1	House BILL NO. 530
2	INTRODUCED BY 6/150man Jah Juanson Masolo Julitati
3	Eck Forbes Drock But Christians
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR'S
5	TASK FORCE TO RENEW MONTANA GOVERNMENT BY CREATING AN ALTERNATIVE ACCOUNTING
6	METHOD FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-7-503, 2-7-504, 2-7-513,
7	7-3-4371, 7-3-4372, 7-6-2111, 7-6-2112, 7-6-2202, 7-6-2203, 7-6-2211, 7-6-2213, 7-6-2302, 7-6-2311,
8	7-6-2312, 7-6-2314, 7-6-2315, 7-6-2316, 7-6-2317, 7-6-2318, 7-6-2319, 7-6-2320, 7-6-2321, 7-6-2324,
9	7-6-2325, 7-6-2330, 7-6-2331, 7-6-2525, 7-6-4103, 7-6-4104, 7-6-4105, 7-6-4106, 7-6-4107, 7-6-4108,
10	7-6-4109, 7-6-4110, 7-6-4111, 7-6-4112, 7-6-4113, 7-6-4119, 7-6-4121, 7-6-4124, 7-6-4131, 7-6-4132,
11	7-6-4133, 7-6-4203, 7-6-4205, 7-6-4221, 7-6-4223, 7-6-4224, 7-6-4225, 7-6-4226, 7-6-4227, 7-6-4228,
12	7-6-4229, 7-6-4230, 7-6-4231, 7-6-4232, 7-6-4235, 7-6-4236, 7-6-4240, 7-6-4241, 7-6-4408, AND
13	15-10-203, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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17	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Purpose. The purpose of [sections 1 through 4] is to create an
18	accounting method for local governments that provides an alternative to following the detailed bookkeeping
19	rules contained in this title that have been built up over decades and to encourage local governments to
20	adopt generally accepted accounting principles and auditing standards. These principles are more rigorous,
21	comprehensive, and businesslike than those contained elsewhere in this title. It is the intent of the
22	legislature that all local governments eventually follow generally accepted accounting principles and auditing
23	standards.
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25	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definition. For the purposes of [sections 1 through 4], "local
26	government entity" means a consolidated city-county or a county, city, or town as defined in 2-7-501(7).
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may by resolution adopt the alternative accounting method established in [section 4] and may by ordinance

authorize any of the entities created under its legislative authority to adopt the alternative accounting

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Adoption of alternative auditing method. (1) A local government entity

method.

- (2) A local government entity that adopts the alternative accounting method is considered to have complied with state accounting and financial reporting standards and requirements.
- (3) A local government entity that does not adopt the alternative accounting method is subject to state accounting and financial reporting standards and requirements.
- (4) A local government entity may not adopt the alternative accounting method unless it has received an auditor's unqualified opinion on its annual financial statements prepared for its preceding fiscal year.

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- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Alternative accounting method -- requirements. A local government entity that adopts the alternative accounting method shall:
- (1) prepare its accounting records and financial reports in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles established by the federal accounting standards advisory board or its generally recognized successor;
 - (2) adopt a fiscal year that commences on July 1 of each year;
- (3)(a) compile an annual financial report covering the preceding fiscal year and submit a copy of the annual financial report or an annual audit, pursuant to subsection (3)(b), to the department of commerce within 6 months of the end of that reported fiscal year; or
- (b) if the local government entity submits an audit report in lieu of an annual financial report, ensure that the audit report contains, at a minimum, the entity's general purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund and account group statements as defined under the principles described in subsection (1);
 - (4) cause an annual audit in accordance with the provisions of Title 2, chapter 7, part 5; and
- (5) ensure that a budget is made each year that:
- 25 (a) shows the complete expenditure program for the local government entity for the coming fiscal year and the sources by which it will be funded;
 - (b) must be completed by July 1 of the current fiscal year;
 - (c) must be approved or amended by the governing body in a regularly scheduled meeting;
- (d) must be the subject of one or more advertised public hearings prior to approval or amendment;
 and



(e) must be submitted to the department of commerce by September 15.

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Section 5. Section 2-7-503, MCA, is amended to read:

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body or managing or executive officer of a local government entity, other than a school district or associated cooperative, shall ensure that a financial report is made every year. A school district or associated cooperative shall comply with the provisions of 20-9-213. The financial report must cover the preceding fiscal year, be in a form prescribed by the department, and be completed within 4 months of the

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for review.

(2) The department shall prescribe a uniform reporting system for all local government entities subject to financial reporting requirements, other than school districts. The superintendent of public

end of the reporting period. The local government entity shall submit the financial report to the department

"2-7-503. Financial reports and audits of local government entities -- exception. (1) The governing

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instruction shall prescribe the reporting requirements for school districts.

(3) (a) The governing body or managing or executive officer of each local government entity

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of \$200,000 or federal financial assistance in excess of \$25,000 shall cause an audit to be made at least

receiving revenues revenue or financial assistance in the period covered by the financial report in excess

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9 months from the close of the last fiscal year of the audit period. The audit must be completed and

every 2 years. The audit must cover the entity's preceding 2 fiscal years. The audit must commence within

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submitted to the department for review within 1 year from the close of the last fiscal year covered by the

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audit.

(b) The governing body or managing or executive officer of a local government entity that does not meet the criteria established in subsection (3)(a) shall at least once every 4 years, if directed by the

department, or, in the case of a school district, if directed by the department at the request of the

superintendent of public instruction, cause a financial review, as defined by department rule, to be

conducted of the financial statements of the entity for the preceding fiscal year.

26 (4) An audit conducted in accordance with this part is in lieu of any financial or financial and

compliance audit of an individual financial assistance program that a local government is required to

conduct under any other state or federal law or regulation. If an audit conducted pursuant to this part

provides a state agency with the information it requires to carry out its responsibilities under state or federal

law or regulation, the state agency shall rely upon and use that information to plan and conduct its own



54th Legislature LC0915.01

audits or reviews in order to avoid a duplication of effort.

(5) In addition to the audits required by this section, the department may at any time conduct or contract for a special audit or review of the affairs of any local government entity referred to in this part. The special audit or review must, to the extent practicable, build upon audits performed pursuant to this part.

- (6) The fee for the special audit or review must be a charge based upon the costs incurred by the department in relation to the special audit or review. The audit fee must be paid by the local government entity to the state treasurer and deposited in the enterprise fund to the credit of the department.
- (7) Subsections (1) through (3) do not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 6. Section 2-7-504, MCA, is amended to read:
- "2-7-504. Accounting methods -- exception. (1) Unless otherwise required by law, the department shall prescribe by rule the general methods and details of accounting for the receipt and disbursement of all money belonging to local government entities and shall establish in those offices general methods and details of accounting. All local government entity officers shall conform with the accounting standards prescribed by the department.
- (2) This section does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 7. Section 2-7-513, MCA, is amended to read:
- "2-7-513. Content of audit report and financial report -- exception. (1) The audit reports ehall must comply with the reporting requirements of government auditing standards issued by the U.S. comptroller general and federal regulations adopted by department rule.
- (2) (a) The department shall prescribe general methods and details of accounting for the financial report for local government entities other than schools. The financial report must be submitted in a form required by the department. The superintendent of public instruction shall prescribe the general methods and details of accounting for financial reports for schools.
- (b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



Section 8.	Section	7-3-4371.	MCA.	is amended to read	١.

"7-3-4371. Estimate of expenditures and revenues -- exception. (1) The city manager shall submit to the commission an estimate of the expenditures and revenues of the municipal departments for the ensuing year. The estimate shall must be compiled from detailed information obtained from the several departments on uniform blanks to be furnished by the city manager. The classification of the expenditures shall must be as nearly uniform as possible for the main functional divisions of all departments and shall must give in parallel columns the following information:

- (a) a detailed estimate of the expenses of conducting each department as submitted by the department;
 - (b) expenditures for corresponding items for the last 2 fiscal years;
- (c) expenditures for the corresponding items for the current fiscal year, including adjustments due to transfers between appropriations, plus an estimate of expenditure necessary to complete the current fiscal year;
 - (d) amount of supplies and materials on hand at the date of the preparation of the invoice;
- (e) increase or decrease of requests compared with the corresponding appropriations for the current year;
 - (f) such other information as that is required by the commission or that the city manager may deem consider advisable to submit;
 - (g) the recommendation of the city manager as to the amounts to be appropriated, with reasons therefor for the recommendation, in such the detail as that the commission may direct.
 - (2) A sufficient number of copies of such the estimate shall must be prepared and submitted that there may be are copies on file in the office of the commission for inspection by the public.
 - (3) This section does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 9. Section 7-3-4372, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-3-4372. Procedure to enact appropriation ordinance -- exception. (1) Upon receipt of such the estimate, the commission shall prepare an appropriation ordinance in such the form as that may be prescribed by ordinance or resolution. Before finally acting upon such the tentative appropriation, the commission shall fix a time and place for holding public hearing upon the tentative appropriation and shall



give public notice of such the hearing. Following the public hearings and before its final passage, the appropriation ordinance shall <u>must</u> be published with a parallel comparison with the recommendation of the city manager. The commission shall <u>may</u> not pass the appropriation ordinance until 10 days after its publication or before the second Monday in August.

- (2) If, at the beginning of the term of office of the first commission elected under the provisions of this part and part 44, the appropriations for the expenditures of the municipal government for the current fiscal year have been made, said the commission shall have the power may by ordinance to revise, repeal, or change said the appropriations and to make additional appropriations.
- (3) This section does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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- Section 10. Section 7-6-2111, MCA, is amended to read:
- 13 "7-6-2111. Duties of county treasurer. (1) The county treasurer must:
 - (1)(a) must receive all money belonging to the county and all other money directed to be paid to him the treasurer by law, safely keep the same money, and apply and pay them the money out, rendering and account thereof for the money as required by law;
 - (2)(b) shall keep an account of the receipt and expenditures of all such the money in books provided for the purpose, in which must be entered:
- 19 (a)(i) the amount, the time when, from whom, and on what account all money was received by him;
- 20 (b)(ii) the amount, time when, to whom, and on what account all disbursements were made by him;
- 21 (3)(c) so shall keep his books so that the amounts received and paid out on account of separate
 22 funds or specific appropriations are exhibited in separate and distinct accounts, with the whole receipts and
 23 expenditures shown in one general or cash account;
 - (4)(d) may not enter no money received for the current year on his the treasurer's account with the county for the past fiscal year until after his the treasurer's annual settlement for the past year has been made with the county clerk;
 - (5)(e) shall disburse the county money only on county warrants issued by the county clerk, based on orders of the board of county commissioners, or as otherwise provided by law.
 - (2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



54th Legislature

"7-6-2112. Treasurer's reports to county commissioners — exception. (1) Each county treasurer must shall make a detailed monthly report to the board of county commissioners of his county, of all money received by him and the disbursement thereof and disbursed by the treasurer, and of all debts due to and from the county, and of all other proceedings in his the treasurer's office, so that the receipts into the treasury and the amount of disbursements, together with the debts due to and from the county, appear clearly and distinctly.

- (2) On the first Monday of January, April, July, and October of each year the county treasurer must shall settle with the board of county commissioners for all money collected, and on . On those days the treasurer must shall deliver to the board affidavits verifying the reconcilement of the balance on hand in the county treasury. After the approval of the statements and the accompanying affidavits, one copy of the quarterly report shall must be filed with the county clerk of the county and one copy shall must be retained by the county treasurer.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

17 Section 12. Section 7-6-2202, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2202. Duties of county clerk related to finance -- exception. (1) The county clerk must shall draw warrants on the county treasury in favor of all persons entitled thereto to the warrants in payment:

- (a) of all claims and demands chargeable against the county which have been legally examined, allowed, and ordered paid by the board of county commissioners; and
- (b) for all debts and demands against the county when the amounts are fixed by law and are not directed to be audited by some other person or tribunal.
- (2) The county clerk must shall keep accounts current with the treasurer. When any person deposits with the county treasurer any money paid into the treasury, the county clerk shall must be furnished by the treasurer with a duplicate of the receipt issued to the person, which. The duplicate receipt shall must be filed in the office of the county clerk, and the county clerk shall charge the treasurer with the amount thereof of the deposit.
 - (3) The county clerk must shall make the annual statement as prescribed in 7-6-2203.
 - (4) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method



provided	for in	[sections	1 throu	igh 4].'

- Section 13. Section 7-6-2203, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2203. Annual financial statement -- exception. (1) Within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year, the county clerk shall make out compile and present to the board of county commissioners and the department of commerce a complete statement of the financial condition of the county. The statement must show:
- (a) a detailed description of all of the resources and liabilities of the county and the book value of them the resources and liabilities;
 - (b) the amount of money received, showing the source of that revenue;
 - (c) the amount of money disbursed, with the purpose of disbursement;
- (d) the operation of each of the cash and warrant accounts, showing the balance at the beginning of the year, the credits, the debits, and the balance at the end of the year;
 - (e) the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the county;
 - (f) the rate of taxation and the amount of taxes delinquent for the preceding years; and
- (g) such other items as that the department of commerce may prescribe.
- 17 (2) The statement shall must be made out on the form designated by the department.
 - (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 14. Section 7-6-2211, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2211. Authorization to conduct county business on a cash basis. (1) In-case If the total indebtedness of a county, lawful when incurred, exceeds the limit of 23% established in 7-7-2101 by reason of great diminution of taxable value, the county may conduct its business affairs on a cash basis and pay the reasonable and necessary current expenses of the county out of the cash in the county treasury derived from its current revenue and under such the restrictions and regulations as that may be imposed by the board of county commissioners of the county by a resolution duly adopted and included in the minutes of the board.
- (2) Nothing in this This section restricts does not restrict the right of the board to make the necessary tax levies for interest and sinking fund purposes, and nothing in this section affects does not



affect the right of any	creditor of	the	county	to	pursue	any	remedy	now	given	him	by	law	to	obtain
payment of his a claim.														

(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 15. Section 7-6-2213, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2213. Report of fees received and money disbursed -- exception. (1) It is the duty of all All county officers, justices of the peace, and constables to make shall report in writing, under oath, to the board of county commissioners on the first Monday of March, June, September, and December, showing in detail all fees, emoluments, and compensation received and money disbursed by them in their official capacity during the quarter preceding the making of each report.
- (2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 16. Section 7-6-2302, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2302. Role of department of commerce -- exception. (1) The department of commerce shall make rules and classifications and prescribe forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this part, to define what expenditures are chargeable to each budget account, and to establish accounting and cost systems necessary to provide accurate budget information.
- (2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 17. Section 7-6-2311, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "7-6-2311. Filing of estimate of revenues and expenses with county clerk -- exception. (1) Before June 1 each year the county clerk and recorder shall notify in writing each county official in charge of an office, department, service, institution, or county-funded district court program of the county to file with the county clerk and recorder, before June 10, detailed and itemized estimates, both of the probable revenues revenue from sources other than taxation and of all expenditures required by the office, department, service, or institution for the next fiscal year.
 - (2) (a) The county commissioners shall submit to the county clerk and recorder the estimate of



expenditures for all purposes for the board and a detailed statement showing all new road and bridge construction to be financed from county road and bridge funds, from any special road or bridge fund, from any special highway fund, and from bond issues issued or authorized for the next fiscal year, together with the cost of that construction as computed by the county surveyor or, if for construction in charge of a special engineer, then by that engineer. The county commissioners shall also submit to the county clerk and recorder detailed estimates of all expenditures for construction or improvement purposes proposed to be made from the proceeds of bond issues not yet authorized and from the proceeds of tax levies which that are required to be approved at an election to be held.

- (b) The county surveyor and any special engineer shall prepare the estimates of cost of road and bridge construction for the county commissioners. They shall also submit a similar statement showing road and bridge maintenance expenditures as nearly as can be estimated.
 - (c) The county treasurer shall prepare the estimates for interest and debt reduction.
- (d) The county clerk and recorder shall prepare all other estimates which that properly fall within the duties of his the office.
- (3) The estimates required in this section shall <u>must</u> be submitted on forms provided by the county clerk and recorder and prescribed by the department of commerce. The forms may only be varied or departed from with permission and approval of that department. Each of the officials shall file the estimates within the time and in the manner provided in the form and notice.
- (4) In the absence or disability of an official, the duties required by this section or 7-6-2312 devolve upon the official or employee in charge of the office, department, service, or institution.
- (5) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 18. Section 7-6-2312, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2312. Penalty for noncompliance with filing requirements -- exception. (1) The county clerk shall withhold as a penalty from the salary of each official failing or refusing to file the estimates, \$10 for each day of delay. The total penalty against any official may not exceed \$50 in 1 year.
 - (2) The notice provided for in 7-6-2311 shall must contain a copy of this penalty clause.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



1	Section 19. Section 7-6-2314, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"7-6-2314. Classification of estimates, appropriations, and expenditures exception. (1) In the
3	tabulation required by 7-6-2313, the estimates, appropriations, and expenditures shall must be classified
4	as:
5	(a) salaries and wages;
6	(b) maintenance and operation;
7	(c) capital outlay;
8	(d) interest and debt redemption;
9	(e) miscellaneous; and
10	(f) expenditures proposed to be made from bond issues not yet authorized or from the proceeds
11	of a tax levy or levies which that are required to be submitted to and approved at an election to be held
12	later.
13	(2)(a) Within the general class of salaries and wages, each salary shall must be set forth separately,
14	together with the title or position of the recipient. An unitemized appropriation may be made to cover the
15	expenses of special deputies or assistants in any office where the services of such the special deputies or
16	assistants may be required during a part of the fiscal year only. Wages for day labor may be given in totals
17	by designating the general purpose or object for which the expenditure is to be made, but the proposed rate
18	per day for each class or kind of labor shall <u>must</u> be set forth.
19	(b) Expenditures under the general class of maintenance and operation shall must be classified
20	according to a standard classification to be established by the department of commerce.
21	(c) Expenditures for capital outlay shall must set forth and describe each object of expenditure
22	separately.
23	(d) Under the general class of interest and debt redemption, proposed expenditures for interest and
24	for redemption of principal shall must be set forth separately for each series or issue of bonds, and warrant
25	interest and redemption requirements shall must be set forth in a similar manner.
26	(e) Under the general class of miscellaneous, expenditures for all purposes not listed in or which
27	that cannot properly be assigned to any of the general classes shall <u>must</u> be set forth and itemized in detail.
28	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method



provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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1	Section 20. Section 7-6-2315, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"7-6-2315. Consideration of tabulation by county commissioners exception. (1) The tabulation
3	shall must be submitted to the county commissioners by the county clerk and recorder on or before the
4	third Monday of July.
5	(2) Upon receipt thereof, the board of county commissioners shall immediately consider the budge
6	in detail and shall, on or before the fourth Monday of July, make any revisions, reductions, additions, o
7	changes that they consider the board considers advisable. The tabulation, with any revisions, reductions
8	additions, or changes, is the county proposed budget for the fiscal year which it is intended to cover.
9	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
10	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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12	Section 21. Section 7-6-2316, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"7-6-2316. Notice of hearing on county proposed budget exception. (1) The board of county
14	commissioners shall then have cause a notice to be published stating that:
15	(a) the board has completed its county proposed budget for the current fiscal year;
16	(b) the budget is open to inspection in the office of the county clerk and recorder;
17	(c) the board will meet to fix the final budget and make appropriations, stating the date, time, and
18	place of the meeting; and
19	(d) any taxpayer or resident of the county may appear and be heard for or against any part of the
20	budget.
21	(2) The notice shall must be published two times, once each week, in a newspaper of general
22	circulation in the county.
23	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
24	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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26	Section 22. Section 7-6-2317, MCA, is amended to read:
27	"7-6-2317. Hearing on county proposed budget exception. (1) At least 3 days prior to the
28	adoption of the final budget, the county commissioners shall meet at the time and place designated in the
29	notice provided for in 7-6-2316, at which time any taxpayer or resident of the county may appear and be



heard for or against any part of the budget.

1	(2) The hearing shall must be continued from day to day and shall must be concluded and the
2	budget approved and adopted on or before the second Monday in August, before the fixing of the tax levies
3	by the board.
4	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
5	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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7	Section 23. Section 7-6-2318, MCA, is amended to read:
8	"7-6-2318. Determination of projected fund cash flow following hearing exception. (1) Upon the
9	conclusion of the hearing, the board shall first determine the amount estimated to accrue to each fund
10	during the fiscal year from all sources except the taxation of property. In so doing, the board may not
11	include any amount which that it is anticipated may be received during the fiscal year from the payment
12	of taxes which that became delinquent during a preceding fiscal year.
13	(2) The board shall then determine separately the amount appropriated for and authorized to be
14	spent for each item in the budget and shall specify the fund or funds against which warrants are to be
15	drawn and issued for each item in the budget and shall specify the fund or funds against which warrants
16	are to be drawn for the expenditures authorized. There may not be added to the amount to be appropriated
17	and authorized to be spent for an item or to the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from
18	any fund any amount or percentage because of anticipated loss of revenue by reason of the nonpayment
19	of taxes levied for that fiscal year. The total expenditures authorized to be made from any fund, including
20	the reserve added to them, may not exceed the aggregate of:
21	(a) the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year;
22	(b) the amount of estimated revenues to accrue to the fund; and
23	(c) the amount which may be raised for the fund by a lawful tax levy during the fiscal year.
24	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
25	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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27	Section 24. Section 7-6-2319, MCA, is amended to read:
28	"7-6-2319. Determination of fund requirements to be met by tax levy exception. (1) Following



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the determinations required by 7-6-2318, the board shall determine the amount to be raised by tax levy for

each fund by adding the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year and the amount

of the estimated revenues revenue to accrue to the fund during the current fiscal year. It shall then deduct the total amount so obtained from the total amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures from the fund as determined by the board. The amount remaining is the amount necessary to be raised for the fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.

- (2) The board may add to the amount necessary to be raised for any fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year an additional amount as a reserve to meet expenditures to be made from the fund during the months of July to November of the next fiscal year. The amount which that may be so added to any fund as the reserve may not exceed one-third of the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from the fund during the current fiscal year, after deducting from the amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent for election expenses and payment of emergency warrants.
- (3) The total amount to be raised by tax levy for any fund during the current fiscal year, including the amount of the reserve and any amount for payment of election expenses and emergency warrants, may not exceed the total amount which may be raised for the fund by a tax levy which does not exceed the maximum levy permitted by law to be made for the fund.
- (4) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 25. Section 7-6-2320, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2320. Final budget -- approval, adoption, and amendment -- exception. (1) The budget as finally determined, in addition to setting out separately each item for which an appropriation or expenditure is authorized and the fund out of which it is to be paid, shall must set out:

- (a) the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from each fund;
- (b) the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year;
- (c) the amount estimated to accrue to the fund from sources other than taxation;
 - (d) the reserve for the next fiscal year; and
- 27 (e) the amount necessary to be raised for each fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.
 - (2) The board shall then by resolution approve and adopt the budget as finally determined and enter the budget at length in the official minutes of the board.
 - (3)(a) Subject to compliance with the procedures set forth in subsection (4), the board may approve



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- (i) shortfalls in anticipated and budgeted revenues occur that, unless reductions in appropriations are made, will result in expenditures for the year exceeding actual revenues and cash balances available therefor for the year; or
 - (ii) savings result from unanticipated adjustments in projected expenditures.
- 6 (b) Amended appropriations must be classified as:
- 7 (i) salaries and wages;
- 8 (ii) maintenance and operation;
- 9 (iii) capital outlay;
- 10 (iv) interest and debt redemption; or
- 11 (v) miscellaneous.
- 12 (4) Prior to amending a final budget, the board shall:
 - (a) hold a public hearing on the proposed amendments at least 7 days prior to a vote on the resolution amending the budget; and
 - (b) publish notice, at least once, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county at least 6 but not more than 16 days before the hearing on the budget amendments. The published notice must specify the date, time, place, and subject of the hearing.
 - (5) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 26. Section 7-6-2321, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2321. Fixing of tax levy -- exception. (1) On or before the second Monday in August and after the approval and adoption of the final budget, the board of county commissioners shall fix the tax levy for each fund at a rate which will raise the amount set out in the budget as the amount necessary to be raised by tax levy for the fund during the current fiscal year. The taxable valuation of the county for the current fiscal year shall must be the basis for determining the amount of the tax levy for each fund. Each tax levy shall must be at a rate no not higher than is required on that basis, without including any amount for anticipated tax delinquency, to produce the amount set out in the budget, without including any amount for anticipated tax delinquency, as being that is the amount to be raised by tax levy.

(2) The tax levy shall must be made in the manner provided by 15-10-201.



1	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
2	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
3	
4	Section 27. Section 7-6-2324, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"7-6-2324. Limitations on appropriations after budget adopted exception. (1) The estimates of
6	expenditures, itemized and classified as required in 7-6-2313 and 7-6-2314 and as finally fixed and adopted
7	and as may be amended as provided in 7-6-2320 by said the board of county commissioners, shall
8	constitute constitutes the appropriations for the county for the fiscal year intended to be covered thereby
9	by the estimates.
10	(2) Except as provided in 3-5-404, 7-6-2325, and 7-31-2101, the county commissioners and every
11	other county official, including judges of the district court, shall be is limited in the making of expenditures
12	or incurring of liabilities to the amount of such the detailed appropriations and classifications, respectively
13	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
14	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
15	
16	Section 28. Section 7-6-2325, MCA, is amended to read:
17	"7-6-2325. Transfer of appropriations within and among expenditure classes. (1) Upon a resolution
18	adopted by the board of county commissioners at a regular or special meeting and entered upon its
19	minutes, transfers or revisions in the general budget system within the classifications set forth in
20	7-6-2314(1)(a) through (1)(c) may be made, provided that $\frac{1}{100}$ a salary shall $\frac{1}{100}$ may not be increased above
21	the amount appropriated therefor.
22	(2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
23	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
24	
25	Section 29. Section 7-6-2330, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"7-6-2330. Lapse of appropriation. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), al
27	appropriations, other than appropriations for incompleted uncompleted improvements in progress of
28	construction, shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year.



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the fiscal year for the payment of claims incurred against such the appropriations prior to the close of the

(2) (a) The appropriation accounts shall must remain open for a period of 30 days after the end of

fiscal year and remaining unpaid. After such the period shall have has expired, all appropriations, except as hereinbefore otherwise provided regarding uncompleted improvements, shall become null and void, and any lawful claim presented thereafter after expiration against any such appropriation shall must be provided for in the ensuing budget.

(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 30. Section 7-6-2331, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2331. Clerk's report concerning expenditures, liabilities, and appropriations -- auditor's report -- exception. (1) Within 4 working days after receipt of the treasurer's monthly report, the county clerk and recorder shall submit to the board of county commissioners a report showing the expenditures and liabilities against each separate budget appropriation incurred during the preceding calendar month and like information for the whole of the fiscal year to the first day of the month in which such the report is made, together with the unexpended balance of each appropriation. He The clerk and recorder shall also set forth the receipts from taxes and in detail the receipts from all other sources by each fund for the same period.
- (2) In counties having county auditors, the county auditor, on the last business day of each month, shall furnish the county clerk and recorder with a statement showing the total amount of liabilities incurred against each budget appropriation for which warrants have not been issued up to the close of said the business day.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 31. Section 7-6-2525, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2525. Distribution of all-purpose levy -- exception. (1) The money received from the all-purpose levy must be accounted for in a common fund known as the all-purpose fund.
- (2) The all-purpose fund may be used only for purposes that are authorized for revenue derived from the individual levies set forth in 7-6-2523, but the county governing body may allocate the revenue from the fund, in accordance with county budget law, to fund any enumerated purpose that it considers appropriate.
 - (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method



1	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
2	
3	Section 32. Section 7-6-4103, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"7-6-4103. Annual appropriation exception. (1) The council must shall, during the month of July
5	in each fiscal year, pass an ordinance to be known as the "Annual appropriation for the of for the
6	fiscal year beginning July 1, 19", in which ordinance there must be appropriated enough money to defray
7	the expenses or liabilities of the city or town for such the fiscal year. There must be specified therein in the
8	ordinance the amount appropriated for each separate object or fund and the salary or compensation to be
9	paid to each officer of the city or town.
10	(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
11	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
12	
13	Section 33. Section 7-6-4104, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"7-6-4104. Duties of city treasurer relating to finances exception. It shall be is the duty of the
15	city treasurer:
16	(1) to receive all money that comes to the city, either from taxation or otherwise, and to pay the
17	same out on the warrant of the mayor, countersigned by the clerk, drawn in accordance with law;
18	(2) to give every person paying money to him, as the treasurer a receipt therefor, specifying the
19	date of payment, the amount, and for what paid;
20	(3) to pay out, in the order they are registered, all warrants presented for payment, when there are
21	funds in the treasury to pay the same.
22	(4) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method
23	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
24	
25	Section 34. Section 7-6-4105, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"7-6-4105. Financial reports and records to be maintained by city treasurer exception. (1) It shall
27	be is the duty of the city treasurer:



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amounts of money belonging to the city received by him and disbursed by him the treasurer during the preceding month and the state of each particular fund, which. The statement must be verified by his the

(1)(a) to present to the council, on a date set by the council, a full and detailed statement of the

1	<u>treasurer's</u> oath ; .
2	$\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)}$ to keep the books and accounts of the city in such <u>a</u> manner as to correctly present the
3	condition of the finances thereof of the city, which must always be open to the inspection of the mayor
4	or the council or any member thereof of the council;
5	(3)(c) to render at any time an account to the council, showing the money on hand and the
6	condition of the treasury;
7	(4)(d) to annually make out and submit to the city council at its last meeting prior to May 1 a
8	detailed account of all receipts and expenditures during the past fiscal year and to file the same with the
9	clerk;
10	(6)(e) to keep a separate account of each fund or appropriation and the debits and credits thereo:
11	of the account;
12	(6)(f) to keep a register of all warrants paid, called "The Registry Book", which must show the date
13	amount, and number and the person to whom and the fund from which the same was paid; and
14	$\frac{7}{g}$ to deliver and file with the city clerk all vouchers, warrants, or orders paid by him the
15	treasurer.
16	(2) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method
17	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
18	
19	Section 35. Section 7-6-4106, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"7-6-4106. Publication or posting of annual statement of city receipts and expenditures
21	exception. (1) An abstract of the account of receipts and expenditures required by 7-6-4105(4)(1)(e) must
22	be published in some newspaper in the city, or if none is published, such the abstract must be posted in
23	the room or building occupied by the council.
24	(2) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method
25	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
26	
27	Section 36. Section 7-6-4107, MCA, is amended to read:
28	"7-6-4107. Duties of the city clerk related to finance exception. (1) It is the duty of the clerk to
29	enter in a book kept for that purpose the date, amount, and person in whose favor and for what purpose



warrants are drawn upon the city treasury. Such The book is called "The Finance Book".

54th Legislature LC0915.01

1	(2) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method
2	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
3	
4	Section 37. Section 7-6-4108, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"7-6-4108. Duties of town clerk related to finance exception. (1) It shall be is the duty of the
6	town clerk:
7	(a) to receive all money that comes to the town, either from taxation or otherwise, and to pay the
8	same out on the warrant of the mayor, countersigned by the clerk, drawn in accordance with law;
9	(b) to give every person paying money to him as the town clerk a receipt therefor, specifying the
10	date of payment, the amount, and for what paid;
11	(c) to pay out, in the order they are registered, all warrants presented for payment when there are
12	funds in the treasury to pay the same warrants.
13	(2) The statutory functions and duties of a town treasurer provided in this title are transferred to
14	the town clerk. Any reference to a town treasurer means the town clerk.
15	(3) This section does not apply to a town that has adopted the alternative accounting method
16	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
17	
18	Section 38. Section 7-6-4109, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"7-6-4109. Financial reports and records to be maintained by town clerk exception. (1) It shall
20	be is the duty of the town clerk:
21	(1)(a) to present to the council, on a date set by the council, a full and detailed statement of the
22	amounts of money belonging to the town received by him and disbursed by him the clerk during the
23	preceding month and the state of each particular fund, which statement must be verified by his the clerk's
24	oath;
25	(2)(b) to keep the books and accounts of the city or town in such a manner as to correctly present
26	the condition of the finances thereof of the city or town, which must always be open to the inspection of



condition of the treasury;

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the mayor, or the council, or any member theroof of the council;

(3)(c) to render at any time an account to the council, showing the money on hand and the

(4)(d) to annually make out and submit to the town council, at its last meeting prior to May 1, a

54th Legislature

1	detailed account of all receipts and expenditures during the past fiscal year;
2	(5)(e) to keep a separate account of each fund or appropriation and the debits and credits thereof
3	of the account; and
4	$\frac{(6)(f)}{f}$ to keep a register of all warrants paid, which must show the date, amount, and number and
5	the person to whom and the fund from which the same warrant was paid and to enter in a book kept for
6	that purpose the date, amount, and person in whose favor and for what purpose warrants are drawn upon
7	the town treasury.
8	(2) This section does not apply to a town that has adopted the alternative accounting method
9	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
10	
11	Section 39. Section 7-6-4110, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"7-6-4110. Publication or posting of annual statement of town receipts and expenditures $ extstyle extst$
13	exception. (1) An abstract of the annual account of receipts and expenditures required by 7-6-4109(4)(1)(d)
14	must be published in some newspaper in the city or town, or if none is published, such the abstract must
15	be posted in the room or building occupied by the council.
16	(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
17	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
18	
19	Section 40. Section 7-6-4111, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"7-6-4111. Annual financial statement exception. (1) Within 120 days after the close of each
21	fiscal year, the city or town clerk of each city and town must make out shall compile, in duplicate, a
22	complete statement of the financial condition of the city or town for that fiscal year, showing:
23	(a) the indebtedness of the city or town, funded and floating; the amount of each class of
24	indebtedness; and the amount of money in the treasury subject to the payment of each class of
25	indebtedness;
26	(b) the amount of money received from taxes upon real and personal property;
27	(c) the amount of money received from fines, penalties, and forfeitures;
28	(d) the amount of money received from licenses;
29	(e) the amount of money received from all other sources, each source and the amount received



from it being shown separately;

(1	f) for each fund,	the amount of	of money,	if any,	on hand	at the	beginning	of the	fiscal	year,	the
amount r	eceived, and the	amount paid	out during	the fise	cal vear:						

- (g) a concise description of all property owned by the city or town, with an approximate estimate of the value of it;
 - (h) the rates of taxation and purposes for which taxes were levied during the fiscal year;
 - (i) other information which that may be required by the department of commerce.
- (2) The forms on which the statement shall must be made shall must be prescribed by the department.
- (3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 41. Section 7-6-4112, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4112. Funds to be balanced -- exception. (1) The amount of money paid out from each fund must be deducted from the total of the money on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year and the money received during the year, and a balance must be struck for each fund.
- (2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 42. Section 7-6-4113, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4113. Filing of annual financial statement -- exception. (1) The city or town clerk must shall, within 120 days following the close of each fiscal year, transmit one copy of the statement to the department of commerce and must shall present the other copy to the city or town council or commission.
- (2) If a city or town clerk fails to file a copy of the statement with the department within the time specified, the department, without delay, shall examine the books, records, and accounts of the city or town. The department shall make from its examination a statement of the financial condition of the city or town for the preceding fiscal year in the manner it should have been made by the city or town clerk. The examination shall must be considered a special audit under the provisions of subsections (5) and (6) of 2-7-503, and all of the provisions of subsections (5) and (6) of 2-7-503 apply to it.
- (3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



1	Section 43. Section 7-6-4119, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"7-6-4119. Long-short cash account. (1) A governing body of a municipality may create a cash
3	over or short account consistent with accepted accounting practice.
4	(2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method
5	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
6	
7	Section 44. Section 7-6-4121, MCA, is amended to read:
8	"7-6-4121. Authorization to conduct municipal business on a cash basis. (1) In case the total
9	indebtedness of a city or town has reached 17% of the total taxable value of the property of the city or
10	town subject to taxation, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, the city or town
11	may conduct its affairs and business on a cash basis as provided by subsection (2).
12	(2)(a) Whenever a city or town is conducting its business affairs on a cash basis, the reasonable
13	and necessary current expenses of the city or town may be paid out of the cash in the city or town treasury
14	and derived from its current revenues revenue, under such any restrictions and regulations as the city or
15	town council may by ordinance prescribe.
16	(b) In the event that payment is made in advance, the city or town may require a cash deposit as
17	collateral security and indemnity, equal in amount to such the payment, and may hold the same deposit as
18	a special deposit with the city treasurer or town clerk, in package form, as a pledge for the fulfillment and
19	performance of the contract or obligation for which the advance is made.
20	(c) Before the payment of the current expenses mentioned above, the city or town council shall
21	first set apart sufficient money to pay the interest upon its legal, valid, and outstanding bonded
22	indebtedness and any sinking funds therein provided for and shall be is authorized to pay all valid claims
23	against funds raised by tax especially authorized by law for the purpose of paying such the claims.
24	(3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
25	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
26	
27	Section 45. Section 7-6-4124, MCA, is amended to read:
28	"7-6-4124. Procedure to close inactive accounts. (1) Whenever the council of any city or town
29	having a corporate existence in this state shall deem considers it necessary to remove inactive accounts
30	from its records , where said When the accounts shall do not have any further purpose, it shall be is lawful



1	for said the council to direct the proper city or town officials to file claims against the respective inactive
2	funds in favor of the general fund of said the city or town, after which the council shall allow the same
3	claims and cause the inactive funds to be closed and not continued in the record of active funds.

(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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Section 46. Section 7-6-4131, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4131. Allocation and appropriation of all-purpose levy -- exception. (1) In the event When the all-purpose levy method provided for in 7-6-4452 is followed in municipal financing, any municipality following it shall appropriate the levy to the several departments of the municipality in its annual budget and appropriation ordinance or in other legal manner, as the governing body of such the municipality shall deem considers best.

- (2) Any municipality which that has adopted an urban renewal plan may allocate the funds raised by its levy within the urban renewal area in accordance with the provisions of its urban renewal plan.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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- Section 47. Section 7-6-4132, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4132. Distribution of all-purpose levy -- exception. (1) The money received from the all-purpose levy shall must be accounted for in a common fund known as the all-purpose general fund.
- (2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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- Section 48. Section 7-6-4133, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4133. Deposit of revenues from certain sources in all-purpose fund -- exception. (1) Cities and towns making the all-purpose annual mill levy shall deposit into the all-purpose general fund all money received from other sources, including fees, charges, and fines received from the operation of airports, libraries, swimming pools, parking lots, golf courses, and any other operation supported in part or whole from an appropriation of the all-purpose levy and not otherwise provided by law.
 - (2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting



method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 49. Section 7-6-4203, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4203. Scope of part. The provisions of this part shall apply to all cities or towns in this state, except for cities and towns that have adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 50. Section 7-6-4205, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4205. Role of department of commerce. The department of commerce shall make rules and classifications and prescribe forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this part. It shall define what expenditures are chargeable to each budget account and shall establish accounting and cost systems necessary to provide accurate budget information. This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 51. Section 7-6-4221, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4221. Filing of estimate of revenues and expenses with clerk -- exception. (1) Before July 1 of each year, the clerk of each city shall notify in writing each official in charge of an office, department, service, or institution of the municipality to file with the clerk, before July 10, detailed and itemized estimates, both of the probable revenues from sources other than taxation and of all expenditures required by the office, department, service, or institution for the current fiscal year.

- (2) (a) The council shall submit to the clerk the estimate of expenditures for all purposes for the council. The council shall also submit to the clerk detailed estimates of all expenditures for construction or improvement purposes proposed to be made from the proceeds of bond issues not yet authorized and from the proceeds of tax levies which that are required to be submitted to and approved at an election to be held.
- (b) The mayor of the municipality shall submit to the clerk a detailed estimate showing the amount to be appropriated from funds belonging to the municipality to defray the municipality's portion of the cost of making improvements in special improvement districts and maintaining them and of installing lighting systems in special lighting districts and maintaining them.
 - (c) The city treasurer shall prepare the estimates for interest and debt reduction.



1	(d) The clerk shall prepare all other estimates which that properly fall within the duties of his the
2	clerk's office.
3	(3) The estimates required in this section shall must be submitted on forms provided by the clerk
4	and prescribed by the department of commerce. The form may be varied or departed from only with
5	permission and approval of the department. Each of the officials shall file the estimates within the time and
6	in the manner provided in the form and notice.
7	(4) In the absence or disability of an official, the duties required in this section or 7-6-4223 devolve
8	upon the official or employee in charge of the office, department, service, or institution for the time being.
9	(5) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method
10	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
11	
12	Section 52. Section 7-6-4223, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"7-6-4223. Penalty for noncompliance with filing requirements exception. (1) The clerk shall
14	deduct and withhold as a penalty from the salary or compensation of each official failing or refusing to file
15	the estimate the sum of \$10 for each day of delay. The total penalty against an official may not exceed \$50
16	per year.
17	(2) The notice provided for in 7-6-4221 shall must contain a copy of this penalty clause.
18	(3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
19	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
20	
21	Section 53. Section 7-6-4224, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"7-6-4224. Preparation of expenditure program and information on sources of revenue exception.
23	(1) From estimates of revenue and disbursements, the clerk shall prepare a tabulation showing the complete
24	expenditure program of the municipality for the current fiscal year and the sources of revenue by which it
25	is to be financed.
26	(2) The tabulation shall must set forth:
27	(a) the estimated receipts from all sources other than taxation for each office, department, service,
28	or institution for the current fiscal year;



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(c) the surplus or unencumbered treasury balances at the close of that last fiscal year;

(b) the actual receipts for the last completed fiscal year;

54th Legislature

ı	(d) the amount necessary to be raised by taxation;
2	(e) the estimated expenditure for each office, department, service, or institution for the current
3	fiscal year;
4	(f) the actual expenditures for the last completed fiscal year;
5	(g) all contracts or other obligations which that will affect the current year revenues revenue;
6	(h) the total amount of emergency warrants issued during the preceding fiscal year, with the
7	amount issued for each emergency and the amount issued against each fund.
8	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
9	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
10	
11	Section 54. Section 7-6-4225, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"7-6-4225. Classification of estimates, appropriations, and expenditures exception. (1) In the
13	tabulation required by 7-6-4224, the estimates, appropriations, and expenditures shall must be classified
14	as:
15	(a) salaries and wages;
16	(b) maintenance and operation;
17	(c) capital outlay;
18	(d) interest and debt redemption;
19	(e) miscellaneous; and
20	(f) expenditures proposed to be made from bond issues not yet authorized or from the proceeds
21	of a tax levy or levies which that are required to be submitted to and approved at an election to be held
22	later.
23	(2) (a) Within the class of salaries and wages, each salary shall must be set forth separately,
24	together with the title or position of the recipient. An unitemized appropriation may be made to cover the
25	expenses of special deputies or assistants in an office where <u>in which</u> the services of the special deputies
26	or assistants may be required during a part of the fiscal year only. Wages for day labor may be given in
27	totals by designating the general purpose or object for which the expenditure is to be made, but the
28	proposed rate per day for each class or kind of labor shall must be set forth.
29	(b) Expenditures under the general class of maintenance and operation shall must be classified



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according to a standard classification to be established by the department of commerce.

1	(c) Expenditures for capital outlay shall must set forth and describe each object of expenditure
2	separately.
3	(d) Under the general class of interest and debt redemption, proposed expenditures for interest and
4	for redemption of principal shall must be set forth separately for each series or issue of bonds, and warrant
5	interest and redemption requirements shall must be set forth in a similar manner.
6	(e) Under the general class of miscellaneous, expenditures for all purposes not listed in or which
7	that cannot properly be assigned to any of the general classes shall must be set forth and itemized in detail
8	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
9	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
10	
11	Section 55. Section 7-6-4226, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"7-6-4226. Consideration of tabulation by council preparation of preliminary budget exception
13	(1) The tabulation shall must be submitted to the council by the clerk on or before July 20.
14	(2) Upon receipt thereof of the tabulation, the council shall immediately consider the same
15	tabulation in detail and shall, on or before July 25, make any revisions, reductions, additions, or changes
16	therein that they deem the council considers advisable. Such The tabulation, with such any revisions
17	reductions, additions, or changes as have been made therein as herein provided , shall constitute constitutes
18	the preliminary budget of the municipality for the fiscal year which it is intended to cover.
19	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
20	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
21	
22	Section 56. Section 7-6-4227, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"7-6-4227. Notice of hearing on preliminary budget exception. (1) The council shall then cause
24	<u>publish</u> a notice to be published stating that:
25	(a) the council has completed its preliminary municipal budget for the current fiscal year;
26	(b) the budget has been placed on file and is open to inspection in the office of the clerk of the
27	municipality;
28	(c) the council will meet for the purpose of fixing the final budget and making appropriations



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(d) any taxpayer or resident may appear at the meeting and be heard for or against any part of the

designating the date, time, and place when and where such that the meeting will be held; and

54th Legislature LC0915.01

budget.

(2) The notice shall <u>must</u> be published at least one time in the official newspaper of the municipality or, if there is none, then in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the municipality is situated.

(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 57. Section 7-6-4228, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4228. Hearing on preliminary budget -- exception. (1) At least 3 days prior to the adoption of the final budget, the council shall meet at the time and place designated in the notice provided in 7-6-4227, at which time any taxpayer or resident may appear and be heard for or against any part of the budget. The council may call in the official in charge of an office, department, service, or institution, at the time the estimates for their each respective offices are office is under consideration, for examination concerning the estimates. The official shall must be called in by the council, upon the request of a taxpayer or resident, for questioning upon the estimates either by the council, taxpayer, or resident.

- (2) The hearing shall <u>must</u> be continued from day to day and shall <u>must</u> be concluded and the budget finally approved and adopted on or before the second Monday in August, prior to the fixing of the tax levies by the council.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 58. Section 7-6-4229, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4229. Determination of projected fund cash flow following hearing -- exception. (1) Upon the conclusion of the hearing, the council shall first determine the amount estimated to accrue to each fund during the fiscal year from all sources except the taxation of property. In so doing, the council may not include any amount anticipated from the payment of taxes which that became delinquent during a preceding fiscal year.

(2) The council shall then determine separately the amount appropriated for and authorized to be spent for each item in the budget and shall specify the fund against which warrants are to be drawn for the expenditures so authorized. There may not be added to the amount appropriated and authorized to be



- spent for an item or purpose or to the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from any fund, other than a fund for the payment of principal or interest on outstanding bonds, any amount because of anticipated loss of revenue by reason of nonpayment of taxes levied for the fiscal year. The expenditures authorized from a fund, including reserve, may not exceed the aggregate of:
 - (a) the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year in excess of outstanding unpaid warrants against the fund at the close of that fiscal year;
 - (b) the amount of estimated revenues revenue to accrue to the fund; and
 - (c) the amount which that may be raised for the fund by a lawful tax levy during the fiscal year.
 - (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 59. Section 7-6-4230, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4230. Determination of fund requirements to be met by tax levy -- exception. (1) Following the determinations required by 7-6-4229, the council shall determine the amount to be raised for each fund for which a tax levy is to be made by adding the cash balance in excess of outstanding unpaid warrants at the close of the preceding fiscal year and the amount of the estimated revenues, if any, to accrue to the fund during the current fiscal year. It shall then deduct the total amount so obtained from the total amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures from the fund as determined by the council in the budget adopted and approved. The amount remaining is the amount necessary to be raised for any fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.

- (2) The council may add to the amount necessary to be raised for any fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year an additional amount as a reserve to meet expenditures to be made from the fund during the months of July to November of the next fiscal year. The amount added to any fund as a reserve may not exceed one-third of the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from the fund during the current fiscal year, after deducting from the amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent for election expenses and payment of emergency and other outstanding warrants.
- (3) The total amount to be raised by tax levy for any fund during the current fiscal year, including the amount of the reserve, must may not exceed the total amount which that may be raised for the fund by a tax levy which that does not exceed the maximum levy permitted by law to be made for the fund.



54th Legislature

1	(4) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
2	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
3	
4	Section 60. Section 7-6-4231, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"7-6-4231. Final budget approval, adoption, and amendment exception. (1) The budget as
6	finally determined, in addition to setting out separately each item for which an appropriation is made or
7	expenditure authorized and the fund out of which it is to be paid, shall must set out:
8	(a) the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from each fund;
9	(b) the cash balance in excess of outstanding unpaid warrants at the close of the preceding fisca
10	year;
11	(c) the amount estimated to accrue to the fund from sources other than taxation;
12	(d) the reserve for the next fiscal year; and
13	(e) the amount necessary to be raised for each fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.
14	(2) The council shall then by resolution approve and adopt the budget as finally determined, and
15	the clerk shall enter the resolution at length in the official minutes of the council. The clerk shall keep a
16	copy of the budget with the resolution in the official records of the municipality.
17	(3)(a) Subject to compliance with the procedures set forth in subsection (4), the council may
18	approve and adopt a resolution amending a final budget when:
19	(i) shortfalls in anticipated and budgeted revenues occur that, unless reductions in appropriations
20	are made, will result in expenditures for the year exceeding actual revenues revenue and cash balances
21	available therefor ; or
22	(ii) savings result from unanticipated adjustments in projected expenditures.
23	(b) Amended appropriations must be classified as:
24	(i) salaries and wages;
25	(ii) maintenance and operation;
26	(iii) capital outlay;
27	(iv) interest and debt redemption; or
28	(v) miscellaneous.
29	(4) Prior to amending a final budget, the council shall:
30	(a) hold a public hearing on the proposed amendments at least 7 days prior to a vote on the



resolution	amending	the	budget:	and
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- (b) publish notice at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town at least 6 but not more than 16 days before the hearing on the budget amendments. The published notice must specify the date, time, place, and subject of the hearing.
- (5) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 61. Section 7-6-4232, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-6-4232. Fixing of tax levy -- exception. (1) On or before the second Monday in August and after the approval and adoption of the final budget, the council shall fix the tax levy for each fund at a rate, not exceeding limits prescribed by law, which that will raise the amount set out in the budget as the amount necessary to be raised by tax levy for that fund during the current fiscal year. The taxable valuation of the city for the current fiscal year shall must be the basis for determining the amount of the tax levy for each fund, and each tax levy shall must be at a rate no not higher than is required on that basis, without including any amount for anticipated tax delinquency, to raise the amount set out in the budget.
- (2) If the council considers that a levy made for a bond sinking or interest fund will not provide a sufficient amount to pay all bond principal and interest becoming due during the current fiscal year or within 6 months after the current fiscal year because of anticipated tax delinquency, the council may fix the levy at a rate it considers necessary to raise the amount for making the payments of principal and interest over and above the anticipated tax delinquency.
 - (3) Each levy shall must be made in the manner provided by 15-10-201.
- (4) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 62. Section 7-6-4235, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-6-4235. Limitations on appropriations after budget adopted -- exception. (1) The estimates of expenditures, itemized and classified as required in 7-6-4224 and 7-6-4225 and as finally fixed and adopted and as may be amended as provided in 7-6-4231 by said the council, shall constitute the appropriations for the municipality for the fiscal year intended to be covered thereby by the estimates.
 - (2) Except as provided in 7-6-4236, the council and every each other municipal official shall be is



54th Legislature LC0915.01

1 limited in the making of expenditures or incurring of liabilities to the amount of such the detailed 2 appropriations and classifications, respectively. 3 (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting 4 method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]." 5 6 Section 63. Section 7-6-4236, MCA, is amended to read: 7 "7-6-4236. Transfer of appropriations within and among expenditure classes. (1) Upon a resolution 8 adopted by the council at a regular or special meeting and entered upon its minutes, transfers or revisions 9 within or among the general class or classes of salaries and wages, maintenance and support, and capital 10 outlay may be made, provided that no a salary shall may not be increased above the amount appropriated therefor. 11 (2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method 12 13 provided for in [sections 1 through 4]." 14 Section 64. Section 7-6-4240, MCA, is amended to read: 15 16 "7-6-4240. Lapse of appropriation. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), all appropriations, other than the appropriations for uncompleted improvements in progress of construction, 17 18 shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year. (2) (a) The appropriation accounts shall must remain open for a period of 30 days after the end of 19 20 the fiscal year for the payment of claims incurred against such the appropriations prior to the close of the fiscal year and remaining unpaid. After such the 30-day period shall have has expired, all appropriations, 21 22 except as hereinbefore otherwise provided regarding uncompleted improvements, shall become null and 23 void, and any lawful claim presented thereafter against any such appropriation shall must be provided for 24 in the ensuing budget.

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Section 65. Section 7-6-4241, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4241. Clerk's report concerning expenditures, liabilities, and appropriations -- exception. (1)

The clerk shall submit to the council, on a date set by the council, a report showing the expenditures and

(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting



method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

liabilities against each separate budget appropriation incurred during the preceding calendar month and like similar information for the whole of the fiscal year to the first day of the month in which such the report is made, together with the unexpended balance of each appropriation. The clerk shall also set forth the receipts from taxes and in detail the receipts from all other sources by each fund for the same period.

(2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 66. Section 7-6-4408, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4408. Distribution of tax money. (1) The council or commission in each city or town may distribute the tax money collected for general municipal or administrative purposes into the funds prescribed by ordinance.

(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 67. Section 15-10-203, MCA, is amended to read:

exception. (1) A local taxing authority may not budget an increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue in excess of the property tax revenue it received the previous fiscal year exclusive of revenue from ad valorem taxation on properties appearing for the first time on the property tax record unless it adopts a resolution to budget additional property tax revenue. Prior to adoption of the resolution, the taxing authority shall hold a public hearing for the purpose of receiving comments on its intention to budget increased property tax revenue. The taxing authority shall advertise notice of the public hearing as specified in subsection (2). The public hearing may be held in conjunction with the tentative budget hearing or any other budget hearing that may be required by law.

(2) The taxing authority shall advertise its intent to budget an increase in property tax revenue in a newspaper meeting the requirements of 7-1-4127, except that the newspaper may not be primarily in the business of publishing legal advertisements. If there is no not a newspaper in the county, in addition to being posted as required in 7-1-4127, the advertisement must be published in one or more newspapers of general circulation widely subscribed to by the residents of the county. The advertisement may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear. The



1	advertisement must meet the notice requirements of 7-1-4128. The advertisement must be published with					
2	at least the following information:					
3	"NOTICE OF BUDGET INCREASE FROM PROPERTY TAXES					
4	The (name of the taxing authority) intends to budget an increase in revenue from property taxatio					
5	by (percentage of increase in property tax revenue from previous fiscal year) percent.					
6	All concerned persons are invited to attend a public hearing on budgeting the increased property					
7	tax revenue to be held on (date and time) at (meeting place).					
8	A decision on budgeting the increased property tax revenue will be made after considering					
9	comments made at this hearing.					
10	For further information please contact: (name, address, and phone number of person who can be					
11	contacted for further information)."					
12	(3) This section does not apply to a local taxing authority that has adopted the alternative					
13	accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."					
14						
15	NEW SECTION. Section 68. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 4] are intended to be					
16	codified as an integral part of Title 7, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 7, chapter 6, apply to [sections					
17	1 through 4].					
18						
19	NEW SECTION. Section 69. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.					
20	-END-					



STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for HB0530, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act implementing the recommendation of the Governor's Task Force to renew Montana government by creating an alternative accounting method for local government entities effective on passage and approval.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- This legislation applies to local government entities.
- The State of Montana Single Audit Act (Title 2, Chapter 7, Part 5), is amended.

FISCAL IMPACT:

There is no fiscal impact to state agencies.

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

The requirement for an annual audit of those local government entities adopting the alternative accounting method may increase costs to those entities. Current statute requires a biennial audit.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

- Section 2 refers to 2-7-501(7) which defines "local government entity." It is unclear whether this bill applies only to a consolidated city-county, county, city, or town or if this bill applies to any local government entity as defined in 2-7-501(7). Section 3 (1) also implies a broader definition of local government entity as it includes any entity created by a local government.
- Section 3 should read "Adoption of alternative accounting method." rather than 2. "auditing."
- Section 3 (1). In Section 2 the bill appears to limit the alternative accounting 3. method provided for in the bill to county, city, town, or consolidated city-county governments. Subsection (1) of Section 3, however, appears to permit a county, city, town, or consolidated city-county government to provide that alternative accounting method by ordinance to "entities created under its legislative authority." This would appear to include most special purpose governments, such as water and sewer districts, fire districts, etc. that are created by county governments. If the alternative is opened up to special purpose governments at the option of a county, city, town, or consolidated city-county government, it appears that the specific finance/budget related statutes to be superseded by the provisions in this bill would have to be listed for all of those districts, just as the bill does for counties, cities and towns. If the intent is to actually limit the alternative accounting method to county, city, town, or consolidated city-county governments, it appears that a period should be placed after [section 4] in subsection (1) of Section 3. The last part of the subsection should be deleted, which reads as follows: "and may by ordinance authorize any of the entities created under its legislative authority to adopt the alternative accounting method."

(continued on page 2)

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

WILLIAM R. WISEMAN, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB0530, as introduced

- 4. Section 3 (4) as presently written does not appear to ensure that a local government entity continues to receive an unqualified auditor's opinion on its financial statements in order to continue using this alternative.
- 5. Section 4 (1) refers to "generally accepted accounting principles established by the federal accounting standards advisory board" which should be the governmental accounting standards board (GASB). The state of Montana has adopted and follows the accounting standards issued by GASB.
- 6. Section 4 (4) requires an annual audit in accordance with Title 2, Chapter 7, part 5. Section 2-7-503 (3) (a) requires an audit at least every 2 years. Section 4 appears to conflict with existing statute and the proposed amended statute.
- 7. Section 5 eliminates these entities from the uniform financial reporting requirements. The department has adopted reporting requirements similar to those proposed by this bill and this exception (2-7-503(7)) does not appear necessary.
- 8. Section 6 impacts the State of Montana Single Audit Act. Section 2-7-504 currently provides for an exception to its requirements. It states "Unless otherwise required by law." The exception clause (2-7-504(2)) appears unnecessary and redundant.
- 9. The exception provided in Section 7 (2-7-513(2)(b)) removes the requirement related to the annual financial report. Currently the department has adopted reporting requirements similar to those proposed by this bill and therefore this exception section appears unnecessary.

APPROVED BY COM ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 530
2	INTRODUCED BY WISEMAN, GAGE, SWANSON, MASOLO, WYATT, ECK, FORBES, GRADY, BECK,
3	CHRISTIAENS
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR'S
6	TASK FORCE TO RENEW MONTANA GOVERNMENT BY CREATING AN ALTERNATIVE ACCOUNTING
7	METHOD FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-7-503, 2-7-504, 2-7-513
8	7-3-4371, 7-3-4372, 7-6-2111, 7-6-2112, 7-6-2202, 7-6-2203, 7-6-2211, 7-6-2213, 7-6-2302, 7-6-2311
9	7-6-2312, 7-6-2314, 7-6-2315, 7-6-2316, 7-6-2317, 7-6-2318, 7-6-2319, 7-6-2320, 7-6-2321, 7-6-2324
10	7-6-2325, 7-6-2330, 7-6-2331, 7-6-2525, 7-6-4103, 7-6-4104, 7-6-4105, 7-6-4106, 7-6-4107, 7-6-4108
11	7-6-4109, 7-6-4110, 7-6-4111, 7-6-4112, 7-6-4113, 7-6-4119, 7-6-4121, 7-6-4124, 7-6-4131, 7-6-4132
12	7-6-4133, 7-6-4203, 7-6-4205, 7-6-4221, 7-6-4223, 7-6-4224, 7-6-4225, 7-6-4226, 7-6-4227, 7-6-4228
13	7-6-4229, 7-6-4230, 7 -6-4231, 7-6-4232, 7-6-4235, 7-6-4236, 7-6-4240, 7-6-4241, 7-6-4408, AND
14	15-10-203, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
17	
18	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Purpose. The purpose of [sections 1 through 4] is to create an
19	accounting method for local governments that provides an alternative to following the detailed bookkeeping
20	rules contained in this title that have been built up over decades and to encourage local governments to
21	adopt generally accepted accounting principles and auditing standards. These principles are more rigorous
22	comprehensive, and businesslike than those contained elsewhere in this title. It is the intent of the
23	legislature that all local governments eventually follow generally accepted accounting principles and auditing
24	standards.

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28 as defined in 2 7 501(7).

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 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}} \ \ \textbf{Section 3.} \ \ \textbf{Adoption of alternative } \ \underline{\textbf{ACCOUNTING}} \ \ \textbf{method.} \ \ \textbf{(1)} \ \ \textbf{A local}$

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definition. For the purposes of [sections 1 through 4], "local



government entity" means a consolidated city-county or a county, OR AN INCORPORATED city, or town

government entity may by resolution adopt the alternative accounting method established in [section 4] and
may by ordinance authorize any of the entities created under its legislative authority to adopt the alternative
accounting method.

- (2) A local government entity that adopts the alternative accounting method is considered to have complied with state accounting and financial reporting standards and requirements.
- (3) A local government entity that does not adopt the alternative accounting method is subject to state accounting and financial reporting standards and requirements.
- (4) A local government entity may not adopt the alternative accounting method unless it has received an auditor's unqualified opinion on its annual financial statements prepared for its preceding fiscal year.

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 4. Alternative accounting method -- requirements. A local government entity that adopts the alternative accounting method shall:
- (1) prepare its accounting records and financial reports in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles established by the <u>federal GOVERNMENTAL</u> accounting standards advisory board or its generally recognized successor;
 - (2) adopt a fiscal year that commences on July 1 of each year;
- (3) (a) compile an annual financial report covering the preceding fiscal year and submit a copy of the annual financial report or an annual audit, pursuant to subsection (3)(b), to the department of commerce within 6 months of the end of that reported fiscal year; or
- (b) if the local government entity submits an audit report in lieu of an annual financial report, ensure that the audit report contains, at a minimum, the entity's general purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund and account group statements as defined under the principles described in subsection (1);
 - (4) cause an annual audit in accordance with the provisions of Title 2, chapter 7, part 5; and
 - (5) ensure that a budget is made each year that:
- (a) shows the complete expenditure program for the local government entity for the coming fiscal year and the sources by which it will be funded;
 - (b) must be completed by July 1 of the current fiscal year;
 - (c) must be approved or amended by the governing body in a regularly scheduled meeting;



(d)	must	be	the	subject	of	one	or	more	advertised	public	hearings_	PURSUANT	TO	THE
PROVISION	IS OF	<u>7-1-</u>	212	1 OR 7-1	-41	<u>27,</u> ŗ	orio	r to ap	proval or an	nendme	nt; and			

(e) must be submitted to the department of commerce by September 15.

Section 5. Section 2-7-503, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-7-503. Financial reports and audits of local government entities -- exception. (1) The governing body or managing or executive officer of a local government entity, other than a school district or associated cooperative, shall ensure that a financial report is made every year. A school district or associated cooperative shall comply with the provisions of 20-9-213. The financial report must cover the preceding fiscal year, be in a form prescribed by the department, and be completed within 4 months of the end of the reporting period. The local government entity shall submit the financial report to the department for review.

- (2) The department shall prescribe a uniform reporting system for all local government entities subject to financial reporting requirements, other than school districts. The superintendent of public instruction shall prescribe the reporting requirements for school districts.
- (3) (a) The governing body or managing or executive officer of each local government entity receiving revenues revenue or financial assistance in the period covered by the financial report in excess of \$200,000 or federal financial assistance in excess of \$25,000 shall cause an audit to be made at least every 2 years. The audit must cover the entity's preceding 2 fiscal years. The audit must commence within 9 months from the close of the last fiscal year of the audit period. The audit must be completed and submitted to the department for review within 1 year from the close of the last fiscal year covered by the audit.
- (b) The governing body or managing or executive officer of a local government entity that does not meet the criteria established in subsection (3)(a) shall at least once every 4 years, if directed by the department, or, in the case of a school district, if directed by the department at the request of the superintendent of public instruction, cause a financial review, as defined by department rule, to be conducted of the financial statements of the entity for the preceding fiscal year.
- (4) An audit conducted in accordance with this part is in lieu of any financial or financial and compliance audit of an individual financial assistance program that a local government is required to conduct under any other state or federal law or regulation. If an audit conducted pursuant to this part



1	provides a state agency with the information it requires to carry out its responsibilities under state or federal
2	law or regulation, the state agency shall rely upon and use that information to plan and conduct its own
3	audits or reviews in order to avoid a duplication of effort.

- (5) In addition to the audits required by this section, the department may at any time conduct or contract for a special audit or review of the affairs of any local government entity referred to in this part. The special audit or review must, to the extent practicable, build upon audits performed pursuant to this part.
- (6) The fee for the special audit or review must be a charge based upon the costs incurred by the department in relation to the special audit or review. The audit fee must be paid by the local government entity to the state treasurer and deposited in the enterprise fund to the credit of the department.
- (7) Subsections (1) through (3) do not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 6. Section 2-7-504, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-7-504. Accounting methods -- exception. (1) Unless otherwise required by law, the department shall prescribe by rule the general methods and details of accounting for the receipt and disbursement of all money belonging to local government entities and shall establish in those offices general methods and details of accounting. All local government entity officers shall conform with the accounting standards prescribed by the department.

(2) This section does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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Section 7. Section 2-7-513, MCA, is amended to read:

- "2-7-513. Content of audit report and financial report -- exception. (1) The audit reports shall must comply with the reporting requirements of government auditing standards issued by the U.S. comptroller general and federal regulations adopted by department rule.
- (2) (a) The department shall prescribe general methods and details of accounting for the financial report for local government entities other than schools. The financial report must be submitted in a form required by the department. The superintendent of public instruction shall prescribe the general methods and details of accounting for financial reports for schools.



1	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative
2	accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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4	Section 8. Section 7-3-4371, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"7-3-4371. Estimate of expenditures and revenues exception. (1) The city manager shall submit
6	to the commission an estimate of the expenditures and revenues of the municipal departments for the
7	ensuing year. The estimate shall must be compiled from detailed information obtained from the several
8	departments on uniform blanks to be furnished by the city manager. The classification of the expenditures
9	shall must be as nearly uniform as possible for the main functional divisions of all departments and shall
10	must give in parallel columns the following information:
11	(a) a detailed estimate of the expenses of conducting each department as submitted by the
12	department;
13	(b) expenditures for corresponding items for the last 2 fiscal years;
14	(c) expenditures for the corresponding items for the current fiscal year, including adjustments due
15	to transfers between appropriations, plus an estimate of expenditure necessary to complete the current
16	fiscal year;
17	(d) amount of supplies and materials on hand at the date of the preparation of the invoice;
18	(e) increase or decrease of requests compared with the corresponding appropriations for the current
19	year;
20	(f) such other information as that is required by the commission or that the city manager may deem
21	consider advisable to submit;
22	(g) the recommendation of the city manager as to the amounts to be appropriated, with reasons
23	therefor for the recommendation, in such the detail as that the commission may direct.
24	(2) A sufficient number of copies of such the estimate shall must be prepared and submitted that
25	there may be are copies on file in the office of the commission for inspection by the public.
26	(3) This section does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative
27	accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
28	
29	Section 9. Section 7-3-4372, MCA, is amended to read:



"7-3-4372. Procedure to enact appropriation ordinance -- exception. (1) Upon receipt of such the

estimate, the commission shall prepare an appropriation ordinance in such the form as that may be prescribed by ordinance or resolution. Before finally acting upon such the tentative appropriation, the commission shall fix a time and place for holding public hearing upon the tentative appropriation and shall give public notice of such the hearing. Following the public hearings and before its final passage, the appropriation ordinance shall must be published with a parallel comparison with the recommendation of the city manager. The commission shall may not pass the appropriation ordinance until 10 days after its publication or before the second Monday in August.

- (2) If, at the beginning of the term of office of the first commission elected under the provisions of this part and part 44, the appropriations for the expenditures of the municipal government for the current fiscal year have been made, said the commission shall have the power may by ordinance to revise, repeal, or change said the appropriations and to make additional appropriations.
- (3) This section does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 10. Section 7-6-2111, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2111. Duties of county treasurer. (1) The county treasurer must:

(1)(a) must receive all money belonging to the county and all other money directed to be paid to him the treasurer by law, safely keep the same money, and apply and pay them the money out, rendering and account thereof for the money as required by law;

(2)(b) shall keep an account of the receipt and expenditures of all such the money in books provided for the purpose, in which must be entered:

(a)(i) the amount, the time when, from whom, and on what account all money was received by him; (b)(ii) the amount, time when, to whom, and on what account all disbursements were made by him;

(3)(c) so shall keep his books so that the amounts received and paid out on account of separate funds or specific appropriations are exhibited in separate and distinct accounts, with the whole receipts and

expenditures shown in one general or cash account;

(4)(d) may not enter no money received for the current year on his the treasurer's account with the county for the past fiscal year until after his the treasurer's annual settlement for the past year has been made with the county clerk;

(5)(e) shall disburse the county money only on county warrants issued by the county clerk, based



on orders of the board of county commissioners, or as otherwise provided by law.

(2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 11. Section 7-6-2112, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2112. Treasurer's reports to county commissioners -- exception. (1) Each county treasurer must shall make a detailed monthly report to the board of county commissioners of his county, of all money received by him and the disbursement thereof and disbursed by the treasurer, and of all debts due to and from the county, and of all other proceedings in his the treasurer's office, so that the receipts into the treasury and the amount of disbursements, together with the debts due to and from the county, appear clearly and distinctly.
- (2) On the first Monday of January, April, July, and October of each year the county treasurer must shall settle with the board of county commissioners for all money collected, and on . On those days the treasurer must shall deliver to the board affidavits verifying the reconcilement of the balance on hand in the county treasury. After the approval of the statements and the accompanying affidavits, one copy of the quarterly report shall must be filed with the county clerk of the county and one copy shall must be retained by the county treasurer.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 12. Section 7-6-2202, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2202. Duties of county clerk related to finance -- exception. (1) The county clerk must shall draw warrants on the county treasury in favor of all persons entitled thereto to the warrants in payment:
- (a) of all claims and demands chargeable against the county which have been legally examined, allowed, and ordered paid by the board of county commissioners; and
- (b) for all debts and demands against the county when the amounts are fixed by law and are not directed to be audited by some other person or tribunal.
- (2) The county clerk <u>must shall</u> keep accounts current with the treasurer. When any person deposits with the county treasurer any money paid into the treasury, the county clerk <u>shall must</u> be furnished by the treasurer with a duplicate of the receipt issued to the person, <u>which</u>. The duplicate receipt

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1	shall must be filed in the office of the county clerk, and the county clerk shall charge the treasurer with the
2	amount thereof of the deposit.
3	(3) The county clerk must shall make the annual statement as prescribed in 7-6-2203.
4	(4) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method

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Section 13. Section 7-6-2203, MCA, is amended to read:

provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

"7-6-2203. Annual financial statement -- exception. (1) Within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year, the county clerk shall make out compile and present to the board of county commissioners and the department of commerce a complete statement of the financial condition of the county. The statement must show:

- (a) a detailed description of all of the resources and liabilities of the county and the book value of them the resources and liabilities;
 - (b) the amount of money received, showing the source of that revenue;
 - (c) the amount of money disbursed, with the purpose of disbursement;
- (d) the operation of each of the cash and warrant accounts, showing the balance at the beginning of the year, the credits, the debits, and the balance at the end of the year;
 - (e) the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the county;
 - (f) the rate of taxation and the amount of taxes delinquent for the preceding years; and
 - (g) such other items as that the department of commerce may prescribe.
 - (2) The statement shall must be made out on the form designated by the department.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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Section 14. Section 7-6-2211, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2211. Authorization to conduct county business on a cash basis. (1) In-case If the total indebtedness of a county, lawful when incurred, exceeds the limit of 23% established in 7-7-2101 by reason of great diminution of taxable value, the county may conduct its business affairs on a cash basis and pay the reasonable and necessary current expenses of the county out of the cash in the county treasury derived from its current revenue and under such the restrictions and regulations as that may be



1	imposed by the board of county commissioners of the county by a resolution duly adopted and included
2	in the minutes of the board.
3	(2) Nothing in this This section restricts does not restrict the right of the board to make the
4	necessary tax levies for interest and sinking fund purposes, and nothing in this section affects does not
5	affect the right of any creditor of the county to pursue any remedy now given him by law to obtain
6	payment of his <u>a</u> claim.
7	(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
8	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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10	Section 15. Section 7-6-2213, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"7-6-2213. Report of fees received and money disbursed exception. (1) It is the duty of all All
12	county officers, justices of the peace, and constables to make shall report in writing, under oath, to the
13	board of county commissioners on the first Monday of March, June, September, and December, showing
14	in detail all fees, emoluments, and compensation received and money disbursed by them in their official
15	capacity during the quarter preceding the making of each report.
16	(2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
17	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
18	
19	Section 16. Section 7-6-2302, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"7-6-2302. Role of department of commerce exception. (1) The department of commerce shall
21	make rules and classifications and prescribe forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this part, to
22	define what expenditures are chargeable to each budget account, and to establish accounting and cost
23	systems necessary to provide accurate budget information.
24	(2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
25	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
26	
27	Section 17. Section 7-6-2311, MCA, is amended to read:
28	"7-6-2311. Filing of estimate of revenues and expenses with county clerk exception. (1) Before



June 1 each year the county clerk and recorder shall notify in writing each county official in charge of an

office, department, service, institution, or county-funded district court program of the county to file with

the county clerk and recorder, before June 10, detailed and itemized estimates, both of the probable revenues revenue from sources other than taxation and of all expenditures required by the office, department, service, or institution for the next fiscal year.

- (2) (a) The county commissioners shall submit to the county clerk and recorder the estimate of expenditures for all purposes for the board and a detailed statement showing all new road and bridge construction to be financed from county road and bridge funds, from any special road or bridge fund, from any special highway fund, and from bond issues issued or authorized for the next fiscal year, together with the cost of that construction as computed by the county surveyor or, if for construction in charge of a special engineer, then by that engineer. The county commissioners shall also submit to the county clerk and recorder detailed estimates of all expenditures for construction or improvement purposes proposed to be made from the proceeds of bond issues not yet authorized and from the proceeds of tax levies which that are required to be approved at an election to be held.
- (b) The county surveyor and any special engineer shall prepare the estimates of cost of road and bridge construction for the county commissioners. They shall also submit a similar statement showing road and bridge maintenance expenditures as nearly as can be estimated.
 - (c) The county treasurer shall prepare the estimates for interest and debt reduction.
- (d) The county clerk and recorder shall prepare all other estimates which that properly fall within the duties of his the office.
- (3) The estimates required in this section shall <u>must</u> be submitted on forms provided by the county clerk and recorder and prescribed by the department of commerce. The forms may only be varied or departed from with permission and approval of that department. Each of the officials shall file the estimates within the time and in the manner provided in the form and notice.
- (4) In the absence or disability of an official, the duties required by this section or 7-6-2312 devolve upon the official or employee in charge of the office, department, service, or institution.
- (5) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 18. Section 7-6-2312, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2312. Penalty for noncompliance with filing requirements -- exception. (1) The county clerk shall withhold as a penalty from the salary of each official failing or refusing to file the estimates, \$10 for



each day of delay. The total penalty against any official may not exceed \$50 in 1 year	each day of delay.	The total penalty:	against any official	may not exceed \$50 in 1 v	vear.
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- (2) The notice provided for in 7-6-2311 shall must contain a copy of this penalty clause.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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- Section 19. Section 7-6-2314, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2314. Classification of estimates, appropriations, and expenditures -- exception. (1) In the tabulation required by 7-6-2313, the estimates, appropriations, and expenditures shall must be classified as:
- 10 (a) salaries and wages;
 - (b) maintenance and operation;
- 12 (c) capital outlay;
- 13 (d) interest and debt redemption;
- 14 (e) miscellaneous; and
 - (f) expenditures proposed to be made from bond issues not yet authorized or from the proceeds of a tax levy or levies which that are required to be submitted to and approved at an election to be held later.
 - (2)(a) Within the general class of salaries and wages, each salary shall must be set forth separately, together with the title or position of the recipient. An unitemized appropriation may be made to cover the expenses of special deputies or assistants in any office where the services of such the special deputies or assistants may be required during a part of the fiscal year only. Wages for day labor may be given in totals by designating the general purpose or object for which the expenditure is to be made, but the proposed rate per day for each class or kind of labor shall must be set forth.
 - (b) Expenditures under the general class of maintenance and operation shall <u>must</u> be classified according to a standard classification to be established by the department of commerce.
 - (c) Expenditures for capital outlay shall must set forth and describe each object of expenditure separately.
 - (d) Under the general class of interest and debt redemption, proposed expenditures for interest and for redemption of principal shall <u>must</u> be set forth separately for each series or issue of bonds, and warrant interest and redemption requirements shall <u>must</u> be set forth in a similar manner.



1	(e) Under the general class of miscellaneous, expenditures for all purposes not listed in or which
2	that cannot properly be assigned to any of the general classes shall must be set forth and itemized in detail.
3	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
4	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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6	Section 20. Section 7-6-2315, MCA, is amended to read:
7	"7-6-2315. Consideration of tabulation by county commissioners exception. (1) The tabulation
8	shall must be submitted to the county commissioners by the county clerk and recorder on or before the
9	third Monday of July.
10	(2) Upon receipt thereof, the board of county commissioners shall immediately consider the budget
11	in detail and shall, on or before the fourth Monday of July, make any revisions, reductions, additions, or
12	changes that they consider the board considers advisable. The tabulation, with any revisions, reductions,
13	additions, or changes, is the county proposed budget for the fiscal year which it is intended to cover.
14	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
15	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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17	Section 21. Section 7-6-2316, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"7-6-2316. Notice of hearing on county proposed budget exception. (1) The board of county
19	commissioners shall then have cause a notice to be published stating that:
20	(a) the board has completed its county proposed budget for the current fiscal year;
21	(b) the budget is open to inspection in the office of the county clerk and recorder;
22	(c) the board will meet to fix the final budget and make appropriations, stating the date, time, and
23	place of the meeting; and
24	(d) any taxpayer or resident of the county may appear and be heard for or against any part of the
25	budget.
26	(2) The notice shall must be published two times, once each week, in a newspaper of general
27	circulation in the county.
28	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
29	provided for in [sections 1 through 4] "



1 Section 22.	Section 7-6-2317	7, MCA, is amended to rea	ad.
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"7-6-2317. Hearing on county proposed budget -- exception. (1) At least 3 days prior to the adoption of the final budget, the county commissioners shall meet at the time and place designated in the notice provided for in 7-6-2316, at which time any taxpayer or resident of the county may appear and be heard for or against any part of the budget.

- (2) The hearing shall <u>must</u> be continued from day to day and shall <u>must</u> be concluded and the budget approved and adopted on or before the second Monday in August, before the fixing of the tax levies by the board.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 23. Section 7-6-2318, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2318. Determination of projected fund cash flow following hearing -- exception. (1) Upon the conclusion of the hearing, the board shall first determine the amount estimated to accrue to each fund during the fiscal year from all sources except the taxation of property. In so doing, the board may not include any amount which that it is anticipated may be received during the fiscal year from the payment of taxes which that became delinquent during a preceding fiscal year.

- (2) The board shall then determine separately the amount appropriated for and authorized to be spent for each item in the budget and shall specify the fund or funds against which warrants are to be drawn and issued for each item in the budget and shall specify the fund or funds against which warrants are to be drawn for the expenditures authorized. There may not be added to the amount to be appropriated and authorized to be spent for an item or to the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from any fund any amount or percentage because of anticipated loss of revenue by reason of the nonpayment of taxes levied for that fiscal year. The total expenditures authorized to be made from any fund, including the reserve added to them, may not exceed the aggregate of:
 - (a) the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year;
 - (b) the amount of estimated revenues to accrue to the fund; and
 - (c) the amount which may be raised for the fund by a lawful tax levy during the fiscal year.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



Section 24. Section 7-6-2319, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2319. Determination of fund requirements to be met by tax levy -- exception. (1) Following the determinations required by 7-6-2318, the board shall determine the amount to be raised by tax levy for each fund by adding the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year and the amount of the estimated revenues revenue to accrue to the fund during the current fiscal year. It shall then deduct the total amount se obtained from the total amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures from the fund as determined by the board. The amount remaining is the amount necessary to be raised for the fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.

- (2) The board may add to the amount necessary to be raised for any fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year an additional amount as a reserve to meet expenditures to be made from the fund during the months of July to November of the next fiscal year. The amount which that may be so added to any fund as the reserve may not exceed one-third of the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from the fund during the current fiscal year, after deducting from the amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent for election expenses and payment of emergency warrants.
- (3) The total amount to be raised by tax levy for any fund during the current fiscal year, including the amount of the reserve and any amount for payment of election expenses and emergency warrants, may not exceed the total amount which may be raised for the fund by a tax levy which does not exceed the maximum levy permitted by law to be made for the fund.
- (4) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 25. Section 7-6-2320, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2320. Final budget -- approval, adoption, and amendment -- exception. (1) The budget as finally determined, in addition to setting out separately each item for which an appropriation or expenditure is authorized and the fund out of which it is to be paid, shall must set out:

- (a) the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from each fund;
- (b) the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year;
- (c) the amount estimated to accrue to the fund from sources other than taxation;
- (d) the reserve for the next fiscal year; and



1	(e) the amount necessary to be raised for each fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.
2	(2) The board shall then by resolution approve and adopt the budget as finally determined and enter
3	the budget at length in the official minutes of the board.
4	(3)(a) Subject to compliance with the procedures set forth in subsection (4), the board may approve
5	and adopt a resolution amending a final budget when:
6	(i) shortfalls in anticipated and budgeted revenues occur that, unless reductions in appropriations
7	are made, will result in expenditures for the year exceeding actual revenues and cash balances available
8	therefor for the year; or
9	(ii) savings result from unanticipated adjustments in projected expenditures.
0	(b) Amended appropriations must be classified as:
11	(i) salaries and wages;
2	(ii) maintenance and operation;
3	(iii) capital outlay;
4	(iv) interest and debt redemption; or
15	(v) miscellaneous.
6	(4) Prior to amending a final budget, the board shall:
7	(a) hold a public hearing on the proposed amendments at least 7 days prior to a vote on the
8	resolution amending the budget; and
9	(b) publish notice, at least once, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county at least 6 but
20	not more than 16 days before the hearing on the budget amendments. The published notice must specify
21	the date, time, place, and subject of the hearing.
22	(5) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
23	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
24	
25	Section 26. Section 7-6-2321, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"7-6-2321. Fixing of tax levy exception. (1) On or before the second Monday in August and after
27	the approval and adoption of the final budget, the board of county commissioners shall fix the tax levy for
28	each fund at a rate which will raise the amount set out in the budget as the amount necessary to be raised



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by tax levy for the fund during the current fiscal year. The taxable valuation of the county for the current

fiscal year shall must be the basis for determining the amount of the tax levy for each fund. Each tax levy

1	shall must be at a rate no not higher than is required on that basis, without including any amount for
2	anticipated tax delinquency, to produce the amount set out in the budget, without including any amount
3	for anticipated tax delinquency, as being that is the amount to be raised by tax levy.

- (2) The tax levy shall must be made in the manner provided by 15-10-201.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 27. Section 7-6-2324, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2324. Limitations on appropriations after budget adopted -- exception. (1) The estimates of expenditures, itemized and classified as required in 7-6-2313 and 7-6-2314 and as finally fixed and adopted and as may be amended as provided in 7-6-2320 by said the board of county commissioners, shall constitute constitutes the appropriations for the county for the fiscal year intended to be covered thereby by the estimates.

- (2) Except as provided in 3-5-404, 7-6-2325, and 7-31-2101, the county commissioners and every other county official, including judges of the district court, shall be <u>is</u> limited in the making of expenditures or incurring of liabilities to the amount of such the detailed appropriations and classifications, respectively.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 28. Section 7-6-2325, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2325. Transfer of appropriations within and among expenditure classes. (1) Upon a resolution adopted by the board of county commissioners at a regular or special meeting and entered upon its minutes, transfers or revisions in the general budget system within the classifications set forth in 7-6-2314(1)(a) through (1)(c) may be made, provided that no a salary shall may not be increased above the amount appropriated therefor.

(2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 29. Section 7-6-2330, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2330. Lapse of appropriation. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), all



appropriations, other than appropriations for incompleted uncompleted improvements in progress of construction, shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

(2) (a) The appropriation accounts shall must remain open for a period of 30 days after the end of the fiscal year for the payment of claims incurred against such the appropriations prior to the close of the fiscal year and remaining unpaid. After such the period shall have has expired, all appropriations, except as hereinbefore otherwise provided regarding uncompleted improvements, shall become null and void, and any lawful claim presented thereafter after expiration against any such appropriation shall must be provided for in the ensuing budget.

(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 30. Section 7-6-2331, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2331. Clerk's report concerning expenditures, liabilities, and appropriations -- auditor's report -- exception. (1) Within 4 working days after receipt of the treasurer's monthly report, the county clerk and recorder shall submit to the board of county commissioners a report showing the expenditures and liabilities against each separate budget appropriation incurred during the preceding calendar month and like information for the whole of the fiscal year to the first day of the month in which such the report is made, together with the unexpended balance of each appropriation. He The clerk and recorder shall also set forth the receipts from taxes and in detail the receipts from all other sources by each fund for the same period.

- (2) In counties having county auditors, the county auditor, on the last business day of each month, shall furnish the county clerk and recorder with a statement showing the total amount of liabilities incurred against each budget appropriation for which warrants have not been issued up to the close of said the business day.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

 Section 31. Section 7-6-2525, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2525. Distribution of all-purpose levy -- exception. (1) The money received from the all-purpose levy must be accounted for in a common fund known as the all-purpose fund.

(2) The all-purpose fund may be used only for purposes that are authorized for revenue derived



1	from the individual levies set forth in 7-6-2523, but the county governing body may allocate the revenue
2	from the fund, in accordance with county budget law, to fund any enumerated purpose that it considers
3	appropriate.
4	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
5	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
6	
7	Section 32. Section 7-6-4103, MCA, is amended to read:
8	"7-6-4103. Annual appropriation exception. (1) The council must shall, during the month of July
9	in each fiscal year, pass an ordinance to be known as the "Annual appropriation for the of for the
10	fiscal year beginning July 1, 19", in which ordinance there must be appropriated enough money to defray
11	the expenses or liabilities of the city or town for such the fiscal year. There must be specified therein in the
12	ordinance the amount appropriated for each separate object or fund and the salary or compensation to be
13	paid to each officer of the city or town.
14	(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
15	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
16	
17	Section 33. Section 7-6-4104, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"7-6-4104. Duties of city treasurer relating to finances exception. It shall be is the duty of the
19	city treasurer:
20	(1) to receive all money that comes to the city, either from taxation or otherwise, and to pay the
21	same out on the warrant of the mayor, countersigned by the clerk, drawn in accordance with law;
22	(2) to give every person paying money to him, as the treasurer a receipt therefor, specifying the
23	date of payment, the amount, and for what paid;
24	(3) to pay out, in the order they are registered, all warrants presented for payment, when there are
25	funds in the treasury to pay the same.

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Section 34. Section 7-6-4105, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4105. Financial reports and records to be maintained by city treasurer -- exception. (1) It shall

(4) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method



provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

1	be is the duty of the city treasurer:
2	(1)(a) to present to the council, on a date set by the council, a full and detailed statement of the
3	amounts of money belonging to the city received by him and disbursed by him the treasurer during the
4	preceding month and the state of each particular fund, which. The statement must be verified by his the
5	treasurer's oath;
6	(2)(b) to keep the books and accounts of the city in such a manner as to correctly present the
7	condition of the finances thereof of the city, which must always be open to the inspection of the mayor
8	or the council or any member thereof of the council;
9	(3)(c) to render at any time an account to the council, showing the money on hand and the
10	condition of the treasury;
11	(4)(d) to annually make out and submit to the city council at its last meeting prior to May 1 a
12	detailed account of all receipts and expenditures during the past fiscal year and to file the same with the
13	clerk;
14	(5)(e) to keep a separate account of each fund or appropriation and the debits and credits thereof
15	of the account;
16	(6)(f) to keep a register of all warrants paid, called "The Registry Book", which must show the date,
17	amount, and number and the person to whom and the fund from which the same was paid; and
18	$\frac{7}{g}$ to deliver and file with the city clerk all vouchers, warrants, or orders paid by him the
19	<u>treasurer</u> .
20	(2) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method
2.1	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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23	Section 35. Section 7-6-4106, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"7-6-4106. Publication or posting of annual statement of city receipts and expenditures $\underline{\ }$
25	exception. (1) An abstract of the account of receipts and expenditures required by 7-6-4105(4)(1)(e) must

Montana Legislative Council

the room or building occupied by the council.

provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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29 30 be published in some newspaper in the city, or if none is published, such the abstract must be posted in

(2) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method

1	Section 36. Section 7-6-4107, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"7-6-4107. Duties of the city clerk related to finance exception. (1) It is the duty of the clerk to
3	enter in a book kept for that purpose the date, amount, and person in whose favor and for what purpose
4	warrants are drawn upon the city treasury. Such The book is called "The Finance Book".
5	(2) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method
6	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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8	Section 37. Section 7-6-4108, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"7-6-4108. Duties of town clerk related to finance exception. (1) It shall be is the duty of the
10	town clerk:
11	(a) to receive all money that comes to the town, either from taxation or otherwise, and to pay the
12	same out on the warrant of the mayor, countersigned by the clerk, drawn in accordance with law;
13	(b) to give every person paying money to him as the town clerk a receipt therefor, specifying the
14	date of payment, the amount, and for what paid;
15	(c) to pay out, in the order they are registered, all warrants presented for payment when there are
16	funds in the treasury to pay the same warrants.
17	(2) The statutory functions and duties of a town treasurer provided in this title are transferred to
18	the town clerk. Any reference to a town treasurer means the town clerk.
19	(3) This section does not apply to a town that has adopted the alternative accounting method
20	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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22	Section 38. Section 7-6-4109, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"7-6-4109. Financial reports and records to be maintained by town clerk exception. (1) It shall
24	be is the duty of the town clerk:
25	(1)(a) to present to the council, on a date set by the council, a full and detailed statement of the
26	amounts of money belonging to the town received by him and disbursed by him the clerk during the
27	preceding month and the state of each particular fund, which statement must be verified by his the clerk's
28	oath;
29	$\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)}$ to keep the books and accounts of the city or town in such <u>a</u> manner as to correctly present
30	the condition of the finances thereof of the city or town, which must always be open to the inspection of



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(3)(c) to render at any time an account to the council, showing the money on hand and the condition of the treasury;

(4)(d) to annually make out and submit to the town council, at its last meeting prior to May 1, a detailed account of all receipts and expenditures during the past fiscal year;

(b)(e) to keep a separate account of each fund or appropriation and the debits and credits thereof of the account; and

(6)(f) to keep a register of all warrants paid, which must show the date, amount, and number and the person to whom and the fund from which the same warrant was paid and to enter in a book kept for that purpose the date, amount, and person in whose favor and for what purpose warrants are drawn upon the town treasury.

(2) This section does not apply to a town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 39. Section 7-6-4110, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4110. Publication or posting of annual statement of town receipts and expenditures = exception. (1) An abstract of the annual account of receipts and expenditures required by 7-6-4109(4)(1)(d) must be published in some newspaper in the city or town, or if none is published, such the abstract must be posted in the room or building occupied by the council.

(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 40. Section 7-6-4111, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4111. Annual financial statement -- exception. (1) Within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year, the city or town clerk of each city and town must make out shall compile, in duplicate, a complete statement of the financial condition of the city or town for that fiscal year, showing:

- (a) the indebtedness of the city or town, funded and floating; the amount of each class of indebtedness; and the amount of money in the treasury subject to the payment of each class of indebtedness;
 - (b) the amount of money received from taxes upon real and personal property;



1	(c) the amount of money received from fines, penalties, and forfeitures;
2	(d) the amount of money received from licenses;
3	(e) the amount of money received from all other sources, each source and the amount received
4	from it being shown separately;
5	(f) for each fund, the amount of money, if any, on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year, the
6	amount received, and the amount paid out during the fiscal year;
7	(g) a concise description of all property owned by the city or town, with an approximate estimate
8	of the value of it;
9	(h) the rates of taxation and purposes for which taxes were levied during the fiscal year;
10	(i) other information which that may be required by the department of commerce.
1 1	(2) The forms on which the statement shall must be made shall must be prescribed by the
12	department.
13	(3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
14	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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16	Section 41. Section 7-6-4112, MCA, is amended to read:
17	"7-6-4112. Funds to be balanced exception. (1) The amount of money paid out from each fund
18	must be deducted from the total of the money on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year and the money
19	received during the year, and a balance must be struck for each fund.
20	(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
21	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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23	Section 42. Section 7-6-4113, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"7-6-4113. Filing of annual financial statement exception. (1) The city or town clerk must shall,
25	within 120 days following the close of each fiscal year, transmit one copy of the statement to the
26	department of commerce and must shall present the other copy to the city or town council or commission.
27	(2) If a city or town clerk fails to file a copy of the statement with the department within the time
28	specified, the department, without delay, shall examine the books, records, and accounts of the city or
29	town. The department shall make from its examination a statement of the financial condition of the city or



town for the preceding fiscal year in the manner it should have been made by the city or town clerk. The

examination shall must be considered a special audit under the provisions of subsections (5) and (6)	of
2-7-503, and all of the provisions of subsections (5) and (6) of 2-7-503 apply to it.	

(3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 43. Section 7-6-4119, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4119. Long-short cash account. (1) A governing body of a municipality may create a cash over or short account consistent with accepted accounting practice.
- (2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 44. Section 7-6-4121, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4121. Authorization to conduct municipal business on a cash basis. (1) In case the total indebtedness of a city or town has reached 17% of the total taxable value of the property of the city or town subject to taxation, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, the city or town may conduct its affairs and business on a cash basis as provided by subsection (2).
- (2)(a) Whenever a city or town is conducting its business affairs on a cash basis, the reasonable and necessary current expenses of the city or town may be paid out of the cash in the city or town treasury and derived from its current revenues revenue, under such any restrictions and regulations as the city or town council may by ordinance prescribe.
- (b) In the event that payment is made in advance, the city or town may require a cash deposit as collateral security and indemnity, equal in amount to such the payment, and may hold the same deposit as a special deposit with the city treasurer or town clerk, in package form, as a pledge for the fulfillment and performance of the contract or obligation for which the advance is made.
- (c) Before the payment of the current expenses mentioned above, the city or town council shall first set apart sufficient money to pay the interest upon its legal, valid, and outstanding bonded indebtedness and any sinking funds therein provided for and shall be is authorized to pay all valid claims against funds raised by tax especially authorized by law for the purpose of paying such the claims.
- (3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



1	Section 45. Section 7-6-4124, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"7-6-4124. Procedure to close inactive accounts. (1) Whenever the council of any city or town
3	having a corporate existence in this state shall deem considers it necessary to remove inactive accounts
4	from its records , where said When the accounts shall do not have any further purpose, it shall be is lawful
5	for said the council to direct the proper city or town officials to file claims against the respective inactive
6	funds in favor of the general fund of said the city or town, after which the council shall allow the same
7	claims and cause the inactive funds to be closed and not continued in the record of active funds.
8	(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
9	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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11	Section 46. Section 7-6-4131, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"7-6-4131. Allocation and appropriation of all-purpose levy exception. (1) In the event When the
13	all-purpose levy method provided for in 7-6-4452 is followed in municipal financing, any municipality
14	following it shall appropriate the levy to the several departments of the municipality in its annual budget
15	and appropriation ordinance or in other legal manner, as the governing body of such the municipality shall
16	deem <u>considers</u> best.
17	(2) Any municipality which that has adopted an urban renewal plan may allocate the funds raised
18	by its levy within the urban renewal area in accordance with the provisions of its urban renewal plan.
19	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
20	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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22	Section 47. Section 7-6-4132, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"7-6-4132. Distribution of all-purpose levy exception. (1) The money received from the
24	all-purpose levy shall must be accounted for in a common fund known as the all-purpose general fund.
25	(2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method
26	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
27	
28	Section 48. Section 7-6-4133, MCA, is amended to read:
29	"7-6-4133. Deposit of revenues from certain sources in all-purpose fund exception. (1) Cities
30	and towns making the all-purpose annual mill levy shall deposit into the all-purpose general fund all money



received from other sources, including fees, charges, and fines received from the operation of airports,
libraries, swimming pools, parking lots, golf courses, and any other operation supported in part or whole
from an appropriation of the all-purpose levy and not otherwise provided by law.

(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 49. Section 7-6-4203, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4203. Scope of part. The provisions of this part shall apply to all cities or towns in this state, except for cities and towns that have adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 50. Section 7-6-4205, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4205. Role of department of commerce. The department of commerce shall make rules and classifications and prescribe forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this part. It shall define what expenditures are chargeable to each budget account and shall establish accounting and cost systems necessary to provide accurate budget information. This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 51. Section 7-6-4221, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4221. Filing of estimate of revenues and expenses with clerk -- exception. (1) Before July 1 of each year, the clerk of each city shall notify in writing each official in charge of an office, department, service, or institution of the municipality to file with the clerk, before July 10, detailed and itemized estimates, both of the probable revenues from sources other than taxation and of all expenditures required by the office, department, service, or institution for the current fiscal year.

- (2) (a) The council shall submit to the clerk the estimate of expenditures for all purposes for the council. The council shall also submit to the clerk detailed estimates of all expenditures for construction or improvement purposes proposed to be made from the proceeds of bond issues not yet authorized and from the proceeds of tax levies which that are required to be submitted to and approved at an election to be held.
 - (b) The mayor of the municipality shall submit to the clerk a detailed estimate showing the amount



1	to be appropriated from funds belonging to the municipality to defray the municipality's portion of the cost
2	of making improvements in special improvement districts and maintaining them and of installing lighting
3	systems in special lighting districts and maintaining them.
4	(c) The city treasurer shall prepare the estimates for interest and debt reduction.
5	(d) The clerk shall prepare all other estimates which that properly fall within the duties of his the

- clerk's office.

 (3) The estimates required in this section shall must be submitted on forms provided by the clerk
- and prescribed by the department of commerce. The form may be varied or departed from only with permission and approval of the department. Each of the officials shall file the estimates within the time and in the manner provided in the form and notice.
- (4) In the absence or disability of an official, the duties required in this section or 7-6-4223 devolve upon the official or employee in charge of the office, department, service, or institution for the time being.
- (5) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 52. Section 7-6-4223, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-6-4223. Penalty for noncompliance with filing requirements -- exception. (1) The clerk shall deduct and withhold as a penalty from the salary or compensation of each official failing or refusing to file the estimate the sum of \$10 for each day of delay. The total penalty against an official may not exceed \$50 per year.
 - (2) The notice provided for in 7-6-4221 shall must contain a copy of this penalty clause.
- (3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 53. Section 7-6-4224, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-6-4224. Preparation of expenditure program and information on sources of revenue -- exception.

 (1) From estimates of revenue and disbursements, the clerk shall prepare a tabulation showing the complete expenditure program of the municipality for the current fiscal year and the sources of revenue by which it is to be financed.
 - (2) The tabulation shall must set forth:



54th Legislature

1	(a) the estimated receipts from all sources other than taxation for each office, department, service
2	or institution for the current fiscal year;
3	(b) the actual receipts for the last completed fiscal year;
4	(c) the surplus or unencumbered treasury balances at the close of that last fiscal year;
5	(d) the amount necessary to be raised by taxation;
6	(e) the estimated expenditure for each office, department, service, or institution for the current
7	fiscal year;
8	(f) the actual expenditures for the last completed fiscal year;
9	(g) all contracts or other obligations which that will affect the current year revenues revenue;
10	(h) the total amount of emergency warrants issued during the preceding fiscal year, with the
11	amount issued for each emergency and the amount issued against each fund.
12	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
13	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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15	Section 54. Section 7-6-4225, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"7-6-4225. Classification of estimates, appropriations, and expenditures exception. (1) In the
17	tabulation required by 7-6-4224, the estimates, appropriations, and expenditures shall must be classified
18	as:
19	(a) salaries and wages;
20	(b) maintenance and operation;
21	(c) capital outlay;
22	(d) interest and debt redemption;
23	(e) miscellaneous; and
24	(f) expenditures proposed to be made from bond issues not yet authorized or from the proceeds
25	of a tax levy or levies which that are required to be submitted to and approved at an election to be held
26	later.
27	(2) (a) Within the class of salaries and wages, each salary shall must be set forth separately,
28	together with the title or position of the recipient. An unitemized appropriation may be made to cover the
29	expenses of special deputies or assistants in an office where in which the services of the special deputies



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or assistants may be required during a part of the fiscal year only. Wages for day labor may be given in

1	totals by designating the general purpose or object for which the expenditure is to be made, but the
2	proposed rate per day for each class or kind of labor shall must be set forth.
3	(b) Expenditures under the general class of maintenance and operation shall must be classified
4	according to a standard classification to be established by the department of commerce.
5	(c) Expenditures for capital outlay shall must set forth and describe each object of expenditure
6	separately.
7	(d) Under the general class of interest and debt redemption, proposed expenditures for interest and
8	for redemption of principal shall must be set forth separately for each series or issue of bonds, and warrant
9	interest and redemption requirements shall must be set forth in a similar manner.
10	(e) Under the general class of miscellaneous, expenditures for all purposes not listed in or which
11	that cannot properly be assigned to any of the general classes shall must be set forth and itemized in detail.
12	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
13	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
14	
15	Section 55. Section 7-6-4226, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"7-6-4226. Consideration of tabulation by council preparation of preliminary budget exception.
17	(1) The tabulation shall must be submitted to the council by the clerk on or before July 20.
18	(2) Upon receipt thereof of the tabulation, the council shall immediately consider the same
19	tabulation in detail and shall, on or before July 25, make any revisions, reductions, additions, or changes
20	therein that they deem the council considers advisable. Such The tabulation, with such any revisions,
21	reductions, additions, or changes as have been made therein as herein provided, shall constitute constitutes
22	the preliminary budget of the municipality for the fiscal year which it is intended to cover.
23	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting

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Section 56. Section 7-6-4227, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4227. Notice of hearing on preliminary budget -- exception. (1) The council shall then cause publish a notice to be published stating that:

- (a) the council has completed its preliminary municipal budget for the current fiscal year;
- (b) the budget has been placed on file and is open to inspection in the office of the clerk of the



method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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- (c) the council will meet for the purpose of fixing the final budget and making appropriations, designating the date, time, and place when and where such that the meeting will be held; and
- (d) any taxpayer or resident may appear at the meeting and be heard for or against any part of the budget.
- (2) The notice shall <u>must</u> be published at least one time in the official newspaper of the municipality or, if there is none, then in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the municipality is situated.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 57. Section 7-6-4228, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-6-4228. Hearing on preliminary budget -- exception. (1) At least 3 days prior to the adoption of the final budget, the council shall meet at the time and place designated in the notice provided in 7-6-4227, at which time any taxpayer or resident may appear and be heard for or against any part of the budget. The council may call in the official in charge of an office, department, service, or institution, at the time the estimates for their each respective effices are office is under consideration, for examination concerning the estimates. The official shall must be called in by the council, upon the request of a taxpayer or resident, for questioning upon the estimates either by the council, taxpayer, or resident.
- (2) The hearing shall <u>must</u> be continued from day to day and shall <u>must</u> be concluded and the budget finally approved and adopted on or before the second Monday in August, prior to the fixing of the tax levies by the council.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 58. Section 7-6-4229, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4229. Determination of projected fund cash flow following hearing -- exception. (1) Upon the conclusion of the hearing, the council shall first determine the amount estimated to accrue to each fund during the fiscal year from all sources except the taxation of property. In so doing, the council may not include any amount anticipated from the payment of taxes which that became delinquent during a preceding



fiscal year.

- (2) The council shall then determine separately the amount appropriated for and authorized to be spent for each item in the budget and shall specify the fund against which warrants are to be drawn for the expenditures so authorized. There may not be added to the amount appropriated and authorized to be spent for an item or purpose or to the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from any fund, other than a fund for the payment of principal or interest on outstanding bonds, any amount because of anticipated loss of revenue by reason of nonpayment of taxes levied for the fiscal year. The expenditures authorized from a fund, including reserve, may not exceed the aggregate of:
- (a) the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year in excess of outstanding unpaid warrants against the fund at the close of that fiscal year;
 - (b) the amount of estimated revenues revenue to accrue to the fund; and
 - (c) the amount which that may be raised for the fund by a lawful tax levy during the fiscal year.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 59. Section 7-6-4230, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4230. Determination of fund requirements to be met by tax levy -- exception. (1) Following the determinations required by 7-6-4229, the council shall determine the amount to be raised for each fund for which a tax levy is to be made by adding the cash balance in excess of outstanding unpaid warrants at the close of the preceding fiscal year and the amount of the estimated revenues, if any, to accrue to the fund during the current fiscal year. It shall then deduct the total amount so obtained from the total amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures from the fund as determined by the council in the budget adopted and approved. The amount remaining is the amount necessary to be raised for any fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.

(2) The council may add to the amount necessary to be raised for any fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year an additional amount as a reserve to meet expenditures to be made from the fund during the months of July to November of the next fiscal year. The amount added to any fund as a reserve may not exceed one-third of the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from the fund during the current fiscal year, after deducting from the amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent for election expenses and payment of emergency and



1 other outstand	ing warrants.
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- (3) The total amount to be raised by tax levy for any fund during the current fiscal year, including the amount of the reserve, must may not exceed the total amount which that may be raised for the fund by a tax levy which that does not exceed the maximum levy permitted by law to be made for the fund.
- (4) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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- Section 60. Section 7-6-4231, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4231. Final budget -- approval, adoption, and amendment -- exception. (1) The budget as finally determined, in addition to setting out separately each item for which an appropriation is made or expenditure authorized and the fund out of which it is to be paid, shall must set out:
 - (a) the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from each fund;
- (b) the cash balance in excess of outstanding unpaid warrants at the close of the preceding fiscal year;
 - (c) the amount estimated to accrue to the fund from sources other than taxation;
 - (d) the reserve for the next fiscal year; and
- 17 (e) the amount necessary to be raised for each fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.
 - (2) The council shall then by resolution approve and adopt the budget as finally determined, and the clerk shall enter the resolution at length in the official minutes of the council. The clerk shall keep a copy of the budget with the resolution in the official records of the municipality.
 - (3)(a) Subject to compliance with the procedures set forth in subsection (4), the council may approve and adopt a resolution amending a final budget when:
 - (i) shortfalls in anticipated and budgeted revenues occur that, unless reductions in appropriations are made, will result in expenditures for the year exceeding actual revenues revenue and cash balances available therefor; or
 - (ii) savings result from unanticipated adjustments in projected expenditures.
- 27 (b) Amended appropriations must be classified as:
- 28 (i) salaries and wages;
- 29 (ii) maintenance and operation;
- 30 (iii) capital outlay;



1	(iv) interest and debt redemption; or
2	(v) miscellaneous.
3	(4) Prior to amending a final budget, the council shall:
4	(a) hold a public hearing on the proposed amendments at least 7 days prior to a vote on the
5	resolution amending the budget; and
6	(b) publish notice at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town at least
7	6 but not more than 16 days before the hearing on the budget amendments. The published notice must
8	specify the date, time, place, and subject of the hearing.
9	(5) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
10	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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12	Section 61. Section 7-6-4232, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"7-6-4232. Fixing of tax levy exception. (1) On or before the second Monday in August and after
14	the approval and adoption of the final budget, the council shall fix the tax levy for each fund at a rate, not
15	exceeding limits prescribed by law, which that will raise the amount set out in the budget as the amount
16	necessary to be raised by tax levy for that fund during the current fiscal year. The taxable valuation of the
17	city for the current fiscal year shall must be the basis for determining the amount of the tax levy for each
18	fund, and each tax levy shall must be at a rate no not higher than is required on that basis, without
19	including any amount for anticipated tax delinquency, to raise the amount set out in the budget.
20	(2) If the council considers that a levy made for a bond sinking or interest fund will not provide a
21	sufficient amount to pay all bond principal and interest becoming due during the current fiscal year or within
22	6 months after the current fiscal year because of anticipated tax delinquency, the council may fix the levy
23	at a rate it considers necessary to raise the amount for making the payments of principal and interest over
24	and above the anticipated tax delinquency.
25	(3) Each levy shall must be made in the manner provided by 15-10-201.
26	(4) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
27	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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29	Section 62. Section 7-6-4235, MCA, is amended to read:
30	"7-6-4235 Limitations on appropriations after hudget adopted - exception (1) The estimates of



expenditures, itemized and classified as required in 7-6-4224 and 7-6-4225 and as finally fixed and adopted
and as may be amended as provided in 7-6-4231 by said the council, shall constitute the appropriations
for the municipality for the fiscal year intended to be covered thereby by the estimates.

- (2) Except as provided in 7-6-4236, the council and every each other municipal official shall be is limited in the making of expenditures or incurring of liabilities to the amount of such the detailed appropriations and classifications, respectively.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 63. Section 7-6-4236, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4236. Transfer of appropriations within and among expenditure classes. (1) Upon a resolution adopted by the council at a regular or special meeting and entered upon its minutes, transfers or revisions within or among the general class or classes of salaries and wages, maintenance and support, and capital outlay may be made, provided that no a salary shall may not be increased above the amount appropriated therefor.

- (2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
 - Section 64. Section 7-6-4240, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4240. Lapse of appropriation. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), all appropriations, other than the appropriations for uncompleted improvements in progress of construction, shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- (2) (a) The appropriation accounts shall must remain open for a period of 30 days after the end of the fiscal year for the payment of claims incurred against such the appropriations prior to the close of the fiscal year and remaining unpaid. After such the 30-day period shall have has expired, all appropriations, except as hereinbefore otherwise provided regarding uncompleted improvements, shall become null and void, and any lawful claim presented thereafter against any such appropriation shall must be provided for in the ensuing budget.
- (b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



Section 65. Section 7-6-	-4241. MCA.	. is amended	to read:
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"7-6-4241. Clerk's report concerning expenditures, liabilities, and appropriations -- exception. (1)
The clerk shall submit to the council, on a date set by the council, a report showing the expenditures and liabilities against each separate budget appropriation incurred during the preceding calendar month and like similar information for the whole of the fiscal year to the first day of the month in which such the report is made, together with the unexpended balance of each appropriation. The clerk shall also set forth the receipts from taxes and in detail the receipts from all other sources by each fund for the same period.

(2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 66. Section 7-6-4408, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4408. Distribution of tax money. (1) The council or commission in each city or town may distribute the tax money collected for general municipal or administrative purposes into the funds prescribed by ordinance.

(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 67. Section 15-10-203, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-10-203. Increase of tax revenue -- advertisement of intention and public hearing required = exception. (1) A local taxing authority may not budget an increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue in excess of the property tax revenue it received the previous fiscal year exclusive of revenue from ad valorem taxation on properties appearing for the first time on the property tax record unless it adopts a resolution to budget additional property tax revenue. Prior to adoption of the resolution, the taxing authority shall hold a public hearing for the purpose of receiving comments on its intention to budget increased property tax revenue. The taxing authority shall advertise notice of the public hearing as specified in subsection (2). The public hearing may be held in conjunction with the tentative budget hearing or any other budget hearing that may be required by law.

(2) The taxing authority shall advertise its intent to budget an increase in property tax revenue in a newspaper meeting the requirements of 7-1-4127, except that the newspaper may not be primarily in the business of publishing legal advertisements. If there is no not a newspaper in the county, in addition to



1	being posted as required in 7-1-4127, the advertisement must be published in one or more newspapers o
2	general circulation widely subscribed to by the residents of the county. The advertisement may not be
3	placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear. The
4	advertisement must meet the notice requirements of 7-1-4128. The advertisement must be published with
5	at least the following information:
6	"NOTICE OF BUDGET INCREASE FROM PROPERTY TAXES
7	The (name of the taxing authority) intends to budget an increase in revenue from property taxation
8	by (percentage of increase in property tax revenue from previous fiscal year) percent.
9	All concerned persons are invited to attend a public hearing on budgeting the increased property
10	tax revenue to be held on (date and time) at (meeting place).
11	A decision on budgeting the increased property tax revenue will be made after considering
12	comments made at this hearing.
13	For further information please contact: (name, address, and phone number of person who can be
14	contacted for further information)."
15	(3) This section does not apply to a local taxing authority that has adopted the alternative
16	accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
17	
18	NEW SECTION. Section 68. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 4] are intended to be
19	codified as an integral part of Title 7, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 7, chapter 6, apply to [sections
20	1 through 4].
21	
22	NEW SECTION. Section 69. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
23	-END-



7	HOUSE BILL NO. 530
2	INTRODUCED BY WISEMAN, GAGE, SWANSON, MASOLO, WYATT, ECK, FORBES, GRADY, BECK,
3	CHRISTIAENS
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR'S
6	TASK FORCE TO RENEW MONTANA GOVERNMENT BY CREATING AN ALTERNATIVE ACCOUNTING
7	METHOD FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-7-503, 2-7-504, 2-7-513,
8	7-3-4371, 7-3-4372, 7-6-2111, 7-6-2112, 7-6-2202, 7-6-2203, 7-6-2211, 7-6-2213, 7-6-2302, 7-6-2311,
9	7-6-2312, 7-6-2314, 7-6-2315, 7-6-2316, 7-6-2317, 7-6-2318, 7-6-2319, 7-6-2320, 7-6-2321, 7-6-2324,
10	7-6-2325, 7-6-2330, 7-6-2331, 7-6-2525, 7-6-4103, 7-6-4104, 7-6-4105, 7-6-4106, 7-6-4107, 7-6-4108,
11	7-6-4109, 7-6-4110, 7-6-4111, 7-6-4112, 7-6-4113, 7-6-4119, 7-6-4121, 7-6-4124, 7-6-4131, 7-6-4132,
12	7-6-4133, 7-6-4203, 7-6-4205, 7-6-4221, 7-6-4223, 7-6-4224, 7-6-4225, 7-6-4226, 7-6-4227, 7-6-4228,
13	7-6-4229, 7-6-4230, 7-6-4231, 7-6-4232, 7-6-4235, 7-6-4236, 7-6-4240, 7-6-4241, 7-6-4408, AND
14	15-10-203, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

Page 1 of 1 March 20, 1995

MR. PRESIDENT:

We, your committee on Local Government having had under consideration HB 530 (third reading copy -- blue), respectfully report that HB 530 be amended as follows and as so amended be concurred in.

Signed:

Senator Tom Beck, Chair

That such amendments read:

1. Page 2, line 11.

2. Page 34, lines 19 and 20.

Strike: "--" on line 19 through "exception" on line 20

3. Page 34, line 21. Strike: "it received"

Insert: "of"

4. Page 35, lines 15 and 16.

Strike: lines 15 and 16 in their entirety

-END-

Amd. Coord. Sec. of Senate Sen-Gage Senator Carrying Bill HB 530 SENATE

641003SC.SPV

7	HOUSE BILL NO. 530
2	INTRODUCED BY WISEMAN, GAGE, SWANSON, MASOLO, WYATT, ECK, FORBES, GRADY, BECK,
3	CHRISTIAENS
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR'S
6	TASK FORCE TO RENEW MONTANA GOVERNMENT BY CREATING AN ALTERNATIVE ACCOUNTING
7	METHOD FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-7-503, 2-7-504, 2-7-513
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9	7-6-2312, 7-6-2314, 7-6-2315, 7-6-2316, 7-6-2317, 7-6-2318, 7-6-2319, 7-6-2320, 7-6-2321, 7-6-2324
10	7-6-2325, 7-6-2330, 7-6-2331, 7-6-2525, 7-6-4103, 7-6-4104, 7-6-4105, 7-6-4106, 7-6-4107, 7-6-4108
11	7-6-4109, 7-6-4110, 7-6-4111, 7-6-4112, 7-6-4113, 7-6-4119, 7-6-4121, 7-6-4124, 7-6-4131, 7-6-4132
12	7-6-4133, 7-6-4203, 7-6-4205, 7-6-4221, 7-6-4223, 7-6-4224, 7-6-4225 , 7-6-4226, 7-6-4227, 7-6-4228
13	7-6-4229, 7-6-4230, 7-6-4231, 7-6-4232, 7-6-4235, 7-6-4236, 7-6-4240, 7-6-4241, 7-6-4408, AND
14	15-10-203, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
17	
18	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Purpose. The purpose of [sections 1 through 4] is to create an
19	accounting method for local governments that provides an alternative to following the detailed bookkeeping
20	rules contained in this title that have been built up over decades and to encourage local governments to
21	adopt generally accepted accounting principles and auditing standards. These principles are more rigorous
22	comprehensive, and businesslike than those contained elsewhere in this title. It is the intent of the
23	legislature that all local governments eventually follow generally accepted accounting principles and auditing
24	standards.
25	
26	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definition. For the purposes of [sections 1 through 4], "local
27	government entity" means a consolidated city-county or a county, OR AN INCORPORATED city, or town
28	as defined in 2 7 501(7).
29	



NEW SECTION. Section 3. Adoption of alternative auditing ACCOUNTING method. (1) A local

1	government entity may by resolution adopt the alternative accounting method established in [section 4] and
2	may by ordinance authorize any of the entities created under its legislative authority to adopt the alternative
3	accounting method.
4	(2) A local government entity that adopts the alternative accounting method is considered to have
5	complied with state accounting and financial reporting standards and requirements.
6	(3) A local government entity that does not adopt the alternative accounting method is subject to
7	state accounting and financial reporting standards and requirements.

- (4) A local government entity may not adopt the alternative accounting method unless it has received an auditor's unqualified opinion on its annual financial statements prepared for its preceding fiscal year.
- (5) A LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITY THAT ADOPTS THE ALTERNATIVE ACCOUNTING METHOD

 BY RESOLUTION SHALL SUBMIT A COPY OF THE RESOLUTION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Alternative accounting method -- requirements. A local government entity that adopts the alternative accounting method shall:

- (1) prepare its accounting records and financial reports in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles established by the federal GOVERNMENTAL accounting standards advisory board or its generally recognized successor;
 - (2) adopt a fiscal year that commences on July 1 of each year;
- (3) (a) compile an annual financial report covering the preceding fiscal year and submit a copy of the annual financial report or an annual audit, pursuant to subsection (3)(b), to the department of commerce within 6 months of the end of that reported fiscal year; or
- (b) if the local government entity submits an audit report in lieu of an annual financial report, ensure that the audit report contains, at a minimum, the entity's general purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund and account group statements as defined under the principles described in subsection (1);
 - (4) cause an annual audit in accordance with the provisions of Title 2, chapter 7, part 5; and
- (5) ensure that a budget is made each year that:
- (a) shows the complete expenditure program for the local government entity for the coming fiscal year and the sources by which it will be funded;



(b)	must be completed	by July 1	of the	current	fiscal	year;
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- (c) must be approved or amended by the governing body in a regularly scheduled meeting;
- (d) must be the subject of one or more advertised public hearings, <u>PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF 7-1-2121 OR 7-1-4127</u>, prior to approval or amendment; and
 - (e) must be submitted to the department of commerce by September 15.

Section 5. Section 2-7-503, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-7-503. Financial reports and audits of local government entities -- exception. (1) The governing body or managing or executive officer of a local government entity, other than a school district or associated cooperative, shall ensure that a financial report is made every year. A school district or associated cooperative shall comply with the provisions of 20-9-213. The financial report must cover the preceding fiscal year, be in a form prescribed by the department, and be completed within 4 months of the end of the reporting period. The local government entity shall submit the financial report to the department for review.

- (2) The department shall prescribe a uniform reporting system for all local government entities subject to financial reporting requirements, other than school districts. The superintendent of public instruction shall prescribe the reporting requirements for school districts.
- (3) (a) The governing body or managing or executive officer of each local government entity receiving revenues revenue or financial assistance in the period covered by the financial report in excess of \$200,000 or federal financial assistance in excess of \$25,000 shall cause an audit to be made at least every 2 years. The audit must cover the entity's preceding 2 fiscal years. The audit must commence within 9 months from the close of the last fiscal year of the audit period. The audit must be completed and submitted to the department for review within 1 year from the close of the last fiscal year covered by the audit.
- (b) The governing body or managing or executive officer of a local government entity that does not meet the criteria established in subsection (3)(a) shall at least once every 4 years, if directed by the department, or, in the case of a school district, if directed by the department at the request of the superintendent of public instruction, cause a financial review, as defined by department rule, to be conducted of the financial statements of the entity for the preceding fiscal year.

- 3 -

(4) An audit conducted in accordance with this part is in lieu of any financial or financial and



- compliance audit of an individual financial assistance program that a local government is required to conduct under any other state or federal law or regulation. If an audit conducted pursuant to this part provides a state agency with the information it requires to carry out its responsibilities under state or federal law or regulation, the state agency shall rely upon and use that information to plan and conduct its own audits or reviews in order to avoid a duplication of effort.
- (5) In addition to the audits required by this section, the department may at any time conduct or contract for a special audit or review of the affairs of any local government entity referred to in this part. The special audit or review must, to the extent practicable, build upon audits performed pursuant to this part.
- (6) The fee for the special audit or review must be a charge based upon the costs incurred by the department in relation to the special audit or review. The audit fee must be paid by the local government entity to the state treasurer and deposited in the enterprise fund to the credit of the department.
- (7) Subsections (1) through (3) do not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 6. Section 2-7-504, MCA, is amended to read:

- "2-7-504. Accounting methods -- exception. (1) Unless otherwise required by law, the department shall prescribe by rule the general methods and details of accounting for the receipt and disbursement of all money belonging to local government entities and shall establish in those offices general methods and details of accounting. All local government entity officers shall conform with the accounting standards prescribed by the department.
- (2) This section does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 7. Section 2-7-513, MCA, is amended to read:

- "2-7-513. Content of audit report and financial report -- exception. (1) The audit reports shall must comply with the reporting requirements of government auditing standards issued by the U.S. comptroller general and federal regulations adopted by department rule.
- (2) (a) The department shall prescribe general methods and details of accounting for the financial report for local government entities other than schools. The financial report must be submitted in a form



required by the department.	The superintendent of	public instruction	shall prescribe	the general	methods
and details of accounting for	financial reports for se	chools.			

(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 8. Section 7-3-4371, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-3-4371. Estimate of expenditures and revenues — exception. (1) The city manager shall submit to the commission an estimate of the expenditures and revenues of the municipal departments for the ensuing year. The estimate shall must be compiled from detailed information obtained from the several departments on uniform blanks to be furnished by the city manager. The classification of the expenditures shall must be as nearly uniform as possible for the main functional divisions of all departments and shall must give in parallel columns the following information:

- (a) a detailed estimate of the expenses of conducting each department as submitted by the department;
 - (b) expenditures for corresponding items for the last 2 fiscal years;
- (c) expenditures for the corresponding items for the current fiscal year, including adjustments due to transfers between appropriations, plus an estimate of expenditure necessary to complete the current fiscal year;
 - (d) amount of supplies and materials on hand at the date of the preparation of the invoice;
- (e) increase or decrease of requests compared with the corresponding appropriations for the current year;
- (f) such other information as that is required by the commission or that the city manager may deem consider advisable to submit;
- (g) the recommendation of the city manager as to the amounts to be appropriated, with reasons therefor for the recommendation, in such the detail as that the commission may direct.
- (2) A sufficient number of copies of such the estimate shall must be prepared and submitted that there may be are copies on file in the office of the commission for inspection by the public.
- (3) This section does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



Section 9.	Section	7-3-4372,	MCA,	, is	amended	to	read:
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"7-3-4372. Procedure to enact appropriation ordinance — exception. (1) Upon receipt of such the estimate, the commission shall prepare an appropriation ordinance in such the form as that may be prescribed by ordinance or resolution. Before finally acting upon such the tentative appropriation, the commission shall fix a time and place for holding public hearing upon the tentative appropriation and shall give public notice of such the hearing. Following the public hearings and before its final passage, the appropriation ordinance shall must be published with a parallel comparison with the recommendation of the city manager. The commission shall may not pass the appropriation ordinance until 10 days after its publication or before the second Monday in August.

- (2) If, at the beginning of the term of office of the first commission elected under the provisions of this part and part 44, the appropriations for the expenditures of the municipal government for the current fiscal year have been made, said the commission shall have the power may by ordinance to revise, repeal, or change said the appropriations and to make additional appropriations.
- (3) This section does not apply to a local government entity that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 10. Section 7-6-2111, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2111. Duties of county treasurer. (1) The county treasurer must:

(1)(a) must receive all money belonging to the county and all other money directed to be paid to him the treasurer by law, safely keep the same money, and apply and pay them the money out, rendering and account thereof for the money as required by law;

(2)(b) shall keep an account of the receipt and expenditures of all such the money in books provided for the purpose, in which must be entered:

(a)(i) the amount, the time when, from whom, and on what account all money was received by him;

(b)(ii) the amount, time when, to whom, and on what account all disbursements were made by him;

(3)(c) so shall keep his books so that the amounts received and paid out on account of separate funds or specific appropriations are exhibited in separate and distinct accounts, with the whole receipts and expenditures shown in one general or cash account;

(4)(d) may not enter no money received for the current year on his the treasurer's account with the county for the past fiscal year until after his the treasurer's annual settlement for the past year has been



1	made	with	the	county	clerk:
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(5)(e) shall disburse the county money only on county warrants issued by the county clerk, based on orders of the board of county commissioners, or as otherwise provided by law.

(2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 11. Section 7-6-2112, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2112. Treasurer's reports to county commissioners -- exception. (1) Each county treasurer must shall make a detailed monthly report to the board of county commissioners of his county, of all money received by him and the disbursement thereof and disbursed by the treasurer, and of all debts due to and from the county, and of all other proceedings in his the treasurer's office, so that the receipts into the treasury and the amount of disbursements, together with the debts due to and from the county, appear clearly and distinctly.

- (2) On the first Monday of January, April, July, and October of each year the county treasurer must shall settle with the board of county commissioners for all money collected, and on . On those days the treasurer must shall deliver to the board affidavits verifying the reconcilement of the balance on hand in the county treasury. After the approval of the statements and the accompanying affidavits, one copy of the quarterly report shall must be filed with the county clerk of the county and one copy shall must be retained by the county treasurer.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 12. Section 7-6-2202, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-6-2202. Duties of county clerk related to finance -- exception. (1) The county clerk must shall draw warrants on the county treasury in favor of all persons entitled thereto to the warrants in payment:
- (a) of all claims and demands chargeable against the county which have been legally examined, allowed, and ordered paid by the board of county commissioners; and
- (b) for all debts and demands against the county when the amounts are fixed by law and are not directed to be audited by some other person or tribunal.
 - (2) The county clerk must shall keep accounts current with the treasurer. When any person



1	deposits with the county treasurer any money paid into the treasury, the county clerk shall must be
2	furnished by the treasurer with a duplicate of the receipt issued to the person, which. The duplicate receipt
3	shall must be filed in the office of the county clerk, and the county clerk shall charge the treasurer with the
4	amount thereof of the deposit.
5	(3) The county clerk must shall make the annual statement as prescribed in 7-6-2203.
6	(4) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
7	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
8	
9	Section 13. Section 7-6-2203, MCA, is amended to read:
10	"7-6-2203. Annual financial statement exception. (1) Within 120 days after the close of each
11	fiscal year, the county clerk shall make out compile and present to the board of county commissioners and
12	the department of commerce a complete statement of the financial condition of the county. The statement
13	must show:
14	(a) a detailed description of all of the resources and liabilities of the county and the book value of
15	them the resources and liabilities;
16	(b) the amount of money received, showing the source of that revenue;
17	(c) the amount of money disbursed, with the purpose of disbursement;
18	(d) the operation of each of the cash and warrant accounts, showing the balance at the beginning
19	of the year, the credits, the debits, and the balance at the end of the year;
20	(e) the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the county;
21	(f) the rate of taxation and the amount of taxes delinquent for the preceding years; and
22	(g) such other items as that the department of commerce may prescribe.
23	(2) The statement shall must be made out on the form designated by the department.
24	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
25	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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indebtedness of a county, lawful when incurred, exceeds the limit of 23% established in 7-7-2101 by

reason of great diminution of taxable value, the county may conduct its business affairs on a cash basis

"7-6-2211. Authorization to conduct county business on a cash basis. (1) In-case if the total

Section 14. Section 7-6-2211, MCA, is amended to read:

and now the responsible and presently surrount commons of the county out of the cash is the
and pay the reasonable and necessary current expenses of the county out of the cash in the county
treasury derived from its current revenue and under such the restrictions and regulations as that may be
imposed by the board of county commissioners of the county by a resolution duly adopted and included
in the minutes of the board.
(2) Nothing in this This section restricts does not restrict the right of the board to make the

- (2) Nothing in this This section restricts does not restrict the right of the board to make the necessary tax levies for interest and sinking fund purposes, and nothing in this section affects does not affect the right of any creditor of the county to pursue any remedy now given him by law to obtain payment of his a claim.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 15. Section 7-6-2213, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2213. Report of fees received and money disbursed exception. (1) It is the duty of all All county officers, justices of the peace, and constables to make shall report in writing, under oath, to the board of county commissioners on the first Monday of March, June, September, and December, showing in detail all fees, emoluments, and compensation received and money disbursed by them in their official capacity during the quarter preceding the making of each report.
- (2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 16. Section 7-6-2302, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2302. Role of department of commerce -- exception. (1) The department of commerce shall make rules and classifications and prescribe forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this part, to define what expenditures are chargeable to each budget account, and to establish accounting and cost systems necessary to provide accurate budget information.
- (2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 17. Section 7-6-2311, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-2311. Filing of estimate of revenues and expenses with county clerk -- exception. (1) Before



June 1 each year the county clerk and recorder shall notify in writing each county official in charge of an office, department, service, institution, or county-funded district court program of the county to file with the county clerk and recorder, before June 10, detailed and itemized estimates, both of the probable revenues revenue from sources other than taxation and of all expenditures required by the office, department, service, or institution for the next fiscal year.

- (2) (a) The county commissioners shall submit to the county clerk and recorder the estimate of expenditures for all purposes for the board and a detailed statement showing all new road and bridge construction to be financed from county road and bridge funds, from any special road or bridge fund, from any special highway fund, and from bond issues issued or authorized for the next fiscal year, together with the cost of that construction as computed by the county surveyor or, if for construction in charge of a special engineer, then by that engineer. The county commissioners shall also submit to the county clerk and recorder detailed estimates of all expenditures for construction or improvement purposes proposed to be made from the proceeds of bond issues not yet authorized and from the proceeds of tax levies which that are required to be approved at an election to be held.
- (b) The county surveyor and any special engineer shall prepare the estimates of cost of road and bridge construction for the county commissioners. They shall also submit a similar statement showing road and bridge maintenance expenditures as nearly as can be estimated.
 - (c) The county treasurer shall prepare the estimates for interest and debt reduction.
- (d) The county clerk and recorder shall prepare all other estimates which that properly fall within the duties of his the office.
- (3) The estimates required in this section shall <u>must</u> be submitted on forms provided by the county clerk and recorder and prescribed by the department of commerce. The forms may only be varied or departed from with permission and approval of that department. Each of the officials shall file the estimates within the time and in the manner provided in the form and notice.
- (4) In the absence or disability of an official, the duties required by this section or 7-6-2312 devolve upon the official or employee in charge of the office, department, service, or institution.
- (5) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 18. Section 7-6-2312, MCA, is amended to read:



1	"7-6-2312. Penalty for noncompliance with filing requirements exception. (1) The county clerk
2	shall withhold as a penalty from the salary of each official failing or refusing to file the estimates, \$10 for
3	each day of delay. The total penalty against any official may not exceed \$50 in 1 year.
4	(2) The notice provided for in 7-6-2311 shall must contain a copy of this penalty clause.
5	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
6	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
7	
8	Section 19. Section 7-6-2314, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"7-6-2314. Classification of estimates, appropriations, and expenditures exception. (1) In the
10	tabulation required by 7-6-2313, the estimates, appropriations, and expenditures shall <u>must</u> be classified
11	as:
12	(a) salaries and wages;
13	(b) maintenance and operation;
14	(c) capital outlay;
15	(d) interest and debt redemption;
16	(e) miscellaneous; and
17	(f) expenditures proposed to be made from bond issues not yet authorized or from the proceeds
18	of a tax levy or levies which that are required to be submitted to and approved at an election to be held
19	later.
20	(2)(a) Within the general class of salaries and wages, each salary shall must be set forth separately,
21	together with the title or position of the recipient. An unitemized appropriation may be made to cover the
22	expenses of special deputies or assistants in any office where the services of such the special deputies or
23	assistants may be required during a part of the fiscal year only. Wages for day labor may be given in totals
24	by designating the general purpose or object for which the expenditure is to be made, but the proposed rate
25	per day for each class or kind of labor shall must be set forth.

(d) Under the general class of interest and debt redemption, proposed expenditures for interest and

- 11 -

according to a standard classification to be established by the department of commerce.

(b) Expenditures under the general class of maintenance and operation shall must be classified

(c) Expenditures for capital outlay shall must set forth and describe each object of expenditure



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separately.

HB 530

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1	for redemption of principal shall must be set forth separately for each series or issue of bonds, and warrant
2	interest and redemption requirements shall must be set forth in a similar manner.
3	(e) Under the general class of miscellaneous, expenditures for all purposes not listed in or which
4	that cannot properly be assigned to any of the general classes shall must be set forth and itemized in detail.
5	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
6	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
7	
8	Section 20. Section 7-6-2315, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"7-6-2315. Consideration of tabulation by county commissioners exception. (1) The tabulation
10	shall must be submitted to the county commissioners by the county clerk and recorder on or before the
11	third Monday of July.
12	(2) Upon receipt thereof, the board of county commissioners shall immediately consider the budget
13	in detail and shall, on or before the fourth Monday of July, make any revisions, reductions, additions, or
14	changes that they consider the board considers advisable. The tabulation, with any revisions, reductions,
15	additions, or changes, is the county proposed budget for the fiscal year which it is intended to cover.
16	(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
17	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
18	
19	Section 21. Section 7-6-2316, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"7-6-2316. Notice of hearing on county proposed budget exception. (1) The board of county
21	commissioners shall then have cause a notice to be published stating that:
22	(a) the board has completed its county proposed budget for the current fiscal year;
23	(b) the budget is open to inspection in the office of the county clerk and recorder;
24	(c) the board will meet to fix the final budget and make appropriations, stating the date, time, and
25	place of the meeting; and
26	(d) any taxpayer or resident of the county may appear and be heard for or against any part of the
27	budget.
28	(2) The notice shall must be published two times, once each week, in a newspaper of general



circulation in the county.

(3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method

provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 22. Section 7-6-2317, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2317. Hearing on county proposed budget -- exception. (1) At least 3 days prior to the adoption of the final budget, the county commissioners shall meet at the time and place designated in the notice provided for in 7-6-2316, at which time any taxpayer or resident of the county may appear and be heard for or against any part of the budget.

- (2) The hearing shall <u>must</u> be continued from day to day and shall <u>must</u> be concluded and the budget approved and adopted on or before the second Monday in August, before the fixing of the tax levies by the board.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 23. Section 7-6-2318, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2318. Determination of projected fund cash flow following hearing -- exception. (1) Upon the conclusion of the hearing, the board shall first determine the amount estimated to accrue to each fund during the fiscal year from all sources except the taxation of property. In so doing, the board may not include any amount which that it is anticipated may be received during the fiscal year from the payment of taxes which that became delinquent during a preceding fiscal year.

- (2) The board shall then determine separately the amount appropriated for and authorized to be spent for each item in the budget and shall specify the fund or funds against which warrants are to be drawn and issued for each item in the budget and shall specify the fund or funds against which warrants are to be drawn for the expenditures authorized. There may not be added to the amount to be appropriated and authorized to be spent for an item or to the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from any fund any amount or percentage because of anticipated loss of revenue by reason of the nonpayment of taxes levied for that fiscal year. The total expenditures authorized to be made from any fund, including the reserve added to them, may not exceed the aggregate of:
 - (a) the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year;
 - (b) the amount of estimated revenues to accrue to the fund; and
 - (c) the amount which may be raised for the fund by a lawful tax levy during the fiscal year.



(3) This se	ction does	not apply to a	county t	that has	adopted t	<u>he alternative</u>	accounting	method
provided for in [sec	tions 1 thro	ough 4]."						

Section 24. Section 7-6-2319, MCA, is amended to read:

7-6-2319. Determination of fund requirements to be met by tax levy -- exception. (1) Following the determinations required by 7-6-2318, the board shall determine the amount to be raised by tax levy for each fund by adding the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year and the amount of the estimated revenues revenue to accrue to the fund during the current fiscal year. It shall then deduct the total amount so obtained from the total amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures from the fund as determined by the board. The amount remaining is the amount necessary to be raised for the

fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.

- (2) The board may add to the amount necessary to be raised for any fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year an additional amount as a reserve to meet expenditures to be made from the fund during the months of July to November of the next fiscal year. The amount which that may be so added to any fund as the reserve may not exceed one-third of the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from the fund during the current fiscal year, after deducting from the amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent for election expenses and payment of emergency warrants.
- (3) The total amount to be raised by tax levy for any fund during the current fiscal year, including the amount of the reserve and any amount for payment of election expenses and emergency warrants, may not exceed the total amount which may be raised for the fund by a tax levy which does not exceed the maximum levy permitted by law to be made for the fund.
- (4) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 25. Section 7-6-2320, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2320. Final budget -- approval, adoption, and amendment -- exception. (1) The budget as finally determined, in addition to setting out separately each item for which an appropriation or expenditure is authorized and the fund out of which it is to be paid, shall must set out:

(a) the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from each fund;



1	(b) the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year;
2	(c) the amount estimated to accrue to the fund from sources other than taxation;
3	(d) the reserve for the next fiscal year; and
4	(e) the amount necessary to be raised for each fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.
5	(2) The board shall then by resolution approve and adopt the budget as finally determined and enter
6	the budget at length in the official minutes of the board.
7	(3)(a) Subject to compliance with the procedures set forth in subsection (4), the board may approve
8	and adopt a resolution amending a final budget when:
9	(i) shortfalls in anticipated and budgeted revenues occur that, unless reductions in appropriations
10	are made, will result in expenditures for the year exceeding actual revenues and cash balances available
11	therefor for the year; or
12	(ii) savings result from unanticipated adjustments in projected expenditures.
13	(b) Amended appropriations must be classified as:
14	(i) salaries and wages;
15	(ii) maintenance and operation;
16	(iii) capital outlay;
17	(iv) interest and debt redemption; or
18	(v) miscellaneous.
19	(4) Prior to amending a final budget, the board shall:
20	(a) hold a public hearing on the proposed amendments at least 7 days prior to a vote on the
21	resolution amending the budget; and
22	(b) publish notice, at least once, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county at least 6 but
23	not more than 16 days before the hearing on the budget amendments. The published notice must specify
24	the date, time, place, and subject of the hearing.
25	(5) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method
26	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
27	
28	Section 26. Section 7-6-2321, MCA, is amended to read:
29	"7-6-2321. Fixing of tax levy exception. (1) On or before the second Monday in August and after
30	the approval and adoption of the final budget, the board of county commissioners shall fix the tax levy for



each fund at a rate which will raise the amount set out in the budget as the amount necessary to be raised by tax levy for the fund during the current fiscal year. The taxable valuation of the county for the current fiscal year shall must be the basis for determining the amount of the tax levy for each fund. Each tax levy shall must be at a rate no not higher than is required on that basis, without including any amount for anticipated tax delinquency, to produce the amount set out in the budget, without including any amount for anticipated tax delinquency, as being that is the amount to be raised by tax levy.

- (2) The tax levy shall must be made in the manner provided by 15-10-201.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 27. Section 7-6-2324, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2324. Limitations on appropriations after budget adopted -- exception. (1) The estimates of expenditures, itemized and classified as required in 7-6-2313 and 7-6-2314 and as finally fixed and adopted and as may be amended as provided in 7-6-2320 by said the board of county commissioners, shall constitute constitutes the appropriations for the county for the fiscal year intended to be covered thereby by the estimates.

- (2) Except as provided in 3-5-404, 7-6-2325, and 7-31-2101, the county commissioners and every other county official, including judges of the district court, shall be is limited in the making of expenditures or incurring of liabilities to the amount of such the detailed appropriations and classifications, respectively.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 28. Section 7-6-2325, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2325. Transfer of appropriations within and among expenditure classes. (1) Upon a resolution adopted by the board of county commissioners at a regular or special meeting and entered upon its minutes, transfers or revisions in the general budget system within the classifications set forth in 7-6-2314(1)(a) through (1)(c) may be made, provided that no a salary shall may not be increased above the amount appropriated therefor.

(2) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



Section 29.	Section 7-6-2330, MCA	A, is amended to read
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"7-6-2330. Lapse of appropriation. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), all appropriations, other than appropriations for incompleted uncompleted improvements in progress of construction, shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

(2) (a) The appropriation accounts shall must remain open for a period of 30 days after the end of the fiscal year for the payment of claims incurred against such the appropriations prior to the close of the fiscal year and remaining unpaid. After such the period shall have has expired, all appropriations, except as hereinbefore otherwise provided regarding uncompleted improvements, shall become null and void, and any lawful claim presented thereafter after expiration against any such appropriation shall must be provided for in the ensuing budget.

(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 30. Section 7-6-2331, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2331. Clerk's report concerning expenditures, liabilities, and appropriations -- auditor's report -- exception. (1) Within 4 working days after receipt of the treasurer's monthly report, the county clerk and recorder shall submit to the board of county commissioners a report showing the expenditures and liabilities against each separate budget appropriation incurred during the preceding calendar month and like information for the whole of the fiscal year to the first day of the month in which such the report is made, together with the unexpended balance of each appropriation. He The clerk and recorder shall also set forth the receipts from taxes and in detail the receipts from all other sources by each fund for the same period.

- (2) In counties having county auditors, the county auditor, on the last business day of each month, shall furnish the county clerk and recorder with a statement showing the total amount of liabilities incurred against each budget appropriation for which warrants have not been issued up to the close of said the business day.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 31. Section 7-6-2525, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-2525. Distribution of all-purpose levy -- exception. (1) The money received from the



all-purpose levy m	nust be accounted	d for in a	common	fund known	as the	all-purpose	fund.

- (2) The all-purpose fund may be used only for purposes that are authorized for revenue derived from the individual levies set forth in 7-6-2523, but the county governing body may allocate the revenue from the fund, in accordance with county budget law, to fund any enumerated purpose that it considers appropriate.
- (3) This section does not apply to a county that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

- Section 32. Section 7-6-4103, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4103. Annual appropriation -- exception. (1) The council must shall, during the month of July in each fiscal year, pass an ordinance to be known as the "Annual appropriation for the of for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 19..", in which ordinance there must be appropriated enough money to defray the expenses or liabilities of the city or town for such the fiscal year. There must be specified therein in the ordinance the amount appropriated for each separate object or fund and the salary or compensation to be paid to each officer of the city or town.
- (2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

26.

- Section 33. Section 7-6-4104, MCA, is amended to read:
- 20 "7-6-4104. Duties of city treasurer relating to finances -- exception. It shall be is the duty of the city treasurer:
 - (1) to receive all money that comes to the city, either from taxation or otherwise, and to pay the same out on the warrant of the mayor, countersigned by the clerk, drawn in accordance with law;
 - (2) to give every person paying money to him, as the treasurer a receipt therefor, specifying the date of payment, the amount, and for what paid;
 - (3) to pay out, in the order they are registered, all warrants presented for payment, when there are funds in the treasury to pay the same.
 - (4) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

1	Section 34. Section 7-0-4105, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"7-6-4105. Financial reports and records to be maintained by city treasurer exception. (1) It sha
3	be is the duty of the city treasurer:
4	(1)(a) to present to the council, on a date set by the council, a full and detailed statement of the
5	amounts of money belonging to the city received by him and disbursed by him the treasurer during the
6	preceding month and the state of each particular fund, which. The statement must be verified by his the
7	treasurer's oath;
8	(2)(b) to keep the books and accounts of the city in such a manner as to correctly present the
9	condition of the finances thereof of the city, which must always be open to the inspection of the mayo
10	or the council or any member thereof of the council;
11	(3)(c) to render at any time an account to the council, showing the money on hand and the
12	condition of the treasury;
13	(4)(d) to annually make out and submit to the city council at its last meeting prior to May 1
14	detailed account of all receipts and expenditures during the past fiscal year and to file the same with the
15	clerk;
16	(5)(e) to keep a separate account of each fund or appropriation and the debits and credits thereo
17	of the account;
18	(6)(f) to keep a register of all warrants paid, called "The Registry Book", which must show the date
19	amount, and number and the person to whom and the fund from which the same was paid; and
20	$\frac{7}{g}$ to deliver and file with the city clerk all vouchers, warrants, or orders paid by him the
21	treasure:
22	(2) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method
23	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
24	
25	Section 35. Section 7-6-4106, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"7-6-4106. Publication or posting of annual statement of city receipts and expenditures -
27	exception. (1) An abstract of the account of receipts and expenditures required by 7-6-4105(4)(1)(e) mus
28	be published in some newspaper in the city, or if none is published, such the abstract must be posted in
29	the room or building occupied by the council.



(2) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method

1	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
2	
3	Section 36. Section 7-6-4107, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"7-6-4107. Duties of the city clerk related to finance exception. (1) It is the duty of the clerk to
5	enter in a book kept for that purpose the date, amount, and person in whose favor and for what purpose
6	warrants are drawn upon the city treasury. Such The book is called "The Finance Book".
7	(2) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method
8	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
9	
10	Section 37. Section 7-6-4108, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"7-6-4108. Duties of town clerk related to finance - exception. (1) It shall be is the duty of the
12	town clerk:
13	(a) to receive all money that comes to the town, either from taxation or otherwise, and to pay the
14	same out on the warrant of the mayor, countersigned by the clerk, drawn in accordance with law;
15	(b) to give every person paying money to him as the town clerk a receipt therefor, specifying the
16	date of payment, the amount, and for what paid;
17	(c) to pay out, in the order they are registered, all warrants presented for payment when there are
18	funds in the treasury to pay the same warrants.
19	(2) The statutory functions and duties of a town treasurer provided in this title are transferred to
20	the town clerk. Any reference to a town treasurer means the town clerk.
21	(3) This section does not apply to a town that has adopted the alternative accounting method
22	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
23	
24	Section 38. Section 7-6-4109, MCA, is amended to read:
25	"7-6-4109. Financial reports and records to be maintained by town clerk <u> exception</u> . <u>(1)</u> It shal
26	be is the duty of the town clerk:
27	(1)(a) to present to the council, on a date set by the council, a full and detailed statement of the
28	amounts of money belonging to the town received by him and disbursed by him the clerk during the
29	preceding month and the state of each particular fund, which statement must be verified by his the clerk's
30	oath;



1	(2)(b) to keep the books and accounts of the city or town in such a manner as to correctly present
2	the condition of the finances thereof of the city or town, which must always be open to the inspection of
3	the mayor, or the council, or any member thereof of the council;
4	(3)(c) to render at any time an account to the council, showing the money on hand and the
5	condition of the treasury;
6	(4)(d) to annually make out and submit to the town council, at its last meeting prior to May 1, a
7	detailed account of all receipts and expenditures during the past fiscal year;
8	(5)(e) to keep a separate account of each fund or appropriation and the debits and credits thereof
9	of the account; and
10	(6)(f) to keep a register of all warrants paid, which must show the date, amount, and number and
11	the person to whom and the fund from which the same warrant was paid and to enter in a book kept for
12	that purpose the date, amount, and person in whose favor and for what purpose warrants are drawn upor
13	the town treasury.
14	(2) This section does not apply to a town that has adopted the alternative accounting method
15	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
16	
17	Section 39. Section 7-6-4110, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"7-6-4110. Publication or posting of annual statement of town receipts and expenditures <u>:</u>
19	exception. (1) An abstract of the annual account of receipts and expenditures required by 7-6-4109(4)(1)(d)
20	must be published in some newspaper in the city or town, or if none is published, such the abstract must
2,1	be posted in the room or building occupied by the council.
22	(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
23	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
24	
25	Section 40. Section 7-6-4111, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"7-6-4111. Annual financial statement exception. (1) Within 120 days after the close of each
27	fiscal year, the city or town clerk of each city and town must make out shall compile, in duplicate, a
28	complete statement of the financial condition of the city or town for that fiscal year, showing



30

indebtedness; and the amount of money in the treasury subject to the payment of each class of

(a) the indebtedness of the city or town, funded and floating; the amount of each class of

1	indebtedness;
2	(b) the amount of money received from taxes upon real and personal property;
3	(c) the amount of money received from fines, penalties, and forfeitures;
4	(d) the amount of money received from licenses;
5	(e) the amount of money received from all other sources, each source and the amount received
6	from it being shown separately;
7	(f) for each fund, the amount of money, if any, on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year, the
8	amount received, and the amount paid out during the fiscal year;
9	(g) a concise description of all property owned by the city or town, with an approximate estimate
10	of the value of it;
11	(h) the rates of taxation and purposes for which taxes were levied during the fiscal year;
12	(i) other information which that may be required by the department of commerce.
13	(2) The forms on which the statement shall must be made shall must be prescribed by the
14	department.
15	(3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
16	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
17	
18	Section 41. Section 7-6-4112, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"7-6-4112. Funds to be balanced exception. (1) The amount of money paid out from each fund
20	must be deducted from the total of the money on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year and the money
21	received during the year, and a balance must be struck for each fund.
22	(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
23	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
24	
25	Section 42. Section 7-6-4113, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"7-6-4113. Filing of annual financial statement exception. (1) The city or town clerk must shall
27	within 120 days following the close of each fiscal year, transmit one copy of the statement to the
28	department of commerce and must shall present the other copy to the city or town council or commission
29	(2) If a city or town clerk fails to file a copy of the statement with the department within the time



specified, the department, without delay, shall examine the books, records, and accounts of the city or

1	town. The department shall make from its examination a statement of the financial condition of the city or
2	town for the preceding fiscal year in the manner it should have been made by the city or town clerk. The
3	examination shall must be considered a special audit under the provisions of subsections (5) and (6) of
4	2-7-503, and all of the provisions of subsections (5) and (6) of 2-7-503 apply to it.

(3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 43. Section 7-6-4119, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4119. Long-short cash account. (1) A governing body of a municipality may create a cash over or short account consistent with accepted accounting practice.

(2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 44. Section 7-6-4121, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4121. Authorization to conduct municipal business on a cash basis. (1) In case the total indebtedness of a city or town has reached 17% of the total taxable value of the property of the city or town subject to taxation, as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, the city or town may conduct its affairs and business on a cash basis as provided by subsection (2).

- (2)(a) Whenever a city or town is conducting its business affairs on a cash basis, the reasonable and necessary current expenses of the city or town may be paid out of the cash in the city or town treasury and derived from its current revenues revenue, under such any restrictions and regulations as the city or town council may by ordinance prescribe.
- (b) In the event that payment is made in advance, the city or town may require a cash deposit as collateral security and indemnity, equal in amount to such the payment, and may hold the same deposit as a special deposit with the city treasurer or town clerk, in package form, as a pledge for the fulfillment and performance of the contract or obligation for which the advance is made.
- (c) Before the payment of the current expenses mentioned above, the city or town council shall first set apart sufficient money to pay the interest upon its legal, valid, and outstanding bonded indebtedness and any sinking funds therein provided for and shall be is authorized to pay all valid claims against funds raised by tax especially authorized by law for the purpose of paying such the claims.



1	(3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
2	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
3	
4	Section 45. Section 7-6-4124, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"7-6-4124. Procedure to close inactive accounts. (1) Whenever the council of any city or town
6	having a corporate existence in this state shall deem considers it necessary to remove inactive accounts
7	from its records, where said When the accounts shall do not have any further purpose, it shall be is lawful
8	for said the council to direct the proper city or town officials to file claims against the respective inactive
9	funds in favor of the general fund of said the city or town, after which the council shall allow the same
10	claims and cause the inactive funds to be closed and not continued in the record of active funds.
11	(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
12	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
13	
14	Section 46. Section 7-6-4131, MCA, is amended to read:
15	"7-6-4131. Allocation and appropriation of all-purpose levy exception. (1) In the event When the
16	all-purpose levy method provided for in 7-6-4452 is followed in municipal financing, any municipality
17	following it shall appropriate the levy to the several departments of the municipality in its annual budget
18	and appropriation ordinance or in other legal manner, as the governing body of such the municipality shall
19	deem considers best.
20	(2) Any municipality which that has adopted an urban renewal plan may allocate the funds raised
21	by its levy within the urban renewal area in accordance with the provisions of its urban renewal plan.
22	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
23	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
24	
25	Section 47. Section 7-6-4132, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"7-6-4132. Distribution of all-purpose levy exception. (1) The money received from the
27	all-purpose levy shall must be accounted for in a common fund known as the all-purpose general fund.
28	(2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method
29	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



1	Section 48. Section 7-6-4133, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"7-6-4133. Deposit of revenues from certain sources in all-purpose fund exception. (1) Cities
3	and towns making the all-purpose annual mill levy shall deposit into the all-purpose general fund all money
4	received from other sources, including fees, charges, and fines received from the operation of airports,
5	libraries, swimming pools, parking lots, golf courses, and any other operation supported in part or whole
6	from an appropriation of the all-purpose levy and not otherwise provided by law.
7	(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting
8	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
9	
10	Section 49. Section 7-6-4203, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"7-6-4203. Scope of part. The provisions of this part shall apply to all cities or towns in this state,
12	except for cities and towns that have adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections
13	1 through 4]."
14	
15	Section 50. Section 7-6-4205, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"7-6-4205. Role of department of commerce. The department of commerce shall make rules and
17	classifications and prescribe forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this part. It shall define what
18	expenditures are chargeable to each budget account and shall establish accounting and cost systems
19	necessary to provide accurate budget information. This section does not apply to a city or town that has
20	adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
21	
22	Section 51. Section 7-6-4221, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"7-6-4221. Filing of estimate of revenues and expenses with clerk exception. (1) Before July 1
24	of each year, the clerk of each city shall notify in writing each official in charge of an office, department,
25	service, or institution of the municipality to file with the clerk, before July 10, detailed and itemized
26	estimates, both of the probable revenues from sources other than taxation and of all expenditures required
27	by the office, department, service, or institution for the current fiscal year.
28	(2) (a) The council shall submit to the clerk the estimate of expenditures for all purposes for the



30

council. The council shall also submit to the clerk detailed estimates of all expenditures for construction or

improvement purposes proposed to be made from the proceeds of bond issues not yet authorized and from

l	the proceeds of tax levies which that are required to be submitted to and approved at an election to be
2	held.
3	(b) The mayor of the municipality shall submit to the clerk a detailed estimate showing the amount

- (b) The mayor of the municipality shall submit to the clerk a detailed estimate showing the amount to be appropriated from funds belonging to the municipality to defray the municipality's portion of the cost of making improvements in special improvement districts and maintaining them and of installing lighting systems in special lighting districts and maintaining them.
 - (c) The city treasurer shall prepare the estimates for interest and debt reduction.
- (d) The clerk shall prepare all other estimates which that properly fall within the duties of his the clerk's office.
- (3) The estimates required in this section shall <u>must</u> be submitted on forms provided by the clerk and prescribed by the department of commerce. The form may be varied or departed from only with permission and approval of the department. Each of the officials shall file the estimates within the time and in the manner provided in the form and notice.
- (4) In the absence or disability of an official, the duties required in this section or 7-6-4223 devolve upon the official or employee in charge of the office, department, service, or institution for the time being.
- (5) This section does not apply to a city that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 52. Section 7-6-4223, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4223. Penalty for noncompliance with filing requirements -- exception. (1) The clerk shall deduct and withhold as a penalty from the salary or compensation of each official failing or refusing to file the estimate the sum of \$10 for each day of delay. The total penalty against an official may not exceed \$50 per year.

- (2) The notice provided for in 7-6-4221 shall must contain a copy of this penalty clause.
- (3) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 53. Section 7-6-4224, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4224. Preparation of expenditure program and information on sources of revenue -- exception.

(1) From estimates of revenue and disbursements, the clerk shall prepare a tabulation showing the complete



ł	expenditure program of the municipality for the current fiscal year and the sources of revenue by which it
2	is to be financed.
3	(2) The tabulation shall must set forth:
4	(a) the estimated receipts from all sources other than taxation for each office, department, service,
5	or institution for the current fiscal year;
6	(b) the actual receipts for the last completed fiscal year;
7	(c) the surplus or unencumbered treasury balances at the close of that last fiscal year;
8	(d) the amount necessary to be raised by taxation;
9	(e) the estimated expenditure for each office, department, service, or institution for the current
10	fiscal year;
11	(f) the actual expenditures for the last completed fiscal year;
12	(g) all contracts or other obligations which that will affect the current year revenues revenue;
13	(h) the total amount of emergency warrants issued during the preceding fiscal year, with the
14	amount issued for each emergency and the amount issued against each fund.
15	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
16	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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18	Section 54. Section 7-6-4225, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"7-6-4225. Classification of estimates, appropriations, and expenditures exception. (1) In the
20	tabulation required by 7-6-4224, the estimates, appropriations, and expenditures shall must be classified
21	as:
22	(a) salaries and wages;
23	(b) maintenance and operation;
24	(c) capital outlay;
25	(d) interest and debt redemption;
26	(e) miscellaneous; and
27	(f) expenditures proposed to be made from bond issues not yet authorized or from the proceeds
28	of a tax levy or levies which that are required to be submitted to and approved at an election to be held
29	later.
30	(2) (a) Within the class of salaries and wages, each salary shall must be set forth separately,



together with the title or position of the recipient. An unitemized appropriation may be made to cover the
expenses of special deputies or assistants in an office where in which the services of the special deputies
or assistants may be required during a part of the fiscal year only. Wages for day labor may be given in
totals by designating the general purpose or object for which the expenditure is to be made, but the
proposed rate per day for each class or kind of labor shall must be set forth.

- (b) Expenditures under the general class of maintenance and operation shall <u>must</u> be classified according to a standard classification to be established by the department of commerce.
- (c) Expenditures for capital outlay shall must set forth and describe each object of expenditure separately.
- (d) Under the general class of interest and debt redemption, proposed expenditures for interest and for redemption of principal shall <u>must</u> be set forth separately for each series or issue of bonds, and warrant interest and redemption requirements shall <u>must</u> be set forth in a similar manner.
- (e) Under the general class of miscellaneous, expenditures for all purposes not listed in or which that cannot properly be assigned to any of the general classes shall must be set forth and itemized in detail.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 55. Section 7-6-4226, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-6-4226. Consideration of tabulation by council -- preparation of preliminary budget -- exception.

 (1) The tabulation shall must be submitted to the council by the clerk on or before July 20.
- (2) Upon receipt thereof of the tabulation, the council shall immediately consider the same tabulation in detail and shall, on or before July 25, make any revisions, reductions, additions, or changes therein that they deem the council considers advisable. Such The tabulation, with such any revisions, reductions, additions, or changes as have been made therein as herein provided, shall constitute constitutes the preliminary budget of the municipality for the fiscal year which it is intended to cover.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 56. Section 7-6-4227, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4227. Notice of hearing on preliminary budget -- exception. (1) The council shall then cause



1	publish a notice to be published stating that:
2	(a) the council has completed its preliminary municipal budget for the current fiscal year;
3	(b) the budget has been placed on file and is open to inspection in the office of the clerk of the
4	municipality;
5	(c) the council will meet for the purpose of fixing the final budget and making appropriations,
6	designating the date, time, and place when and where such that the meeting will be held; and
7	(d) any taxpayer or resident may appear at the meeting and be heard for or against any part of the

- final budget and making appropriations,
- t the meeting will be held; and
- ind be heard for or against any part of the 8 budget.
 - (2) The notice shall must be published at least one time in the official newspaper of the municipality or, if there is none, then in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the municipality is situated.
 - (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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- Section 57. Section 7-6-4228, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4228. Hearing on preliminary budget -- exception. (1) At least 3 days prior to the adoption of the final budget, the council shall meet at the time and place designated in the notice provided in 7-6-4227, at which time any taxpayer or resident may appear and be heard for or against any part of the budget. The council may call in the official in charge of an office, department, service, or institution, at the time the estimates for their each respective effices are office is under consideration, for examination concerning the estimates. The official shall must be called in by the council, upon the request of a taxpayer or resident, for questioning upon the estimates either by the council, taxpayer, or resident.
- (2) The hearing shall must be continued from day to day and shall must be concluded and the budget finally approved and adopted on or before the second Monday in August, prior to the fixing of the tax levies by the council.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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- Section 58. Section 7-6-4229, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-6-4229. Determination of projected fund cash flow following hearing -- exception. (1) Upon the

- conclusion of the hearing, the council shall first determine the amount estimated to accrue to each fund during the fiscal year from all sources except the taxation of property. In so doing, the council may not include any amount anticipated from the payment of taxes which that became delinquent during a preceding fiscal year.
- (2) The council shall then determine separately the amount appropriated for and authorized to be spent for each item in the budget and shall specify the fund against which warrants are to be drawn for the expenditures so authorized. There may not be added to the amount appropriated and authorized to be spent for an item or purpose or to the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from any fund, other than a fund for the payment of principal or interest on outstanding bonds, any amount because of anticipated loss of revenue by reason of nonpayment of taxes levied for the fiscal year. The expenditures authorized from a fund, including reserve, may not exceed the aggregate of:
- (a) the cash balance in the fund at the close of the preceding fiscal year in excess of outstanding unpaid warrants against the fund at the close of that fiscal year;
 - (b) the amount of estimated revenues revenue to accrue to the fund; and
 - (c) the amount which that may be raised for the fund by a lawful tax levy during the fiscal year.
- (3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 59. Section 7-6-4230, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4230. Determination of fund requirements to be met by tax levy -- exception. (1) Following the determinations required by 7-6-4229, the council shall determine the amount to be raised for each fund for which a tax levy is to be made by adding the cash balance in excess of outstanding unpaid warrants at the close of the preceding fiscal year and the amount of the estimated revenues, if any, to accrue to the fund during the current fiscal year. It shall then deduct the total amount so obtained from the total amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures from the fund as determined by the council in the budget adopted and approved. The amount remaining is the amount necessary to be raised for any fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.

(2) The council may add to the amount necessary to be raised for any fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year an additional amount as a reserve to meet expenditures to be made from the fund during the months of July to November of the next fiscal year. The amount added to any fund as a reserve may



not exceed one-third of the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from the fund during	j the
current fiscal year, after deducting from the amount of the appropriations and authorized expenditures	s the
total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent for election expenses and payment of emergency	and
other outstanding warrants.	

- (3) The total amount to be raised by tax levy for any fund during the current fiscal year, including the amount of the reserve, must may not exceed the total amount which that may be raised for the fund by a tax levy which that does not exceed the maximum levy permitted by law to be made for the fund.
- (4) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

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 Section 60. Section 7-6-4231, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-6-4231. Final budget -- approval, adoption, and amendment -- exception. (1) The budget as finally determined, in addition to setting out separately each item for which an appropriation is made or expenditure authorized and the fund out of which it is to be paid, shall must set out:
 - (a) the total amount appropriated and authorized to be spent from each fund;
- (b) the cash balance in excess of outstanding unpaid warrants at the close of the preceding fiscal year;
 - (c) the amount estimated to accrue to the fund from sources other than taxation;
 - (d) the reserve for the next fiscal year; and
 - (e) the amount necessary to be raised for each fund by tax levy during the current fiscal year.
 - (2) The council shall then by resolution approve and adopt the budget as finally determined, and the clerk shall enter the resolution at length in the official minutes of the council. The clerk shall keep a copy of the budget with the resolution in the official records of the municipality.
 - (3)(a) Subject to compliance with the procedures set forth in subsection (4), the council may approve and adopt a resolution amending a final budget when:
 - (i) shortfalls in anticipated and budgeted revenues occur that, unless reductions in appropriations are made, will result in expenditures for the year exceeding actual revenues revenue and cash balances available therefor; or
 - (ii) savings result from unanticipated adjustments in projected expenditures.
 - (b) Amended appropriations must be classified as:



1	(i) salaries and wages;
2	(ii) maintenance and operation;
3	(iii) capital outlay;
4	(iv) interest and debt redemption; or
5	(v) miscellaneous.
6	(4) Prior to amending a final budget, the council shall:
7	(a) hold a public hearing on the proposed amendments at least 7 days prior to a vote on the
8	resolution amending the budget; and
9	(b) publish notice at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town at least
10	6 but not more than 16 days before the hearing on the budget amendments. The published notice must
11	specify the date, time, place, and subject of the hearing.
12	(5) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
13	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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15	Section 61. Section 7-6-4232, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"7-6-4232. Fixing of tax levy exception. (1) On or before the second Monday in August and after
17	the approval and adoption of the final budget, the council shall fix the tax levy for each fund at a rate, not

"7-6-4232. Fixing of tax levy -- exception. (1) On or before the second Monday in August and after the approval and adoption of the final budget, the council shall fix the tax levy for each fund at a rate, not exceeding limits prescribed by law, which that will raise the amount set out in the budget as the amount necessary to be raised by tax levy for that fund during the current fiscal year. The taxable valuation of the city for the current fiscal year shall must be the basis for determining the amount of the tax levy for each fund, and each tax levy shall must be at a rate no not higher than is required on that basis, without including any amount for anticipated tax delinquency, to raise the amount set out in the budget.

- (2) If the council considers that a levy made for a bond sinking or interest fund will not provide a sufficient amount to pay all bond principal and interest becoming due during the current fiscal year or within 6 months after the current fiscal year because of anticipated tax delinquency, the council may fix the levy at a rate it considers necessary to raise the amount for making the payments of principal and interest over and above the anticipated tax delinquency.
 - (3) Each levy shall must be made in the manner provided by 15-10-201.
- (4) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."



1	Section 62. Section 7-6-4235, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"7-6-4235. Limitations on appropriations after budget adopted exception. (1) The estimates of
3	expenditures, itemized and classified as required in 7-6-4224 and 7-6-4225 and as finally fixed and adopted
4	and as may be amended as provided in 7-6-4231 by said the council, shall constitute the appropriations
5	for the municipality for the fiscal year intended to be covered thereby by the estimates.
6	(2) Except as provided in 7-6-4236, the council and every each other municipal official shall be is
7	limited in the making of expenditures or incurring of liabilities to the amount of such the detailed
8	appropriations and classifications, respectively.
9	(3) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting
10	method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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12	Section 63. Section 7-6-4236, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"7-6-4236. Transfer of appropriations within and among expenditure classes. (1) Upon a resolution
14	adopted by the council at a regular or special meeting and entered upon its minutes, transfers or revisions
15	within or among the general class or classes of salaries and wages, maintenance and support, and capital
16	outlay may be made, provided that no a salary shall may not be increased above the amount appropriated
17	therefor.
18	(2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method
19	provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."
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21	Section 64. Section 7-6-4240, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"7-6-4240. Lapse of appropriation. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), all
23	appropriations, other than the appropriations for uncompleted improvements in progress of construction,
24	shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
25	(2) (a) The appropriation accounts shall must remain open for a period of 30 days after the end of
26	the fiscal year for the payment of claims incurred against such the appropriations prior to the close of the
27	fiscal year and remaining unpaid. After such the 30-day period shall-have has expired, all appropriations,
28	except as hereinbefore otherwise provided regarding uncompleted improvements, shall become null and



in the ensuing budget.

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void, and any lawful claim presented thereafter against any such appropriation shall must be provided for

(b) Subsection	(2)(a) doe	not	apply to	a municipality	that has	adopted	<u>the</u>	<u>alternative</u>	accounting
method provided for it	n [sections	1 thr	ough 4].	18					

Section 65. Section 7-6-4241, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4241. Clerk's report concerning expenditures, liabilities, and appropriations -- exception. (1) The clerk shall submit to the council, on a date set by the council, a report showing the expenditures and liabilities against each separate budget appropriation incurred during the preceding calendar month and like similar information for the whole of the fiscal year to the first day of the month in which such the report is made, together with the unexpended balance of each appropriation. The clerk shall also set forth the receipts from taxes and in detail the receipts from all other sources by each fund for the same period.

(2) This section does not apply to a municipality that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 66. Section 7-6-4408, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-6-4408. Distribution of tax money. (1) The council or commission in each city or town may distribute the tax money collected for general municipal or administrative purposes into the funds prescribed by ordinance.

(2) This section does not apply to a city or town that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

Section 67. Section 15-10-203, MCA, is amended to read:

exception. (1) A local taxing authority may not budget an increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue in excess of the property tax revenue it received OF the previous fiscal year exclusive of revenue from ad valorem taxation on properties appearing for the first time on the property tax record unless it adopts a resolution to budget additional property tax revenue. Prior to adoption of the resolution, the taxing authority shall hold a public hearing for the purpose of receiving comments on its intention to budget increased property tax revenue. The taxing authority shall advertise notice of the public hearing as specified in subsection (2). The public hearing may be held in conjunction with the tentative budget hearing or any other budget hearing that may be required by law.



(2) The taxing authority shall advertise its intent to budget an increase in property tax revenue in
a newspaper meeting the requirements of 7-1-4127, except that the newspaper may not be primarily in the
business of publishing legal advertisements. If there is no not a newspaper in the county, in addition to
being posted as required in 7-1-4127, the advertisement must be published in one or more newspapers of
general circulation widely subscribed to by the residents of the county. The advertisement may not be
placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear. The
advertisement must meet the notice requirements of 7-1-4128. The advertisement must be published with
at least the following information:
"MOTICE OF PURCET INCREASE FROM PROPERTY TAYES

"NOTICE OF BUDGET INCREASE FROM PROPERTY TAXES

The (name of the taxing authority) intends to budget an increase in revenue from property taxation by (percentage of increase in property tax revenue from previous fiscal year) percent.

All concerned persons are invited to attend a public hearing on budgeting the increased property tax revenue to be held on (date and time) at (meeting place).

A decision on budgeting the increased property tax revenue will be made after considering comments made at this hearing.

For further information please contact: (name, address, and phone number of person who can be contacted for further information)."

(3) This section does not apply to a local taxing authority that has adopted the alternative accounting method provided for in [sections 1 through 4]."

NEW SECTION. Section 68. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 4] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 7, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 7, chapter 6, apply to [sections 1 through 4].

NEW SECTION. Section 69. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

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