of public instruction may not withhold money for failure to comply with state accreditation standards BUT SHALL WITHHOLD STATE AND FEDERAL SPECIAL EDUCATION MONEY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE MINIMUM FEDERAL STANDARDS FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION."

NEW SECTION. Section 16. Repealer. Section 20-7-402, MCA, is repealed.

NEW SECTION. Section 17. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

-END-



SENATE BILL NO. 232

2 INTRODUCED BY TOEWS, ELLIS, KITZENBERG, HERTEL, MOHL

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE LOCAL CONTROL PROVIDED TO SCHOOL 4 TRUSTEES UNDER ARTICLE X. SECTION 8. OF THE MONTANA CONSTITUTION BY REVISING CERTAIN 5 DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION AND THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION: REMOVING FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION THE AUTHORITY TO ADJUST THE 7 AVERAGE NUMBER BELONGING, TO APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE AN ADULT EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR 8 WHICH A DISTRICT PROPOSES A LEVY, OR TO APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE SCHOOL ON SATURDAYS 9 10 OR ON PUPIL-INSTRUCTION-RELATED DAYS; AUTHORIZING THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION TO ADOPT POLICES FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION TO MEET MINIMUM FEDERAL STANDARDS AND ADVISE 11 12 TRUSTEES: REMOVING THE AUTHORITY OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION TO ORDER THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION TO WITHHOLD BASE AID FROM A DISTRICT FOR FAILURE 13 14 TO COMPLY WITH BOARD RULES OR FAILURE TO MAINTAIN ACCREDITED STATUS: PROHIBITING THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FROM WITHHOLDING FEDERAL MONEY OR WITHHOLDING 15 16 MONEY FROM VOCATIONAL EDUCATION, FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH STATE ACCREDITATION STANDARDS; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-1-301, 20-1-302, 20-1-303, 20-1-304, 20-1-308, 20-2-121, 17 20-3-106, 20-7-303, 20-7-420, 20-7-422, 20-7-435, 20-7-705, <u>20-9-311</u>, 20-9-344, AND 20-9-603, 18 19 MCA; REPEALING SECTION 20-7-402, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.