SENATE BILL 343

Introduced by Swift, et al.

2/09	Introduced
2/09	Referred to Natural Resources
2/09	First Reading
2/09	Fiscal Note Requested
2/15	Hearing
2/15	Fiscal Note Received
2/16	Fiscal Note Printed
2/17	Tabled in Committee

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LC 1243/01

enate BILL NO. 343 1 Junet INTRODUCED BY 2 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE MONTANA SUBDIVISION AND PLATTING ACT; ESTABLISHING A RIGHT 5 6 TO SUE LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE ACT: 7 REDEFINING DIVISIONS OF LAND: ESTABLISHING ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTRUMENTS OF TRANSFER; MODIFYING LOCAL B GOVERNMENT SUBDIVISION REVIEW CRITERIA: MODIFYING PARKLAND 9 10 DEDICATION REQUIREMENTS: AMENDING SECTIONS 7-16-2324, 76-3-102, 76-3-103, 76-3-105, 76-3-201, 76-3-207, 76-3-301, 11 76-3-302, 76-3-304, 76-3-401, 76-3-402, 76-3-403, 76-3-404, 12 13 76-3-405, 76-3-501, 76-3-504, 76-3-506, 76-3-507, 76-3-601. 14 76-3-603, 76-3-604, 76-3-605, 76-3-608, 76-3-609, 76-3-613, 15 AND 76-6-203, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 76-3-104, 76-3-505, 76-3-606, AND 76-3-607, MCA." 16 17 18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 19 Section 1. Section 76-3-102, MCA, is amended to read: "76-3-102. Statement of purpose. It is the purpose of 20 21 this chapter to promote the public health, safety, and 22 general welfare and protect the rights of property owners; 23 by--regulating to regulate the subdivision division of land;

25 streets-and-highways; to provide for adequate light; --air;

to-prevent-overcrowding-of-land;-to-lessen-congestion-in-the

water supply, sewage disposal, parks and recreation areas, 1 2 ingress-and-egress; legal and physical access, reservation 3 of easements for utilities, and other public requirements; 4 adopted pursuant to this chapter; to-require-development--in 5 harmony--with--the--natural--environment;--to--require--that 6 whenever-necessaryy-the-appropriate-approval-of-subdivisions 7 be--contingent--upon-a-written-finding-of-public-interest-by 8 the-governing-body;-and to require uniform monumentation of 9 land subdivisions--and-transferring-interests divisions; to 10 require that transfer of interest in real property be made 11 by reference to plat or certificate of survey; and to 12 provide simple, clear, and uniform quidelines for 13 subdivision review in a manner that protects the rights of 14 property owners." Section 2. Section 76-3-103, MCA, is amended to read: 15 16 "76-3-103. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless 17 the context or subject matter clearly requires otherwise, 18 the following words or phrases shall have the following 19 meanings: 20 (1) "Certificate of survey" means a drawing of a field 21 survey prepared by a registered professional land surveyor: 22 (a) for the purpose of disclosing facts pertaining to 23 boundary locations and identifying aspects of the survey for 24 reference in an instrument of conveyance; and 25 (b) for divisions of land that are not subdivisions

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1	under	this	chapter.	
2	()	1 10	Dedication	

(2) "Dedication" means the deliberate appropriation of land by an owner for any a general and public or private 3 use, reserving to himself the landowner no rights which that are incompatible with the full exercise and enjoyment of the 5 public or private use to which the property has been б 7 devoted.

(3) "Division of land" means the segregation of one or 8 9 more parcels of land, subject to the provisions of this 10 chapter, from a larger tract held in single or undivided 11 ownership by:

12 (a) transferring-or-contracting-to-transfer-title-to-or 13 possession--of--a--portion-of-the-tract-or properly filing a 14 certificate of survey or subdivision plat; or

15 (b) filing an instrument of transfer for divisions of 16 land described as 1/32 or larger aliquot part of a United 17 States government section or a United States government lot, 18 establishing the identity of the segregated parcels pursuant 19 to this chapter.

20 (4) "Dwelling unit" means a residential structure in 21 which one or more persons reside.

t4+(5) "Examining land surveyor" means a registered 22 professional land surveyor duly appointed by the governing 23 24 body to review surveys and plats submitted for filing.

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         (6) "Executive proceedings" means public proceedings in
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1 which the governing body deliberates without receiving public comment except when specific questions are directed 2 by the governing body to the subdivider or other 3 individuals. 4 (5)(7) "Final plat" means the final drawing of the 5 6 subdivision and dedication required by this chapter to be prepared for filing for record with the county clerk and 7 8 recorder and containing all elements and requirements set 9 forth in this chapter and in regulations adopted pursuant 10 thereto to this chapter. (6) "Governing body" means a board of county 11 12 commissioners or the governing authority of any a city or 13 town organized pursuant to law.

14 t7)--*Irrequiarly-shaped-tract-of-land"-means--a--parcel 15 of--land--other--than--an--aliquot-part-of-the-United-States 16 government-survey-section-or-a-United-States-government-loty 17 the-boundaries--or--areas--of--which--cannot--be--determined 18 without-a-survey-or-trigonometric-calculation-19

(9) "Legal access" means an easement or right-of-way, 20 either public or private, that is established pursuant to 21 this chapter and that provides, preserves, and protects the 22 right of ingress and egress to a parcel of land. (10) "Minor subdivision" means the first five parcels 23 24 created and recorded by one or more plat filings from a

tract of record as of October 1, 1993. 25

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1 (11) "Occasional sale division" means one-sale-of a 2 single division of-land from a tract of record outside of a 3 platted subdivision within any a 12-month 24-month period. 4 (12) "Person" means an individual, partnership, firm, 5 association, municipality, trust, estate, public or private corporation, subdivision or agency of the state, or other б 7 legal entity. 8 (13) "Physical access" means a road or street, either 9 public or private, that meets the requirements of this 10 chapter or the local government standards established 11 pursuant to 76-3-504(6)(a), as applicable. 12 (14) "Planned unit development" means a land 13 development project consisting of residential clusters, 14 industrial parks, shopping centers, office building parks, 15 or any a combination thereof which--comprises-a-planned 16 mixture-of-land-uses-built-in-a-prearranged-relationship--to 17 each-other-and-having-open-space-and-community-facilities-in 18 common-ownership-or-use. 19 ti0;(15) "Plat" means a graphical representation of a

subdivision showing the division of land into lots, parcels,
blocks, streets, alleys, and other divisions and
dedications.

tit)(16) "Preliminary plat" means a neat and scaled
 drawing of a proposed subdivision showing the layout of
 streets, alleys, lots, blocks, and other elements of a

subdivision which furnish a basis for review by a governing 1 2 body. (17) "Record of survey" means a drawing of a field 3 4 survey of existing parcels that may be used for recording 5 evidence of a survey when parcels are not created. 6 (12)(18) "Registered professional land surveyor" means a 7 person licensed and entitled to perform all duties in 8 conformance with Title 37, chapter 67, to for the practice 9 of surveying in the state of Montana. 10 (13) "Registered professional engineer" means a person licensed and entitled to perform all duties in 11 12 conformance with Title 37, chapter 67, to for the practice of engineering in the state of Montana. 13 14 (20) "Rights of property owners" means the right to use, enjoy, improve, sell, and convey, in total or in part, real 15 16 property. 17 (21) "Special subdivision" means a subdivision that 18 conforms to: 19 (a) a master plan and a long-range development program 20 of public work projects adopted pursuant to 76-1-601; and 21 (b) zoning regulations adopted pursuant to Title 75, chapter 2, part 2 or 3. 22 23 (14)(22) "Subdivider" means any a person who causes land

24 to be subdivided or who proposes a subdivision of land.

25 t15t(23) (a) "Subdivision" means a division of land or

land so divided which that creates one or more parcels 1 containing less than 20 acres, exclusive of public roadways, 2 in order that the title to or possession of the parcels may 3 be sold, rented, leased, or otherwise conveyed. and-shall 4 include-any-resubdivision-and-shall-further-include-any The 5 term includes a condominium or development of an area, 6 7 regardless of its size, which that provides or will provide multiple space for recreational camping vehicles or mobile 8 9 homes.

(b) The term does not include divisions of land
 specifically exempted pursuant to 76-3-201 and 76-3-207.

12 (24) "Tract of record" means a parcel of land 13 irrespective of ownership that can be identified by legal 14 description independent of any other parcel of land, using 15 documents on file in the records of the county clerk and 16 recorder's office.

17 (25) "Utilities" means a public or private firm, 18 company, or other entity that provides facilities or 19 services to the general public. The term includes but is not 20 limited to utilities providing water, sewer, electrical 21 power, natural gas, cable television, telephone, and 22 irrigation services."

23 Section 3. Section 76-3-105, MCA, is amended to read:
 24 "76-3-105. Violations. (1) Any A person who violates
 25 any a provision of this chapter or any a local regulations

1 regulation adopted pursuant thereto to this chapter shall-be is guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of not 2 3 less than \$100 or more than \$500 or by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than 3 months or by both fine and 4 imprisonment. Each sale, lease, or transfer of each separate S parcel of land in violation of any a provision of this 6 7 chapter or any a local regulation adopted pursuant thereto 8 shall-be-deemed to this chapter is a separate and distinct 9 offense. 10 (2) A person who has filed with the governing body an application for subdivision approval under this chapter may 11 12 bring a mandamus action against the governing body or bring 13 an action to recover actual damages caused by: 14 (a) a final action, decision, or order of the governing 15 body that imposes requirements, limitations, or conditions 16 upon the use of the property in excess of those authorized 17 under this chapter; or 18 (b) a regulation adopted by the governing body pursuant 19 to this chapter that is arbitrary or capricious, unlawful, 20 or in excess of lawful authority or that violates a portion 21 of the stated purpose of this act." Section 4. Section 76-3-201, MCA, is amended to read: 22 23 "76-3-201. Exemption for certain divisions of land. 24 Uniess--the-method-of-disposition-is-adopted-for-the-purpose 25 of-evading--this--chaptery--the The requirements of this

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1 chapter shall <u>do</u> not apply to any <u>a</u> division of land which
2 <u>that</u>:

3 (1) is created by order of any <u>a</u> court of record in
4 this state or by operation of law or which <u>that</u>, in the
5 absence of agreement between the parties to the sale, could
6 be created by an order of <u>any <u>a</u> court in this state pursuant
7 to the law of eminent domain (Title 70, chapter 30);
</u>

8 (2) is created to provide security for construction
9 mortgages, liens, or trust indentures;

10 (3) creates an interest in oil, gas, minerals, or water
11 which that is now-or--hereafter severed from the surface
12 ownership of real property;

13 (4) creates cemetery lots;

14 (5) is created by the reservation of a life estate;

15 (6) is created by lease or rental for farming and 16 agricultural purposes."

Section 5. Section 76-3-207, MCA, is amended to read: 17 18 "76-3-207. Subdivisions Divisions of land exempted from 19 review but subject to survey, legal access, and physical 20 access requirements -- exceptions. (1) Except as provided in 21 subsection (2), unless-the-method-of-disposition-is-adopted 22 for-the-purpose--of--evading--this--chaptery the following divisions of land are not subdivisions under this chapter 23 but are subject to the requirements for legal and physical 24 25 access under 76-3-302 and are subject to the surveying

1 requirements of 76-3-401 for divisions of land not amounting 2 to subdivisions: 3 (a) divisions made outside-of-platted-subdivisions--for 4 the--purpose--of--relocating--common--boundary-lines-between 5 adjoining-properties; for the purpose of relocating boundary б lines between adjoining, contiguous, and abutting 7 properties, whether subdivided or not, with the acknowledged B consent of all parties directly affected, as long as additional parcels are not created. Restrictions or 9 10 requirements of original platted lots, including annexation or unplatted parcels affected by the boundary relocations, 11 12 continue to apply to the relocated areas, as applicable. 13 Surveys of boundary relocations must be recorded on an 14 amended plat or subdivision plat or on a certificate of 15 survey, as applicable. If common boundaries are relocated or 16 if five or fewer lots within platted subdivisions are

17 aggregated, the boundary relocation must be recorded on an

18 amended plat or subdivision plat.

(b) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions for
the purpose of a gift or sale to any member of the
landowner's immediate family, which includes the parents,
children, and spouse of the landowner;

(c) divisions made outside of platted subdivisions by
 sale or agreement to buy and sell where when the parties-to
 the-transaction--enter property owner enters a covenant

running with the land and revocable only by mutual consent
 of the governing body and the property owner that the
 divided land will be used exclusively for-agricultural
 purposes for purposes other than uses requiring sever and
 water facilities; and

6 (d) a single division of a parcel outside of platted
7 subdivisions when the transaction is an occasional sale;
8 division.

9 (e)--for---five---or---fewer---lots---within--a--platted 10 subdivision7--relocation--of--common--boundaries---and---the 11 aggregation-of-lots7-and

12 (f)--divisions--made--for--the--purpose-of-relocating-a 13 common-boundary-line-between-a-single-lot-within--a--platted 14 subdivision---and---adjoining---land---outside---a---platted 15 subdivision---Any---restrictions--or--requirements--on--the 16 original-platted-lot-or-original-unplatted--parcel--continue 17 to-apply-to-those-areast

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1): 18 (a) within a platted subdivision filed with the county 19 clerk and recorder, any division of lots which that results 20 21 in an increase in the number of lots or which that redesigns 22 or rearranges existing lots and that results in six or more 23 redesigned lots must be reviewed and approved by the governing body, and an amended plat must be filed with the 24 county clerk and recorder; 25

(b) any a change in use of the land exempted under 1 subsection (1)(c) for--anything--other--than--agricultural 2 3 purposes to a purpose requiring sewer or water facilities subjects the division to the provisions of this chapter. 4 (3) No A division of land may not be made under this 5 section unless the county treasurer has certified that no 6 real property taxes assessed and levied on the land to be 7 8 divided are not delinguent. (4) Contiguous divisions created under this section may 9 10 be shown on the same certificate of survey or amended plat, as applicable." 11 12 Section 6. Section 76-3-301, MCA, is amended to read: 13 76-3-301. General restriction on transfer of title to 14 subdivided divisions of lands. (1) Except as provided in 15 76-3-303, every final subdivision plat or certificate of survey must be filed for record with the county clerk and 16 17 recorder before title to the subdivided-land divided lands 18 can be sold or transferred in any manner. The clerk and 19 recorder of the county shall refuse-to-accept-any-plat-for 20 record-that-fails-to-have-the--approval--of--76-3-611(1)-in 21 proper--form file and record a plat or certificate of survey 22 that shows the approvals and acknowledgments that are 23 required by this chapter and established in local government subdivision regulations. 24

25 (2)--The-clerk-and-recorder-shall-notify--the--governing

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1	bodyor-its-designated-agent-of-any-land-division-described	1	addres
2	±n-76-3-207(±)-	2	access
3	(3) If transfers not in accordance with this chapter	3	<u>(B</u>
4	are made, the county attorney shall commence action to	4	<u>certif</u>
5	enjoin further sales or transfers and compel compliance with	5	<u>[1</u>
6	all provisions of this chapter. The cost of such the action	6	real
7	and fees shall must be imposed against the party not	7	the tr
8	prevailing."	8	<u>(</u> E
9	Section 7. Section 76-3-302, MCA, is amended to read:	9	subsec
10	76-3-302. Restrictions on recording instruments	10	of su
11	relating to land subject to surveying requirements. (1) (a)	11	instru
12	Except as provided in subsection (2), the county clerk and	12	(2
13	recorder of any a county may not record any instrument which	13	tract
14	that purports to transfer title to or possession of a parcel	14	the i
15	or tract of land which <u>that</u> is required-tobesurveyedby	15	a refe
16	subject to the provisions of this chapter:	16	or is
17	(i) unless the required certificate of survey or	17	otherv
18	subdivision plat has been filed with the clerk and recorder	18	refere
19	and the instrument of transfer describes the parcel or tract	19	tract
20	by reference to the filed certificate or $plat_{\tau_i}$	20	(3
21	(ii) after October 1, 1993, unless the instrument of	21	(2) (
22	transfer contains or is accompanied by an acknowledged	22	and ma
23	statement by the grantor or references another's	23	prope
24	acknowledged statement that:	24	Se
25	(A) for parcels created prior to October 1, 1993,	25	

1	addresses the presence or absence of legal and physical
2	access to the parcels; or
3	(B) for parcels created after October 1, 1993,
4	certifies that the parcels have legal and physical access.
5	(iii) unless the county treasurer has certified that
6	real property taxes assessed and levied on lands subject to
7	the transfer are not delinguent.
8	(b) The acknowledged statement provided for in
9	subsection (1)(a)(ii) must be on the face of the certificate
10	of survey or subdivision plat or must be contained in the
11	instrument of transfer.
12	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply when the parcel or
13	tract to be transferred was created before July 1, 1973, and
14	the instrument of transfer for the parcel or tract includes
15	a reference to a previously recorded instrument of transfer
16	or is accompanied by documents which, if recorded, would
17	otherwise satisfy the requirements of this subsection. The
18	reference or document must demonstrate that the parcel or
19	tract existed before July 1, 1973.
20	(3) The reference or documents required in subsection
21	(2) do not constitute a legal description of the property
22	and may not be substituted for a legal description of the
23	property."
24	Section 8. Section 76-3-304, MCA, is amended to read:

25 "76-3-304. Effect of recording complying plat or

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1 certificate of survey. The recording of any a plat or certificate of survey made in compliance with the provisions 2 of this chapter shall-serve-to-establish establishes the 3 identity of all lands shown on and being that are a part of 4 5 such the plat or certificate. Where When lands are conveyed 6 by reference to a plat or certificate, the plat or the certificate itself or any a copy of the plat or certificate 7 properly certified by the county clerk and recorder as being 8 9 a true copy thereof-shall-be--regarded--as is incorporated 10 into the instrument of conveyance and shall-be-received-in 11 is evidence in all courts of this state."

12 Section 9. Section 76-3-401, MCA, is amended to read: 13 "76-3-401. Survey requirements for lands other than 14 subdivisions. All divisions of land for sale other than a 15 subdivision after July 1, 1974, into parcels which cannot be 16 described as 1/32 or larger aliquot parts of a United States 17 government section or a United States government lot must be 18 surveyed by or under the supervision of a registered 19 professional land surveyor."

Section 10. Section 76-3-402, NCA, is amended to read:
 "76-3-402. Survey and platting requirements for
 subdivided lands. (1) Every subdivision of land after June
 30, 1973, shall must be surveyed and platted in conformance
 with this chapter by or under the supervision of a
 registered professional land surveyor.

(2) Subdivision plats and certificates of survey shall 1 must be prepared and filed in accordance with this chapter 2 3 and regulations adopted pursuant thereto to this chapter. (3) All division of sections into aliquot parts and 4 retracement of lines must conform to applicable United 5 States bureau of land management manuals of surveying 6 instructions and specific surveying instructions.,-and-all 7 public-land-survey-corners-shall A corner defined by an 8 9 official United States government plat or survey and used in a survey must be filed in accordance with the Corner 10 Recordation Act of Montana (Title 70, chapter 22, part 1). 11 (4) Engineering plans, specifications, and reports 12 required in connection with public improvements and other 13 14 elements of the subdivision required by the governing body 15 shall must be prepared and filed by a registered engineer or a registered professional land surveyor as their respective 16 licensing laws allow in accordance with this chapter and 17 18 regulations adopted pursuant thereto to this chapter. 19 (5) A subdivision plat, certificate of survey, or 20 instrument of transfer that creates a parcel of land must; 21 (a) bear the acknowledged certification of the 22 landowner as to the purpose of the survey; and 23 (b) reserve, describe, grant, or dedicate all public or 24 private easements or rights-of-way that are a matter of public record for legal and physical access and utility 25

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	1	access as applicable."	1 whether he the land surveyor is	privately or publicly
	2	Section 11. Section 76-3-403, MCA, is amended to read:	2 employed, shall prepare and submit for	filing a certificate
	3	"76-3-403. Monumentation and standards. (1) The	3 of survey <u>or record of survey, as appr</u>	copriate, in the county
	4	department of commerce shall, in conformance with the	4 in which the survey was made if the survey was made at the survey was made if the surv	ırvey:
	5	Montana Administrative Procedure Act, prescribe uniform	5 (a) provides material evidence	not appearing on any <u>a</u>
	6	standards for monumentation and for the form, accuracy, and	6 map filed with the county clerk and re	corder or contained in
	7	descriptive content of subdivision plats, certificates of	7 the records of the United States burea	au of land management;
	8	survey, and records of survey.	8 (b) reveals a material discrepance	y in such map;
	9	(2) It shall-be is the responsibility of the governing	9 (c) discloses evidence to suggest	alternate locations
1	0	body to require the replacement of all monuments removed in	<pre>10 of lines or reference points;</pre>	
1	11	the course of construction.	11 (d) establishes one or more 1	lines not shown on a
ı	12	(3) A person whose activities may disturb or destroy a	12 recorded map, the positions of which a	are not ascertainable
3	13	monument or its accessories shall have a professional land	13 from an inspection of such the map	p without trigonometric
` ı	i.4	surveyor file a corner recordation before the activities	14 calculations <u>; or</u>	
ı	۱5	Commence.	15 (e) retraces the boundary of a t	ract of record when new
1	16	(4) The person whose activities disturb or destroy a	16 monuments are set.	
נ	17	monument or its accessories shall:	17 (2) A certificate of survey will	<u>is</u> not be required for
נ	18	(a) restore or replace the monument or its accessories;	18 any a survey which that is made by the	e United States bureau
1	19	and	19 of land management <u></u> or-which <u>that</u> is	s preliminary <u>r</u> or which
2	20	(b) file a new corner recordation."	20 <u>that</u> will become part of a subdivision	n plat being prepared
:	21	Section 12. Section 76-3-404, MCA, is amended to read:	21 for recording under the provisions of	this chapter.
	22	<pre>"76-3-404. Certificate of survey, subdivision plat,</pre>	22 (3) Certificates of survey shall	must be legibly drawn,
	23	instrument of transfer, and record of survey. (1) Within 180	23 printed, or reproduced by a process g	uaranteeing a permanent
	24	days of the completion of a survey, the registered	24 record and shall must conform to monu-	mentation and surveying
	25	professional land surveyor responsible for the survey,	25 requirements promulgated under this c	hapter.
		Proceedings raise surveyor responsible for the Burvey,	10	
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1	(4) When a certificate of survey, subdivision plat, or
2	instrument of transfer includes proposed private roads, the
3	certificate of survey, subdivision plat, or instrument of
4	transfer must include the following statement signed by the
5	landowner: "The private roads providing physical access to
6	the parcels may not meet local government standards for
7	public roads. The governing body is released from liability
8	from the nonstandard roads and is not responsible for
9	maintenance of the private roads unless the roads are
10	constructed to local government standards, dedicated to the
11	public, and accepted by the governing body. The private
12	roads may not be suitable for year-round access or use by
13	public services."
14	(5) (a) A record of survey may not be used to describe
15	a division of land but may be filed with the clerk and
16	recorder to show information on corners, lines, or other
17	evidence not otherwise specified in this chapter.
18	(b) A record of survey must be 8 1/2 inches by 14
19	inches and must bear the signature and seal of the surveyor
20	in charge of the survey.
21	(c) A record of survey must specify:
22	(i) the lot, block, and subdivision;
23	(ii) the parcel number and certificate of survey;
24	(iii) the deed exhibit book and page; or
25	(iv) section, township, and range."

1	Section 13. Section 76-3-405, MCA, is amended to read:
2	"76-3-405. Administration of Oaths by registered land
3	surveyor. (1) Every registered professional land surveyor
4	may administer and certify oaths when:
5	(a) it becomes necessary to take testimony for the
6	identification of old corners or reestablishment of lost or
7	obliterated corners;
8	(b) a corner or monument is found in a deteriorating
9	condition and it is desirable that evidence concerning it be
10	perpetuated;
11	(c) the importance of the survey makes it desirable to
12	administer an oath to h is the surveyor's assistants for the
13	faithful performance of their duty.
14	(2) A record of oaths shall must be preserved as part
15	of the field notes of the survey and noted on the
16	certificate of survey filed under 76-3-404 or noted on a
17	corner record filed under 70-22-104, as applicable."
18	Section 14. Section 76-3-501, MCA, is amended to read:
19	76-3-501. Local subdivision regulations. (1) Before
20	July 1, 1974, the governing body of every county, city, and
21	town shall adopt and provide for the enforcement and
22	administration of subdivision regulations reasonably
23	providing for the orderly development of their
24	jurisdictional areas; for the coordination of roads within

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subdivided land with other roads, both existing and planned;

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1 for the dedication of land for roadways and for public utility easements; for the improvement of roads; for the 2 provision of adequate open spaces for travely--lighty--airy 3 recreation; and for the provision of adequate 4 and transportation, water, drainage, and sanitary facilities, 5 6 for-the-avoidance-or-minimization-of-congestion--and-for-the avoidance--of--subdivision--which--would-involve-unnecessary 7 8 environmental-degradation-and-the--avoidance--of--danger--of 9 injury--to--healthy--safetyy-or-welfare-by-reason-of-natural 10 hazard---or---the---tack---of---water;---drainage;---access; 11 transportationy--or---other---public---services---or---would 12 necessitate-an-excessive-expenditure-of-public-funds-for-the 13 supply--of--such--services. The subdivision regulations must 14 protect the rights of property owners.

15 (2) Review, and approval, conditional approval, or 16 disapproval of a subdivision under this chapter may occur 17 only under those regulations in effect at the time an 18 application for approval of a preliminary plat or for an 19 extension under 76-3-610 is submitted to the governing 20 body."

Section 15. Section 76-3-504, MCA, is amended to read:
 "76-3-504. Minimum requirements for subdivision
 regulations. The subdivision regulations adopted under this
 chapter shally-at-a-minimum must:

25 (1) if applicable, require the subdivider to submit to

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2 in 76-3-603: 3 (2) establish procedures consistent with this chapter 4 for the submission and review of subdivision plats, including expedited review procedures for minor and special 5 6 subdivisions; 7 (3) prescribe the form and contents of preliminary 8 plats and the documents to accompany final plats; 9 (4)--provide--for--the--identification--of--areas-whichy 10 because-of-natural-or-man-caused-hazardsy-are-unsuitable-for subdivision-development-and-prohibit-subdivisions--in--these 11 12 areas--unless--the--hazards-can-be-eliminated-or-overcome-by 13 approved-construction-techniques; 14 (4) establish procedures, based on the minimum 15 requirements as provided in 7-1-4127, for providing public 16 notice of subdivision applications and hearings; 17 (5) prohibit--subdivisions provide that sites for building purposes for all parcels are in-areas located 18 within outside of the floodway of a flood of 100-year 19 20 frequency as defined by Title 76, chapter 5, or determined 21 to be subject to flooding by the governing body; 22 (6) prescribe standards for: 23 the design and arrangement of lots, streets, and (a) 24 public roads; including specific standards for 25 recreational, rural, suburban, and urban public roads. These

the governing body an environmental assessment as prescribed

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1	standards may not exceed the expected vehicular use directly
2	attributable to the proposed subdivision. Variances from
3	road standards must be granted for subdivisions requiring
4	minimal vehicular use.
5	(i) Private roads that conform to the provisions of
6	76-3-404(4) are not subject to the local government
7	standards established pursuant to this section.
8	(ii) The county is responsible for the maintenance of
9	roads that:
10	(A) meet the local government standards established
11	pursuant to this section; and
12	(B) have been dedicated to the public.
13	(b) grading and drainage;
14	(c) water supply and sewage and solid waste disposal
15	which, at a minimum, meet the regulations adopted by the
16	department of health and environmental sciences under
17	76-4-104;
18	(d) the location and installation of utilities; and
19	(e) financial or other positive incentives for
20	developments that accommodate public values;
21	(7) provide procedures for the administration of the
22	park and open-space requirements of this chapter;
23	(8) provide for the review of preliminary plats by
24	affected public utilities and those agencies of local,
25	state, and federal government having-a-substantial-interest

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1	in affected by a proposed subdivision; The recommendations
2	of the utility or agency review may not exceed the
3	requirements specified in this chapter or the regulations
4	adopted pursuant to this chapter. such The utility or agency
5	review may not delay the review by the governing body or its
6	designated agent or delay the governing body's action on the
7	plat beyond the time limits specified in this chapter, and
8	the failure of any <u>a utility or an</u> agency to complete a
9	review of a plat may not be a basis for rejection of the
10	plat by the governing body."

Section 16. Section 76-3-506, MCA, is amended to read: 11 12 "76-3-506. Provision for granting variances. 13 Subdivision regulations may must authorize the governing 14 body to grant variances from the regulations when strict 15 compliance will result in undue hardship and when it is not essential to the public welfare. Any A variance granted 16 17 pursuant to this section must be based on specific variance 18 criteria contained in the subdivision regulations."

Section 17. Section 76-3-507, MCA, is amended to read: 20 *76-3-507. Provision for bonding----requirements 21 compliance security to insure construction of public improvements. (1) Local regulations may provide that, in 22 23 lieu of the completion of the construction of any public 24 improvements prior to the approval of a final plat, the 25 governing body shall require a bond-or-other-reasonable

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compliance security, in an amount and with surety and 1 conditions satisfactory to it, providing for and securing 2 3 the construction and installation of such the improvements 4 within a period specified by the governing body and expressed in the bonds or other security. The governing body 5 shall reduce the security requirements commensurate with the 6 7 completion of improvements. (2) In lieu of requiring a compliance security for the 8 9 construction or installation of all the required public 10 improvements under subsection (1), the governing body may 11 approve an incremental payment or guaranty plan. The 12 improvements in a prior increment must be completed or the 13 payment or guaranty of payment for the costs of the 14 improvements incurred in a prior increment must be satisfied 15 before development of future increments. 16 (3) The public improvements or the amount of the 17 compliance security required under this section may not 18 exceed the expected impacts directly attributable to the 19 proposed subdivision. 20 (4) Compliance security may be made in the form of but 21 not limited to private or public escrow, letters of credit, 22 liens, mortgages, trust indentures on property, or

23 performance or property bonds. The creation of a special

24 improvement district or rural improvement district may be

25 adequate for purposes of subsection (1)."

1 Section 18. Section 76-3-601, MCA, is amended to read: 2 "76-3-601. Submission of preliminary plat for review. (1) Except where a plat is eligible for summary approval, 3 4 the subdivider shall present to the governing body or the agent or agency designated thereby by the governing body the 5 preliminary plat of the proposed subdivision for local 6 7 review. The preliminary plat shall must show all pertinent 8 features of the proposed subdivision and all proposed · 9 improvements.

(2) (a) When the proposed subdivision lies within the
boundaries of an incorporated city or town, the preliminary
plat shall must be submitted to and approved by the city or
town governing body.

14 (b) When the proposed subdivision is situated entirely 15 in an unincorporated area, the preliminary plat shall must 16 be submitted to and approved by the governing body of the county. However, if the proposed subdivision lies within 1 17 18 mile of a third-class city or town or within 2 miles of a second-class city or within 3 miles of a first-class city, 19 the county governing body shall submit the preliminary plat 20 21 to the city or town governing body or its designated agent 22 for review and comment.

(c) If the proposed subdivision lies partly within an
incorporated city or town, the proposed <u>subdivision</u> plat
thereof must be submitted to and approved by both the city

1 or town and the county governing bodies. (d) When a proposed subdivision is also proposed to be 2 3 annexed to a municipality, the governing body of the municipality shall coordinate the subdivision review and 4 5 annexation procedures to minimize duplication of hearings, 6 reports, and other requirements whenever possible. (3) This section and-76-3-6047-76-3-6057--and--76-3-608 7 8 through--76-3-610--do--not--limit--the--authority-of-certain 9 municipalities--to--regulate---subdivisions---beyond---their 10 corporate--limits--pursuant--to--7-3-4444 does not authorize certain municipalities to regulate subdivisions beyond their 11 corporate limits pursuant to 7-3-4444." 12 13 Section 19. Section 76-3-603, MCA, is amended to read: "76-3-603. Contents of environmental assessment. Where 14 required, the environmental assessment shall must accompany 15

16 the preliminary plat and shall must include:

17 (1) a description of every body or stream of surface
18 water as--may--be affected by the proposed subdivision,
19 together with available ground water information, and a
20 description of the topography, vegetation, and wildlife use
21 within the area of the proposed subdivision;

(2) maps and tables showing soil types in the--several
 parts--of the proposed subdivision and their suitability for
 any the proposed developments in-those-several-parts; and
 (3)--a-community-impact-report-containing-a-statement-of

anticipated-needs-of--the--proposed--subdivision--for--local 1 servicesy---including---education---and--busing;--roads--and 2 maintenance;-water;-sewage;-and-solid-waste-facilities;--and 3 fire-and-police-protection; 4 reasonable relevant and 5 +4+(3) such additional information, authorized by this chapter, as that may be 6 required by the governing body." 7 Section 20. Section 76-3-604, MCA, is amended to read: 8 *76-3-604. Review of preliminary plat. (1) The 9 governing body or its designated agent or agency shall 10 11 review the preliminary plat to determine whether it conforms to the local master plan if one has been adopted pursuant to 12 chapter 1, to the provisions of this chapter, and to rules 13 prescribed or adopted pursuant to this chapter. 14 (2) A subdivider proposing a subdivision reviewed under 15 this section shall confer first with the governing body or 16 its designated agent or agency in a pre-application 17 conference to discuss the application, the requirements 18 provided in this chapter, and local government regulations 19 adopted pursuant to this chapter. At the conference, the 20 21 subdivider shall submit a sketch of the proposed subdivision 22 that outlines the general aspects and concepts of the proposed development. The governing body or its designated 23 agent or agency shall refer the subdivider to this chapter 24 25 and local regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter and

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1 shall identify the items of significance that may affect the 2 subdivision review. 3 (2) (3) The governing body shall approve, conditionally approve, or reject the preliminary plat within 60 days of 4 5 its presentation--unless--the--subdivider--consents--to--an 6 extension-of-the-review-period submittal. The subdivider and 7 the governing body may agree to extend the review time period. Failure by the local governing body to act on a 8 9 complete subdivision application is not a basis for 10 subdivision denial. A subdivision application that meets the 11 provisions of this chapter is approved if the governing body 12 does not take action within the review time period 13 established by this chapter. 14 (4) The governing body shall make its decision to 15 approve, conditionally approve, or deny the subdivision 16 application during executive proceedings. +3+(5) If the governing body rejects or conditionally 17 18 approves the preliminary plat, it shall forward one copy of 19 the plat to the subdivider accompanied by a letter over the 20 appropriate signature stating the reason for rejection or 21 enumerating the conditions which must be met to assure

23 Section 21. Section 76-3-605, MCA, is amended to read:
24 "76-3-605. Hearing on preliminary plat. (1) The
25 governing body or its authorized agent or agency shall hold

approval of the final plat."

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a public hearing on the preliminary plat and shall consider
 all relevant evidence relating to the public health, safety,
 and welfare, including the environmental assessment, to
 determine whether the plat should be approved, conditionally
 approved, or disapproved by the governing body.

6 (2) When a proposed subdivision is also proposed to be 7 annexed to a municipality, the governing body of the 8 municipality shall hold joint hearings on the preliminary 9 plat and annexation whenever possible.

10 (3) Notice of such a hearing shall must be given by 11 publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the 12 county not less than 15 days prior to the date of the hearing. The subdivider, each property owner of record, and 13 each purchaser under contract for deed of property 14 immediately adjoining the land included in the plat shall 15 16 must also be notified of the hearing by registered -- or certified mail not less than 15 days prior to the date of 17 18 the hearing.

19 (4) When a hearing is held by an agent or agency 20 designated by the governing body, the agent or agency shall 21 act in an advisory capacity and recommend to the governing 22 body the approval, conditional approval, or disapproval of 23 the plat. This recommendation must be submitted to the 24 governing body in writing not later than 10 days after the 25 public hearing.

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(5) For hearings under this section, irrelevant,
 immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence or comments must
 be excluded from consideration."

MEW SECTION. Section 22. Park dedication requirement.
(1) Except as provided in subsections (2), (3), and (7), a
subdivider shall dedicate to the governing body a cash or
land donation equal to:

8 (a) 7.5% of the fair market value of the land proposed9 to be subdivided into parcels of one-half acre or smaller;

(b) 5% of the fair market value of the land proposed to
be subdivided into parcels larger than one-half acre and not
larger than 1 acre;

13 (c) 2.5% of the fair market value of the land proposed
14 to be subdivided into parcels larger than 1 acre and not
15 larger than 3 acres; and

16 (d) 1.25% of the fair market value of the land proposed
17 to be subdivided into parcels larger than 3 acres and not
18 larger than 5 acres.

19 (2) When a subdivision is located totally within an area for which density requirements have been adopted 21 pursuant to a master plan under Title 76, chapter 1, or 22 pursuant to zoning regulations under Title 76, chapter 2, 23 the governing body may establish park dedication 24 requirements based on the community need for parks and the 25 development densities identified in the plans or

this subsection are in lieu of those provided in subsection 2 (1) and may not exceed 0.03 acres per dwelling unit. 3 4 (3) A park dedication may not be required for: 5 (a) land proposed for subdivision into parcels larger than 5 acres; б (b) land proposed for subdivision into parcels that are 7 all nonresidential; 8 9 (c) a subdivision in which parcels are not created, except when that subdivision provides permanent multiple 10 spaces for mobile homes or condominiums; 11 12 (d) a subdivision in which only one additional parcel 13 is created:

regulations. Park dedication requirements established under

14 (e) a minor subdivision; or

(f) a subdivision proposed in a jurisdiction that hasdisposed of parkland acquired under this section.

17 (4) For the purposes of this section, the fair market18 value is the value of the unsubdivided, unimproved land.

19 (5) The governing body, in consultation with the 20 subdivider and the planning board or park board having 21 jurisdiction, may determine suitable locations for parks and 22 playgrounds and, giving due consideration to the expressed 23 preference of the subdivider, may determine whether the park 24 dedication must be a land donation, cash donation, or a 25 combination of both.

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(6) (a) Except as provided in subsection (6)(b), the
 governing body shall use the dedicated money or land for
 development, acquisition, or maintenance of parks to serve
 the subdivision.

5 (b) The governing body may use the dedicated money to 6 acquire, develop, or maintain regional parks or recreational 7 areas or for the purchase of public open space or 8 conservation easements only if:

9 (i) the park, recreational area, open space, or
10 conservation easement is within a reasonably close proximity
11 to the proposed subdivision; and

12 (ii) the governing body has formally adopted a park plan 13 that establishes the needs and procedures for use of the 14 money.

15 (7) The local governing body shall waive the park dedication requirement if:

17 (a) (i) the preliminary plat provides for a planned
18 unit development or other development with land permanently
19 set aside for park and recreational uses sufficient to meet
20 the needs of the persons who will ultimately reside in the
21 development; and

(ii) the fair market value of the land set aside for
park and recreational purposes equals or exceeds the value
of the dedication required under subsection (1);

25 (b) (i) the preliminary plat provides long-term

protection of critical wildlife habitat; cultural,
 historical, or natural resources; agricultural interests; or
 aesthetic values; and

4 (ii) the fair market value of the land proposed to be 5 subdivided, by virtue of providing the long-term protection 6 described in subsection (7)(b)(i), is reduced by an amount 7 equal to or exceeding the value of the dedication required 8 under subsection (1); or

9 (c) the fair market value of the land proposed to be 10 subdivided, by virtue of a combination of the elements of 11 subsection (7)(a) and (7)(b), is reduced by an amount equal 12 to or exceeding the value of the dedication required under 13 subsection (1).

14 Section 23. Section 76-3-608, MCA, is amended to read: 15 "76-3-608. Criteria for local government review. (1) 16 The basis for the governing body's decision to approve, 17 conditionally approve, or disapprove a subdivision shall-be 18 is whether the preliminary plat, applicable environmental 19 assessment, public informational hearing, planning board recommendations, and or any additional information, 20 21 demonstrate demonstrates that development of the subdivision 22 would--be--in--the-public-interest.-The-governing-body-shall 23 disapprove-any-subdivision-which-it-finds-not-to-be--in--the 24 public-interest meets the requirements of this chapter. (2) To-determine-whether-the-proposed-subdivision-would 25

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1	beinthepublicinterest7the Except as provided in
2	subsection (6), the governing body shall issue written
3	findings of fact which that weigh the following criteria for
4	public-interest: in subsections (3) and (4), as applicable.
5	<pre>(s)the-basis-of-the-need-for-the-subdivision;</pre>
6	tb;expressed-public-opinion;
7	<pre>{c}effects-on-agriculture;</pre>
8	<pre>(d)effects-on-local-services;</pre>
9	te;effects-on-taxation;
10	ff)effects-on-the-natural-environment;
11	+g+effects-on-wildlife-and-wildlife-habitat;-and
12	<pre>(h)effects-on-the-public-health-and-safety-</pre>
13	(3) A subdivision proposal must undergo review for the
14	following primary criteria:
15	(a) The subdivision's effect on agricultural or
16	agricultural water-user practices must be reviewed.
17	(b) The subdivision's effect on local services must be
18	reviewed.
19	(c) The subdivision must comply with water supply,
20	solid waste disposal, sewage treatment, and water quality
21	standards, as provided for in Title 76, chapter 4, part 1.
22	(d) The subdivision must provide easements for the
23	location and installation of any planned utilities.
24	(e) The subdivision plat or an instrument of transfer
25	must contain the statements regarding legal and physical

access required under 76-3-302.
(f) Lots within the subdivision may not have building
sites within a floodway as defined by Title 76, chapter 5.
(g) Except as provided in subsection (3)(h), the
subdivision must be evaluated to determine if lots may be
affected by the following hazards:
(i) unstable slopes, including areas where rockfalls,
landslides, mudslides, or avalanches have occurred or can
reasonably be expected to occur;

- 10 <u>(ii) unsuitable soils; or</u>
 11 <u>(iii) drainage problems.</u>
- 12 (h) The hazard evaluation required under subsection
- 13 (3)(g) does not apply to the first minor subdivision from a
- 14 tract of record.

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- 15 (4) Subdivisions evaluated for hazards under subsection
- 16 (3)(g) must be reviewed as follows:
- 17 (a) Local government regulations must provide specific
- 18 standards for evaluation and mitigation.
- 19 (b) Existing and reasonably accessible data must be
- 20 used for the evaluation unless otherwise agreed to by the
- 21 subdivider and the governing body.
- 22 (c) Approved construction techniques may be required to
- 23 mitigate or overcome hazards.
- 24 (d) If a hazard is found to exist, notice of the hazard
- 25 must be placed on the final plat.

1	(5) (a) In reviewing subdivisions, the governing body
2	shall use information from the environmental assessment, if
3	required, and may solicit other site-specific information
4	from the subdivider, agencies, and other appropriate
5	sources. Efforts by the governing body to gather additional
6	information do not constitute grounds for extending the
7	deadlines for the subdivision review process provided for in
8	76-3-604 and 76-3-609 unless an extension is agreed to by
9	the subdivider.
10	(b) In reviewing a subdivision under this section, a
11	governing body must be guided by the following standards:
12 -	(i) mitigation measures imposed must not unreasonably
13	restrict a landowner's ability to develop land; and
14	(ii) whenever feasible, mitigation should be designed to
15	provide some benefits for the subdivider.
16	(6) (a) When a minor subdivision is proposed in an area
17	for which a master plan has been adopted pursuant to chapter
18	l and the proposed subdivision will comply with the plan,
19	the subdivision is exempt from the approval criteria
20	contained in this section but is subject to applicable
21	zoning regulations.
22	(b) In order for a master plan to serve as the basis
23	for the exemption provided by this subsection (6), the plan
24	must, at a minimum, contain housing, transportation, and
25	land-use elements and a discussion of physical constraints

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1	on development that exist within the area encompassed by the
2	plan."
3	Section 24. Section 76-3-609, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"76-3-609. Review procedure for minor subdivisions.
5	Subdivisionscontainingfive-or-fewer-parcels-where-proper
6	access-to-all-lots-is-provided-and-in-which-no-land-is-to-be
7	dedicated-to-thepublicforparksorplaygrounds <u>Minor</u>
8	subdivisions are to be reviewed as follows:
9	(1) The governing body must approve, conditionally
10	approve, or disapprove the first such minor subdivision from
11	a tract of record within 35 days of the submission of an
12	application for minor subdivision approval thereof. The
13	subdivider and the governing body may agree to extend the
14	review time period. Failure by the local governing body to
15	act on a complete subdivision application is not a basis for
16	subdivision denial. A subdivision application that meets the
17	provisions of this chapter is approved if the governing body
18	does not take action within the review time period
19	established by this chapter.
20	(2) The governing body shall state in writing the
21	conditions which must be met if the subdivision is
22	conditionally approved or what local regulations would not
23	be met by the subdivision if it disapproves the subdivision.
24	(3) The requirements for holding a public hearing $_{t}$ and

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25 preparing an environmental assessment, and dedication of

1 parkland or cash-in-lieu payment shall do not apply to-the 2 first-such-subdivision-created-from-a--tract--of--record to 3 minor subdivisions.

4 (4) Subsequent After 5 parcels have been reviewed and 5 approved through the summary review process, subsequent 6 subdivisions from a the same tract of record shall must be 7 reviewed under 76-3-505 <u>76-3-504</u> and regulations adopted 8 pursuant to that section."

9 Section 25. Section 76-3-613, MCA, is amended to read:
 "76-3-613. Index of plats, certificates of survey, and
 records of survey to be kept by county clerk and recorder.
 (1) The county clerk and recorder shall maintain an index of
 all recorded subdivision plats, and certificates of survey,
 and records of surveys.

15 (2) This index shall must list plats, and certificates 16 of survey, and records of surveys by the quarter section, section, township, and range in which the platted or 17 surveyed land lies and shall must list the recording or 18 19 filing numbers of all plats depicting lands lying within each guarter section. Each guarter section list shall must 20 definitive to the exclusion of all other guarter 21 be 22 sections. The index shall must also list the names of all subdivision plats in alphabetical order and the place where 23 24 filed."

25 Section 26. Section 76-6-203, MCA, is amended to read:

"76-6-203. Types of permissible easements. Easements or
 restrictions under this chapter may prohibit or limit any-or
 ait-of the following:

4 (1) structures--construction or placing of buildings,
5 camping trailers, housetrailers, mobile homes, roads, signs,
6 billboards or other advertising, utilities, or other
7 structures on or above the ground;

8 (2) landfill--dumping or placing of soil or other
9 substance or material as landfill or dumping or placing of
10 trash, waste, or unsightly or offensive materials;

11 (3) vegetation--removal or destruction of trees, 12 shrubs, or other vegetation;

13 (4) loam, gravel, etc.--excavation, dredging, or
14 removal of loam, peat, gravel, soil, rock, or other material
15 substance;

16 (5) surface use-surface use except for such purposes
17 permitting the land or water area to remain predominantly in
18 its existing condition;

19 (6) acts detrimental to conservation--activities
20 detrimental to drainage, flood control, water conservation,
21 erosion control, soil conservation, or fish and wildlife
22 habitat and preservation;

23 (7) subdivision of land--subdivision of land as defined

24 in 76-3-103y-76-3-104y and 76-3-202;

25 (8) other acts--other acts or uses detrimental to such

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retention of land or water areas in their existing
 conditions."

3 Section 27. Section 7-16-2324, MCA, is amended to read: "7-16-2324. Sale, lease, or exchange of dedicated park 4 tands parkland. (1) For the purposes of this section and 5 part 25 of chapter 8, lands dedicated to the public use for 6 7 park or playground purposes under 76-3-606--and--76-3-607 [section 22] or a similar statute or pursuant to any 8 instrument not specifically conveying land to a governmental 9 10 unit other than a county are considered county lands.

(2) A county may not sell, lease, or exchange lands
 dedicated for park or playground purposes except as provided
 under this section and part 25 of chapter 8.

14 (3) Prior to selling, leasing, or exchanging any county
15 land dedicated to public use for park or playground
16 purposes, a county shall:

17 (a) compile an inventory of all public parks and
18 playgrounds within the county;

(b) prepare a comprehensive plan for the provision of
outdoor recreation and open space within the county;

21 (c) determine that the proposed sale, lease, or
22 exchange furthers or is consistent with the county's outdoor
23 recreation and open space comprehensive plan;

(d) publish notice as provided in 7-1-2121 of intention
to sell, lease, or dispose of such--lands the parkland or

<u>playground land</u>, giving the people of the county opportunity
 to be heard regarding such the action;

3 (e) if the land is within an incorporated city or town,
4 secure the approval of the governing body thereof for the
5 action; and

6 (f) comply with any other applicable requirements under7 part 25 of chapter 8.

8 (4) Any revenue realized by a county from the sale,
9 exchange, or disposal of lands dedicated to public use for
10 park or playground purposes shall must be paid into the park
11 fund and used in the manner prescribed in 76-3-606--and
12 76-3-607 [section 22] for cash received in lieu of
13 dedication."

14 NEW SECTION. Section 28. Repealer. Sections 76-3-104,

15 76-3-505, 76-3-606, and 76-3-607, MCA, are repealed.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 29. Codification instruction.

17 [Section 22] is intended to be codified as an integral part

18 of Title 76, chapter 3, part 6, and the provisions of Title

19 76, chapter 3, part 6, apply to [section 22].

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STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB0343, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION: An act generally revising the Montana Subdivision Platting Act; establishing a right to sue local governments for violations of the act; redefining divisions of land; establishing additional requirements for instruments of transfer; modifying local government subdivision review criteria; and modifying parkland dedication requirements.

ASSUMPTIONS :

- The proposed law substantially changes existing procedures for reviewing subdivisions and dealing with exempt divisions 1. of land. Thirty sections of the law have been changed. SB0343 modifies land surveying procedures for exempt divisions of land.
- 2. Due to these substantial changes, the Department of Commerce (DOC) will need to: hire a consultant to help design the new model local regulations; print and distribute publications to provide technical assistance to local officials and developers; hold eight workshops per year to assist local officials, developers, and surveyors in understanding the new law; and revise administrative rules.
- 3. Costs for implementing SB0343 are based on the costs incurred by DOC to implement the substantial revisions to the subdivision law in 1973.
- 4. There is no impact on the Department of Health & Environmental Sciences subdivision review and approval function.

FISCAL IMPACT:	FY '94			FY '95		
Commerce, CTAP:	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	<u>Difference</u>
Expenditures:	*					
Personal Services	105,263	105,263	0	105,368	105,368	0
Operating	66,568	110,276	43,708	66,618	73,846	7,228
Equipment	2,820	2,820	0	2,820	2,820	0
Total	174,651	218,359	43,708	174,806	182,034	7,228
Net General Fund Impact:	174,651	218,359	43,708	174,806	182,034	7,228

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES: Passage would extensively change the state subdivision laws; therefore, requiring local governments to extensively change local procedures, regulations, and evaluation methods for subdivisions and exempted divisions of land. SB0343 also would require changes in the surveying of exempt divisions of land. City and county planners, county sanitarians, planning boards, city commissions, county commissions, and county clerk and recorders will have to substantially change their current procedures. To develop and implement local regulations to comply with SB0343, local governments may have to retain additional local staff specialists. The state wide quantification of these local costs for preparing and implementing these regulations and procedures is not available.

DAVID LEWIS, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE Office of Budget and Program Planning

(Continued)

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PRIMARY SPONSOR BERNIE SWIFT.

Fiscal Note for SB0343, as introduc

Fiscal Note Request, <u>SB0343, as introduced</u> Form BD-15 page 2 (continued)

TECHNICAL NOTES:

- 1. Constitutional concerns. (Page 3, line 25, through page 4, line 4: defining "executive proceedings"; page 29, lines 14 through 16: describing subdivision approval process; page 38, line 24 through page 39, line 3: describing approval process for minor subdivisions during "executive proceedings" in which the governing body may not accept any public comment except answers to "specific questions" posed by the governing body). Because under this bill a public hearing may never be held on a proposed minor subdivision, this exclusion of public comment at the time a decision is made would appear to violate the public's constitutional right to participate in the governmental decision making process (Article II, Section 9, Montana Constitution; sections 2-3-101 through 2-3-114, MCA).
- 2. Notice requirement. (Page 22, lines 14 through 16.) This provision requires that local subdivision regulations contain procedures "based on the minimum requirements as provided for in 7-1-4127, MCA, for providing public notice of subdivision applications and hearings." Although section 7-1-4127, MCA, establishes circulation and frequency of publication standards a local newspaper must meet before a municipality can publish official notices in it, the statute does not address the content, frequency, or timing of notice. These matters are addressed by section 7-1-4128, MCA.
- 3. Definition of "informational hearing." (Page 34, line 19.) In modifying the criteria according to which the governing body is to review a subdivision proposal, SB0343 deletes the modifier "public" to describe the hearing held on the proposal and substitutes the word "informational." The distinction between a public and an informational hearing is unclear, and the bill does not define the term "informational."
- 4. Unclear language regarding relocation of boundaries. (Page 10, lines 15 through 18.) In modifying the Subdivision and Platting Act exemption from subdivision review for the relocation of certain common boundaries SB0343 states: "If common boundaries are relocated or if five or fewer lots within plated subdivisions are aggregated, the boundary relocation must be recorded on an amended plat or subdivision plat." It is unclear whether under this language the "five or fewer lot" limitation applies to the relocation of boundaries between platted lots as well as to the aggregation of the lots.
- 5. Conflict with regard to governing body's obligation to maintain private roads. (Page 19, lines 5 through 13; page 23 lines 8 through 12.) The statement which new subsection 76-3-404(4), MCA, would require to be included on a certificate of survey, subdivision plat, or instrument of conveyance specifies that the governing body is not responsible for maintenance of private roads unless the roads are: 1) constructed to local government standards, 2) dedicated to the public, and 3) accepted by the governing body. However, at page 23, lines 8 through 12, SB0343 specifies that a county is responsible for maintaining private roads that: 1) meet local government standards, and 2) have been dedicated to the public regardless of whether the governing body has accepted that dedication.