INTRODUCED BY GOSTILL BILL NO. 78

BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT MODIFYING CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR THE WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ADVISORY COUNCIL; REMOVING THE VOLUNTARY PERFORMANCE BOND REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE WATER QUALITY LAWS AND AUTHORIZING THE DEPARTMENT TO REQUIRE PERFORMANCE BONDS FOR DISCHARGE PERMITS ISSUED TO APPLICANTS WHOSE ACTIVITIES WILL REQUIRE RECLAMATION OF DISTURBED LAND THAT MAY AFFECT WATER QUALITY; REVISING FEE REQUIREMENTS FOR HOLDERS OF A PERMIT OR AUTHORIZATION UNDER THE WATER QUALITY LAWS; REVISING THE ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE WATER QUALITY LAWS TO CLARIFY EXISTING ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 75-5-103, 75-5-221, 75-5-401, 75-5-405, 75-5-516, 75-5-601, 75-5-616, 75-5-621, 75-5-631, 75-5-632, AND 75-5-636, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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Section 1. Section 75-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-103. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this chapter, the followingdefinitions apply:

- (1) "Board" means the board of health and environmental sciences provided for in 2-15-2104.
- 22 (2) "Contamination" means impairment of the quality of state waters by sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes, creating a hazard to human health.
  - (3) "Council" means the water pollution control advisory council provided for in 2-15-2107.
  - (4) "Degradation" means a change in water quality that lowers the quality of high-quality waters for a parameter. The term does not include those changes in water quality determined to be nonsignificant pursuant to 75-5-301(5)(c).
- 28 (5) "Department" means the department of health and environmental sciences provided for in Title 29 2, chapter 15, part 21.
  - (6) "Disposal system" means a system for disposing of sewage, industrial, or other wastes and



SB 78 INTRODUCED BILL

includes s	ewage	systems	and	treatment	works.
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- (7) "Disturbed land" means the area of land altered by activities associated with a permit issued pursuant to this chapter that may affect the quality of waters located at or near lands owned or under the control of the permittee.
- (7)(8) "Effluent standard" means a restriction or prohibition on quantities, rates, and concentrations of chemical, physical, biological, and other constituents which that are discharged into state waters.
- (8)(9) "Existing uses" means those uses actually attained in state waters on or after July 1, 1971, whether or not those uses are included in the water quality standards.
- (9)(10) "High-quality waters" means state waters whose quality for a parameter is better than standards established pursuant to 75-5-301. All waters are high-quality water unless classified by the board within a classification for waters that are not suitable for human consumption or not suitable for growth and propagation of fish and associated aquatic life.
- (10)(11) "Industrial waste" means a waste substance from the process of business or industry or from the development of any natural resource, together with any sewage that may be present.
- (11)(12) "Interested person" means a person who has submitted oral or written comments on the department's preliminary decision regarding degradation of state waters, pursuant to 75-5-303. The term includes a person who has requested authorization to degrade high-quality waters.
- (12)(13) "Local department of health" means the staff, including health officers, employed by a county, city, city-county, or district board of health.
- (13)(14) "Mixing zone" means an area established in a permit or final decision on nondegradation issued by the department where water quality standards may be exceeded, subject to conditions that are imposed by the department and that are consistent with the rules adopted by the board.
- (14)(15) "Other wastes" means garbage, municipal refuse, decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark, lime, sand, ashes, offal, night soil, oil, grease, tar, heat, chemicals, dead animals, sediment, wrecked or discarded equipment, radioactive materials, solid waste, and all other substances that may pollute state waters.
- (16) "Owner or operator" means a person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises a point source.
- (16)(17) "Parameter" means a physical, biological, or chemical property of state water when a value of that property affects the quality of the state water.



(17)(18) "Person" means the state, a political subdivision of the state, institution, firm, corporation, partnership, individual, or other entity and includes persons resident in Canada.

(18)(19) "Point source" means a discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, or vessel or other floating craft, from which pollutants are or may be discharged.

properties of state waters which that exceeds that permitted by Montana water quality standards, including but not limited to standards relating to change in temperature, taste, color, turbidity, or odor; or the discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, or flow of liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substance into state water which that will or is likely to create a nuisance or render the waters harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public health, recreation, safety, welfare, livestock, wild animals, birds, fish, or other wildlife. A discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, or flow which that is authorized under the pollution discharge permit rules of the board is not pollution under this chapter. Activities conducted under the conditions imposed by the department in short-term authorizations pursuant to 75-5-308 are not considered pollution under this chapter.

(20)(21) "Sewage" means water-carried waste products from residences, public buildings, institutions, or other buildings, including discharge from human beings or animals, together with ground water infiltration and surface water present.

(21)(22) "Sewage system" means a device for collecting or conducting sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes to an ultimate disposal point.

(22)(23) "Standard of performance" means a standard adopted by the board for the control of the discharge of pollutants which that reflects the greatest degree of effluent reduction achievable through application of the best available demonstrated control technology, processes, operating methods, or other alternatives, including, where practicable, a standard permitting no discharge of pollutants.

(23)(24) "State waters" means a body of water, irrigation system, or drainage system, either surface or underground; however, this subsection does not apply to irrigation waters where when the waters are used up within the irrigation system and the waters are not returned to any other state waters.

(24)(25) "Treatment works" means works, including sewage lagoons, installed for treating or holding sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.

(25)(26) "Water quality protection practices" means those activities, prohibitions, maintenance



procedures, or other management practices applied to point and nonpoint sources designed to protect,
maintain, and improve the quality of state waters. Water quality protection practices include but are not
limited to treatment requirements, standards of performance, effluent standards, and operating procedures
and practices to control site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or water disposal, or drainage from material
storage.

(26)(27) "Water well" means an excavation that is drilled, cored, bored, washed, driven, dug, jetted, or otherwise constructed and intended for the location, diversion, artificial recharge, or acquisition of ground water."

## Section 2. Section 75-5-221, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-221. Water pollution control advisory council -- general. (1) The council provided for in 2-15-2107 shall select a ehairman presiding officer from among its members. The director of health and environmental sciences the department shall designate a member of the staff of the department to act as secretary to the council. The secretary shall keep records of all actions taken by the council.

- (2) It shall hold at least two regular meetings each calendar year. Special meetings shall Meetings must be held at the call of the chairman presiding officer or on written request of two or more members.
- (3) Each member may, by filing with the secretary, designate a deputy or alternate to perform his the member's duties.
- (4) The council shall act only in an advisory capacity to the department on matters relating to water pollution.
- (5) The director of the department may designate other persons to participate with council members in evaluating particular issues arising under this chapter that are brought before the council."

#### Section 3. Section 75-5-401, MCA, is amended to read:

- "75-5-401. Board rules for permits. (1) The board shall adopt rules:
- (a) governing application for permits to discharge sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes into state waters, including rules requiring the filing of plans and specifications relating to the construction, modification, or operation of disposal systems;
  - (b) governing the issuance, denial, modification, or revocation of permits.
  - (2) The rules shall must allow the issuance or continuance of a permit only if the department finds



54th Legislature LC0339.01

that operation consistent with the limitations of the permit will not result in pollution of any state waters, except that the rules may allow the issuance of a temporary permit under which pollution may result if the department insures ensures that such the permit contains a compliance schedule designed to meet all applicable effluent standards and water quality standards in the shortest reasonable period of time.

- (3) The rules shall <u>must</u> provide that the department may revoke a permit if the department finds that the holder of the permit has violated its terms, unless the department also finds that the violation was accidental and unforeseeable and that the holder of the permit corrected the condition resulting in the violation as soon as was reasonably possible.
- (4) The board may adopt rules governing reclamation of sites disturbed by construction, modification, or operation of disposal systems permitted activities for which a bond is voluntarily filed by a permittee pursuant to 75-5-405, including rules for the establishment of criteria and procedures governing release of the bond or other surety and release of portions of a bond or other surety."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Performance bond -- statement of policy. (1) The department may not require a bond under 75-5-405 unless it determines that the permitted activity disturbs land in a magnitude or manner that poses a significant threat to the quality of state waters. A bond required under 75-5-405 must be used, if needed, only to reclaim disturbed land that may impact water quality. A bond required under 75-5-405 may not be used to remediate damages to state waters.

- (2) The department may not require a bond for a permitted activity if the permitholder or applicant has posted a bond for the permitted activity with another state agency to reclaim disturbed land that may impact water quality.
- (3) The bond amount must be limited to the reasonable costs necessary to eliminate anticipated potential impacts to state waters. In determining the bond amount, the department shall consult with the permitholder or applicant and give consideration to alternative means of water quality protection offered by the permitholder or applicant.

Section 5. Section 75-5-405, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-405. Voluntary filing of performance Performance bond -- terms -- hearing. (1) A person who holds or has applied for a permit pursuant to 75-5-401 may voluntarily be required to file a performance bond or other surety with the department for an amount sufficient to enable the state to



reclaim the land disturbed lands resulting from activity authorized by the permit that may impact water quality by the project or activity authorized by the permit in accordance with all permit requirements and as needed to prevent pollution of state waters.

- (2) If the The department determines that shall determine the appropriate bonding level, does not which must represent the present cost of reclaiming the disturbed land according to the reclamation requirements specified in the permit and the present cost of preventing pollution of state waters, the department shall notify the permittee and the permittee may modify the amount of the bond to accurately reflect the present cost.
- (3) The applicant shall file with the department a bond payable to the state of Montana with surety satisfaction to the department in an amount determined by the department to be reasonably necessary to protect the quality of state waters from impacts resulting from disturbed land associated with the permitted activity. The bond must be conditioned upon compliance with the provisions of this chapter, rules implementing this chapter, and the conditions or limitations of the discharge permit.
- (4) The department shall review the amount of each bond at the time of the permit renewal and shall notify the permittee if the review indicates that the bond level should be adjusted. When determined by the department that the bonding level of a permit does not represent the present costs of compliance with this chapter or of the protection of state waters, the department may modify the bonding requirements of that permit.
- (3)(5) The department may not release all or any a portion of a performance bond or other surety filed pursuant to this section until reclamation of the disturbed land has been completed to the satisfaction of the department and the department has determined that pollution of state waters has not occurred. The department may initiate bond forfeiture proceedings if the permittee fails to satisfactorily reclaim the disturbed land or prevent pollution of state waters.
- (4)(6) The department may not release a bond or other surety filed pursuant to this section until the public has been provided an opportunity for a hearing."

Section 6. Section 75-5-516, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-516. Fees authorized for recovery -- process -- rulemaking. (1) The board shall by rule prescribe fees to be assessed by the department that are sufficient to cover the board's and department's documented costs, both direct and indirect, of:



	(a)	reviewing	and	acting	upon	an	application	for a	a permit,	permit	modification,	permit	renewal
certifica	te,	license, or	othe	r autho	orizatio	on r	equired by	rule ι	under 75	-5-201	or 75-5-401;		

- (b) reviewing and acting upon a petition for a degradation allowance under 75-5-303;
- (c) reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit, certificate, license, or other authorization for which an exclusion is provided by rule from the permitting requirements established under 75-5-401:
- (d) enforcing the terms and conditions of a permit or authorization identified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(c). If the permit or authorization is not issued, the department shall return this portion of any application fee to the applicant.
  - (e) conducting compliance inspections and monitoring effluent and ambient water quality; and
  - (f) preparing water quality rules or guidance documents.
  - (2) The rules promulgated by the board under this section must include:
- (a) a fee on all applications for permits or authorizations, as identified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(c), that recovers to the extent permitted by this subsection (2) the department's cost of reviewing and acting upon the applications. This fee may not be less than \$250 or more than \$5,000 per discharge point for an application addressed under subsection (1), except that an application with multiple storm water discharge points may be assessed a lower fee for those points according to board rule.
- (b) an annual fee to be assessed according to the volume and concentration of waste discharged into state waters. The annual fee may not be less than \$250 and may not be more than \$3,000 per million gallons discharged per day on an annual average for any activity under permit or authorization, as described in subsection (1), except that:
- (i) a permit or authorization with multiple storm water discharge points may be assessed a lower fee for those points according to board rule; and
- (ii) a facility that consistently discharges effluent at less than or equal to one-half of its effluent limitations and that is in compliance with other permit requirements, using the previous calendar year's discharge data, is entitled to a 25% reduction in its annual permit fee. Proportionate reductions of up to 25% of the permit fee may be given to facilities that consistently discharge effluent at levels between 50% and 100% of their effluent limitations. However, a new permittee is not eligible for a fee reduction in its first year of operation, and a permittee with a violation of any effluent limit during the previous calendar year is not eligible for a fee reduction for the following year.
  - (3) To the extent permitted under this limitation subsection (2)(b), the annual fee must be sufficient



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or excessive.

2	subtracting:
3	(i)(a) the fees collected under subsection (2)(a);
4	(ii)(b) state general fund appropriations for functions administered under this chapter; and
5	(iii)(c) federal grants for functions administered under this chapter.
6	$\frac{(3)(4)}{(3)}$ For purposes of subsection $\frac{(2)(3)}{(3)}$ , the department's estimated cost of conducting the tasks
7	described under subsection (1) is the amount authorized by the legislature for the department's water
8	quality discharge permit programs.
9	(4)(5) If the applicant or holder fails to pay a fee assessed under this section or rules adopted under
10	this section within 90 days after the date established by rule for fee payment, the department may:
11	(a) impose an additional assessment consisting of not more than 20% of the fee plus interest on
12	the required fee computed at the rate established under 15-31-510(3); or
13	(b) suspend the permit or exclusion. The department may lift the suspension at any time up to 1
14	year after the suspension occurs if the holder has paid all outstanding fees, including all penalties,
15	assessments, and interest imposed under subsection (4)(a)(5)(a).
16	(6) Fees collected pursuant to this section must be deposited in an account in the special
17	revenue fund type pursuant to 75-5-517.

to pay the department's estimated cost of conducting all tasks described under subsection (1) after

(7)(8) A holder of or an applicant for a permit, certificate, or license may appeal the department's fee assessment to the board within 20 days after receiving written notice of the department's fee determination under subsection (6)(7). The appeal to the board must include a written statement detailing the reasons that the permitholder or applicant considers the department's fee assessment to be erroneous

of the amount of fee that is assessed and the basis for the department's calculation of the fee. This notice

must be issued at least 30 days prior to the due date for payment of the assessment.

(6)(7) The department shall give written notice to each person assessed a fee under this section

(8)(9) If part of the department's fee assessment is not in dispute in an appeal filed under subsection (7)(8), the undisputed portion of the fee must be paid to the department upon written request of the department.

(9)(10) The contested case provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, provided for in Title 2, chapter 4, part 6, apply to a hearing before the board under this section.



54th Legislature

(11) A municipality may raise rates to cover costs associated with the fees prescribed in this section for a public sewer system without the hearing required in 69-7-111."

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Section 7. Section 75-5-601, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-601. Cleanup orders. (1) The department shall may issue orders an order to a person to clean up any material that he the person or his the person's employee, agent, or subcontractor has accidentally or purposely dumped, spilled, or otherwise deposited in or near state waters and that may pollute them state waters.

- (2) If a unit of state or local government, including but not limited to a local board of health, county commission, governing body of a municipality, or state agency, has granted a permit or license to a person to discharge waste or has otherwise authorized an activity that involves the placement of waste and the department has reason to believe that the waste is causing or is likely to cause pollution of state waters, the department may issue an order to the unit of state or local government to take measures to ensure that the wastes causing or likely to cause the pollution are cleaned up.
- (3) The department may include in an order issued to a county commission pursuant to subsection (2) a request that the commission create a sewer district in the geographic area affected by the order for the purpose of establishing a public sewer system in accordance with the petition and election procedures provided by 7-13-2204 and 7-13-2208 through 7-13-2214."

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Enforcement response. (1) Whenever, on the basis of information available to the department, the department finds that a person is in violation of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a condition or limitation in a permit, authorization, or order issued under this chapter, the department shall initiate an enforcement response, which may include any of the following actions:

- (a) issuance of a letter notifying the person of the violation and requiring compliance;
- (b) issuance of an order requiring the person to correct the violation pursuant to 75-5-601, 75-5-611, 75-5-613, and 75-5-621;
  - (c) bringing a judicial action as authorized by 75-5-614 and 75-5-622; or
- (d) seeking administrative or judicial penalties as provided under 75-5-611, 75-5-615, and 75-5-631 through 75-5-633.
  - (2) The provisions of this chapter do not limit the authority of the department to bring a judicial



action, which may include the assessment of penalties, prior to initiating any administrative action authorized by this chapter.

Section 9. Section 75-5-616, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-616. Enforcement of permits and chapter. The department shall take such actions as that are authorized or required under 75-5-612 through 75-5-615 this part to insure ensure that the terms and conditions of issued permits are complied with and to insure ensure that violations of this chapter are appropriately prosecuted."

Section 10. Section 75-5-621, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-621. Emergencies. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the department finds that a person is committing or is about to commit an act in violation of this chapter or an order or rule issued under it which this chapter that, if it occurs or continues, will cause substantial pollution the harmful effects of which will not be remedied immediately after the commission or cessation of the act, the department shall may order the person to stop, avoid, or moderate the act so that the substantial injury will not occur. The order shall be is effective immediately upon receipt by the person to whom it is directed, unless the department provides otherwise.

- (2) Notice of the order shall <u>must</u> conform to the requirements of 75-5-611(1) so far as practicable.

  The notice shall <u>must</u> indicate that the order is an emergency order.
- (3) Upon issuing such an order, the department shall fix a place and time for a hearing before the board, not later than 5 days thereafter after issuing the order unless the person to whom the order is directed shall request requests a later time. The department may deny a request for a later time if it finds that the person to whom the order is directed is not complying with the order. The hearing shall must be conducted in the manner specified in 75-5-611. As soon as practicable after the hearing, the board shall affirm, modify, or set aside the order of the department. The order of the board shall must be accompanied by the statement specified in 75-5-611(5). An action for review of the order of the board may be initiated in the manner specified in 75-5-641. The initiation of such an action or taking of an appeal may not stay the effectiveness of the order unless the court finds that the board did not have reasonable cause to issue an order under this section."



Section 11	Section 75-5-631, MCA.	is amended to read:
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- "75-5-631. Civil penalties -- injunctions not barred. (1) A In an action initiated by the department to collect civil penalties against a person who violates is found to have violated this chapter or a rule, permit, effluent standard, or order issued under the provisions of this chapter, the person shall be is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000. Each day of violation constitutes a separate violation.
- (2) Action under this section does not bar enforcement of this chapter or of rules or orders issued under it by injunction or other appropriate remedy.
- (3) The department shall institute and maintain any enforcement proceedings in the name of the state.
- (4) When seeking penalties under this section, the department shall take into account the following factors in determining an appropriate settlement, or judgment, as appropriate if any, subsequent to the filing of a complaint:
  - (a) the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation; and
- (b) with respect to the violator, his the violator's ability to pay, any prior history of such violations, the economic benefit or savings, if any, to the violator resulting from the violator's action, and any other matters as that justice may require."

Section 12. Section 75-5-632, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-632. Criminal penalties. A person who willfully or negligently violates 75-5-605 or any pretreatment standard established pursuant to this chapter is guilty of an offense and, upon conviction, is subject to a fine not to exceed \$25,000 per day of violation or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both. Following an initial conviction under this section, subsequent convictions shall subject a person to a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation or imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or both."

Section 13. Section 75-5-636, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-636. Action Investigation of complaints by other parties. A person, association, corporation, or agency of the state or federal government may apply to notify the department protecting a of an alleged violation of this chapter. The Based upon information submitted by the person, association, corporation, or agency, the department shall make conduct an investigation and make a written report to the person, association, or agency which made the protest to determine the validity of the complaint. If



54th Legislature

1	a violation is established by the <u>department's</u> investigation <del>of the department</del> , <u>the department shall initiate</u>
2	an appropriate enforcement action shall be taken response as described in [section 7]."
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4	NEW SECTION. Section 14. Codification instructions. (1) [Section 4] is intended to be codified
5	as an integral part of Title 75, chapter 5, part 4, and the provisions of Title 75, chapter 5, part 4, apply to
6	[section 4].
7	(2) [Section 8] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 75, chapter 5, part 6, and the
8	provisions of Title 75, chapter 5, part 6, apply to [section 8].
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10	NEW SECTION. Section 15. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
11	-END-

#### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

### Fiscal Note for SB0078, as introduced

<u>DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION</u>: An Act modifying certain requirements for the Water Pollution Control Advisory Council; removing the voluntary performance bond requirements under the water quality laws and authorizing the department to require performance bonds for discharge permits issued to applicants, where the activities under the permit will require reclamation of disturbed land that may affect water quality; revising fee requirements for holders of a permit or authorization under the water quality laws; revising the enforcement of water quality laws to clarify existing enforcement authority.

#### ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The Executive Budget present law base serves as the starting point for determining any fiscal impact due to this bill.
- 2. Permitted facilities that are already required to post a reclamation bond with another state agency will not be required to obtain a bond under this bill.
- 3. During each year of the biennium, two to four facilities will be required to post performance bonds. This will cost the department approximately \$2,000 to \$4,000 in administrative costs to process these bonds. However, this is already reflected in the Executive Budget present law, so there is no additional impact.
- 4. Approximately 65% of the 700 permittees will qualify for an annual fee reduction. The overall fee reduction will be about 20%. This is also reflected in the Executive Budget present law, so there is no additional impact.
- 5. Fee rules enacted in compliance with the HB0388 (1993 Session) statement of intent mitigate a potential decrease in fee revenue due to this bill. There may be some minimal decrease, but the department is not able to determine the amount at this time.

### FISCAL IMPACT:

Not able to determine at this time. (Please see assumption 5, above.)

#### Net Impact:

Not able to determine at this time. (Please see assumption 5, above.)

### TECHNICAL NOTES:

The statement of intent of HB0388 (1993 Session) contained the provision for up to a 25% annual fee reduction based on compliance with permit limits. Revenue projections at that time assumed an overall reduction in fee revenue of about 20%, which was approximately \$140,000. Fee rules were adopted containing the provision for up to a 25% reduction in fees, thus the actual revenue decrease if this bill passes will be minimal. At this time, fees appear to be sufficient to cover program costs.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
Office of Budget and Program Planning

LORENTS GROSFIELD, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for SB0078, as introduced

SBM8

1	SENATE BILL NO. 78
2	INTRODUCED BY GROSFIELD, KNOX, COCCHIARELLA, DOHERTY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT MODIFYING CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR THE WATER
6	POLLUTION CONTROL ADVISORY COUNCIL; REMOVING THE VOLUNTARY PERFORMANCE BOND
7	REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE WATER QUALITY LAWS AND AUTHORIZING THE DEPARTMENT TO
8	REQUIRE PERFORMANCE BONDS FOR DISCHARGE PERMITS ISSUED TO APPLICANTS WHOSE
9	ACTIVITIES WILL REQUIRE RECLAMATION OF DISTURBED LAND THAT MAY AFFECT WATER QUALITY;
10	REVISING FEE REQUIREMENTS FOR HOLDERS OF A PERMIT OR AUTHORIZATION UNDER THE WATER
11	QUALITY LAWS; REVISING THE ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE WATER QUALITY LAWS TO
12	CLARIFY EXISTING ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTIONS <del>75-5-103,</del> 75-5-221, 75-5-401,
13	<del>75-5-405,</del> 75-5-516, 75-5-601, 75-5-616, <b>75-5-</b> 621, 75-5-631, 75-5-632, AND 75-5-636, MCA; AND
14	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
17	
18	Section 1. Section 75-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"75-5-103. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this chapter, the following
20	definitions apply:
21	(1) "Board" means the board of health and environmental sciences provided for in 2-15-2104.
22	(2)- "Contamination" means impairment of the quality of state waters by sewage, industrial wastes,
23	or other wastes; creating a hazard to human health.
24	(3) "Council" means the water pollution control advisory council provided for in 2-15-2107.
25	(4) "Degradation" means a change in water quality that lowers the quality of high quality waters
26	for a parameter. The term does not include those changes in water quality determined to be nonsignificant
27	<del>pursuant-to 75-5-301(5)(c).</del>
28	(5) "Department" means the department of health and environmental sciences provided for in Title
29	2, chapter 15, part 21.
30	(6) "Disposal system" mappe a system for disposing of savage, industrial, or other wastes and

1	includes sewage systems and treatment works.
2	(7) "Disturbed land" means the area of land altered by activities associated with a permit issued
3	pursuant to this chapter that may affect the quality of waters located at or near lands owned or under the
4	control of the permittee.
5	(7)(8) "Effluent standard" means a restriction or prohibition on quantities, rates, and concentrations
6	of chemical, physical, biological, and other constituents which that are discharged into state waters.
7	(8)(9) "Existing uses" means those uses actually attained in state waters on or after July 1, 1971
8	whether or not those uses are included in the water quality standards.
9	(9)(10) "High-quality waters" means state waters whose quality for a parameter is better than
10	standards established pursuant to 75 5-301. All waters are high quality water unless classified by the
11	beard within a classification for waters that are not suitable for human consumption or not suitable fo
12	growth and propagation of fish and associated aquatic life.
13	(10)(11) "Industrial waste" means a waste substance from the process of business or industry o
14	from the development of any natural resource, together with any sewage that may be present.
15	(11)(12) "Interested person" means a person who has submitted oral or written comments on the
16	department's preliminary decision regarding degradation of state waters, pursuant to 75-5-303. The term
17	includes a person who has requested authorization to degrade high-quality waters.
18	(12)(13) "Local department of health" means the staff, including health officers, employed by a
19	county, city, city county, or district board of health.
20	(13)(14) "Mixing zone" means an area established in a permit or final decision on nondegradation
21	issued by the department where water quality standards may be exceeded, subject to conditions that are
22	imposed by the department and that are consistent with the rules adopted by the board.
23	(14)(15) "Other wastes" means garbage, municipal refuse, decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark
24	lime, sand, ashes, offal, night seil, eil, grease, tar, heat, chemicals, dead animals, sediment, wrecked o
25	discarded equipment, radioactive materials, solid waste, and all other substances that may pollute state
26	waters.
27	(15)(16)-"Owner or operator" means a person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises
28	a point source.
29	(16)(17) "Parameter" means a physical, biological, or chemical property of state water when a value



of that-property affects the quality of the state water.

(17)(18) "Person" means the state, a political subdivision of the state, institution, firm, corporation, partnership, individual, or other entity and includes persons resident in Canada.

(18)(19) "Point source" means a discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, or vessel or other floating craft, from which pollutants are or may be discharged.

the physical, chemical, or biological properties of state waters which that exceeds that permitted by Montana water quality standards, including but not limited to standards relating to change in temperature, taste, color, turbidity, or oder; or the discharge, scepage, drainage, infiltration, or flow of liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substance into state water which that will or is likely to create a nuisance or render the waters harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public health, recreation, safety, welfare, livestock, wild animals, birds, fish, or other wildlife. A discharge, scepage, drainage, infiltration, or flow which that is authorized under the pollution discharge permit rules of the board is not pollution under this chapter. Activities conducted under the conditions imposed by the department in short term authorizations pursuant to 75–5-308 are not considered pollution under this chapter.

(20)(21) "Sewage" means water-carried waste products from residences, public buildings, institutions, or other buildings, including discharge from human beings or animals, together with ground water infiltration and surface water present.

(21)(22) "Sewage system" means a device for collecting or conducting sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes to an ultimate disposal point.

(22)(23) "Standard of performance" means a standard adopted by the board for the control of the discharge of pellutants which that reflects the greatest degree of effluent reduction achievable through application of the best available demonstrated control technology, processes, operating methods, or other alternatives, including, where practicable, a standard permitting no discharge of pollutants.

(23)(24) "State waters" means a body of water, irrigation system, or drainage system, either surface or underground; however, this subsection does not apply to irrigation waters where when the waters are used up within the irrigation system and the waters are not returned to any other state waters.

(24)(25) "Treatment works" means works, including sewage lagoons, installed for treating or holding sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.

(25)(26) "Water quality protection practices" means those activities, prohibitions, maintenance



54th Legislature

procedures, or other management practices applied to point and nonpoint sources designed to protect, maintain, and improve the quality of state waters. Water quality protection practices include but are not limited to treatment requirements, standards of performance, effluent standards, and operating procedures and practices to control site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or water disposal, or drainage from material storage.

(26)(27) "Water well" means an excavation that is drilled, cored, bored, washed, driven, dug, jetted, or otherwise constructed and intended for the location, diversion, artificial recharge, or acquisition of around water."

- Section 1. Section 75-5-221, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-5-221. Water pollution control advisory council -- general. (1) The council provided for in 2-15-2107 shall select a chairman presiding officer from among its members. The director of health and environmental sciences the department shall designate a member of the staff of the department to act as secretary to the council. The secretary shall keep records of all actions taken by the council.
- (2) It shall hold at least two regular-meetings each calendar year. Special meetings shall Meetings must be held at the call of the chairman presiding officer or on written request of two or more members.
- (3) Each member may, by filing with the secretary, designate a deputy or alternate to perform his the member's duties.
- (4) The council shall act only in an advisory capacity to the department on matters relating to water pollution.
- (5) The director of the department may designate other persons to participate with council members in evaluating particular issues arising under this chapter that are brought before the council."

- Section 2. Section 75-5-401, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-5-401. Board rules for permits. (1) The board shall adopt rules:
- (a) governing application for permits to discharge sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes into state waters, including rules requiring the filing of plans and specifications relating to the construction, modification, or operation of disposal systems;
  - (b) governing the issuance, denial, modification, or revocation of permits.
  - (2) The rules shall must allow the issuance or continuance of a permit only if the department finds



that operation consistent with the limitations of the permit will not result in pollution of any state waters,
except that the rules may allow the issuance of a temporary permit under which pollution may result if the
department insures ensures that such the permit contains a compliance schedule designed to meet all
applicable effluent standards and water quality standards in the shortest reasonable period of time.

- (3) The rules shall <u>must</u> provide that the department may revoke a permit if the department finds that the holder of the permit has violated its terms, unless the department also finds that the violation was accidental and unforeseeable and that the holder of the permit corrected the condition resulting in the violation as soon as was reasonably possible.
- (4) The board may adopt rules governing reclamation of sites disturbed by construction, modification, or operation of disposal-systems permitted activities for which a bond is voluntarily filed by a permittee pursuant to 75-5-405, including rules for the establishment of criteria and procedures governing release of the bond or other surety and release of portions of a bond or other surety."

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 4. Performance bond—statement of policy. (1) The department may not require a bond under 75.5.405 unless it determines that the permitted activity disturbs land in a magnitude or manner that poses a significant threat to the quality of state waters. A bond required under 75.5.405 must be used, if needed, only to reclaim disturbed land that may impact water quality. A bond required under 75.5.405 may not be used to remediate damages to state waters.

- (2) The department may not require a bond for a permitted activity if the permitholder or applicant has posted a bond for the permitted activity with another state agency to reclaim disturbed land that may impact water quality.
- (3) The bond amount must be limited to the reasonable costs necessary to eliminate anticipated potential impacts to state waters. In determining the bond amount, the department shall consult with the permitholder or applicant and give consideration to alternative means of water quality protection offered by the permitholder or applicant.

Section 5. Section 75 5 405, MCA, is amended to read:

"75.5-405. Voluntary filing of performance <u>Performance</u> bond terms hearing. (1) A person who holds or has applied for a permit pursuant to 75.5-401 may voluntarily <u>be required to</u> file a performance bond or other surety with the department for an amount sufficient to enable the state to



54th Legislature SB0078.02

reclaim the land disturbed lands resulting from activity authorized by the permit that may impact water quality by the project or activity authorized by the permit in accordance with all permit requirements and as needed to prevent pollution of state waters.

(2) If the <u>The</u> department determines that <u>shall determine</u> the <u>appropriate</u> bonding level, does not <u>which must</u> represent the present cost of reclaiming the disturbed land according to the reclamation requirements specified in the permit and the present cost of preventing pollution of state waters, the department shall notify the permittee and the permittee may modify the amount of the bond to accurately reflect the present cost.

(3) The applicant shall file with the department a bond payable to the state of Montana with surety satisfaction to the department in an amount determined by the department to be reasonably necessary to protect the quality of state waters from impacts resulting from disturbed land associated with the permitted activity. The bond must be conditioned upon compliance with the provisions of this chapter, rules implementing this chapter, and the conditions or limitations of the discharge permit.

(4) The department shall review the amount of each bond at the time of the permit renewal and shall notify the permittee if the review indicates that the bond level should be adjusted. When determined by the department that the bonding level of a permit does not represent the present costs of compliance with this chapter or of the protection of state waters, the department may modify the bonding requirements of that permit.

(3)(5) The department may not release all or any a portion of a performance bond or other surety filed pursuant to this section until reclamation of the disturbed land has been completed to the satisfaction of the department and the department has determined that pollution of state waters has not occurred. The department may initiate bond forfeiture proceedings if the permittee fails to satisfactorily reclaim the disturbed land or prevent pollution of state waters.

(4)(6) The department may not release a bond or other surety filed pursuant to this section until the public has been provided an opportunity for a hearing."

27 Section 3. Section 75-5-516, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-516. Fees authorized for recovery -- process -- rulemaking. (1) The board shall by rule prescribe fees to be assessed by the department that are sufficient to cover the board's and department's documented costs, both direct and indirect, of:



- (a) reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit, permit modification, permit renewal, certificate, license, or other authorization required by rule under 75-5-201 or 75-5-401;
  - (b) reviewing and acting upon a petition for a degradation allowance under 75-5-303;
- (c) reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit, certificate, license, or other authorization for which an exclusion is provided by rule from the permitting requirements established under 75-5-401;
- (d) enforcing the terms and conditions of a permit or authorization identified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(c). If the permit or authorization is not issued, the department shall return this portion of any application fee to the applicant.
  - (e) conducting compliance inspections and monitoring effluent and ambient water quality; and
  - (f) preparing water quality rules or guidance documents.
    - (2) The rules promulgated by the board under this section must include:
- (a) a fee on all applications for permits or authorizations, as identified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(c), that recovers to the extent permitted by this subsection (2) the department's cost of reviewing and acting upon the applications. This fee may not be less than \$250 or more than \$5,000 per discharge point for an application addressed under subsection (1), except that an application with multiple storm water discharge points may be assessed a lower fee for those points according to board rule.
- (b) an annual fee to be assessed according to the volume and concentration of waste discharged into state waters. The annual fee may not be less than \$250 and may not be more than \$3,000 per million gallons discharged per day on an annual average for any activity under permit or authorization, as described in subsection (1), except that:
- (i) a permit or authorization with multiple storm water discharge points may be assessed a lower fee for those points according to board rule; and
- (ii) a facility that consistently discharges effluent at less than or equal to one-half of its effluent limitations and that is in compliance with other permit requirements, using the previous calendar year's discharge data, is entitled to a 25% reduction in its annual permit fee. Proportionate reductions of up to 25% of the permit fee may be given to facilities that consistently discharge effluent at levels between 50% and 100% of their effluent limitations. However, a new permittee is not eligible for a fee reduction in its first year of operation, and a permittee with a violation of any effluent limit during the previous calendar year is not eligible for a fee reduction for the following year.
  - (3) To the extent permitted under this limitation subsection (2)(b), the annual fee must be sufficient



1	to pay the department's estimated cost of conducting all tasks described under subsection (1) after
2	subtracting:
3	(i)(a) the fees collected under subsection (2)(a);
4	(ii)(b) state general fund appropriations for functions administered under this chapter; and
5	(iii)(c) federal grants for functions administered under this chapter.
6	$\frac{(3)(4)}{(3)}$ For purposes of subsection $\frac{(2)(3)}{(3)}$ , the department's estimated cost of conducting the tasks
7	described under subsection (1) is the amount authorized by the legislature for the department's water
8	quality discharge permit programs.
9	$\frac{(4)(5)}{(5)}$ If the applicant or holder fails to pay a fee assessed under this section or rules adopted under
10	this section within 90 days after the date established by rule for fee payment, the department may:
11	(a) impose an additional assessment consisting of not more than 20% of the fee plus interest on
12	the required fee computed at the rate established under 15-31-510(3); or
13	(b) suspend the permit or exclusion. The department may lift the suspension at any time up to 1
14	year after the suspension occurs if the holder has paid all outstanding fees, including all penalties,
15	assessments, and interest imposed under subsection $\frac{(4)(a)(5)(a)}{(4)(a)(5)(a)}$ .
16	(6) Fees collected pursuant to this section must be deposited in an account in the special
17	revenue fund type pursuant to 75-5-517.
18	(6)(7) The department shall give written notice to each person assessed a fee under this section
19	of the amount of fee that is assessed and the basis for the department's calculation of the fee. This notice
20	must be issued at least 30 days prior to the due date for payment of the assessment.
21	(7)(8) A holder of or an applicant for a permit, certificate, or license may appeal the department's
22	fee assessment to the board within 20 days after receiving written notice of the department's fee
23	determination under subsection (6)(7). The appeal to the board must include a written statement detailing
24	the reasons that the permitholder or applicant considers the department's fee assessment to be erroneous
25	or excessive.
26	(8)(9) If part of the department's fee assessment is not in dispute in an appeal filed under
27	subsection (7)(8), the undisputed portion of the fee must be paid to the department upon written request
28	of the department.

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in Title 2, chapter 4, part 6, apply to a hearing before the board under this section.

(9)(10) The contested case provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, provided for

(10)(11) A municipality may raise rates to cover costs associated with the fees prescribed in this section for a public sewer system without the hearing required in 69-7-111."

- Section 4. Section 75-5-601, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-5-601. Cleanup orders. (1) The department shall may issue orders an order to a person to clean up any material that he the person or his the person's employee, agent, or subcontractor has accidentally or purposely dumped, spilled, or otherwise deposited in or near state waters and that may pollute them state waters.
- (2) If a unit of state or local government, including but not limited to a local board of health, county commission, governing body of a municipality, or state agency, has granted a permit or license to a person to discharge waste or has otherwise authorized an activity that involves the placement of waste and the department has reason to believe that the waste is causing or is likely to cause pollution of state waters, the department may issue an order to the unit of state or local government to take measures to ensure that the wastes causing or likely to cause the pollution are cleaned up.
- (3) The department may include in an order issued to a county commission pursuant to subsection (2) a request that the commission create a sewer district in the geographic area affected by the order for the purpose of establishing a public sewer system in accordance with the petition and election procedures provided by 7-13-2204 and 7-13-2208 through 7-13-2214."

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Enforcement response. (1) Whenever, on the basis of information available to the department, the department finds that a person is in violation of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a condition or limitation in a permit, authorization, or order issued under this chapter, the department shall initiate an enforcement response, which may include any of the following actions:
  - (a) issuance of a letter notifying the person of the violation and requiring compliance;
- (b) issuance of an order requiring the person to correct the violation pursuant to 75-5-601, 75-5-611, 75-5-613, and 75-5-621;
  - (c) bringing a judicial action as authorized by 75-5-614 and 75-5-622; or
- 28 (d) seeking administrative or judicial penalties as provided under 75-5-611, 75-5-615, and 29 75-5-631 through 75-5-633.
  - (2) UNLESS AN ALLEGED VIOLATION REPRESENTS AN IMMINENT THREAT TO HUMAN HEALTH,



- 1 SAFETY, OR WELFARE OR TO THE ENVIRONMENT, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL FIRST ISSUE A LETTER
- 2 NOTIFYING THE PERSON OF THE VIOLATION AND REQUIRING COMPLIANCE. IF THE PERSON FAILS TO
- 3 RESPOND TO THE DEPARTMENT'S LETTER, THEN THE DEPARTMENT MAY TAKE FURTHER ACTION AS
- 4 PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1).
  - (2)(3) The provisions of this chapter do not limit the authority of the department to bring a judicial action, which may include the assessment of penalties, prior to initiating any administrative action authorized by this chapter.

- Section 6. Section 75-5-616, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-5-616. Enforcement of permits and chapter. The department shall take such actions as that are authorized or required under 75-5-612 through 75-5-615 this part to insure ensure that the terms and conditions of issued permits are complied with and to insure ensure that violations of this chapter are appropriately prosecuted."

- Section 7. Section 75-5-621, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-5-621. Emergencies. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the department finds that a person is committing or is about to commit an act in violation of this chapter or an order or rule issued under it which this chapter that, if it occurs or continues, will cause substantial pollution the harmful effects of which will not be remedied immediately after the commission or cessation of the act, the department shall may order the person to stop, avoid, or moderate the act so that the substantial injury will not occur. The order shall be is effective immediately upon receipt by the person to whom it is directed, unless the department provides otherwise.
- (2) Notice of the order shall <u>must</u> conform to the requirements of 75-5-611(1) so far as practicable. The notice shall <u>must</u> indicate that the order is an emergency order.
- (3) Upon issuing such an order, the department shall fix a place and time for a hearing before the board, not later than 5 days thereafter after issuing the order unless the person to whom the order is directed shall request requests a later time. The department may deny a request for a later time if it finds that the person to whom the order is directed is not complying with the order. The hearing shall must be conducted in the manner specified in 75-5-611. As soon as practicable after the hearing, the board shall affirm, modify, or set aside the order of the department. The order of the board shall must be accompanied

by the statement specified in 75-5-611(5). An action for review of the order of the board may be initiated in the manner specified in 75-5-641. The initiation of such an action or taking of an appeal may not stay the effectiveness of the order unless the court finds that the board did not have reasonable cause to issue an order under this section."

### Section 8. Section 75-5-631, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-631. Civil penalties -- injunctions not barred. (1) A In an action initiated by the department to collect civil penalties against a person who violates is found to have violated this chapter or a rule, permit, effluent standard, or order issued under the provisions of this chapter, the person shall be is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000. Each day of violation constitutes a separate violation.

- (2) Action under this section does not bar enforcement of this chapter or of rules or orders issued under it by injunction or other appropriate remedy.
- (3) The department shall institute and maintain any enforcement proceedings in the name of the state.
- (4) When seeking penalties under this section, the department shall take into account the following factors in determining an appropriate settlement, or judgment, as appropriate if any, subsequent to the filing of a complaint:
  - (a) the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation; and
- (b) with respect to the violator, his the violator's ability to pay, any prior history of such violations, the economic benefit or savings, if any, to the violator resulting from the violator's action, and any other matters as that justice may require."

### Section 9. Section 75-5-632, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-632. Criminal penalties. A person who willfully or negligently violates 75-5-605 or any pretreatment standard established pursuant to this chapter is guilty of an offense and, upon conviction, is subject to a fine not to exceed \$25,000 per day of violation or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both. Following an initial conviction under this section, subsequent convictions shall subject a person to a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation or imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or both."

- 11 -

# Section 10. Section 75-5-636, MCA, is amended to read:



1	" <b>75</b> -5-636. Action <u>Investigation of complaints</u> by other parties. A person, association, corporation,
2	or agency of the state or federal government may <del>apply to</del> <u>notify</u> the department <del>protesting a</del> <u>of an alleged</u>
3	violation of this chapter. The Based upon information submitted by the person, association, corporation,
4	or agency, the department shall make conduct an investigation and make a written report to the person,
5	association, corporation, or agency which made the protest to determine the validity of the complaint.
6	a violation is established by the department's investigation of the department, the department shall initiate
7	an appropriate enforcement action shall be taken response as described in [section ≠ 5]."
8	
9	NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instructions. (1) [Section 4] is intended to be codified
10	as an integral part of Title 75, chapter 5, part 4, and the provisions of Title 75, chapter 5, part 4, apply to
11	<del>[section 4].</del>
12	(2) [Section 8] [SECTION 5] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 75, chapter 5,
13	part 6, and the provisions of Title 75, chapter 5, part 6, apply to [section $\frac{8}{5}$ ].
14	
15	NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
16	-END-

1	SENATE BILL NO. 78
2	INTRODUCED BY GROSFIELD, KNOX, COCCHIARELLA, DOHERTY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT MODIFYING CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR THE WATER
6	POLLUTION CONTROL ADVISORY COUNCIL; REMOVING THE VOLUNTARY PERFORMANCE BOND
7	REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE WATER QUALITY LAWS AND AUTHORIZING THE DEPARTMENT TO
8	REQUIRE PERFORMANCE BONDS FOR DISCHARGE PERMITS ISSUED TO APPLICANTS WHOSE
9	ACTIVITIES WILL REQUIRE RECLAMATION OF DISTURBED LAND THAT MAY AFFECT WATER QUALITY;
10	REVISING FEE REQUIREMENTS FOR HOLDERS OF A PERMIT OR AUTHORIZATION UNDER THE WATER
11	QUALITY LAWS; REVISING THE ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE WATER QUALITY LAWS TO
12	CLARIFY EXISTING ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 75-5-103, 75-5-221, 75-5-401,
13	<del>75-5-405,</del> 75-5-516, 75-5-601, 75-5-616, 75-5-621, 75-5-631, 75-5-632, AND 75-5-636, MCA; AND
14	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
17	
18	Section 1. Section 75 5-103, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"75-5-103. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this chapter, the following
20	definitions apply:
21	(1) "Board" means the board of health and environmental sciences provided for in 2 15 2104.
22	(2) "Contamination" means impairment of the quality of state waters by sewage, industrial wastes,
23	or other wastes, creating a hazard to human health.
24	(3) "Gouncil" means the water pollution control advisory council provided for in 2-16-2107.
25	(4) "Degradation" means a change in water quality that lowers the quality of high quality waters
26	for a parameter. The term does not include those changes in water quality determined to be nonsignificant
27	<del>pursuant to 75-5-301(5)(e).</del>
28	(5) "Department" means the department of health and environmental sciences provided for in Title
29	2, chapter 15, part 21.
30	(6) "Disposal system" means a system for disposing of sewage, industrial, or other wastes and



includes sewage systems and treatment works.

1

2

3	pursuant to this chapter that may affect the quality of waters located at or near lands owned or under the
4	control of the permittee:
5	(7)(8) "Effluent standard" means a restriction or prohibition on quantities, rates, and concentrations
6	of chemical, physical, biological, and other constituents which that are discharged into state waters.
7	(8)(9) "Existing uses" means those uses actually attained in state waters on or after July 1, 1971
8	whether or not those uses are included in the water quality standards.
9	(9)(10) "High quality waters" means state waters whose quality for a parameter is better than
10	standards established pursuant to 75 5 301. All waters are high quality water unless classified by the
11	board within a classification for waters that are not suitable for human consumption or not suitable for
12	growth and propagation of fish and associated aquatic life.
13	(10)(11) "Industrial waste" means a waste substance from the process of business or industry o
14	from the development of any natural resource, together with any sewage that may be present.
15	(11)(12) "Interested person" means a person who has submitted oral or written comments on the
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18	(12)(13) "Local department of health" means the staff, including health officers, employed by a
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25	discarded equipment, radioactive materials, solid waste, and all other substances that may pollute state
26	weters.
27	(15)(16) "Owner or operator" means a person who owns, leases, operatos, controls, or supervises
28	a-point-source.
29`	(16)(17) "Parameter" means a physical, biological, or chemical property of state water when a value
30	of that property affects the quality of the state water.

(7) "Disturbed land" means the area of land altered by activities associated with a permit issued



<del>(17)<u>(18</u></del>	3) "Person"	<del>means the s</del>	<del>tate, a polit</del>	<del>ical subdivi</del>	sion of the	state, ins	titution, firm	<del>), corpora</del>	<del>tion,</del>
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(18)(19) "Point source" means a discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, or vossel or other floating craft, from which pollutants are or may be discharged.

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(26)(27) "Water well" means an excavation that is drilled, cored, bered, washed, driven, dug, jetted, or otherwise constructed and intended for the location, diversion, artificial recharge, or acquisition of ground water."

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- "75-5-221. Water pollution control advisory council -- general. (1) The council provided for in 2-15-2107 shall select a chairman presiding officer from among its members. The director of health and environmental sciences the department shall designate a member of the staff of the department to act as secretary to the council. The secretary shall keep records of all actions taken by the council.
- (2) It shall hold at least two regular meetings each calendar year. Special meetings shall Meetings must be held at the call of the chairman presiding officer or on written request of two or more members.
- (3) Each member may, by filing with the secretary, designate a deputy or alternate to perform his the member's duties.
- (4) The council shall act only in an advisory capacity to the department on matters relating to water pollution.
- (5) The director of the department may designate other persons to participate with council members in evaluating particular issues arising under this chapter that are brought before the council."

- Section 2. Section 75-5-401, MCA, is amended to read:
- 25 "75-5-401. Board rules for permits. (1) The board shall adopt rules:
  - (a) governing application for permits to discharge sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes into state waters, including rules requiring the filing of plans and specifications relating to the construction, modification, or operation of disposal systems;
    - (b) governing the issuance, denial, modification, or revocation of permits.
- 30 (2) The rules shall must allow the issuance or continuance of a permit only if the department finds



that operation consistent with the limitations of the permit will not result in pollution of any state waters, except that the rules may allow the issuance of a temporary permit under which pollution may result if the department insures ensures that such the permit contains a compliance schedule designed to meet all applicable effluent standards and water quality standards in the shortest reasonable period of time.

- (3) The rules shall must provide that the department may revoke a permit if the department finds that the holder of the permit has violated its terms, unless the department also finds that the violation was accidental and unforeseeable and that the holder of the permit corrected the condition resulting in the violation as soon as was reasonably possible.
- (4) The board may adopt rules governing reclamation of sites disturbed by construction, modification, or operation of disposal systems permitted activities for which a bond is voluntarily filed by a permittee pursuant to 75-5-405, including rules for the establishment of criteria and procedures governing release of the bond or other surety and release of portions of a bond or other surety."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Performance bond statement of policy. (1) The department may not require a bond under 75-5-405 unless it determines that the permitted activity disturbs land in a magnitude or manner that poses a significant threat to the quality of state waters. A bend required under 75-5-405 must be used, if needed, only to reclaim disturbed land that may impact water quality. A bond required under 75-5-405 may not be used to remediate damages to state waters.

- (2) The department may not require a bond for a permitted activity if the permithelder or applicant has posted a bond for the permitted activity with another state agency to reclaim disturbed land that may impact water quality.
- (3) The bond amount must be limited to the reasonable costs necessary to eliminate anticipated potential impacts to state waters. In determining the bond amount, the department shall consult with the permithelder or applicant and give consideration to alternative means of water quality protection offered by the permithelder or applicant.

Section 5. Section 75-5-405, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-405. Voluntary filing of performance Performance bond—terms—hearing. (1) A person who holds or has applied for a permit pursuant to 75-5-401 may voluntarily be required to file a performance bond or other surety with the department for an amount sufficient to enable the state to



reclaim the land disturbed lands resulting from activity authorized by the permit that may impact water
guality by the project or activity authorized by the permit in accordance with all permit requirements an
as needed to provent pollution of state waters.

(2) If the <u>The</u> department determines that <u>shall determine</u> the <u>appropriate</u> bending level, does not <u>which must</u> represent the present cost of reclaiming the disturbed land according to the reclamation requirements specified in the permit and the present cost of preventing pollution of state waters, the department shall notify the permittee and the permittee may modify the amount of the bond to accurately reflect the present cost.

(3) The applicant shall file with the department a bond payable to the state of Montana with surety satisfaction to the department in an amount determined by the department to be reasonably necessary to protect the quality of state waters from impacts resulting from disturbed land associated with the permitted activity. The bond must be conditioned upon compliance with the provisions of this chapter, rules implementing this chapter, and the conditions or limitations of the discharge permit.

(4) The department shall review the amount of each bond at the time of the permit renewal and shall notify the permittee if the review indicates that the bond level should be adjusted. When determined by the department that the bending level of a permit does not represent the present costs of compliance with this chapter or of the protection of state waters, the department may modify the bending requirements of that permit.

(3)(5) The department may not release all or any a portion of a performance bend or other surety filed pursuant to this section until reelamation of the disturbed land has been completed to the satisfaction of the department and the department has determined that pollution of state waters has not occurred. The department may initiate bend ferfaiture proceedings if the permittee fails to satisfactorily reclaim the disturbed land or prevent pollution of state waters.

(4)(6) The department may not release a bond or other surety filed pursuant to this section until the public has been provided an opportunity for a hearing."

27 Section 3. Section 75-5-516, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-516. Fees authorized for recovery -- process -- rulemaking. (1) The board shall by rule prescribe fees to be assessed by the department that are sufficient to cover the board's and department's documented costs, both direct and indirect, of:



- (a) reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit, permit modification, permit renewal, certificate, license, or other authorization required by rule under 75-5-201 or 75-5-401;
  - (b) reviewing and acting upon a petition for a degradation allowance under 75-5-303;
- (c) reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit, certificate, license, or other authorization for which an exclusion is provided by rule from the permitting requirements established under 75-5-401;
- (d) enforcing the terms and conditions of a permit or authorization identified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(c). If the permit or authorization is not issued, the department shall return this portion of any application fee to the applicant.
  - (e) conducting compliance inspections and monitoring effluent and ambient water quality; and
  - (f) preparing water quality rules or guidance documents.
  - (2) The rules promulgated by the board under this section must include:
- (a) a fee on all applications for permits or authorizations, as identified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(c), that recovers to the extent permitted by this subsection (2) the department's cost of reviewing and acting upon the applications. This fee may not be less than \$250 or more than \$5,000 per discharge point for an application addressed under subsection (1), except that an application with multiple sterm water discharge points may be assessed a lower fee for those points according to board rule.
- (b) an annual fee to be assessed according to the volume and concentration of waste discharged into state waters. The annual fee may not be less than \$250 and may not be more than \$3,000 per million gallons discharged per day on an annual average for any activity under permit or authorization, as described in subsection (1), except that:
- (i) a permit or authorization with multiple storm water discharge points may be assessed a lower fee for those points according to board rule; and
- (ii) a facility that consistently discharges effluent at less than or equal to one-half of its effluent limitations and that is in compliance with other permit requirements, using the previous calendar year's discharge data, is entitled to a 25% reduction in its annual permit fee. Proportionate reductions of up to 25% of the permit fee may be given to facilities that consistently discharge effluent at levels between 50% and 100% of their effluent limitations. However, a new permittee is not eligible for a fee reduction in its first year of operation, and a permittee with a violation of any effluent limit during the previous calendar year is not eligible for a fee reduction for the following year.
  - (3) To the extent permitted under this limitation subsection (2)(b), the annual fee must be sufficient



subtracting:

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4	(ii)(b) state general fund appropriations for functions administered under this chapter; and
5	(iii)(c) federal grants for functions administered under this chapter.
6	(3)(4) For purposes of subsection (2)(3), the department's estimated cost of conducting the tasks
7	described under subsection (1) is the amount authorized by the legislature for the department's water
8	quality discharge permit programs.
9	(4)(5) If the applicant or holder fails to pay a fee assessed under this section or rules adopted under
10	this section within 90 days after the date established by rule for fee payment, the department may:
11	(a) impose an additional assessment consisting of not more than 20% of the fee plus interest on
12	the required fee computed at the rate established under 15-31-510(3); or
13	(b) suspend the permit or exclusion. The department may lift the suspension at any time up to 1
14	year after the suspension occurs if the holder has paid all outstanding fees, including all penalties,
15	assessments, and interest imposed under subsection (4)(a)(5)(a).
16	(6) Fees collected pursuant to this section must be deposited in an account in the special
17	revenue fund type pursuant to 75-5-517.
18	(6)(7) The department shall give written notice to each person assessed a fee under this section
19	of the amount of fee that is assessed and the basis for the department's calculation of the fee. This notice
20	must be issued at least 30 days prior to the due date for payment of the assessment.
21	(7)(8) A holder of or an applicant for a permit, certificate, or license may appeal the department's
22	fee assessment to the board within 20 days after receiving written notice of the department's fee
23	determination under subsection (6)(7). The appeal to the board must include a written statement detailing
24	the reasons that the permitholder or applicant considers the department's fee assessment to be erroneous
25	or excessive.
26	(8)(9) If part of the department's fee assessment is not in dispute in an appeal filed under
27	subsection $(7)(8)$ , the undisputed portion of the fee must be paid to the department upon written request
28	of the department.
29	(9)(10) The contested case provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, provided for
30	in Title 2, chapter 4, part 6, apply to a hearing before the board under this section.

to pay the department's estimated cost of conducting all tasks described under subsection (1) after

(i)(a) the fees collected under subsection (2)(a);



(10)(11) A municipality may raise rates to cover costs associated with the fees prescribed in this section for a public sewer system without the hearing required in 69-7-111."

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Section 4. Section 75-5-601, MCA, is amended to read:

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clean up any material that he the person or his the person's employee, agent, or subcontractor has accidentally or purposely dumped, spilled, or otherwise deposited in or near state waters and that may pollute them state waters.

"75-5-601. Cleanup orders. (1) The department shall may issue erders an order to a person to

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(2) If a unit of state or local government, including but not limited to a local board of health, county commission, governing body of a municipality, or state agency, has granted a permit or license to a person to discharge waste or has otherwise authorized an activity that involves the placement of waste and the department has reason to believe that the waste is causing or is likely to cause pollution of state waters, the department may issue an order to the unit of state or local government to take measures to ensure that the wastes causing or likely to cause the pollution are cleaned up.

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(3) The department may include in an order issued to a county commission pursuant to subsection (2) a request that the commission create a sewer district in the geographic area affected by the order for the purpose of establishing a public sewer system in accordance with the petition and election procedures provided by 7-13-2204 and 7-13-2208 through 7-13-2214."

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Enforcement response. (1) Whenever, on the basis of information available to the department, the department finds that a person is in violation of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a condition or limitation in a permit, authorization, or order issued under this chapter, the department shall initiate an enforcement response, which may include any of the following actions:

- 23 24
- (a) issuance of a letter notifying the person of the violation and requiring compliance;

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(b) issuance of an order requiring the person to correct the violation pursuant to 75-5-601, 75-5-611, 75-5-613, and 75-5-621;

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(c) bringing a judicial action as authorized by 75-5-614 and 75-5-622; or

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(d) seeking administrative or judicial penalties as provided under 75-5-611, 75-5-615, and 75-5-631 through 75-5-633.

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(2) UNLESS AN ALLEGED VIOLATION REPRESENTS AN IMMINENT THREAT TO HUMAN HEALTH,



1 SAFETY. OR WELFARE OR TO THE ENVIRONMENT, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL FIRST ISSUE A LETT	1	SAFETY OR V	<b>WELFARE OR TO</b>	THE ENVIRONMENT.	THE DEPARTMENT	SHALL FIRST	<b>ISSUE A LETT</b>
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- NOTIFYING THE PERSON OF THE VIOLATION AND REQUIRING COMPLIANCE. IF THE PERSON FAILS TO
- 3 RESPOND TO THE DEPARTMENT'S LETTER, THEN THE DEPARTMENT MAY TAKE FURTHER ACTION AS
- 4 PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1).

(2)(3) The provisions of this chapter do not limit the authority of the department to bring a judicial action, which may include the assessment of penalties, prior to initiating any administrative action authorized by this chapter.

## Section 6. Section 75-5-616, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-616. Enforcement of permits and chapter. The department shall take such actions as that are authorized or required under 75-5-612 through 75-5-615 this part to insure ensure that the terms and conditions of issued permits are complied with and to insure ensure that violations of this chapter are appropriately prosecuted."

#### Section 7. Section 75-5-621, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-621. Emergencies. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the department finds that a person is committing or is about to commit an act in violation of this chapter or an order or rule issued under it which this chapter that, if it occurs or continues, will cause substantial pollution the harmful effects of which will not be remedied immediately after the commission or cessation of the act, the department shall may order the person to stop, avoid, or moderate the act so that the substantial injury will not occur. The order shall be is effective immediately upon receipt by the person to whom it is directed, unless the department provides otherwise.

- (2) Notice of the order shall <u>must</u> conform to the requirements of 75-5-611(1) so far as practicable. The notice shall must indicate that the order is an emergency order.
- (3) Upon issuing such an order, the department shall fix a place and time for a hearing before the board, not later than 5 days thereafter after issuing the order unless the person to whom the order is directed shall request requests a later time. The department may deny a request for a later time if it finds that the person to whom the order is directed is not complying with the order. The hearing shall must be conducted in the manner specified in 75-5-611. As soon as practicable after the hearing, the board shall affirm, modify, or set aside the order of the department. The order of the board shall must be accompanied



by the statement specified in 75-5-611(5). An action for review of the order of the board may be initiated in the manner specified in 75-5-641. The initiation of such an action or taking of an appeal may not stay the effectiveness of the order unless the court finds that the board did not have reasonable cause to issue an order under this section."

Section 8. Section 75-5-631, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-631. Civil penalties -- injunctions not barred. (1) A In an action initiated by the department to collect civil penalties against a person who violetes is found to have violated this chapter or a rule, permit, effluent standard, or order issued under the provisions of this chapter, the person shall be is subject

(2) Action under this section does not bar enforcement of this chapter or of rules or orders issued under it by injunction or other appropriate remedy.

to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000. Each day of violation constitutes a separate violation.

 (3) The department shall institute and maintain any enforcement proceedings in the name of the state.

 (4) When seeking penalties under this section, the department shall take into account the following factors in determining an appropriate settlement, or judgment, as appropriate if any, subsequent to the filing of a complaint:

(a) the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation; and

 (b) with respect to the violator, his the violator's ability to pay, any prior history of such violations, the economic benefit or savings, if any, to the violator resulting from the violator's action, and any other matters as that justice may require."

Section 9. Section 75-5-632, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-632. Criminal penalties. A person who willfully or negligently violates 75-5-605 or any pretreatment standard established pursuant to this chapter is guilty of an offense and, upon conviction, is subject to a fine not to exceed \$25,000 per day of violation or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both. Following an initial conviction under this section, subsequent convictions shall subject a person to a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation or imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or both."

Section 10. Section 75-5-636, MCA, is amended to read:



"75-5-636. Astion Investigation of complaints by other parties. A person, association, corporation,
or agency of the state or federal government may apply to notify the department protesting a of an alleged
violation of this chapter. The Based upon information submitted by the person, association, corporation,
or agency, the department shall make conduct an investigation and make a written report to the person,
association, corporation, or agoncy which made the protest to determine the validity of the complaint.
a violation is established by the department's investigation of the department, the department shall initiate
an appropriate enforcement action shall be taken response as described in [section 7 5]."
NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instructions. (1) [Section 4] is intended to be codified
as an integral part of Title 75, chapter 5, part 4, and the provisions of Title 75, chapter 5, part 4, apply to
{section 4}.
(2) [Section 8] [SECTION 5] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 75, chapter 5,
part 6, and the provisions of Title 75, chapter 5, part 6, apply to [section 8 5].
NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
-END-





## HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

March 7, 1995

Page 1 of 1

Mr. Speaker: We, the committee on Natural Resources report that Senate Bill 78 (third reading copy -- blue) be concurred in as amended.

## And, that such amendments read:

Carried by: Rep. Knox

1. Page 5, line 10.

Following: "voluntarily" Insert: "voluntarily"

2. Page 10, line 3. Following: "THE"

Insert: "conditions in the"

3. Page 10, line 3.

Following: "DEPARTMENT"

Strike: "MAY" Insert: "shall"

4. Page 11, line 20. Following: "action,"

Insert: "the amounts voluntarily expended by the violator to address or mitigate the violation or impacts of the

violation to waters of the state,"

-END-

5078 531128SC.Hdh

Committee Vote: Yes/ $\frac{7}{2}$ , No  $\frac{6}{2}$ .

1	SENATE BILL NO. 78
2	INTRODUCED BY GROSFIELD, KNOX, COCCHIARELLA, DOHERTY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT MODIFYING CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR THE WATER
6	POLLUTION CONTROL ADVISORY COUNCIL; REMOVING THE VOLUNTARY PERFORMANCE BOND
7	REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE WATER QUALITY LAWS AND AUTHORIZING THE DEPARTMENT TO
8	REQUIRE PERFORMANCE BONDS FOR DISCHARGE PERMITS ISSUED TO APPLICANTS WHOSE
9	ACTIVITIES WILL REQUIRE RECLAMATION OF DISTURBED LAND THAT MAY AFFECT WATER QUALITY;
10	REVISING FEE REQUIREMENTS FOR HOLDERS OF A PERMIT OR AUTHORIZATION UNDER THE WATER
11	QUALITY LAWS; REVISING THE ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE WATER QUALITY LAWS TO
12	CLARIFY EXISTING ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 75-5-103, 75-5-221, 75-5-401,
13	<del>75-5-405,</del> 75-5-516, 75-5-601, 75-5-616, 75-5-621, 75-5-631, 75-5-632, AND 75-5-636, MCA; AND
14	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
17	
18	Section 1. Section 75-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"75 5 103. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this chapter, the following
20	definitions apply:
21	(1) "Board" means the board of health and environmental sciences provided for in 2-15-2104.
22	(2) "Contamination" means impairment of the quality of state waters by sewage, industrial wastes,
23	or other wastes, creating a hazard to human health.
24	(3) - "Gouncil" means the water pollution control advisory council provided for in 2-15-2107.
25	(4) "Degradation" means a change in water quality that lowers the quality of high quality waters
26	for a parameter. The term does not include those changes in water quality determined to be nonsignificant
27	pursuant to 75 5 301(5)(a).
28	(5) "Department" means the department of health and environmental sciences provided for in Title
29	2, chapter 15, part 21.
30	(6) "Disposal system" means a system for disposing of sewage, industrial, or other wastes and



SB0078.03

1	includes sewage systems and treatment works.
2	(7) "Disturbed land" means the area of land altered by activities associated with a permit issued
3	pursuant to this chapter that may affect the quality of waters located at or near lands owned or under the
4	control of the permittee.
5	(7)(8) "Effluent standard" means a restriction or prohibition on quantities, rates, and concentrations
6	of chemical, physical, biological, and other constituents which that are discharged into state waters.
7	(8)(9) "Existing uses" means those uses actually attained in state waters on or after July 1, 1971,
8	whether or not those uses are included in the water quality standards.
9	(9)(10) "High-quality waters" means state waters whose quality for a parameter is better than
10	standards established pursuant to 75-5-301. All waters are high quality water unless classified by the
11	board within a classification for waters that are not suitable for human consumption or not suitable for
12	growth and propagation of fish and associated aquatic life.
13	(10)(11) "Industrial waste" means a waste substance from the process of business or industry or
14	from the development of any natural resource, together with any sewage that may be present.
15	(11)(12) "Interested person" means a person who has submitted oral or written comments on the
16	department's preliminary decision regarding degradation of state waters, pursuant to 75 5-303. The term
17	includes a person who has requested authorization to degrade high-quality waters.
18	(12)(13) "Local department of health" means the staff, including health officers, employed by a
19	county, city, city county, or district board of health.
20	(13)(14) "Mixing zone" means an area established in a permit or final decision on nondegradation
21	issued by the department where water quality standards may be exceeded, subject to conditions that are
22	imposed by the department and that are consistent with the rules adopted by the board.
23	(14)(15) "Other wastes" means garbage, municipal refuse, decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark,
24	lime, sand, ashes, offal, night soil, oil, grease, tar, heat, chemicals, dead animals, sediment, wreeked or
25	discarded equipment, radioactive materials, solid waste, and all other substances that may pollute state
26	<del>waters.</del>
27	(15)(16) "Owner or operator" means a person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises
28	a point source.
29	(16)(17) "Parameter" means a physical, biological, or chemical property of state water when a value



of that property affects the quality of the state water.

(17)(18) "Person" means the state, a political subdivision of the state; institution, firm, corporation, partnership, individual, or other entity and includes persons resident in Canada.

(18)(19) "Point source" means a discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, or vessel or other floating craft, from which pollutants are or may be discharged.

(19)(20) "Pollution" means contamination or other alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of state waters which that exceeds that permitted by Montana water quality standards, including but not limited to standards relating to change in temperature, taste, color, turbidity, or odor; or the discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, or flow of liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substance into state water which that will or is likely to create a nuisance or render the waters harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public health, recreation, safety, welfare, livestock, wild animals, birds, fish, or other wildlife. A discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, or flow which that is authorized under the pollution discharge permit rules of the board is not pollution under this chapter. Activities conducted under the conditions imposed by the department in short term authorizations pursuant to 75-5-308 are not considered pollution under this chapter.

(20)(21) "Sewage" means water earried waste products from residences, public buildings, institutions, or other buildings, including discharge from human beings or animals, together with ground water infiltration and surface water present.

(21)(22) "Sewage system" means a device for collecting or conducting sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes to an ultimate disposal point.

(22)(23) "Standard of performance" means a standard adopted by the board for the control of the discharge of pollutants which that reflects the greatest degree of effluent reduction achievable through application of the best available demonstrated control technology, processes, operating methods, or other alternatives, including, where practicable, a standard permitting no discharge of pollutants.

(23)(24) "State waters" means a body of water, irrigation system, or drainage system, either surface or underground; however, this subsection does not apply to irrigation waters where when the waters are used up within the irrigation system and the waters are not returned to any other state waters.

(24)(25) "Treatment works" means works, including sewage lagoons, installed for treating or holding sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes.

(25)(26) "Water quality protection practices" means those activities, prohibitions, maintenance



procedures, or other management practices applied to point and nonpoint sources designed to protect,
maintain, and improve the quality of state waters. Water quality protection practices include but are not
limited to treatment requirements, standards of performance, effluent standards, and operating procedures
and practices to control site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or water disposal, or drainage from material
storage:

(26)(27) "Water well" means an excavation that is drilled, cored, bored, washed, driven, dug, jetted, or otherwise constructed and intended for the location, diversion, artificial recharge, or acquisition of ground water."

9.

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- that operation consistent with the limitations of the permit will not result in pollution of any state waters, except that the rules may allow the issuance of a temporary permit under which pollution may result if the department insures ensures that such the permit contains a compliance schedule designed to meet all applicable effluent standards and water quality standards in the shortest reasonable period of time.
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guality by the project or activity authorized by the permit in accordance with all permit requirements and
as needed to prevent pollution of state waters.

(2) If the <u>The</u> department determines that <u>shall determine</u> the <u>appropriate</u> bonding level, does not <u>which must</u> represent the present cost of reclaiming the disturbed land according to the reclamation requirements specified in the permit and the present cost of preventing pollution of state waters, the department shall notify the permittee and the permittee may modify the amount of the bond to accurately reflect the present cost.

(3) The applicant shall file with the department a bond payable to the state of Montana with surety satisfaction to the department in an amount determined by the department to be reasonably necessary to protect the quality of state waters from impacts resulting from disturbed land associated with the permitted activity. The bond must be conditioned upon compliance with the provisions of this chapter, rules implementing this chapter, and the conditions or limitations of the discharge permit.

(4) The department shall review the amount of each bond at the time of the permit renewal and shall notify the permittee if the review indicates that the bond level should be adjusted. When determined by the department that the bonding level of a permit does not represent the present costs of compliance with this chapter or of the protection of state waters, the department may modify the bonding requirements of that permit.

(3)(5) The department may not release all or any a portion of a performance bond or other surety filed pursuant to this section until reclamation of the disturbed land has been completed to the satisfaction of the department and the department has determined that pollution of state waters has not occurred. The department may initiate bond-ferfeiture proceedings if the permittee fails to satisfactorily reclaim the disturbed land or prevent pollution of state waters.

(4)(6) The department may not release a bond or other surety filed pursuant to this section until the public has been provided an opportunity for a hearing."

28 Section 3. Section 75-5-516, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-516. Fees authorized for recovery -- process -- rulemaking. (1) The board shall by rule prescribe fees to be assessed by the department that are sufficient to cover the board's and department's



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- (a) reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit, permit modification, permit renewal, certificate, license, or other authorization required by rule under 75-5-201 or 75-5-401;
  - (b) reviewing and acting upon a petition for a degradation allowance under 75-5-303;
- (c) reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit, certificate, license, or other authorization for which an exclusion is provided by rule from the permitting requirements established under 75-5-401;
- (d) enforcing the terms and conditions of a permit or authorization identified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(c). If the permit or authorization is not issued, the department shall return this portion of any application fee to the applicant.
  - (e) conducting compliance inspections and monitoring effluent and ambient water quality; and
  - (f) preparing water quality rules or guidance documents.
  - (2) The rules promulgated by the board under this section must include:
- (1)(c), that recovers to the extent permitted by this subsection (2) the department's cost of reviewing and acting upon the applications. This fee may not be less than-\$250 or more than \$5,000 per discharge point for an application addressed under subsection (1), except that an application with multiple storm water discharge points may be assessed a lower fee for those points according to board rule.
- (b) an annual fee to be assessed according to the volume and concentration of waste discharged into state waters. The annual fee may not be less than \$250 and may not be more than \$3,000 per million gallons discharged per day on an annual average for any activity under permit or authorization, as described in subsection (1), except that:
- (i) a permit or authorization with multiple storm water discharge points may be assessed a lower fee for those points according to board rule; and
- (iii) a facility that consistently discharges effluent at less than or equal to one-half of its effluent limitations and that is in compliance with other permit requirements, using the previous calendar year's discharge data, is entitled to a 25% reduction in its annual permit fee. Proportionate reductions of up to 25% of the permit fee may be given to facilities that consistently discharge effluent at levels between 50% and 100% of their effluent limitations. However, a new permittee is not eligible for a fee reduction in its first year of operation, and a permittee with a violation of any effluent limit during the previous calendar year is not eligible for a fee reduction for the following year.



54th Legislature SB0078.03

1	(3) To the extent permitted under this limitation subsection (2)(b), the annual fee must be sufficien
2	to pay the department's estimated cost of conducting all tasks described under subsection (1) after
3	subtracting:
4	(i)(a) the fees collected under subsection (2)(a);
5	(ii)(b) state general fund appropriations for functions administered under this chapter; and
6	(iii)(c) federal grants for functions administered under this chapter.
7	$\frac{(3)(4)}{(3)}$ For purposes of subsection $\frac{(2)(3)}{(3)}$ , the department's estimated cost of conducting the task
8	described under subsection (1) is the amount authorized by the legislature for the department's water
9	quality discharge permit programs.
10	(4)(5) If the applicant or holder fails to pay a fee assessed under this section or rules adopted under
11	this section within 90 days after the date established by rule for fee payment, the department may:
12	(a) impose an additional assessment consisting of not more than 20% of the fee plus interest or
13	the required fee computed at the rate established under 15-31-510(3); or
14	(b) suspend the permit or exclusion. The department may lift the suspension at any time up to
15	year after the suspension occurs if the holder has paid all outstanding fees, including all penalties
16	assessments, and interest imposed under subsection $\frac{(4)(a)}{(5)(a)}$ .
17	(6) Fees collected pursuant to this section must be deposited in an account in the specia
18	revenue fund type pursuant to 75-5-517.
19	(6)(7) The department shall give written notice to each person assessed a fee under this section
20	of the amount of fee that is assessed and the basis for the department's calculation of the fee. This notice
21	must be issued at least 30 days prior to the due date for payment of the assessment.
22	(7)(8) A holder of or an applicant for a permit, certificate, or license may appeal the department's
23	fee assessment to the board within 20 days after receiving written notice of the department's fee
24	determination under subsection (6)(7). The appeal to the board must include a written statement detailing
25	the reasons that the permitholder or applicant considers the department's fee assessment to be erroneous
26	or excessive.
27	(8)(9) If part of the department's fee assessment is not in dispute in an appeal filed unde
28	subsection (7)(8), the undisputed portion of the fee must be paid to the department upon written reques
29	of the department.

30

(9)(10) The contested case provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, provided for

in Title 2, chapter 4, part 6, apply to a hearing before the board under this section.

(10)(11) A municipality may raise rates to cover costs associated with the fees prescribed in this section for a public sewer system without the hearing required in 69-7-111."

- Section 4. Section 75-5-601, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-5-601. Cleanup orders. (1) The department shall may issue orders an order to a person to clean up any material that he the person or his the person's employee, agent, or subcontractor has accidentally or purposely dumped, spilled, or otherwise deposited in or near state waters and that may pollute them state waters.
- (2) If a unit of state or local government, including but not limited to a local board of health, county commission, governing body of a municipality, or state agency, has granted a permit or license to a person to discharge waste or has otherwise authorized an activity that involves the placement of waste and the department has reason to believe that the waste is causing or is likely to cause pollution of state waters, the department may issue an order to the unit of state or local government to take measures to ensure that the wastes causing or likely to cause the pollution are cleaned up.
- (3) The department may include in an order issued to a county commission pursuant to subsection (2) a request that the commission create a sewer district in the geographic area affected by the order for the purpose of establishing a public sewer system in accordance with the petition and election procedures provided by 7-13-2204 and 7-13-2208 through 7-13-2214."

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Enforcement response. (1) Whenever, on the basis of information available to the department, the department finds that a person is in violation of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a condition or limitation in a permit, authorization, or order issued under this chapter, the department shall initiate an enforcement response, which may include any of the following actions:

- (a) issuance of a letter notifying the person of the violation and requiring compliance;
- 26 (b) issuance of an order requiring the person to correct the violation pursuant to 75-5-601, 75-5-611, 75-5-613, and 75-5-621;
  - (c) bringing a judicial action as authorized by 75-5-614 and 75-5-622; or
- 29 (d) seeking administrative or judicial penalties as provided under 75-5-611, 75-5-615, and 30 75-5-631 through 75-5-633.



(2) UNLESS AN ALLEGED VIOLATION REPRESENTS AN IMMINENT THREAT TO HUMAN HEALTH,
SAFETY, OR WELFARE OR TO THE ENVIRONMENT, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL FIRST ISSUE A LETTER
NOTIFYING THE PERSON OF THE VIOLATION AND REQUIRING COMPLIANCE. IF THE PERSON FAILS TO
RESPOND TO THE CONDITIONS IN THE DEPARTMENT'S LETTER, THEN THE DEPARTMENT MAY SHALL
TAKE FURTHER ACTION AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1).

(2)(3) The provisions of this chapter do not limit the authority of the department to bring a judicial action, which may include the assessment of penalties, prior to initiating any administrative action authorized by this chapter.

Section 6. Section 75-5-616, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-616. Enforcement of permits and chapter. The department shall take such actions as that are authorized or required under 75-5-612 through 75-5-615 this part to insure ensure that the terms and conditions of issued permits are complied with and to insure ensure that violations of this chapter are appropriately prosecuted."

Section 7. Section 75-5-621, MCA, is amended to read:

"75-5-621. Emergencies. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the department finds that a person is committing or is about to commit an act in violation of this chapter or an order or rule issued under it which this chapter that, if it occurs or continues, will cause substantial pollution the harmful effects of which will not be remedied immediately after the commission or cessation of the act, the department shall may order the person to stop, avoid, or moderate the act so that the substantial injury will not occur. The order shall be is effective immediately upon receipt by the person to whom it is directed, unless the department provides otherwise.

- (2) Notice of the order shall <u>must</u> conform to the requirements of 75-5-611(1) so far as practicable. The notice shall <u>must</u> indicate that the order is an emergency order.
- (3) Upon issuing such an order, the department shall fix a place and time for a hearing before the board, not later than 5 days thereafter after issuing the order unless the person to whom the order is directed shall request requests a later time. The department may deny a request for a later time if it finds that the person to whom the order is directed is not complying with the order. The hearing shall must be conducted in the manner specified in 75-5-611. As soon as practicable after the hearing, the board shall



affirm, modify, or set aside the order of the department. The order of the board shall must be accompanied by the statement specified in 75-5-611(5). An action for review of the order of the board may be initiated in the manner specified in 75-5-641. The initiation of such an action or taking of an appeal may not stay the effectiveness of the order unless the court finds that the board did not have reasonable cause to issue an order under this section."

- Section 8. Section 75-5-631, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-5-631. Civil penalties -- injunctions not barred. (1) A In an action initiated by the department to collect civil penalties against a person who violates is found to have violated this chapter or a rule, permit, effluent standard, or order issued under the provisions of this chapter, the person shall be is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000. Each day of violation constitutes a separate violation.
- (2) Action under this section does not bar enforcement of this chapter or of rules or orders issued under it by injunction or other appropriate remedy.
- (3) The department shall institute and maintain any enforcement proceedings in the name of the state.
- (4) When seeking penalties under this section, the department shall take into account the following factors in determining an appropriate settlement, or judgment, as appropriate if any, subsequent to the filing of a complaint:
  - (a) the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation; and
- (b) with respect to the violator, his the violator's ability to pay, any prior history of such violations, the economic benefit or savings, if any, to the violator resulting from the violator's action, THE AMOUNTS VOLUNTARILY EXPENDED BY THE VIOLATOR TO ADDRESS OR MITIGATE THE VIOLATION OR IMPACTS OF THE VIOLATION TO WATERS OF THE STATE, and any other matters as that justice may require."

- Section 9. Section 75-5-632, MCA, is amended to read:
- "75-5-632. Criminal penalties. A person who willfully or negligently violates 75-5-605 or any pretreatment standard established pursuant to this chapter is guilty of an offense and, upon conviction, is subject to a fine not to exceed \$25,000 per day of violation or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both. Following an initial conviction under this section, subsequent convictions shall subject a person to a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation or imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or both."



1	Section 10. Section 75-5-636, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"75-5-636. Action Investigation of complaints by other parties. A person, association, corporation
3	or agency of the state or federal government may apply to notify the department protesting a of an alleged
4	violation of this chapter. The Based upon information submitted by the person, association, corporation
5	or agency, the department shall make conduct an investigation and make a written report to the person
6	association, corporation, or agency which made the protest to determine the validity of the complaint.
7	a violation is established by the <u>department's</u> investigation <del>of the department</del> , the department shall initiate
8	an appropriate enforcement action shall be taken response as described in [section 7 5]."
9	
10	NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instructions. (1) [Section 4] is intended to be codified
11	as an integral part of Title 75, chapter 5, part 4, and the provisions of Title 75, chapter 5, part 4, apply to
12	<del>[section 4].</del>
13	(2) [Section 8] [SECTION 5] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 75, chapter 5
14	part 6, and the provisions of Title 75, chapter 5, part 6, apply to [section $\$ 5$ ].
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
17	-END-

