House BILL NO. 551 1 INTRODUCED BY 2 3 BY REQUEST OF THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE 4 5 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING CERTAIN SEXUAL AND VIOLENT OFFENDERS TO PROVIDE DNA SAMPLES; PROVIDING THAT DNA RECORDS ARE CONFIDENTIAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE 6 INFORMATION; ESTABLISHING A DNA IDENTIFICATION INDEX WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 7 TO MAINTAIN DNA RECORDS; ESTABLISHING USES FOR DNA RECORDS; PROVIDING THAT DNA 8 RECORDS ARE NOT SEALED UNDER THE MONTANA YOUTH COURT ACT; AMENDING SECTION 9 41-5-604, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE." 10 11 12 STATEMENT OF INTENT 13 A statement of intent is required for this bill in order to provide guidance concerning rules adopted 14 for the withdrawal of blood samples for DNA testing. 15 It is the intent of the legislature that rules adopted by the department of justice will ensure that 16 blood collections under this bill will be conducted in a manner that will not compromise the health and 17 welfare of the donor and testing personnel. 18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 19 20 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 7], the following definitions 21 22 apply: 23 (1) "Department" means the department of justice provided for in 2-15-2001. 24 (2) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid. (3) "DNA identification index" means the DNA identification record system established under 25 26 [section 2]. (4) "DNA record" means DNA identification information stored in the DNA identification index for 27 28 purposes of establishing identification in connection with law enforcement investigations or supporting statistical interpretation of the results of DNA analysis. The DNA record is considered the objective form 29 30 of the results of a DNA analysis, such as the numerical representation of DNA fragment lengths,



1	autoradiographs	and the	digital image	of autoradio	ographs, and	discrete	allele	assignment	numbers.
---	-----------------	---------	---------------	--------------	--------------	----------	--------	------------	----------

- (5) "DNA testing" means DNA analysis of materials derived from the human body for the purposes of identification consistent with [sections 1 through 7].
- (6) "Forensic DNA laboratory" means any laboratory operated by state government that performs DNA analysis on materials derived from the human body for use as evidence in a criminal proceeding or for purposes of identification.
- (7) "Marker" means a method of describing individuals by genetic profile, such as blood or DNA type, and has the specific meaning given to the word by department rule, which must take into account the meaning generally given to the word for forensic typing by DNA technologists.
  - (8) "Sexual offense" means the offenses contained in the definition of that term in 46-23-502.
- (9) "Violent offense" means an offense contained in 45-5-102, 45-5-103, 45-5-202, 45-5-302, 45-5-303, 45-5-401, or 45-6-103 or an equivalent offense under federal law or the law of another state.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Establishment of DNA identification index. (1) The department shall establish a computerized DNA identification index for the receipt, storage, and exchange of DNA records. The DNA identification index is the central repository for DNA records in the state of Montana.

- (2) The DNA identification index must include:
- (a) DNA records for an individual convicted of a sexual or violent offense; and
- (b) analyses of DNA samples recovered from crime scenes, medical examinations, and unidentified human remains. For purposes of identification of missing persons, the DNA identification index may include DNA records of close biological relatives of a missing person.
- (3) The DNA identification index and the DNA testing done by a forensic DNA laboratory must be compatible with the systems of DNA identification used by other criminal justice agencies or private testing laboratories to the extent necessary to permit the exchange of DNA information.
- (4) The DNA records collected and stored in the DNA identification index may contain only information relating to the identification of individuals. Information that identifies a person that is the subject of a record must be limited to the information that is necessary to pursue criminal investigations and to support statistical interpretation of results.
  - (5) The DNA identification index may be used:
  - (a) by law enforcement agencies for purposes of identification in the course of criminal



1	investigations and proceedings;
2	(b) to assist in the identification of human remains, including identification of missing persons; and
3	(c) if information allowing a person to be identified is removed, for a population statistics data base
. 4	and for identification, research, and protocol development for forensic DNA analysis and quality control.
5	
6	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Collection of samples and maintenance of data. (1) Following entry of
7	judgment, a person convicted of a sexual or violent offense or a youth found under 41-5-521 to have
8	committed a sexual or violent offense shall provide to a person or entity designated by the county attorney
9	a sample of blood for DNA analysis to determine identification characteristics specific to the person.
10	(2) The blood sample must be collected, stored, and sent by the person or entity designated by the
11	county attorney under subsection (1) to the department for entry in the DNA identification index in
12	accordance with rules adopted by the department with the advice of the department of health and
13	environmental sciences.
14	(3) The forensic DNA laboratory may perform DNA analysis only for those markers that have value
15	for law enforcement identification purposes.
16	

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25 26

27

28

29

30

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Release of DNA records. (1) The DNA records contained in the DNA identification index may be released only for the following purposes:

- (a) to federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies for law enforcement identification purposes;
- (b) for criminal defense purposes, to a defendant for whom there is a DNA record, who is also entitled to samples and analyses held as part of the record;
  - (c) to assist in the identification of human remains, including missing persons; and
- (d) if information allowing a person to be identified is removed, for a population statistics data base and for identification, research, and protocol development for forensic DNA analysis and quality control.
- (2) Requests for DNA records must be in writing, signed by the requesting party, and maintained on file in the DNA identification index in accordance with rules adopted by the department.
- (3) A defendant in a criminal proceeding is entitled to information in the DNA identification index relating to the number of requests previously made for comparison searches relating to the defendant and the names of the requesting parties.



NEW SECTION. Section 5. Expungement of DNA records. If a conviction of a sexual or violent
offense is reversed, the record relating to the offense must be expunged from the DNA identification index.
The county attorney of the county in which the conviction occurred shall notify the department of a
reversal of a conviction for a sexual or violent offense.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Confidentiality of records of DNA testing. Except as provided in [sections 1 through 7] or unless the person that they relate to consents to their release, records, findings, and results of DNA testing are confidential criminal justice information subject to the dissemination provisions of Title 44, chapter 5.

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Rulemaking authority. The department shall adopt rules for the handling, collection, transportation, sampling, and storage of blood samples and to further define the term "marker". The rules concerning the handling of blood samples must ensure protection of the health of persons who may come into contact with the samples.

Section 8. Section 41-5-604, MCA, is amended to read:

"41-5-604. Disposition of records. (1) All youth court records and law enforcement records, except fingerprints, DNA records, and photographs pertaining to a youth coming under covered by this chapter, shall must be physically sealed when the youth reaches the age of 18 years of age.

- (2) In those cases in which jurisdiction of the court or any agency is extended beyond the youth's 18th birthday, the above records and files shall listed in subsection (1) must be physically sealed upon termination of the extended jurisdiction.
- (3) Upon the physical sealing of the records pertaining to a youth pursuant to this section, any agency or department that has in its possession copies of the records so sealed shall also seal or destroy such the copies of records. Anyone violating the provisions of this subsection shall be is subject to contempt of court.
- (4) Nothing herein contained in this section shall prohibit prohibits the destruction of such records with the consent of the youth court judge or county attorney after 10 years from the date of sealing.
- (5) The requirements for sealed records in this section shall do not apply to youth traffic records or to records directly related to an offense to which access must be allowed under 41-5-601."



NEW SECTION. Section 9. Report to legislature. The department of justice shall report to the 56th
legislature on the success of the program created by [sections 1 through 7], including the number of
samples analyzed and the number of cases successfully prosecuted using the DNA identification index
created by [sections 1 through 7].
NEW SECTION. Section 10. Coordination instruction. If the 54th legislature does not appropriate
money to fund administration of [this act] by a line item or other appropriation specifically referring to the
program contained in [this act], then [this act] is void.
NEW SECTION. Section 11. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
-FND-

### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

## Fiscal Note for HB0551, as introduced

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act requiring certain sex offenders to provide DNA samples, granting the Department of Justice the authority to establish a DNA identification index.

#### ASSUMPTIONS:

- During fiscal years 1990-1994, prison admissions for offenders convicted of the sex crimes defined in this bill averaged 88.4 per year. The DNA testing workload for the Forensic Science Division of the Department of Justice is estimated at 200 cases per year.
- There are 2.00 FTE forensic scientists needed to implement the bill. These are 2. to be grade 17 with pay exceptions at a cost of \$50,079 each, including benefits. TWGDAM guidelines, from the national working group of DNA specialists, require a minimum of 2.00 FTE forensic scientists to have a recognized certifiable DNA lab.
- 3. The Forensic Science Division has no room to expand in its current space. New space of 5,000 square feet is available at St. Patrick's Hospital in Missoula adjoining the present lab. The entire 5,000 feet must be rented although the DNA testing may require only three rooms and about 1,500 square feet. The rental cost of the remodeled space would be 6.21/sq. ft., the same as the current space of the division  $(5,000 \times 6.21)$ = \$31,050).
- The estimated cost to remodel 1,500 square feet at \$75/sq. ft. is \$112,500. This cost is included in FY96 only.
- The other operating expenses are annual and include travel, training, and supplies. 5.
- Specialized equipment necessary for DNA testing is estimated to cost \$50,822. 6. equipment would be purchased in FY96 only.
- The availability of federal funds, if any, is unknown. It is assumed that general fund 7. is the funding source.

## FISCAL IMPACT:

Forensic Science Div.:	FY96	FY97
Expenditures:	Difference	Difference
FTE	2.00	2.00
Personal Services	100,158	100,158
Operating Costs	155,200	73,700
Equipment	50,822	0
Total	306,180	173,858
Funding:		
General Fund (01)	306,180	173,858

# LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

The Forensic Science Division would start collecting and storing samples immediately upon passage and approval. However, no significant analysis would be completed until FY98 as it takes approximately two years to become fully operational.

## TECHNICAL NOTES:

This fiscal note for HB551 is comparable to the fiscal note for HB191.

LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning

Fiscal Note for  $\frac{HB0551}{HB}$ , as introduced  $\frac{1}{100}$ 

1	House BILL NO. 551
2	INTRODUCED BY Clark
3	BY REQUEST OF THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING CERTAIN SEXUAL AND VIOLENT OFFENDERS TO
6	PROVIDE DNA SAMPLES; PROVIDING THAT DNA RECORDS ARE CONFIDENTIAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE
7	INFORMATION; ESTABLISHING A DNA IDENTIFICATION INDEX WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
8	TO MAINTAIN DNA RECORDS; ESTABLISHING USES FOR DNA RECORDS; PROVIDING THAT DNA
9	RECORDS ARE NOT SEALED UNDER THE MONTANA YOUTH COURT ACT; AMENDING SECTION
10	41-5-604, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
11	
12	STATEMENT OF INTENT
13	A statement of intent is required for this bill in order to provide guidance concerning rules adopted
14	for the withdrawal of blood samples for DNA testing.
15	It is the intent of the legislature that rules adopted by the department of justice will ensure that
16	blood collections under this bill will be conducted in a manner that will not compromise the health and
17	welfare of the donor and testing personnel.
18	
19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
20	
21	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 7], the following definitions
22	apply:
23	(1) "Department" means the department of justice provided for in 2-15-2001.
24	(2) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid.
25	(3) "DNA identification index" means the DNA identification record system established under
26	[section 2].
27	(4) "DNA record" means DNA identification information stored in the DNA identification index for
28	purposes of establishing identification in connection with law enforcement investigations or supporting
29	statistical interpretation of the results of DNA analysis. The DNA record is considered the objective form
30	of the results of a DNA analysis, such as the numerical representation of DNA fragment lengths.

- (5) "DNA testing" means DNA analysis of materials derived from the human body for the purposes of identification consistent with [sections 1 through 7].
- (6) "Forensic DNA laboratory" means any laboratory operated by state government that performs DNA analysis on materials derived from the human body for use as evidence of a cominal pro-
- (7) "Marker" means a method of describing individuals by genetic profile, such as black in DNA type, and has the specific meaning given to the word by department rule, which must take in a account the meaning generally given to the word for forensic typing by DNA technologists.
  - (8) "Sexual offense" means the offenses contained in the definition of that term in 46.27.502.
- (9) "Violent offense" means an offense contained in 45-5-102, 45-5-103, 43-5-202, 45-5-302, 45-5-303, 45-5-401, or 45-6-103 or an equivalent offense under federal law or the law of another state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Establishment of DNA identification index. (1) The department shall establish a computerized DNA identification index for the receipt, storage, and exchange of DNA records. The DNA identification index is the central repository for DNA records in the state of Montana.

- (2) The DNA identification index must include:
- (a) DNA records for an individual convicted of a sexual or violent offense; and
- (b) analyses of DNA samples recovered from crime scenes, medical examinations, and unidentified human remains. For purposes of identification of missing persons, the DNA identification index may include DNA records of close biological relatives of a missing person.
- (3) The DNA identification index and the DNA testing done by a forensic DNA laboratory must be compatible with the systems of DNA identification used by other criminal justice agencies or private testing laboratories to the extent necessary to permit the exchange of DNA information.
- (4) The DNA records collected and stored in the DNA identification index may contain only information relating to the identification of individuals. Information that identifies a person that is the subject of a record must be limited to the information that is necessary to pursue criminal investigations and to support statistical interpretation of results.
  - (5) The DNA identification index may be used:
    - (a) by law enforcement agencies for purposes of identification in the course of criminal



i	investigations and proceedings,
2	(b) to assist in the identification of human remains, including identification of missing persons; and
3	(c) if information allowing a person to be identified is removed, for a population statistics data base
4	and for identification, research, and protocol development for forensic DNA analysis and quality control.
5	
6	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Collection of samples and maintenance of data. (1) Following entry of
7	judgment, a person convicted of a sexual or violent offense or a youth found under 41-5-521 to have
8	committed a sexual or violent offense shall provide to a person or entity designated by the county attorney
9	a sample of blood for DNA analysis to determine identification characteristics specific to the person.
0	(2) The blood sample must be collected, stored, and sent by the person or entity designated by the
1	county attorney under subsection (1) to the department for entry in the DNA identification index in
2	accordance with rules adopted by the department with the advice of the department of health and
13	environmental sciences.
4	(3) The forensic DNA laboratory may perform DNA analysis only for those markers that have value
15	for law enforcement identification purposes.
16	
17	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Release of DNA records. (1) The DNA records contained in the
18	DNA identification index may be released only for the following purposes:
9	(a) to federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies for law enforcement identification
20	purposes;
21	(b) for criminal defense purposes, to a defendant for whom there is a DNA record, who is also
22	entitled to samples and analyses held as part of the record;
23	(c) to assist in the identification of human remains, including missing persons; and
24	(d) if information allowing a person to be identified is removed, for a population statistics data base
25	and for identification, research, and protocol development for forensic DNA analysis and quality control.
26	(2) Requests for DNA records must be in writing, signed by the requesting party, and maintained
27	on file in the DNA identification index in accordance with rules adopted by the department.
28	(3) A defendant in a criminal proceeding is entitled to information in the DNA identification index



the names of the requesting parties.

29

30

relating to the number of requests previously made for comparison searches relating to the defendant and

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Expungement of DNA records. If a conviction of a sexual or violent
offense is reversed, the record relating to the offense must be expunged from the DNA identification index.
The county attorney of the county in which the conviction occurred shall notify the department of a
reversal of a conviction for a sexual or violent offense.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Confidentiality of records of DNA testing. Except as provided in [sections 1 through 7] or unless the person that they relate to consents to their release, records, findings, and results of DNA testing are confidential criminal justice information subject to the dissemination provisions of Title 44, chapter 5.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 7. Rulemaking authority. The department shall adopt rules for the handling, collection, transportation, sampling, and storage of blood samples and to further define the term "marker". The rules concerning the handling of blood samples must ensure protection of the health of persons who may come into contact with the samples.

Section 8. Section 41-5-604, MCA, is amended to read:

"41-5-604. Disposition of records. (1) All youth court records and law enforcement records, except fingerprints, <u>DNA records</u>, and photographs pertaining to a youth eoming under <u>covered by</u> this chapter, shall must be physically sealed when the youth reaches the age of 18 years of age.

- (2) In those cases in which jurisdiction of the court or any agency is extended beyond the youth's 18th birthday, the above records and files shall listed in subsection (1) must be physically sealed upon termination of the extended jurisdiction.
- (3) Upon the physical sealing of the records pertaining to a youth pursuant to this section, any agency or department that has in its possession copies of the records so sealed shall also seal or destroy such the copies of records. Anyone violating the provisions of this subsection shall be is subject to contempt of court.
- (4) Nothing herein contained in this section shall prohibit prohibits the destruction of such records with the consent of the youth court judge or county attorney after 10 years from the date of sealing.
- (5) The requirements for sealed records in this section shall do not apply to youth traffic records or to records directly related to an offense to which access must be allowed under 41-5-601."



NEW SECTION. Section 9. Report to legislature. The department of justice shall report to the 56th
legislature on the success of the program created by [sections 1 through 7], including the number of
samples analyzed and the number of cases successfully prosecuted using the DNA identification index
created by [sections 1 through 7].
NEW SECTION. Section 10. Coordination instruction. If the 54th legislature does not appropriate
money to fund administration of [this act] by a line item or other appropriation specifically referring to the
program contained in [this act], then [this act] is void.

NEW SECTION. Section 11. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

-END-

House BILL NO. 551 1 INTRODUCED BY 2 BY REQUEST OF THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE 3 4 5 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING CERTAIN SEXUAL AND VIOLENT OFFENDERS TO PROVIDE DNA SAMPLES; PROVIDING THAT DNA RECORDS ARE CONFIDENTIAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE 6 INFORMATION; ESTABLISHING A DNA IDENTIFICATION INDEX WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 7 TO MAINTAIN DNA RECORDS; ESTABLISHING USES FOR DNA RECORDS; PROVIDING THAT DNA 8 RECORDS ARE NOT SEALED UNDER THE MONTANA YOUTH COURT ACT; AMENDING SECTION 9 41-5-604, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE." 10 11 12 STATEMENT OF INTENT 13 A statement of intent is required for this bill in order to provide guidance concerning rules adopted 14 for the withdrawal of blood samples for DNA testing. 15 It is the intent of the legislature that rules adopted by the department of justice will ensure that 16 blood collections under this bill will be conducted in a manner that will not compromise the health and 17 welfare of the donor and testing personnel. 18 19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.



1	HOUSE BILL NO. 551
2	INTRODUCED BY CLARK, BOHARSKI, AHNER, MASOLO, L. SMITH, TASH, SOFT, MCGEE, MOLNAR,
3	CURTISS, MARTINEZ, ARNOTT, HOLLAND, ELLIS, TREXLER, GRIMES, ANDERSON, KOTTEL,
4	MCCULLOCH, LARSON, PAVLOVICH, REAM, MCCANN, FUCHS, FELAND, ROSE, J. JOHNSON,
5	HURDLE, RYAN, MERCER, REHBEIN, KADAS, CAREY
6	BY REQUEST OF THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE
7	
8	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING CERTAIN SEXUAL AND VIOLENT OFFENDERS TO
9	PROVIDE DNA SAMPLES; PROVIDING THAT DNA RECORDS ARE CONFIDENTIAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE
10	INFORMATION; ESTABLISHING A DNA IDENTIFICATION INDEX WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
11	TO MAINTAIN DNA RECORDS; ESTABLISHING USES FOR DNA RECORDS; PROVIDING THAT DNA
12	RECORDS ARE NOT SEALED UNDER THE MONTANA YOUTH COURT ACT; AMENDING SECTION
13	41-5-604, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
14	
15	STATEMENT OF INTENT
16	A statement of intent is required for this bill in order to provide guidance concerning rules adopted
17	for the withdrawal of blood samples for DNA testing.
18	It is the intent of the legislature that rules adopted by the department of justice will ensure that
19	blood collections under this bill will be conducted in a manner that will not compromise the health and
20	welfare of the donor and testing personnel.
21	
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
23	
24	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 7], the following definitions
25	apply:
26	(1) "Department" means the department of justice provided for in 2-15-2001.
27	(2) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid.
28	(3) "DNA identification index" means the DNA identification record system established under
29	[section 2].
30	(4) "DNA record" means DNA identification information stored in the DNA identification index for



purposes of establishing identification in connection with law enforcement investigations or supporting
statistical interpretation of the results of DNA analysis. The DNA record is considered the objective form
of the results of a DNA analysis, such as the numerical representation of DNA fragment lengths,
autoradiographs and the digital image of autoradiographs, and discrete allele assignment numbers.

- (5) "DNA testing" means DNA analysis of materials derived from the human body for the purposes of identification consistent with [sections 1 through 7].
- (6) "Forensic DNA laboratory" means any laboratory operated by state government that performs DNA analysis on materials derived from the human body for use as evidence in a criminal proceeding or for purposes of identification.
- (7) "Marker" means a method of describing individuals by genetic profile, such as blood or DNA type, and has the specific meaning given to the word by department rule, which must take into account the meaning generally given to the word for forensic typing by DNA technologists.
  - (8) "Sexual offense" means the offenses contained in the definition of that term in 46-23-502.
- (9) "Violent offense" means an offense contained in 45-5-102, 45-5-103, 45-5-202, 45-5-302, 45-5-303, 45-5-401, or 45-6-103 or an equivalent offense under federal law or the law of another state.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Establishment of DNA identification index. (1) The department shall establish a computerized DNA identification index for the receipt, storage, and exchange of DNA records. The DNA identification index is the central repository for DNA records in the state of Montana.

- (2) The DNA identification index must include:
- (a) DNA records for an individual convicted of a sexual or violent offense; and
- (b) analyses of DNA samples recovered from crime scenes, medical examinations, and unidentified human remains. For purposes of identification of missing persons, the DNA identification index may include DNA records of close biological relatives of a missing person.
- (3) The DNA identification index and the DNA testing done by a forensic DNA laboratory must be compatible with the systems of DNA identification used by other criminal justice agencies or private testing laboratories to the extent necessary to permit the exchange of DNA information.
- (4) The DNA records collected and stored in the DNA identification index may contain only information relating to the identification of individuals. Information that identifies a person that is the subject of a record must be limited to the information that is necessary to pursue criminal investigations



,	and to support statistical interpretation of results.
2	(5) The DNA identification index may be used:
3	(a) by law enforcement agencies for purposes of identification in the course of criminal
4	investigations and proceedings;
5	(b) to assist in the identification of human remains, including identification of missing persons; and
6	(c) if information allowing a person to be identified is removed, for a population statistics data base
7	and for identification, research, and protocol development for forensic DNA analysis and quality control.
8	
9	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Collection of samples and maintenance of data. (1) Following entry of
10	judgment, a person convicted of a sexual or violent offense or a youth found under 41-5-521 to have
11	committed a sexual or violent offense shall provide to a person or entity designated by the county attorney
12	a sample of blood for DNA analysis to determine identification characteristics specific to the person.
13	(2) The blood sample must be collected, stored, and sent by the person or entity designated by the
4	county attorney under subsection (1) to the department for entry in the DNA identification index in
15	accordance with rules adopted by the department with the advice of the department of health and
16	environmental sciences.
17	(3) The forensic DNA laboratory may perform DNA analysis only for those markers that have value
8	for law enforcement identification purposes.
19	
20	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Release of DNA records. (1) The DNA records contained in the
21	DNA identification index may be released only for the following purposes:
22	(a) to federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies for law enforcement identification
23	purposes;
24	(b) for criminal defense purposes, to a defendant for whom there is a DNA record, who is also
25	entitled to samples and analyses held as part of the record;
26	(c) to assist in the identification of human remains, including missing persons; and
27	(d) if information allowing a person to be identified is removed, for a population statistics data base
28	and for identification, research, and protocol development for forensic DNA analysis and quality control.



30

on file in the DNA identification index in accordance with rules adopted by the department.

(2) Requests for DNA records must be in writing, signed by the requesting party, and maintained

(3)	A defendant in a criminal proceeding is entitled to information in the DNA identification index
relating to t	the number of requests previously made for comparison searches relating to the defendant and
the names (	of the requesting parties.

1 2

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Expungement of DNA records. If a conviction of a sexual or violent offense is reversed, the record relating to the offense must be expunged from the DNA identification index. The county attorney of the county in which the conviction occurred shall notify the department of a reversal of a conviction for a sexual or violent offense.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. Confidentiality of records of DNA testing. Except as provided in [sections 1 through 7] or unless the person that they relate to consents to their release, records, findings, and results of DNA testing are confidential criminal justice information subject to the dissemination provisions of Title 44, chapter 5.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 7. Rulemaking authority.** The department shall adopt rules for the handling, collection, transportation, sampling, and storage of blood samples and to further define the term "marker". The rules concerning the handling of blood samples must ensure protection of the health of persons who may come into contact with the samples.

Section 8. Section 41-5-604, MCA, is amended to read:

 "41-5-604. Disposition of records. (1) All youth court records and law enforcement records, except fingerprints, <u>DNA records</u>, and photographs pertaining to a youth eoming under <u>covered by</u> this chapter, shall must be physically sealed when the youth reaches the age of 18 years of age.

(2) In those cases in which jurisdiction of the court or any agency is extended beyond the youth's 18th birthday, the above records and files shall listed in subsection (1) must be physically sealed upon termination of the extended jurisdiction.

(3) Upon the physical sealing of the records pertaining to a youth pursuant to this section, any agency or department that has in its possession copies of the records so sealed shall also seal or destroy such the copies of records. Anyone violating the provisions of this subsection shall be is subject to contempt of court.

- 4 -



(4) Nothing <del>herein</del> contained <u>in this section</u> <del>shall prohibit</del> <u>prohibits</u> the destruction of <del>such</del> records
with the consent of the youth court judge or county attorney after 10 years from the date of sealing.
(5) The requirements for sealed records in this section shall do not apply to youth traffic records
or to records directly related to an offense to which access must be allowed under 41-5-601."
NEW SECTION. Section 9. Report to legislature. The department of justice shall report to the 56th
legislature on the success of the program created by [sections 1 through 7], including the number of
samples analyzed and the number of cases successfully prosecuted using the DNA identification index
created by [sections 1 through 7].
NEW SECTION. Section 10. Coordination instruction. If the 54th legislature does not appropriate
money to fund administration of [this act] by a line item or other appropriation specifically referring to the
program contained in [this act], then [this act] is void.
NEW SECTION. Section 11. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
-END-

