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1	Did Yeller SENATE BILL NO. 855 Purnett
2	INTRODUCED BY BENEDUT ORR Carnett Trans Heitel Jash McKee
3	Lay Swyogood Religion Etruelle Cland John
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED! TAN ACT REVISING THE LITTLE DAVIS-BACON ACT, BEMOVING THE
5	REQUIREMENT THAT THE STANDARD PREVAILING WAGE RATE BE PAID ON PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS
6	SPONSORED BY A CITY, COUNTY, SCHOOL DISTRICT, OR OTHER POLITICAL SUBDIVISION; REMOVING
7	THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE STANDARD PREVAILING WAGE RATE BE PAID ON A CONTRACT FOR A
8	PROJECT FINANCED BY CERTAIN BOND ISSUES; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 7-14-2404, 7-14-2406,
9	7-14-2716, 17-5-1526, 18-2-401, 18-2-403, 18-2-404, 18-2-432, 90-5-114, AND 90-7-302, MCA."
10	

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 7-14-2404, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-14-2404. Competitive bids for county road contracts. Each bidder shall comply with the requirements of Title 18, chapter 1, part 2. The contract shall must be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with the requirements of 18-1-102, and 18-1-112, and Title 18, chapter 2, part 4 and the board may reserve the right to reject any and all bids. When there is no prevailing rate of wages set by collective bargaining, the board shall determine the prevailing rate to be stated in the contract."

Section 2. Section 7-14-2406, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-14-2406. Contracts for bridges. (1) All bids for construction or repair of bridges shall <u>must</u> meet these the following requirements:

- (a) If the department of transportation has adopted or established a standard plan and specifications, the bids must be submitted thereon on the standard plan and specifications.
- (b) All bids must be sealed. Each bidder shall meet the requirements of Title 18, chapter 1, part 2.
 - (2) The board may reject any and all bids. If a contract is awarded, the board shall do so in accordance with the requirements of 18-1-102, and 18-1-112, and Title 18, chapter 2, part 4. When there is no prevailing rate of wages set by collective bargaining, the board shall determine the prevailing rate to be stated in the contract. The contract must be entered with the unanimous consent of the members of



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(3) Before entering upon performance of the work, the contractor shall comply with the requirements of Title 18, chapter 2, part 2. For the purposes of those sections with relation to contracts with the board, a contract shall may not be completed until the board, while formally convened, affirmatively accepts all of the work thereunder under the contract."

Section 3. Section 7-14-2716, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-14-2716. Award of contract by local improvement district. (1) If the committee awards a contract, it shall do so in accordance with the requirements of 18-1-102, and 18-1-112, and Title 18, chapter 2, part 4. When there is no prevailing rate of wages set by collective bargaining, the committee shall determine the prevailing rate to be stated in the contract.

(2) Partial payments may be provided for in the contract and paid when certified by the county surveyor and committee."

Section 4. Section 17-5-1526, MCA, is amended to read:

- "17-5-1526. Procedure prior to financing projects. (1) The board may finance projects, other than major projects, under this part only when it finds that:
- (a) the financing is in the public interest and is consistent with the legislative purposes and findings set forth in 17-5-1502;
- (b) the financing to be provided by the board for a project does not exceed either \$800,000 or 90% of the cost or appraised value of the project, whichever is less;
- (c) a financial institution will participate in financing the project, either directly or through a letter of credit, to the extent of at least 10% of the financing to be provided by the board;
- (d) the financing for the project is insured or guaranteed in whole or in part by a private or governmental insurer or guarantor;
- (e) an applicant has submitted a statement indicating that any contracts to construct the projects will require all contractors to give preference to the employment of bona fide Montana residents, as defined in 18-2-401, in the performance of the work on the projects if their qualifications are substantially equal to those of nonresidents; "substantially. "Substantially equal qualifications" means the qualifications of two or more persons among whom the employer cannot make a reasonable determination that the



qualifications held by one person are significantly better suited for the position than the qualifications he	əld
by the other persons;	

- (f) adequate provision is made in the loan agreement, lease, or other credit arrangement regarding a project or projects being financed to provide for payment of debt service on bonds of the board issued to finance the project or projects, to create and maintain reserves for payment of the debt service, and to meet all costs and expenses of issuing and servicing the bonds; and
- (g) an applicant has submitted a statement that indicates that any contract let for a project costing more than \$25,000 and financed from the proceeds of bonds issued under this part on or after July 1, 1993, will contain a provision that requires the contractor to pay the standard prevailing wage rate in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being performed unless the contractor performing the work has entered into a collective bargaining agreement covering the work to be performed.
- (2) In order to make the findings as described in subsection (1)(a), a hearing must be conducted in the following manner:
- (a) the city or county in which the project will be located must be notified; and the city and or county shall, within 14 days after receipt of the notice, notify the board if it elects to conduct the hearing; or
- (b) if a request for a local hearing is not received, the board may hold the hearing at a time and place it prescribes.
- (3) If the hearing required by subsection (2) is conducted by a local government, the governing body of the local government shall notify the board of its determination of whether the project is in the public interest within 14 days of the completion of the public hearing.
- (4) When a hearing is required either locally or at the state level, notice must be given, at least once a week for 2 weeks prior to the date set for the hearing, by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or county where the hearing will be held. The notice must include:
 - (a) the time and place of the hearing;
 - (b) the general nature of the project;
 - (c) the name of the lessee, borrower, or user of the project; and
- 28 (d) the estimated cost of the project.
 - (5) The requirements of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(d) do not apply to bonds that are not secured by the capital reserve account authorized by 17-5-1515.



(6)	The hearing requirements of subsections (2) through (4) do not apply to projects financed wit
bonds the i	interest on which is subject to federal income taxes."

- Section 5. Section 18-2-401, MCA, is amended to read:
- "18-2-401. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this part, the following definitionsapply:
 - (1) A "bona "Bona fide resident of Montana" is means a person who, at the time of employment and immediately prior to the time of employment, has lived in this state in a manner and for a time that is sufficient to clearly justify the conclusion that the person's past habitation in this state has been coupled with an intention to make it the person's home. Sojourners or persons who come to Montana solely in pursuance of any contract or agreement to perform labor may not be considered to be bona fide residents of Montana within the meaning and for the purpose of this part.
 - (2) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor and industry provided for in 2-15-1701.
 - (3) "Department" means the department of labor and industry provided for in 2-15-1701.
 - (4) "District" means a prevailing wage rate district established as provided in 18-2-411.
 - (5) "Heavy and highway construction wage rates" means wage rates, including fringe benefits for health and welfare and pension contributions, that meet the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and other bona fide programs approved by the United States department of labor and the rate of travel allowance that as those rates are determined and established statewide for heavy and highway construction projects, such as alteration or repair of roads, streets, highways, alleys, runways, trails, parking areas, or utility rights-of-way.
 - (6) "Labor" means all services in excess of \$25,000 performed in construction, maintenance, or remodeling work in a state, sounty, municipal, school district, or political subdivision public works project and does not include engineering, superintendence, management, or office or clerical work.
 - [7] "Public works project" means a project initiated by the state and financed with state money. It does not include a project initiated by a municipality, county, school district, or other political subdivision and financed in part with state money.
 - (7)(8) (a) "Standard prevailing rate of wages" or "standard prevailing wage" means:
 - (i) the heavy and highway construction wage rates applicable to heavy and highway construction projects; or



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(ii) those wages, other than heavy and highway construction wages, including fringe benefits for
health and welfare and pension contributions, that meet the requirements of the Employee Retirement
Security Act of 1974 and other bona fide programs approved by the United States department of labor and
the rate of travel allowance that as those rates are paid in the district by other contractors for work of a
similar character performed in that district by each craft, classification, or type of worker needed to
complete a contract under this part. In each district, the standard prevailing rate of wages is a weighted
average wage rate based on all of the hours worked on work of a similar character performed in the district.

- (b) When work of a similar character is not being performed in the district, the standard prevailing rate of wages, including fringe benefits for health and welfare and pension contributions, that meets the requirements of the Employee Retirement Security Act of 1974 and other bona fide programs approved by the United States department of labor and the rate of travel allowance must be those rates established by collective bargaining agreements in effect in the district for each craft, classification, or type of worker needed to complete the contract.
- (8)(9) "Work of a similar character" means work on private or commercial projects as well as work on public projects."

Section 6. Section 18-2-403, MCA, is amended to read:

"18-2-403. Preference of Montana labor in public works -- wages -- tax-exempt project -- federal exception. (1) In any contract let for state, county, municipal, school, or heavy and highway construction, services, repair, or maintenance work under any law of this state, there must be inserted in the bid specification and the contract a provision requiring the contractor to give preference to the employment of bona fide Montana residents in the performance of the work.

- (2) All public works contracts under subsection (1), A public works contract let by the state for services, repair, or maintenance, except those a contract for heavy and highway construction, must contain a provision requiring the contractor to pay:
- (a) the travel allowance that is in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being performed; and
- (b) the standard prevailing rate of wages, including fringe benefits for health and welfare and pension contributions, that:
 - (i) meets the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and other



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1	bona fide programs approved by the United States department of labor; and
2	(ii) is in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being performed.
3	(3) In every a contract for heavy and highway construction, there must be inserted a provision to
4	require the contractor to pay the heavy and highway construction wage rates established statewide for the
5	project.
6	(4) A contract let for a project costing more than \$25,000 and financed from the proceeds of
7	bends issued under Title 17, chapter 5, part 15, or Title 90, chapter 5 or 7, on or after July 1, 1993, must
8	contain a provision requiring the contractor to pay the standard prevailing wage rate in effect and applicable
9	to the district in which the work is being performed unless the contractor performing the work has entered
10	into a collective bargaining agreement covering the work to be performed.
11	$\frac{(5)(4)}{4}$ A contract may not be let to any person, firm, association, or corporation refusing to execute
12	an agreement with containing the provisions described in subsections (1) through (4)(3) in it, provided that
13	in contracts involving the expenditure of federal-aid funds this part may not be enforced in a manner as to
14	conflict with or be contrary to the federal statutes prescribing a labor preference to honorably discharged
15	veterans of the armed forces and prohibiting as unlawful any other preference or discrimination among
16	citizens of the United States.
17	$\frac{\{6\}\{5\}}{5}$ Failure to include the provisions required by 18-2-422 in a public works contract relieves the
18	contractor from the contractor's obligation to pay the standard prevailing wage rate and places the
19	obligation on the public state contracting agency."
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21	Section 7. Section 18-2-404, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"18-2-404. Approval of contract bond. (1) All public works contracts A public works contract
23	under this part shall must be approved in writing by the legal adviser of the contracting state, county,
24	municipal corporation, school district, assessment district, or special improvement district body or officer
25	agency prior to execution by the contracting public officer or officers.
26	(2) In all-contracts a contract entered into under the provisions of this part, at least \$1,000 of the
27	contract price shall must be withheld at all times until the termination of the contract."
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"18-2-432. Penalty for violation. (1) If a person, firm, or corporation fails to comply with the

Section 8. Section 18-2-432, MCA, is amended to read:

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provisions of this part, the state, county, municipality, school district, or officer of a political subdivision agency that executed the contract shall retain \$1,000 of the contract price as liquidated damages for the violation of the terms of the contract and the money must be credited to the proper funds of the state, county, municipality, school district, or political subdivision.

- (2) Whenever a contractor or subcontractor is found by the commissioner to have aggravatedly or willfully violated the labor standards provisions of this chapter, the contractor or subcontractor or any firm, corporation, partnership, or association in which the contractor or subcontractor has a substantial interest is ineligible, for a period not to exceed 3 years after the date of the final judgment, to receive any contracts or subcontracts that are subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- (3) Whenever an action has been instituted in a district court in this state against any a person, firm, or corporation for the a violation of this part, the court in which the action is pending is authorized to issue an injunction to restrain the person, firm, or corporation from proceeding with a contract with the state, county, municipality, school district, or political subdivision, pending the final determination of the instituted action."

Section 9. Section 90-5-114, MCA, is amended to read:

"90-5-114. Preference of Montana labor. (1) Any A contract to construct a project financed pursuant to this part must require all contractors to give preference to the employment of bona fide Montana residents, as defined in 18-2-401, in the performance of the work on the projects if their qualifications are substantially equal to those of nonresidents. "Substantially equal qualifications" means the qualifications of two or more persons among whom the employer cannot make a reasonable determination that the qualifications held by one person are significantly better suited for the position than the qualifications held by the other persons.

(2) A contract let for a project costing more than \$25,000 and financed from the proceeds of bonds issued under this part on or after July 1, 1993, must contain a provision that requires the contractor to pay the standard provailing wage rate in offect and applicable to the district in which the work is being performed."

Section 10. Section 90-7-302, MCA, is amended to read:

"90-7-302. Bonds and notes of the authority. (1) The authority may in each biennium borrow



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money and issue bonds and notes in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$150 million, exclusive of bonds or notes issued to refund its outstanding bonds or notes.

- (2) Bonds must be authorized, must be dated, and must mature as the authority may specify, except that a bond may not mature more than 40 years from the date of its issue. Bonds must bear interest at the rate or rates, be in the denominations, be in the proper registered or bearer form, be executed in the manner, be payable in the medium of payment, at the place or places, and be subject to the terms of redemption that the authority may provide.
- (3) All bonds, regardless of form or character, are negotiable instruments for all purposes of the Uniform Commercial Code, subject to requirements as to registration.
- (4) All bonds may be sold at public or private sale in the manner, for the price or prices, and at the time or times which that the authority may determine.
- (5) Before the issuance of any bonds, the authority shall make provisions, by lease or other agreement, regarding the facility or facilities being financed by the issue of the bonds, for rentals or other considerations sufficient, in the judgment of the authority, to:
 - (a) pay the principal of and interest on the bonds as they become due;
 - (b) create and maintain the reserves for payment of the principal and interest;
 - (c) meet all obligations in connection with the lease or other agreement; and
- (d) meet all costs necessary to service the bonds unless the lease or agreement provides that the obligations are to be met or costs are to be paid by a party other than the authority.
- (6) The authority, before issuing any bonds, shall certify that an applicant has submitted a statement that indicates that any contract let for a project costing more than \$25,000 and financed from the proceeds of bonds issued under this part on or after July 1, 1993, will contain a provision requiring the contractor to pay the standard provailing wage rate in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being performed unless the contractor performing the work has entered into a collective bargaining agreement covering the work to be performed.
- (7)(6) The authority may combine, for the purposes of a single offering, bonds financing more than one facility under this chapter."

28 -END-



STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for SB0085, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act revising the Little Davis-Bacon Act; removing the requirement that the standard prevailing wage rate be paid on public works projects sponsored by a city, county, school district, or other political subdivision; removing the requirement that the standard prevailing wage rate be paid on a contract for a project financed by certain bond issues; and amending various statutes.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- The bill would not affect the requirement to pay prevailing wage on state public works projects.
- 2. The bill would eliminate the prevailing wage requirement on county road contracts, county bridge construction and repair, local improvement district contracts, projects financed by economic development bonds, and projects financed by the health facility authority.

FISCAL IMPACT:

There is no discernible or material impact on state expenditures or revenues.

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

SB0085 would tend to increase the number of bidders and reduce contract costs on contracts identified under assumption #2 for local governments.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
Office of Budget and Program Planning

STEVE BENEDICT, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for SB0085, as introduced

2	INTRODUCED BY BENEDICT, ORR, BARNETT, TOEWS, HERTEL, TASH, MCKEE, BURNETT, EMERSON,
3	GREEN, FISHER, GAGE, SWYSGOOD, REHBEIN, TREXLER, FELAND, BAER, KNOX, TVEIT, KASTEN,
4	AKLESTAD, SIMPKINS, CLARK, DEVLIN, BOHARSKI, ZOOK, M. HANSON, HAYNE
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE LITTLE DAVIS-BACON ACT; REMOVING THE
7	REQUIREMENT THAT THE STANDARD PREVAILING WAGE RATE BE PAID ON A STATE PUBLIC WORKS
8	PROJECTS CONTRACT SPONSORED BY A CITY, COUNTY, SCHOOL DISTRICT, OR OTHER POLITICAL
9	SUBDIVISION; REMOVING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE STANDARD PREVAILING WAGE RATE BE PAID
10	ON A CONTRACT FOR A PROJECT FINANCED BY CERTAIN BOND ISSUES; AND DEFINING "PUBLIC
11	WORKS" AND "STATE PUBLIC WORKS"; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-14-2404, 7-14-2406, 7-14-2716,
12	17-5-1526, <u>18-1-101,</u> 18-2-401, 18-2-403, 18-2-404, 18-2-432, 90-5-114, AND 90-7-302, MCA <u>; AND</u>
13	PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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17	Section 1. Section 7-14-2404, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"7-14-2404. Competitive bids for county road contracts. Each bidder shall comply with the
19	requirements of Title 18, chapter 1, part 2. The contract shall must be awarded to the lowest responsible
20	bidder in accordance with the requirements of 18-1-102, and 18-1-112, and Title 18, chapter 2, part 4 and
21	the board may reserve the right to reject any and all bids. When there is no prevailing rate of wages set by
22	collective bargaining, the board shall determine the prevailing rate to be stated in the contract."
23	
24	Section 2. Section 7-14-2406, MCA, is amended to read:
25	"7-14-2406. Contracts for bridges. (1) All bids for construction or repair of bridges shall must meet
26	these the following requirements:

SENATE BILL NO. 85

Montana Legislative Council

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specifications, the bids must be submitted thereon on the standard plan and specifications.

(a) If the department of transportation has adopted or established a standard plan and

(b) All bids must be sealed. Each bidder shall meet the requirements of Title 18, chapter 1, part

1	(2) The board may reject any and all bids. If a contract is awarded, the board shall do so in
2	accordance with the requirements of 18-1-102, and 18-1-112, and Title 18, chapter 2, part 4. When there
3	is no prevailing rate of wages set by collective bargaining, the board shall determine the prevailing rate to
4	be stated in the contract. The contract must be entered with the unanimous consent of the members of
5	the board.
6	(3) Before entering upon performance of the work, the contractor shall comply with the
7	requirements of Title 18, chapter 2, part 2. For the purposes of those sections with relation to contract
8	with the board, a contract shall may not be completed until the board, while formally convened

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Section 3. Section 7-14-2716, MCA, is amended to read:

affirmatively accepts all of the work thereunder under the contract."

"7-14-2716. Award of contract by local improvement district. (1) If the committee awards a contract, it shall do so in accordance with the requirements of 18-1-102, and 18-1-112, and Title 18, chapter 2, part 4. When there is no prevailing rate of wages set by collective bargaining, the committee shall determine the prevailing rate to be stated in the contract.

(2) Partial payments may be provided for in the contract and paid when certified by the county surveyor and committee."

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Section 4. Section 17-5-1526, MCA, is amended to read:

- "17-5-1526. Procedure prior to financing projects. (1) The board may finance projects, other than major projects, under this part only when it finds that:
- (a) the financing is in the public interest and is consistent with the legislative purposes and findings set forth in 17-5-1502;
- (b) the financing to be provided by the board for a project does not exceed either \$800,000 or 90% of the cost or appraised value of the project, whichever is less;
- (c) a financial institution will participate in financing the project, either directly or through a letter of credit, to the extent of at least 10% of the financing to be provided by the board;
- (d) the financing for the project is insured or guaranteed in whole or in part by a private or governmental insurer or guarantor;
 - (e) an applicant has submitted a statement indicating that any contracts to construct the projects



will require all contractors to give preference to the employment of bona fide Montana residents, as defined
in 18-2-401, in the performance of the work on the projects if their qualifications are substantially equal
to those of nonresidents; "substantially. "Substantially equal qualifications" means the qualifications of
two or more persons among whom the employer cannot make a reasonable determination that the
qualifications held by one person are significantly better suited for the position than the qualifications held
by the other persons;

- (f) adequate provision is made in the loan agreement, lease, or other credit arrangement regarding a project or projects being financed to provide for payment of debt service on bonds of the board issued to finance the project or projects, to create and maintain reserves for payment of the debt service, and to meet all costs and expenses of issuing and servicing the bonds; and
- (g) an applicant has submitted a statement that indicates that any contract let for a project costing more than \$25,000 and financed from the proceeds of bonds issued under this part on or after July 1, 1993, will contain a provision that requires the contractor to pay the standard prevailing wage rate in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being performed unless the contractor performing the work has entered into a collective bargaining agreement covering the work to be performed.
- (2) In order to make the findings as described in subsection (1)(a), a hearing must be conducted in the following manner:
- (a) the city or county in which the project will be located must be notified; and the city and or county shall, within 14 days after receipt of the notice, notify the board if it elects to conduct the hearing; or
- (b) if a request for a local hearing is not received, the board may hold the hearing at a time and place it prescribes.
- (3) If the hearing required by subsection (2) is conducted by a local government, the governing body of the local government shall notify the board of its determination of whether the project is in the public interest within 14 days of the completion of the public hearing.
- (4) When a hearing is required either locally or at the state level, notice must be given, at least once a week for 2 weeks prior to the date set for the hearing, by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or county where the hearing will be held. The notice must include:
 - (a) the time and place of the hearing;
 - (b) the general nature of the project;



1	(c) the name of the lessee, borrower, or user of the project; and
2	(d) the estimated cost of the project.
3.	(5) The requirements of subsections (1)(b) through (1)(d) do not apply to bonds that are not
4	secured by the capital reserve account authorized by 17-5-1515.
5	(6) The hearing requirements of subsections (2) through (4) do not apply to projects financed with
6	bonds the interest on which is subject to federal income taxes."
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8	SECTION 5. SECTION 18-1-101, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
9	"18-1-101. Definitions. (1) Unless the context requires otherwise, in this title "department" means
10	the department of administration provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 10.
11	(2) Unless the context requires otherwise, in this part the following definitions apply:
12	(a) "Goods" means supplies, equipment, materials, commodities, and specially manufactured
13	products.
14	(b) "Montana-made" means manufactured or produced in this state and made with the:
15	(i) use of parts, materials, or supplies of which 50% or more were manufactured or produced in
16	this state; or
17	(ii) employment of persons of whom 50% or more are bona fide residents of Montana as defined
18	in 18-2-401.
19	(c) "Nonresident bidder" means a bidder whose residence is not in this state as determined under
20	18-1-103.
21	(d) "Public agency" means a department, commission, council, board, bureau, committee
22	institution, agency, government corporation, or other entity, instrumentality, or official of the legislative
23	executive, or judicial branch of this state and its political subdivisions, including the board of regents and
24	the Montana university system.
25	(e) "Public works" means heavy and highway construction or construction of a building, facility
26	or structure by a public agency.
27	(e)(f) "Resident bidder" means a bidder whose residence is in this state as determined under
28	18-1-103."
29	
30	Section 6. Section 18-2-401, MCA, is amended to read:



•	"18-2-401.	Definitions.	Unless the co	ontext requires	s otherwise,	in this part,	the following	definitions
apply:								

- (1) A "Bona ide resident of Montana" is means a person who, at the time of employment and immediately prior to the time of employment, has lived in this state in a manner and for a time that is sufficient to clearly justify the conclusion that the person's past habitation in this state has been coupled with an intention to make it the person's home. Sojourners or persons who come to Montana solely in pursuance of any contract or agreement to perform labor may not be considered to be bona fide residents of Montana within the meaning and for the purpose of this part.
 - (2) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor and industry provided for in 2-15-1701.
 - (3) "Department" means the department of labor and industry provided for in 2-15-1701.
 - (4) "District" means a prevailing wage rate district established as provided in 18-2-411.
- (5) "Heavy and highway construction wage rates" means wage rates, including fringe benefits for health and welfare and pension contributions, that meet the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and other bona fide programs approved by the United States department of labor and the rate of travel allowance that as those rates are determined and established statewide for heavy and highway construction projects, such as alteration or repair of roads, streets, highways, alleys, runways, trails, parking areas, or utility rights-of-way.
- (6) "Labor" means all services in excess of \$25,000 performed in construction, maintenance, or remodeling work in a state, county, municipal, school district, or political subdivision public works project CONTRACT and does not include engineering, superintendence, management, or office or clerical work.
- (7) "Public works project" means a project initiated by the state and financed with state money.

 It does not include a project initiated by a municipality, county, school district, or other political subdivision and financed in part with state money.
 - (7)(8)(7) (a) "Standard prevailing rate of wages" or "standard prevailing wage" means:
- (i) the heavy and highway construction wage rates applicable to heavy and highway construction projects; or
- (ii) those wages, other than heavy and highway construction wages, including fringe benefits for health and welfare and pension contributions, that meet the requirements of the Employee Retirement Security Act of 1974 and other bona fide programs approved by the United States department of labor and the rate of travel allowance that as those rates are paid in the district by other contractors for work of a



similar	character	performed	in that	district	by	each	craft,	classif	ication,	or	type	of	worker	ne	eded	to
comple	te a contr	act under th	nis part	. In each	dis	trict,	the sta	ındard	prevailir	g r	ate of	wa	ages is	a w	eight	ed
averag	e wage rate	e based on a	all of th	e hours v	vork	ed or	work	of a sim	nilar cha	ract	er pe	rfor	med in	the	distri	ct.

- (b) When work of a similar character is not being performed in the district, the standard prevailing rate of wages, including fringe benefits for health and welfare and pension contributions, that meets the requirements of the Employee Retirement Security Act of 1974 and other bona fide programs approved by the United States department of labor and the rate of travel allowance must be those rates established by collective bargaining agreements in effect in the district for each craft, classification, or type of worker needed to complete the contract.
- [8] "STATE PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACT" MEANS A CONTRACT LET BY THE STATE AND FINANCED WITH STATE MONEY FOR HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION OR CONSTRUCTION OF A BUILDING, FACILITY, OR STRUCTURE. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE A CONTRACT THAT IS LET BY A MUNICIPALITY, COUNTY, SCHOOL DISTRICT, OR OTHER POLITICAL SUBDIVISION AND THAT IS FINANCED IN PART WITH STATE MONEY. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION, "CONSTRUCTION" INCLUDES THE CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION, REPAIR, MAINTENANCE, AND REMODELING OF A BUILDING AND THE EQUIPPING AND FURNISHING OF A BUILDING DURING CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION, REPAIR, MAINTENANCE, AND REMODELING.
- (8)(9) "Work of a similar character" means work on private or commercial projects as well as work on public projects."

Section 7. Section 18-2-403, MCA, is amended to read:

- "18-2-403. Preference of Montana labor in <u>STATE</u> public works -- wages -- tax-exempt project -- federal exception. (1) In any contract let for state, county, municipal, school, or heavy and highway construction, services, repair, or maintenance work under any law of this state, there must be inserted in the bid specification and the contract a provision requiring the contractor to give preference to the employment of bona fide Montana residents in the performance of the work.
- (2) All public works contracts under subsection (1), A STATE public works contract let by the state for services, repair, or maintenance CONSTRUCTION, except those a contract for heavy and highway construction, must contain a provision requiring the contractor to pay:
 - (a) the travel allowance that is in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being



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- (b) the standard prevailing rate of wages, including fringe benefits for health and welfare and pension contributions, that:
- (i) meets the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and other bona fide programs approved by the United States department of labor; and
 - (ii) is in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being performed.
- (3) In every <u>a</u> contract for heavy and highway construction, there must be inserted a provision to require the contractor to pay the heavy and highway construction wage rates established statewide for the project.
- (4) A contract let for a project costing more than \$25,000 and financed from the proceeds of bonds issued under Title 17, chapter 5, part 15, or Title 90, chapter 5 or 7, on or after July 1, 1993, must contain a provision requiring the contractor to pay the standard prevailing wage rate in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being performed unless the contractor performing the work has entered into a collective bargaining agreement covering the work to be performed.
- (5)(4) A contract may not be let to any person, firm, association, or corporation refusing to execute an agreement with containing the provisions described in subsections (1) through (4)(3) in it, provided that in contracts involving the expenditure of federal-aid funds this part may not be enforced in a manner as to conflict with or be contrary to the federal statutes prescribing a labor preference to honorably discharged veterans of the armed forces and prohibiting as unlawful any other preference or discrimination among citizens of the United States.
- (6)(5) Failure to include the provisions required by 18-2-422 in a public works contract relieves the contractor from the contractor's obligation to pay the standard prevailing wage rate and places the obligation on the <u>public state</u> contracting agency."

Section 8. Section 18-2-404, MCA, is amended to read:

- "18-2-404. Approval of contract -- bond. (1) All public works contracts A STATE public works contract under this part shall must be approved in writing by the legal adviser of the contracting state, country, municipal corporation, school district, assessment district, or special improvement district body or officer agency prior to execution by the contracting public officer or officers.
 - (2) In all centracts a contract entered into under the provisions of this part, at least \$1,000 of the



contract price shall must be withheld at all times until the termination of the contract."

Section 9. Section 18-2-432, MCA, is amended to read:

"18-2-432. Penalty for violation. (1) If a person, firm, or corporation fails to comply with the provisions of this part, the state, county, municipality, school district, or officer of a political subdivision agency that executed the contract shall retain \$1,000 of the contract price as liquidated damages for the violation of the terms of the contract and the money must be credited to the proper funds of the state, county, municipality, school district, or political subdivision.

- (2) Whenever a contractor or subcontractor is found by the commissioner to have aggravatedly or willfully violated the labor standards provisions of this chapter, the contractor or subcontractor or any firm, corporation, partnership, or association in which the contractor or subcontractor has a substantial interest is ineligible, for a period not to exceed 3 years after the date of the final judgment, to receive any contracts or subcontracts that are subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- (3) Whenever an action has been instituted in a district court in this state against any a person, firm, or corporation for the a violation of this part, the court in which the action is pending is authorized to issue an injunction to restrain the person, firm, or corporation from proceeding with a contract with the state, county, municipality, school district, or political subdivision, pending the final determination of the instituted action."

Section 10. Section 90-5-114, MCA, is amended to read:

"90-5-114. Preference of Montana labor. (1) Any A contract to construct a project financed pursuant to this part must require all contractors to give preference to the employment of bona fide Montana residents, as defined in 18-2-401, in the performance of the work on the projects if their qualifications are substantially equal to those of nonresidents. "Substantially equal qualifications" means the qualifications of two or more persons among whom the employer cannot make a reasonable determination that the qualifications held by one person are significantly better suited for the position than the qualifications held by the other persons.

(2) A contract let for a project costing more than \$25,000 and financed from the proceeds of bonds issued under this part on or after July 1, 1993, must contain a provision that requires the contractor to pay the standard prevailing wage rate in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being



performed."

- Section 11. Section 90-7-302, MCA, is amended to read:
- "90-7-302. Bonds and notes of the authority. (1) The authority may in each biennium borrow money and issue bonds and notes in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$150 million, exclusive of bonds or notes issued to refund its outstanding bonds or notes.
- (2) Bonds must be authorized, must be dated, and must mature as the authority may specify, except that a bond may not mature more than 40 years from the date of its issue. Bonds must bear interest at the rate or rates, be in the denominations, be in the proper registered or bearer form, be executed in the manner, be payable in the medium of payment, at the place or places, and be subject to the terms of redemption that the authority may provide.
- (3) All bonds, regardless of form or character, are negotiable instruments for all purposes of the Uniform Commercial Code, subject to requirements as to registration.
- (4) All bonds may be sold at public or private sale in the manner, for the price or prices, and at the time or times which that the authority may determine.
- (5) Before the issuance of any bonds, the authority shall make provisions, by lease or other agreement, regarding the facility or facilities being financed by the issue of the bonds, for rentals or other considerations sufficient, in the judgment of the authority, to:
 - (a) pay the principal of and interest on the bonds as they become due;
 - (b) create and maintain the reserves for payment of the principal and interest;
 - (c) meet all obligations in connection with the lease or other agreement; and
- (d) meet all costs necessary to service the bonds unless the lease or agreement provides that the obligations are to be met or costs are to be paid by a party other than the authority.
- (6) The authority, before issuing any bends, shall certify that an applicant has submitted a statement that indicates that any centract let for a project costing more than \$25,000 and financed from the proceeds of bends issued under this part on or after July 1, 1993, will centain a provision requiring the centractor to pay the standard provailing wage rate in effect and applicable to the district in which the work is being performed unless the contractor performing the work has entered into a collective bargaining agreement covering the work to be performed.
 - (7)(6) The authority may combine, for the purposes of a single offering, bonds financing more than



1	one facility under this chapter."
2	
3	NEW SECTION. SECTION 12. APPLICABILITY. [THIS ACT] APPLIES TO A PUBLIC WORKS
4	CONTRACT ENTERED INTO ON OR AFTER OCTOBER 1, 1995.
5	-END-

