1
2 INTRODUCED BY Holland

BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR

The state of th

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR'S TASK FORCE TO RENEW MONTANA GOVERNMENT BY ELIMINATING CERTAIN COUNTY TREASURER SCHOOL BUDGETING FUNCTIONS: ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER PREPARE A STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNT OF THE OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS FOR EACH FUND; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT DELIVER A FINAL BUDGET TO THE COUNTY TREASURER: ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER RECEIVE A COPY OF A BUDGET AMENDMENT; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT A PURCHASE OF ORDERED PERSONAL PROPERTY BE RECORDED WITH THE COUNTY TREASURER; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT WARRANTS BE ENDORSED BY HOLDERS; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER INCLUDE OUTSTANDING WARRANTS IN AN ITEMIZED REPORT TO TRUSTEES; AUTHORIZING MONEY FROM THE SALE OF BONDS TO BE CREDITED IN A UNIFIED INVESTMENT PROGRAM WITH THE COUNTY TREASURER: REVISING THE PROCEDURE FOR ISSUANCE OF WARRANTS: ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER RECEIVE A COPY OF AN EMERGENCY BUDGET; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-9-121, 20-9-134, 20-9-165, 20-9-209, 20-9-212, 20-9-213, 20-9-221, 20-15-210, 20-15-325, 20-15-326, AND 20-15-404, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 20-9-206, 20-9-222, AND 20-9-224, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

21 22

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

Section 1. Section 20-9-121, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-121. County treasurer's statement of cash balances and bond information. (1) By July 10, the county treasurer shall prepare a statement for each district showing the amount of cash on hand for each fund maintained by the district and the amount of the outstanding obligations against each fund at the close of the last completed last-completed school fiscal year. The county treasurer shall also include on each district's statement the details on the obligation for bond retirement and interest for the school fiscal year just beginning. The format of the statement on fund cash balances and bond information shall



- (2) By July 10, the county treasurer shall prepare a statement for each county school fund supported by countywide levies, showing the amount of cash on hand at the beginning of the school fiscal year, the receipts and apportionments, and the amount of cash on hand at the end of the school fiscal year, for each county school fund maintained during the immediately preceding school fiscal year. The format of this statement shall must be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (3) On or before July 10, the county treasurer shall deliver the statements of district and county fund cash balances and the bond information for each district to the county superintendent, who shall attach such the district statements to the applicable district's preliminary budget."

Section 2. Section 20-9-134, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-9-134. Completion, filing, and delivery of final budgets. After the final budget of the elementary, high school, or community college district has been adopted by the trustees, the county superintendent shall complete all the remaining portions of the budget forms and shall:
- (1) send the final budget information to the superintendent of public instruction, on the forms provided by the superintendent, on or before September 1; and
- (2) in the case of the community college districts, send the final budget information to the board of regents, on the forms provided by the community college coordinator, on or before September 1; and
- 19 (3) deliver a copy of the final budget for the district to the county treasurer on or before September 20 1."

Section 3. Section 20-9-165, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-165. Budget amendment limitation, preparation, and adoption procedures. (1) The meeting of the trustees to consider and adopt a budget amendment must be open to the public, and any taxpayer in the district has the right to appear and be heard. If at the meeting a majority of the trustees present find that there is sufficient need for a budget amendment, the trustees may make and adopt a preliminary budget amendment, setting forth fully the facts constituting the need for the budget amendment. In adopting the preliminary budget amendment, the trustees may budget for any fund that was included on the final budget of the district for the current school fiscal year. The budget must be itemized to show the amount appropriated for each item.



- (2) When the budget amendment is the result of increased enrollment, the maximum amount of the budget amendment for all funds must be determined in the following manner:
- (a) Determine the total amount in the final budget for the current school fiscal year of all funds affected by the enrollment increase, less any amounts appropriated as capital outlay and any amount appropriated for addition to the operating reserve.
- (b) Divide the amount determined in subsection (2)(a) by the number of pupils originally enrolled in the district during the immediately preceding school fiscal year. The resulting cost per pupil is the maximum permissible per-pupil expenditure in the budget amendment.
- (c) Determine the enrollment increase of the current school fiscal year by subtracting the number of pupils originally enrolled during the immediately preceding school fiscal year from the number of pupils enrolled for the current school year. The result is the enrollment increase for the current school fiscal year.
- (d) Multiply the cost per pupil determined in subsection (2)(b) by the enrollment increase determined in subsection (2)(c). The result is the maximum limitation on a budget amendment for amendments resulting from increased enrollment.
- (3) For other types of budget amendments, the budget amendment is limited to the expenditures considered by the trustees to be reasonable and necessary to finance the conditions of the budget amendment and the preliminary budget amendment must include the details of the proposed expenditures.
- (4) Whenever the trustees adopt a preliminary budget amendment for the transportation fund, the trustees shall attach to the budget amendment a copy of each transportation contract that is connected with the budget amendment and that has been prepared and executed in accordance with the school transportation contract laws.
- (5) After the trustees have adopted the budget amendment by a majority vote of the trustees, it must be signed by the chairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district and copies must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treasurer, and the superintendent of public instruction."

Section 4. Section 20-9-209, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-209. Lapse of budgeted appropriations and provision for unpaid claims. (1) All appropriations for a budgeted fund in the regular budget or for a budget amendment for a given school fiscal year lapse on the last day of the school fiscal year, except the appropriations for:



54th Legislature LC0688.01

(a) uncompleted improvements in progress of construction; and

(b) an obligation for the purchase of personal property ordered but not paid for during the current fiscal year and recorded with the county treasurer in the manner and on forms prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.

(2) A lawful claim presented to the district for payment under a lapsed appropriation is an obligation of the budget for the next ensuing school fiscal year."

Section 5. Section 20-9-212, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-212. Duties of county treasurer. The county treasurer of each county shall:

- (1) receive and hold all school money subject to apportionment and keep a separate accounting of its apportionment to the several districts that are entitled to a portion of the money according to the apportionments ordered by the county superintendent or by the superintendent of public instruction. A separate accounting must be maintained for each county fund supported by a countywide levy for a specific, authorized purpose, including:
 - (a) the basic county tax in support of the elementary BASE aid;
 - (b) the basic special tax for high schools in support of the high school BASE aid;
- (c) the county tax in support of the transportation schedules;
 - (d) the county tax in support of the elementary and high school district retirement obligations; and
- (e) any other county tax for schools, including the community colleges, which may be authorized by law and levied by the county commissioners.
- (2) whenever requested, notify the county superintendent and the superintendent of public instruction of the amount of county school money on deposit in each of the funds enumerated in subsection (1) and the amount of any other school money subject to apportionment and apportion the county and other school money to the districts in accordance with the apportionment ordered by the county superintendent or the superintendent of public instruction;
 - (3) keep a separate accounting of the receipts, expenditures, and cash balances for each fund;
- (4) except as otherwise limited by law, pay all warrants properly drawn on the county or district school money and properly endorsed by their holders;
- (5) receive all revenue collected by and for each district and deposit these receipts in the fund designated by law or by the district if a fund is not designated by law. Interest and penalties on delinquent



 school taxes must be credited to the same fund and district for which the original taxes were levied.

- (6) send all revenue received for a joint district, part of which is situated in the county, to the county treasurer designated as the custodian of the revenue, no later than December 15 of each year and every 3 months after that date until the end of the school fiscal year;
- (7) at the direction of the trustees of a district, assist the district in the issuance and sale of tax and revenue anticipation notes as provided in Title 7, chapter 6, part 11;
- (8) register district warrants drawn on a budgeted fund in accordance with 7-6-2604 when there is insufficient money available in all funds of the district to make payment of the warrant. Redemption of registered warrants must be made in accordance with 7-6-2116, 7-6-2605, and 7-6-2606.
- (9) invest the money of any district as directed by the trustees of the district within 3 working days of the direction;
- (10) each month give to the trustees of each district an itemized report for each fund maintained by the district, showing the paid warrants, outstanding warrants, registered warrants, interest distribution, amounts and types of revenue received, and the cash balance;
- (11) remit promptly to the state treasurer receipts for the county tax for a vocational-technical center program within a unit of the university system when levied by the board of county commissioners under the provisions of 20-16-202;
- in support of the elementary and high school district retirement obligations, and the county levy in support of the transportation schedules within 3 working days of receipt. The money must be invested until the working day before it is required to be distributed to school districts within the county or remitted to the state. Permissible investments are specified in 20-9-213(4). All investment income must be deposited, and credited proportionately, in the funds established to account for the taxes received for the purposes specified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(d).
- (13) remit on a monthly basis to the state treasurer, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-504, all county equalization revenue received under the provisions of 20-9-331 and 20-9-333, including all interest earned and excluding any amount required for high school out-of-county tuition under the provisions of 20-9-334, in repayment of the state advance for county equalization prescribed in 20-9-347. Any funds in excess of a state advance must be used as required in 20-9-331(1)(b) and 20-9-333(1)(b)."



- Section 6. Section 20-9-213, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-9-213. Duties of trustees. The trustees of each district have the sole power and authority to transact all fiscal business and execute all contracts in the name of the district. A person other than the trustees acting as a governing board may not expend money of the district. In conducting the fiscal business of the district, the trustees shall:
- (1) cause the keeping of an accurate, detailed accounting of all receipts and expenditures of school money for each fund maintained by the district in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the rules prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. The record of the accounting must be open to public inspection at any meeting of the trustees.
- (2) authorize all expenditures of district money and cause warrants to be issued for the payment of lawful obligations;
- (3) issue warrants on any budgeted fund in anticipation of budgeted revenue, except that the expenditures may not exceed the amount budgeted for the fund;
- (4) invest any money of the district, whenever in the judgment of the trustees the investment would be advantageous to the district, by directing the county treasurer to invest any money of the district in direct obligations of the United States government; in savings or time deposits in a state or national bank, building or loan association, savings and loan association, or credit union insured by the FDIC or NCUA located in the state; or in a repurchase agreement, as authorized in 7-6-213. All interest collected on the deposits or investments must be credited to the fund from which the money was withdrawn, except that interest earned on account of the investment of money realized from the sale of bonds must be credited to the debt service fund or the building fund, at the discretion of the board of trustees. The placement of the investment by the county treasurer is not subject to ratable distribution laws and must be done in accordance with the directive from the board of trustees. A district may invest money under the state unified investment program established in Title 17, chapter 6, or in a unified investment program with the county treasurer that meets the requirements of this subsection (4).
- (5) cause the district to record each transaction in the appropriate account before the accounts are closed at the end of the fiscal year in order to properly report the receipt, use, and disposition of all money and property for which the district is accountable;
- (6) report annually to the county superintendent, not later than August 15, the financial activities of each fund maintained by the district during the last completed last-completed school fiscal year, on the



54th Legislature

forms prescribed and furnished by the superintendent of public instruction. Annual fiscal reports for joint school districts must be submitted not later than September 1 to the county superintendent of each county in which part of the joint district is situated.

- (7) whenever requested, report any other fiscal activities to the county superintendent, superintendent of public instruction, or board of public education;
 - (8) cause the accounting records of the district to be audited as required by 2-7-503; and
- (9) perform, in the manner permitted by law, other fiscal duties that are in the best interests of the district."

Section 7. Section 20-9-221, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-221. Procedure for issuance of warrants. (1) The trustees of each district shall issue all warrants, and the warrants must identify:

- (a) the budgeted fund or nonbudgeted fund on which the warrant is drawn; and
- (b) the warrant as a budget amendment warrant if it is drawn on a budget amendment.
 - (2) All warrants issued by a district must be countersigned by the chairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district before the warrants are negotiable. Facsimile signatures may be used in accordance with the provisions of 2-16-114. A facsimile signature device used under authority of this section may not be available to the other countersigner of the warrant, or the device must have a nonresettable metering control that can provide a positive reconciliation between the number of warrants issued and the number of signatures applied. Either split signature plates or a double signature plate may be used according to the requirements of the district. The signature plates and the device keys must be kept secure by the district clerk under the supervision of the board of trustees of the district.
 - (3) The trustees shall may issue warrants in single copy or in triplicate copy. When the warrants are issued in single copy, the trustees shall immediately provide a listing of the issued warrants on a fund by fund basis to the county treasurer and retain a copy of the listing in the district accounting records. When the warrants are issued in triplicate, the original copy of the warrant must be delivered to the payer, the duplicate must be sent immediately to the county treasurer, and the triplicate must be retained by the district for accounting record purposes. The duplicate and triplicate multiple copies. If multiple copies are issued, the copies must be identified on the face of the warrant as "Not Negotiable--Copy of Original".
 - (4) However, the trustees may elect to issue warrants in payment of wages and salaries on a direct



54th Legislature LC0688.01

deposit basis to the employee's account in a local bank, provided the consent of the employee has been obtained and the employee is given an itemized statement of payroll deductions for each pay period."

Section 8. Section 20-15-210, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-15-210. Qualification and organization of board of trustees. (1) Newly elected members of the board of trustees of the community college district shall must be qualified by taking the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of Montana. At the organization meeting called by the board of regents, the board of trustees shall must be organized by the election of a chairman presiding officer and a secretary.

(2) The treasurer of the community college district is the county treasurer of the county in which the community college facilities are located. The duties of the county treasurer are referenced in 20.9-206, 20-9-212, 20-9-222, and 20-9-224."

Section 9. Section 20-15-325, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-15-325. Emergency budget limitation, preparation, and adoption procedures. (1) The meeting of the trustees of a community college district to consider and adopt an emergency budget must be open to the public, and any taxpayer in the district has the right to appear and be heard. If at the meeting a majority of the trustees present find that an emergency exists, the trustees may make and adopt a preliminary emergency budget, on the regular budget form, setting forth fully the facts constituting the emergency. In adopting the preliminary emergency budget, the trustees may budget for any fund that was included on the final budget of the district for the current fiscal year. The budget must be itemized to show the amount appropriated for each item as required on the budget form.

- (2) When the emergency is the result of increased enrollment, the maximum amount of the emergency budget for all funds must be determined by budget amendment.
- (3) If another type of emergency occurs, the budget must be limited to the expenditures considered by the trustees to be reasonable and necessary to finance the conditions of the emergency, and the preliminary emergency budget must include the details of the proposed expenditures.
- (4) After a majority of the trustees have voted to adopt the emergency budget, it must be signed by the chairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district and copies must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treasurer, and the board of regents."



2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

27

28

30

Section 10.	Section	20-15-326	MCA is	s amended	to read:

"20-15-326. Determination of available financing -- fixing and levying property taxation for emergency budget. (1) After the last day of the fiscal year for which an emergency budget has been adopted, the county treasurer board of trustees shall determine the amount of the cash balance that is available to finance the emergency budget's outstanding warrants or registered warrants for each fund included on the emergency budget. The available amount of the cash balance of each fund must be determined by deducting from the county treasurer's year-end cash balance for the fund the outstanding warrants or registered warrants issued under the regularly adopted final budget for the fund and the cash reserve for the fund that the trustees have established, within the limitations of law, for the following fiscal year.

- (2) The county treasurer shall prepare and deliver a statement on the financial cash status of each fund included on an emergency budget for a district that had an emergency budget during the preceding year to the board of county commissioners by the first Monday in August. The statement for each district emergency budget must include:
- (a) the total amount of emergency warrants that are outstanding or registered against each fund of the district; and
- (b) the amount of the cash balance in each fund included on the emergency budget that is available to finance the outstanding warrants or registered warrants; and
- (c) after consideration of the available money in subsection (2)(b), the additional amount of money that is required to finance the outstanding warrants or registered warrants and interest on the warrants and that must be raised by a tax levy.
- (3) For each fund of the emergency budget of each district requiring a tax levy as established by subsection (2)(c), the board of county commissioners shall, at the time all other district and county taxes are fixed and levied, levy a tax on the taxable property of each applicable district that will raise sufficient financing to pay the amount established by the county treasurer."

26

- Section 11. Section 20-15-404, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-15-404. Trustees to adhere to certain other laws. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the trustees of a community college district shall adhere to: 29
 - (1) the teachers' retirement provisions of Title 19, chapter 20;



1	(2) the provisions of 20-1-201, 20-1-205, 20-1-211, and 20-1-212;
2	(3) the school property provisions of 20-6-604, 20-6-605, 20-6-621, 20-6-622, 20-6-624
3	20-6-631, and 20-6-633 through 20-6-636;
4	(4) the adult education provisions of 20-7-701 through 20-7-713;
5	(5) the administration of finances provisions of 20-9-115, 20-9-134, 20-9-207, 20-9-208
6	20-9-210, 20-9-215, 20-9-221, through 20-9-224 20-9-223, and 20-9-512;
7	(6) the school bond provisions of 20-9-401 through 20-9-412, 20-9-421 through 20-9-446
8	20-9-451 through 20-9-456, and 20-9-461 through 20-9-465;
9	(7) the special purpose funds provisions of 20-9-502, 20-9-503, 20-9-507, 20-9-508, and
10	20-9-511;
11	(8) the educational cooperative agreements provisions of 20-9-701 through 20-9-704;
12	(9) the school elections provisions of Title 20, chapter 20;
13	(10) the students' rights provisions of 20-25-511 through 20-25-516; and
14	(11) the health provisions of 50-1-206."
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 12. Repealer. Sections 20-9-206, 20-9-222, and 20-9-224, MCA, are
17	repealed.
18	
19	NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
20	-END-



STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Fiscal Note for HB0368, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION: An act implementing the recommendation of the governor's task force to renew Montana government by eliminating certain county treasurer school budgeting functions; eliminating the requirement that the county treasurer prepare a statement showing the amount of the outstanding obligations for each fund; eliminating the requirement that the county superintendent deliver a final budget to the county treasurer; eliminating the requirement that the county treasurer receive a copy of a budget amendment; eliminating the requirement that a purchase of ordered personal property be recorded with the county treasurer; eliminating the requirement that warrants be endorsed by holders; eliminating the requirement that the county treasurer include outstanding warrants in an itemized report to trustees; authorizing money from the sale of bonds to be credited in a unified investment program with the county treasurer; revising the procedure for issuance of warrants; eliminating the requirement that the county treasurer receive a copy of an emergency budget; and repealing Sections 20-9-206, 20-9-222, and 20-9-224, MCA.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- School district trustees are responsible for preparation and adoption of the district budget documents, issuing warrants, entering into contracts in the name of the district, and overseeing the financial business of the district. These responsibilities are not altered by HB 368.
- 2. Under existing practice, there are many counties in which the county treasurer plays little or no role in overseeing school district budgets. The county treasurer provides (and will continue to provide under HB 368) districts with a detail of tax collections and receipts of other revenue.
- 3. HB 368 has no impact on state payments to districts.

FISCAL IMPACT: None.

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

HB 368 will result in a small savings of staff time for school district business offices as districts will no longer report to the county treasurer under HB 368. In the counties where the county treasurer has actively overseen school district budgets, the county treasurers office will see some savings in staff time.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

TECHNICAL NOTES:

DAVID LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
Office of Budget and Program Planning

DON HOLLAND, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB00368, as introduced

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

23

25

26

27

28

29

30

1		a (110 touse BILL	NO. 368		
2	INTRODUCED BY	Halland	Veck	- a C	
3		BY REQUEST OF	THE GOVERNOR	Though	man

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR'S TASK FORCE TO RENEW MONTANA GOVERNMENT BY ELIMINATING CERTAIN COUNTY TREASURER SCHOOL BUDGETING FUNCTIONS: ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER PREPARE A STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNT OF THE OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS FOR EACH FUND; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT DELIVER A FINAL BUDGET TO THE COUNTY TREASURER; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER RECEIVE A COPY OF A BUDGET AMENDMENT; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT A PURCHASE OF ORDERED PERSONAL PROPERTY BE RECORDED WITH THE COUNTY TREASURER: ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT WARRANTS BE ENDORSED BY HOLDERS; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER INCLUDE OUTSTANDING WARRANTS IN AN ITEMIZED REPORT TO TRUSTEES; AUTHORIZING MONEY FROM THE SALE OF BONDS TO BE CREDITED IN A UNIFIED INVESTMENT PROGRAM WITH THE COUNTY TREASURER; REVISING THE PROCEDURE FOR ISSUANCE OF WARRANTS; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER RECEIVE A COPY OF AN EMERGENCY BUDGET; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-9-121, 20-9-134, 20-9-165, 20-9-209, 20-9-212, 20-9-213, 20-9-221, 20-15-210, 20-15-325, 20-15-326, AND 20-15-404, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 20-9-206, 20-9-222, AND 20-9-224, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

21
22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 20-9-121, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-121. County treasurer's statement of cash balances and bond information. (1) By July 10, the county treasurer shall prepare a statement for each district showing the amount of cash on hand for each fund maintained by the district and the amount of the outstanding obligations against each fund at the close of the last completed last-completed school fiscal year. The county treasurer shall also include on each district's statement the details on the obligation for bond retirement and interest for the school fiscal year just beginning. The format of the statement on fund cash balances and bond information shall



must be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.

(2) By July 10, the county treasurer shall prepare a statement for each county school fund supported by countywide levies, showing the amount of cash on hand at the beginning of the school fiscal year, the receipts and apportionments, and the amount of cash on hand at the end of the school fiscal year, for each county school fund maintained during the immediately preceding school fiscal year. The format of this statement shall must be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.

(3) On or before July 10, the county treasurer shall deliver the statements of district and county fund cash balances and the bond information for each district to the county superintendent, who shall attach such the district statements to the applicable district's preliminary budget."

Section 2. Section 20-9-134, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-134. Completion, filing, and delivery of final budgets. After the final budget of the elementary, high school, or community college district has been adopted by the trustees, the county superintendent shall complete all the remaining portions of the budget forms and shall:

- (1) send the final budget information to the superintendent of public instruction, on the forms provided by the superintendent, on or before September 1; and
- (2) in the case of the community college districts, send the final budget information to the board of regents, on the forms provided by the community college coordinator, on or before September 1; and
- (3) deliver a copy of the final budget for the district to the county treasurer on or before September

 1."

Section 3. Section 20-9-165, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-165. Budget amendment limitation, preparation, and adoption procedures. (1) The meeting of the trustees to consider and adopt a budget amendment must be open to the public, and any taxpayer in the district has the right to appear and be heard. If at the meeting a majority of the trustees present find that there is sufficient need for a budget amendment, the trustees may make and adopt a preliminary budget amendment, setting forth fully the facts constituting the need for the budget amendment. In adopting the preliminary budget amendment, the trustees may budget for any fund that was included on the final budget of the district for the current school fiscal year. The budget must be itemized to show the amount appropriated for each item.



- (2) When the budget amendment is the result of increased enrollment, the maximum amount of the budget amendment for all funds must be determined in the following manner:
- (a) Determine the total amount in the final budget for the current school fiscal year of all funds affected by the enrollment increase, less any amounts appropriated as capital outlay and any amount appropriated for addition to the operating reserve.
- (b) Divide the amount determined in subsection (2)(a) by the number of pupils originally enrolled in the district during the immediately preceding school fiscal year. The resulting cost per pupil is the maximum permissible per-pupil expenditure in the budget amendment.
- (c) Determine the enrollment increase of the current school fiscal year by subtracting the number of pupils originally enrolled during the immediately preceding school fiscal year from the number of pupils enrolled for the current school year. The result is the enrollment increase for the current school fiscal year.
- (d) Multiply the cost per pupil determined in subsection (2)(b) by the enrollment increase determined in subsection (2)(c). The result is the maximum limitation on a budget amendment for amendments resulting from increased enrollment.
- (3) For other types of budget amendments, the budget amendment is limited to the expenditures considered by the trustees to be reasonable and necessary to finance the conditions of the budget amendment and the preliminary budget amendment must include the details of the proposed expenditures.
- (4) Whenever the trustees adopt a preliminary budget amendment for the transportation fund, the trustees shall attach to the budget amendment a copy of each transportation contract that is connected with the budget amendment and that has been prepared and executed in accordance with the school transportation contract laws.
- (5) After the trustees have adopted the budget amendment by a majority vote of the trustees, it must be signed by the chairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district and copies must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treasurer, and the superintendent of public instruction."

Section 4. Section 20-9-209, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-209. Lapse of budgeted appropriations and provision for unpaid claims. (1) All appropriations for a budgeted fund in the regular budget or for a budget amendment for a given school fiscal year lapse on the last day of the school fiscal year, except the appropriations for:



1	(a) uncompleted improvements in progress of construction; and
2	(b) an obligation for the purchase of personal property ordered but not paid for during the current
3	fiscal year and recorded with the county treasurer in the manner and on forms prescribed by the
4	superintendent of public instruction.
5	(2) A lawful claim presented to the district for payment under a lapsed appropriation is an obligation
6	of the budget for the next ensuing school fiscal year."
7	
8	Section 5. Section 20-9-212, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"20-9-212. Duties of county treasurer. The county treasurer of each county shall:
10	(1) receive and hold all school money subject to apportionment and keep a separate accounting
11	of its apportionment to the several districts that are entitled to a portion of the money according to the
12	apportionments ordered by the county superintendent or by the superintendent of public instruction. A
13	separate accounting must be maintained for each county fund supported by a countywide levy for a
14	specific, authorized purpose, including:
15	(a) the basic county tax in support of the elementary BASE aid;
16	(b) the basic special tax for high schools in support of the high school BASE aid;
17	(c) the county tax in support of the transportation schedules;
18	(d) the county tax in support of the elementary and high school district retirement obligations; and
19	(e) any other county tax for schools, including the community colleges, which may be authorized
20	by law and levied by the county commissioners.
21	(2) whenever requested, notify the county superintendent and the superintendent of public
22	instruction of the amount of county school money on deposit in each of the funds enumerated in subsection
23	(1) and the amount of any other school money subject to apportionment and apportion the county and other
24	school money to the districts in accordance with the apportionment ordered by the county superintendent
25	or the superintendent of public instruction;
26	(3) keep a separate accounting of the receipts, expenditures, and cash balances for each fund;
27	(4) except as otherwise limited by law, pay all warrants properly drawn on the county or district
28	school money and properly endorsed by their holders;
29	(5) receive all revenue collected by and for each district and deposit these receipts in the fund
30	designated by law or by the district if a fund is not designated by law. Interest and penalties on delinquent



school taxes must be credited to the same fund and district for which the original taxes were levied.

- (6) send all revenue received for a joint district, part of which is situated in the county, to the county treasurer designated as the custodian of the revenue, no later than December 15 of each year and every 3 months after that date until the end of the school fiscal year;
- (7) at the direction of the trustees of a district, assist the district in the issuance and sale of tax and revenue anticipation notes as provided in Title 7, chapter 6, part 11;
- (8) register district warrants drawn on a budgeted fund in accordance with 7-6-2604 when there is insufficient money available in all funds of the district to make payment of the warrant. Redemption of registered warrants must be made in accordance with 7-6-2116, 7-6-2605, and 7-6-2606.
- (9) invest the money of any district as directed by the trustees of the district within 3 working days of the direction;
- (10) each month give to the trustees of each district an itemized report for each fund maintained by the district, showing the paid warrants, outstanding warrants, registered warrants, interest distribution, amounts and types of revenue received, and the cash balance;
- (11) remit promptly to the state treasurer receipts for the county tax for a vocational-technical eenter program within a unit of the university system when levied by the board of county commissioners under the provisions of 20-16-202;
- (12) invest the money received from the basic county tax, the basic special tax, the county levy in support of the elementary and high school district retirement obligations, and the county levy in support of the transportation schedules within 3 working days of receipt. The money must be invested until the working day before it is required to be distributed to school districts within the county or remitted to the state. Permissible investments are specified in 20-9-213(4). All investment income must be deposited, and credited proportionately, in the funds established to account for the taxes received for the purposes specified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(d).
- (13) remit on a monthly basis to the state treasurer, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-504, all county equalization revenue received under the provisions of 20-9-331 and 20-9-333, including all interest earned and excluding any amount required for high school out-of-county tuition under the provisions of 20-9-334, in repayment of the state advance for county equalization prescribed in 20-9-347. Any funds in excess of a state advance must be used as required in 20-9-331(1)(b) and 20-9-333(1)(b)."



Section 6. S	Section	20-9-213.	MCA. is	amended	to read.
--------------	---------	-----------	---------	---------	----------

"20-9-213. Duties of trustees. The trustees of each district have the sole power and authority to transact all fiscal business and execute all contracts in the name of the district. A person other than the trustees acting as a governing board may not expend money of the district. In conducting the fiscal business of the district, the trustees shall:

- (1) cause the keeping of an accurate, detailed accounting of all receipts and expenditures of school money for each fund maintained by the district in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the rules prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. The record of the accounting must be open to public inspection at any meeting of the trustees.
- (2) authorize all expenditures of district money and cause warrants to be issued for the payment of lawful obligations;
- (3) issue warrants on any budgeted fund in anticipation of budgeted revenue, except that the expenditures may not exceed the amount budgeted for the fund;
- (4) invest any money of the district, whenever in the judgment of the trustees the investment would be advantageous to the district, by directing the county treasurer to invest any money of the district in direct obligations of the United States government; in savings or time deposits in a state or national bank, building or loan association, savings and loan association, or credit union insured by the FDIC or NCUA located in the state; or in a repurchase agreement, as authorized in 7-6-213. All interest collected on the deposits or investments must be credited to the fund from which the money was withdrawn, except that interest earned on account of the investment of money realized from the sale of bonds must be credited to the debt service fund or the building fund, at the discretion of the board of trustees. The placement of the investment by the county treasurer is not subject to ratable distribution laws and must be done in accordance with the directive from the board of trustees. A district may invest money under the state unified investment program established in Title 17, chapter 6, or in a unified investment program with the county treasurer that meets the requirements of this subsection (4).
- (5) cause the district to record each transaction in the appropriate account before the accounts are closed at the end of the fiscal year in order to properly report the receipt, use, and disposition of all money and property for which the district is accountable;
- (6) report annually to the county superintendent, not later than August 15, the financial activities of each fund maintained by the district during the last-completed last-completed school fiscal year, on the



forms prescribed and furnished by the superintendent of public instruction. Annual fiscal reports for joint
school districts must be submitted not later than September 1 to the county superintendent of each county
in which part of the joint district is situated.

- (7) whenever requested, report any other fiscal activities to the county superintendent, superintendent of public instruction, or board of public education;
 - (8) cause the accounting records of the district to be audited as required by 2-7-503; and
- (9) perform, in the manner permitted by law, other fiscal duties that are in the best interests of the district."

Section 7. Section 20-9-221, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-221. Procedure for issuance of warrants. (1) The trustees of each district shall issue all warrants, and the warrants must identify:

- (a) the budgeted fund or nonbudgeted fund on which the warrant is drawn; and
- (b) the warrant as a budget amendment warrant if it is drawn on a budget amendment.
- (2) All warrants issued by a district must be countersigned by the chairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district before the warrants are negotiable. Facsimile signatures may be used in accordance with the provisions of 2-16-114. A facsimile signature device used under authority of this section may not be available to the other countersigner of the warrant, or the device must have a nonresettable metering control that can provide a positive reconciliation between the number of warrants issued and the number of signatures applied. Either split signature plates or a double signature plate may be used according to the requirements of the district. The signature plates and the device keys must be kept secure by the district clerk under the supervision of the board of trustees of the district.
- (3) The trustees shall may issue warrants in single copy or in triplicate copy. When the warrants are issued in single copy, the trustees shall immediately provide a listing of the issued warrants on a fund by fund basis to the county treasurer and retain a copy of the listing in the district accounting records. When the warrants are issued in triplicate, the original copy of the warrant must be delivered to the payce, the duplicate must be sent immediately to the county treasurer, and the triplicate must be retained by the district for accounting record purposes. The duplicate and triplicate multiple copies, If multiple copies are issued, the copies must be identified on the face of the warrant as "Not Negotiable--Copy of Original".
 - (4) However, the trustees may elect to issue warrants in payment of wages and salaries on a direct



deposit basis to the employee's account in a local bank, provided the consent of the employee has been obtained and the employee is given an itemized statement of payroll deductions for each pay period."

Section 8. Section 20-15-210, MCA, is amended to read:

6 b 7 p

 board of trustees of the community college district shall <u>must</u> be qualified by taking the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of Montana. At the organization meeting called by the board of regents, the board of trustees shall <u>must</u> be organized by the election of a shairman <u>presiding officer</u> and a secretary.

"20-15-210. Qualification and organization of board of trustees. (1) Newly elected members of the

(2) The treasurer of the community college district is the county treasurer of the county in which the community college facilities are located. The duties of the county treasurer are referenced in 20-9-206, 20-9-212, 20-9-222, and 20-9-224."

Section 9. Section 20-15-325, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-15-325. Emergency budget limitation, preparation, and adoption procedures. (1) The meeting of the trustees of a community college district to consider and adopt an emergency budget must be open to the public, and any taxpayer in the district has the right to appear and be heard. If at the meeting a majority of the trustees present find that an emergency exists, the trustees may make and adopt a preliminary emergency budget, on the regular budget form, setting forth fully the facts constituting the emergency. In adopting the preliminary emergency budget, the trustees may budget for any fund that was included on the final budget of the district for the current fiscal year. The budget must be itemized to show the amount appropriated for each item as required on the budget form.

- (2) When the emergency is the result of increased enrollment, the maximum amount of the emergency budget for all funds must be determined by budget amendment.
- (3) If another type of emergency occurs, the budget must be limited to the expenditures considered by the trustees to be reasonable and necessary to finance the conditions of the emergency, and the preliminary emergency budget must include the details of the proposed expenditures.
- (4) After a majority of the trustees have voted to adopt the emergency budget, it must be signed by the ehairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district and copies must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treasurer, and the board of regents."



Section 10	Section	20-15-326	MCA	is amended to read
SECTION 10.	- aethiun	20-10-020,	IVICA.	is annended to read

"20-15-326. Determination of available financing -- fixing and levying property taxation for emergency budget. (1) After the last day of the fiscal year for which an emergency budget has been adopted, the county treasurer board of trustees shall determine the amount of the cash balance that is available to finance the emergency budget's outstanding warrants or registered warrants for each fund included on the emergency budget. The available amount of the cash balance of each fund must be determined by deducting from the county treasurer's year-end cash balance for the fund the outstanding warrants or registered warrants issued under the regularly adopted final budget for the fund and the cash reserve for the fund that the trustees have established, within the limitations of law, for the following fiscal year.

- (2) The county treasurer shall prepare and deliver a statement on the financial <u>cash</u> status of each fund included on an emergency budget for a district that had an emergency budget during the preceding year to the board of county commissioners by the first Monday in August. The statement for each district emergency budget must include:
- (a) the total amount of emergency warrants that are outstanding or registered against each fund of the district; and
- (b) the amount of the each balance in each fund included on the emergency budget that is available to finance the outstanding warrants or registered warrants; and
- (e) after consideration of the available money in subsection (2)(b), the additional amount of money that is required to finance the cutstanding warrants or registered warrants and interest on the warrants and that must be raised by a tax levy.
- (3) For each fund of the emergency budget of each district requiring a tax levy as established by subsection (2)(c), the board of county commissioners shall, at the time all other district and county taxes are fixed and levied, levy a tax on the taxable property of each applicable district that will raise sufficient financing to pay the amount established by the county treasurer."

Section 11. Section 20-15-404, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-15-404. Trustees to adhere to certain other laws. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the trustees of a community college district shall adhere to:
 - (1) the teachers' retirement provisions of Title 19, chapter 20;



1	(2) the provisions of 20-1-201, 20-1-205, 20-1-211, and 20-1-212;
2	(3) the school property provisions of 20-6-604, 20-6-605, 20-6-621, 20-6-622, 20-6-624,
3	20-6-631, and 20-6-633 through 20-6-636;
4	(4) the adult education provisions of 20-7-701 through 20-7-713;
5	(5) the administration of finances provisions of 20-9-115, 20-9-134, 20-9-207, 20-9-208
6	20-9-210, 20-9-215, 20-9-221, through 20-9-224 20-9-223, and 20-9-512;
7	(6) the school bond provisions of 20-9-401 through 20-9-412, 20-9-421 through 20-9-446,
8	20-9-451 through 20-9-456, and 20-9-461 through 20-9-465;
9	(7) the special purpose funds provisions of 20-9-502, 20-9-503, 20-9-507, 20-9-508, and
10	20-9-511;
11	(8) the educational cooperative agreements provisions of 20-9-701 through 20-9-704;
12	(9) the school elections provisions of Title 20, chapter 20;
13	(10) the students' rights provisions of 20-25-511 through 20-25-516; and
14	(11) the health provisions of 50-1-206."
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 12. Repealer. Sections 20-9-206, 20-9-222, and 20-9-224, MCA, are
17	repealed.
18	
19	NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
20	-END-

1		a (not buse BILL	L NO. 368	
2	INTRODUCED BY	Halland	Veck	
3		BY REQUEST OF	THE GOVERNOR	Johnson

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR'S TASK FORCE TO RENEW MONTANA GOVERNMENT BY ELIMINATING CERTAIN COUNTY TREASURER SCHOOL BUDGETING FUNCTIONS; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER PREPARE A STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNT OF THE OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS FOR EACH FUND; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT DELIVER A FINAL BUDGET TO THE COUNTY TREASURER; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER RECEIVE A COPY OF A BUDGET AMENDMENT; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT A PURCHASE OF ORDERED PERSONAL PROPERTY BE RECORDED WITH THE COUNTY TREASURER; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT WARRANTS BE ENDORSED BY HOLDERS; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER INCLUDE OUTSTANDING WARRANTS IN AN ITEMIZED REPORT TO TRUSTEES; AUTHORIZING MONEY FROM THE SALE OF BONDS TO BE CREDITED IN A UNIFIED INVESTMENT PROGRAM WITH THE COUNTY TREASURER; REVISING THE PROCEDURE FOR ISSUANCE OF WARRANTS; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER RECEIVE A COPY OF AN EMERGENCY BUDGET; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-9-121, 20-9-134, 20-9-165, 20-9-209, 20-9-212, 20-9-213, 20-9-221, 20-15-210, 20-15-325, 20-15-326, AND 20-15-404, MCA; REPEALING

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 20-9-121, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-121. County treasurer's statement of cash balances and bond information. (1) By July 10, the county treasurer shall prepare a statement for each district showing the amount of cash on hand for each fund maintained by the district and the amount of the outstanding obligations against each fund at the close of the last completed last-completed school fiscal year. The county treasurer shall also include on each district's statement the details on the obligation for bond retirement and interest for the school fiscal year just beginning. The format of the statement on fund cash balances and bond information shall

SECTIONS 20-9-206, 20-9-222, AND 20-9-224, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."



must be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.

- (2) By July 10, the county treasurer shall prepare a statement for each county school fund supported by countywide levies, showing the amount of cash on hand at the beginning of the school fiscal year, the receipts and apportionments, and the amount of cash on hand at the end of the school fiscal year, for each county school fund maintained during the immediately preceding school fiscal year. The format of this statement shall must be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (3) On or before July 10, the county treasurer shall deliver the statements of district and county fund cash balances and the bond information for each district to the county superintendent, who shall attach such the district statements to the applicable district's preliminary budget."

Section 2. Section 20-9-134, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-9-134. Completion, filing, and delivery of final budgets. After the final budget of the elementary, high school, or community college district has been adopted by the trustees, the county superintendent shall complete all the remaining portions of the budget forms and shall:
- (1) send the final budget information to the superintendent of public instruction, on the forms provided by the superintendent, on or before September 1; and
- (2) in the case of the community college districts, send the final budget information to the board of regents, on the forms provided by the community college coordinator, on or before September 1; and
- (3) deliver a copy of the final budget for the district to the county treasurer on or before September 1."

Section 3. Section 20-9-165, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-165. Budget amendment limitation, preparation, and adoption procedures. (1) The meeting of the trustees to consider and adopt a budget amendment must be open to the public, and any taxpayer in the district has the right to appear and be heard. If at the meeting a majority of the trustees present find that there is sufficient need for a budget amendment, the trustees may make and adopt a preliminary budget amendment, setting forth fully the facts constituting the need for the budget amendment. In adopting the preliminary budget amendment, the trustees may budget for any fund that was included on the final budget of the district for the current school fiscal year. The budget must be itemized to show the amount appropriated for each item.

- (2) When the budget amendment is the result of increased enrollment, the maximum amount of the budget amendment for all funds must be determined in the following manner:
- (a) Determine the total amount in the final budget for the current school fiscal year of all funds affected by the enrollment increase, less any amounts appropriated as capital outlay and any amount appropriated for addition to the operating reserve.
- (b) Divide the amount determined in subsection (2)(a) by the number of pupils originally enrolled in the district during the immediately preceding school fiscal year. The resulting cost per pupil is the maximum permissible per-pupil expenditure in the budget amendment.
- (c) Determine the enrollment increase of the current school fiscal year by subtracting the number of pupils originally enrolled during the immediately preceding school fiscal year from the number of pupils enrolled for the current school year. The result is the enrollment increase for the current school fiscal year.
- (d) Multiply the cost per pupil determined in subsection (2)(b) by the enrollment increase determined in subsection (2)(c). The result is the maximum limitation on a budget amendment for amendments resulting from increased enrollment.
- (3) For other types of budget amendments, the budget amendment is limited to the expenditures considered by the trustees to be reasonable and necessary to finance the conditions of the budget amendment and the preliminary budget amendment must include the details of the proposed expenditures.
- (4) Whenever the trustees adopt a preliminary budget amendment for the transportation fund, the trustees shall attach to the budget amendment a copy of each transportation contract that is connected with the budget amendment and that has been prepared and executed in accordance with the school transportation contract laws.
- (5) After the trustees have adopted the budget amendment by a majority vote of the trustees, it must be signed by the eheirmen presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district and copies must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treasurer, and the superintendent of public instruction."

Section 4. Section 20-9-209, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-209. Lapse of budgeted appropriations and provision for unpaid claims. (1) All appropriations for a budgeted fund in the regular budget or for a budget amendment for a given school fiscal year lapse on the last day of the school fiscal year, except the appropriations for:



22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

1	(a) uncompleted improvements in progress of construction; and
2	(b) an obligation for the purchase of personal property ordered but not paid for during the current
3	fiscal year and recorded with the county treasurer in the manner and on forms prescribed by the
4	superintendent of public instruction.
5	(2) A lawful claim presented to the district for payment under a lapsed appropriation is an obligation
6	of the budget for the next ensuing school fiscal year."
7	
8	Section 5. Section 20-9-212, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"20-9-212. Duties of county treasurer. The county treasurer of each county shall:
10	(1) receive and hold all school money subject to apportionment and keep a separate accounting
11	of its apportionment to the several districts that are entitled to a portion of the money according to the
12	apportionments ordered by the county superintendent or by the superintendent of public instruction. A
13	separate accounting must be maintained for each county fund supported by a countywide levy for a
14	specific, authorized purpose, including:
15	(a) the basic county tax in support of the elementary BASE aid;
16	(b) the basic special tax for high schools in support of the high school BASE aid;
17	(c) the county tax in support of the transportation schedules;
18	(d) the county tax in support of the elementary and high school district retirement obligations; and
19	(e) any other county tax for schools, including the community colleges, which may be authorized
20	by law and levied by the county commissioners.

- (2) whenever requested, notify the county superintendent and the superintendent of public instruction of the amount of county school money on deposit in each of the funds enumerated in subsection (1) and the amount of any other school money subject to apportionment and apportion the county and other school money to the districts in accordance with the apportionment ordered by the county superintendent or the superintendent of public instruction;
 - (3) keep a separate accounting of the receipts, expenditures, and cash balances for each fund;
- (4) except as otherwise limited by law, pay all warrants properly drawn on the county or district school money and properly endorsed by their holders;
- (5) receive all revenue collected by and for each district and deposit these receipts in the fund designated by law or by the district if a fund is not designated by law. Interest and penalties on delinquent



school taxes must be credited to the same fund and district for which the original taxes were levied.

- (6) send all revenue received for a joint district, part of which is situated in the county, to the county treasurer designated as the custodian of the revenue, no later than December 15 of each year and every 3 months after that date until the end of the school fiscal year;
- (7) at the direction of the trustees of a district, assist the district in the issuance and sale of tax and revenue anticipation notes as provided in Title 7, chapter 6, part 11;
- (8) register district warrants drawn on a budgeted fund in accordance with 7-6-2604 when there is insufficient money available in all funds of the district to make payment of the warrant. Redemption of registered warrants must be made in accordance with 7-6-2116, 7-6-2605, and 7-6-2606.
- (9) invest the money of any district as directed by the trustees of the district within 3 working days of the direction;
- (10) each month give to the trustees of each district an itemized report for each fund maintained by the district, showing the paid warrants, eutstanding warrants, registered warrants, interest distribution, amounts and types of revenue received, and the cash balance;
- (11) remit promptly to the state treasurer receipts for the county tax for a vocational-technical eenter program within a unit of the university system when levied by the board of county commissioners under the provisions of 20-16-202;
- (12) invest the money received from the basic county tax, the basic special tax, the county levy in support of the elementary and high school district retirement obligations, and the county levy in support of the transportation schedules within 3 working days of receipt. The money must be invested until the working day before it is required to be distributed to school districts within the county or remitted to the state. Permissible investments are specified in 20-9-213(4). All investment income must be deposited, and credited proportionately, in the funds established to account for the taxes received for the purposes specified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(d).
- (13) remit on a monthly basis to the state treasurer, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-504, all county equalization revenue received under the provisions of 20-9-331 and 20-9-333, including all interest earned and excluding any amount required for high school out-of-county tuition under the provisions of 20-9-334, in repayment of the state advance for county equalization prescribed in 20-9-347. Any funds in excess of a state advance must be used as required in 20-9-331(1)(b) and 20-9-333(1)(b)."



Section 6. Section 20-9-213, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-213. Duties of trustees. The trustees of each district have the sele-power and authority to transact all fiscal business and execute all contracts in the name of the district. A person other than the trustees acting as a governing board may not expend money of the district. In conducting the fiscal business of the district, the trustees shall:

- (1) cause the keeping of an accurate, detailed accounting of all receipts and expenditures of school money for each fund maintained by the district in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the rules prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. The record of the accounting must be open to public inspection at any meeting of the trustees.
- (2) authorize all expenditures of district money and cause warrants to be issued for the payment of lawful obligations;
- (3) issue warrants on any budgeted fund in anticipation of budgeted revenue, except that the expenditures may not exceed the amount budgeted for the fund;
- (4) invest any money of the district, whenever in the judgment of the trustees the investment would be advantageous to the district, by directing the county treasurer to invest any money of the district in direct obligations of the United States government; in savings or time deposits in a state or national bank, building or loan association, savings and loan association, or credit union insured by the FDIC or NCUA located in the state; or in a repurchase agreement, as authorized in 7-6-213. All interest collected on the deposits or investments must be credited to the fund from which the money was withdrawn, except that interest earned on account of the investment of money realized from the sale of bonds must be credited to the debt service fund or the building fund, at the discretion of the board of trustees. The placement of the investment by the county treasurer is not subject to ratable distribution laws and must be done in accordance with the directive from the board of trustees. A district may invest money under the state unified investment program established in Title 17, chapter 6, or in a unified investment program with the county treasurer that meets the requirements of this subsection (4).
- (5) cause the district to record each transaction in the appropriate account before the accounts are closed at the end of the fiscal year in order to properly report the receipt, use, and disposition of all money and property for which the district is accountable;
- (6) report annually to the county superintendent, not later than August 15, the financial activities of each fund maintained by the district during the last-completed last-completed school fiscal year, on the



forms prescribed and furnished by the superintendent of public instruction. Annual fiscal reports for joint school districts must be submitted not later than September 1 to the county superintendent of each county in which part of the joint district is situated.

- (7) whenever requested, report any other fiscal activities to the county superintendent, superintendent of public instruction, or board of public education;
 - (8) cause the accounting records of the district to be audited as required by 2-7-503; and
- (9) perform, in the manner permitted by law, other fiscal duties that are in the best interests of the district."

Section 7. Section 20-9-221, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-221. Procedure for issuance of warrants. (1) The trustees of each district shall issue all warrants, and the warrants must identify:

- (a) the budgeted fund er nenbudgeted fund on which the warrant is drawn; and
- (b) the warrant as a budget amendment warrant if it is drawn on a budget amendment.
 - (2) All warrants issued by a district must be countersigned by the ehairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district before the warrants are negotiable. Facsimile signatures may be used in accordance with the provisions of 2-16-114. A facsimile signature device used under authority of this section may not be available to the other countersigner of the warrant, or the device must have a nonresettable metering control that can provide a positive reconciliation between the number of warrants issued and the number of signatures applied. Either split signature plates or a double signature plate may be used according to the requirements of the district. The signature plates and the device keys must be kept secure by the district clerk under the supervision of the board of trustees of the district.
 - (3) The trustees shall may issue warrants in single copy or in triplicate copy. When the warrants are issued in single copy, the trustees shall immediately provide a listing of the issued warrants on a fund by fund basis to the county treasurer and retain a copy of the listing in the district accounting records. When the warrants are issued in triplicate, the original copy of the warrant must be delivered to the payor, the duplicate must be sent immediately to the county treasurer, and the triplicate must be retained by the district for accounting record purposes. The duplicate and triplicate multiple copies. If multiple copies are issued, the copies must be identified on the face of the warrant as "Not Negotiable--Copy of Original".
 - (4) However, the trustees may elect to issue warrants in payment of wages and salaries on a direct



deposit basis to the employee's account in a local bank, provided the consent of the employee has been obtained and the employee is given an itemized statement of payroll deductions for each pay period."

Section 8. Section 20-15-210, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-15-210. Qualification and organization of board of trustees. (1) Newly elected members of the board of trustees of the community college district shall must be qualified by taking the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of Montana. At the organization meeting called by the board of regents, the board of trustees shall must be organized by the election of a chairman presiding officer and a secretary.

(2) The treasurer of the community college district is the county treasurer of the county in which the community college facilities are located. The duties of the county treasurer are referenced in 20-9-206, 20-9-212, 20-9-222, and 20-9-224."

Section 9. Section 20-15-325, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-15-325. Emergency budget limitation, preparation, and adoption procedures. (1) The meeting of the trustees of a community college district to consider and adopt an emergency budget must be open to the public, and any taxpayer in the district has the right to appear and be heard. If at the meeting a majority of the trustees present find that an emergency exists, the trustees may make and adopt a preliminary emergency budget, on the regular budget form, setting forth fully the facts constituting the emergency. In adopting the preliminary emergency budget, the trustees may budget for any fund that was included on the final budget of the district for the current fiscal year. The budget must be itemized to show the amount appropriated for each item as required on the budget form.

- (2) When the emergency is the result of increased enrollment, the maximum amount of the emergency budget for all funds must be determined by budget amendment.
- (3) If another type of emergency occurs, the budget must be limited to the expenditures considered by the trustees to be reasonable and necessary to finance the conditions of the emergency, and the preliminary emergency budget must include the details of the proposed expenditures.
- (4) After a majority of the trustees have voted to adopt the emergency budget, it must be signed by the ehairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district and copies must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treesurer, and the board of regents."

Section 10. Section 20-15-326, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-15-326. Determination of available financing -- fixing and levying property taxation for emergency budget. (1) After the last day of the fiscal year for which an emergency budget has been adopted, the ecunty treasurer board of trustees shall determine the amount of the cash balance that is available to finance the emergency budget's outstanding warrants or registered warrants for each fund included on the emergency budget. The available amount of the cash balance of each fund must be determined by deducting from the county treasurer's year-end cash balance for the fund the outstanding warrants or registered warrants issued under the regularly adopted final budget for the fund and the cash reserve for the fund that the trustees have established, within the limitations of law, for the following fiscal year.

- (2) The county treasurer shall prepare and deliver a statement on the financial <u>cash</u> status of each fund included on an emergency budget for a district that had an emergency budget during the preceding year to the board of county commissioners by the first Monday in August. The statement for each district emergency budget must include:
- (a) the total amount of emergency warrants that are outstanding or registered against each fund of the district; and
- (b) the amount of the each balance in each fund included on the emergency budget that is available to finance the outstanding warrants or registered warrants; and
- (e) after consideration of the available money in subsection (2)(b), the additional amount of money that is required to finance the cutstanding warrants or registered warrants and interest on the warrants and that must be raised by a tax levy.
- (3) For each fund of the emergency budget of each district requiring a tax levy as established by subsection (2)(c), the board of county commissioners shall, at the time all other district and county taxes are fixed and levied, levy a tax on the taxable property of each applicable district that will raise sufficient financing to pay the amount established by the county treasurer."

27 Section 11. Section 20-15-404, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-15-404. Trustees to adhere to certain other laws. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the trustees of a community college district shall adhere to:
 - (1) the teachers' retirement provisions of Title 19, chapter 20;



1 (2) the provisions of 20-1-201, 20-1-205, 20-1-211, and 20-1-212; (3) the school property provisions of 20-6-604, 20-6-605, 20-6-621, 20-6-622, 20-6-624, 2 3 20-6-631, and 20-6-633 through 20-6-636; 4 (4) the adult education provisions of 20-7-701 through 20-7-713; 5 (5) the administration of finances provisions of 20-9-115, 20-9-134, 20-9-207, 20-9-208, 6 20-9-210, 20-9-215, 20-9-221, through 20 9 224 20-9-223, and 20-9-512; 7 (6) the school bond provisions of 20-9-401 through 20-9-412, 20-9-421 through 20-9-446, 20-9-451 through 20-9-456, and 20-9-461 through 20-9-465; 8 9 (7) the special purpose funds provisions of 20-9-502, 20-9-503, 20-9-507, 20-9-508, and 10 20-9-511; (8) the educational cooperative agreements provisions of 20-9-701 through 20-9-704; 11 (9) the school elections provisions of Title 20, chapter 20; 12 13 (10) the students' rights provisions of 20-25-511 through 20-25-516; and 14 (11) the health provisions of 50-1-206." 15 16 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Repealer. Sections 20-9-206, 20-9-222, and 20-9-224, MCA, are 17 repealed. 18 19 NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995. 20 -END-

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 368
2	INTRODUCED BY HOLLAND, PECK, J. JOHNSON
3	BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR'S TASK FORCE TO RENEW MONTANA GOVERNMENT BY ELIMINATING CERTAIN COUNTY TREASURER SCHOOL BUDGETING FUNCTIONS: ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER PREPARE A STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNT OF THE OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS FOR EACH FUND; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT DELIVER A FINAL BUDGET TO THE COUNTY TREASURER; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER RECEIVE A COPY OF A BUDGET AMENDMENT; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT A PURCHASE OF ORDERED PERSONAL PROPERTY BE RECORDED WITH THE COUNTY TREASURER; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT WARRANTS BE ENDORSED BY HOLDERS; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER INCLUDE OUTSTANDING WARRANTS IN AN ITEMIZED REPORT TO TRUSTEES: AUTHORIZING MONEY FROM THE SALE OF BONDS TO BE CREDITED IN A UNIFIED INVESTMENT PROGRAM WITH THE COUNTY TREASURER; REVISING THE PROCEDURE FOR ISSUANCE OF WARRANTS; ELIMINATING THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE COUNTY TREASURER RECEIVE A COPY OF AN EMERGENCY BUDGET; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-9-121, 20-9-134, 20-9-165, 20-9-209, 20-9-212, 20-9-213, 20-9-221, 20-15-210, 20-15-325, 20-15-326, AND 20-15-404, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 20-9-206, 20-9-222, AND 20-9-224, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

21 22

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

Section 1. Section 20-9-121, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-121. County treasurer's statement of cash balances and bond information. (1) By July 10, the county treasurer shall prepare a statement for each district showing the amount of cash on hand for each fund maintained by the district and the amount of the outstanding obligations against each fund at the close of the last completed last-completed school fiscal year. The county treasurer shall also include on each district's statement the details on the obligation for bond retirement and interest for the school fiscal year just beginning. The format of the statement on fund cash balances and bond information shall



must be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.

(2) By July 10, the county treasurer shall prepare a statement for each county school fund supported by countywide levies, showing the amount of cash on hand at the beginning of the school fiscal year, the receipts and apportionments, and the amount of cash on hand at the end of the school fiscal year, for each county school fund maintained during the immediately preceding school fiscal year. The format of this statement shall must be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.

(3) On or before July 10, the county treasurer shall deliver the statements of district and county fund cash balances and the bond information for each district to the county superintendent, who shall attach such the district statements to the applicable district's preliminary budget."

Section 2. Section 20-9-134, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-134. Completion, filing, and delivery of final budgets. After the final budget of the elementary, high school, or community college district has been adopted by the trustees, the county superintendent shall complete all the remaining portions of the budget forms and shall:

- (1) send the final budget information to the superintendent of public instruction, on the forms provided by the superintendent, on or before September 1; and
- (2) in the case of the community college districts, send the final budget information to the board of regents, on the forms provided by the community college coordinator, on or before September 1; and
- (3) deliver a copy of the final budget for the district to the county treasurer on or before September 1."

Section 3. Section 20-9-165, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-165. Budget amendment limitation, preparation, and adoption procedures. (1) The meeting of the trustees to consider and adopt a budget amendment must be open to the public, and any taxpayer in the district has the right to appear and be heard. If at the meeting a majority of the trustees present find that there is sufficient need for a budget amendment, the trustees may make and adopt a preliminary budget amendment, setting forth fully the facts constituting the need for the budget amendment. In adopting the preliminary budget amendment, the trustees may budget for any fund that was included on the final budget of the district for the current school fiscal year. The budget must be itemized to show the amount appropriated for each item.



1	(2) When the budget amendment is the result of increased enrollment, the maximum amount of
2	the budget amendment for all funds must be determined in the following manner:
3	(a) Determine the total amount in the final budget for the current school fiscal year of all funds

- affected by the enrollment increase, less any amounts appropriated as capital outlay and any amount appropriated for addition to the operating reserve.
- (b) Divide the amount determined in subsection (2)(a) by the number of pupils originally enrolled in the district during the immediately preceding school fiscal year. The resulting cost per pupil is the maximum permissible per-pupil expenditure in the budget amendment.
- (c) Determine the enrollment increase of the current school fiscal year by subtracting the number of pupils originally enrolled during the immediately preceding school fiscal year from the number of pupils enrolled for the current school year. The result is the enrollment increase for the current school fiscal year.
- (d) Multiply the cost per pupil determined in subsection (2)(b) by the enrollment increase determined in subsection (2)(c). The result is the maximum limitation on a budget amendment for amendments resulting from increased enrollment.
- (3) For other types of budget amendments, the budget amendment is limited to the expenditures considered by the trustees to be reasonable and necessary to finance the conditions of the budget amendment and the preliminary budget amendment must include the details of the proposed expenditures.
- (4) Whenever the trustees adopt a preliminary budget amendment for the transportation fund, the trustees shall attach to the budget amendment a copy of each transportation contract that is connected with the budget amendment and that has been prepared and executed in accordance with the school transportation contract laws.
- (5) After the trustees have adopted the budget amendment by a majority vote of the trustees, it must be signed by the chairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district and copies must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treasurer, and the superintendent of public instruction."

Section 4. Section 20-9-209, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-209. Lapse of budgeted appropriations and provision for unpaid claims. (1) All appropriations for a budgeted fund in the regular budget or for a budget amendment for a given school fiscal year lapse on the last day of the school fiscal year, except the appropriations for:



2	(b) an obligation for the purchase of personal property ordered but not paid for during the current
3	fiscal year and recorded with the county treasurer in the manner and on forms prescribed by the
4	superintendent of public instruction.
5	(2) A lawful claim presented to the district for payment under a lapsed appropriation is an obligation
6	of the budget for the next ensuing school fiscal year."
7	
8	Section 5. Section 20-9-212, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"20-9-212. Duties of county treasurer. The county treasurer of each county shall:
10	(1) receive and hold all school money subject to apportionment and keep a separate accounting
11	of its apportionment to the several districts that are entitled to a portion of the money according to the
12	apportionments ordered by the county superintendent or by the superintendent of public instruction. A
13	separate accounting must be maintained for each county fund supported by a countywide levy for a
14	specific, authorized purpose, including:
15	(a) the basic county tax in support of the elementary BASE aid;
16	(b) the basic special tax for high schools in support of the high school BASE aid;
17	(c) the county tax in support of the transportation schedules;
18	(d) the county tax in support of the elementary and high school district retirement obligations; and
19	(e) any other county tax for schools, including the community colleges, which may be authorized
20	by law and levied by the county commissioners.
21	(2) whenever requested, notify the county superintendent and the superintendent of public
22	instruction of the amount of county school money on deposit in each of the funds enumerated in subsection
23	(1) and the amount of any other school money subject to apportionment and apportion the county and other
24	school money to the districts in accordance with the apportionment ordered by the county superintendent
25	or the superintendent of public instruction;
26	(3) keep a separate accounting of the receipts, expenditures, and cash balances for each fund;
27	(4) except as otherwise limited by law, pay all warrants properly drawn on the county or district
28	school money and properly endorsed by their holders;

(a) uncompleted improvements in progress of construction; and

29

30

designated by law or by the district if a fund is not designated by law. Interest and penalties on delinquent

(5) receive all revenue collected by and for each district and deposit these receipts in the fund

school taxes must be credited to the same fund and district for which the original taxes were levied.

- (6) send all revenue received for a joint district, part of which is situated in the county, to the county treasurer designated as the custodian of the revenue, no later than December 15 of each year and every 3 months after that date until the end of the school fiscal year;
- (7) at the direction of the trustees of a district, assist the district in the issuance and sale of tax and revenue anticipation notes as provided in Title 7, chapter 6, part 11;
- (8) register district warrants drawn on a budgeted fund in accordance with 7-6-2604 when there is insufficient money available in all funds of the district to make payment of the warrant. Redemption of registered warrants must be made in accordance with 7-6-2116, 7-6-2605, and 7-6-2606.
- (9) invest the money of any district as directed by the trustees of the district within 3 working days of the direction;
- (10) each month give to the trustees of each district an itemized report for each fund maintained by the district, showing the paid warrants, outstanding warrants, registered warrants, interest distribution, amounts and types of revenue received, and the cash balance;
- (11) remit promptly to the state treasurer receipts for the county tax for a vocational-technical center program within a unit of the university system when levied by the board of county commissioners under the provisions of 20-16-202;
- (12) invest the money received from the basic county tax, the basic special tax, the county levy in support of the elementary and high school district retirement obligations, and the county levy in support of the transportation schedules within 3 working days of receipt. The money must be invested until the working day before it is required to be distributed to school districts within the county or remitted to the state. Permissible investments are specified in 20-9-213(4). All investment income must be deposited, and credited proportionately, in the funds established to account for the taxes received for the purposes specified in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(d).
- (13) remit on a monthly basis to the state treasurer, in accordance with the provisions of 15-1-504, all county equalization revenue received under the provisions of 20-9-331 and 20-9-333, including all interest earned and excluding any amount required for high school out-of-county tuition under the provisions of 20-9-334, in repayment of the state advance for county equalization prescribed in 20-9-347. Any funds in excess of a state advance must be used as required in 20-9-331(1)(b) and 20-9-333(1)(b)."



Section 6. Section 20-9-213, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-213. Duties of trustees. The trustees of each district have the sole power and authority to transact all fiscal business and execute all contracts in the name of the district. A person other than the trustees acting as a governing board may not expend money of the district. In conducting the fiscal business of the district, the trustees shall:

- (1) cause the keeping of an accurate, detailed accounting of all receipts and expenditures of school money for each fund maintained by the district in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the rules prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. The record of the accounting must be open to public inspection at any meeting of the trustees.
- (2) authorize all expenditures of district money and cause warrants to be issued for the payment of lawful obligations;
- (3) issue warrants on any budgeted fund in anticipation of budgeted revenue, except that the expenditures may not exceed the amount budgeted for the fund;
- (4) invest any money of the district, whenever in the judgment of the trustees the investment would be advantageous to the district, by directing the county treasurer to invest any money of the district in direct obligations of the United States government; in savings or time deposits in a state or national bank, building or loan association, savings and loan association, or credit union insured by the FDIC or NCUA located in the state; or in a repurchase agreement, as authorized in 7-6-213. All interest collected on the deposits or investments must be credited to the fund from which the money was withdrawn, except that interest earned on account of the investment of money realized from the sale of bonds must be credited to the debt service fund or the building fund, at the discretion of the board of trustees. The placement of the investment by the county treasurer is not subject to ratable distribution laws and must be done in accordance with the directive from the board of trustees. A district may invest money under the state unified investment program established in Title 17, chapter 6, or in a unified investment program with the county treasurer that meets the requirements of this subsection (4).
- (5) cause the district to record each transaction in the appropriate account before the accounts are closed at the end of the fiscal year in order to properly report the receipt, use, and disposition of all money and property for which the district is accountable;
- (6) report annually to the county superintendent, not later than August 15, the financial activities of each fund maintained by the district during the last-completed school fiscal year, on the



forms prescribed and furnished by the superintendent of public instruction. Annual fiscal reports for joint school districts must be submitted not later than September 1 to the county superintendent of each county in which part of the joint district is situated.

- (7) whenever requested, report any other fiscal activities to the county superintendent, superintendent of public instruction, or board of public education;
 - (8) cause the accounting records of the district to be audited as required by 2-7-503; and
- (9) perform, in the manner permitted by law, other fiscal duties that are in the best interests of the district."

Section 7. Section 20-9-221, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-221. Procedure for issuance of warrants. (1) The trustees of each district shall issue all warrants, and the warrants must identify:

- (a) the budgeted fund or nonbudgeted fund on which the warrant is drawn; and
- (b) the warrant as a budget amendment warrant if it is drawn on a budget amendment.
- (2) All warrants issued by a district must be countersigned by the chairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district before the warrants are negotiable. Facsimile signatures may be used in accordance with the provisions of 2-16-114. A facsimile signature device used under authority of this section may not be available to the other countersigner of the warrant, or the device must have a nonresettable metering control that can provide a positive reconciliation between the number of warrants issued and the number of signatures applied. Either split signature plates or a double signature plate may be used according to the requirements of the district. The signature plates and the device keys must be kept secure by the district clerk under the supervision of the board of trustees of the district.
- (3) The trustees shall may issue warrants in single copy or in triplicate copy. When the warrants are issued in single copy, the trustees shall immediately provide a listing of the issued warrants on a fund by fund basis to the county treasurer and retain a copy of the listing in the district accounting records. When the warrants are issued in triplicate, the original copy of the warrant must be delivered to the payee, the duplicate must be sent immediately to the county treasurer, and the triplicate must be retained by the district for accounting record purposes. The duplicate and triplicate multiple copies. If multiple copies are issued, the copies must be identified on the face of the warrant as "Not Negotiable--Copy of Original".
 - (4) However, the trustees may elect to issue warrants in payment of wages and salaries on a direct



deposit basis to the employee's account in a local bank, provided the consent of the employee has been obtained and the employee is given an itemized statement of payroll deductions for each pay period."

Section 8. Section 20-15-210, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-15-210. Qualification and organization of board of trustees. (1) Newly elected members of the board of trustees of the community college district shall must be qualified by taking the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of Montana. At the organization meeting called by the board of regents, the board of trustees shall must be organized by the election of a chairman presiding officer and a secretary.

(2) The treasurer of the community college district is the county treasurer of the county in which the community college facilities are located. The duties of the county treasurer are referenced in 20-9-206, 20-9-212, 20-9-222, and 20-9-224."

Section 9. Section 20-15-325, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-15-325. Emergency budget limitation, preparation, and adoption procedures. (1) The meeting of the trustees of a community college district to consider and adopt an emergency budget must be open to the public, and any taxpayer in the district has the right to appear and be heard. If at the meeting a majority of the trustees present find that an emergency exists, the trustees may make and adopt a preliminary emergency budget, on the regular budget form, setting forth fully the facts constituting the emergency. In adopting the preliminary emergency budget, the trustees may budget for any fund that was included on the final budget of the district for the current fiscal year. The budget must be itemized to show the amount appropriated for each item as required on the budget form.

- (2) When the emergency is the result of increased enrollment, the maximum amount of the emergency budget for all funds must be determined by budget amendment.
- (3) If another type of emergency occurs, the budget must be limited to the expenditures considered by the trustees to be reasonable and necessary to finance the conditions of the emergency, and the preliminary emergency budget must include the details of the proposed expenditures.
- (4) After a majority of the trustees have voted to adopt the emergency budget, it must be signed by the ehairman presiding officer of the trustees and the clerk of the district and copies must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treasurer, and the board of regents."

Section 10. Section 20-15-326, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-15-326. Determination of available financing -- fixing and levying property taxation for emergency budget. (1) After the last day of the fiscal year for which an emergency budget has been adopted, the eounty treasurer board of trustees shall determine the amount of the cash balance that is available to finance the emergency budget's outstanding warrants or registered warrants for each fund included on the emergency budget. The available amount of the cash balance of each fund must be determined by deducting from the county treasurer's year-end cash balance for the fund the outstanding warrants or registered warrants issued under the regularly adopted final budget for the fund and the cash reserve for the fund that the trustees have established, within the limitations of law, for the following fiscal year.

- (2) The county treasurer shall prepare and deliver a statement on the financial <u>cash</u> status of each fund included on an emergency budget for a district that had an emergency budget during the preceding year to the board of county commissioners by the first Monday in August. The statement for each district emergency budget must include:
- (a) the total amount of emergency warrants that are outstanding or registered against each fund of the district; <u>and</u>
- (b) the amount of the each balance in each fund included on the emergency budget that is available to finance the outstanding warrants or registered warrants; and
- (e) after consideration of the available money in subsection (2)(b), the additional amount of money that is required to finance the outstanding warrants or registered warrants and interest on the warrants and that must be raised by a tax levy.
- (3) For each fund of the emergency budget of each district requiring a tax levy as established by subsection (2)(c), the board of county commissioners shall, at the time all other district and county taxes are fixed and levied, levy a tax on the taxable property of each applicable district that will raise sufficient financing to pay the amount established by the county treasurer."

Section 11. Section 20-15-404, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-15-404. Trustees to adhere to certain other laws. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the trustees of a community college district shall adhere to:
 - (1) the teachers' retirement provisions of Title 19, chapter 20;



1	(2) the provisions of 20-1-201, 20-1-205, 20-1-211, and 20-1-212;
2	(3) the school property provisions of 20-6-604, 20-6-605, 20-6-621, 20-6-622, 20-6-624
3	20-6-631, and 20-6-633 through 20-6-636;
4	(4) the adult education provisions of 20-7-701 through 20-7-713;
5	(5) the administration of finances provisions of 20-9-115, 20-9-134, 20-9-207, 20-9-208
6	20-9-210, 20-9-215, 20-9-221, through 20-9-224 20-9-223, and 20-9-512;
7	(6) the school bond provisions of 20-9-401 through 20-9-412, 20-9-421 through 20-9-446
8	20-9-451 through 20-9-456, and 20-9-461 through 20-9-465;
9	(7) the special purpose funds provisions of 20-9-502, 20-9-503, 20-9-507, 20-9-508, and
10	20-9-511;
11	(8) the educational cooperative agreements provisions of 20-9-701 through 20-9-704;
12	(9) the school elections provisions of Title 20, chapter 20;
13	(10) the students' rights provisions of 20-25-511 through 20-25-516; and
14	(11) the health provisions of 50-1-206."
15	
16	NEW SECTION. Section 12. Repealer. Sections 20-9-206, 20-9-222, and 20-9-224, MCA, are
17	repealed.
18	
19	NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
20	-END-

