1	House BILL NO. 446
2	INTRODUCED BY ORR hele Som Miles Curtise Mish while
3	Denny maker Seen Barnett L. Smith mor here
4	A BILL FOR ANACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING THE EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN PREEXISTING
5	CONDITIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS; PROVIDING DEFINITION; AMENDING
6	SECTIONS 33-22-101 AND 33-22-1811, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTION 33-22-110, MGA."
7	Smell
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
9	
10	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definition. (1) As used in [section 2], unless the context indicates
11	otherwise, "individual health benefit plan" means a hospital- or medical expense-incurred policy or
12	certificate, a subscriber contract or contract of insurance provided by a prepaid hospital or medical service
13	plan, a health maintenance organization subscriber contract issued or delivered for issue to an individual,
14	or a discretionary group trust policy providing hospital- or medical expense-incurred coverage to individuals.
15	(2) The term does not include:
16	(a) a self-insured group health plan, a self-insured, multi-employer group health plan, a group
17	conversion plan, or an insured group health plan;
18	(b) accident-only, specified disease, short-term hospital or medical, hospital confinement indemnity,
19	credit, dental, vision, medicare supplement, long-term care, or disability income insurance; or
20	(c) coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar
21	insurance, or automobile medical payment insurance.
22	
23	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Preexisting conditions. An individual health benefit plan may, because
24	of a preexisting condition, not deny, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred
25	more than 12 months following the effective date of the individual's coverage. An individual health benefit
26	plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than:
27	(1) a condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice,
28	diagnosis, care, or treatment during the 24 months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;
29	(2) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or



received during the 24 months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or

1	(3) a pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.
2	
3	Section 3. Section 33-22-101, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"33-22-101. Exceptions to scope. Parts 1 through 4 of this chapter, except 33-22-107, 33-22-110
5	[section 2], 33-22-111, 33-22-114, 33-22-125, 33-22-130 through 33-22-132, and 33-22-304, do not
6	apply to or affect:
7	(1) any policy of liability or workers' compensation insurance with or without supplementary
8	expense coverage;
9	(2) any group or blanket policy;
10	(3) life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts or supplemental contracts that contain only
11	those provisions relating to disability insurance as:
12	(a) provide additional benefits in case of death or dismemberment or loss of sight by accident or
13	accidental means; or
14	(b) operate to safeguard contracts against lapse or to give a special surrender value or special
15	benefit or an annuity in the event that the insured or annuitant becomes totally and permanently disabled,
16	as defined by the contract or supplemental contract; or
17	(4) reinsurance."
18	
19	Section 4. Section 33-22-1811, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"33-22-1811. Availability of coverage required plans. (1) (a) As a condition of transacting
21	business in this state with small employers, each small employer carrier shall offer to small employers at
22	least two health benefit plans. One plan must be a basic health benefit plan, and one plan must be a
23	standard health benefit plan.
24	(b) (i) A small employer carrier shall issue a basic health benefit plan or a standard health benefit
25	plan to any eligible small employer that applies for either plan and agrees to make the required premium
26	payments and to satisfy the other reasonable provisions of the health benefit plan not inconsistent with this
27	part.
28	(ii) In the case of a small employer carrier that establishes more than one class of business pursuant
29	to 33-22-1808, the small employer carrier shall maintain and offer to eligible small employers at least one
30	basic health benefit plan and at least one standard health benefit plan in each established class of business.



- A small employer carrier may apply reasonable criteria in determining whether to accept a small employer into a class of business, provided that:
- (A) the criteria are not intended to discourage or prevent acceptance of small employers applying for a basic or standard health benefit plan;
- (B) the criteria are not related to the health status or claims experience of the small employers' employees;
- (C) the criteria are applied consistently to all small employers that apply for coverage in that class of business; and
- (D) the small employer carrier provides for the acceptance of all eligible small employers into one or more classes of business.
- (iii) The provisions of subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not be applied to a class of business into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small businesses.
- (c) The provisions of this section are effective 180 days after the commissioner's approval of the basic health benefit plan and the standard health benefit plan developed pursuant to 33-22-1812, provided that if the program created pursuant to 33-22-1818 is not yet operative on that date, the provisions of this section are effective on the date that the program begins operation.
- (2) (a) A small employer carrier shall, pursuant to 33-1-501, file the basic health benefit plans and the standard health benefit plans to be used by the small employer carrier.
- (b) The commissioner may at any time, after providing notice and an opportunity for a hearing to the small employer carrier, disapprove the continued use by a small employer carrier of a basic or standard health benefit plan on the grounds that the plan does not meet the requirements of this part.
 - (3) Health benefit plans covering small employers must comply with the following provisions:
- (a) A health benefit plan may not, because of a preexisting condition, deny, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred more than 12 months following the effective date of the individual's coverage. A health benefit plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than 33-22-110, except that the condition may be excluded for a maximum of 12 months [section 2].
- (b) A health benefit plan must waive any time period applicable to a preexisting condition exclusion or limitation period with respect to particular services for the period of time an individual was previously covered by qualifying previous coverage that provided benefits with respect to those services if the qualifying previous coverage was continuous to a date not less than 30 days prior to the submission of an



- application for new coverage. This subsection (3)(b) does not preclude application of any waiting period applicable to all new enrollees under the health benefit plan.
- (c) A health benefit plan may exclude coverage for late enrollees for 18 months or for an 18-month preexisting condition exclusion, provided that if both a period of exclusion from coverage and a preexisting condition exclusion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined period may not exceed 18 months from the date the individual enrolls for coverage under the health benefit plan.
- (d) (i) Requirements used by a small employer carrier in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer, including requirements for minimum participation of eligible employees and minimum employer contributions, must be applied uniformly among all small employers that have the same number of eligible employees and that apply for coverage or receive coverage from the small employer carrier.
- (ii) A small employer carrier may vary the application of minimum participation requirements and minimum employer contribution requirements only by the size of the small employer group.
- (e) (i) If a small employer carrier offers coverage to a small employer, the small employer carrier shall offer coverage to all of the eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A small employer carrier may not offer coverage only to certain individuals in a small employer group or only to part of the group, except in the case of late enrollees as provided in subsection (3)(c).
- (ii) A small employer carrier may not modify a basic or standard health benefit plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage for certain diseases or medical conditions otherwise covered by the health benefit plan.
- (4) (a) A small employer carrier may not be required to offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subsection (1) in the case of the following:
- (i) to a small employer when the small employer is not physically located in the carrier's established geographic service area;
- (ii) to an employee when the employee does not work or reside within the carrier's established geographic service area; or
- (iii) within an area where the small employer carrier reasonably anticipates and demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commissioner that it will not have the capacity within its established geographic service area to deliver service adequately to the members of a group because of its obligations to existing group policyholders and enrollees.



54th Legislature

(b) A small employer	carrier may not be requir	ed to provide coverag	ge to small employers pursuant
to subsection (1) for any pe	eriod of time for which	the commissioner	determines that requiring the
acceptance of small employer	rs in accordance with the	provisions of subse	ction (1) would place the small
employer carrier in a financial	lly impaired condition."		

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Repealer. Section 33-22-110, MCA, is repealed.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and 2] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 33, chapter 22, and the provisions of Title 33, chapter 22, apply to [sections 1 and 2].

-END-



STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for HB0446, 3rd reading

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act prohibiting the exclusion of certain preexisting conditions from health benefit plans.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. HB446 requires changes to current contract language. There are 900 authorized disability insurance carriers of which 800 are active.
- 2. Carriers average five contracts per carrier. Approximately 50% of the carriers will comply with the provisions of this bill by submitting endorsements; 50% will comply by submitting new contracts. Separate endorsements would have to be filed for disability income and medical insurance. There is a \$10 fee for submitting endorsements and a \$25 fee for submitting new contracts. It is assumed that filings of both endorsements and contracts will be spread evenly between fiscal years.
- 3. Contracts must comply with the new language upon sale or renewal. Submissions will be equally divided between FY96 and FY97 because of the January 1, 1996, effective date.
- 4. There will be 1.00 FTE required in the rates and forms area of the Insurance Program in the State Auditor's Office to review and approve the submissions.
- 5. There is a duplication of estimated revenue and expenditure with HB533. Insurers will submit one set of contracts for review and pay one set of fees to comply with the provisions of both bills. The fiscal impact already is shown in the fiscal note for HB533.
- 6. If HB533 and HB446 are both passed and approved, there is no additional fiscal impact to HB446. If HB446 is passed and approved and HB533 fails, there will be additional general fund revenue of \$29,000 per year and additional general fund expenses of \$36,693 per year as a result of HB446.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Expenditures: See assumption #6.

Revenues:

See assumption #6.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
Office of Budget and Program Planning

SCOTT ORR, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB0446, 3rd reading

APPROVED BY SELECT COMMITTEE ON HEALTH CARE

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 446
2	INTRODUCED BY ORR, MILLER, T. NELSON, CURTISS, TASH, AHNER, DENNY, MCKEE, GREEN,
3	BARNETT, L. SMITH, SIMON, HERRON, MARTINEZ, SOMERVILLE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING THE EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN PREEXISTING
6	CONDITIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS; PROVIDING DEFINITION; AMENDING
7	SECTIONS 33-22-101 33-22-110 AND 33-22-1811, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTION 33-22-110, MCA
8	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE."
9	
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
11	
12	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definition. (1) As used in [section 2], unless the context indicates
13	otherwise, "individual health benefit plan" means a hospital or medical expense incurred policy or
14	certificate, a subscriber contract or contract of insurance provided by a prepaid hospital or medical service
15	plan, a health maintenance organization subscriber contract issued or delivered for issue to an individual,
16	or a discretionary group trust policy providing hospital or medical expense incurred coverage to individuals.
17	(2) The term does not include:
18	(a) a self-insured group health plan, a self-insured, multi-employer group health plan, a group
19	conversion plan, or an insured group health plan;
20	(b) accident only, specified disease, short-term hospital or medical, hospital confinement indemnity,
21	credit, dental, vision, medicare supplement, long term care, or disability income insurance; or
22	(c) coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar
23	insurance, or automobile medical payment insurance.
24	
25	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Preexisting conditions. An individual health benefit plan may, because
26	of a preexisting condition, not deny, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred
27	more than 12 months following the effective date of the individual's coverage. An individual health benefit
28	plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than:
29	(1) a condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to sook medical advice,
30	diagnosis, care, or treatment during the 24 months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;

1	(2) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or
2	received during the 24 months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or
3	(3) a pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.
4	
5 ·	Section 3. Section 33-22 101, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"33-22-101. Exceptions to scope. Parts 1 through 4 of this chapter, except 33-22-107, 33-22-110
7	[section 2], 33-22-111, 33-22-114, 33-22-125, 33-22-130 through 33-22-132, and 33-22-304, do not
8	apply to or affect:
9	(1) any policy of liability or workers' compensation insurance with or without supplementary
10	e xpense coverage;
11	(2) any group or blanket-policy;
12	(3) life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts or supplemental contracts that contain only
13	those provisions relating to disability insurance as:
14	(a) provide additional benefits in ease of death or dismemberment or loss of sight by accident or
15	accidental means; or
16	(b) operate to safeguard contracts against lapse or to give a special surrender value or special
17	benefit or an annuity in the event that the insured or annuitant becomes totally and permanently disabled,
18	as defined by the contract or supplemental contract; or
19	(4) reinsurance."
20	
21	SECTION 1. SECTION 33-22-110, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
22	"33-22-110. Preexisting conditions. (1) A Except as provided in subsection (2), a policy or
23	certificate of disability insurance may not exclude coverage for a condition for which medical advice or
24	treatment was recommended by or received from a provider of health care services unless the condition
25	occurred within 5 years preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person. The condition may
26	only be excluded for a maximum of 12 months.
27	(2) A health benefit plan may exclude coverage or limit benefits for a preexisting condition for a
28	maximum of 12 months. A health benefit plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively
29	than:
30	(a) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or



1	received during the 3 years preceding the effective date of coverage of the insured person;
2	(b) a condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice,
3	diagnosis, care, or treatment during the 3 years preceding the effective date of coverage of the insured
4	person; or
5	(c) a pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage of the insured person.
6	(3) For purposes of subsection (2), a "health benefit plan" means a hospital-incurred or medical
7	expense-incurred policy or certificate, a subscriber contract, or a contract of insurance provided by a health
8	service corporation or a health maintenance subscriber contract.
9	(4) An insurer may use an application form designed to elicit the complete health history of an
10	applicant and, on the basis of the answers on that application, perform underwriting in accordance with
11	the insurer's established underwriting standards."
12	
13	NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. RIDERS. EXCEPT FOR A POLICY ISSUED UNDER CHAPTER 22,
14	PART 18, A POLICY OF DISABILITY INSURANCE MAY EXCLUDE COVERAGE FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS
15	THROUGH THE USE OF ELIMINATION RIDERS. EXCEPT FOR A POLICY OF DISABILITY INCOME
16	INSURANCE, A CONDITION EXCLUDED BY AN ELIMINATION RIDER MAY BE EXCLUDED FOR A PERIOD
17	NOT TO EXCEED 5 YEARS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE OF THE INSURED PERSON.
18	
19	Section 3. Section 33-22-1811, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"33-22-1811. Availability of coverage required plans. (1) (a) As a condition of transacting
21	business in this state with small employers, each small employer carrier shall offer to small employers at
22	least two health benefit plans. One plan must be a basic health benefit plan, and one plan must be a
23	standard health benefit plan.
24	(b) (i) A small employer carrier shall issue a basic health benefit plan or a standard health benefit
25	plan to any eligible small employer that applies for either plan and agrees to make the required premium
26	payments and to satisfy the other reasonable provisions of the health benefit plan not inconsistent with this
27	part.
28	(ii) In the case of a small employer carrier that establishes more than one class of business pursuant
29	to 33-22-1808, the small employer carrier shall maintain and offer to eligible small employers at least one



basic health benefit plan and at least one standard health benefit plan in each established class of business.

1	A small employer carrier may apply reasonable criteria in determining whether to accept a small employer
2	into a class of business, provided that:

- (A) the criteria are not intended to discourage or prevent acceptance of small employers applying for a basic or standard health benefit plan;
- (B) the criteria are not related to the health status or claims experience of the small employers' employees;
- (C) the criteria are applied consistently to all small employers that apply for coverage in that class of business; and
- (D) the small employer carrier provides for the acceptance of all eligible small employers into one or more classes of business.
- (iii) The provisions of subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not be applied to a class of business into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small businesses.
- (c) The provisions of this section are effective 180 days after the commissioner's approval of the basic health benefit plan and the standard health benefit plan developed pursuant to 33-22-1812, provided that if the program created pursuant to 33-22-1818 is not yet operative on that date, the provisions of this section are effective on the date that the program begins operation.
- (2) (a) A small employer carrier shall, pursuant to 33-1-501, file the basic health benefit plans and the standard health benefit plans to be used by the small employer carrier.
- (b) The commissioner may at any time, after providing notice and an opportunity for a hearing to the small employer carrier, disapprove the continued use by a small employer carrier of a basic or standard health benefit plan on the grounds that the plan does not meet the requirements of this part.
 - (3) Health benefit plans covering small employers must comply with the following provisions:
- (a) A health benefit plan may not, because of a preexisting condition, deny, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred more than 12 months following the effective date of the individual's coverage. A health benefit plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than 33-22-110, except that the condition may be excluded for a maximum of 12 months (section 2) 33-22-110(2).
- (b) A health benefit plan must waive any time period applicable to a preexisting condition exclusion or limitation period with respect to particular services for the period of time an individual was previously covered by qualifying previous coverage that provided benefits with respect to those services if the



qualifying previous coverage was continuous to a date not less than 30 days prior to the submission of an application for new coverage. This subsection (3)(b) does not preclude application of any waiting period applicable to all new enrollees under the health benefit plan.

- (c) A health benefit plan may exclude coverage for late enrollees for 18 months or for an 18-month preexisting condition exclusion, provided that if both a period of exclusion from coverage and a preexisting condition exclusion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined period may not exceed 18 months from the date the individual enrolls for coverage under the health benefit plan.
- (d) (i) Requirements used by a small employer carrier in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer, including requirements for minimum participation of eligible employees and minimum employer contributions, must be applied uniformly among all small employers that have the same number of eligible employees and that apply for coverage or receive coverage from the small employer carrier.
- (ii) A small employer carrier may vary the application of minimum participation requirements and minimum employer contribution requirements only by the size of the small employer group.
- (e) (i) If a small employer carrier offers coverage to a small employer, the small employer carrier shall offer coverage to all of the eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A small employer carrier may not offer coverage only to certain individuals in a small employer group or only to part of the group, except in the case of late enrollees as provided in subsection (3)(c).
- (ii) A small employer carrier may not modify a basic or standard health benefit plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage for certain diseases or medical conditions otherwise covered by the health benefit plan.
- (4) (a) A small employer carrier may not be required to offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subsection (1) in the case of the following:
- (i) to a small employer when the small employer is not physically located in the carrier's established geographic service area;
- (ii) to an employee when the employee does not work or reside within the carrier's established geographic service area; or
- (iii) within an area where the small employer carrier reasonably anticipates and demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commissioner that it will not have the capacity within its established geographic service area to deliver service adequately to the members of a group because of its obligations to existing



1	group policyholders and enrollees.
2	(b) A small employer carrier may not be required to provide coverage to small employers pursuant
3	to subsection (1) for any period of time for which the commissioner determines that requiring the
4	acceptance of small employers in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) would place the small
5	employer carrier in a financially impaired condition."
6	
7	NEW SECTION. Scotion 5. Repealer. Section 33-22-110, MCA, is repealed.
8	
9	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. [SECTION 2] APPLIES
10	RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO POLICIES, CERTIFICATES, OR CONTRACTS
11	OF DISABILITY INSURANCE ISSUED PRIOR TO [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT], EXCEPT FOR
12	POLICIES, CERTIFICATES, OR CONTRACTS ISSUED UNDER TITLE 33, CHAPTER 22, PART 18.
13	
14	NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT] IS EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND
15	APPROVAL.
16	
17	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and SECTION 2] are IS intended
18	to be codified as an integral part of Title 33, chapter 22, PART 1, and the provisions of Title 33, chapter
19	22, PART 1, apply to [sections 1 and SECTION 2].
20	-END-

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 446
2	INTRODUCED BY ORR, MILLER, T. NELSON, CURTISS, TASH, AHNER, DENNY, MCKEE, GREEN,
3	BARNETT, L. SMITH, SIMON, HERRON, MARTINEZ, SOMERVILLE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING THE EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN PREEXISTING
6	CONDITIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS; PROVIDING DEFINITION; AMENDING
7	SECTIONS 33-22-101 33-22-110 AND 33-22-1811, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTION 33-22-110, MCA
8	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE."
9	
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
11	
12	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definition. (1) As used in [section 2], unless the context indicates
13	etherwise, "individual health benefit plan" means a hospital or medical expense incurred policy or
14	certificate, a subscriber contract or contract of insurance provided by a prepaid hospital or medical service
15	plan, a health maintenance organization subscriber contract issued or delivered for issue to an individual,
16	or a discretionary group trust policy providing hospital- or modical expense incurred coverage to individuals.
17	(2) The term does not include:
18	(a) a self-insured group-health-plan, a self-insured, multi-employer group-health-plan, a group
19	eonversion plan, or an insured group health plan;
20	(b) accident only, specified disease, short term hospital or medical, hospital confinement indomnity,
21	credit, dental, vision, medicare supplement, long term care, or disability income insurance; or
22	(c) coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar
23	insurance, or automobile medical-payment insurance.
24	
25	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Preexisting conditions. An individual health benefit plan may, because
26	of a preexisting condition, not deny, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred
27	more than 12 menths following the effective date of the individual's coverage. An individual health benefit
28	plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than:
29	(1) a condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice,
30	diagnosis, care, or treatment during the 24 menths immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;



1	(2) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or
2	received during the 24 months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or
3	(3) a pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.
4	
5	Section 3: Section 33 22 101, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"33-22-101. Exceptions to scope. Parts 1 through 4 of this chapter, except 33-22-107, 33-22-110
7	[section 2], 33-22-111, 33-22-114, 33-22-125, 33-22-130 through 33-22-132, and 33-22-304, do not
8	apply to or affect:
9	(1) any policy of liability or workers' compensation insurance with or without supplementary
10	expense coverage;
11	(2) any group or blanket policy;
12	(3) life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts or supplemental contracts that contain only
13	those provisions relating to disability insurance as:
14	(a) provide additional benefits in case of death or dismemberment or loss of sight by accident or
15	assidental means; or
16	(b) operate to safeguard contracts against lapse or to give a special surrender value or special
17	benefit or an annuity in the event that the insured or annuitant becomes totally and permanently disabled,
18	as defined by the contract or supplemental contract; or
19	(4) reinsurance."
20	
21	SECTION 1. SECTION 33-22-110, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
22	"33-22-110. Preexisting conditions. (1) A Except as provided in subsection (2), a policy or
23	certificate of disability insurance may not exclude coverage for a condition for which medical advice or
24	treatment was recommended by or received from a provider of health care services unless the condition
25	occurred within 5 years preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person. The condition may
26	only be excluded for a maximum of 12 months.
27	(2) A health benefit plan may exclude coverage or limit benefits for a preexisting condition for a
28	maximum of 12 months. A health benefit plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively
29	than:



(a) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or

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received during	the 3	vears	preceding	the	effective	date of	coverage	οf	the insured	nerson:
received during	LIIO O	y o ul 3	proceding	LIIO	CHOCKIVE	date or	COVCIAGO	v	the mouned	DEI 30II,

- (b) a condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment during the 3 years preceding the effective date of coverage of the insured person; or
 - (c) a pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage of the insured person.
- (3) For purposes of subsection (2), a "health benefit plan" means a hospital-incurred or medical expense-incurred policy or certificate, a subscriber contract, or a contract of insurance provided by a health service corporation or a health maintenance subscriber contract.
- (4) An insurer may use an application form designed to elicit the complete health history of an applicant and, on the basis of the answers on that application, perform underwriting in accordance with the insurer's established underwriting standards."

NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. RIDERS. EXCEPT FOR A POLICY ISSUED UNDER CHAPTER 22, PART 18, A POLICY OF DISABILITY INSURANCE MAY EXCLUDE COVERAGE FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS
THROUGH THE USE OF ELIMINATION RIDERS. EXCEPT FOR A POLICY OF DISABILITY INCOME
INSURANCE, A CONDITION EXCLUDED BY AN ELIMINATION RIDER MAY BE EXCLUDED FOR A PERIOD
NOT TO EXCEED § 4 YEARS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE OF THE INSURED PERSON.

Section 3. Section 33-22-1811, MCA, is amended to read:

"33-22-1811. Availability of coverage -- required plans. (1) (a) As a condition of transacting business in this state with small employers, each small employer carrier shall offer to small employers at least two health benefit plans. One plan must be a basic health benefit plan, and one plan must be a standard health benefit plan.

- (b) (i) A small employer carrier shall issue a basic health benefit plan or a standard health benefit plan to any eligible small employer that applies for either plan and agrees to make the required premium payments and to satisfy the other reasonable provisions of the health benefit plan not inconsistent with this part.
- (ii) In the case of a small employer carrier that establishes more than one class of business pursuant to 33-22-1808, the small employer carrier shall maintain and offer to eligible small employers at least one basic health benefit plan and at least one standard health benefit plan in each established class of business.



- A small employer carrier may apply reasonable criteria in determining whether to accept a small employer into a class of business, provided that:
- (A) the criteria are not intended to discourage or prevent acceptance of small employers applying for a basic or standard health benefit plan;
- (B) the criteria are not related to the health status or claims experience of the small employers' employees;
- (C) the criteria are applied consistently to all small employers that apply for coverage in that class of business; and
- (D) the small employer carrier provides for the acceptance of all eligible small employers into one or more classes of business.
- (iii) The provisions of subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not be applied to a class of business into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small businesses.
- (c) The provisions of this section are effective 180 days after the commissioner's approval of the basic health benefit plan and the standard health benefit plan developed pursuant to 33-22-1812, provided that if the program created pursuant to 33-22-1818 is not yet operative on that date, the provisions of this section are effective on the date that the program begins operation.
- (2) (a) A small employer carrier shall, pursuant to 33-1-501, file the basic health benefit plans and the standard health benefit plans to be used by the small employer carrier.
- (b) The commissioner may at any time, after providing notice and an opportunity for a hearing to the small employer carrier, disapprove the continued use by a small employer carrier of a basic or standard health benefit plan on the grounds that the plan does not meet the requirements of this part.
 - (3) Health benefit plans covering small employers must comply with the following provisions:
- (a) A health benefit plan may not, because of a preexisting condition, deny, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred more than 12 months following the effective date of the individual's coverage. A health benefit plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than 33-22-110, except that the condition may be excluded for a maximum of 12 months [section 2] 33-22-110(2).
- (b) A health benefit plan must waive any time period applicable to a preexisting condition exclusion or limitation period with respect to particular services for the period of time an individual was previously covered by qualifying previous coverage that provided benefits with respect to those services if the



30 :

qualifying previous coverage was continuous to a date not less than 30 days prior to the submission of an application for new coverage. This subsection (3)(b) does not preclude application of any waiting period applicable to all new enrollees under the health benefit plan.

- (c) A health benefit plan may exclude coverage for late enrollees for 18 months or for an 18-month preexisting condition exclusion, provided that if both a period of exclusion from coverage and a preexisting condition exclusion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined period may not exceed 18 months from the date the individual enrolls for coverage under the health benefit plan.
- (d) (i) Requirements used by a small employer carrier in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer, including requirements for minimum participation of eligible employees and minimum employer contributions, must be applied uniformly among all small employers that have the same number of eligible employees and that apply for coverage or receive coverage from the small employer carrier.
- (ii) A small employer carrier may vary the application of minimum participation requirements and minimum employer contribution requirements only by the size of the small employer group.
- (e) (i) If a small employer carrier offers coverage to a small employer, the small employer carrier shall offer coverage to all of the eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A small employer carrier may not offer coverage only to certain individuals in a small employer group or only to part of the group, except in the case of late enrollees as provided in subsection (3)(c).
- (ii) A small employer carrier may not modify a basic or standard health benefit plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage for certain diseases or medical conditions otherwise covered by the health benefit plan.
- (4) (a) A small employer carrier may not be required to offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subsection (1) in the case of the following:
- (i) to a small employer when the small employer is not physically located in the carrier's established geographic service area;
- (ii) to an employee when the employee does not work or reside within the carrier's established geographic service area; or
- (iii) within an area where the small employer carrier reasonably anticipates and demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commissioner that it will not have the capacity within its established geographic service area to deliver service adequately to the members of a group because of its obligations to existing

ı	group policyholders and embliees.
2	(b) A small employer carrier may not be required to provide coverage to small employers pursuant
3	to subsection (1) for any period of time for which the commissioner determines that requiring the
4	acceptance of small employers in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) would place the small
5	employer carrier in a financially impaired condition."
6	
7	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Repealer. Section 33-22-110, MGA, is repealed.
8	
9	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. [SECTION 2] APPLIES
10	RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO POLICIES, CERTIFICATES, OR CONTRACTS
11	OF DISABILITY INSURANCE ISSUED PRIOR TO [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT], EXCEPT FOR
12	POLICIES, CERTIFICATES, OR CONTRACTS ISSUED UNDER TITLE 33, CHAPTER 22, PART 18.
13	
14	NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT] IS EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND
15	APPROVAL.
16	
17	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and SECTION 2] are IS intended
18	to be codified as an integral part of Title 33, chapter 22, PART 1, and the provisions of Title 33, chapter
19	22, PART 1, apply to [sections 1 and SECTION 2].
20	-END-



1	HOUSE BILL NO. 446
2	INTRODUCED BY ORR, MILLER, T. NELSON, CURTISS, TASH, AHNER, DENNY, MCKEE, GREEN,
3	BARNETT, L. SMITH, SIMON, HERRON, MARTINEZ, SOMERVILLE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING THE EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN PREEXISTING
6	CONDITIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS; PROVIDING DEFINITION; AMENDING
7	SECTIONS 33-22-101 <u>33-22-110</u> AND 33-22-1811, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTION 33-22-110, MCA
8	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE."
9	
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
11	
12	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definition. (1) As used in [section 2], unless the context indicates
13	otherwise, "individual health benefit plan" means a hospital or medical expense incurred policy or
14	certificate, a subscriber contract or contract of insurance provided by a prepaid hospital or medical service
15	plan, a health maintenance organization subscriber contract issued or delivered for issue to an individual,
16	or a discretionary group trust policy providing hospital or medical expense incurred coverage to individuals.
17	(2) The term does not include:
18	(a) a self insured group health plan, a self insured, multi employer group health plan, a group
19	conversion plan, or an insured group health plan;
20	(b) accident only, specified disease, short term hospital or medical, hospital confinement indemnity,
21	credit, dental, vision, medicare supplement, long term care, or disability income insurance; or
22	(c) coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar
23	insurance, or automobile medical payment insurance.
24	
25	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Preexisting conditions. An individual health benefit plan may, because
26	of a preexisting condition, not deny, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred
27	more than 12 months following the effective date of the individual's coverage. An individual health benefit
28	plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than:
29	(1) a condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice,
30	diagnosis, care, or treatment during the 24 months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;



1	(2) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or
2	received during the 24 months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or
3	(3) a prognancy existing on the effective date of coverage.
4	
5	Section 3: Section 33-22-101, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"33-22-101. Exceptions to scope. Parts 1 through 4 of this chapter, except 33-22-107, 33-22-110
7	[section 2], 33 22 111, 33 22 114, 33 22 125, 33 22 130 through 33 22 132, and 33 22 304, do not
8	apply to or affect:
9	(1) any policy of liability or workers' compensation insurance with or without supplementary
10	expense coverage;
11	(2) any group or blanket policy;
12	(3) life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts or supplemental contracts that contain only
13	those provisions relating to disability insurance as:
14	(a) provide additional benefits in case of death or dismemberment or loss of sight by accident or
15	accidental means; or
16	(b) operate to safeguard contracts against lapse or to give a special surrender value or special
17	benefit or an annuity in the event that the insured or annuitant becomes totally and permanently disabled,
18	as defined by the contract or supplemental contract; or
19	(4) reinsurance."
20	
21	SECTION 1. SECTION 33-22-110, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
22	"33-22-110. Preexisting conditions. (1) A Except as provided in subsection (2), a policy or
23	certificate of disability insurance may not exclude coverage for a condition for which medical advice or
24	treatment was recommended by or received from a provider of health care services unless the condition
25	occurred within 5 years preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person. The condition may
26	only be excluded for a maximum of 12 months.
27	(2) A health benefit plan may exclude enverage or limit benefits for a preexisting condition for a
28	maximum of 12 months. A health benefit plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively
29	than:
30	(a) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or

- 2 -



•	received during the eyears preseding the effective date of coverage of the insured person,
2	(b) a condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice,
3	diagnosis, care, or treatment during the 3 years preceding the effective date of severage of the insured
4	person; or
5	(c) a pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage of the insured person. A HEALTH
6	BENEFIT PLAN MAY NOT EXCLUDE COVERAGE FOR A CONDITION FOR WHICH MEDICAL ADVICE OF
7	TREATMENT WAS RECOMMENDED BY OR RECEIVED FROM A PROVIDER OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES
8	UNLESS THE CONDITION OCCURRED WITHIN 3 YEARS PRECEDING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE
9	OF AN INSURED PERSON. THE CONDITION MAY BE EXCLUDED FOR A MAXIMUM OF 12 MONTHS.
10	(3) For purposes of subsection (2), a "health benefit plan" means a hospital incurred HOSPITAL

received during the 2 years preceding the effective data of coverage of the incured persons

EXPENSE-INCURRED or medical expense-incurred policy, CONTRACT, or certificate, a subscriber contract, or a contract of insurance provided by a HEALTH INSURER, health service corporation, or a health maintenance subscriber contract ORGANIZATION.

(4) An insurer may use an application form designed to elicit the complete health history of an applicant and, on the basis of the answers on that application, perform underwriting in accordance with the insurer's established underwriting standards.

(5) A POLICY OF DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE MAY NOT EXCLUDE COVERAGE FOR A CONDITION FOR WHICH MEDICAL ADVICE, DIAGNOSIS, CARE, OR TREATMENT WAS RECOMMENDED BY OR RECEIVED FROM A PROVIDER OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES WITHIN 5 YEARS PRECEDING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE OF AN INSURED PERSON. AN EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO A DISABILITY COMMENCING MORE THAN 12 MONTHS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE OF AN INSURED PERSON."

NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. RIDERS. (1) EXCEPT FOR A POLICY ISSUED UNDER CHAPTER 22, PART 18, A POLICY OF DISABILITY INSURANCE MAY EXCLUDE CONTAIN A PROVISION THAT EXCLUDES COVERAGE FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS THROUGH THE USE OF ELIMINATION RIDERS. EXCEPT FOR A POLICY OF DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE, A CONDITION EXCLUDED BY AN ELIMINATION RIDER MAY BE EXCLUDED FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED 5 4 YEARS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE OF THE INSURED PERSON. FOR CONDITIONS FOR WHICH MEDICAL ADVICE, DIAGNOSIS, CARE, OR TREATMENT WAS RECOMMENDED BY OR RECEIVED FROM A



1	PROVIDER OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES WITHIN 4 YEARS PRECEDING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
2	COVERAGE OF AN INSURED PERSON. THE PROVISIONS OF 33-22-110 DO NOT APPLY TO ELIMINATION
3	RIDERS. AN INSURED PERSON MAY APPLY TO THE INSURER FOR REMOVAL OR MODIFICATION OF A
4	RIDER, AND THE INSURER SHALL RESPOND TO THE APPLICATION WITHIN 60 DAYS OF RECEIPT.
5	(2) AN INSURER MAY NOT, EXCEPT UPON AGREEMENT BY THE INSURED, RETROACTIVELY
6	IMPOSE AN ELIMINATION RIDER ON AN EXISTING POLICY, CERTIFICATE, OR CONTRACT.
7	(3) "ELIMINATION RIDER" MEANS A PROVISION ATTACHED TO A POLICY THAT EXCLUDES
8	COVERAGE FOR A SPECIFIC CONDITION THAT WOULD OTHERWISE BE COVERED UNDER THE POLICY.
9	
10	Section 3. Section 33-22-1811, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"33-22-1811. Availability of coverage required plans. (1) (a) As a condition of transacting
12	business in this state with small employers, each small employer carrier shall offer to small employers at
13	least two health benefit plans. One plan must be a basic health benefit plan, and one plan must be a
14	standard health benefit plan.
15	(b) (i) A small employer carrier shall issue a basic health benefit plan or a standard health benefit
16	plan to any eligible small employer that applies for either plan and agrees to make the required premium
17	payments and to satisfy the other reasonable provisions of the health benefit plan not inconsistent with this
18	part.
19	(ii) In the case of a small employer carrier that establishes more than one class of business pursuant
20	to 33-22-1808, the small employer carrier shall maintain and offer to eligible small employers at least one
21	basic health benefit plan and at least one standard health benefit plan in each established class of business.
22	A small employer carrier may apply reasonable criteria in determining whether to accept a small employer
23	into a class of business, provided that:
24	(A) the criteria are not intended to discourage or prevent acceptance of small employers applying
25	for a basic or standard health benefit plan;
26	(B) the criteria are not related to the health status or claims experience of the small employers'
27	employees;
28	(C) the criteria are applied consistently to all small employers that apply for coverage in that slave



of business; and

29

30

(D) the small employer carrier provides for the acceptance of all eligible small employers into one

or more classes of business.

- (iii) The provisions of subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not be applied to a class of business into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small businesses.
- (c) The provisions of this section are effective 180 days after the commissioner's approval of the basic health benefit plan and the standard health benefit plan developed pursuant to 33-22-1812, provided that if the program created pursuant to 33-22-1818 is not yet operative on that date, the provisions of this section are effective on the date that the program begins operation.
- (2) (a) A small employer carrier shall, pursuant to 33-1-501, file the basic health benefit plans and the standard health benefit plans to be used by the small employer carrier.
- (b) The commissioner may at any time, after providing notice and an opportunity for a hearing to the small employer carrier, disapprove the continued use by a small employer carrier of a basic or standard health benefit plan on the grounds that the plan does not meet the requirements of this part.
 - (3) Health benefit plans covering small employers must comply with the following provisions:
- (a) A health benefit plan may not, because of a preexisting condition, deny, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred more than 12 months following the effective date of the individual's coverage. A health benefit plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than 33-22-110, except that the condition may be excluded for a maximum of 12 months [section 2] 33-22-110(2).
- (b) A health benefit plan must waive any time period applicable to a preexisting condition exclusion or limitation period with respect to particular services for the period of time an individual was previously covered by qualifying previous coverage that provided benefits with respect to those services if the qualifying previous coverage was continuous to a date not less than 30 days prior to the submission of an application for new coverage. This subsection (3)(b) does not preclude application of any waiting period applicable to all new enrollees under the health benefit plan.
- (c) A health benefit plan may exclude coverage for late enrollees for 18 months or for an 18-month preexisting condition exclusion, provided that if both a period of exclusion from coverage and a preexisting condition exclusion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined period may not exceed 18 months from the date the individual enrolls for coverage under the health benefit plan.
- (d) (i) Requirements used by a small employer carrier in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer, including requirements for minimum participation of eligible employees and minimum



employer contributions,	must be a	pplied	uniformly	among a	ll small	employers	that h	ave the	same	numbei
of eligible employees and	d that app	ly for a	coverage o	or receive	cover	age from tl	ne sma	all emplo	yer ca	ırrier.

- (ii) A small employer carrier may vary the application of minimum participation requirements and minimum employer contribution requirements only by the size of the small employer group.
- (e) (i) If a small employer carrier offers coverage to a small employer, the small employer carrier shall offer coverage to all of the eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A small employer carrier may not offer coverage only to certain individuals in a small employer group or only to part of the group, except in the case of late enrollees as provided in subsection (3)(c).
- (ii) A small employer carrier may not modify a basic or standard health benefit plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage for certain diseases or medical conditions otherwise covered by the health benefit plan.
- (4) (a) A small employer carrier may not be required to offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subsection (1) in the case of the following:
- (i) to a small employer when the small employer is not physically located in the carrier's established geographic service area;
- (ii) to an employee when the employee does not work or reside within the carrier's established geographic service area; or
- (iii) within an area where the small employer carrier reasonably anticipates and demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commissioner that it will not have the capacity within its established geographic service area to deliver service adequately to the members of a group because of its obligations to existing group policyholders and enrollees.
- (b) A small employer carrier may not be required to provide coverage to small employers pursuant to subsection (1) for any period of time for which the commissioner determines that requiring the acceptance of small employers in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) would place the small employer carrier in a financially impaired condition."

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Repealer. Section 33-22-110, MCA, is repealed.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. SEVERABILITY. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT] IS INVALID, ALL VALID



1	PARTS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID PART REMAIN IN EFFECT. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT]
2	IS INVALID IN ONE OR MORE OF ITS APPLICATIONS, THE PART REMAINS IN EFFECT IN ALL VALID
3	APPLICATIONS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID APPLICATIONS.
4	
5	NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. [SECTION 2] APPLIES
6	RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO POLICIES, CERTIFICATES, OR CONTRACTS
7	OF DISABILITY INSURANCE ISSUED PRIOR TO [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT], EXCEPT FOR
8	POLICIES, CERTIFICATES, OR CONTRACTS ISSUED UNDER TITLE 33, CHAPTER 22, PART 18. AN
9	INSURER MAY NOT, AS A RESULT OF THE APPLICATION OF [THIS SECTION], SEEK REIMBURSEMENT
0	FOR ANY CLAIMS PREVIOUSLY PAID.
1	
2	NEW SECTION. SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT] IS EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND
3	APPROVAL.
4	
5	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and SECTION 2] are IS intended
6	to be codified as an integral part of Title 33, chapter 22, PART 1, and the provisions of Title 33, chapter
7	22, PART 1, apply to [sections 1 and SECTION 2].
8	-END-



JOINT SELECT COMMITTEE REPORT

Page 1 of 2 March 17, 1995

MR. PRESIDENT:

We, your Joint Select Committee on Health Care, having had under consideration HB 446 (third reading copy -- blue), respectfully report that HB 446 be amended as follows and as so amended be concurred in.

Signed:

Senator Steve Benedict, Chair

That such amendments read:

1. Page 2, line 27 through page 3, line 5.

Following: "(2)"

Strike: the remainder of line 27 through page 3, line 5 Insert: "A health benefit plan may not exclude coverage for a condition for which medical advice or treatment was recommended by or received from a provider of health care services unless the condition occurred within 3 years preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person. The condition may be excluded for a maximum of 12 months."

2. Page 3, line 6.

Strike: "hospital-incurred"

Insert: "hospital expense-incurred"

3. Page 3, line 7. Following: "policy" Insert: ", contract," Following: "certificate"

Strike: ", a subscriber contract, or a contract of insurance"

Following: "by a"

Insert: "health insurer,"

4. Page 3, line 8.

Following: "corporation"

Insert: "," Following: "or" Strike: "a"

Strike: "subscriber contract"

Insert: "organization"

5. Page 3, line 12.

Insert: "(5) A policy of disability income insurance may not exclude coverage for a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended by or received from a provider of health care services within 5 years preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured

 Amd.	Coord.		HB 446
 Sec.	of Senate	Senator Carrying Bill	JOINT H & S

person. An exclusion may not apply to a disability commencing more than 12 months from the effective date of coverage of an insured person."

6. Page 3, line 13. Following: "RIDERS." Insert: "(1)"

7. Page 3, line 14. Following: "MAY" Strike: "EXCLUDE"

Insert: "contain a provision that excludes"

8. Page 3, lines 15 through 17.

Following: "RIDERS"

Strike: the remainder of line 15 through line 17

Insert: "for conditions for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended by or received from a provider of health care services within 4 years preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person. The provisions of 33-22-110 do not apply to elimination riders. An insured person may apply to the insurer for removal or modification of a rider, and the insurer shall respond to the application within 60 days of receipt.

(2) An insurer may not, except upon agreement by the insured, retroactively impose an elimination rider on an existing policy, certificate, or contract.

"Elimination rider" means a provision attached to a policy that excludes coverage for a specific condition that would otherwise be covered under the policy."

9. Page 6, line 8.

Insert: "

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications."

Renumber: subsequent sections

10. Page 6, line 12.

Following: "18."

Insert: "An insurer may not, as a result of the application of [this section], seek reimbursement for any claims previously paid. -END-



on House Bill 446 Report No. 1, April 6, 1995

Page 1 of 1

Mr. Speaker and Mr. President:

We, your Free Conference Committee met and considered House Bill 446 and recommend as follows:

1. Page 3, line 18.

Following: "ADVICE"
Strike: ", DIAGNOSIS, CARE,"

2. Page 3, line 19. Following: "SERVICES"

Insert: "unless the condition occurred"

And this FREE Conference Committee report be adopted.

For the House:

For the Senate:

Representative Drr

Chair

Chair

Representative Kasten

Senator Eck

Representative Tuss

Senator Miller

ADOPT

REJECT

790933CC.Hbk

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 446
2	INTRODUCED BY ORR, MILLER, T. NELSON, CURTISS, TASH, AHNER, DENNY, MCKEE, GREEN,
3	BARNETT, L. SMITH, SIMON, HERRON, MARTINEZ, SOMERVILLE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING THE EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN PREEXISTING
6	CONDITIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS; PROVIDING DEFINITION; AMENDING
7	SECTIONS 33-22-101 33-22-110 AND 33-22-1811, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTION 33-22-110, MCA
8	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE."
9	
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
11	
12	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definition. (1) As used in [section 2], unless the context indicates
13	etherwise, "individual health benefit plan" means a hespital or medical expense incurred policy or
14	certificate, a subscriber contract or contract of insurance provided by a propaid hospital or medical service
15	plan, a health maintenance organization subscriber contract issued or delivered for issue to an individual,
16	or a discretionary group trust policy providing hospital- or modical expense incurred coverage to individuals.
17	(2) The term does not include:
18	(a) a self-insured group health plan, a self-insured, multi-employer group health plan, a group
19	conversion plan, or an insured group health plan;
20	(b) accident only, specified disease, short term hospital or medical, hospital confinement indemnity,
21	credit, dental, vision, medicare supplement, long term care, or disability income insurance; or
22	(e) eoverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar
23	insurance, or automobile medical payment insurance.
24	
25	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Preexisting conditions. An individual health benefit plan may, because
26	of a preexisting condition, not dony, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred
27	more than 12 menths following the effective date of the individual's coverage. An individual health benefit
28	plan-may not define a preexisting condition-more restrictively than:
29	(1) a condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice,
30	diagnosis, care, or treatment during the 24 months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;

1	(2) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or
2	received during the 24 months immediately preceding the effective date of severage; or
3	(3) a pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.
4	
5	Section 3. Section 33-22-101, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"33-22-101. Exceptions to scope. Parts 1 through 4 of this chapter, except 33-22-107, 33-22-110
7	[section 2], 33 22 111, 33 22 114, 33 22 125, 33 22 130 through 33 22 132, and 33 22 304, do not
8	apply to or affect:
9	(1) any policy of liability or workers' compensation insurance with or without supplementary
0	expense coverage;
1	(2) any group or blanket policy;
2	(3) life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts or supplemental contracts that contain only
13	these provisions relating to disability insurance as:
14	(a) provide additional benefits in case of death or dismemberment or loss of sight by accident or
15	accidental means; or
16	(b) operate to safeguard contracts against lapse or to give a special surrender value or special
17	benefit or an annuity in the event that the insured or annuitant becomes totally and permanently disabled,
18	as defined by the contract or supplemental contract; or
19	(4) reinsurance."
20	
21	SECTION 1. SECTION 33-22-110, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
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23	certificate of disability insurance may not exclude coverage for a condition for which medical advice or
24	treatment was recommended by or received from a provider of health care services unless the condition
25	occurred within 5 years preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person. The condition may
26	only be excluded for a maximum of 12 months.
27	(2) A health benefit plan may exclude severage or limit benefits for a preexisting condition for a
28	maximum of 12 months. A health benefit plan-may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively
29	than:



(a) a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or

1	received during the 3 years proceding the effective date of coverage of the insured person;
2	(b) a condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice,
3	diagnosis, care, or treatment during the 3 years preceding the effective date of coverage of the insured
4	person; or
5	(e) a pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage of the insured person. A HEALTH
6	BENEFIT PLAN MAY NOT EXCLUDE COVERAGE FOR A CONDITION FOR WHICH MEDICAL ADVICE OR
7	TREATMENT WAS RECOMMENDED BY OR RECEIVED FROM A PROVIDER OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES
8	UNLESS THE CONDITION OCCURRED WITHIN 3 YEARS PRECEDING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE
9	OF AN INSURED PERSON. THE CONDITION MAY BE EXCLUDED FOR A MAXIMUM OF 12 MONTHS.
10	(3) For purposes of subsection (2), a "health benefit plan" means a hospital incurred HOSPITAL
11	EXPENSE-INCURRED or medical expense-incurred policy, CONTRACT, or certificate, a subscriber contract,
12	or a contract of insurance provided by a HEALTH INSURER, health service corporation, or a health
13	maintenance subscriber contract ORGANIZATION.
14	(4) An insurer may use an application form designed to elicit the complete health history of an
15	applicant and, on the basis of the answers on that application, perform underwriting in accordance with
16	the insurer's established underwriting standards.
17	(5) A POLICY OF DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE MAY NOT EXCLUDE COVERAGE FOR A
18	CONDITION FOR WHICH MEDICAL ADVICE, DIAGNOSIS, CARE, OR TREATMENT WAS RECOMMENDED
19	BY OR RECEIVED FROM A PROVIDER OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES UNLESS THE CONDITION OCCURRED
20	WITHIN 5 YEARS PRECEDING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE OF AN INSURED PERSON. AN
21	EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO A DISABILITY COMMENCING MORE THAN 12 MONTHS FROM THE
22	EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE OF AN INSURED PERSON."
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24	NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. RIDERS. (1) EXCEPT FOR A POLICY ISSUED UNDER CHAPTER 22,
25	PART 18, A POLICY OF DISABILITY INSURANCE MAY EXCLUDE CONTAIN A PROVISION THAT
26	EXCLUDES COVERAGE FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS THROUGH THE USE OF ELIMINATION RIDERS.
27	EXCEPT FOR A POLICY OF DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE, A CONDITION EXCLUDED BY AN



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ELIMINATION RIDER MAY BE EXCLUDED FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED 5 4 YEARS FROM THE

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE OF THE INSURED PERSON. FOR CONDITIONS FOR WHICH MEDICAL

ADVICE, DIAGNOSIS, CARE, OR TREATMENT WAS RECOMMENDED BY OR RECEIVED FROM A

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1	PROVIDER OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES WITHIN 4 YEARS PRECEDING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
2	COVERAGE OF AN INSURED PERSON. THE PROVISIONS OF 33-22-110 DO NOT APPLY TO ELIMINATION
3	RIDERS. AN INSURED PERSON MAY APPLY TO THE INSURER FOR REMOVAL OR MODIFICATION OF A
4	RIDER, AND THE INSURER SHALL RESPOND TO THE APPLICATION WITHIN 60 DAYS OF RECEIPT.
5	(2) AN INSURER MAY NOT, EXCEPT UPON AGREEMENT BY THE INSURED, RETROACTIVELY
6	IMPOSE AN ELIMINATION RIDER ON AN EXISTING POLICY, CERTIFICATE, OR CONTRACT.
7	(3) "ELIMINATION RIDER" MEANS A PROVISION ATTACHED TO A POLICY THAT EXCLUDES
8	COVERAGE FOR A SPECIFIC CONDITION THAT WOULD OTHERWISE BE COVERED UNDER THE POLICY.
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10	Section 3. Section 33-22-1811, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"33-22-1811. Availability of coverage required plans. (1) (a) As a condition of transacting
12	business in this state with small employers, each small employer carrier shall offer to small employers at
13	least two health benefit plans. One plan must be a basic health benefit plan, and one plan must be a
14	standard health benefit plan.
15	(b) (i) A small employer carrier shall issue a basic health benefit plan or a standard health benefit

- (b) (i) A small employer carrier shall issue a basic health benefit plan or a standard health benefit plan to any eligible small employer that applies for either plan and agrees to make the required premium payments and to satisfy the other reasonable provisions of the health benefit plan not inconsistent with this part.
- (ii) In the case of a small employer carrier that establishes more than one class of business pursuant to 33-22-1808, the small employer carrier shall maintain and offer to eligible small employers at least one basic health benefit plan and at least one standard health benefit plan in each established class of business. A small employer carrier may apply reasonable criteria in determining whether to accept a small employer into a class of business, provided that:
- (A) the criteria are not intended to discourage or prevent acceptance of small employers applying for a basic or standard health benefit plan;
- (B) the criteria are not related to the health status or claims experience of the small employers' employees;
- 28 (C) the criteria are applied consistently to all small employers that apply for coverage in that class 29 of business; and
 - (D) the small employer carrier provides for the acceptance of all eligible small employers into one



or more classes of business.

- (iii) The provisions of subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not be applied to a class of business into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small businesses.
- (c) The provisions of this section are effective 180 days after the commissioner's approval of the basic health benefit plan and the standard health benefit plan developed pursuant to 33-22-1812, provided that if the program created pursuant to 33-22-1818 is not yet operative on that date, the provisions of this section are effective on the date that the program begins operation.
- (2) (a) A small employer carrier shall, pursuant to 33-1-501, file the basic health benefit plans and the standard health benefit plans to be used by the small employer carrier.
- (b) The commissioner may at any time, after providing notice and an opportunity for a hearing to the small employer carrier, disapprove the continued use by a small employer carrier of a basic or standard health benefit plan on the grounds that the plan does not meet the requirements of this part.
 - (3) Health benefit plans covering small employers must comply with the following provisions:
- (a) A health benefit plan may not, because of a preexisting condition, deny, exclude, or limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred more than 12 months following the effective date of the individual's coverage. A health benefit plan may not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than 33-22-110, except that the condition may be excluded for a maximum of 12 months [section 2] 33-22-110(2).
- (b) A health benefit plan must waive any time period applicable to a preexisting condition exclusion or limitation period with respect to particular services for the period of time an individual was previously covered by qualifying previous coverage that provided benefits with respect to those services if the qualifying previous coverage was continuous to a date not less than 30 days prior to the submission of an application for new coverage. This subsection (3)(b) does not preclude application of any waiting period applicable to all new enrollees under the health benefit plan.
- (c) A health benefit plan may exclude coverage for late enrollees for 18 months or for an 18-month preexisting condition exclusion, provided that if both a period of exclusion from coverage and a preexisting condition exclusion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined period may not exceed 18 months from the date the individual enrolls for coverage under the health benefit plan.
- (d) (i) Requirements used by a small employer carrier in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer, including requirements for minimum participation of eligible employees and minimum



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employer contributions, must be applied uniformly among all small employers that have the same number of eligible employees and that apply for coverage or receive coverage from the small employer carrier.

- (ii) A small employer carrier may vary the application of minimum participation requirements and minimum employer contribution requirements only by the size of the small employer group.
- (e) (i) If a small employer carrier offers coverage to a small employer, the small employer carrier shall offer coverage to all of the eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A small employer carrier may not offer coverage only to certain individuals in a small employer group or only to part of the group, except in the case of late enrollees as provided in subsection (3)(c).
- (ii) A small employer carrier may not modify a basic or standard health benefit plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage for certain diseases or medical conditions otherwise covered by the health benefit plan.
- (4) (a) A small employer carrier may not be required to offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subsection (1) in the case of the following:
- (i) to a small employer when the small employer is not physically located in the carrier's established geographic service area;
- (ii) to an employee when the employee does not work or reside within the carrier's established geographic service area; or
- (iii) within an area where the small employer carrier reasonably anticipates and demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commissioner that it will not have the capacity within its established geographic service area to deliver service adequately to the members of a group because of its obligations to existing group policyholders and enrollees.
- (b) A small employer carrier may not be required to provide coverage to small employers pursuant to subsection (1) for any period of time for which the commissioner determines that requiring the acceptance of small employers in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) would place the small employer carrier in a financially impaired condition."

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Repealer. Section 33 22 110, MCA, is repealed.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. SEVERABILITY. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT] IS INVALID, ALL VALID



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1	PARTS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID PART REMAIN IN EFFECT. IF A PART OF [THIS ACT]
2	IS INVALID IN ONE OR MORE OF ITS APPLICATIONS, THE PART REMAINS IN EFFECT IN ALL VALID
3	APPLICATIONS THAT ARE SEVERABLE FROM THE INVALID APPLICATIONS.
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5	NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. [SECTION 2] APPLIES
6	RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO POLICIES, CERTIFICATES, OR CONTRACTS
7	OF DISABILITY INSURANCE ISSUED PRIOR TO [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT], EXCEPT FOR
8	POLICIES, CERTIFICATES, OR CONTRACTS ISSUED UNDER TITLE 33, CHAPTER 22, PART 18. AN
9	INSURER MAY NOT, AS A RESULT OF THE APPLICATION OF [THIS SECTION], SEEK REIMBURSEMENT
10	FOR ANY CLAIMS PREVIOUSLY PAID.
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12	NEW SECTION. SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT] IS EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND
13	APPROVAL.
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15	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and SECTION 2] are IS intended
16	to be codified as an integral part of Title 33, chapter 22, PART 1, and the provisions of Title 33, chapter
17	22, PART 1, apply to [sections 1 and SECTION 2].
18	-END-

