1	SENATE BILL NO. 38
2	INTRODUCED BY BENEDICT
3	BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE JOB INVESTMENT ACT; AUTHORIZING THE
6	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO ADMINISTER \$8 MILLION OF THE PERMANENT COAL TAX TRUST
7	FUND FOR LOANS TO BUSINESSES TO CREATE OR RETAIN JOBS; AMENDING SECTION 17-6-308, MCA;
8	AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
9	
10	STATEMENT OF INTENT
11	A statement of intent is required for this bill because [section 4] gives the department of commerce
12	authority to adopt administrative rules for the administration of the Job Investment Act. The act is intended
13	to provide funding for loans to Montana businesses as part of a financing package to permit business
14	expansion and job creation. The act is intended to expand the current capabilities of the economic
15	development portion of the federal community development block grant program, which is highly effective
16	but satisfies only a small portion of the existing need.
17	The job investment loans are intended to provide a portion of the financing necessary to permit
18	business expansion and job creation and may be used only in conjunction with equity and other debt
19	financing in cases in which other funding would not satisfy the total need and would not be available
20	without additional financing under the Job Investment Act.
21	The community development block grant program has also been used to leverage other forms of
22	public and private financing to support job expansion and retention. The approximately \$2.6 million of
23	community development block grant program economic development funding for the current fiscal year
24	amounts to funding for less than one-half of the funding requests received during the first 4 months of the
25	current fiscal year. If annualized, this year's funding experience would result in requests in excess of \$10
26	million. There is opportunity for significant economic impact from an expansion of the state's investment
27	in projects that create jobs which would not be fully funded from existing sources.

29

30

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:



54th Legislature SB0038.01

NEW SECTION.	Section 1. Short title.	[Sections 1	through	8] may	be cited	as	the	"Job
Investment Act".								

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Legislative findings -- purpose. (1) The legislature finds and declares that:

- (a) it is the policy of the state to foster and encourage economic development within the state in order to promote the general welfare of the people;
- (b) access to capital for the creation, expansion, and retention of qualified businesses, particularly for working capital, is a serious problem that inhibits the growth of businesses, jobs, and tax revenue; and
- (c) the public sector and the private sector are constrained from satisfying the financial needs of state businesses because of federal and state financial regulatory rules and practices.
- (2) The purpose of [sections 1 through 8] is to create a job investment program that encourages and assists in the creation, development, and financing of businesses whose primary obstacle to expansion or retention of employment is access to the appropriate type and amount of financing. This financial need is particularly acute in areas of the state that are economically depressed, and emphasis should be given to projects that will be located in these areas if the projects meet the requirements of [sections 1 through 8] and rules adopted pursuant to [section 4] and meet acceptable levels of financial risk as determined by the loan review committee.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 3. Definitions.** As used in [sections 1 through 8], unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:

- "Department" means the department of commerce provided for in 2-15-1801.
- (2) "Loan review committee" means the committee that is established by the department to consider economic development loan applications for funding by the federal community development block grant program and that is responsible for reviewing and approving or denying job investment loans subject to [sections 1 through 8] and rules implementing [sections 1 through 8].
- (3) "Qualified business" means a business enterprise that either is or will be located in the state and that produces goods or provides services that will, as a result of receiving a job investment loan, create jobs for Montana workers.



1	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Rulemaking authority. The department shall adopt rules to implement
2	the provisions of [sections 1 through 8], including rules:
3	(1) determining the amount of interest and the method of computation and payment of interest
4	charged to recipients of job investment loans and specifying amortization schedules and other terms and
5	conditions for job investment loans as necessary. The rate of interest charged on a loan may not be less
6	than the prevailing market rate.
7	(2) establishing criteria for determining nonperformance and declaring default for a job investment
8	loan;
9	(3) specifying security and collateral requirements that must be met as a condition of receiving a
10	job investment loan;
11	(4) encouraging financial institutions to participate to the greatest extent possible in the financing
12	of job investment projects;
13	(5) requiring at least 50% of project funding to come from equity or debt sources other than a job
14	investment loan; and
15	(6) providing for an application process and a loan review process.
16	
17	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Job investment administrative account. There is a job investment
18	administrative account in the state special revenue fund. The department shall deposit all loan origination
19	fees, all service charges, and up to 2% of interest payments on job investment loans into the account.
20	Money in the account must be used to pay the costs of administering [sections 1 through 8], including
21	personnel costs, operating costs, and administrative costs.
22	
23	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Loan review committee conflict of interest servicing of loans. (1)
24	The department shall establish a loan review committee to administer [sections 1 through 8]. The
25	committee shall accept and review loan applications pursuant to rules adopted by the department. The
26	committee shall approve or disapprove loans. A loan may not exceed \$500,000.
27	(2) A member of the department or the loan review committee who has a financial interest in a
28	business that submits a job investment loan application shall disclose the interest and abstain from any



30

involvement in the application, due diligence, and approval processes.

(3) The department may contract for the servicing of loans.

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Legislative oversight. Th	ne department shall report to the revenue
oversight committee annually on the performance of the job	investment program. The report to the
committee must include:	

- (1) a summary of all loans made during the year;
- (2) an analysis of job creation goals and performance;
- 6 (3) a summary of loan terms and conditions;
 - (4) a summary of funds leveraged with job investment loans; and
- 8 (5) an analysis of the job investment portfolio performance including calculations for returns on investments.

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Grants, gifts, and donations. The department may accept grants, gifts, and donations for purposes of [sections 1 through 8]. The department may expend the funds pursuant to laws and conditions governing the funds.

- Section 9. Section 17-6-308, MCA, is amended to read:
- "17-6-308. Authorized investments. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) through (4) and subject to the provisions of 17-6-201, the Montana permanent coal tax trust fund must be invested as authorized by rules adopted by the board.
- (2) The board may make loans from the permanent coal tax trust fund to the capital reserve account created pursuant to 17-5-1515 to establish balances or restore deficiencies in the account. The board may agree in connection with the issuance of bonds or notes secured by the account or fund to make the loans. Loans must be on terms and conditions as determined by the board determines and must be repaid from revenues of the board revenue realized from the exercise of its the board's powers under 17-5-1501 through 17-5-1518 and 17-5-1521 through 17-5-1529, subject to the prior pledge of the revenues revenue to the bonds and notes.
- (3) The board shall allow the Montana board of science and technology development, provided for in 2-15-1818, to administer \$15.5 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for seed capital project loans and \$8.1 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for research and development project loans pursuant only to the provisions of Title 90, chapter 3. This authority does not extend beyond June 30, 1997, for seed capital project loans and beyond June 30, 1995, for research and development project loans. Until



1	the Montana board of science and technology development makes a loan pursuant to the provisions of Title
2	90, chapter 3, the funds under its administration must be invested by the board of investments pursuant
3	to the provisions of 17-6-201.
4	(4) The board shall allow the department of commerce to administer \$8 million of the permanent
5	coal tax trust fund for job investment loans pursuant to [sections 1 through 8]. As loans are repaid, the
6	department of commerce may reinvest the principal in new loans. Until a loan is made, the board shall
7	invest the funds pursuant to 17-6-201.
8	(4)(5) The board shall adopt rules to allow a nonprofit corporation to apply for economic assistance.
9	The rules must recognize that different criteria may be needed for nonprofit corporations than for for-profit
10	corporations."
11	
12	NEW SECTION. Section 10. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 8] are intended to be
13	codified as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 6, apply to
14	[sections 1 through 8].
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 11. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.

-END-



STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for SB0038, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act establishing the Job Investment Act by authorizing the Department of Commerce to administer \$8 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for loans to businesses to create or retain jobs.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- Job Investment Act funds are loaned from the Coal Tax Trust account in amounts averaging \$300,000 per month, beginning September 1995.
- Job Investment Act funds are lent at an average rate of 10%, and amortized over a 10 year period.
- Assume loan repayments (principal and interest) begin 2 months after funds are disbursed.
- 5. Assume current Coal Tax Trust opportunity cost earnings at 8% return on investment continue over next biennium.
- 6. Per SB0038 2% of Toan interest payments will be deposited in Job Investment Act state special revenue account (SSR) to be used for costs to administer the program.

 7. Principal and 98% of loan interest payments will be deposited into Coal Tax Trust account upon receipt.
- FY96 operating costs of \$18,000 are for contracted services related to servicing of that years loans. FY97 operating costs of \$80,000 are for contracted services for loan servicing and administration.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Expe		

	FY96	FY9 <u>7</u>
Department of Commerce: FTE	Difference 0	<u>Difference</u> 0
Personal Services	0	0
Operating Expenses	18,000	80,000
Equipment	0	<u>0</u>
Total	18,000	80,000
Funding:		00.000
Job Investment SSR (02)	18,000	80,000
Revenues:		
	FY96	FY97
Department of Commerce:	Difference	<u>Difference</u>
Job Invest Interest (02)	1,800	8,000
Coal Tax Job Invest Interest	87,200	393,000
Coal Tax Opportunity Cost	(110,000)	<u>(396,000)</u>
Total	(21,000)	5,000
Note Township		
Net Impact:	FY96	FY97
	Difference	Difference
Job Investment SSR (02)	(16,200)	(72,000)
School Equalization (02)	3,420	450
General fund (01)	(19,380)	(2,550)
Total	(39,000)	(75,000)

DAVID LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
Office of Budget and Program Planning

STEVE BENEDICT, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for SB0038, as introduced

1310 3

Fiscal Note Request, <u>SB0038</u>, <u>as introduced</u> Page 2 (continued)

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

The business expansion and job creating aspects of this proposal, while difficult to quantify, are beneficial to any locality in which businesses are expanded and jobs are created. In addition, persons previously unemployed would now would now be contributing to the income tax and property tax bases.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

It is estimated that over \$1,700,000 in Job Investment Act proceeds would be available for loans in FY98.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

It was intended that the revenue generated for the new SSR account (Section 5) would be sufficient to offset the administrative costs of the Job Investment Act. Some source of revenue, such as amending Section 5, would have to be implemented to cover the \$88,000 negative biennium amount since no other funds are available. Increases in the SSR account causes an equal decrease to the general fund.

DEDICATION OF REVENUE:

- a) Are there persons or entities that benefit from this dedicated revenue that do not pay? (Please explain)
 - No. The Job Investment Action establishes a SSR which would be funded by a portion of interest payment proceeds from loan repayments. The proposed legislation would make loans to assist in the expansion of Montana businesses. The portion of interest payment proceeds dedicated to the SSR which this proposed legislation creates is funded entirely by those businesses receiving loan proceeds. The bill dedicates a portion of the interest revenues received to fund the administration of the program.
- b) What special information or other advantages exist as a result of using a state special revenue fund that could not be obtained if the revenue were allocated to the general fund?
 - By placing a portion of the proceeds of the proposed legislation into a SSR, the public, Montana businesses, and the legislature is assured that the program is enacted and working as intended.
- c) Is the source of revenue relevant to current use of the funds and adequate to fund the program/activity that is intended? X Yes No (if no, explain)
- d) Does the need for this SSR provision still exist? X Yes No (Explain) The proposed bill creates a SSR which is necessary to effectively and efficiently administer the Job Investment Act.
- e) Does the dedicated revenue affect the legislature's ability to scrutinize budgets, control expenditures, or establish priorities for state spending? (Please explain)
 - No. The dedicated revenue portion of this bill does not diminish the legislature's ability to scrutinize budgets, control expenditures, or establish priorities.
- f) Does the dedicated revenue fulfill a continuing, legislatively recognized need? (Please explain)
 - Yes, provided the Legislature continues to mandate economic development and job creation efforts within Montana.
- g) How does the dedicated revenue provision result in accounting/auditing efficiencies or inefficiencies in your agency? (Please explain. Also, if the program/activity were general funded, could you adequately account for the program/activity?)
 - The dedicated revenue provision, which is required in this proposed legislation, would provide accounting efficiencies within the Department of Commerce. It would allow for the quick and accurate analysis of how effective and efficient the Job Investment Act is operating. Establishment of a SSR would allow one to quickly determine if the Job Investment Act is accomplishing it's mission as intended.

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for SB0038, third reading

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act establishing the Job Investment Act by authorizing the Department of Commerce to administer \$8 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for loans to businesses to create or retain jobs.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. It is assumed that Job Investment Act funds will be loaned from the Coal Tax Trust account in amounts averaging \$300,000 per month, beginning September 1995.
- 2. Job Investment Act funds will be lent at an average rate of 10%, and amortized over a 10 year period.
- Assume loan repayments (principal and interest) begin 2 months after funds are disbursed.
- 5. Assume that current Coal Tax Trust opportunity cost earnings, at 8% return on investment, continue over the next biennium.
- 6. Twenty percent of loan interest payments will be deposited in Job Investment Act state special revenue account (SSR) to be used for costs to administer the program.
- 7. Principal and 80% of loan interest payments will be deposited into Coal Tax Trust account upon receipt.
- 8. FY96 operating costs of \$18,000 are for contracted services related to servicing of that year's loans. FY97 operating costs of \$80,000 are for contracted services for loan servicing and administration.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Expenditures:

	DATO C	2207
Department of Commerce: FTE Personal Services Operating Expenses Equipment Total	FY96 Difference 0 0 18,000 18,000	FY97 Difference 0 0 80,000 80,000
Funding:		
Job Investment SSR (02)	18,000	80,000
Revenues: Department of Commerce: Job Invest Interest (02) Coal Tax Job Invest Interest	FY96 Difference 18,000 71,000	FY97 Difference 80,000 321,000
Coal Tax Opportunity Cost Total	(110,000) (21,000)	<u>(396,000)</u> 5,000
Net Impact:	FY96 Difference	FY97 Difference
Job Investment SSR (02) School Equalization (02) General fund (01) Total	0 (5,850) (33,150) (39,000)	0 (11,250) (63,750) (75,000)

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
Office of Budget and Program Planning

STEVE BEBEDICT, PRIMARY SPONSOR DA

Fiscal Note for SB0038, third reading

SB 38-#2

Fiscal Note Request, <u>SB0038</u>, as introduced Page 2 (continued)

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

The business expansion and job creating aspects of this proposal, while difficult to quantify, are beneficial to any locality in which businesses are expanded and jobs are created. In addition, persons previously unemployed would now would now be contributing to the income tax and property tax bases.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

It is estimated that over \$1,700,000 in Job Investment Act proceeds would be available for loans in FY98.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

It was intended that the revenue generated for the new SSR account (Section 5) would be sufficient to offset the administrative costs of the Job Investment Act. Some source of revenue, such as amending Section 5, would have to be implemented to cover the \$88,000 negative biennium amount since no other funds are available. Increases in the SSR account causes an equal decrease to the general fund.

DEDICATION OF REVENUE:

- a) Are there persons or entities that benefit from this dedicated revenue that do not pay? (Please explain)
 - No. The Job Investment Action establishes a SSR which would be funded by a portion of interest payment proceeds from loan repayments. The proposed legislation would make loans to assist in the expansion of Montana businesses. The portion of interest payment proceeds dedicated to the SSR which this proposed legislation creates is funded entirely by those businesses receiving loan proceeds. The bill dedicates a portion of the interest revenues received to fund the administration of the program.
- b) What special information or other advantages exist as a result of using a state special revenue fund that could not be obtained if the revenue were allocated to the general fund?
 - By placing a portion of the proceeds of the proposed legislation into a SSR, the public, Montana businesses, and the legislature is assured that the program is enacted and working as intended.
- c) Is the source of revenue relevant to current use of the funds and adequate to fund the program/activity that is intended? X Yes No (if no, explain)
- d) Does the need for this SSR provision still exist? X Yes ____ No (Explain)
 - The proposed bill creates a SSR which is necessary to effectively and efficiently administer the Job Investment Act.
- e) Does the dedicated revenue affect the legislature's ability to scrutinize budgets, control expenditures, or establish priorities for state spending? (Please explain)
 - No. The dedicated revenue portion of this bill does not diminish the legislature's ability to scrutinize budgets, control expenditures, or establish priorities.

(continued)

Fiscal Note Request, <u>SB0038</u>, third reading Page 3 (continued)

- f) Does the dedicated revenue fulfill a continuing, legislatively recognized need? (Please explain)
 - Yes, provided the Legislature continues to mandate economic development and job creation efforts within Montana.
- g) How does the dedicated revenue provision result in accounting/auditing efficiencies or inefficiencies in your agency? (Please explain. Also, if the program/activity were general funded, could you adequately account for the program/activity?)

The dedicated revenue provision, which is required in this proposed legislation, would provide accounting efficiencies within the Department of Commerce. It would allow for the quick and accurate analysis of how effective and efficient the Job Investment Act is operating. Establishment of a SSR would allow one to quickly determine if the Job Investment Act is accomplishing it's mission as intended.

j	SENATE BILL NO. 38
2	INTRODUCED BY BENEDICT
3	BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE JOB INVESTMENT ACT; AUTHORIZING THE

8 AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

STATEMENT OF INTENT

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO ADMINISTER \$8 MILLION OF THE PERMANENT COAL TAX TRUST

FUND FOR LOANS TO BUSINESSES TO CREATE OR RETAIN JOBS; AMENDING SECTION 17-6-308, MCA;

A statement of intent is required for this bill because [section 4 5] gives the department of commerce authority to adopt administrative rules for the administration of the Job Investment Act. The act is intended to provide funding for loans to Montana businesses as part of a financing package to permit business expansion and job creation. The act is intended to expand the current capabilities of the economic development portion of the federal community development block grant program, which is highly effective but satisfies only a small portion of the existing need.

The job investment loans are intended to provide a portion of the financing necessary to permit business expansion and job creation and may be used only in conjunction with equity and other debt financing in cases in which other funding would not satisfy the total need and would not be available without additional financing under the Job Investment Act.

The community development block grant program has also been used to leverage other forms of public and private financing to support job expansion and retention. The approximately \$2.6 million of community development block grant program economic development funding for the current fiscal year amounts to funding for less than one-half of the funding requests received during the first 4 months of the current fiscal year. If annualized, this year's funding experience would result in requests in excess of \$10 million. There is opportunity for significant economic impact from an expansion of the state's investment in projects that create jobs which would not be fully funded from existing sources.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:



1	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 8 9] may be cited as the "Job
2	Investment Act".
3	
4	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Legislative findings purpose. (1) The legislature finds and declares
5	that:
6	(a) it is the policy of the state to foster and encourage economic development within the state in
7	order to promote the general welfare of the people; AND
8	(b) access to capital for the creation, expansion, and retention of qualified businesses, particularly
9	for working capital, is a serious problem that inhibits the growth of businesses, jobs, and tax revenue; and
0	(c) the public sector and the private sector are constrained from satisfying the financial needs o
l 1	state businesses because of federal and state financial regulatory rules and practices.
12	(2) The purpose of [sections 1 through $8 \ 9$] is to create a job investment program that encourages
13	and assists in the creation, development, and financing of businesses whose primary obstacle to expansion
14	or retention of employment is access to the appropriate type and amount of financing. This financial need
15	is particularly acute in areas of the state that are economically depressed, and emphasis should be given
16	to projects that will be located in these areas if the projects meet the requirements of [sections 1 through
17	$8 \ 9$ and rules adopted pursuant to [section $4 \ 5$] and meet acceptable levels of financial risk as determined
18	by the loan review committee.
19	
20	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 8 9], unless the context
21	requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:
22	(1) "Department" means the department of commerce provided for in 2-15-1801.
23	(2) "Loan review committee" means the committee that is established by the department to

30

24

25

26

(3) "Qualified business" means a business enterprise that either is or will be located in the state and that produces goods or provides services that will, as a result of receiving a job investment loan, create

consider economic development loan applications for funding by the federal community development block

grant program and that is responsible for reviewing and approving or denying job investment loans subject

to [sections 1 through $8 \ \underline{9}$] and rules implementing [sections 1 through $8 \ \underline{9}$].

29 jobs for Montana workers.



1	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. LOAN APPLICANT ENDORSEMENT. APPLICANTS FOR JOB
2	INVESTMENT LOANS MUST BE ENDORSED BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES OR LOCAL ECONOMIC
3	DEVELOPMENT CORPORATIONS.
4	
5	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Rulemaking authority. The department shall adopt rules to implement
6	the provisions of [sections 1 through 8 9], including rules:
7	(1) determining the amount of interest and the method of computation and payment of interest
8	charged to recipients of job investment loans and specifying amortization schedules and other terms and
9	conditions for job investment loans as necessary. The rate of interest charged on a loan may not be less
0	than the prevailing market rate.
1	(2) establishing criteria for determining nonperformance and declaring default for a job investment
2	loan;
3	(3) specifying security and collateral requirements that must be met as a condition of receiving a
4	job investment loan;
15	(4) encouraging financial institutions to participate to the greatest extent possible in the financing
6	of job investment projects;
7	(5) requiring at least 50% of project funding to some from equity or debt sources other than a job
8	investment lean; and THAT THE PERCENTAGE OF PROJECT FUNDING THAT MUST COME FROM
9	SOURCES OTHER THAN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN BE A MINIMUM OF 50% WHEN A JOB INVESTMENT
20	LOAN DOES NOT EXCEED \$100,000 AND 67% FOR A MAXIMUM JOB INVESTMENT LOAN OF \$500,000.
21	LOAN PARTICIPATION FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN MUST BE IN
22	INCREASING INCREMENTS OF .0425% OVER THE MINIMUM 50% FOR EVERY \$1,000 OF A JOB
23	INVESTMENT LOAN IN EXCESS OF \$100,000, AND THE FUNDS FROM OTHER SOURCES MUST INCLUDE
24	A LOAN FROM A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.
25	(6) ESTABLISHING APPROPRIATE LOAN LOSS RESERVES; AND
26	(6)(7) providing for an application process and a loan review process.
27	
28	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Job investment administrative account. There is a job investment
29	administrative account in the state special revenue fund. The department shall deposit all loan origination



fees, all service charges, and up to $\frac{2\%}{20\%}$ of interest payments on job investment loans into the account.

1	Money in the account must be used to pay the costs of administering [sections 1 through 8 9], including
2	personnel costs, operating costs, and administrative costs.
3	
4	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Loan review committee conflict of interest servicing of loans. (1)
5	The department shall establish a loan review committee to administer [sections 1 through 8 9]. The
6	committee shall accept and review loan applications pursuant to rules adopted by the department. The
7	committee shall approve or disapprove loans. A loan may not exceed \$500,000.
8	(2) A member of the department or the loan review committee who has a financial interest in a
9	business that submits a job investment loan application shall disclose the interest and abstain from any
10	involvement in the application, due diligence, and approval processes.
11	(3) The department may SHALL contract for the servicing of loans.
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Legislative oversight. The department shall report to the revenue
14	oversight committee annually on the performance of the job investment program. The report to the
15	committee must include:
16	(1) a summary of all loans made during the year;
17	(2) an analysis of job creation goals and performance;
18	(3) a summary of loan terms and conditions;
19	(4) a summary of funds leveraged with job investment loans; and
20	(5) an analysis of the job investment portfolio performance including calculations for returns on
21	investments.
22	
23	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Grants, gifts, and donations. The department may accept grants, gifts,
24	and donations for purposes of [sections 1 through $8 \ 9$]. The department may expend the funds pursuant
25	to laws and conditions governing the funds.
26	
27	Section 10. Section 17-6-308, MCA, is amended to read:
28	"17-6-308. Authorized investments. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) through
29	(4) and subject to the provisions of 17-6-201, the Montana permanent coal tax trust fund must be invested
30	as authorized by rules adopted by the board.

- 4 -



SB 38

(2) The board may make loans from the permanent coal tax trust fund to the capital reserve
account created pursuant to 17-5-1515 to establish balances or restore deficiencies in the account. The
board may agree in connection with the issuance of bonds or notes secured by the account or fund to make
the loans. Loans must be on terms and conditions as determined by the board determines and must be
repaid from revenues of the board revenue realized from the exercise of its the board's powers under
17-5-1501 through 17-5-1518 and 17-5-1521 through 17-5-1529, subject to the prior pledge of the
revenues revenue to the bonds and notes.

- (3) The board shall allow the Montana board of science and technology development, provided for in 2-15-1818, to administer \$15.5 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for seed capital project loans and \$8.1 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for research and development project loans pursuant only to the provisions of Title 90, chapter 3. This authority does not extend beyond June 30, 1997, for seed capital project loans and beyond June 30, 1995, for research and development project loans. Until the Montana board of science and technology development makes a loan pursuant to the provisions of Title 90, chapter 3, the funds under its administration must be invested by the board of investments pursuant to the provisions of 17-6-201.
- (4) The board shall allow the department of commerce to administer \$8 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for job investment loans pursuant to [sections 1 through 8 9]. As loans are repaid, the department of commerce may reinvest the principal in new loans. Until a loan is made, the board shall invest the funds pursuant to 17-6-201.
- (4)(5) The board shall adopt rules to allow a nonprofit corporation to apply for economic assistance. The rules must recognize that different criteria may be needed for nonprofit corporations than for for-profit corporations."

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 11. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through $\$ \ \underline{9}$] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 6, apply to [sections 1 through $\$ \ \underline{9}$].

NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.

29 -END-



1	SENATE BILL NO. 38
2	INTRODUCED BY BENEDICT
3	BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE JOB INVESTMENT ACT; AUTHORIZING THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO ADMINISTER \$8 MILLION OF THE PERMANENT COAL TAX TRUST FUND FOR LOANS TO BUSINESSES TO CREATE OR RETAIN JOBS; AMENDING SECTION 17-6-308, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because [section 4 5] gives the department of commerce authority to adopt administrative rules for the administration of the Job Investment Act. The act is intended to provide funding for loans to Montana businesses as part of a financing package to permit business expansion and job creation. The act is intended to expand the current capabilities of the economic development portion of the federal community development block grant program, which is highly effective but satisfies only a small portion of the existing need.

The job investment loans are intended to provide a portion of the financing necessary to permit business expansion and job creation and may be used only in conjunction with equity and other debt financing in cases in which other funding would not satisfy the total need and would not be available without additional financing under the Job Investment Act.

The community development block grant program has also been used to leverage other forms of public and private financing to support job expansion and retention. The approximately \$2.6 million of community development block grant program economic development funding for the current fiscal year amounts to funding for less than one-half of the funding requests received during the first 4 months of the current fiscal year. If annualized, this year's funding experience would result in requests in excess of \$10 million. There is opportunity for significant economic impact from an expansion of the state's investment in projects that create jobs which would not be fully funded from existing sources.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

29



1	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. (Sections 1 through 8 9) may be cited as the "Job
2	Investment Act".
3	
4	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Legislative findings purpose. (1) The legislature finds and declares
5	that:
6	(a) it is the policy of the state to foster and encourage economic development within the state in
7	order to promote the general welfare of the people; AND
8	(b) access to capital for the creation, expansion, and retention of qualified businesses, particularly
9	for working capital, is a serious problem that inhibits the growth of businesses, jobs, and tax revenue; and
10	(e) the public sector and the private sector are constrained from satisfying the financial needs of
11	state businesses because of federal and state financial regulatory rules and practices.
12	(2) The purpose of [sections 1 through 8 9] is to create a job investment program that encourages
13	and assists in the creation, development, and financing of businesses whose primary obstacle to expansion
14	or retention of employment is access to the appropriate type and amount of financing. This financial need
15	is particularly acute in areas of the state that are economically depressed, and emphasis should be given
16	to projects that will be located in these areas if the projects meet the requirements of [sections 1 through
17	8 $\underline{9}$] and rules adopted pursuant to [section 4 $\underline{5}$] and meet acceptable levels of financial risk as determined
18	by the loan review committee.
19	
20	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 8 9], unless the context
21	requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:

- 22
- 23 24 consider economic development loan applications for funding by the federal community development block
- 25 26

- 28 29
- grant program and that is responsible for reviewing and approving or denying job investment loans subject to [sections 1 through $8 \ \underline{9}$] and rules implementing [sections 1 through $8 \ \underline{9}$]. (3) "Qualified business" means a business enterprise that either is or will be located in the state and that produces goods or provides services that will, as a result of receiving a job investment loan, create

(2) "Loan review committee" means the committee that is established by the department to

(1) "Department" means the department of commerce provided for in 2-15-1801.

30

jobs for Montana workers.

1	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. LOAN APPLICANT ENDORSEMENT. APPLICANTS FOR JOS
2	INVESTMENT LOANS MUST BE ENDORSED BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES OR LOCAL ECONOMIC
3	DEVELOPMENT CORPORATIONS.
4	
5	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Rulemaking authority. The department shall adopt rules to implement
6	the provisions of [sections 1 through $8 \ \underline{9}$], including rules:
7	(1) determining the amount of interest and the method of computation and payment of interes
8	charged to recipients of job investment loans and specifying amortization schedules and other terms and
9	conditions for job investment loans as necessary. The rate of interest charged on a loan may not be less
0	than the prevailing market rate.
1	(2) establishing criteria for determining nonperformance and declaring default for a job investmen
2	loan;
3	(3) specifying security and collateral requirements that must be met as a condition of receiving a
4	job investment loan;
5	(4) encouraging financial institutions to participate to the greatest extent possible in the financing
6	of job investment projects;
7	(5) requiring at least 50% of project funding to some from equity or debt sources other than a job
8	investment loan; and THAT THE PERCENTAGE OF PROJECT FUNDING THAT MUST COME FROM
9	SOURCES OTHER THAN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN BE A MINIMUM OF 50% WHEN A JOB INVESTMENT
20	LOAN DOES NOT EXCEED \$100,000 AND 67% FOR A MAXIMUM JOB INVESTMENT LOAN OF \$500,000
21	LOAN PARTICIPATION FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN MUST BE IN
22	INCREASING INCREMENTS OF .0425% OVER THE MINIMUM 50% FOR EVERY \$1,000 OF A JOB
23	INVESTMENT LOAN IN EXCESS OF \$100,000, AND THE FUNDS FROM OTHER SOURCES MUST INCLUDE
4	A LOAN FROM A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.
25	(6) ESTABLISHING APPROPRIATE LOAN LOSS RESERVES; AND
26	(6)(7) providing for an application process and a loan review process.
27	
8	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Job investment administrative account. There is a job investmen
Pa	administrative account in the state special revenue fund. The department shall deposit all loan origination



fees, all service charges, and up to $\frac{2\%}{20\%}$ of interest payments on job investment loans into the account.

1	Money in the account must be used to pay the costs of administering [sections 1 through 8 9], including
2	personnel costs, operating costs, and administrative costs.
3	
4	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Loan review committee conflict of interest servicing of loans. (1)
5	The department shall establish a loan review committee to administer [sections 1 through 8 9]. The
6	committee shall accept and review loan applications pursuant to rules adopted by the department. The
7	committee shall approve or disapprove loans. A loan may not exceed \$500,000.
8	(2) A member of the department or the loan review committee who has a financial interest in a
9	business that submits a job investment loan application shall disclose the interest and abstain from any
10	involvement in the application, due diligence, and approval processes.
11	(3) The department may SHALL contract for the servicing of loans.
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Legislative oversight. The department shall report to the revenue
14	oversight committee annually on the performance of the job investment program. The report to the
15	committee must include:
16	(1) a summary of all loans made during the year;
17	(2) an analysis of job creation goals and performance;
18	(3) a summary of loan terms and conditions;
19	(4) a summary of funds leveraged with job investment loans; and
20	(5) an analysis of the job investment portfolio performance including calculations for returns on
21	investments.
22	
23	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Grants, gifts, and donations. The department may accept grants, gifts,
24	and donations for purposes of [sections 1 through 8 9]. The department may expend the funds pursuant
25	to laws and conditions governing the funds.
26	
27	Section 10. Section 17-6-308, MCA, is amended to read:
28	"17-6-308. Authorized investments. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) through
29	(4) and subject to the provisions of 17-6-201, the Montana permanent coal tax trust fund must be invested



as authorized by rules adopted by the board.

30

1	(2) The board may make loans from the permanent coal tax trust fund to the capital reserve
2	account created pursuant to 17-5-1515 to establish balances or restore deficiencies in the account. The
3	board may agree in connection with the issuance of bonds or notes secured by the account or fund to make
4	the loans. Loans must be on terms and conditions as determined by the board determines and must be
5	repaid from revenues of the board revenue realized from the exercise of its the board's powers under
6	17-5-1501 through 17-5-1518 and 17-5-1521 through 17-5-1529, subject to the prior pledge of the
7	revenues revenue to the bonds and notes.
8	(3) The board shall allow the Montana board of science and technology development, provided for
9	in 2-15-1818, to administer \$15.5 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for seed capital project loans
10	and \$8.1 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for research and development project loans pursuant

in 2-15-1818, to administer \$15.5 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for seed capital project loans and \$8.1 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for research and development project loans pursuant only to the provisions of Title 90, chapter 3. This authority does not extend beyond June 30, 1997, for seed capital project loans and beyond June 30, 1995, for research and development project loans. Until the Montana board of science and technology development makes a loan pursuant to the provisions of Title 90, chapter 3, the funds under its administration must be invested by the board of investments pursuant to the provisions of 17-6-201.

(4) The board shall allow the department of commerce to administer \$8 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for job investment loans pursuant to [sections 1 through 8 9]. As loans are repaid, the department of commerce may reinvest the principal in new loans. Until a loan is made, the board shall invest the funds pursuant to 17-6-201.

(4)(5) The board shall adopt rules to allow a nonprofit corporation to apply for economic assistance. The rules must recognize that different criteria may be needed for nonprofit corporations than for for-profit corporations."

24 NEW SE

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 11. Codification instruction.** [Sections 1 through 8 9] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 6, apply to [sections 1 through 8 9].

NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.

-END-





HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

March 7, 1995

Page 1 of 2

Mr. Speaker: We, the committee on Business and Labor report that Senate Bill 38 (third reading copy -- blue) be concurred in as amended.

Carried by: Rep. Simon

And, that such amendments read:

1. Title, line 7. Strike: "OR" Insert: "AND"

2. Page 1, line 14. Following: "expansion" Strike: "and"

Insert: ","

Following: "creation"

Insert: ", and job retention"

3. Page 1, line 18. Following: "expansion" Strike: "and"

Insert: ","

Following: "creation"

Insert: ", and job retention"

4. Page 1, line 27. Following: "create"

SB 38

HOUSE

Insert: "and retain"

5. Page 3, lines 18 through 24. Following: "and" on line 18

Strike: the remainder of subsection (5)

Insert: "that the job investment loan may not exceed the funding provided by private lenders and that at least one private lender must be a financial institution. The department shall secure the most favorable collateral position possible on any job investment loan."

6. Page 3, line 26.

Following: "review process"

Insert: "that:

- (a) incorporate the funding criteria adopted by the department to implement the federal community development block grant program pursuant to 90-1-103(5);
- (b) minimize the amount of Job Investment Act funds required; and
- (c) require financial institution review and contingent approval of the project before Job Investment Act funds are committed"
- 7. Page 3, lines 29 and 30. Following: "deposit" on line 29 Strike: the remainder of line 29 through "and" on line 30

8. Page 4, line 8. Following: "(2)"

Strike: "A"
Insert: "If a"
Following: "of"

Strike: "department or the loan review"

Following: "committee"

Strike: "who"

9. Page 4, lines 9 and 10. Following: "application"

Strike: the remainder of line 9 through "processes" on line 10

Insert: ", then the application must be denied"



HOUSE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT

Senate Bill 38 Representative Royal Johnson

March 9, 1995 1:24 pm Page 1 of 1

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend Senate Bill 38 (third reading copy, -- blue).

Signed:

Representative Royal Johnson

And, that such amendments to Senate Bill 38 read as follows:

1. The House Standing Committee Report amendment no. 5 is amended as follows:

The last sentence of the inserted material is amended to read:

"The department shall secure the most favorable same collateral position possible on any as the financial institution participating in the job investment loan."

-END-

(ADOPT) 81-16

SB 38

HOUSE

REJECT 551323CW.Hbk



HOUSE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT

Senate Bill 38 Representative Royal Johnson

March 9, 1995 1:25 pm Page 1 of 1

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend Senate Bill 38 (third reading copy?) blue).

Signed:

Representative Royal Johnson

And, that such amendments to Senate Bill 38 read as follows:

1. Title, line 6.

Strike: "\$8" Insert: "\$4"

2. Page 5, line 9.

Strike: "\$15.5" Insert: "\$11.5"

3. Page 5, line 16.

Strike: "<u>\$8</u>" Insert: "\$4"

-END-

SB 38

HOUSE

ADOPT 74-23

(2)

1	SENATE BILL NO. 38
2	INTRODUCED BY BENEDICT
3	BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE JOB INVESTMENT ACT; AUTHORIZING THE
6	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO ADMINISTER \$8 \$4 MILLION OF THE PERMANENT COAL TAX TRUST
7	FUND FOR LOANS TO BUSINESSES TO CREATE OR AND RETAIN JOBS; AMENDING SECTION 17-6-308,
8	MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
9	
10	STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because [section 4 5] gives the department of commerce authority to adopt administrative rules for the administration of the Job Investment Act. The act is intended to provide funding for loans to Montana businesses as part of a financing package to permit business expansion and, job creation, AND JOB RETENTION. The act is intended to expand the current capabilities of the economic development portion of the federal community development block grant

program, which is highly effective but satisfies only a small portion of the existing need.

The job investment loans are intended to provide a portion of the financing necessary to permit business expansion and, job creation, AND JOB RETENTION and may be used only in conjunction with equity and other debt financing in cases in which other funding would not satisfy the total need and would not be available without additional financing under the Job Investment Act.

The community development block grant program has also been used to leverage other forms of public and private financing to support job expansion and retention. The approximately \$2.6 million of community development block grant program economic development funding for the current fiscal year amounts to funding for less than one-half of the funding requests received during the first 4 months of the current fiscal year. If annualized, this year's funding experience would result in requests in excess of \$10 million. There is opportunity for significant economic impact from an expansion of the state's investment in projects that create <u>AND RETAIN</u> jobs which would not be fully funded from existing sources.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:



54th Legislature SB0038.03

NEW SECTION.	Section 1. Short title.	[Sections 1	through {	3 9]	may	be (cited	as	the	"Job
Investment Act".										

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Legislative findings -- purpose. (1) The legislature finds and declares that:

- (a) it is the policy of the state to foster and encourage economic development within the state in order to promote the general welfare of the people; AND
- (b) access to capital for the creation, expansion, and retention of qualified businesses, particularly for working capital, is a serious problem that inhibits the growth of businesses, jobs, and tax revenue; and
- (c) the public sector and the private sector-are constrained from satisfying the financial needs of state businesses because of federal and state financial regulatory rules and practices.
- (2) The purpose of [sections 1 through 8 9] is to create a job investment program that encourages and assists in the creation, development, and financing of businesses whose primary obstacle to expansion or retention of employment is access to the appropriate type and amount of financing. This financial need is particularly acute in areas of the state that are economically depressed, and emphasis should be given to projects that will be located in these areas if the projects meet the requirements of [sections 1 through 8 9] and rules adopted pursuant to [section 4 5] and meet acceptable levels of financial risk as determined by the loan review committee.

- NEW SECTION. Section 3. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 8 9], unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:
 - (1) "Department" means the department of commerce provided for in 2-15-1801.
- (2) "Loan review committee" means the committee that is established by the department to consider economic development loan applications for funding by the federal community development block grant program and that is responsible for reviewing and approving or denying job investment loans subject to [sections 1 through $8 \ \underline{9}$] and rules implementing [sections 1 through $8 \ \underline{9}$].
- (3) "Qualified business" means a business enterprise that either is or will be located in the state and that produces goods or provides services that will, as a result of receiving a job investment loan, create jobs for Montana workers.



NEW SECTION	N. SECTION 4.	LOAN	APPLICANT	ENDORSEM	ENT.	APPLICANTS	FOR	JOB
INVESTMENT LOANS	MUST BE ENDO	RSED B	Y LOCAL GO	VERNMENT E	ENTITIES	OR LOCAL	ECONO	MIC
DEVELOPMENT CORPO	ORATIONS.							

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Rulemaking authority. The department shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of [sections 1 through 8 9], including rules:

- (1) determining the amount of interest and the method of computation and payment of interest charged to recipients of job investment loans and specifying amortization schedules and other terms and conditions for job investment loans as necessary. The rate of interest charged on a loan may not be less than the prevailing market rate.
- (2) establishing criteria for determining nonperformance and declaring default for a job investment loan;
- (3) specifying security and collateral requirements that must be met as a condition of receiving a job investment loan;
- (4) encouraging financial institutions to participate to the greatest extent possible in the financing of job investment projects;
- (5) requiring at least 50% of project funding to come from equity or debt sources other than a job investment loan; and THAT THE PERCENTAGE OF PROJECT FUNDING THAT MUST COME FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN BE A MINIMUM OF 50% WHEN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN DOES NOT EXCEED \$100,000 AND 67% FOR A MAXIMUM JOB INVESTMENT LOAN OF \$500,000. LOAN PARTICIPATION FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN MUST BE IN INCREASING INCREMENTS OF .0425% OVER THE MINIMUM 50% FOR EVERY \$1,000 OF A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN IN EXCESS OF \$100,000, AND THE FUNDS FROM OTHER SOURCES MUST INCLUDE A LOAN FROM A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION. THAT THE JOB INVESTMENT LOAN MAY NOT EXCEED THE FUNDING PROVIDED BY PRIVATE LENDERS AND THAT AT LEAST ONE PRIVATE LENDER MUST BE A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL SECURE THE MOST FAVORABLE COLLATERAL POSITION POSSIBLE ON ANY JOB INVESTMENT LOAN: THE DEPARTMENT SHALL SECURE THE SAME COLLATERAL POSITION AS THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION PARTICIPATING IN THE JOB INVESTMENT LOAN.
 - (6) establishing appropriate loan loss reserves; and



1	$\frac{(6)(7)}{(6)}$ providing for an application process and a loan review process THAT:
2	(A) INCORPORATE THE FUNDING CRITERIA ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT TO IMPLEMENT THE
3	FEDERAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM PURSUANT TO 90-1-103(5);
4	(B) MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF JOB INVESTMENT ACT FUNDS REQUIRED; AND
5	(C) REQUIRE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION REVIEW AND CONTINGENT APPROVAL OF THE PROJECT
6	BEFORE JOB INVESTMENT ACT FUNDS ARE COMMITTED.
7	
8	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Job investment administrative account. There is a job investment
9	administrative account in the state special revenue fund. The department shall deposit all loan origination
10	fees, all service charges, and up to $\frac{2\%}{20\%}$ of interest payments on job investment loans into the account.
11	Money in the account must be used to pay the costs of administering [sections 1 through 8 9], including
12	personnel costs, operating costs, and administrative costs.
13	
14	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Loan review committee conflict of interest servicing of loans. (1)
15	The department shall establish a loan review committee to administer [sections 1 through 8 9]. The
16	committee shall accept and review loan applications pursuant to rules adopted by the department. The
17	committee shall approve or disapprove loans. A loan may not exceed \$500,000.
18	(2) A IF A member of the department or the loan review committee who has a financial interest
19	in a business that submits a job investment loan application shall disclose the interest and abstain from any
20	involvement in the application, due diligence, and approval processes, THEN THE APPLICATION MUST BE
21	<u>DENIED</u> .
22	(3) The department may SHALL contract for the servicing of loans.
23	
24	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Legislative oversight. The department shall report to the revenue
25	oversight committee annually on the performance of the job investment program. The report to the
26	committee must include:
27	(1) a summary of all loans made during the year;
28	(2) an analysis of job creation goals and performance;
29	(3) a summary of loan terms and conditions;
30	(4) a summary of funds leveraged with job investment loans; and



(5) an analysis of the job investment portfolio performance including calculations for returns on investments.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 9. Grants, gifts, and donations. The department may accept grants, gifts, and donations for purposes of [sections 1 through $\S 9$]. The department may expend the funds pursuant to laws and conditions governing the funds.

Section 10. Section 17-6-308, MCA, is amended to read:

"17-6-308. Authorized investments. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) through (4) and subject to the provisions of 17-6-201, the Montana permanent coal tax trust fund must be invested as authorized by rules adopted by the board.

- (2) The board may make loans from the permanent coal tax trust fund to the capital reserve account created pursuant to 17-5-1515 to establish balances or restore deficiencies in the account. The board may agree in connection with the issuance of bonds or notes secured by the account or fund to make the loans. Loans must be on terms and conditions as determined by the board determines and must be repaid from revenues of the board revenue realized from the exercise of its the board's powers under 17-5-1501 through 17-5-1518 and 17-5-1521 through 17-5-1529, subject to the prior pledge of the revenues revenue to the bonds and notes.
- (3) The board shall allow the Montana board of science and technology development, provided for in 2-15-1818, to administer \$15.5 \$11.5 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for seed capital project loans and \$8.1 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for research and development project loans pursuant only to the provisions of Title 90, chapter 3. This authority does not extend beyond June 30, 1997, for seed capital project loans and beyond June 30, 1995, for research and development project loans. Until the Montana board of science and technology development makes a loan pursuant to the provisions of Title 90, chapter 3, the funds under its administration must be invested by the board of investments pursuant to the provisions of 17-6-201.
- (4) The board shall allow the department of commerce to administer \$8 \$4 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for job investment loans pursuant to [sections 1 through 8 9]. As loans are repaid, the department of commerce may reinvest the principal in new loans. Until a loan is made, the board shall invest the funds pursuant to 17-6-201.



1	(4)(5) The board shall adopt rules to allow a nonprofit corporation to apply for economic assistance
2	The rules must recognize that different criteria may be needed for nonprofit corporations than for for-profit
3	corporations."
4	
5	NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through & 9] are intended to be
6 .	codified as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 6, apply to
7	[sections 1 through 8 9].
8	
9	NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
10	-END-

Conference Committee on SB 38 Report No. 1, March 22, 1995

Page 1 of 1

Mr. President and Mr. Speaker:

We, your Conference Committee on SB 38, met and considered: House floor amendments to third reading copy (blue)

We recommend that SB 38 (reference copy - salmon) be amended as follows:

1. Title, line 6.

Strike: "\$4" Insert: "\$8"

2. Page 3, line 27.

Strike: "SAME"

Insert: "most favorable"

3. Page 3, line 28.

Strike: "AS THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION PARTICIPATING IN THE"

Insert: "possible on any"

4. Page 5, line 20.

Strike: "\$11.5" Insert: "\$15.5"

5. Page 5, line 27.

Strike: "\$4" Insert: "\$8"

And that this Conference Committee report be adopted.

For the Senate:

Benedict

Chair

Hert/el

Lynch

Coord.

For the House:

Simon

Chai

of

ADOPT

REJECT

CCR#1 SB 38

Free Conference Committee on SB 38 Report No.1, April 10, 1995

Page 1 of 1

Mr. President and Mr. Speaker:

We, your Free Conference Committee on SB 38, met and considered:

SB 38 in its entirety

We recommend that SB 38 (reference copy - salmon) be amended as follows:

1. Page 3, line 27.

Strike: "SAME"

Insert: "most favorable"

2. Page 3, line 28.

Strike: "AS THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION PARTICIPATING IN THE"

Insert: "possible on any"

And that this Free Conference Committee report be adopted.

For the Senate:

Benedicte

Chair

Coord.

Sec. of Senate

For the Mouse:

Kadas

ADOPT

REJECT

Free Conference Committee on SB 38 Report No. 7, April 12, 1995

Page 1 of 3

Mr. President and Mr. Speaker:

We, your Free Conference Committee on SB 38, met and considered:

SB 38 in its entirety

We recommend that SB 38 (reference copy - salmon) be amended further as follows:

1. Title, line 6.

Strike: "<u>\$4</u> MILLION" Insert: "A PORTION"

2. Title, line 7.

Following: ";"

Insert: "REVISING THE ADMINISTRATION OF PERMANENT COAL TAX TRUST FUNDS FOR SEED CAPITAL AND RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS;"

3. Title, line 8.

Following: "AN"

Insert: "IMMEDIATE"

4. Page 2.

Following: line 21

Insert: "(1) "Board" means the Montana board of science and technology development provided for in 2-15-1818."

Renumber: subsequent subsections

5. Page 2, line 25.

Strike: "approving or denying"

Insert: "recommending to the board the approval or denial of"

6. Page 3, line 27.

Strike: "DEPARTMENT"

Insert: "board"

Strike: "SAME"

Insert: "most favorable"

7. Page 3, line 28.

Strike: "AS THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION PARTICIPATING IN THE"

Insert: "possible on any"

ADOPT

REJECT

SB 38 FCCR#2 841355CC.SRF

8. Page 4, line 17. Strike: "approve or disapprove loans" Insert: "recommend to the board the approval or disapproval of loans" 9. Page 5, lines 9 and 10. Following: "(3)" on line 9 Strike: remainder of line 9 through "(4)" on line 10 Insert: "and (3)" 10. Page 5, line 20. Strike: "\$11.5" Insert: "\$12.5" 11. Page 5, line 21. Following: "loans" Insert: "or mezzanine financing loans" Strike: "\$8.1" Insert: "\$11.1" 12. Page 5, line 22. Strike: "loans" through "3" Insert: "matching funds for projects at Montana public universities" 13. Page 5, lines 23 and 24. Strike: "1995" Insert: "1997" Following: "development" on line 23 Strike: remainder of line 23 through "loans" on line 24 Insert: "projects" 14. Page 5, line 26. Following: "." Insert: "As seed capital and mezzanine financing loans made pursuant to this subsection are repaid, the Montana board of science and technology development may reinvest the principal in new loans." 15. Page 5, lines 27 through 30.

And that this Free Conference Committee report be adopted.

Strike: subsection (4) in its entirety

Renumber: subsequent subsection

Insert: "on passage and approval"

16. Page 6, line 9. Strike: "July 1, 1995"

For the Senate:

Chair

Chair

Amd. Coord.

Sec of Sens

For the House:

hair

Kulan

1	SENATE BILL NO. 38
2	INTRODUCED BY BENEDICT
3	BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE JOB INVESTMENT ACT; AUTHORIZING THE
6	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO ADMINISTER \$8 \$4 MILLION A PORTION OF THE PERMANENT COAL
7	TAX TRUST FUND FOR LOANS TO BUSINESSES TO CREATE OR AND RETAIN JOBS; REVISING THE
8	ADMINISTRATION OF PERMANENT COAL TAX TRUST FUNDS FOR SEED CAPITAL AND RESEARCH AND
9	DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS; AMENDING SECTION 17-6-308, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE
10	EFFECTIVE DATE."
11	
12	STATEMENT OF INTENT
13	A statement of intent is required for this bill because [section 4 5] gives the department of
14	commerce authority to adopt administrative rules for the administration of the Job Investment Act. The
15	act is intended to provide funding for loans to Montana businesses as part of a financing package to permit
16	business expansion and, job creation, AND JOB RETENTION. The act is intended to expand the current
17	capabilities of the economic development portion of the federal community development block grant
18	program, which is highly effective but satisfies only a small portion of the existing need.
19	The job investment loans are intended to provide a portion of the financing necessary to permit
20	business expansion and, job creation, AND JOB RETENTION and may be used only in conjunction with

The job investment loans are intended to provide a portion of the financing necessary to permit business expansion and, job creation, AND JOB RETENTION and may be used only in conjunction with equity and other debt financing in cases in which other funding would not satisfy the total need and would not be available without additional financing under the Job Investment Act.

The community development block grant program has also been used to leverage other forms of public and private financing to support job expansion and retention. The approximately \$2.6 million of community development block grant program economic development funding for the current fiscal year amounts to funding for less than one-half of the funding requests received during the first 4 months of the current fiscal year. If annualized, this year's funding experience would result in requests in excess of \$10 million. There is opportunity for significant economic impact from an expansion of the state's investment in projects that create <u>AND RETAIN</u> jobs which would not be fully funded from existing sources.

30

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
2	
3	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 8 9] may be cited as the "Job
4	Investment Act".
5	
6	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Legislative findings purpose. (1) The legislature finds and declares
7	that:
8	(a) it is the policy of the state to foster and encourage economic development within the state in
9	order to promote the general welfare of the people; AND
10	(b) access to capital for the creation, expansion, and retention of qualified businesses, particularly
11	for working capital, is a serious problem that inhibits the growth of businesses, jobs, and tax revenue; and
12	(e) the public sector and the private sector are constrained from satisfying the financial needs of
13	state businesses because of federal and state financial regulatory rules and practices.
14	(2) The purpose of [sections 1 through 8 $\underline{9}$] is to create a job investment program that encourages
15	and assists in the creation, development, and financing of businesses whose primary obstacle to expansion
16	or retention of employment is access to the appropriate type and amount of financing. This financial need
17	is particularly acute in areas of the state that are economically depressed, and emphasis should be given
18	to projects that will be located in these areas if the projects meet the requirements of [sections 1 through
19	8 $\underline{9}$] and rules adopted pursuant to [section 4 $\underline{5}$] and meet acceptable levels of financial risk as determined
20	by the loan review committee.
21	
22	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 8 9], unless the context
23	requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:
24	(1) "BOARD" MEANS THE MONTANA BOARD OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT
25	PROVIDED FOR IN 2-15-1818.
26	(1)(2) "Department" means the department of commerce provided for in 2-15-1801.
27	(2)(3) "Loan review committee" means the committee that is established by the department to
28	consider economic development loan applications for funding by the federal community development block
29	grant program and that is responsible for reviewing and approving or denying RECOMMENDING TO THE



BOARD THE APPROVAL OR DENIAL OF job investment loans subject to [sections 1 through 8 9] and rules

implementing	feactione	1 through Q C	1
midienienina	isections	i unrouun o s	71.

(3)(4) "Qualified business" means a business enterprise that either is or will be located in the state and that produces goods or provides services that will, as a result of receiving a job investment loan, create jobs for Montana workers.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. LOAN APPLICANT ENDORSEMENT. APPLICANTS FOR JOB INVESTMENT LOANS MUST BE ENDORSED BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES OR LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATIONS.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Rulemaking authority. The department shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of [sections 1 through 8 9], including rules:

- (1) determining the amount of interest and the method of computation and payment of interest charged to recipients of job investment loans and specifying amortization schedules and other terms and conditions for job investment loans as necessary. The rate of interest charged on a loan may not be less than the prevailing market rate.
- (2) establishing criteria for determining nonperformance and declaring default for a job investment loan;
- (3) specifying security and collateral requirements that must be met as a condition of receiving a job investment loan;
- (4) encouraging financial institutions to participate to the greatest extent possible in the financing of job investment projects;
- (5) requiring at least 50% of project funding to come from equity or debt sources other than a job investment loan; and THAT THE PERCENTAGE OF PROJECT FUNDING THAT MUST COME FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN BE A MINIMUM OF 50% WHEN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN DOES NOT EXCEED \$100,000 AND 67% FOR A MAXIMUM JOB INVESTMENT LOAN OF \$500,000. LOAN PARTICIPATION FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN MUST BE IN INCREASING INCREMENTS OF .0425% OVER THE MINIMUM 50% FOR EVERY \$1,000 OF A JOB INVESTMENT LOAN IN EXCESS OF \$100,000, AND THE FUNDS FROM OTHER SOURCES MUST INCLUDE A LOAN FROM A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION. THAT THE JOB INVESTMENT LOAN MAY NOT EXCEED THE FUNDING PROVIDED BY PRIVATE LENDERS AND THAT AT LEAST ONE PRIVATE LENDER MUST BE A



1	FINANCIAL INSTITUTION. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL SECURE THE MOST FAVORABLE COLLATERAL
2	POSITION POSSIBLE ON ANY JOB INVESTMENT LOAN. THE DEPARTMENT BOARD SHALL SECURE THE
3	SAME MOST FAVORABLE COLLATERAL POSITION AS THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION PARTICIPATING IN
4	THE POSSIBLE ON ANY JOB INVESTMENT LOAN.
5	(6) establishing appropriate loan loss reserves; and
6	(6)(7) providing for an application process and a loan review process THAT:
7	(A) INCORPORATE THE FUNDING CRITERIA ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT TO IMPLEMENT THE
8	FEDERAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM PURSUANT TO 90-1-103(5);
9	(B) MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF JOB INVESTMENT ACT FUNDS REQUIRED; AND
10	(C) REQUIRE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION REVIEW AND CONTINGENT APPROVAL OF THE PROJECT
11	BEFORE JOB INVESTMENT ACT FUNDS ARE COMMITTED.
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Job investment administrative account. There is a job investment
14	administrative account in the state special revenue fund. The department shall deposit all loan origination
15.	fees, all service charges, and up to $\frac{2\%}{20\%}$ of interest payments on job investment loans into the account.
16	Money in the account must be used to pay the costs of administering [sections 1 through 8 9], including
17	personnel costs, operating costs, and administrative costs.
18	
19	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Loan review committee conflict of interest servicing of loans. (1)
20	The department shall establish a loan review committee to administer [sections 1 through 8 9]. The
21	committee shall accept and review loan applications pursuant to rules adopted by the department. The
22	committee shall approve or disapprove leans RECOMMEND TO THE BOARD THE APPROVAL OR
23	DISAPPROVAL OF LOANS. A loan may not exceed \$500,000.
24	(2) A IF A member of the department or the loan review committee who has a financial interest
25	in a business that submits a job investment loan application shall disclose the interest and abstain from any
26	involvement in the application, due diligence, and approval processes, THEN THE APPLICATION MUST BE
27	<u>DENIED</u> .
28	(3) The department may SHALL contract for the servicing of loans.
29	
30	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Legislative oversight. The department shall report to the revenue



oversight committee annually	on the	performance	of the	job investment program.	The report	to the
committee must include:						

- (1) a summary of all loans made during the year;
- (2) an analysis of job creation goals and performance;
 - (3) a summary of loan terms and conditions;
 - (4) a summary of funds leveraged with job investment loans; and
- (5) an analysis of the job investment portfolio performance including calculations for returns on investments.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 9. Grants, gifts, and donations. The department may accept grants, gifts, and donations for purposes of [sections 1 through 8 9]. The department may expend the funds pursuant to laws and conditions governing the funds.

Section 10. Section 17-6-308, MCA, is amended to read:

- "17-6-308. Authorized investments. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) through (4) AND (3) and subject to the provisions of 17-6-201, the Montana permanent coal tax trust fund must be invested as authorized by rules adopted by the board.
- (2) The board may make loans from the permanent coal tax trust fund to the capital reserve account created pursuant to 17-5-1515 to establish balances or restore deficiencies in the account. The board may agree in connection with the issuance of bonds or notes secured by the account or fund to make the loans. Loans must be on terms and conditions as <u>determined</u> by the board <u>determines</u> and must be repaid from <u>revenues of the board revenue</u> realized from the exercise of <u>its the board's</u> powers under 17-5-1501 through 17-5-1518 and 17-5-1521 through 17-5-1529, subject to the prior pledge of the <u>revenues revenue</u> to the bonds and notes.
- (3) The board shall allow the Montana board of science and technology development, provided for in 2-15-1818, to administer \$15.5 \$11.5 \$12.5 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for seed capital project loans OR MEZZANINE FINANCING LOANS and \$8.1 \$11.1 million of the permanent coal tax trust fund for research and development project loans pursuant only to the provisions of Title 90, chapter 3 MATCHING FUNDS FOR PROJECTS AT MONTANA PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES. This authority does not extend beyond June 30, 1997, for seed capital project loans and beyond June 30, 1995, for research and

1	development project loans PROJECTS. Until the Montana board of science and technology development
2	makes a loan pursuant to the provisions of Title 90, chapter 3, the funds under its administration must be
3	invested by the board of investments pursuant to the provisions of 17-6-201. AS SEED CAPITAL AND
4	MEZZANINE FINANCING LOANS MADE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION ARE REPAID, THE MONTANA
5	BOARD OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT MAY REINVEST THE PRINCIPAL IN NEW LOANS.
6	(4) The beard shall allow the department of commerce to administer \$8 \$4 million of the permanent
7	coal tax trust fund for job investment loans pursuant to [sections 1 through 8 9]. As loans are repaid, the
8	department of commerce may reinvest the principal in new loans. Until a loan is made, the board shall
9	invest the funds pursuant to 17 6-201.
10	(4)(5) The board shall adopt rules to allow a nonprofit corporation to apply for economic assistance.
11	The rules must recognize that different criteria may be needed for nonprofit corporations than for for-profit
12 -	corporations."
13	
14	NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 8 9] are intended to be
15	codified as an integral part of Title 17, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 17, chapter 6, apply to
16	[sections 1 through 8 9].
17	
18	NEW SECTION. Section 12, Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995 ON PASSAGE AND
19	APPROVAL.
20	-END-

