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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE LAWS GOVERNING PSYCHOLOGISTS; REVISING		
5	THE DEFINITION OF THE PRACTICE OF PSYCHOLOGY TO INCLUDE THE PRESCRIPTION AND		
6	ADMINISTRATION OF PSYCHOTROPIC DRUGS; SETTING CERTAIN STANDARDS FOR PSYCHOLOGISTS;		
7	ADDING PSYCHOLOGIST TO THE LIST OF PROFESSIONALS WHOM NURSES MAY ASSIST; AND		
8	AMENDING SECTIONS 37-8-102, 37-17-102, AND 37-17-103, MCA."		
9			
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
11			
12	Section 1. Section 37-8-102, MCA, is amended to read:		
13	"37-8-102. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this chapter, the following		
14	definitions apply:		
15	(1) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means a registered professional nurse who has completed		
16	educational requirements related to the nurse's specific practice role, in addition to basic nursing education,		
17	as specified by the board pursuant to 37-8-202(5)(a).		
18	(2) "Board" means the board of nursing provided for in 2-15-1844.		
19	(3) "Department" means the department of commerce provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 18.		
20	(4) "Nursing education program" means any board-approved school that prepares graduates for		
21	initial licensure under this chapter. Nursing education programs for:		
22	(a) professional nursing may be a department, school, division, or other administrative unit in a		
23	senior or junior college or university;		
24	(b) practical nursing may be a department, school, division, or other administrative unit in a		
25	vocational-technical <del>conter</del> program or junior college.		
26	(5) "Practice of nursing" embraces two classes of nursing service and activity, as follows:		
27	(a) "Practice of practical nursing" means the performance for compensation of services requiring		
28	basic knowledge of the biological, physical, behavioral, psychological, and sociological sciences and of		
29	nursing procedures. Practical nursing practice utilizes uses standardized procedures in the observation and		
30	care of the ill, injured, and infirm; in the maintenance of health; in action to safeguard life and health; and		



HB 481 INTRODUCED BILL 54th Legislature

in the administration of medications and treatments prescribed by a physician, advanced practice registered
nurse, dentist, osteopath, or podiatrist authorized by state law to prescribe medications and treatments.
These services are performed under the supervision of a registered nurse or a physician, dentist, osteopath,
or podiatrist authorized by state law to prescribe medications and treatments.

(b) "Practice of professional nursing" means the performance for compensation of services requiring 5 6 substantial specialized knowledge of the biological, physical, behavioral, psychological, and sociological 7 sciences and of nursing theory as a basis for the nursing process. The nursing process is the assessment, 8 nursing analysis, planning, nursing intervention, and evaluation in the promotion and maintenance of health; 9 the prevention, casefinding, and management of illness, injury, or infirmity; and the restoration of optimum 10 function. The term also includes administration, teaching, counseling, supervision, delegation, and 11 evaluation of nursing practice and the administration of medications and treatments prescribed by 12 physicians, psychologists, advanced practice registered nurses, dentists, osteopaths, or podiatrists 13 authorized by state law to prescribe medications and treatments. Each registered nurse is directly 14 accountable and responsible to the consumer for the quality of nursing care rendered. As used in this 15 subsection (5)(b):

(i) "nursing analysis" is the identification of those client problems for which nursing care is
 indicated and may include referral to medical or community resources;

(ii) "nursing intervention" is the implementation of a plan of nursing care necessary to accomplish
 defined goals."

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21 Section 2. Section 37-17-102, MCA, is amended to read:

22 "37-17-102. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this chapter, the following
 23 definitions apply:

(1) "Accredited college or university" means a college or university accredited by the regional
 accrediting association for institutions of higher learning, such as the northwest association of secondary
 and higher schools.

27 (2) "Board" means the board of psychologists provided for in 2-15-1851.

(3) "Department" means the department of commerce provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 18.
 (4) (a) "Practice of psychology" means the observation, description, interpretation, and modification
 of human behavior by the application of psychological principles, methods, and procedures for the purpose



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of eliminating symptomatic, maladaptive, or undesired behavior and improving interpersonal relations, work
 and life adjustment, personal effectiveness, and mental health.

3 (b) The practice of psychology includes but is not limited to psychological testing and evaluation or assessment of personal characteristics, such as intelligence, personality, abilities, interests, aptitudes, 4 and neuropsychological functioning; counseling, psychoanalysis, psychotherapy, hypnosis, biofeedback, 5 6 and behavior analysis and therapy; diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional disorders or disabilities, 7 chemical dependency, substance abuse, and the psychological aspects of physical illness, accident, injury, 8 or disability; and psychoeducational evaluation, therapy, remediation, and consultation. The practice of 9 psychology also includes the prescription and administration of psychotropic drugs within the scope of 10 practice of the profession and, in accordance with 37-2-101, as a medical practitioner.

11 (5) A person represents himself <u>purports</u> to be a "psychologist" when he holds himself out to the 12 <u>public by the person uses in public</u> a title or description of services incorporating the words "psychologist", 13 "psychological", "psychologic", or "psychology" and offers to render or renders psychological services 14 defined in subsection (4) to individuals, groups, corporations, or the public, whether or not he <u>the person</u> 15 does so for compensation or fee.

- (6) "Psychotropic drugs" means lawful mind-altering medications typically used in the treatment of
   mental health problems."
- 18
- 19 Section 3. Section 37-17-103, MCA, is amended to read:

20 "37-17-103. Limitation of license authority <u>-- exception</u>. (1) Nothing in this <u>This</u> chapter shall <u>may</u>
 21 <u>not</u> be construed as permitting psychologists to prescribe drugs <u>except as provided in subsection (2)</u>,
 22 perform surgery, or administer electroconvulsive therapy.

- 23 (2) A psychologist who prescribes and administers psychotropic drugs is required to meet the
   24 standards for training established by the board, which must include at a minimum:
- 25 (a) 120 hours of instruction in psychopharmacology, including side effects and drug interactions,
- 26 and related sciences in a program or course of study approved by the board;
- 27 (b) successful competency demonstrated in an examination either administered or approved by the
  28 board;
- 29 (c) successful completion of a 1-year period of supervised preceptorship either administered or
   30 approved by the board; and



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# 1 (d) completion of continuing education coursework in psychopharmacology and related sciences

- 2 for annual licensure as required by the board.
- 3 (3) In establishing the fulfillment of any of the criteria in subsection (2), the board may accept the
- 4 certification of a national accrediting psychological organization."
- 5

-END-



## STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for <u>HB0481</u>, as introduced

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act revising the laws governing psychologists; revising the definition of the practice of psychology to include the prescription and administration of psychotropic drugs; setting certain standards for psychologists; adding psychologist to the list of professionals whom nurses may assist.

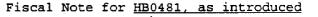
## ASSUMPTIONS:

- Research on the national level reveals no guidelines established in the areas of testing and appropriate training for psychologists using psychotropic drugs. Montana will be the first state in which psychologists have prescriptive authority.
- 2. The Board of Psychologists must ensure the health, welfare, and safety of the public in the area of psychotropic drug use which has potentially life threatening consequences. Key elements will include review and approval of courses, monitoring of preceptorships, administering a competency examination, monitoring continued competency through required continuing education and investigating consumer complaints.
- 3. The board will contract for professional consulting services to research and advise on the adequacy of a program/course of study and one year supervised preceptorship for the use of psychotropic drugs, and identify and/or develop a competency examination. To support these activities \$45,000 is being requested in each year of the biennium.
- 4. Additional operating expenses of \$1,000 in FY97 will be needed to cover other costs associated with the psychotropic drug administering program.
- 5. There are 200 licensed psychologists in Montana. It is expected that 100 will apply in FY97 to participate in the psychotropic drug administering program. Twenty new licenses will be granted in FY97, and it is anticipated that all will participate in the program.
- 6. Those wishing to participate in the program will pay an application and examination fee of \$450.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

	FY96 Difference	FY97 Difference
<u>Expenditures:</u> Operating Expenses	45,000	46,000
<u>Funding:</u> Psychologists SSR (02)	45,000	46,000
<u>Revenue:</u> Application/Examination Fee	0	54,000

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning DEB KOTTEL, PRIMARY SPONSOR DATE



HB481