1	A HOWE BILL NO. 429
2	INTRODUCED BY Brad Mohan
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING YOUTH COURT CONFIDENTIALITY
5	PROVISIONS; PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN YOUTH CASE RECORDS MUST BE SEALED WHEN THE
6	COURT'S JUDGMENTS HAVE BEEN FULFILLED; CLARIFYING THAT JUSTICE'S COURT RECORDS
7	RELATED TO A YOUTH CONTINUE TO BE A MATTER OF PUBLIC RECORD AFTER THE YOUTH REACHES
8	18 YEARS OF AGE; REQUIRING NOTIFICATION OF AND CONSULTATION WITH VICTIMS OF JUVENILE
9	FELONY OFFENSES; AMENDING SECTIONS 41-5-521, 41-5-603, 41-5-604, 46-24-207, AND 52-2-211,
10	MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 41-5-601 AND 41-5-602, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE
11	DATE."
12	
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
14	
15	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Youth court matters public record. All youth court matters on file
16	with the clerk of court related to a youth who is alleged or found to be a youth in need of supervision or
17	a delinquent youth are a public record until the record is sealed under 41-5-604.
18	
19	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Youth matters cited in justice's court public record. All filed matters
20	related to a youth cited in a justice's court are a public record.
21	
22	Section 3. Section 41-5-521, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"41-5-521. Adjudicatory hearing. (1) Prior to any adjudicatory hearing, the court shall determine
24	whether the youth admits or denies the offenses alleged in the petition. If the youth denies all offenses
25	alleged in the petition, the youth <del>, his</del> <u>or the youth's</u> parent, guardian, or attorney may demand a jury trial
26	on <del>such <u>the</u> contested offenses. In the absence of <del>such</del> <u>a</u> demand, a jury trial is waived. If the youth denies</del>
27	some offenses and admits others, the contested offenses may be dismissed in the discretion of the youth
28	court judge. The adjudicatory hearing shall must be set immediately and accorded a preferential priority.
29	(2) An adjudicatory hearing shall must be held to determine whether the contested offenses are
30	supported by proof beyond a reasonable doubt in cases involving a youth alleged to be delinquent or in



need of supervision. If the hearing is before a jury, the jury's function shall be is to determine whether the 1 youth committed the contested offenses. If the hearing is before the youth court judge without a jury, the 2 judge shall make and record his findings on all issues. If the allegations of the petitions are not established 3 at the hearing, the youth court shall dismiss the petition and discharge the youth from custody. 4 (3) An adjudicatory hearing shall must be recorded verbatim by whatever means the court 5 6 considers appropriate. (4) The youth charged in a petition must be present at the hearing and, if brought from detention 7 8 to the hearing, may not appear clothed in institutional clothing. (5) In a hearing on a petition under this section, the general public may not be excluded when the 9 hearing is held on a contested offense to which publicity must be allowed under subsection (2) of 10 11 41-5-601. (6) If, on the basis of a valid admission by a youth of the allegations of the petition or after the 12 hearing required by this section, a youth is found to be a delinquent youth or a youth in need of 13 supervision, the court shall schedule a dispositional hearing under this chapter. 14 (7) When a jury trial is required in a case, it may be held before a jury selected as provided in Title 15 25, chapter 7, part 2, and in Rule 47, M.R.Civ.P., Rule 47." 16 17 Section 4. Section 41-5-603, MCA, is amended to read: 18 19 "41-5-603. Youth court and department records. (1) Youth Except as provided in subsection (2), 20 all youth court and youth court related department records on file with the clerk of court, including social, 21 medical, and psychological records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision records of probationers petitions, motions, other filed pleadings, court findings, verdicts, orders, and 22 23 decrees, are open to public inspection prior to the sealing of until the records are sealed under 41-5-604. (2) Social, medical, and psychological records, predispositional studies, and supervision records 24 25 of probationers are open only to the following: 26 (a) the youth court and its professional staff; 27 (b) representatives of any agency providing supervision and having legal custody of a youth; 28 (c) any other person, by order of the court, having a legitimate interest in the case or in the work

- 29 of the court;
- 30

(d) any court and its probation and other professional staff or the attorney for a convicted party



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1 who had been a party to proceedings in the youth court when considering the sentence to be imposed upon 2 such the party; 3 (e) the county attorney; 4 (f) the youth who is the subject of the report or record, after ho has been emancipated 5 emancipation or reaches reaching the age of majority; 6 (g) a member of a county interdisciplinary child information team formed under 52-2-211 who is 7 not listed in this subsection (1) (2); and 8 (h) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203. 9 (2) (3) All or any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (1) (2) of this 10 section, when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, shall must also be 11 made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings. 12 (3) Petitions, motions, and other pleadings filed in a case, including findings, verdicts, orders, and 13 decrees, shall be open to public inspection only when related to an offense for which access must be 14 allowed under 41-5-601. 15 (4) All information obtained in discharge of an official duty by any officer or other employee of the 16 youth court or the department shall be privileged and shall not be disclosed to anyone other than the judge 17 and others entitled under this chapter to receive such information, unless otherwise ordered by the judge. 18 (5)(4) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional 19 studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upon 20 order of the youth court, for good cause to: 21 (a) those persons and agencies listed in subsection (1) (2); and 22 (b) adult probation professional staff preparing a presentence report on a youth who has reached 23 the age of majority." 24 25 Section 5. Section 41-5-604, MCA, is amended to read: 26 "41-5-604. Disposition of records. (1) All Except as provided in subsections (2) and (5), youth 27 court records and law enforcement records except fingerprints and photographs pertaining to a youth 28 coming under this chapter shall must be physically sealed when the youth reaches the age of 18 years. 29 (2) In those cases in which jurisdiction of the court or any agency is extended beyond the youth's 30 18th birthday, the above records and files shall referred to in subsection (1) must be physically sealed upon

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1	termination of the extended jurisdiction.
2	(3) Upon the physical sealing of the records pertaining to a youth pursuant to this section, any an
3	agency or department that has in its possession copies of the sealed records so sealed shall also seal or
4	destroy such its copies of the records. Anyone violating the provisions of this subsection shall be is subject
5	to contempt of court.
6	(4) Nothing herein contained This section shall does not prohibit the destruction of such records
7	with the consent of the youth court judge or county attorney after 10 years from the date of sealing.
8	(5) The requirements for sealed records in this section <del>shall</del> <u>do</u> not apply to <u>fingerprints</u> and
9	photographs, youth traffic records, or to records directly related to an offense to which access must be
10	allowed under 41 5 601 in any case in which the youth did not fulfill all requirements of the court's
11	judgment or disposition."
12	
13	Section 6. Section 46-24-207, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"46-24-207. Victims and witnesses of juvenile felony offenses consultation notification of
15	proceedings. (1) The attorney general shall ensure that the services and assistance that must be provided
16	under this chapter to a victim or witness of a crime must are also be provided to the victim or witness of
17	a juvenile felony offense.
18	(2) The attorney general shall assure that a victim or witness of a juvenile felony offense is
19	provided the same services and assistance required under this chapter for the victim or witness of a crime.
20	In a proceeding filed under Title 41, chapter 5, part 5, the county attorney or a designee shall consult with
21	the victim of a juvenile felony offense or, in the case of a minor victim or a homicide victim, with the
22	victim's family regarding the disposition of the case, including:
23	(a) a dismissal of the petition filed under 41-5-501;
24	(b) a reduction of the charge to misdemeanor;
25	(c) the release of the youth from detention or shelter care pending the adjudicatory hearing; and
26	(d) the disposition of the youth.
27	(3) (a) Whenever possible, a person described in subsection (3)(b) who provides the youth court
28	with a current address and telephone number must receive prompt advance notification of youth court case
29	proceedings, including:
30	(i) the filing of a petition under 41-5-501;

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1	(ii) the release of the youth from detention or shelter care; and
2	(iii) proceedings in the adjudication of the petition, including, when applicable, entry of a consent
3	decree under 41-5-524, the setting of a date for the adjudicatory hearing under 41-5-521, the setting of
4	a date for the dispositional hearing under 41-5-522, the disposition made, and the release of the youth from
5	a youth correctional facility.
6	(b) A person entitled to notification under this subsection (3) must be a victim of a juvenile felony
7	offense, an adult relative of the victim if the victim is a minor, or an adult relative of a homicide victim.
8	(c) The court shall provide to the department the list of people entitled to notification under this
9	subsection (3), and the department is responsible to provide the notification.
10	(4) For purposes of this section, "juvenile felony offense" means an offense committed by a
11	juvenile that, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony offense. The term includes any offense
12	for which a juvenile may be declared a serious juvenile offender, as defined in 41-5-103."
13	
14	Section 7. Section 52-2-211, MCA, is amended to read:
15	"52-2-211. County interdisciplinary child information team. (1) The following persons and agencies
16	operating within a county may by written agreement form a county interdisciplinary child information team:
17	(a) the youth court;
18	(b) the county attorney;
19	(c) the department of family services;
20	(d) the county superintendent of schools;
21	(e) the sheriff;
22	(f) the chief of any police force; and
23	(g) the superintendents of public school districts.
24	(2) The persons and agencies signing a written agreement under subsection (1) may by majority
25	vote allow the following persons to sign the written agreement and join the information team:
26	(a) physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, nurses, and other providers of medical and mental
27	health care;
28	(b) entities operating private elementary and secondary schools;
29	(c) attorneys; and



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1 information team will serve.

(3) The members of the information team or their designees may form one or more auxiliary teams
for the purpose of providing service to a single child, a group of children, or children with a particular type
of problem or for any other purpose. Auxiliary teams are subject to the written agreement.

5 (4) The purpose of the team and written agreement is to facilitate the exchange and sharing of 6 information that one or more team members may be able to use in serving a child in the course of their 7 professions and occupations, including but not limited to abused, neglected, dependent, and delinquent 8 children and youth in need of supervision. Information regarding a child that a team member supplies to 9 other team members or that is disseminated to a team member under 41-3-205<del>, 41-5-602,</del> or 41-5-603(2) 10 may not be disseminated beyond the team.

11 (5) The terms of the written agreement must provide for the rules under which the team will 12 operate, the method by which information will be shared, distributed, and managed, and any other matters 13 necessary to the purpose and functions of the team."

14

15

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Repealer. Sections 41-5-601 and 41-5-602, MCA, are repealed.

16

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 9. Codification instruction. (1) [Section 1] is intended to be codified as 18 an integral part of Title 41, chapter 5, part 6, and the provisions of Title 41, chapter 5, part 6, apply to 19 [section 1].

20 (2) [Section 2] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 3, chapter 10, part 5, and the 21 provisions of Title 3, chapter 10, part 5, apply to [section 2].

22

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 10. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

-END-

24



#### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for HB0429, as introduced

### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act generally revising youth court confidentiality provisions; providing that certain youth case records must be sealed when the court's judgments have been fulfilled; clarifying that justice's court records related to a youth continue to be a matter of public record after the youth reaches 18; requiring notification of and consultation with victims of juvenile felony offenses.

#### ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The bill will have no material fiscal impact on the state judiciary.
- The Probation and Parole Bureau of the Department of Corrections and Human Services 2. will still be able to access youth files for pre-investigation reports with a court order. Therefore, the bill will have no fiscal impact on the department.
- The bill will not change the duties or responsibilities of the Department of Family 3. Services; therefore, it will have no fiscal impact on the department.

FISCAL IMPACT:

None.

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES: The bill is not expected to have a material fiscal impact on local government expenditures.

DAVE LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning

PRIMARY SPONSOR

BRAD MOLNAR.

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB0429, as introduced

HB 42'

APPROVED BY COM ON JUDICIARY

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 429
2	INTRODUCED BY MOLNAR
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING YOUTH COURT CONFIDENTIALITY
5	PROVISIONS; PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN YOUTH CASE RECORDS MUST BE SEALED WHEN THE
6	COURT'S JUDGMENTS HAVE BEEN FULFILLED; CLARIFYING THAT JUSTICE'S COURT RECORDS
7	RELATED TO A YOUTH CONTINUE TO BE A MATTER OF PUBLIC RECORD AFTER THE YOUTH REACHES
8	18 YEARS OF AGE; REQUIRING NOTIFICATION OF AND CONSULTATION WITH VICTIMS OF JUVENILE
9	FELONY OFFENSES; AMENDING SECTIONS 41-5-521, 41-5-603, 41-5-604, 46-24-207, AND 52-2-211,
10	MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 41-5-601 AND 41-5-602, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE
11	DATE."
12	
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
14	
15	<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. Youth court matters <u>RECORDS</u> public record. All <u>EXCEPT AS</u>
16	PROVIDED IN 41-5-603, ALL youth court matters RECORDS on file with the clerk of court related to a
17	youth who is alleged or found to be a youth in need of supervision or a delinquent youth are a public record
18	until the record is sealed under 41-5-604.
19	
20	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Youth matters cited in justice's court public record. All filed matters
21	related to a youth cited in a justice's court are a public record.
22	
23	Section 3. Section 41-5-521, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"41-5-521. Adjudicatory hearing. (1) Prior to any adjudicatory hearing, the court shall determine
25	whether the youth admits or denies the offenses alleged in the petition. If the youth denies all offenses
26	alleged in the petition, the youth <del>, his</del> <u>or the youth's</u> parent, guardian, or attorney may demand a jury trial
27	on <del>such <u>the</u> contested offenses. In the absence of <del>such</del> <u>a</u> demand, a jury trial is waived. If the youth denies</del>
28	some offenses and admits others, the contested offenses may be dismissed in the discretion of the youth
29	court judge. The adjudicatory hearing shall must be set immediately and accorded a preferential priority.
30	(2) An adjudicatory hearing shall <u>must</u> be held to determine whether the contested offenses are



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supported by proof beyond a reasonable doubt in cases involving a youth alleged to be delinquent or in need of supervision. If the hearing is before a jury, the jury's function shall be is to determine whether the youth committed the contested offenses. If the hearing is before the youth court judge without a jury, the judge shall make and record his findings on all issues. If the allegations of the petitions are not established at the hearing, the youth court shall dismiss the petition and discharge the youth from custody.

6 (3) An adjudicatory hearing shall must be recorded verbatim by whatever means the court 7 considers appropriate.

8 (4) The youth charged in a petition must be present at the hearing and, if brought from detention 9 to the hearing, may not appear clothed in institutional clothing.

(5) In a hearing on a petition under this section, the general public may not be excluded when the
 hearing is held on a contested offense to which publicity must be allowed under subsection (2) of
 41-5-601, EXCEPT THAT IN THE COURT'S DISCRETION, THE GENERAL PUBLIC MAY BE EXCLUDED IF
 THE PETITION DOES NOT ALLEGE THAT THE YOUTH IS DELINQUENT.

- (6) If, on the basis of a valid admission by a youth of the allegations of the petition or after the
  hearing required by this section, a youth is found to be a delinquent youth or a youth in need of
  supervision, the court shall schedule a dispositional hearing under this chapter.
- 17 (7) When a jury trial is required in a case, it may be held before a jury selected as provided in Title
  18 25, chapter 7, part 2, and <u>in Rule 47, M.R.Civ.P., Rule 47.</u>"
- 19
- 20 Section 4. Section 41-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:

"41-5-603. Youth court and department records. (1) Youth Except as provided in subsection (2),
 all youth court and youth court related department records on file with the clerk of court, including social,
 medical, and psychological records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision
 records of probationers petitions, motions, other filed pleadings, court findings, verdicts, orders, and
 decrees, are open to public inspection prior to the scaling of until the records are scaled under 41-5-604.
 (2) Social, medical, and psychological records, predispositional studies, and supervision records

27 of probationers, AND ANY REPORT, CHARGE, OR ALLEGATION THAT IS NOT ADJUDICATED PURSUANT

28 <u>TO THIS CHAPTER are open</u> only to the following:

(a) the youth court and its professional staff;

29

30

(b) representatives of any agency providing supervision and having legal custody of a youth;



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1	(c) any other person, by order of the court, having a legitimate interest in the case or in the work
2	of the court;
3	(d) any court and its probation and other professional staff or the attorney for a convicted party
4	who had been a party to proceedings in the youth court when considering the sentence to be imposed upon
5	such the party;
6	(e) the county attorney;
7	(f) the youth who is the subject of the report or record, after <del>he has been emancipated</del>
8	emancipation or reaches reaching the age of majority;
9	(g) a member of a county interdisciplinary child information team formed under 52-2-211 who is
10	not listed in <u>this</u> subsection <del>(1)</del> (2); and
11	(h) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203.
12	(2)(3) All or any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection (1) (2) of this
13	section, when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, shall must also be
14	made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings.
15	(3) - Petitions, motions, and other pleadings filed in a case, including findings, verdicts, orders, and
16	decrees, shall be open to public inspection only when related to an offense for which access must be
17	allowed under 41-5-601-
18	{4}- All information obtained in discharge of an official duty by any officer or other employee of the
19	youth court or the department shall be privileged and shall not be disclosed to anyone other than the judge
20	and others entitled under this chapter to receive such information, unless otherwise ordered by the judge.
21	(5)(4) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional
22	studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upon
23	order of the youth court, for good cause to:
24	(a) those persons and agencies listed in subsection (1) (2); and
25	(b) adult probation professional staff preparing a presentence report on a youth who has reached
26	the age of majority."
27	
28	Section 5. Section 41-5-604, MCA, is amended to read:
29	"41-5-604. Disposition of records. (1) All Except as provided in subsections (2) and (5), youth
30	court records and law enforcement records except fingerprints and photographs pertaining to a youth

.

1 coming under this chapter shall must be physically sealed when the youth reaches the age of 18 years.

(2) In those cases in which jurisdiction of the court or any agency is extended beyond the youth's
18th birthday, the above records and files shall referred to in subsection (1) must be physically sealed upon
termination of the extended jurisdiction.

(3) Upon the physical sealing of the records pertaining to a youth pursuant to this section, any an
agency or department that has in its possession copies of the <u>sealed</u> records so sealed shall also seal or
destroy such its copies of the records. Anyone violating the provisions of this subsection shall be is subject
to contempt of court.

9 (4) Nothing herein contained This section shall does not prohibit the destruction of such records 10 with the consent of the youth court judge or county attorney after 10 years from the date of sealing.

(5) The requirements for sealed records in this section shall do not apply to fingerprints and
 photographs, youth traffic records, or to records directly related to an offense to which access must be
 allowed under 41-5-601 in any case in which the youth did not fulfill all requirements of the court's
 judgment or disposition."

15

16 Section 6. Section 46-24-207, MCA, is amended to read:

"46-24-207. Victims and witnesses of juvenile felony offenses -- consultation -- notification of
 proceedings. (1) The attorney general shall ensure that the services and assistance that must be provided
 under this chapter to a victim or witness of a crime must are also be provided to the victim or witness of
 a juvenile felony offense.

(2) The attorney general shall assure that a viotim or witness of a juvenile felony offense is
 provided the same services and assistance required under this chapter for the vistim or witness of a crime.
 In a proceeding filed under Title 41, chapter 5, part 5, the county attorney or a designee shall consult with
 the victim of a juvenile felony offense or, in the case of a minor victim or a homicide victim, with the
 victim's family regarding the disposition of the case, including:

- 26 (a) a dismissal of the petition filed under 41-5-501;
- 27 (b) a reduction of the charge to misdemeanor;

28 (c) the release of the youth from detention or shelter care pending the adjudicatory hearing; and

29 (d) the disposition of the youth.

30 (3) (a) Whenever possible, a person described in subsection (3)(b) who provides the youth court



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1	with a current address and telephone number must receive prompt advance notification of youth court case
2	proceedings, including:
3	(i) the filing of a petition under 41-5-501;
4	(ii) the release of the youth from detention or shelter care; and
5	(iii) proceedings in the adjudication of the petition, including, when applicable, entry of a consent
6	decree under 41-5-524, the setting of a date for the adjudicatory hearing under 41-5-521, the setting of
7	a date for the dispositional hearing under 41-5-522, the disposition made, and the release of the youth from
8	a youth correctional facility.
9	(b) A person entitled to notification under this subsection (3) must be a victim of a juvenile felony
10	offense, an adult relative of the victim if the victim is a minor, or an adult relative of a homicide victim.
11	(c) The court shall provide to the department the list of people entitled to notification under this
12	subsection (3), and the department is responsible to provide the notification.
13	(4) For purposes of this section, "juvenile felony offense" means an offense committed by a
14	juvenile that, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony offense. The term includes any offense
15	for which a juvenile may be declared a serious juvenile offender, as defined in 41-5-103."
16	
17	Section 7. Section 52-2-211, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"52-2-211. County interdisciplinary child information team. (1) The following persons and agencies
19	operating within a county may by written agreement form a county interdisciplinary child information team:
20	(a) the youth court;
21	(b) the county attorney;
22	(c) the department of family services;
23	(d) the county superintendent of schools;
24	(e) the sheriff;
25	(f) the chief of any police force; and
26	(g) the superintendents of public school districts.
27	(2) The persons and agencies signing a written agreement under subsection (1) may by majority
28	vote allow the following persons to sign the written agreement and join the information team:
29	(a) physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, nurses, and other providers of medical and mental
30	health care;



- 5 -

1

2

(b) entities operating private elementary and secondary schools;

(c) attorneys; and

3 (d) a person or entity that has or may have a legitimate interest in one or more children that the4 information team will serve.

(3) The members of the information team or their designees may form one or more auxiliary teams
for the purpose of providing service to a single child, a group of children, or children with a particular type
of problem or for any other purpose. Auxiliary teams are subject to the written agreement.

8 (4) The purpose of the team and written agreement is to facilitate the exchange and sharing of 9 information that one or more team members may be able to use in serving a child in the course of their 10 professions and occupations, including but not limited to abused, neglected, dependent, and delinquent 11 children and youth in need of supervision. Information regarding a child that a team member supplies to 12 other team members or that is disseminated to a team member under 41-3-205<del>, 41–5-602,</del> or 41-5-603(2) 13 may not be disseminated beyond the team.

(5) The terms of the written agreement must provide for the rules under which the team will
operate, the method by which information will be shared, distributed, and managed, and any other matters
necessary to the purpose and functions of the team."

17

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 8. Repealer. Sections 41-5-601 and 41-5-602, MCA, are repealed.

19

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 9. Codification instruction. (1) [Section 1] is intended to be codified as 21 an integral part of Title 41, chapter 5, part 6, and the provisions of Title 41, chapter 5, part 6, apply to 22 [section 1].

(2) [Section 2] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 3, chapter 10, part 5, and the
provisions of Title 3, chapter 10, part 5, apply to [section 2].

25

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

-END-

27

26

Montana Legislative Council

- 6 -

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 429
2	INTRODUCED BY MOLNAR
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING YOUTH COURT CONFIDENTIALITY
5	PROVISIONS; PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN YOUTH CASE RECORDS MUST BE SEALED WHEN THE
6	COURT'S JUDGMENTS HAVE BEEN FULFILLED; CLARIFYING THAT JUSTICE'S COURT RECORDS
7	RELATED TO A YOUTH CONTINUE TO BE A MATTER OF PUBLIC RECORD AFTER THE YOUTH REACHES
8	18 YEARS OF AGE; REQUIRING NOTIFICATION OF AND CONSULTATION WITH VICTIMS OF JUVENILE
9	FELONY OFFENSES; AMENDING SECTIONS 41-5-521, 41-5-603, 41-5-604, 46-24-207, AND 52-2-211,
10	MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 41-5-601 AND 41-5-602, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE
11	DATE."
12	

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.



Page 1 of 1 March 15, 1995

MR. PRESIDENT: We, your committee on Judiciary having had under consideration HB 429 (third reading copy -- blue), respectfully report that HB 429 be amended as follows and as so amended be concurried in.

Signed: enator Bruce Chappen, Chair

That such amendments read:

1. Page 1, line 20. Following: "record." Strike: "All" Insert: "Except as provided in 41-5-604, all"

2. Page 6, line 25.

Insert: "<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 10. Coordination instruction. If both [this act] and House Bill No. 551 are passed and approved and if both include a section that amends 41-5-604, then 41-5-604 is intended to read:

Section 1. Section 41-5-604, MCA, is amended to read: "41-5-604. Disposition of records. (1) All Except as provided in subsections (2) and (5), youth court records and law enforcement records except fingerprints and photographs pertaining to a youth coming under covered by this chapter shall must be physically sealed when the youth reaches the age of 18 years of age.

In those cases in which jurisdiction of the court (2) or any agency is extended beyond the youth's 18th birthday, the above records and files shall not exempt from sealing under subsection (5) must be physically sealed upon termination of the extended jurisdiction.

(3) Upon the physical sealing of the records pertaining to a youth pursuant to this section, any an agency or department that has in its possession copies of the <u>sealed</u> records <del>so sealed</del> shall also seal or destroy <del>such</del> the copies of the records. Anyone violating the provisions of this subsection shall be is subject to contempt of court.

Nothing herein contained shall This section does (4) not prohibit the destruction of such records with the consent of the youth court judge or county attorney after 10 years from the date of sealing.

The requirements for sealed records in this (5)section shall do not apply to fingerprints, DNA\_records, photographs, or youth traffic records or to records directly related to an offense to which access must be allowed under 41 5 601 in any case in which the youth did not fulfill all requirements of the court's judgment or disposition.""

Renumber: subsequent section

-END-

5m. HAlliSAN

Amd. Coord. Sec. of Senate

Senator Carrying Bill

SENATE

HB 429

.

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 429
2	INTRODUCED BY MOLNAR
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING YOUTH COURT CONFIDENTIALITY
5	PROVISIONS; PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN YOUTH CASE RECORDS MUST BE SEALED WHEN THE
6	COURT'S JUDGMENTS HAVE BEEN FULFILLED; CLARIFYING THAT JUSTICE'S COURT RECORDS
7	RELATED TO A YOUTH CONTINUE TO BE A MATTER OF PUBLIC RECORD AFTER THE YOUTH REACHES
8	18 YEARS OF AGE; REQUIRING NOTIFICATION OF AND CONSULTATION WITH VICTIMS OF JUVENILE
9	FELONY OFFENSES; AMENDING SECTIONS 41-5-521, 41-5-603, 41-5-604, 46-24-207, AND 52-2-211,
10	MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 41-5-601 AND 41-5-602, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE
11	DATE."
12	
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
14	
15	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Youth court matters <u>RECORDS</u> public record. All <u>EXCEPT AS</u>
16	PROVIDED IN 41-5-603, ALL youth court matters RECORDS on file with the clerk of court related to a
17	youth who is alleged or found to be a youth in need of supervision or a delinquent youth are a public record
18	until the record is sealed under 41-5-604.
19	
20	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Youth matters cited in justice's court public record. All EXCEPT AS
21	PROVIDED IN 41-5-604, ALL filed matters related to a youth cited in a justice's court are a public record.
22	
23	Section 3. Section 41-5-521, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"41-5-521. Adjudicatory hearing. (1) Prior to any adjudicatory hearing, the court shall determine
25	whether the youth admits or denies the offenses alleged in the petition. If the youth denies all offenses
26	alleged in the petition, the youth <del>, his</del> <u>or the youth's</u> parent, guardian, or attorney may demand a jury trial
27	on <del>such <u>the</u> contested offenses. In the absence of <del>such <u>a</u> demand, a jury trial is waived.</del> If the youth denies</del>
28	some offenses and admits others, the contested offenses may be dismissed in the discretion of the youth
29	court judge. The adjudicatory hearing shall must be set immediately and accorded a preferential priority.
30	(2) An adjudicatory hearing shall must be held to determine whether the contested offenses are



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supported by proof beyond a reasonable doubt in cases involving a youth alleged to be delinquent or in need of supervision. If the hearing is before a jury, the jury's function shall be is to determine whether the youth committed the contested offenses. If the hearing is before the youth court judge without a jury, the judge shall make and record his findings on all issues. If the allegations of the petitions are not established at the hearing, the youth court shall dismiss the petition and discharge the youth from custody.

6 (3) An adjudicatory hearing shall <u>must</u> be recorded verbatim by whatever means the court 7 considers appropriate.

8 (4) The youth charged in a petition must be present at the hearing and, if brought from detention 9 to the hearing, may not appear clothed in institutional clothing.

(5) In a hearing on a petition under this section, the general public may not be excluded when the
 hearing is held on a contested offense to which publicity must be allowed under subsection (2) of
 41-5-601, EXCEPT THAT IN THE COURT'S DISCRETION, THE GENERAL PUBLIC MAY BE EXCLUDED IF
 THE PETITION DOES NOT ALLEGE THAT THE YOUTH IS DELINQUENT.

(6) If, on the basis of a valid admission by a youth of the allegations of the petition or after the
hearing required by this section, a youth is found to be a delinquent youth or a youth in need of
supervision, the court shall schedule a dispositional hearing under this chapter.

17 (7) When a jury trial is required in a case, it may be held before a jury selected as provided in Title
18 25, chapter 7, part 2, and in Rule 47, M.R.Civ.P., Rule 47."

19

20

Section 4. Section 41-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:

21 "41-5-603. Youth court and department records. (1) Youth Except as provided in subsection (2), 22 all youth court and youth court related department records on file with the clerk of court, including social, 23 medical, and psychological records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional studies, and supervision 24 records of probationers petitions, motions, other filed pleadings, court findings, verdicts, orders, and 25 decrees, are open to public inspection prior to the scaling of until the records are scaled under 41-5-604. 26 (2) Social, medical, and psychological records, predispositional studies, and supervision records 27 of probationers, AND ANY REPORT, CHARGE, OR ALLEGATION THAT IS NOT ADJUDICATED PURSUANT 28 TO THIS CHAPTER are open only to the following:

29 (a) the youth court and its professional staff;

30

(b) representatives of any agency providing supervision and having legal custody of a youth;



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1	(c) any other person, by order of the court, having a legitimate interest in the case or in the work
2	of the court;
3	(d) any court and its probation and other professional staff or the attorney for a convicted party
4	who had been a party to proceedings in the youth court when considering the sentence to be imposed upon
5	such the party;
6	(e) the county attorney;
7	(f) the youth who is the subject of the report or record, after <del>he has been emancipated</del>
8	emancipation or reaches reaching the age of majority;
9	(g) a member of a county interdisciplinary child information team formed under 52-2-211 who is
10	not listed in <u>this</u> subsection <del>(1)</del> (2); and
11	(h) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203.
12	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ All or any part of records information secured from records listed in subsection $\frac{(1)}{(2)}$ of this
13	section, when presented to and used by the court in a proceeding under this chapter, shall must also be
14	made available to the counsel for the parties to the proceedings.
15	(3) Petitions, motions, and other pleadings filed in a case, including findings, vordicts, orders, and
16	decrees, shall be open to public inspection only when related to an offense for which access must be
17	allowed under 41-5-601.
18	(4) All information obtained in discharge of an official duty by any officer or other employee of the
19	youth court or the department shall be privileged and shall not be disclosed to anyone other than the judge
20	and others entitled under this chapter to receive such information, unless otherwise ordered by the judge.
21	(5)(4) After youth court and department records, reports of preliminary inquiries, predispositional
22	studies, and supervision records of probationers are sealed, they are not open to inspection except, upon
23	order of the youth court, for good cause to:
24	(a) those persons and agencies listed in subsection $(1)$ (2); and
25	(b) adult probation professional staff preparing a presentence report on a youth who has reached
26	the age of majority."
27	
28	Section 5. Section 41-5-604, MCA, is amended to read:
29	"41-5-604. Disposition of records. (1) All Except as provided in subsections (2) and (5), youth
30	court records and law enforcement records except fingerprints and photographs pertaining to a youth



1 coming under this chapter shall must be physically sealed when the youth reaches the age of 18 years.

(2) In those cases in which jurisdiction of the court or any agency is extended beyond the youth's
18th birthday, the above records and files shall referred to in subsection (1) must be physically sealed upon
termination of the extended jurisdiction.

5 (3) Upon the physical sealing of the records pertaining to a youth pursuant to this section, any an 6 agency or department that has in its possession copies of the <u>sealed</u> records so <u>sealed</u> shall also seal or 7 destroy <del>such</del> its copies of <u>the</u> records. Anyone violating the provisions of this subsection <del>shall be</del> is subject 8 to contempt of court.

9 (4) Nothing heroin contained <u>This section</u> shall <u>does not</u> prohibit the destruction of such records
10 with the consent of the youth court judge or county attorney after 10 years from the date of sealing.

11 (5) The requirements for sealed records in this section shall do not apply to fingerprints and 12 photographs, youth traffic records, or to records directly related to an offense to which access must be 13 allowed under 41-5-601 in any case in which the youth did not fulfill all requirements of the court's 14 judgment or disposition."

15

16 Section 6. Section 46-24-207, MCA, is amended to read:

"46-24-207. Victims and witnesses of juvenile felony offenses -- consultation -- notification of
 proceedings. (1) The attorney general shall ensure that the services and assistance that must be provided
 under this chapter to a victim or witness of a crime must are also be provided to the victim or witness of
 a juvenile felony offense.

(2) The attorney general shall assure that a vietim or witness of a juvenile felony offense is
 provided the same services and assistance required under this chapter for the victim or witness of a crime.
 In a proceeding filed under Title 41, chapter 5, part 5, the county attorney or a designee shall consult with
 the victim of a juvenile felony offense or, in the case of a minor victim or a homicide victim, with the
 victim's family regarding the disposition of the case, including:

- 26 (a) a dismissal of the petition filed under 41-5-501;
- 27 (b) a reduction of the charge to misdemeanor;
- 28 (c) the release of the youth from detention or shelter care pending the adjudicatory hearing; and
- 29 (d) the disposition of the youth.
- 30 (3) (a) Whenever possible, a person described in subsection (3)(b) who provides the youth court



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1	with a current address and telephone number must receive prompt advance notification of youth court case
2	proceedings, including:
3	(i) the filing of a petition under 41-5-501;
4	(ii) the release of the youth from detention or shelter care; and
5	(iii) proceedings in the adjudication of the petition, including, when applicable, entry of a consent
6	decree under 41-5-524, the setting of a date for the adjudicatory hearing under 41-5-521, the setting of
7	a date for the dispositional hearing under 41-5-522, the disposition made, and the release of the youth from
8	a youth correctional facility.
9	(b) A person entitled to notification under this subsection (3) must be a victim of a juvenile felony
10	offense, an adult relative of the victim if the victim is a minor, or an adult relative of a homicide victim.
11	(c) The court shall provide to the department the list of people entitled to notification under this
12	subsection (3), and the department is responsible to provide the notification.
13	(4) For purposes of this section, "juvenile felony offense" means an offense committed by a
14	juvenile that, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony offense. The term includes any offense
15	for which a juvenile may be declared a serious juvenile offender, as defined in 41-5-103."
16	
17	Section 7. Section 52-2-211, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"52-2-211. County interdisciplinary child information team. (1) The following persons and agencies
19	operating within a county may by written agreement form a county interdisciplinary child information team:
20	(a) the youth court;
21	(b) the county attorney;
22	(c) the department of family services;
23	(d) the county superintendent of schools;
24	(e) the sheriff;
25	(f) the chief of any police force; and
26	(g) the superintendents of public school districts.
27	(2) The persons and agencies signing a written agreement under subsection (1) may by majority
28	vote allow the following persons to sign the written agreement and join the information team:
29	(a) physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists, nurses, and other providers of medical and mental



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1 (b) entities operating private elementary and secondary schools;

2 (c) attorneys; and

3 (d) a person or entity that has or may have a legitimate interest in one or more children that the4 information team will serve.

5 (3) The members of the information team or their designees may form one or more auxiliary teams 6 for the purpose of providing service to a single child, a group of children, or children with a particular type 7 of problem or for any other purpose. Auxiliary teams are subject to the written agreement.

8 (4) The purpose of the team and written agreement is to facilitate the exchange and sharing of 9 information that one or more team members may be able to use in serving a child in the course of their 10 professions and occupations, including but not limited to abused, neglected, dependent, and delinquent 11 children and youth in need of supervision. Information regarding a child that a team member supplies to 12 other team members or that is disseminated to a team member under 41-3-205<del>, 41-5-602,</del> or 41-5-603(2) 13 may not be disseminated beyond the team.

14 (5) The terms of the written agreement must provide for the rules under which the team will 15 operate, the method by which information will be shared, distributed, and managed, and any other matters 16 necessary to the purpose and functions of the team."

17

18

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Repealer. Sections 41-5-601 and 41-5-602, MCA, are repealed.

19

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 9. Codification instruction. (1) [Section 1] is intended to be codified as 21 an integral part of Title 41, chapter 5, part 6, and the provisions of Title 41, chapter 5, part 6, apply to 22 [section 1].

(2) [Section 2] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 3, chapter 10, part 5, and the
provisions of Title 3, chapter 10, part 5, apply to [section 2].

25

# 26 <u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 10. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF BOTH [THIS ACT] AND HOUSE</u> 27 <u>BILL NO. 551 ARE PASSED AND APPROVED AND IF BOTH INCLUDE A SECTION THAT AMENDS</u> 28 <u>41-5-604, THEN 41-5-604 IS INTENDED TO READ:</u>

29 "41-5-604. Disposition of records. (1) All Except as provided in subsections (2) and (5), youth
 30 court records and law enforcement records except fingerprints and photographs pertaining to a youth



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coming under covered by this chapter shall must be physically sealed when the youth reaches the age of
 18 years of age.

3 (2) In those cases in which jurisdiction of the court or any agency is extended beyond the youth's
18th birthday, the above records and files shall not exempt from sealing under subsection (5) must be
physically sealed upon termination of the extended jurisdiction.

(3) Upon the physical sealing of the records pertaining to a youth pursuant to this section, any an
agency or department that has in its possession copies of the <u>sealed</u> records so sealed shall also seal or
destroy such the copies of the records. Anyone violating the provisions of this subsection shall be is subject
to contempt of court.

10 (4) Nothing herein contained shall <u>This section does not</u> prohibit the destruction of such records
 11 with the consent of the youth court judge or county attorney after 10 years from the date of sealing.

(5) The requirements for sealed records in this section shall do not apply to fingerprints, DNA
 records, photographs, or youth traffic records or to records directly related to an offense to which access
 must be allowed under 41–5–601 in any case in which the youth did not fulfill all requirements of the court's
 judgment or disposition."

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 11. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

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Montana Legislative Council