House BILL NO. 84 1 2 INTRODUCED BY BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND HUMAN SERVICES 3 4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE AUTHORITY OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE 5 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND HUMAN SERVICES TO PLACE A DEFENDANT SUFFERING FROM 6 7 A MENTAL DISEASE OR DEFECT; AND AMENDING SECTION 46-14-312, MCA." 8 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 10 Section 1. Section 46-14-312, MCA, is amended to read: 11 12 "46-14-312. Sentence to be imposed. (1) If the court finds that the defendant at the time of the 13 commission of the offense of which the defendant was convicted did not suffer from a mental disease or 14 defect as described in 46-14-311, the court shall sentence the defendant as provided in Title 46, chapter 15 18. 16 (2) If the court finds that the defendant at the time of the commission of the offense suffered from 17 a mental disease or defect as described in 46-14-311, any mandatory minimum sentence prescribed by law 18 for the offense need not apply and the court shall sentence the defendant to be committed to the custody of the director of the department of corrections and human services to be placed in an appropriate 19 20 correctional or mental health institution for custody, care, and treatment for a definite period of time not 21 to exceed the maximum term of imprisonment that could be imposed under subsection (1). The director 22 may subsequently transfer the defendant to another correctional or mental health institution that will better 23 serve the defendant's custody, care, and treatment needs. The authority of the court with regard to 24 sentencing is the same as authorized in Title 46, chapter 18, if the treatment of the individual and the 25 protection of the public are provided for. 26 (3) Either the director or a defendant whose sentence has been imposed under subsection (2) may 27 petition the sentencing court for review of the sentence if the professional person certifies that: 28 (a) the defendant no longer suffers from a mental disease or defect; 29 (b) the defendant's mental disease or defect no longer renders the defendant unable to appreciate



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the criminality of the defendant's conduct or to conform the defendant's conduct to the requirements of

1	law;
2	(c) the defendant suffers from a mental disease or defect but is not a danger to the defendant or
3	others; or
4	(d) the defendant suffers from a mental disease or defect that makes the defendant a danger to
5	the defendant or others, but:
6	(i) there is no treatment available for the mental disease or defect;
7	(ii) the defendant refuses to cooperate with treatment; or
8	(iii) the defendant will no longer benefit from active inpatient treatment for the mental disease or
9	defect.
10	(4) The sentencing court may make any order not inconsistent with its original sentencing
11	authority, except that the length of confinement or supervision must be equal to that of the original
12	sentence. The professional person shall review the defendant's status each year."
13	-END-

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13	commission of the offense of which the defendant was convicted did not suffer from a mental disease or
14	defect as described in 46-14-311, the court shall sentence the defendant as provided in Title 46, chapter
15	18.
16	(2) If the court finds that the defendant at the time of the commission of the offense suffered from
17	a mental disease or defect as described in 46-14-311, any mandatory minimum sentence prescribed by law
18	for the offense need not apply and the court shall sentence the defendant to be committed to the custody
19	of the director of the department of corrections and human services to be placed, AFTER CONSIDERATION
20	OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE PROFESSIONALS PROVIDING TREATMENT TO THE DEFENDANT,
21	in an appropriate correctional or mental health institution FACILITY for custody, care, and treatment for a
22	definite period of time not to exceed the maximum term of imprisonment that could be imposed under
23	subsection (1). The director may, AFTER CONSIDERING THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE
24	PROFESSIONALS PROVIDING TREATMENT TO THE DEFENDANT, subsequently transfer the defendant to
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26	care, and treatment needs. The authority of the court with regard to sentencing is the same as authorized
27	in Title 46, chapter 18, if the treatment of the individual and the protection of the public are provided for.
28	(3) Either the director or a defendant whose sentence has been imposed under subsection (2) may
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