LC0177.01

SB 187 INTRODUCED BILL

54th Legislature

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	OSENATE 187	
1	INTRODUCED BY Brd Row Port Litter Cup Tran	
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3 4	BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR AND THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Materia Swanson Nutre Wiseman Eige	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TO OPERATE	
6	AND MAINTAIN AN AUTOMATED ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING SYSTEM FOR VIDEO GAMBLING	
7	MACHINES; ABOLISHING THE REQUIREMENT THAT MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS MUST BE	
8	SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME AS THE SPECIFICATIONS REQUIRED ON SEPTEMBER 30, 1989; PROVIDING	
9	A TAX CREDIT; AMENDING SECTIONS 23-5-610 AND 23-5-621, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE	
10	EFFECTIVE DATE."	
11		
12	STATEMENT OF INTENT	
13	A statement of intent is required for this bill in order to provide guidelines for the adoption of rules	
14	by the department of justice to implement the automated accounting and reporting system provided for in	
15	[section 1]. The department's rules for an automated system should provide for simplified exchange of	
16	video gambling machine revenue information that the department is entitled by law to receive. The rules	
17	should provide for inspection of machine components and require, except when there is imminent peril to	
18	the integrity of the system or when necessary to prevent or detect criminal activity, prior notification to a	
19	licensee before a machine is disabled for malfunctions or violations detected by use of the automated	
20	accounting and reporting system.	
21		
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
23		
24	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Automated accounting and reporting system. For the purposes of	
25	performing its duties under this chapter, simplifying the reporting of video gambling machine revenue data,	
26	and preserving the integrity of video gambling machines within its jurisdiction, the department may operate	
27	and maintain an automated accounting and reporting system for video gambling machines.	
28		
29	Section 2. Section 23-5-610, MCA, is amended to read:	
30	"23-5-610. Video gambling machine gross income tax records distribution quarterly	



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1	statement and payment credit. (1) A licensed operator issued a permit under this part shall pay to the
2	department a video gambling machine tax of 15% of the gross income from each video gambling machine
3	licensed under this part. A licensed operator may deduct from the gross income amounts equal to amounts
4	stolen from machines if the amounts stolen are not repaid by insurance or under a court order, if a law
5	enforcement agency investigated the theft, and if the theft is the result of either unauthorized entry and
6	physical removal of the money from the machines or of machine tampering and the amounts stolen are
7	documented.
8	(2) (a) A licensed operator is entitled to a tax credit for each video gambling machine for which a
9	permit has been issued under this part if:
10	(i) the permit was issued for the machine on or before July 1, 1994, and the machine was in play
11	for at least 180 continuous days prior to that date;
12	(ii) the department has given notice to the licensed operator that video gambling machines for which
13	a permit has been issued must be upgraded to be made capable of communicating with an automated
14	accounting and reporting system established under [section 1];
15	(iii) the machine is incapable of communicating with the automated accounting and reporting system
16	operated by the department; and
17	(iv) the licensed operator incurs actual costs for conversion of the machine to make it compatible
18	with the automated accounting and reporting system operated by the department.
19	(b) The amount of the tax credit allowed for each machine under subsection (2)(a) is:
20	(i) \$300 for video gambling machines with an income for the 12-month period ending June 30,
21	1994, that was under \$10,000;
22	(ii) \$225 for video gambling machines with an income for the 12-month period ending June 30,
23	<u>1994, that was \$10,000 to \$19,999; and</u>
24	(iii) \$150 for video gambling machines with an income for the 12-month period ending June 30,
25	1994, that was \$20,000 or more.
26	(c) A licensed operator with a video gambling machine that is incapable of being made compatible
27	with an automated accounting and reporting system operated by the department is entitled to a tax credit
28	of up to \$300 toward the cost of a new video gambling machine if the incompatible machine is replaced
29	with a compatible machine and a new permit is not requested or issued for the incompatible machine.
30	(d) If a tax credit is claimed under subsection (2)(a) or (2)(c), one-half of the allowable credit is to



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1 be deducted from that portion of the licensed operator's tax liability for the taxable year in which the 2 conversion or replacement costs were incurred and the other half is to be deducted from the tax liability 3 for the following taxable year. If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the licensed operator's tax liability 4 for the taxable year, the amount that exceeds the liability may be carried over for credit against the 5 operator's tax liability in the next succeeding taxable year or years until the total allowable amount of the 6 tax credit has been deducted from tax liability. However, a credit may not be carried over beyond the third 7 taxable year succeeding the taxable year in which the conversion or replacement costs were incurred. 8 (e) A tax credit allowed under this section may not be transferred to any other licensed operator

9 or machine owner or to any other video gambling machine.

10 (2)(3) A licensed operator issued a permit under this part shall keep a record of the gross income 11 from each machine in the form the department may require. The records must at all times during the 12 business hours of the licensee be subject to inspection by the department.

13 (3)(4) A licensed operator issued a permit under this part shall, within 15 days after the end of each 14 quarter, complete and deliver to the department a statement showing the total gross income from each 15 video gambling machine licensed to the operator, together with the total amount due the state as video 16 gambling machine gross income tax for the preceding quarter. The statement must contain other relevant 17 information as the department may require.

(4)(5) (a) The department shall, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-501(6), forward one-third
 of the tax collected under subsection (3) (4) to the general fund.

(b) The department shall, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-501(6), forward the remaining two-thirds of the tax collected under subsection (3) (4) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the licensed machine is located, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. Counties are not entitled to proceeds from taxes on income from video gambling machines located in incorporated cities and towns. The two-thirds local government portion of tax collected under subsection (3) (4) is statutorily appropriated to the department as provided in 17-7-502 for deposit to the county or municipal treasury."

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28 Section 3. Section 23-5-621, MCA, is amended to read:

29 "23-5-621. Video gambling machine specifications -- rules. (1) The department shall adopt rules
 30 <u>that implement [section 1], describing describe</u> the video gambling machines authorized by this part, and



stating state the specifications for video gambling machines authorized by this part. The specifications in 1 2 the rules must substantially follow the specifications contained in 23-5-606 and 23-5-609 as those sections read on September 30, 1989. The department shall adopt rules allowing video gambling machines to be 3 4 imported into this state and used for the purposes of trade shows, exhibitions, and similar activities. 5 (2) The department's rules for an automated accounting and reporting system must: (a) provide for confidentiality of information received through the system within the limits 6 7 prescribed by 23-5-115(6) and 23-5-116; (b) ensure the security and integrity of the automated accounting and reporting system and of the 8 9 video gambling machines connected to the system; (c) limit and prescribe the circumstances for electronic transfer of funds for payment of taxes, fees, 10 11 or penalties to the department; (d) limit and prescribe the circumstances under which machines may be disabled for malfunctions 12 13 or violations detected by use of the automated system; and 14 (e) allow a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 3 years after the system becomes operational, to operate previously approved machines that are not capable of being made compatible with the system." 15 16 17 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Coordination instruction. [This act] is void if House Bill No. 2 is not 18 passed and approved with a line item appropriation to implement [section 1] or no other bill is passed and 19 approved with a specific appropriation to implement [section 1]. 20 21 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an 22 integral part of Title 23, chapter 5, part 6, and the provisions of Title 23, chapter 5, apply to [section 1]. 23 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval. 24 25 -END-



STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for <u>SB0187</u>, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act authorizing the Department of Justice to operate and maintain an automated accounting and reporting system for video gambling machines (VGMs).

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Study and implementation on a dial-up system will begin July 1, 1995, with the first VGMs placed on the system on July 1, 1997. By January 1, 1998, all VGM revenue will be reported electronically.
- 2. For consistency in calculations for FY97 and beyond, there are estimated to be 15,000 VGMs and 1,700 gambling establishments in Montana. Although state general fund and local gambling tax revenues will most likely increase as a result of anticipated industry growth, such growth is not the result of this bill and is not considered in this fiscal note.
- 3. The Legislative Auditor estimated that 21 additional revenue agents could perform 12 audits per year, or 252 more total audits annually, recovering approximately \$4,100 per audit, or \$1,033,000 additional annual gambling tax revenue. On the other hand, the dial-up system would perform 100% audits every year on 1,700 establishments. But, the average return per audit is assumed to be approximately half (\$2,050) since small establishments would be audited along with the large. Thus, the dial-up system would produce an estimated \$3,485,000 (1,700 X \$2,050) additional gambling tax revenue per year, which would be split one-third to the state general fund and two-thirds to the county/city general funds. Because the system is being implemented during the first six months of FY98, it is projected that 75% of this revenue will be collected in FY98.
- 4. The tax credit offered in the bill will have a total impact of reducing gambling tax revenue by approximately \$3.5 million. One-half of the credit will be applied to gambling tax returns by VGMs owners in FY98, and the remaining one-half in FY99.
- 5. Two FTEs (grade 16) will be needed in the 1999 biennium at a cost of \$99,000 in FY98 and \$84,000 in FY99.
- 6. Estimated FY96 expenditures of \$50,000 are for study, initial implementation and site preparation.
- 7. The FY97 estimated expenditures are \$900,000. This is primarily for the purchase of central computer hardware and software to operate the system.
- 8. The estimated fund balance of the gambling state special revenue account at July 1, 1995, plus the estimated increase in machine fee revenues from anticipated growth, will be sufficient to fund the Department of Justice operating costs of this bill.

(Continued)

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning

BOB BROWN, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for SB0187, as introduced

Fiscal Note Request, <u>SB0187</u>, <u>as introduced</u> Page 2 (Continued)

FISCAL IMPACT:

STATE GOVERNMENT IMPACT:

Expenditures:

Department of Justice Gambling Control Division:	FY96	FY97	FY98	FY99	
FTE Personal services Operating expense Equipment Total	0 50,000 50,000	- 0 <u>900,000</u> 900,000	2.00 84,000 194,000 0 278,000	2.00 84,000 194,000 0 278,000	
<u>Funding (expenditures):</u> Gambling SSR (02)	50,000	900,000	278,000	278,000	
<u>Revenues:</u>					
Gambling tax (01) Gambling tax credit (01) Net General Fund impact	- 	- 	871,000 <u>(583,000)</u> 288,000	1,162,000 <u>(583,000)</u> 579,000	
FISCAL IMPACT - LOCAL GOVERNMENT:					
<u>Revenue:</u>					
Gambling tax Gambling tax credit Total	0 <u>0</u> 0	0 <u>0</u> 0	1,742,000 <u>(1,167,000)</u> 575,000	2,323,000 <u>(1,167,000)</u> 1,156,000	

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

Two-thirds of the gambling tax revenue is distributed to cities and counties on a quarterly basis by the Department of Justice. The allocation is made based upon the tax revenue in the particular location. See the above table for total local government fiscal impact.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

By FY2000, the tax credit would all be claimed and the estimated net effect would be increases in general funds of: state - \$1,162,000, and counties/cities - \$2,320,000. This effect should maintain itself into the future.

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for SB0187, amended by committee

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act authorizing the Department of Justice to operate and maintain an automated accounting and reporting system for video gambling machines (VGMs).

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Study and implementation on a dial-up system will begin July 1, 1995, with the first VGMs placed on the system on July 1, 1997. By January 1, 1998, all VGM revenue will be reported electronically.
- 2. For consistency in calculations for FY97 and beyond, there are estimated to be 15,000 VGMs and 1,700 gambling establishments in Montana. Although state general fund and local gambling tax revenues will most likely increase as a result of anticipated industry growth, such growth is not the result of this bill and is not considered in this fiscal note.
- 3. The Legislative Auditor estimated that 21 additional revenue agents could perform 12 audits per year, or 252 more total audits annually, recovering approximately \$4,100 per audit, or \$1,033,000 additional annual gambling tax revenue. On the other hand, the dial-up system would perform 100% audits every year on 1,700 establishments. But, the average return per audit is assumed to be approximately half (\$2,050) since small establishments would be audited along with the large. Thus, the dial-up system would produce an estimated \$3,485,000 (1,700 X \$2,050) additional gambling tax revenue per year, which would be split one-third to the state general fund and two-thirds to the county/city general funds. Because the system is being implemented during the first six months of FY98, it is projected that 75% of this revenue will be collected in FY98.
- 4. The tax credit offered in the bill will have a total impact of reducing gambling tax revenue by approximately \$9.0 million (15,000 VGMs x \$600), and will be an offset to tax revenue, one-third (\$3,000,000) general fund, two-thirds (\$6,000,000) local government. The credit will be recognized over a 3 year calendar period (4 fiscal years), with 1/12 of the total credit taken every quarter, starting with the quarter ending March 31, 1998.
- 5. The 1,500 "grandfathered" VGMs will be totally replaced, and the tax credit taken by June 30, 2001.
- 6. Two FTEs (grade 16) will be needed in the 1999 biennium and beyond, at a cost of \$84,000 per year. Operating costs of \$194,000 per year is primarily for additional hardware and software maintenance, and installation and maintenance of phone lines.
- 7. Estimated FY96 expenditures of \$50,000 are for study, initial implementation and site preparation.
- 8. The FY97 estimated expenditures of \$900,000, is primarily for the purchase of central computer hardware and software to operate the system.
- 9. The estimated fund balance of the gambling state special revenue account at July 1, 1995, plus the estimated increase in machine fee revenues from anticipated growth, will be sufficient to fund the Department of Justice operating costs of this bill.

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DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning

2-16-95

BOB BROWN, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for <u>SB0187</u>, <u>amended by</u> <u>committee</u>

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Fiscal Note Request, <u>SB0187</u>, <u>amended by committee</u> Page 2 (Continued)

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

Two-thirds of the gambling tax revenue is distributed to cities and counties on a quarterly basis by the Department of Justice. The allocation is made based upon the tax revenue in the particular location. See the table on the following page for total local government fiscal impact.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

By FY2002, the tax credit will all be claimed and the estimated net effect would be increases in general funds of: state - \$1,162,000, and counties/cities - \$2,323,000. This effect should maintain itself into the future.

Fiscal Note Request, SB0187, amended by committee Page 3 (continued)

FISCAL IMPACT:

STATE GOVERNMENT IMPACT:

Expenditures:	FY96	FY97	FY98	<u>FY99</u>	<u>FY00</u>	<u>FY01</u>	FY02
DOJ – Gambling Control Div.:							
FTE Personal services Operating expenses Equipment Total Funding (expenditures):	0.00 0 50,000 0 <u>50,000</u>	0.00 0 0 900,000 900,000	2.00 84,000 194,000 <u>0</u> <u>278,000</u>	2.00 84,000 194,000 <u>0</u> <u>278,000</u>	2.00 84,000 194,000 <u>0</u> 278,000	2.00 84,000 194,000 0 <u>278,000</u>	2.00 84,000 194,000 <u>0</u> <u>278,000</u>
Gambling SSR (02)	<u>50,000</u>	<u>900,000</u>	<u>278,000</u>	<u>278,000</u>	<u>278,000</u>	<u>278,000</u>	<u>278,000</u>
<u>Revenues:</u>							
General fund: Gambling tax (01) Gambling tax credit (01) Net general fund impact	0 0 0	0 0 0	871,000 <u>(500,000)</u> <u>371,000</u>	1,162,000 <u>(1,000,000)</u> <u>162,000</u>	1,162,000 <u>(1,000,000)</u> <u>162,000</u>	1,162,000 (500,000) <u>662,000</u>	1,162,000 <u>0</u> <u>1,162,000</u>
FISCAL IMPACT - LOCAL GOV'T:							
Revenue:							
Gambling tax Gambling tax credit Total	0 0 0	0 0 <u>0</u>	1,742,000 (1,000,000) <u>742,000</u>	2,323,000 <u>(2,000,000)</u> <u>323,000</u>	2,323,000 <u>(2,000,000)</u> <u>323,000</u>	2,323,000 <u>(1,000,000)</u> <u>1,323,000</u>	2,323,000 <u>0</u> <u>2,323,000</u>

1	SENATE BILL NO. 187
2	INTRODUCED BY BROWN, PECK, R. JOHNSON, EWER, HARPER, CRIPPEN, MCKEE, SOFT,
3	SWANSON, HERTEL, WISEMAN, ECK, WATERMAN, COBB
4	BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR AND THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TO OPERATE
7	AND MAINTAIN AN AUTOMATED ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING SYSTEM FOR VIDEO GAMBLING
8	MACHINES; ABOLISHING THE REQUIREMENT THAT MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS MUST BE
9	SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME AS THE SPECIFICATIONS REQUIRED ON SEPTEMBER 30, 1989; ASSIGNING
10	RESPONSIBILITY FOR PAYMENT OF VIDEO GAMBLING MACHINE TAXES TO THE OWNER OF THE
11	MACHINE; PROVIDING A TAX CREDIT TO THE MACHINE OWNER; AMENDING SECTIONS 23-5-116,
12	23-5-602, 23-5-610, AND 23-5-621, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE DATES."
13	
14	STATEMENT OF INTENT
15	A statement of intent is required for this bill in order to provide guidelines for the adoption of rules
16	by the department of justice to implement the automated accounting and reporting system provided for in
17	[section 1]. The department's rules for an automated system should provide for simplified exchange of
18	video gambling machine revenue information that the department is entitled by law to receive. <u>THE RULES</u>
19	SHOULD PROVIDE THAT MANAGEMENT INFORMATION MAY BE AN OPTION FOR MACHINE OWNERS.
20	The rules should provide for inspection of machine components and require, except when there is imminent
21	peril to the integrity of the system or when necessary to prevent or detect criminal activity, prior notification
22	to a licensee before a machine is disabled for malfunctions or violations detected by use of the automated
23	accounting and reporting system. THE RULES SHOULD PROVIDE THAT FUNDS MAY NOT BE
24	TRANSFERRED ELECTRONICALLY WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE LICENSED OPERATOR.
25	
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
27	
28	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Automated accounting and reporting system. For the purposes of
29	performing its duties under this chapter, simplifying the reporting of video gambling machine revenue data,
30	and preserving the integrity of video gambling machines within its jurisdiction, the department may operate



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1 and maintain an automated accounting and reporting system for video gambling machines. 2 3 SECTION 2. SECTION 23-5-116, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: "23-5-116. Disclosure of information. (1) The department shall, upon request, disclose the 4 5 following information from a license or permit application: 6 (a) the applicant's name; 7 (b) the address of the business where the activity under the license or permit is to be conducted; (c) the name of each person having an ownership interest in the business; and 8 9 (d) types of permits requested by the applicant. (2) In addition to the information enumerated in subsection (1), the department may disclose any 10 other relevant information obtained in the application or tax reporting process or as a result of other 11 department operations to: 12 13 (a) a federal, state, city, county, or tribal criminal justice agency; and 14 (b) the department of revenue and the federal internal revenue service. 15 (3) In the event of delinquency or at the request of a video gambling machine permitholder, the 16 department shall inform the permitholder of the status of a route operator's tax payments for a machine located at the permitholder's place of business." 17 18 19 SECTION 3. SECTION 23-5-602, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 20 "23-5-602. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply: 21 (1) "Associated equipment" means all proprietary devices, machines, or parts used in the 22 manufacture or maintenance of a video gambling machine, including but not limited to integrated circuit 23 chips, printed wired assembly, printed wired boards, printing mechanisms, video display monitors, metering 24 devices, and cabinetry. 25 (2) "Bingo machine" means an electronic video gambling machine that, upon insertion of cash, is 26 available to play bingo as defined by rules of the department. The machine utilizes a video display and 27 microprocessors in which, by the skill of the player, by chance, or both, the player may receive free games 28 or credits that may be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a slot machine or a machine that 29 directly dispenses coins, cash, tokens, or anything else of value. 30 (3) "Draw poker machine" means an electronic video gambling machine that, upon insertion of



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1 cash, is available to play or simulate the play of the game of draw poker as defined by rules of the 2 department. The machine utilizes a video display and microprocessors in which, by the skill of the player, 3 by chance, or both, the player may receive free games or credits that may be redeemed for cash. The term 4 does not include a slot machine or a machine that directly dispenses coins, cash, tokens, or anything else 5 of value.

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(4) "Gross income" means money put into a video gambling machine minus credits paid out in cash.

8 (5) "Keno machine" means an electronic video gambling machine that, upon insertion of cash, is 9 available to play keno as defined by rules of the department. The machine utilizes a video display and microprocessors in which, by the skill of the player, by chance, or both, the player may receive free games 10 11 or credits that may be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a slot machine or a machine that 12 directly dispenses coins, cash, tokens, or anything else of value.

13 (6) "Licensed machine owner" means a licensed operator or route operator who owns a video 14 gambling machine for which a permit has been issued by the department."

15

Section 4. Section 23-5-610, MCA, is amended to read: 16

17 "23-5-610. Video gambling machine gross income tax -- records -- distribution -- guarterly 18 statement and payment -- credit. (1) A licensed operator issued a permit under this part MACHINE OWNER shall pay to the department a video gambling machine tax of 15% of the gross income from each video 19 20 gambling machine licensed ISSUED A PERMIT under this part. A licensed operator MACHINE OWNER may 21 deduct from the gross income amounts equal to amounts stolen from machines if the amounts stolen are 22 not repaid by insurance or under a court order, if a law enforcement agency investigated the theft, and if 23 the theft is the result of either unauthorized entry and physical removal of the money from the machines 24 or of machine tampering and the amounts stolen are documented.

25 (2) (a) A licensed operator MACHINE OWNER is entitled to a tax credit for each video gambling 26 machine for which a permit has been issued under this part if:

27 (i) the permit was issued ACTIVE for the machine on or before July 1, 1994, and the machine was 28 in play for at least 180 continuous days prior to that date JANUARY 4, 1995;

29 (ii) the department has given notice to the licensed operator that video gambling machines for which 30 a permit has been issued must be upgraded to be made capable of communicating with an automated



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1	accounting and reporting system established under [section 1];
2	(iii) THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THAT the machine is incapable of communicating with the
3	automated accounting and reporting system operated by the department; and
4	(iv) the licensed operator incurs actual HARDWARE OR SOFTWARE costs for conversion of the
5	machine to make it compatible with the automated accounting and reporting system operated by the
6	department.
7	(b) The amount of the tax credit allowed for each machine under subsection (2)(a) is:
8	(i) \$300 \$600 for EACH video gambling machines with an income for the 12-month period ending
9	June 30, 1994, that was under \$10,000;
10	(ii) \$225 for video-gambling machines with an income for the 12-month period ending June 30,
11	1994, that was \$19,000 to \$19,999; and
12	(iii) \$150 for video gambling machines with an income for the 12-month period ending June 30,
13	1994, that was \$20,000 or more MACHINE OR THE ACTUAL HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE COST,
14	WHICHEVER IS LESS.
15	(C) AFTER JANUARY 4, 1995, BUT PRIOR TO THE DATE NOTICE IS GIVEN UNDER SUBSECTION
16	(2)(A)(II), A LICENSED MACHINE OWNER MAY OBTAIN TAX CREDITS FOR REPLACEMENT MACHINES
17	IN THE AMOUNT ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (2)(B) BY NOTIFYING THE DEPARTMENT THAT
18	SPECIFIED MACHINES ARE TO BE REMOVED FROM ELIGIBILITY FOR TAX CREDITS AND BY
19	TRANSFERRING ELIGIBILITY TO THE SAME NUMBER OF REPLACEMENT MACHINES. ADDITIONAL TAX
20	CREDITS ARE NOT CREATED BY THIS SUBSECTION (2)(C).
21	(c) (D) A licensed operator MACHINE_OWNER with a video gambling machine that THE
22	DEPARTMENT DETERMINES is incapable of being made compatible with an automated accounting and
23	reporting system operated by the department is entitled to a tax credit of up to \$300 \$600 toward the cost
24	of a new REPLACEMENT video gambling machine if the incompatible machine is replaced with a compatible
25	machine and a new permit is not requested or issued for the incompatible machine.
26	(d) (E) If a tax credit is claimed under subsection (2)(a) or (2)(e) (2)(D), ene half of the allowable
27	<u>credit is to be deducted from that portion of the licensed operator's tax liability for the taxable year in which</u>
28	the conversion or replacement costs were incurred and the other half is to be deducted from the tax liability
29	for the following taxable year THE CREDIT IS APPLIED IN EQUAL AMOUNTS OVER 12 QUARTERS,
30	BEGINNING THE QUARTER AFTER CONVERSION TO THE AUTOMATED ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING



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SYSTEM. If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the licensed operator's tax liability for the taxable year,
the amount that exceeds the liability may be carried over for credit against the operator's tax liability in the
next succeeding taxable year or years until the total allowable amount of the tax credit has been deducted
from tax liability. However, a credit may not be carried over beyond the third FOURTH taxable year
succeeding the taxable year in which the conversion or replacement costs were incurred.
(e)(F) A tax credit allowed under this section may not be transferred to any other licensed operator

or machine owner or to any other video gambling machine PRIOR TO THE TIME THE MACHINE FOR WHICH
 THE TAX CREDIT IS ALLOWED IS CONNECTED TO THE AUTOMATED ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

9 <u>SYSTEM.</u>

10 (2)(3) A licensed operator issued a permit under this part MACHINE OWNER shall keep a record 11 of the gross income from each machine <u>ISSUED A PERMIT UNDER THIS PART</u> in the form the department 12 may require. The records must at all times during the business hours of the licensee be subject to 13 inspection by the department.

14 (3)(4) A licensed operator issued a pormit under this part MACHINE OWNER shall, within 15 days 15 after the end of each quarter, complete and deliver to the department a statement showing the total gross 16 income from each video gambling machine licensed to the operator ISSUED A PERMIT UNDER THIS PART, 17 together with the total amount due the state as video gambling machine gross income tax for the preceding 18 quarter. The statement must contain other relevant information as the department may require.

(4)(5) (a) The department shall, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-501(6), forward one-third
 of the tax collected under subsection (3) (4) to the general fund.

(b) The department shall, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-501(6), forward the remaining two-thirds of the tax collected under subsection (3) (4) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the licensed machine is located, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. Counties are not entitled to proceeds from taxes on income from video gambling machines located in incorporated cities and towns. The two-thirds local government portion of tax collected under subsection (3) (4) is statutorily appropriated to the department as provided in 17-7-502 for deposit to the county or municipal treasury."

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Section 5. Section 23-5-621, MCA, is amended to read:

Montana Legislative Council

"23-5-621. Video gambling machine specifications -- rules. (1) The department shall adopt rules

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1	that implement [section 1], describing describe the video gambling machines authorized by this part, and
2	stating state the specifications for video gambling machines authorized by this part. The specifications in
3	the rules must substantially follow the specifications contained in 23-5-606 and 23-5-609 as those sections
4	read on September 30, 1989. The department shall adopt rules allowing video gambling machines to be
5	imported into this state and used for the purposes of trade shows, exhibitions, and similar activities.
6	(2) The department's rules for an automated accounting and reporting system must:
7	(a) provide for confidentiality of information received through the system within the limits
8	prescribed by 23-5-115(6) and 23-5-116;
9	(b) ensure the security and integrity of the automated accounting and reporting system and of the
10	video gambling machines connected to the system;
11	(c) limit and prescribe the circumstances for electronic transfer of funds for payment of taxes, fees,
12	or penalties to the department;
13	(d) limit and prescribe the circumstances under which machines may be disabled for malfunctions
14	or violations detected by use of the automated system; and
15	(e) allow a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 3 6 years after the system becomes
16	operational, to operate previously approved machines that are not capable of being made compatible with
17	the system; AND
18	(F) ALLOW THE REQUIREMENT OF A PERFORMANCE BOND FROM THE MACHINE OWNER FOR
19	THE PAYMENT OF TAXES."
20	
21	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Coordination instruction. [This act] is void if House Bill No. 2 is not
22	passed and approved with a line item appropriation to implement [section 1] or no other bill is passed and
23	approved with a specific appropriation to implement [section 1].
24	
25	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an
26	integral part of Title 23, chapter 5, part 6, and the provisions of Title 23, chapter 5, apply to [section 1].
27	
28	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date DATES. (1) [This act] is [SECTIONS 1, 5 THROUGH
29	7, AND THIS SECTION] ARE effective on passage and approval.
30	(2) [SECTIONS 2 THROUGH 4] ARE EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1996.
	-END-



1	SENATE BILL NO. 187
2	INTRODUCED BY BROWN, PECK, R. JOHNSON, EWER, HARPER, CRIPPEN, MCKEE, SOFT,
3	SWANSON, HERTEL, WISEMAN, ECK, WATERMAN, COBB
4	BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR AND THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
5	· · · · ·
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TO OPERATE
7	AND MAINTAIN AN AUTOMATED ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING SYSTEM FOR VIDEO GAMBLING
8	MACHINES; ABOLISHING THE REQUIREMENT THAT MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS MUST BE
9	SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME AS THE SPECIFICATIONS REQUIRED ON SEPTEMBER 30, 1989; ASSIGNING
10	RESPONSIBILITY FOR PAYMENT OF VIDEO GAMBLING MACHINE TAXES TO THE OWNER OF THE
11	MACHINE; PROVIDING A TAX CREDIT TO THE MACHINE OWNER; AMENDING SECTIONS 23-5-116,
12	23-5-602, 23-5-610, AND 23-5-621, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE DATES."

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.



SB 187 THIRD READING



HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

March 16, 1995

Page 1 of 3

Mr. Speaker: We, the committee on **Business and Labor** report that **Senate Bill 187** (third reading copy -- blue) be concurred in as amended.

Signed:

Carried by: Rep. Peck

And, that such amendments read:

2. Page 1, line 28. Following: "Section 1." Strike: "Automated" Insert: "Purpose -- study -- automated" Following: "system."

Insert: "(1) The legislature intends to ensure a high degree of integrity in the conduct of the gaming industry to prevent fraudulent and deceptive practices by licensed operators, licensed machine owners, and vendors. Prior to implementing an automated accounting and reporting system under this part, the department of justice shall conduct a study to identify and examine alternatives for automated monitoring and regulation of Montana's video gaming industry. The study must involve participation by representatives from the video gaming industry as well as appropriate state regulatory agencies, to be appointed by the attorney general. The study must be completed and submitted to the attorney general by

> **SB 187 HOUSE** 611115SC.Hbk

Committee Vote: Yes //, No 7.

March 16, 1995 Page 2 of 3

July 1, 1996. (2)"

3. Page 2, line 1. Following: "machines." Insert: "The system and replacement or additional items purchased in the future may not be purchased from a supplier who manufactures video gambling machines and does not both sell and lease the machines to licensed operators." 4. Page 3, line 25. Following: "OWNER" Insert: "who owns the machine on the date that the machine is connected to the system established under [section 1]" 5. Page 4, line 3. Following: ";" Strike: "and" 6. Page 4, line 4. Strike: "operator" Insert: "machine owner" 7. Page 4, line 6. Following: "department" Insert: "; and (v) the licensed machine owner has paid the total cost of the conversion" 8. Page 5, line 1. Strike: "operator's" Insert: "machine owner's" 9. Page 5, line 2. Strike: "operator's" Insert: "owner's" 10. Page 6, lines 15 through 17. Strike: "allow" on line 15 through "system" on line 17 Insert: "provide that a licensed operator may download to a computer on the operator's premises or receive from the

department information produced by machines on the operator's premises"

11. Page 6, line 20.

Insert: "(3) If a previously approved machine is not capable of being made compatible with the automated accounting and reporting system, it may:

(a) be operated for 10 years beyond the date on which the system becomes operational, as determined by the department of justice, without being connected to the system, but it may be operated only on the premises on which it is located when the system becomes operational; or

(b) be possessed, located, operated, sold, or supplied in the manner and under the conditions provided for antique slot machines in 23-5-153."

-END-