1	House BILL NO. 212
2	INTRODUCED BY Anduson
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF LAW REGARDING
6	PESTICIDES AND AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS; REVISING THE MONTANA PESTICIDES ACT REGARDING
7	LICENSE AND PERMIT REVOCATION, INVESTIGATION AND ENFORCEMENT, THE ISSUANCE OF
8	COMPLIANCE ORDERS, AND PENALTIES; MAKING UNIFORM THE PROCEDURES FOR CONTESTING AND
9	APPEALING PENALTIES ASSESSED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE UNDER THE MONTANA
10	PESTICIDES ACT; REVISING THE MONTANA AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL GROUND WATER PROTECTION
11	ACT BY REMOVING THE REQUIREMENT THAT CERTAIN CHEMICAL ANALYSES BE REPORTED;
12	REMOVING THE AUTHORITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES TO
13	ASSESS CIVIL PENALTIES UNDER THE MONTANA AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL GROUND WATER
14	PROTECTION ACT; REVISING THE PROCESS FOR ISSUANCE OF COMPLIANCE ORDERS; AMENDING
15	SECTIONS 80-8-211, 80-8-304, 80-8-305, 80-8-306, 80-15-202, 80-15-403, AND 80-15-412, MCA; AND
16	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
17	
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
19	
20	Section 1. Section 80-8-211, MCA, is amended to read:
21	"80-8-211. Revocation of licenses and permits. (1) The department shall establish the policy and
22	procedures on the revocation of licenses or permits. The department may refuse to grant ₇ or renew ₇ or may
23	revoke or modify a license or permit, as the case may require, when the department is satisfied that the
24	licensee or holder of a permit permittee is not qualified to sell, use, or apply pesticides under the conditions
25	in the locality in which he <u>the licensee or permittee</u> operates or has operated or that he <u>the licensee or</u>
26	permittee has committed any of the following acts, each of which is doclared to be <u>considered</u> a violation
27	of this chapter:
28	(a) made false or fraudulent claims or recommendations through any media misrepresenting the
29	effect of materials or methods to be utilized <u>used</u> ;
30	(b) applied or sold unapproved or illegal materials or applied or sold a pesticide without possessing



- 1 -



LC0360.01

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1	a current and appropriate license or permit;
2	(c) operated in a faulty, careless, or negligent manner;
3	(d) operated faulty or unsafe equipment;
4	(e) refused or neglected to comply with the provisions of this chapter, the rules adopted horeunder
5	under this chapter, or any lawful order of the department;
6	(f) refused or neglected to keep and maintain the records required by this chapter or to make
7	reports when and as required;
8	(g) made false or fraudulent records or reports;
9	(h) operated equipment for the commercial application of a pesticide without having a license or
10	permit;
11	(i) used fraud or misrepresentation in making an application for a license or permit or renewal of
12	a license or permit;
13	(j) used or applied a registered pesticide inconsistent with its labeling or the label or the department
14	restrictions on the use of that pesticide;
15	(k) made false or misleading statements in connection with a pest inspection of land, crops, yards,
16	or any premises in an attempt to induce any person to engage his the licensee's or permittee's services to
17	eliminate, control, or mitigate the alleged pest or made false or misleading statements concerning the
18	effectiveness of any pesticide or its application;
19	(I) failed to satisfy a judgment entered against the licensee or permittee as a result of a complaint
20	concerning the use of a pesticide.
21	(2) Decisions of the department relating to the issuing of licenses or permits may be appealed."
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23	Section 2. Section 80-8-304, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"80-8-304. Investigation and enforcement authority. (1) In enforcing this chapter, the department
25	or its duly authorized agents, upon reasonable cause, may enter upon private and public premises and
26	property with a warrant or consent of the inhabitant or owner to inspect or investigate at reasonable times:
27	(a) equipment used for applying pesticides;
28	(b) actual or reported adverse effects caused by pesticides in humans, crops, animals, land, or
29	other property;
30	(c) records on the selling or use of pesticides and the person's stock of pesticides;



- 2 -

LC0360.01

1 (d) <u>handling</u>, use, <u>application</u>, storage, and disposal of pesticides by any person; 2 (e) pesticides being applied or to be applied and to sample the pesticides or agricultural 3 commodities; 4 (f) the use and application of a pesticide; or 5 (g) the environment alleged to have been exposed to pesticides and to collect and analyze environmental samples; 6 7 (h) a person's compliance with pesticide worker protection standards and labeling, including 8 handlers and workers; (i) a person's compliance with pesticide ground water and endangered species standards and 9 10 labeling; or (i) a person's compliance with licensing, labeling, permitting, and certification requirements. 11 12 (2) The department is authorized to investigate all incidents involving the application, sale, introduction, or utilization use of registered pesticides or compounds capable of acting in the manner of 13 14 pesticides when the incidents have a reasonable potential to adversely affect the public environment or 15 persons other than the applicator. 16 (3) The investigation or inspection authority provided for in this section may be exercised over 17 persons not possessing a required license or permit only upon receipt of a complaint or report of an 18 incident." 19 20 Section 3. Section 80-8-305, MCA, is amended to read: 21 "80-8-305. General violations -- compliance orders. (1) Consistent with the provisions of Title 80, 22 chapter 15, it is unlawful for any a person: 23 (a) to discard any pesticide or pesticide container in such a manner as to cause that causes injury 24 to humans, domestic animals, or wildlife, or to pollute any waterway in a way harmful to any wildlife 25 therein in the waterway or to the environment; 26 (b) to handle, transport, store, display, or distribute pesticides or pesticide containers in such a 27 manner as to endanger-man that endangers humans or the environment or to endanger food or any other 28 products that may be transported, stored, displayed, or distributed with such pesticides; 29 (c) to handle, apply, or attempt to apply any registered pesticide for which he the person does not 30 have an appropriate, complete, or legible label at hand;



- 3 -

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LC0360.01

2 labeling, as defined in 80-8-102; or (e) to use any unregistered chemical or biological agent that is required to be registered as a 3 4 pesticide by the Montana Pesticides Act. 5 (2) It is unlawful for any a person to manufacture, formulate, or store any registered pesticide or a component or byproduct thereof of a registered pesticide in such a manner that the pesticide, or any 6 component, or byproduct cannot be contained or confined within the boundaries of the lands owned by 7 or under the appropriate control of the person involved. Oder The containment or confinement of odor is 8 specifically exempted from the provisions of this subsection. 9 10 (3)(a) The department may issue a compliance order to any a person violating the provisions of this 11 section, 80-8-211, the provisions of this section, or any other requirement established pursuant to this 12 chapter. The compliance order may be issued to any person, including the person's employees, agents, or 13 subcontractors. 14 (b) If the department is unable to identify the person or determines that the person is insolvent, 15 the department may issue the compliance order to a person who owns, leases, or has possession or control 16 of the site at the time the order is issued. 17 (c) In determining the amount of any civil penalty issued as part of the compliance order to a person 18 who owns, leases, possesses, or controls the site, the department shall consider whether the violation 19 occurred prior to that person's acquiring an interest in the site and whether the site was used without that 20 person's knowledge or consent. 21 (d) An action under this subsection (3) does not preclude a private cause of action by any affected 22 party. 23 (4) A compliance order may require the cleanup of any pesticide that a person has accidentally or purposely dumped, spilled, misused, or unlawfully used in violation of this section. The department shall 24 25 allow the recipient of a compliance order to spread, treat, or dispose of soils contaminated by a pesticide 26 if the person can document and prove to the satisfaction of the department that the soil will be beneficially 27 used or that the pesticide in the soil will physically, chemically, or biologically degrade and that neither the 28 beneficial use of the soil nor the degradation of the pesticide in the soil will adversely affect agriculture, 29 human health, or the environment. Prior to issuing a compliance order requiring cleanup of a pesticide, the 30 department shall consult with the department of health and environmental sciences to ensure that the

(d) to apply or attempt to apply any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with the label



- 4 -

provisions of Title 75, chapter 10, part 4, are considered. If a pesticide or soil contaminated by a pesticide is subject to the provisions of Title 75, chapter 10, part 4, and there is no beneficial use of the soil as determined by the department, the department of health and environmental sciences is responsible for regulating the cleanup and disposal of the pesticide and the soil contaminated by the pesticide. The department may not allow a person to spread, treat, or dispose of soils contaminated by a canceled or suspended pesticide without the specific approval of the department of health and environmental sciences or the U.S. environmental protection agency, or both, as required on a case-by-case basis.

8 (5) When issuing a compliance order, the department may require a person who has violated a 9 provision of this chapter to conduct monitoring to assist in determining the presence or level of 10 concentration of pesticides in the environment and the effectiveness of cleanup efforts. The department 11 shall specify criteria in the compliance order for determining the duration of monitoring.

12 (6) A compliance order must specify the requirement of this chapter that has been violated and 13 establish a time schedule for compliance. In establishing a time schedule for compliance, the department 14 shall take into account the seriousness of the violation and any good faith efforts that the person has made 15 to comply with the requirement that has been violated. A compliance order issued under this section must 16 be served either by a person qualified to perform service under the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure or by 17 certified mail."

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Section 4. Section 80-8-306, MCA, is amended to read:

"80-8-306. Penalties. (1) Any <u>A</u> person convicted of violating any of the provisions of this chapter
or the rules issued therounder <u>under this chapter</u> or who may misropresent, impede, obstruct, hinder, or
otherwise prevent or attempt <u>misrepresents</u>, prevents, or attempts to prevent the department or its duly
authorized agent in performance of its duty in connection with the provisions of this chapter shall be
adjudged is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$100 but not more than \$1,500.

25 (2) The department or its authorized representative is hereby authorized to may apply to the district 26 court of the county or any county wherein a violation is about to occur or has occurred first judicial 27 district, Lewis and Clark County, to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from 28 violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this chapter or any rule promulgated under the 29 chapter notwithstanding the existence of other remedies of law. When a person makes pesticide 30 applications in more than one county on a commercial basis without a license or permit or operates in



- 5 -

LC0360.01

violation of a lawful written order of the department in more than one county, the district court of Lewis 1 and Clark County has concurrent jurisdiction with the district court of any other county wherein a violation 2 has occurred or is about to occur, and the department may select and proceed in the court most appropriate 3 under the eireumstances. The injunction is to be issued without bond. 4

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(3) Nothing in this chapter is to be construed as requiring requires the department or its authorized agent to report minor violations of the chapter for prosecution or for the institution of seizure proceedings 6 when it believes that the public interest will be best served by other remedial action, by a suitable notice 7 of warning in writing, or by a lawful written order; nor is any part of this. This chapter to be construed to 8 does not apply to common carriers transporting shipments tendered to them by the general public. 9

(4) Any person who with intent to defraud uses or reveals information relative to formulas of 10 products acquired under the authority of 80-8-201 shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$500 or 11 12 be imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both.

13 (5) (a) Any registrant, applicator, dealer, retailer, or other person who commits a major violation of this chapter as defined in subsection (5)(d) (5)(e), in addition to other penalties provided in this chapter, 14 may be assessed a civil penalty by the department of not more than \$1,000 \$2,500 for each offense. 15 16 However, farm applicators possessing a permit may not be assessed a civil penalty over \$200 \$500 for the first offense. Assessment of a civil penalty may be made in conjunction with any other department warning, 17 18 order, or administrative action authorized by this chapter.

(b) No A civil penalty may not be assessed unless the person charged was given notice and 19 20 opportunity for a hearing and an appeal pursuant to the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.

21 (c)(i) If after investigation the department determines that a major violation of this chapter has either 22 affected human life, welfare, or safety or affected agricultural commodities, livestock, or the environment 23 in a manner that cannot be appropriately addressed by the penalties assessed in subsection (5)(a), the department may seek a civil penalty, not to exceed \$25,000 for each offense, by filing a complaint in the 24 25 district court of the first judicial district, Lewis and Clark County.

26 (ii) In addition to the civil penalty provided in subsection (5)(c)(i), a person who commits a major 27 violation of this chapter that results in significant harm to human life, welfare, or safety or to agricultural 28 commodities, livestock, or the environment is guilty of a felony and shall, upon conviction, be fined not 29 more than \$50,000 or be imprisoned in the state prison for not more than 10 years, or both.

30 (d) In determining an appropriate penalty, the department shall consider the effect on the person's



- 6 -

LC0360.01

1	ability to continue in business, the gravity of the violation which that occurred, the degree of care exercised
2	by the offender, and whether significant harm resulted to human health, environment, agricultural erops
3	commodities, or livestock, or the environment.
4	(d)(e) A major violation of this chapter includes:
5	(i) misuse of a pesticide which <u>that</u> results in proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the
6	environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment. As used in this
7	subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner
8	inconsistent with the label or labeling or in violation of department pesticide application, storage, mixing,
9	and loading rules or pesticide and container disposal rules.
10	(ii) selling of a restricted pesticide to a person not certified or authorized to purchase such restricted
11	pesticides;
12	(iii) use or sale of unregistered pesticides;
13	(iv) failure to maintain any individual pesticide application and sales records;
14	(v) using or selling pesticides without having obtained the required license or permit; or
15	(vi) noncompliance with pesticide worker protection standards and labeling;
16	(vii) noncompliance with ground water and endangered species standards and labeling;
17	(viii) noncompliance with pesticide or pesticide container disposal, labeling, or handling requirements
18	and standards; or
19	(ix) reoccurrence of any identical violation of this chapter within the same calendar year 2 years of
20	the first violation.
21	(e)<u>(f)</u> If the department is unable to collect such <u>the</u> civil penalty or if any <u>a</u> person fails to pay all
22	or a set portion of the civil penalty as determined by the department, it <u>the department</u> may recover such
23	that amount by action in the appropriate district court.
24	(6) Any person against whom the department has assessed a civil penalty under this section may,
25	within 30 days of the final agency action making the assessment, appeal the assessment to the district
26	court of the county in which the violation is alloged by the department to have occurred. Appeal is by trial
27	de neve, and a jury trial must be granted if requested. Where the provisions of this subsection conflict with
28	2 4 702 through 2 4 704, the provisions of this subsection govern."
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30	Section 5. Section 80-15-202, MCA, is amended to read:



LC0360.01

"80-15-202. Monitoring programs. (1) The department or the department of health and 1 environmental sciences shall conduct monitoring programs to determine: 2

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(a) whether residues of agricultural chemicals are present in ground water; and

(b) the likelihood of an agricultural chemical to enter ground water, if either department determines 4 that sufficient valid scientific data is available to reasonably predict the behavior of a particular agricultural 5 6 chemical in the soil.

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(2) Any person who receives a chemical analysis indicating the presence of an agricultural chemical in ground water shall notify the department of health and environmental sciences.

(3) The department and the department of health and environmental sciences shall evaluate all 9 information relating to this section that is received from any person, based upon standard procedures, 10 protocols, and confirmatory procedures established by rule. Information found to be insufficient based on 11 the adopted procedures and protocols, including analytical results, may be used only for informational 12 13 purposes."

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Section 6. Section 80-15-403, MCA, is amended to read:

"80-15-403. Compliance orders. (1) In furtherance of 80-15-402, the department may issue a 16 compliance order to any person violating a standard, an interim numerical standard, or any other 17 requirement established pursuant to this chapter. The department shall coordinate its proposed actions 18 pursuant to this section with proposed actions of the department of health and environmental sciences 19 20 pursuant to 75-5-613, if any. Issuance of a compliance order under this chapter precludes the department from taking other enforcement actions for the same violation under Title 80, chapter 8 or 10. 21

22 (2)(a) The department may issue a compliance order to any person,-including the-person's 23 employees, agents, and subcontractors, whether or not the person is subject to a specific management 24 plan, to require the eleanup of any agricultural chemical that the person has accidentally or purposely 25 dumped, cpilled, or misused or unlawfully used that has a significant probability of entering ground water 26 who violates any requirement established pursuant to this chapter.

27 (b) If the department is unable to identify the person or determines that the person is insolvent,

28 the department may issue the compliance order to a person who owns, leases, or has possession or control

29 of the site at the time the order is issued.

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(c) In determining the amount of any civil penalty issued as part of the compliance order to a person



- 8 -

LC0360.01

1 who owns, leases, possesses, or controls the site, the department shall consider whether the violation 2 occurred prior to that person's acquiring an interest in the site and whether the site was used without that 3 person's knowledge or consent. 4 (d) An action under this subsection (2) does not preclude a private cause of action by any affected 5 party. 6 (3) When issuing a compliance order, the department may require a person who has violated a 7 provision of 80-15-402 to conduct monitoring to assist in determining the presence or level of concentration 8 of an agricultural chemical in ground water and the effectiveness of cleanup efforts. The department shall 9 specify criteria in the compliance order for determining the duration of monitoring. 10 (4) A compliance order must specify the requirement violated and must set a time for compliance. 11 In establishing a time for compliance, the department shall take into account the seriousness of the violation and any good faith efforts that the person has made to comply with the requirement that has been violated. 12 13 A compliance order issued under this section must be served either personally by a person qualified to 14 perform service under the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure or by certified mail." 15 16 Section 7. Section 80-15-412, MCA, is amended to read: 17 "80-15-412. Administrative civil penalty. (1) A person who commits a violation of this chapter may 18 be assessed an administrative civil penalty by either the department or the department of health and environmental sciences, consistent with their respective responsibilities, of not more than \$1,000 for each 19 20 offense. Farm applicators possessing a pesticide permit or using a fertilizer may not be assessed an 21 administrative civil penalty of more than \$500 for the first offense. Assessment of a civil penalty may be 22 made in conjunction with any other warning, order, or administrative action authorized by this chapter or 23 Title 75, chapter 5, that is issued or undertaken by either the department or the department of health and 24 environmental sciences. 25 (2) No An administrative civil penalty may not be assessed unless the person charged is given 26 notice and opportunity for a hearing pursuant to Title 2, chapter 4, part 6, of the Montana Administrative 27 Procedure Act. (3) In determining an appropriate administrative civil penalty, the responsible department shall 28 29 consider the effect on the person's ability to continue in business, the gravity of the violation that occurred, 30 the degree of care exercised by the offender, and whether significant harm resulted to public health,



- 9 -

LC0360.01

1 agricultural crops, livestock, or the environment. 2 (4) If the responsible department is unable to collect the administrative civil penalty or if a person 3 fails to pay all or a set portion of the administrative civil penalty as determined by the responsible 4 department, the department may seek to recover the amount in the appropriate district court. 5 (5) A person against whom the department or the department of health and environmental sciences 6 has assessed an administrative civil penalty may, within 30 days of the final agency action making the 7 assessment, appeal the assessment to the district court of the county in which the violation is alleged to 8 have occurred. A jury trial must be granted when demanded under Rule 38 of the Montana Rules of Civil 9 Procedure." 10 11 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are 12 severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its 13 applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid 14 applications. 15 16 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.

-END-

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Fiscal Note for HB0212, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

A bill amending the Montana Pesticide Act and the Agricultural Ground water Protection Act.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Any civil penalty fine derived under 80-8-306, MCA, must be deposited in the general fund (80-8-116 2(b), MCA).
- 2. The amount of increase for civil penalty fines is dependent on the number of pesticide violations and the significance of the violation(s).
- 3 The amendments to the act will not require additional funding. The 1997 biennium Executive Budget recommended is adequate to cover any costs for rule changes.

FISCAL IMPACT: There will be no fiscal impact to the Department of Agriculture.

LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning

SHIELL ANDERSON, PRIMARY SPONSOR DATE

Fiscal Note for <u>HB0212</u>, as introduced <u>HB</u> 212

APPROVED BY COM ON AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK & IRRIGATION

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 212
2	INTRODUCED BY ANDERSON
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
4	
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6	PESTICIDES AND AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS; REVISING THE MONTANA PESTICIDES ACT REGARDING
7	LICENSE AND PERMIT REVOCATION, INVESTIGATION AND ENFORCEMENT, THE ISSUANCE OF
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24	licensee or holder of a permit permittee is not qualified to sell, use, or apply pesticides under the conditions
25	in the locality in which he <u>the licensee or permittee</u> operates or has operated or that he <u>the licensee</u> or
26	permittee has committed any of the following acts, each of which is declared to be considered a violation
27	of this chapter:
28	(a) made false or fraudulent claims or recommendations through any media misrepresenting the
29	effect of materials or methods to be utilized used;
30	(b) applied or sold unapproved or illegal materials or applied or sold a pesticide without possessing
	Δ.
	-1- HB 212

- 1 -

Montana Legislative Council

HB0212.02

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1	a current and appropriate license or permit;
2	(c) operated in a faulty, careless, or negligent manner;
3	(d) operated faulty or unsafe equipment;
4	(e) refused or neglected to comply with the provisions of this chapter, the rules adopted hereunder
5	under this chapter, or any lawful order of the department;
6	(f) refused or neglected to keep and maintain the records required by this chapter or to make
7	reports when and as required;
8	(g) made false or fraudulent records or reports;
9	(h) operated equipment for the commercial application of a pesticide without having a license or
10	permit;
11	(i) used fraud or misrepresentation in making an application for a license or permit or renewal of
12	a license or permit;
.13	(j) used or applied a registered pesticide inconsistent with its labeling or the label or the department
14	restrictions on the use of that pesticide;
15	(k) made false or misleading statements in connection with a pest inspection of land, crops, yards,
16	or any premises in an attempt to induce any person to engage his the licensee's or permittee's services
17	to eliminate, control, or mitigate the alleged pest or made false or misleading statements concerning the
18	effectiveness of any pesticide or its application;
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25	or its duly authorized agents, upon reasonable cause, may enter upon private and public premises and
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27	(a) equipment used for applying pesticides;
28	(b) actual or reported adverse effects caused by pesticides in humans, crops, animals, land, or
29	other property;
30	(c) records on the selling or use of pesticides and the person's stock of pesticides;



- 2 -

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HB0212.02

1 (d) <u>handling</u>, use, application, storage, and disposal of pesticides by any person; 2 (e) pesticides being applied or to be applied and to sample the pesticides or agricultural 3 commodities; 4 (f) the use and application of a pesticide; or 5 (g) the environment alleged to have been exposed to pesticides and to collect and analyze 6 environmental samples; 7 (h) a person's compliance with pesticide worker protection standards and labeling, including 8 handlers and workers; 9 (i) a person's compliance with pesticide ground water and ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY endangered species standards and labeling; or 10 (i) a person's compliance with licensing, labeling, permitting, and certification requirements. 11 12 (2) The department is authorized to investigate all incidents involving the application, sale, 13 introduction, or utilization use of registered pesticides or compounds capable of acting in the manner of 14 pesticides when the incidents have a reasonable potential to adversely affect the public environment or 15 persons other-than the applicator. 16 (3) The investigation or inspection authority provided for in this section may be exercised over 17 persons not possessing a required license or permit only upon receipt of a complaint or report of an 18 incident." 19 20 Section 3. Section 80-8-305, MCA, is amended to read: 21 "80-8-305. General violations -- compliance orders. (1) Consistent with the provisions of Title 80, 22 chapter 15, it is unlawful for any a person: 23 (a) to discard any pesticide or pesticide container in such a manner as to cause that causes injury 24 to humans, domestic animals, or wildlife, or to pollute any waterway in a way harmful to any wildlife 25 therein in the waterway or to the environment; (b) to handle, transport, store, display, or distribute pesticides or pesticide containers in such a 26 27 manner as to endanger man that endangers humans or the environment or to endanger food or any other 28 products that may be transported, stored, displayed, or distributed with such pesticides; (c) to handle, apply, or attempt to apply any registered pesticide for which he the person does not 29 have an appropriate, complete, or legible label at hand; 30



- 3 -

HB0212.02

(d) to apply or attempt to apply any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with the label
 <u>labeling</u>, as defined in 80-8-102; or

(e) to use any unregistered chemical or biological agent that is required to be registered as a
 pesticide by the Montana Pesticides Act.

(2) It is unlawful for any <u>a</u> person to manufacture, formulate, or store any registered pesticide or
<u>a</u> component or byproduct thereof <u>of a registered pesticide</u> in such a manner that the pesticide, or any
component, or byproduct cannot be contained or confined within the boundaries of the lands owned by
or under the appropriate control of the person involved. Odor <u>The containment or confinement of odor</u> is
specifically exempted from the provisions of this subsection.

(3)(a) The department may issue a compliance order to any a person violating the provisions of
 this section, 80-8-211, the provisions of this section, or any other requirement established pursuant to this
 chapter. The compliance order may be issued to any person, including the person's employees, agents,
 or subcontractors. THE COMPLIANCE ORDER MAY BE ISSUED TO ANY PERSON, INCLUDING THE
 PERSON'S EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, OR SUBCONTRACTORS.

15 (b) If the department is unable to identify the person or determines that the person is insolvent.
 16 the department may issue the compliance order to a person who owns, leases, or has possession or control

17 <u>of the site at the time the order is issued</u>.

18 (c) In determining the amount of any civil penalty issued as part of the compliance order to a

19 person who owns, leases, possesses, or controls the site, the department shall consider whether the

20 violation occurred prior to that person's acquiring an interest in the site and whether the site was used

21 without that person's knowledge or consent.

22 (d)(B) An action under this subsection (3) does not preclude a private cause of action by any
 affected party THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (3) ARE NOT INTENDED TO VOID OR AFFECT
 24 INDEMNITY OR LIABILITY AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PERSON WHO OWNS, LEASES, OR HAS
 25 POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE SITE AND THE PERSON WHO SOLD THE SITE, WHO IS THE LESSOR,
 26 OR WHO HAS RELINQUISHED POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE SITE.

4) A compliance order may require the cleanup of any pesticide that a person has accidentally or
purposely dumped, spilled, misused, or unlawfully used in violation of this section. The department shall
allow the recipient of a compliance order to spread, treat, or dispose of soils contaminated by a pesticide
if the person can document and prove to the satisfaction of the department that the soil will be beneficially



HB0212.02

used or that the pesticide in the soil will physically, chemically, or biologically degrade and that neither the 1 2 beneficial use of the soil nor the degradation of the pesticide in the soil will adversely affect agriculture, 3 human health, or the environment. Prior to issuing a compliance order requiring cleanup of a pesticide, the 4 department shall consult with the department of health and environmental sciences to ensure that the 5 provisions of Title 75, chapter 10, part 4, are considered. If a pesticide or soil contaminated by a pesticide 6 is subject to the provisions of Title 75, chapter 10, part 4, and there is no beneficial use of the soil as 7 determined by the department, the department of health and environmental sciences is responsible for 8 regulating the cleanup and disposal of the pesticide and the soil contaminated by the pesticide. The 9 department may not allow a person to spread, treat, or dispose of soils contaminated by a canceled or 10 suspended pesticide without the specific approval of the department of health and environmental sciences 11 or the U.S. environmental protection agency, or both, as required on a case-by-case basis.

12 (5) When issuing a compliance order, the department may require a person who has violated a 13 provision of this chapter to conduct monitoring to assist in determining the presence or level of 14 concentration of pesticides in the environment and the effectiveness of cleanup efforts. The department 15 shall specify criteria in the compliance order for determining the duration of monitoring.

16 (6) A compliance order must specify the requirement of this chapter that has been violated and 17 establish a time schedule for compliance. In establishing a time schedule for compliance, the department 18 shall take into account the seriousness of the violation and any good faith efforts that the person has made 19 to comply with the requirement that has been violated. A compliance order issued under this section must 20 be served either by a person qualified to perform service under the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure or 21 by certified mail."

- 22
- 23

Section 4. Section 80-8-306, MCA, is amended to read:

24 "80-8-306. Penalties. (1) Any <u>A</u> person convicted of violating any of the provisions of this chapter
25 or the rules issued thereunder <u>under this chapter</u> or who may misrepresent, impode, obstruct, hinder, or
26 otherwise prevent or attempt misrepresents, prevents, or attempts to prevent the department or its duly
27 authorized agent in performance of its duty in connection with the provisions of this chapter shall be
28 adjudged is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$100 but not more than \$1,500.

(2) The department or its authorized representative is heroby authorized to may apply to the
 district court of the county or any county wherein a violation is about to occur or has occurred <u>first judicial</u>



HB0212.02

1 district, Lewis and Clark County, COUNTY WHERE A VIOLATION IS ABOUT TO OCCUR OR HAS 2 OCCURRED to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or 3 continuing to violate any of the provisions of this chapter or any rule promulgated under the chapter notwithstanding the existence of other remedies of law NOTWITHSTANDING THE EXISTENCE OF OTHER 4 REMEDIES OF LAW. When a person makes pesticide applications in more than one county on a commercial 5 6 basis without a license or permit or operates in violation of a lawful written order of the department in 7 more than one county; the district court of Lewis and Clark County has concurrent jurisdiction with the 8 district court of any other county wherein a violation has occurred or is about to occur, and the department 9 may select and proceed in the court most appropriate under the circumstances. WHEN A PERSON MAKES 10 PESTICIDE APPLICATIONS IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY ON A COMMERCIAL BASIS WITHOUT A LICENSE OR PERMIT OR OPERATES IN VIOLATION OF A LAWFUL WRITTEN ORDER OF THE 11 12 DEPARTMENT IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY, THE DISTRICT COURT OF LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY HAS CONCURRENT JURISDICTION WITH THE DISTRICT COURT OF ANOTHER COUNTY WHERE A 13 VIOLATION HAS OCCURRED OR IS ABOUT TO OCCUR AND THE DEPARTMENT MAY SELECT AND 14 PROCEED IN THE COURT THAT IS MOST APPROPRIATE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES. The injunction 15

16 is to be issued without bond.

17 (3) Nothing in this chapter is to be construed as requiring requires the department or its authorized 18 agent to report minor violations of the chapter for prosecution or for the institution of seizure proceedings 19 when it believes <u>that</u> the public interest will be best served by other remedial action, by a suitable notice 20 of warning in writing, or by a lawful written order; nor is any part of this. This chapter to be construed to 21 <u>does not</u> apply to common carriers transporting shipments tendered to them by the general public.

(4) Any person who with intent to defraud uses or reveals information relative to formulas of
 products acquired under the authority of 80-8-201 shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$500
 or <u>be</u> imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both.

(5) (a) Any registrant, applicator, dealer, retailer, or other person who commits a major violation
of this chapter as defined in subsection (5)(d) (5)(e), in addition to other penalties provided in this chapter,
may be assessed a civil penalty by the department of not more than \$1,000 \$2,500 for each offense.
However, farm applicators possessing a permit may not be assessed a civil penalty over \$200 \$500 for
the first offense. Assessment of a civil penalty may be made in conjunction with any other department
warning, order, or administrative action authorized by this chapter.



- 6 -

HB 212

HB0212.02

1	(b) No A civil penalty may not be assessed unless the person charged was given notice and
2	opportunity for a hearing and an appeal pursuant to the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.
3	(c)(i) If after investigation the department determines that a major violation of this chapter has
4	either affected SIGNIFICANTLY HARMED human life, welfare, or safety or affected agricultural
5	commodities, livestock, or the environment in a manner that cannot be appropriately addressed by the
6	penalties assessed in subsection (5)(a), the department may seek a civil penalty, not to exceed \$25,000
7	for each offense, by filing a complaint in the district court of the first judicial district, Lewis and Clark
8	County.
9	(ii) In addition to the civil penalty provided in subsection (5)(c)(i), a person who WILLFULLY
10	commits a major violation of this chapter that results in significant harm to human life, welfare, or safety
11	or to agricultural commodities, livestock, or the environment is guilty of a felony and shall, upon conviction,
12	be fined not more than \$50,000 or be imprisoned in the state prison for not more than 10 years, or both.
13	(d) In determining an appropriate penalty, the department shall consider the effect on the person's
14	ability to continue in business, the gravity of the violation which that occurred, the degree of care
15	exercised by the offender, and whether significant harm resulted to human health, environment, agricultural
16	erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment.
17	(d)(e) A major violation of this chapter includes:
	(d)(e) A major violation of this chapter includes: (i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in <u>PROVEN EXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL</u>
17	
17 18	(i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in PROVEN EXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL
17 18 19	(i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in <u>PROVENEXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL</u> <u>COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN</u> proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the
17 18 19 20	(i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in <u>PROVENEXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL</u> <u>COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN</u> proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment;. As used in this
17 18 19 20 21	(i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in <u>PROVENEXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL</u> <u>COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN</u> proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment;. As used in this subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner.
17 18 19 20 21 22	(i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in <u>PROVENEXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL</u> <u>COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN</u> proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment;. As used in this subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner inconsistent with the label or labeling or in violation of department pesticide application, storage, mixing,
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	(i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in PROVEN EXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment;. As used in this subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner inconsistent with the label or labeling or in violation of department pesticide application, storage, mixing, and loading rules or pesticide and container disposal rules.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	 (i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in PROVEN EXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL <u>COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN</u> proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment;. As used in this subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner inconsistent with the label or labeling or in violation of department pesticide application, storage, mixing, and loading rules or pesticide and container disposal rules. (ii) selling of a restricted pesticide to a person not certified or authorized to purchase such restricted
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 (i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in <u>PROVEN EXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL</u> <u>COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN</u> proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment;. As used in this subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner inconsistent with the label or labeling or in violation of department pesticide application, storage, mixing, and loading rules or pesticide and container disposal rules. (ii) selling of a restricted pesticide to a person not certified or authorized to purchase such restricted pesticides;
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 (i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in PROVEN EXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL <u>COMMODITIES</u>, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment; As used in this subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner inconsistent with the label or labeling or in violation of department pesticide application, storage, mixing, and loading rules or pesticide and container disposal rules. (ii) selling of a restricted pesticide to a person not certified or authorized to purchase such restricted pesticides; (iii) use or sale of unregistered pesticides;
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 (i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in PROVEN EXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN proven harm or exposure to human health, the environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment;. As used in this subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner inconsistent with the label or labeling or in violation of department pesticide application, storage, mixing, and loading rules or pesticide and container disposal rules. (ii) selling of a restricted pesticide to a person not certified or authorized to purchase such restricted pesticides; (iii) use or sale of unregistered pesticides; (iv) failure to maintain any individual pesticide application and sales records;
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	 (i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in PROVEN EXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL, <u>COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN</u> proven harm <u>or exposure</u> to human health, the environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment;. As used in this subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner inconsistent with the label or labeling or in violation of department pesticide application, storage, mixing, and loading rules or pesticide and container disposal rules. (ii) selling of a restricted pesticide to a person not certified or authorized to purchase such restricted pesticides; (iii) use or sale of unregistered pesticides; (iv) failure to maintain any individual pesticide application and sales records; (v) using or selling pesticides without having obtained the required license or permit; or



HB0212.02

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1	endangered species standards and labeling;
2	(viji) noncompliance with pesticide or pesticide container disposal, labeling, or handling
3	requirements and standards; or
4	(ix) reoccurrence of any identical violation of this chapter within the same calendar year 2 years
5	of the first violation.
6	(c)<u>(f)</u> If the department is unable to collect such <u>the</u> civil penalty or if any <u>a</u> person fails to pay all
7	or a set portion of the civil penalty as determined by the department, it the department may recover such
8	that amount by action in the appropriate district court.
9	(6) Any person against whom the department has assessed a civil penalty-under this section may,
10	within 30 days of the final agency action making the assessment, appeal the assessment to the district
11	court of the county in which the violation is alleged by the department to have occurred. Appeal is by trial
12	de novo, and a jury trial must be granted if requested. Where the provisions of this subsection conflict with
13	2-4-702 through 2-4-704, the provisions of this subsection govern."
14	
15	Section 5. Section 80-15-202, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"80-15-202. Monitoring programs. (1) The department or the department of health and
17	environmental sciences shall conduct monitoring programs to determine:
18	(a) whether residues of agricultural chemicals are present in ground water; and
19	(b) the likelihood of an agricultural chemical to enter ground water, if either department determines
20	that sufficient valid scientific data is available to reasonably predict the behavior of a particular agricultural
21	chemical in the soil.
22	(2) Any person who receives a chemical analysis indicating the presence of an agricultural
23	chemical in ground water shall notify the department of health and environmental sciences.
24	(3) The department and the department of health and environmental sciences shall evaluate all
25	information relating to this section that is received from any person, based upon standard procedures,
26	protocols, and confirmatory procedures established by rule. Information found to be insufficient based on
27	the adopted procedures and protocols, including analytical results, may be used only for informational
28	purposes."
29	
30	



- 8 -

1 "80-15-403. Compliance orders. (1) In furtherance of 80-15-402, the department may issue a 2 compliance order to any person violating a standard, an interim numerical standard, or any other 3 requirement established pursuant to this chapter. The department shall coordinate its proposed actions 4 pursuant to this section with proposed actions of the department of health and environmental sciences 5 pursuant to 75-5-613, if any. Issuance of a compliance order under this chapter precludes the department 6 from taking other enforcement actions for the same violation under Title 80, chapter 8 or 10.

(2)(a) The department may issue a compliance order to any person, including the person's
employees, agents, and subcontractors, whether or not the person is subject to a specific management
plan, to require the cleanup of any agricultural chemical that the person has accidentally or purposely
dumped, spilled, or misused or unlawfully used that has a significant probability of entering ground water
who violates any requirement established pursuant to this chapter.

12 (b) If the department is unable to identify the person or determines that the person is insolvent.
 13 the department may issue the compliance order to a person who owns, leases, or has possession or control
 14 of the site at the time the order is issued.
 15 (c) In determining the amount of any civil penalty issued as part of the compliance order to a

- 16 person who owns, leases, possesses, or controls the site, the department shall consider whether the
- 17 <u>violation occurred prior to that person's acquiring an interest in the site and whether the site was used</u>
- 18 without that person's knowledge or consent-

19 (d)(B) An action under this subsection (2) does not preclude a private cause of action by any
 affected party THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (2) ARE NOT INTENDED TO VOID OR AFFECT
 21 INDEMNITY OR LIABILITY AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PERSON WHO OWNS, LEASES, OR HAS
 22 POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE SITE AND THE PERSON WHO SOLD THE SITE, WHO IS THE LESSOR,
 23 OR WHO HAS RELINQUISHED POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE SITE.

(3) When issuing a compliance order, the department may require a person who has violated a
 provision of 80-15-402 to conduct monitoring to assist in determining the presence or level of
 concentration of an agricultural chemical in ground water and the effectiveness of cleanup efforts. The
 department shall specify criteria in the compliance order for determining the duration of monitoring.

(4) A compliance order must specify the requirement violated and must set a time for compliance.
 In establishing a time for compliance, the department shall take into account the seriousness of the
 violation and any good faith efforts that the person has made to comply with the requirement that has



been violated. A compliance order issued under this section must be served either personally by a person
 qualified to perform service under the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure or by certified mail."

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Section 7. Section 80-15-412, MCA, is amended to read:

5 "80-15-412. Administrative civil penalty. (1) A person who commits a violation of this chapter 6 may be assessed an administrative civil penalty by either the department or the department of health and 7 environmental sciences, consistent with their respective responsibilities, of not more than \$1,000 for each 8 offense. Farm applicators possessing a pesticide permit or using a fertilizer may not be assessed an 9 administrative civil penalty of more than \$500 for the first offense. Assessment of a civil penalty may be 10 made in conjunction with any other warning, order, or administrative action authorized by this chapter or 11 Title 75, chapter 5, that is issued or undertaken by either the department or the department of health and 12 environmental sciences.

13 (2) No An administrative civil penalty may not be assessed unless the person charged is given
 14 notice and opportunity for a hearing pursuant to Title 2, chapter 4, part 6, of the Montana Administrative
 15 Procedure Act.

16 (3) In determining an appropriate administrative civil penalty, the responsible department shall 17 consider the effect on the person's ability to continue in business, the gravity of the violation that 18 occurred, the degree of care exercised by the offender, and whether significant harm resulted to public 19 health, agricultural crops, livestock, or the environment.

(4) If the responsible department is unable to collect the administrative civil penalty or if a person
 fails to pay all or a set portion of the administrative civil penalty as determined by the responsible
 department, the department may seek to recover the amount in the appropriate district court.

(5) A person against whom the department or the department of health and environmental
 sciences has assessed an administrative civil penalty may, within 30 days of the final agency action
 making the assessment, appeal the assessment to the district court of the county in which the violation
 is alleged to have occurred. A jury trial must be granted when demanded under Rule 38 of the Montana
 Rules of Civil Procedure."

28

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 8. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are 30 severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its



- 10 -

7

1	applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid
2	applications.
3	
4	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
5	-END-



1	HOUSE BILL NO. 212
2	INTRODUCED BY ANDERSON
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF LAW REGARDING
6	PESTICIDES AND AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS; REVISING THE MONTANA PESTICIDES ACT REGARDING
7	LICENSE AND PERMIT REVOCATION, INVESTIGATION AND ENFORCEMENT, THE ISSUANCE OF
8	COMPLIANCE ORDERS, AND PENALTIES; MAKING UNIFORM THE PROCEDURES FOR CONTESTING AND
9	APPEALING PENALTIES ASSESSED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE UNDER THE MONTANA
10	PESTICIDES ACT; REVISING THE MONTANA AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL GROUND WATER PROTECTION
11	ACT BY REMOVING THE REQUIREMENT THAT CERTAIN CHEMICAL ANALYSES BE REPORTED;
12	REMOVING THE AUTHORITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES TO
13	ASSESS CIVIL PENALTIES UNDER THE MONTANA AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL GROUND WATER
14	PROTECTION ACT; REVISING THE PROCESS FOR ISSUANCE OF COMPLIANCE ORDERS; AMENDING
15	SECTIONS 80-8-211, 80-8-304, 80-8-305, 80-8-306, 80-15-202, 80-15-403, AND 80-15-412, MCA;
16	AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

17

18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND IT WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO SECOND READING COPY (YELLOW) FOR COMPLETE TEXT.



1	HOUSE BILL NO. 212
2	INTRODUCED BY ANDERSON
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF LAW REGARDING
6	PESTICIDES AND AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS; REVISING THE MONTANA PESTICIDES ACT REGARDING
7	LICENSE AND PERMIT REVOCATION, INVESTIGATION AND ENFORCEMENT, THE ISSUANCE OF
8	COMPLIANCE ORDERS, AND PENALTIES; MAKING UNIFORM THE PROCEDURES FOR CONTESTING AND
9	APPEALING PENALTIES ASSESSED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE UNDER THE MONTANA
10	PESTICIDES ACT; REVISING THE MONTANA AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL GROUND WATER PROTECTION
11	ACT BY REMOVING THE REQUIREMENT THAT CERTAIN CHEMICAL ANALYSES BE REPORTED;
12	REMOVING THE AUTHORITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES TO
13	ASSESS CIVIL PENALTIES UNDER THE MONTANA AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL GROUND WATER
14	PROTECTION ACT; REVISING THE PROCESS FOR ISSUANCE OF COMPLIANCE ORDERS; AMENDING
15	SECTIONS 80-8-211, 80-8-304, 80-8-305, 80-8-306, 80-15-202, 80-15-403, AND 80-15-412, MCA;
16	AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
17	
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
19	
20	Section 1. Section 80-8-211, MCA, is amended to read:
21	"80-8-211. Revocation of licenses and permits. (1) The department shall establish the policy and
22	procedures on the revocation of licenses or permits. The department may refuse to grant, or renew, or may
23	revoke or modify a license or permit, as the case may require, when the department is satisfied that the
24	licensee or holder of a permit <u>permittee</u> is not qualified to sell, use, or apply pesticides under the conditions
25	in the locality in which he <u>the licensee or permittee</u> operates or has operated or that he <u>the licensee</u> or
26	permittee has committed any of the following acts, each of which is declared to be <u>considered</u> a violation
27	of this chapter:
28	(a) made false or fraudulent claims or recommendations through any media misrepresenting the
29	effect of materials or methods to be utilized <u>used;</u>

30

(b) applied or sold unapproved or illegal materials or applied or sold a pesticide without possessing



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1	a current and appropriate license or permit;
	(c) operated in a faulty, careless, or negligent manner;
2	
3	(d) operated faulty or unsafe equipment;
4	(e) refused or neglected to comply with the provisions of this chapter, the rules adopted hereunder
5	under this chapter, or any lawful order of the department;
6	(f) refused or neglected to keep and maintain the records required by this chapter or to make
7	reports when and as required;
8	(g) made false or fraudulent records or reports;
9	(h) operated equipment for the commercial application of a pesticide without having a license or
10	permit;
11	(i) used fraud or misrepresentation in making an application for a license or permit or renewal of
12	a license or permit;
13	(j) used or applied a registered pesticide inconsistent with its labeling or the label or the department
14	restrictions on the use of that pesticide;
15	(k) made false or misleading statements in connection with a pest inspection of land, crops, yards,
16	or any premises in an attempt to induce any person to engage his the licensee's or permittee's services
17	to eliminate, control, or mitigate the alleged pest or made false or misleading statements concerning the
18	effectiveness of any pesticide or its application;
19	(I) failed to satisfy a judgment entered against the licensee or permittee as a result of a complaint
20	concerning the use of a pesticide.
21	(2) Decisions of the department relating to the issuing of licenses or permits may be appealed."
22	
23	Section 2. Section 80-8-304, MCA, is amended to read:
24	"80-8-304. Investigation and enforcement authority. (1) In enforcing this chapter, the department
25	or its duly authorized agents, upon reasonable cause, may enter upon private and public premises and
26	property with a warrant or consent of the inhabitant or owner to inspect or investigate at reasonable times:
27	(a) equipment used for applying pesticides;
28	(b) actual or reported adverse effects caused by pesticides in humans, crops, animals, land, or
29	other property;
30	(c) records on the selling or use of pesticides and the person's stock of pesticides;



HB0212.02

1	(d) handling, use, application, storage, and disposal of pesticides by any person;
2	(e) pesticides being applied or to be applied and to sample the pesticides <u>or agricultural</u>
3	<u>commodities;</u>
4	(f) the use and application of a pesticide; or
5	(g) the environment alleged to have been exposed to pesticides and to collect and analyze
6	environmental samples;
7	(h) a person's compliance with pesticide worker protection standards and labeling, including
8	handlers and workers;
9	(i) a person's compliance with pesticide ground water and ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
10	AGENCY endangered species standards and labeling; or
11	(i) a person's compliance with licensing, labeling, permitting, and certification requirements.
12	(2) The department is authorized to investigate all incidents involving the application, sale,
13	introduction, or utilization use of registered pesticides or compounds capable of acting in the manner of
14	pesticides when the incidents have a reasonable potential to adversely affect the public environment or
15	persons other than the applicator.
16	(3) The investigation or inspection authority provided for in this section may be exercised over
17	persons not possessing a required license or permit only upon receipt of a complaint or report of an
18	incident."
19	
20	Section 3. Section 80-8-305, MCA, is amended to read:
21	"80-8-305. General violations compliance orders. (1) Consistent with the provisions of Title 80,
22	chapter 15, it is unlawful for any <u>a</u> person:
23	(a) to discard any pesticide or pesticide container in such a manner as to cause that causes injury
24	to humans, domestic animals, or wildlife, or to pollute any waterway in a way harmful to any wildlife
25	therein in the waterway or to the environment;
26	(b) to handle, transport, store, display, or distribute pesticides or pesticide containers in such a
27	manner as to endanger man <u>that endangers humans</u> or the environment or to endanger food or any other
28	products that may be transported, stored, displayed, or distributed with such pesticides;
29	(c) to handle, apply, or attempt to apply any registered pesticide for which he the person does not
30	have an appropriate, complete, or legible label at hand;



HB0212.02

(d) to apply or attempt to apply any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with the label
 labeling, as defined in 80-8-102; or

3 (e) to use any unregistered chemical or biological agent that is required to be registered as a
4 pesticide by the Montana Pesticides Act.

(2) It is unlawful for any <u>a</u> person to manufacture, formulate, or store any registered pesticide or
<u>a</u> component or byproduct thereof <u>of a registered pesticide</u> in such a manner that the pesticide<u></u> or any
component_i or byproduct cannot be contained or confined within the boundaries of the lands owned by
or under the appropriate control of the person involved. Odor <u>The containment or confinement of odor</u> is
specifically exempted from the provisions of this subsection.

10 (3)(a) The department may issue a compliance order to any a person violating the provisions of 11 this section, 80-8-211, the provisions of this section, or any other requirement established pursuant to this 12 chapter. The compliance order may be issued to any person, including the person's employees, agents, 13 or subcontractors. THE COMPLIANCE ORDER MAY BE ISSUED TO ANY PERSON, INCLUDING THE 14 PERSON'S EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, OR SUBCONTRACTORS.

- 15 (b) If the department is unable to identify the person or determines that the person is insolvent,
- 16 the department may issue the compliance order to a person who owns, leases, or has possession or control
- 17 of the site at the time the order is issued.
- 18 (c) In determining the amount of any civil penalty issued as part of the compliance order to a

19 person who owns, leases, possesses, or controls the site, the department shall consider whether the

20 violation occurred prior to that person's acquiring an interest in the site and whether the site was used

21 without that person's knowledge or consent.

22 (d)(B) An action under this subsection (3) does not preclude a private cause of action by any
 23 affected party THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (3) ARE NOT INTENDED TO VOID OR AFFECT
 24 INDEMNITY OR LIABILITY AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PERSON WHO OWNS, LEASES, OR HAS
 25 POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE SITE AND THE PERSON WHO SOLD THE SITE, WHO IS THE LESSOR,
 26 OR WHO HAS RELINQUISHED POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE SITE.

27 (4) A compliance order may require the cleanup of any pesticide that a person has accidentally or 28 purposely dumped, spilled, misused, or unlawfully used in violation of this section. The department shall 29 allow the recipient of a compliance order to spread, treat, or dispose of soils contaminated by a pesticide 30 if the person can document and prove to the satisfaction of the department that the soil will be beneficially



HB0212.02

used or that the pesticide in the soil will physically, chemically, or biologically degrade and that neither the 1 2 beneficial use of the soil nor the degradation of the pesticide in the soil will adversely affect agriculture, 3 human health, or the environment. Prior to issuing a compliance order requiring cleanup of a pesticide, the 4 department shall consult with the department of health and environmental sciences to ensure that the 5 provisions of Title 75, chapter 10, part 4, are considered. If a pesticide or soil contaminated by a pesticide is subject to the provisions of Title 75, chapter 10, part 4, and there is no beneficial use of the soil as 6 7 determined by the department, the department of health and environmental sciences is responsible for 8 regulating the cleanup and disposal of the pesticide and the soil contaminated by the pesticide. The 9 department may not allow a person to spread, treat, or dispose of soils contaminated by a canceled or 10 suspended pesticide without the specific approval of the department of health and environmental sciences 11 or the U.S. environmental protection agency, or both, as required on a case-by-case basis.

12 (5) When issuing a compliance order, the department may require a person who has violated a 13 provision of this chapter to conduct monitoring to assist in determining the presence or level of 14 concentration of pesticides in the environment and the effectiveness of cleanup efforts. The department 15 shall specify criteria in the compliance order for determining the duration of monitoring.

16 (6) A compliance order must specify the requirement of this chapter that has been violated and 17 establish a time schedule for compliance. In establishing a time schedule for compliance, the department 18 shall take into account the seriousness of the violation and any good faith efforts that the person has made 19 to comply with the requirement that has been violated. A compliance order issued under this section must 20 be served either by a person qualified to perform service under the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure or 21 by certified mail."

22

23

Section 4. Section 80-8-306, MCA, is amended to read:

24 "80-8-306. Penalties. (1) Any <u>A</u> person convicted of violating any of the provisions of this chapter 25 or the rules issued thereunder <u>under this chapter</u> or who may misrepresent, impode, obstruct, hinder, or 26 otherwise prevent or attempt <u>misrepresents</u>, prevents, or attempts to prevent the department or its duly 27 authorized agent in performance of its duty in connection with the provisions of this chapter shall be 28 adjudged is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$100 but not more than \$1,500.

(2) The department or its authorized representative is hereby authorized to may apply to the
 district court of the county or any county wherein a violation is about to occur or has occurred first indicial



- 5 -

HB0212.02

district, Lewis and Clark-County, COUNTY WHERE A VIOLATION IS ABOUT TO OCCUR OR HAS 1 2 OCCURRED to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or 3 continuing to violate any of the provisions of this chapter or any rule promulgated under the chapter 4 netwithstanding the existence of other remedies of law NOTWITHSTANDING THE EXISTENCE OF OTHER 5 REMEDIES OF LAW. When a person makes pesticide applications in more than one county on a commercial 6 basis without a license or permit or operates in violation of a lawful written order of the department in 7 more than one county, the district court of Lewis and Clark County has concurrent jurisdiction with the 8 district court of any other county wherein a violation has occurred or is about to occur, and the department 9 may select and proceed in the court most appropriate under the circumstances. WHEN A PERSON MAKES PESTICIDE APPLICATIONS IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY ON A COMMERCIAL BASIS WITHOUT A 10 LICENSE OR PERMIT OR OPERATES IN VIOLATION OF A LAWFUL WRITTEN ORDER OF THE 11 DEPARTMENT IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY, THE DISTRICT COURT OF LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY 12 HAS CONCURRENT JURISDICTION WITH THE DISTRICT COURT OF ANOTHER COUNTY WHERE A 13 14 VIOLATION HAS OCCURRED OR IS ABOUT TO OCCUR AND THE DEPARTMENT MAY SELECT AND 15 PROCEED IN THE COURT THAT IS MOST APPROPRIATE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES. The injunction 16 is to be issued without bond.

17 (3) Nothing in this chapter is to be construed as requiring requires the department or its authorized 18 agent to report minor violations of the chapter for prosecution or for the institution of seizure proceedings 19 when it believes that the public interest will be best served by other remedial action, by a suitable notice 20 of warning in writing, or by a lawful written order; nor is any part of this. This chapter to be construed to 21 does not apply to common carriers transporting shipments tendered to them by the general public.

(4) Any person who with intent to defraud uses or reveals information relative to formulas of
 products acquired under the authority of 80-8-201 shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$500
 or be imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both.

(5) (a) Any registrant, applicator, dealer, retailer, or other person who commits a major violation
of this chapter as defined in subsection (5)(d) (5)(e), in addition to other penalties provided in this chapter,
may be assessed a civil penalty by the department of not more than \$1,000 \$2,500 for each offense.
However, farm applicators possessing a permit may not be assessed a civil penalty over \$200 \$500 for
the first offense. Assessment of a civil penalty may be made in conjunction with any other department
warning, order, or administrative action authorized by this chapter.



HB0212.02

1	(b) No <u>A</u> civil penalty may not be assessed unless the person charged was given notice and
2	opportunity for a hearing and an appeal pursuant to the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.
3	(c)(i) If after investigation the department determines that a major violation of this chapter has
4	either affected SIGNIFICANTLY HARMED human life, welfare, or safety or affected agricultural
5	commodities, livestock, or the environment in a manner that cannot be appropriately addressed by the
6	penalties assessed in subsection (5)(a), the department may seek a civil penalty, not to exceed \$25,000
7	for each offense, by filing a complaint in the district court of the first judicial district, Lewis and Clark
8	County.
9	(ii) In addition to the civil penalty provided in subsection (5)(c)(i), a person who WILLFULLY
10	commits a major violation of this chapter that results in significant harm to human life, welfare, or safety
11	or to agricultural commodities, livestock, or the environment is guilty of a felony and shall, upon conviction,
12	be fined not more than \$50,000 or be imprisoned in the state prison for not more than 10 years, or both.
13	(d) In determining an appropriate penalty, the department shall consider the effect on the person's
14	ability to continue in business, the gravity of the violation which that occurred, the degree of care
15	exercised by the offender, and whether significant harm resulted to <u>human</u> health, environment, agricultural
16	erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment.
17	(d)(e) A major violation of this chapter includes:
18	(i) misuse of a pesticide which that results in <u>PROVEN EXPOSURE OF HUMANS, AGRICULTURAL</u>
19	COMMODITIES, OR LIVESTOCK OR RESULTS IN proven harm or exposure to human health, the
20	environment, or agricultural erops commodities, or livestock, or the environment;. As used in this
21	subsection (i), misuse means the use, handling, or release of a pesticide by a person in a manner.
22	inconsistent with the label or labeling or in violation of department pesticide application, storage, mixing,
23	and loading rules or pesticide and container disposal rules.
24	(ii) selling of a restricted pesticide to a person not certified or authorized to purchase such restricted
25	pesticides;
26	(iii) use or sale of unregistered pesticides;
27	(iv) failure to maintain any individual pesticide application and sales records;
28	(v) using or selling pesticides without having obtained the required license or permit; or
29	(vi) noncompliance with pesticide worker protection standards and labeling;
30	(vii) noncompliance with PESTICIDE ground water and ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



. HB0212.02

1	endangered species standards and labeling;
2	(viii) noncompliance with pesticide or pesticide container disposal, labeling, or handling
3	requirements and standards; or
4	(ix) reoccurrence of any identical violation of this chapter within the same calendar year 2 years
5	of the first violation.
6	(e)(f) If the department is unable to collect such the civil penalty or if any a person fails to pay all
7	or a set portion of the civil penalty as determined by the department, it the department may recover such
8	that amount by action in the appropriate district court.
9	(6) Any person against whom the department has assessed a civil penalty under this section may,
10	within 30 days of the final agency action making the assessment, appeal the assessment to the district
11	court of the county in which the violation is alleged by the department to have occurred. Appeal is by trial
12	de novo, and a jury trial must be granted if requested. Where the provisions of this subsection conflict with
13	2-4-702 through 2-4-704, the provisions of this subsection govern."
14	
15	Section 5. Section 80-15-202, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"80-15-202. Monitoring programs. (1) The department or the department of health and
17	environmental sciences shall conduct monitoring programs to determine:
18	(a) whether residues of agricultural chemicals are present in ground water; and
19	(b) the likelihood of an agricultural chemical to enter ground water, if either department determines
20	that sufficient valid scientific data is available to reasonably predict the behavior of a particular agricultural
21	chemical in the soil.
22	(2) Any person who receives a chemical analysis indicating the presence of an agricultural
23	ehemical in ground water shall notify the department of health and environmental sciences.
24	(3) The department and the department of health and environmental sciences shall evaluate all
25	information relating to this section that is received from any person, based upon standard procedures,
26	protocols, and confirmatory procedures established by rule. Information found to be insufficient based on
27	the adopted procedures and protocols, including analytical results, may be used only for informational
28	purposes."
29	
30	Section 6. Section 80-15-403, MCA, is amended to read:



- 8 -

1 "80-15-403. Compliance orders. (1) In furtherance of 80-15-402, the department may issue a 2 compliance order to any person violating a standard, an interim numerical standard, or any other 3 requirement established pursuant to this chapter. The department shall coordinate its proposed actions 4 pursuant to this section with proposed actions of the department of health and environmental sciences 5 pursuant to 75-5-613, if any. Issuance of a compliance order under this chapter precludes the department 6 from taking other enforcement actions for the same violation under Title 80, chapter 8 or 10.

(2)(a) The department may issue a compliance order to any person, including the person's
 employees, agents, and subcontractors, whether or not the person is subject to a specific management
 plan, to require the cleanup of any agricultural chemical that the person has accidentally or purposely
 dumped, spilled, or misused or unlawfully used that has a significant probability of entering ground water
 who violates any requirement established pursuant to this chapter.

12 (b) If the department is unable to identify the person or determines that the person is insolvent.
 13 the department may issue the compliance order to a person who owns, leases, or has possession or control
 14 of the site at the time the order is issued.

15 (c) In determining the amount of any civil penalty issued as part of the compliance order to a 16 person who owns, loases, possesses, or controls the site, the department shall consider whether the 17 violation occurred prior to that person's acquiring an interest in the site and whether the site was used 18 without that person's knowledge or consent.

19 (d)(B) An action under this subsection (2) does not preclude a private cause of action by any
 affected party THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (2) ARE NOT INTENDED TO VOID OR AFFECT
 21 INDEMNITY OR LIABILITY AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PERSON WHO OWNS, LEASES, OR HAS
 22 POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE SITE AND THE PERSON WHO SOLD THE SITE, WHO IS THE LESSOR,
 23 OR WHO HAS RELINQUISHED POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE SITE.

(3) When issuing a compliance order, the department may require a person who has violated a provision of 80-15-402 to conduct monitoring to assist in determining the presence or level of concentration of an agricultural chemical in ground water and the effectiveness of cleanup efforts. The department shall specify criteria in the compliance order for determining the duration of monitoring.

(4) A compliance order must specify the requirement violated and must set a time for compliance.
In establishing a time for compliance, the department shall take into account the seriousness of the
violation and any good faith efforts that the person has made to comply with the requirement that has



1 been violated. A compliance order issued under this section must be served either personally by a person

2 qualified to perform service under the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure or by certified mail."

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- 4

Section 7. Section 80-15-412, MCA, is amended to read:

5 "80-15-412. Administrative civil penalty. (1) A person who commits a violation of this chapter 6 may be assessed an administrative civil penalty by either the department or the department of health and environmental sciences, consistent with their respective responsibilities, of not more than \$1,000 for each 7 offense. Farm applicators possessing a pesticide permit or using a fertilizer may not be assessed an 8 9 administrative civil penalty of more than \$500 for the first offense. Assessment of a civil penalty may be 10 made in conjunction with any other warning, order, or administrative action authorized by this chapter or 11 Title 75, chapter 5, that is issued or undertaken by either the department or the department of health and 12 environmental sciences.

13 (2) No An administrative civil penalty may not be assessed unless the person charged is given
 14 notice and opportunity for a hearing pursuant to Title 2, chapter 4, part 6, of the Montana Administrative
 15 Procedure Act.

16 (3) In determining an appropriate administrative civil penalty, the responsible department shall 17 consider the effect on the person's ability to continue in business, the gravity of the violation that 18 occurred, the degree of care exercised by the offender, and whether significant harm resulted to public 19 health, agricultural crops, livestock, or the environment.

(4) If the responsible department is unable to collect the administrative civil penalty or if a person
fails to pay all or a set portion of the administrative civil penalty as determined by the responsible
department, the department may seek to recover the amount in the appropriate district court.

(5) A person against whom the department or the department of health and environmental selences has assessed an administrative civil penalty may, within 30 days of the final agency action making the assessment, appeal the assessment to the district court of the county in which the violation is alleged to have occurred. A jury trial must be granted when demanded under Rule 38 of the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure.*

28

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 8. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are 30 severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its



- 10 -

1	applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid
2	applications.
3	
4	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1995.
5	-END-



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