## SENATE BILL 404

# Introduced by Keating, et al.

2/15	Referred to Public Health, Welfare & Safety
2/15	First Reading
2/15	Fiscal Note Requested
2/16	Hearing
2/19	Committee ReportBill Not Passed
2/20	Adverse Committee Report Adopted
2/22	Fiscal Note Received
2/23	Fiscal Note Printed

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	DENTILL BILL NO. 909
2	INTRODUCED BY Duting Der 1/6/2
3	20 1 Hager want mile o
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT DIRECTING THE
5	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES TO TREAT HIV
6	INFECTION IN THE SAME MANNER AS OTHER COMMUNICABLE AND
7	SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES; REMOVING WRITTEN INFORMED
8	CONSENT REQUIREMENT FROM THE AIDS PREVENTION ACT; PROVIDING
9	FOR EXCEPTIONS FROM KNOWLEDGE AND CONSENT REQUIREMENTS;
10	PROVIDING THAT THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL
11	SCIENCES IS RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFYING POTENTIAL CONTACTS;
12	AND AMENDING SECTIONS 50-16-1003, 50-16-1007, AND
13	50~16-1009, MCA."

Half

9...4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. AIDS, HIV-related illness, and HIV infection to be treated as other communicable diseases. It is the intent of the legislature to treat AIDS, HIV-related illness, and HIV infection in the same manner as other communicable and sexually transmitted diseases with regard to testing, reporting, partner notification, and disease intervention and to direct the department to adopt rules as provided in 50-1-202 to reflect this policy.

Section 2. Section 50-16-1003, MCA, is amended to read: 24 \*50-16-1003. Definitions. As used in this part, the 25



- following definitions apply:
- (1) "AIDS" means acquired immune deficiency syndrome as 2 further defined by the department in accordance with standards promulgated by the centers for disease control of the United States public health service. 5
  - (2) "Contact" means:

7

10

18

19

20

21

23

- (a) an individual identified by the subject of an HIV-related test as a past or present sexual partner or as a person with whom the subject has shared hypodermic needles or syringes; or
- (b) any other person who has been exposed to the test 11 subject in a manner, voluntary or involuntary, that may 12 allow HIV transmission in accordance with modes of 13 transmission recognized by the centers for disease control 14 of the United States public health service. 15
- (3) "Department" means the department of health and 16 environmental sciences provided for in 2-15-2101. 17
  - (4) "Health care facility" means a health care institution, private or public, including but not limited to a hospital, nursing home, clinic, blood bank, blood center, sperm bank, or laboratory.
- (5) "Health care provider" means a person who is 22 licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by the laws of this state to provide health care in the ordinary course of business or practice of a profession. The term does not 25

include a person who provides health care solely through the sale or dispensing of drugs or medical devices.

1

3

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- (6) "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus, identified as the causative agent of AIDS, and all HIV and HIV-related viruses that damage the cellular branch of the human immune or neurological systems and leave the infected person immunodeficient or neurologically impaired.
- (7) "HIV-related condition" means a chronic disease resulting from infection with BIV, including but not limited to AIDS and asymptomatic seropositivity for HIV.
- (8) "HIV-related test" means a test approved by the federal food and drug administration, including but not limited to an enzyme immunoassay and a western blot, that is designed to detect the presence of HIV or antibodies to HIV.
- (9) "Legal guardian" means a person appointed by a court to assume legal authority for another who has been found incapacitated or, in the case of a minor, a person who has legal custody of the minor.
- 19 (10) "Local board" means a county, city, city-county, or 20 district board of health.
- 21 (11) "Local health officer" means a county, city,
  22 city-county, or district health officer appointed by the
  23 local board.
- (12) "Next of kin" means an individual who is a parent,adult child, grandparent, adult sibling, or legal spouse of

- l a person.
- 2 (13) "Person" means an individual, corporation,
  3 organization, or other legal entity.
- 4 (14) "Posttest counseling" means counseling, conducted 5 at the time the HIV-related test results are given, and 6 includes, at a minimum, written materials provided by the 7 department.
- 8 (15) "Pretest counseling" means the provision of 9 counseling to the subject prior to conduct of an HIV-related 10 test, including, at a minimum, written materials developed 11 and provided by the department.
- 12 (16) "Release of test results" means a written
  13 authorization for disclosure of HIV-related test results
  14 that:
- 15 (a) is signed and dated by the person tested or the
  16 person authorized to act for the person tested; and
- 17 (b) specifies the nature of the information to be disclosed and to whom disclosure is authorized.
- 19 (17) "Significant other" means an individual living in a 20 current spousal relationship with another individual but who 21 is not legally a spouse of that individual.
- tin-writing-that-is-freely-executed-by-the-subject-of-an

  HHV-related-test7-by-the-subject-s-legal-guardian7-ory-if

  there-is-no-legal-guardian-and-the-subject-is-unconscious-or

LC 1347/01 LC 1347/01

otherwise-mentally-incapacitated,-by-the-subject'snextof
kinysignificantotheryorapersondesignatedby-the
subject-in-hospital-records-to-act-on-the-subject-sbehalf;
and-that-includes-at-least-the-following:
<pre>fitanexplanation-of-the-testy-including-its-purpose;</pre>
potential-usesy-limitationsy-and-the-meaning-of-its-results;
<pre>fii)-an-explanation-of-the-procedures-to-be-followed-for</pre>
confidentiality;-blood-drawing;andcounseling;including
notification-that-the-test-is-voluntary-and-that-consent-may
be-withdrawn-at-any-time-until-the-blood-sample-is-taken;
(iii)-anexplanationofwhetherandtowhomthe
subjectis-name-and-test-results-may-be-disclosed;
fiv)-astatementthatthetestmaybeobtained
anonymously-if-the-subject-wishes;
<pre>tv)the-name-and-address-of-a-health-care-provider-whom</pre>
thesubjectapproves-to-receive-the-subject+s-test-results
and-to-provide-the-subject-with-posttest-counseling;-and
<pre>(vi)-if-the-consent-is-for-atestbeingperformedas</pre>
partof-an-application-for-insurance,-a-statement-that-only
a-positive-test-result-will-be-reportedtothedesignated
healthcareprovider-and-that-negative-test-results-may-be
obtained-by-the-subject-from-the-insurance-company:
(b)The-department-shall-develop-a-form-agreementthat

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1	"50-16-1007. Testing counseling informed consent
2	penalty. (1) An-HiV-related-test-may-be-ordered-only-by-
3	health-care-provider-and-only-afterreceivingthewritte
4	informed-consent-of: Except as provided in subsection (4),
5	health care provider may not test a specimen of a patient of
6	cause a specimen to be tested for HIV infection without the
7	knowledge and consent of:
R	(a) the subject of the test:

- 8 (a) the subject of the test;
  - (b) the subject's legal guardian;
- (c) the subject's next of kin or significant other if:
- (i) the subject is unconscious or otherwise mentallyincapacitated;
- (ii) there is no legal guardian;
- (iii) there are medical indications of an HIV-related
  condition; and
- 16 (iv) the test is advisable in order to determine the 17 proper course of treatment of the subject; or
- 18 (d) the subject's next of kin or significant other or
  19 the person, if any, designated by the subject in hospital
  20 records to act on the subject's behalf if:
- 21 (i) the subject is in a hospital; and
- 22 (ii) the circumstances in subsections (1)(c)(i) through
- 23 (1)(c)(iv) exist.

9

24 (2) When a health care provider orders an HIV-related
25 test, he the health care provider also certifies that

Section 3. Section 50-16-1007, MCA, is amended to read:

- 1 informed consent has been received prior to ordering an HIV-related test.
- (3) Before the subject of the test executes-an-informed consent--agreement gives consent, the health care provider ordering the test or his a designee must shall give pretest counseling to:
- (a) the subject;

16

- (b) the subject's legal guardian;
- (c) the subject's next of kin or significant other if:
- 10 (i) the subject is unconscious or otherwise mentally 11 incapacitated; and
- (ii) there is no quardian; or 12
- 13 (d) the subject's next of kin or significant other or the person, if any, designated by the subject in hospital 14 records to act on the subject's behalf if: 15
  - (i) the subject is in the hospital; and
- (ii) the circumstances in subsections (1)(c)(i) and 17 18 (1)(c)(ii) exist.
  - (4) Knowledge and consent need not be given:
- 19 (a) in the performance of an HIV-related test by a 20 health care provider or health care facility that procures, 21 processes, distributes, or uses a human body part donated 22 for a purpose specified under Title 72, chapter 17, if the 23 test is necessary to ensure medical acceptability of the 24 gift for the purposes intended; 25

- 1 (b) in the performance of an HIV-related test for the 2 purpose of research if the testing is performed in a manner by which the identity of the test subject is not known and 3 may not be retrieved by the researcher; 4
- 5 (c) when a health care provider or a custodial employee of the department of corrections and human services is exposed to blood or other bodily fluids that may be 7 HIV-infected;
- (d) when a patient's medical condition is such that 10 knowledge and consent cannot be obtained;
- 11 (e) when the testing is done as part of seroprevalence 12 surveys if all personal identifiers are removed from the 13 specimens prior to laboratory testing; or
- 14 (f) in the performance of an HIV-related test conducted 15 pursuant to 50-18-107 or 50-18-108, with the exception that 16 the pretest and posttest counseling must still be given.
- 17 (5) A patient tested for HIV infection without the 18 patient's knowledge and consent must be given notice 19 promptly, personally, and confidentially that a specimen was 20 taken and that the result of the test may be obtained upon 21
  - request of the patient. (4)--A--health--care--provider--who--does--not---provide HIV-related--tests--on--an-anonymous-basis-shall-inform-tach person-who-wishes-to-be-tested--that--anonymous--testing--is available-at-one-of-the-counseling-testing-sites-established

22

23

24

LC 1347/01

5

6

7

8

9

20

21

22

23

24

25

by-the-de	partment:	or-elsewh	erer
-----------	-----------	-----------	------

1

2

4

4

5

8

18

19

20

- t5)(6) The subject of an HIV-related test or any of the subject's representatives authorized by subsection (1) to act in the subject's stead shall designate, as part of his written the informed consent, a health care provider to receive the results of an HIV-related test. The designated health care provider shall inform the subject or the subject's representative of the results in person.
- 9 +6+(7) At the time the subject of a test or the 10 subject's representative is given the test results, the 11 health care provider or the provider's designee shall give 12 the subject or the subject's representative posttest 13 counseling.
- 14 (7)(8) If a test is performed as part of an application 15 for insurance, the insurance company must ensure that:
- 16 (a) negative results can be obtained by the subject or
  17 his the subject's representative upon request; and
  - (b) positive results are returned to the health care provider designated by the subject or his the subject's representative.
- 21 (8)(9) A minor may consent or refuse to consent to be 22 the subject of an HIV-related test, pursuant to 41-1-402.
  - (9)--Subsections-(1)-through-(6)-do-not-apply-to:

4	gift-for-the-purposes-intended;
3	testisnecessarytoassure-medical-acceptability-of-the
2	for-a-purpose-specified-under-Title-72,-chapter-17,ifthe
1	processes; distributes; or uses - a - human - body - part - donated

- tb;--the-performance-of--an--HiV-related--test--for--the
  purpose--of-research-if-the-testing-is-performed-in-a-manner
  by-which-the-identity-of-the-test-subject-is-not--known--and
  may-not-be-retrieved-by-the-researcher;
- (c)--the-performance-of-an-HiV-related-test-when:
- 12 (ii)-there--are--medical--indications--of-an-HIV-related
  13 condition:
- 14 (iii)-the-test-is-advisable-in-order--to--determine--the
  15 proper-course-of-treatment-of-the-subject;-and
- 16 (iv)-none---of--the--individuals--listed--in--subsection
  17 (i)(b);-(i)(c);-or-(i)(d)-exists-or-is--available--within--a
  18 reasonable---time---after--the--test--is--determined--to--be
  19 advisable;-or
  - (d)--the-performance-of-an-HIV-related--test--conducted pursuant--to-50-10-107-or-50-18-1007-with-the-exception-that the-pretest-and-posttest-counseling-must-still-be-given.
  - (10) (a) If an agent or employee of a health care facility, a health care provider with privileges at the health care facility, or a person providing emergency

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

services who is described in 50-16-702(1) has been voluntarily or involuntarily exposed to a patient in a manner that may allow infection by HIV by a mode of transmission recognized by the centers for disease control of the United States public health service, the physician of the patient shall, upon request of the exposed person, notify the patient of the exposure and seek written-informed consent in accordance with quidelines of the centers for disease control for an HIV-related test of the patient. If written-informed consent cannot be obtained, the health care facility, in accordance with the infectious disease exposure quidelines of the health care facility, may, without the consent of the patient, conduct the test on previously drawn blood or previously collected bodily fluids to determine if the patient is in fact infected. A health care facility is not required to perform a test authorized in this subsection. If a test is conducted pursuant to this subsection, the health care facility shall inform the patient of the results and provide the patient with posttest counseling. The patient may not be charged for a test performed pursuant to this subsection. The results of a test performed pursuant to this subsection may not be made part of the patient's record and are subject to 50-16-1009(1).

1

2

3

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(b) For the purposes of this subsection (10), "written informed-consent" means an agreement in-writing

that is freely executed, either orally or in writing, by the subject of an HIV-related test, by the subject's legal guardian, or, if there is no legal guardian and the subject is incapacitated, by the subject's next of kin, significant other, or a person designated by the subject in hospital records to act on the subject's behalf.

7 (11) A knowing or purposeful violation of this section 8 is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$1,000 or 9 imprisonment for up to 6 months, or both."

Section 4. Section 50-16-1009, MCA, is amended to read:

\*50-16-1009. Confidentiality of records -- notification
of contacts -- penalty for unlawful disclosure. (1) Except
as provided in subsection (2), a person may not disclose or
be compelled to disclose the identity of a subject of an
HIV-related test or the results of a test in a manner that
permits identification of the subject of the test, except to
the extent allowed under the Uniform Health Care Information
Act, Title 50, chapter 16, part 5.

(2) A local board, local health officer, or the department may disclose the identity of the subject of an HIV-related test or the test results only to the extent allowed by the Government Health Care Information Act, Title 50, chapter 16, part 6, unless it is in possession of that information because a health care provider employed by it provided health care to the subject, in which case the

Uniform Health Care Information Act governs the release of that information.

1

2

- 3 (3) If After a health care provider informs the subject of an HIV-related test that the results are positive and 5 submits the report to the department, the provider department or a local public health officer shall encourage 6 7 obtain from the subject to-notify the names of persons who 8 are potential contacts. If--the--subject--is--unable--or 9 unwilling-to-notify-all-contacts7-the-health--care--provider 10 may--ask--the-subject-to-disclose-voluntarily-the-identities 11 of-the-contacts--and--to--authorize--notification--of--those 12 contacts--by--a--health--care--provider: The department or a 13 local public health officer shall notify contacts of their 14 potential exposure. A notification may state only that the 15 contact may have been exposed to HIV and may not include the time or place of possible exposure or the identity of the 16 17 subject of the test. The notification must include pretest 18 counseling and information regarding testing.
- 19 (4) A person who discloses or compels another to
  20 disclose confidential health care information in violation
  21 of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a
  22 fine of \$1,000 or imprisonment for 1 year, or both."
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Codification instruction.

  [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part

  of Title 50, chapter 16, part 10, and the provisions of

Title 50, chapter 16, part 10, apply to {section 1}.
-End-

#### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

#### Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB0404, as introduced.

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act directing the Department of Health and Environmental Sciences to treat HIV infection in the same manner as other communicable and sexually transmitted diseases; removing written informed consent requirement from the AIDS prevention act; providing for exceptions from knowledge and consent requirements; providing that the department is responsible for notifying potential contacts.

#### ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Costs for partner notification for HIV+ patients range from \$198 in Colorado, \$100 in South Carolina, to \$454 in San Francisco. Costs per seropositive contact identified range from \$810 in South Carolina, \$1245 in Colorado, to \$2203 in San Francisco. Estimates in Montana are \$200/HIV+ patient interviewed, increasing with number of contacts.
- 2. Increased costs below are for increased reporting and documentation costs of activities.
- 3. Public CTRPN (Counseling Testing Referral Partner Notification) sites currently do HIV partner notification with assistance from DHES.
- 4. Projected HIV+ in 1994 = 70 and in 1995 = 80.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

	FY '94			FY ′95		
Expenditures:	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
Contracted Services	9,000	14,000	5,000	10,000	16,000	6,000
Funding						
General Fund	0	5,000	5,000	0	6,000	6,000
Federal funds	9,000	9,000	0	10,000	10,000	0
Total	9,000	14,000	5,000	10,000	16,000	6,000
Net Impact:						
General Fund			(5,000)			(6,000)

(Continued)

DAVID LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program and Planning

CHOMAS F. KEATING, PRIMARY SPONSOR DA

Fiscal Note for SB0404, as introduced

5B 404

Fiscal Note Request <u>SB0404</u>, as introduced Form BD-15 page 2 (continued)

## EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

Most local health departments currently serving as CTRPN sites expend local resources towards HIV prevention activities including partner notification, in addition to federal contract support from DHES. During 1992, DHES received information from 4/11 CTRPN sites which reported expending an additional \$33,000 for AIDS. Other local health departments would be called upon to do partner notification as needed, with no contractual support from DHES. DHES currently does not receive information on what other local health departments spend on AIDS activities, other than through block grant reports.

### LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

Colorado has reported cost benefits from their voluntary partner notification program which they have calculated as outweighing the costs in terms of infections prevented. An unknown factor is whether fewer persons at risk would come forward for HIV testing under mandatory named reporting, since Colorado has named reporting, with one anonymous testing site