

HOUSE BILL 86

Introduced by Boharski

12/09	Introduced
12/09	Referred to Business and Economic Development
12/09	First Reading
12/09	Fiscal Note Requested
12/10	Hearing
12/10	Tabled in Committee
12/13	Fiscal Note Received
12/13	Fiscal Note Printed

1 House BILL NO. 86
2 INTRODUCED BY Wm F. Bensch
3

4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE SMALL
5 EMPLOYER HEALTH INSURANCE AVAILABILITY ACT; REVISING
6 DEFINITIONS; DELAYING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF CERTAIN
7 REQUIREMENTS OF THE ACT; REDUCING APPROPRIATIONS TO THE
8 STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE; REQUIRING AN ACTUARIAL EVALUATION
9 AND REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE; AMENDING SECTIONS 33-22-1803
10 AND 33-22-1811, MCA, AND SECTION 1, CHAPTER 550, LAWS OF
11 1993; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

12
13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

14 **Section 1.** Section 33-22-1803, MCA, is amended to read:

15 "33-22-1803. (Effective January 1, 1994) Definitions.

16 As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

17 (1) "Actuarial certification" means a written statement
18 by a member of the American academy of actuaries or other
19 individual acceptable to the commissioner that a small
20 employer carrier is in compliance with the provisions of
21 33-22-1809, based upon the person's examination, including a
22 review of the appropriate records and of the actuarial
23 assumptions and methods used by the small employer carrier
24 in establishing premium rates for applicable health benefit
25 plans.

1 (2) "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means any entity or
2 person who directly or indirectly, through one or more
3 intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under
4 common control with a specified entity or person.

5 (3) "Assessable carrier" means all individual carriers
6 of disability insurance and all carriers of group disability
7 insurance, ~~excluding the state group benefits plan provided~~
8 ~~for in Title 27, chapter 18, part 8, the Montana university~~
9 ~~system health plan, and any self-funded disability insurance~~
10 ~~plan provided by a political subdivision of the state to the~~
11 extent permitted by federal law.

12 (4) "Base premium rate" means, for each class of
13 business as to a rating period, the lowest premium rate
14 charged or that could have been charged under the rating
15 system for that class of business by the small employer
16 carrier to small employers with similar case characteristics
17 for health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.

18 (5) "Basic health benefit plan" means a lower cost
19 health benefit plan developed pursuant to 33-22-1812.

20 (6) "Board" means the board of directors of the program
21 established pursuant to 33-22-1818.

22 (7) "Carrier" means any person who provides a health
23 benefit plan in this state subject to state insurance
24 regulation. The term includes but is not limited to an
25 insurance company, a fraternal benefit society, a health

1 service corporation, a health maintenance organization, and,
 2 to the extent permitted by the Employee Retirement Income
 3 Security Act of 1974, a multiple-employer welfare
 4 arrangement. For purposes of this part, companies that are
 5 affiliated companies or that are eligible to file a
 6 consolidated tax return must be treated as one carrier,
 7 except that the following may be considered as separate
 8 carriers:

9 (a) an insurance company or health service corporation
 10 that is an affiliate of a health maintenance organization
 11 located in this state;

12 (b) a health maintenance organization located in this
 13 state that is an affiliate of an insurance company or health
 14 service corporation; or

15 (c) a health maintenance organization that operates
 16 only one health maintenance organization in an established
 17 geographic service area of this state.

18 (8) "Case characteristics" means demographic or other
 19 objective characteristics of a small employer that are
 20 considered by the small employer carrier in the
 21 determination of premium rates for the small employer,
 22 provided that claims experience, health status, and duration
 23 of coverage are not case characteristics for purposes of
 24 this part.

25 (9) "Class of business" means all or a separate

1 grouping of small employers established pursuant to
 2 33-22-1808.

3 (10) "Committee" means the health benefit plan committee
 4 created pursuant to 33-22-1812.

5 (11) "Dependent" means:

6 (a) a spouse or an unmarried child under 19 years of
 7 age;

8 (b) an unmarried child, under 23 years of age, who is a
 9 full-time student and who is financially dependent on the
 10 insured;

11 (c) a child of any age who is disabled and dependent
 12 upon the parent as provided in 33-22-506 and 33-30-1003; or

13 (d) any other individual defined to be a dependent in
 14 the health benefit plan covering the employee.

15 (12) "Eligible employee" means an employee who works on
 16 a full-time basis and who has a normal workweek of 30 hours
 17 or more. The term includes a sole proprietor, a partner of a
 18 partnership, and an independent contractor if the sole
 19 proprietor, partner, or independent contractor is included
 20 as an employee under a health benefit plan of a small
 21 employer. The term does not include an employee who works on
 22 a part-time, temporary, or substitute basis.

23 (13) "Established geographic service area" means a
 24 geographic area, as approved by the commissioner and based
 25 on the carrier's certificate of authority to transact

1 insurance in this state, within which the carrier is
2 authorized to provide coverage.

3 (14) "Health benefit plan" means any hospital or medical
4 policy or certificate providing for physical and mental
5 health care issued by an insurance company, a fraternal
6 benefit society, or a health service corporation or issued
7 under a health maintenance organization subscriber contract.
8 Health benefit plan does not include:

9 (a) accident-only, credit, dental, vision, specified
10 disease, medicare supplement, long-term care, or disability
11 income insurance;

12 (b) coverage issued as a supplement to liability
13 insurance, workers' compensation insurance, or similar
14 insurance; or

15 (c) automobile medical payment insurance.

16 (15) "Index rate" means, for each class of business for
17 a rating period for small employers with similar case
18 characteristics, the average of the applicable base premium
19 rate and the corresponding highest premium rate.

20 (16) "Late enrollee" means an eligible employee or
21 dependent who requests enrollment in a health benefit plan
22 of a small employer following the initial enrollment period
23 during which the individual was entitled to enroll under the
24 terms of the health benefit plan, provided that the initial
25 enrollment period was a period of at least 30 days. However,

1 an eligible employee or dependent may not be considered a
2 late enrollee if:

3 (a) the individual meets each of the following
4 conditions:

5 (i) the individual was covered under qualifying
6 previous coverage at the time of the initial enrollment;

7 (ii) the individual lost coverage under qualifying
8 previous coverage as a result of termination of employment
9 or eligibility, the involuntary termination of the
10 qualifying previous coverage, the death of a spouse, or
11 divorce; and

12 (iii) the individual requests enrollment within 30 days
13 after termination of the qualifying previous coverage;

14 (b) the individual is employed by an employer that
15 offers multiple health benefit plans and the individual
16 elects a different plan during an open enrollment period; or

17 (c) a court has ordered that coverage be provided for a
18 spouse, minor, or dependent child under a covered employee's
19 health benefit plan and a request for enrollment is made
20 within 30 days after issuance of the court order.

21 (17) "New business premium rate" means, for each class
22 of business for a rating period, the lowest premium rate
23 charged or offered or that could have been charged or
24 offered by the small employer carrier to small employers
25 with similar case characteristics for newly issued health

1 benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.

2 (18) "Plan of operation" means the operation of the
3 program established pursuant to 33-22-1818.

4 (19) "Premium" means all money paid by a small employer
5 and eligible employees as a condition of receiving coverage
6 from a small employer carrier, including any fees or other
7 contributions associated with the health benefit plan.

8 (20) "Program" means the Montana small employer health
9 reinsurance program created by 33-22-1818.

10 (21) "Qualifying previous coverage" means benefits or
11 coverage provided under:

12 (a) medicare or medicaid;

13 (b) an employer-based health insurance or health
14 benefit arrangement that provides benefits similar to or
15 exceeding benefits provided under the basic health benefit
16 plan; or

17 (c) an individual health insurance policy, including
18 coverage issued by an insurance company, a fraternal benefit
19 society, a health service corporation, or a health
20 maintenance organization that provides benefits similar to
21 or exceeding the benefits provided under the basic health
22 benefit plan, provided that the policy has been in effect
23 for a period of at least 1 year.

24 (22) "Rating period" means the calendar period for which
25 premium rates established by a small employer carrier are

1 assumed to be in effect.

2 (23) "Reinsuring carrier" means a small employer carrier
3 participating in the reinsurance program pursuant to
4 33-22-1819.

5 (24) "Restricted network provision" means a provision of
6 a health benefit plan that conditions the payment of
7 benefits, in whole or in part, on the use of health care
8 providers that have entered into a contractual arrangement
9 with the carrier pursuant to Title 33, chapter 22, part 17,
10 or Title 33, chapter 31, to provide health care services to
11 covered individuals.

12 (25) "Small employer" means a person, firm, corporation,
13 partnership, or association that is actively engaged in
14 business and that, on at least 50% of its working days
15 during the preceding calendar quarter, employed at least 3
16 but not more than 25 eligible employees, the majority of
17 whom were employed within this state or were residents of
18 this state. In determining the number of eligible employees,
19 companies are considered one employer if they:

20 (a) are affiliated companies;

21 (b) are eligible to file a combined tax return for
22 purposes of state taxation; or

23 (c) are members of an association that:

24 (i) has been in existence for 1 year prior to January
25 1, 1994;

(ii) provides a health benefit plan to employees of its members as a group; and

(iii) does not deny coverage to any member of its association or any employee of its members who applies for coverage as part of a group.

(26) "Small employer carrier" means a carrier that offers health benefit plans that cover eligible employees of one or more small employers in this state.

(27) "Standard health benefit plan" means a health benefit plan developed pursuant to 33-22-1812."

Section 2. Section 33-22-1811, MCA, is amended to read:

"33-22-1811. Availability of coverage -- required plans. (1) (a) As a condition of transacting business in this state with small employers, each small employer carrier shall offer to small employers at least two health benefit plans. One plan must be a basic health benefit plan, and one plan must be a standard health benefit plan.

(b) (i) A small employer carrier shall issue a basic health benefit plan or a standard health benefit plan to any eligible small employer that applies for either plan and agrees to make the required premium payments and to satisfy the other reasonable provisions of the health benefit plan not inconsistent with this part.

(ii) In the case of a small employer carrier that establishes more than one class of business pursuant to

33-22-1808, the small employer carrier shall maintain and offer to eligible small employers at least one basic health benefit plan and at least one standard health benefit plan in each established class of business. A small employer carrier may apply reasonable criteria in determining whether to accept a small employer into a class of business, provided that:

(A) the criteria are not intended to discourage or prevent acceptance of small employers applying for a basic or standard health benefit plan;

(B) the criteria are not related to the health status or claims experience of the small employers' employees;

(C) the criteria are applied consistently to all small employers that apply for coverage in that class of business; and

(D) the small employer carrier provides for the acceptance of all eligible small employers into one or more classes of business.

(iii) The provisions of subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not be applied to a class of business into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small businesses.

(c) The provisions of this section are effective 180 days after the commissioner's approval of the basic health benefit plan and the standard health benefit plan developed pursuant to 33-22-1812~~7~~--~~provided--that~~. However, if the

1 program created pursuant to 33-22-1818 is not yet operative
 2 on that date, the provisions of this section are effective
 3 on the date that the program begins operation. If the
 4 commissioner approves the basic health benefit plan before
 5 July 1, 1995, or if the program created pursuant to
 6 33-22-1818 becomes operative before July 1, 1995, then this
 7 section is effective July 1, 1995.

8 (2) (a) A small employer carrier shall, pursuant to
 9 33-1-501, file the basic health benefit plans and the
 10 standard health benefit plans to be used by the small
 11 employer carrier.

12 (b) The commissioner may at any time, after providing
 13 notice and an opportunity for a hearing to the small
 14 employer carrier, disapprove the continued use by a small
 15 employer carrier of a basic or standard health benefit plan
 16 on the grounds that the plan does not meet the requirements
 17 of this part.

18 (3) Health benefit plans covering small employers must
 19 comply with the following provisions:

20 (a) A health benefit plan may not, because of a
 21 preexisting condition, deny, exclude, or limit benefits for
 22 a covered individual for losses incurred more than 12 months
 23 following the effective date of the individual's coverage. A
 24 health benefit plan may not define a preexisting condition
 25 more restrictively than 33-22-110, except that the condition

1 may be excluded for a maximum of 12 months.

2 (b) A health benefit plan must waive any time period
 3 applicable to a preexisting condition exclusion or
 4 limitation period with respect to particular services for
 5 the period of time an individual was previously covered by
 6 qualifying previous coverage that provided benefits with
 7 respect to those services if the qualifying previous
 8 coverage was continuous to a date not less than 30 days
 9 prior to the submission of an application for new coverage.
 10 This subsection (3)(b) does not preclude application of any
 11 waiting period applicable to all new enrollees under the
 12 health benefit plan.

13 (c) A health benefit plan may exclude coverage for late
 14 enrollees for 18 months or for an 18-month preexisting
 15 condition exclusion, provided that if both a period of
 16 exclusion from coverage and a preexisting condition
 17 exclusion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined
 18 period may not exceed 18 months from the date the individual
 19 enrolls for coverage under the health benefit plan.

20 (d) (i) Requirements used by a small employer carrier
 21 in determining whether to provide coverage to a small
 22 employer, including requirements for minimum participation
 23 of eligible employees and minimum employer contributions,
 24 must be applied uniformly among all small employers that
 25 have the same number of eligible employees and that apply

1 for coverage or receive coverage from the small employer
2 carrier.

3 (ii) A small employer carrier may vary the application
4 of minimum participation requirements and minimum employer
5 contribution requirements only by the size of the small
6 employer group.

7 (e) (i) If a small employer carrier offers coverage to
8 a small employer, the small employer carrier shall offer
9 coverage to all of the eligible employees of a small
10 employer and their dependents. A small employer carrier may
11 not offer coverage only to certain individuals in a small
12 employer group or only to part of the group, except in the
13 case of late enrollees as provided in subsection (3)(c).

14 (ii) A small employer carrier may not modify a basic or
15 standard health benefit plan with respect to a small
16 employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through
17 riders, endorsements, or otherwise, to restrict or exclude
18 coverage for certain diseases or medical conditions
19 otherwise covered by the health benefit plan.

20 (4) (a) A small employer carrier may not be required to
21 offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subsection
22 (1) in the case of the following:

23 (i) to a small employer when the small employer is not
24 physically located in the carrier's established geographic
25 service area;

1 (ii) to an employee when the employee does not work or
2 reside within the carrier's established geographic service
3 area; or

4 (iii) within an area where the small employer carrier
5 reasonably anticipates and demonstrates to the satisfaction
6 of the commissioner that it will not have the capacity
7 within its established geographic service area to deliver
8 service adequately to the members of a group because of its
9 obligations to existing group policyholders and enrollees.

10 (b) A small employer carrier may not be required to
11 provide coverage to small employers pursuant to subsection
12 (1) for any period of time for which the commissioner
13 determines that requiring the acceptance of small employers
14 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) would
15 place the small employer carrier in a financially impaired
16 condition."

17 NEW SECTION. **Section 3. Actuarial evaluation and**
18 **report required.** The commissioner of insurance shall conduct
19 an actuarial evaluation of the effect of 33-22-1811(3) on
20 insurance premiums for small employer health benefit plans
21 offered or to be offered in this state. The evaluation must
22 include an estimate of the effect on insurance premiums of
23 each of the requirements set forth in 33-22-1811(3). The
24 commissioner of insurance shall prepare a written report of
25 the results of the evaluation and present the report to the

1 54th legislature in the manner required by 5-11-210.

2 **Section 4.** Section 1, Chapter 550, Laws of 1993, is
3 amended to read:

4 "Section 1. **Appropriations.** (1) If Senate Bill No. 285
5 is passed and approved, the department of health and
6 environmental sciences is appropriated \$750,000 of general
7 fund money in fiscal year 1994 and \$750,000 of general fund
8 money in fiscal year 1995 for the health care authority.

9 (2) If Senate Bill No. 285 is passed and approved, the
10 state auditor's office is appropriated ~~\$170,305~~ \$89,192 of
11 general fund money in fiscal year 1994 and ~~\$163,017~~ \$81,908
12 of general fund money in fiscal year 1995."

13 NEW SECTION. **Section 5.** Effective date. [This act] is
14 effective January 1, 1994.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0086, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION: An act revising the small employer health insurance availability act; revising definitions; delaying the effective date of certain requirements of the act; reducing appropriations to the State Auditor's Office.

ASSUMPTIONS:

1. The small employers benefit board and the reinsurance board will complete their plans by June 30, 1995, rather than by July 1994.
2. Rules for the basic health benefit plan and the standard health benefit plan, the operational reinsurance pool plan, and the rate restriction plan will not be adopted in the 1995 biennium.
3. The additional actuarial FTE in the State Auditor's Office will not be filled during the 1995 biennium. The FTE and personal services funding will be eliminated to meet the proposed reduction in appropriations.
4. The actuarial report mandated in Section 3 of the bill cannot be completed during the 1995 biennium because data is needed for health care plans delayed beyond July 1, 1995, by the delayed effective date. If the delayed effective date were removed, such a study would cost between \$35,000 and \$50,000.
5. The bill reduces general fund appropriations in the State Auditor's Office for the Health Care Authority by 50% each year.

FISCAL IMPACT:State Auditor's Office - Health Care Authority:

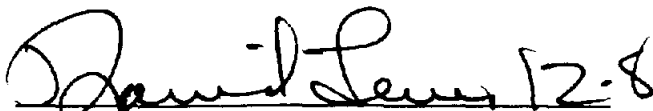
	FY '94			FY '95		
<u>Expenditures:</u>	<u>Current Law</u>	<u>Proposed Law</u>	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Current Law</u>	<u>Proposed Law</u>	<u>Difference</u>
FTE	2.00	1.00	(1.00)	2.00	1.00	(1.00)
Personal Services	107,217	33,884	(73,333)	109,200	34,882	(74,318)
Operating Expenses	68,600	52,740	(15,860)	54,617	47,026	(7,591)
Equipment	<u>2,568</u>	<u>2,568</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	178,385	89,192	(89,193)	163,817	81,908	(81,909)
<u>Funding:</u>						
General Fund (01)	178,385	89,192	(89,193)	163,817	81,908	(81,909)


EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

None.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

None.


 DAVID LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
 Office of Budget and Program Planning

 12-13-93
 WILLIAM E. BOHARSKI, PRIMARY SPONSOR DATE
 Fiscal Note for HB0086, as introduced

HB 86