# HOUSE BILL NO. 483

INTRODUCED BY TOOLE, FAGG

IN THE HOUSE

FEBRUARY 5, 1993

-

INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.

FIRST READING.

- FEBRUARY 17, 1993 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
- FEBRUARY 18, 1993 PRINTING REPORT.

FEBRUARY 19, 1993 SECOND READING, DO PASS.

ON MOTION, REREFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

FEBRUARY 20, 1993 ENGROSSING REPORT.

MARCH 16, 1993 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.

MARCH 17, 1993 PRINTING REPORT.

MARCH 25, 1993 SECOND READING, DO PASS.

ON MOTION, RULES SUSPENDED AND BILL PLACED ON THIRD READING.

THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 88; NOES, 11.

TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.

IN THE SENATE

MARCH 26, 1993 INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORTATION.

FIRST READING.

APRIL 13, 1993 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.

APRIL 14, 1993 SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.

APRIL 15, 1993

-

THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 34; NOES, 13.

RETURNED TO HOUSE.

IN THE HOUSE

APRIL 16, 1993

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

HOUSE BILL NO. 483 INTRODUCED BY And the Dage 1 2 3

4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A PERSON 5 OPERATING A VEHICLE UPON THE WAYS OF THE STATE OPEN TO THE 6 PUBLIC CONSENTS TO MORE THAN ONE TEST FOR THE PRESENCE OF 7 ALCOHOL OR DRUGS; PROVIDING THAT AN ALCOHOL TEST BE GIVEN 8 FIRST AND THAT A DRUG TEST MAY NOT BE GIVEN IF THE ALCOHOL 9 TEST IS FAILED; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 61-8-402, 61-8-403, 10 61-8-404, AND 61-8-405, MCA."

11

12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: Section 1. Section 61-8-402, MCA, is amended to read: 13 14 "61-8-402. Blood, breath, or urine tests. (1) Any 15 person who operates or is in actual physical control of a vehicle upon ways of this state open to the public shall-be 16 deemed is considered to have given consent, subject to the 17 18 provisions of 61-8-401, to a test or tests of his the 19 person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of 20 determining any measured amount or detected presence of 21 alcohol in his the person's body if arrested by a peace 22 officer for driving or for being in actual physical control 23 of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or 24 a combination of the two. The test or tests shall must be

25 administered at the direction of a peace officer having



1 reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been 2 driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle upon ways 3 of this state open to the public, while under the influence 4 of alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two. The 5 arresting officer may designate which test or tests shall-be are administered. A test for alcohol must be given first, 6 7 whether or not that test also tests for drugs, and if the 8 test shows an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more, a test ۵ for drugs may not be given.

10 (2) Any person who is unconscious or who is otherwise 11 in a condition rendering him the person incapable of refusal 12 shall--be--deemed is considered not to have withdrawn the 13 consent provided by subsection (1) of this section.

14 (3) If a driver under arrest refuses upon the request 15 of a peace officer to submit to a test or tests designated 16 by the arresting officer as provided in subsection (1), none 17 shall a test may not be given, but the officer shall, on behalf of the department, immediately seize his the person's 18 19 driver's license. The peace officer shall forward the 20 license to the department, along with a sworn report that he the peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe the 21 22 arrested person had been driving or was in actual physical 23 control of a vehicle upon ways of this state open to the 24 public, while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two, and that the person had refused to 25

> -2- H& 483 INTRODUCED BILL

submit to the test <u>or tests</u> upon the request of the peace
 officer. Upon receipt of the report, the department shall
 suspend the license for the period provided in subsection
 (5).

5 (4) Upon seizure of a driver's license, the peace 6 officer shall issue, on behalf of the department, a 7 temporary driving permit, which is valid for 72 hours after 8 the time of issuance.

9 (5) The following suspension and revocation periods are
applicable upon refusal to submit to a test <u>or tests</u>:

(a) upon a first refusal, a suspension of 90 days with
 no provision for a restricted probationary license;

(b) upon a second or subsequent refusal within 5 years
of a previous refusal, as determined from the records of the
department, a revocation of 1 year with no provision for a
restricted probationary license.

17 (6) A nonresident driver's license seized under this 18 section must be sent by the department to the licensing 19 authority of the nonresident's home state with a report of 20 the nonresident's refusal to submit to a test or tests.

(7) All such suspensions are subject to review as
 hereinafter provided in this part."

23 Section 2. Section 61-8-403, MCA, is amended to read:
24 "61-8-403. Right of appeal to court. The department
25 shall immediately notify any person whose license or

1 privilege to drive has been suspended or revoked--as 2 hereinbefore--authorized, in writing, and such the person 3 shall-have has the right to file a petition within 30 days thereafter after notice for a hearing in the matter in the 4 district court in the county wherein--such in which the 5 person resides or in the district court in the county in 6 7 which this arrest was made. Such The court is-hereby--vested 8 with has jurisdiction and it shall be-its-duty-to set the matter for hearing upon 10 days' written notice to the 9 county attorney of the county wherein in which the appeal is 10 11 filed, and such the county attorney shall represent the 12 statey-and-thereupon-the. The court shall take testimony and 13 examine into the facts of the case, except that the issues shall are be limited to whether a peace officer had 14 15 reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or 16 was in actual physical control of a vehicle upon ways of 17 this state open to the public, while under the influence of 18 alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two, whether the person was placed under arrest, and whether such the person 19 20 refused to submit to the test or tests. The court shall 21 thereupon determine whether the petitioner is entitled to a 22 license or is subject to suspension as-heretofore-provided." Section 3. Section 61-8-404, MCA, is amended to read: 23

24 "61-8-404. Rvidence admissible -- conditions of
 25 admissibility. (1) Upon the trial of any criminal action or

LC 1228/01

-3-

-4-

other proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been
 committed by any person in violation of 61-8-401 or
 61-8-406:

4 (a) evidence of any measured amount or detected
5 presence of alcohol in the person at the time of the act
6 alleged, as shown by an analysis of his the person's blood,
7 breath, or urine, is admissible; and

8 (b) a report of the facts and results of any test or
9 tests of a person's blood, breath, or urine administered
10 under 61-8-402 is admissible in evidence if:

(i) the breath test was performed by a person certified 11 by the forensic sciences division of the department to 12 administer breath tests or the blood or urine test was a 13 laboratory analysis and the analysis was done in a 14 laboratory operated by the department or by any other 15 or facility certified or exempt from 16 laboratory certification under the rules of the department; and 17

18 (ii) the test was on a blood sample, the person 19 withdrawing the blood was competent to do so under 20 61-8-405(1).

(2) If the person under arrest refused to submit to the
test or tests as provided in this section, proof of refusal
is admissible in any criminal action or proceeding arising
out of acts alleged to have been committed while the person
was driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle upon

the ways of this state open to the public, while under the
 influence of alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two.
 (3) The provisions of this part do not limit the

4 introduction of any other competent evidence bearing on the 5 question of whether the person was under the influence of 6 alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two."

7 Section 4. Section 61-8-405, MCA, is amended to read: 8 "61-8-405. Administration of tests. (1) Only a 9 physician or registered nurse or other qualified person 10 under the supervision and direction of a physician or 11 registered nurse acting at the request of a peace officer may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining any 12 13 measured amount or detected presence of alcohol in the 14 person. This limitation does not apply to the taking of 15 breath or urine specimens.

16 (2) The person may, at his the person's own expense, 17 have a physician or registered nurse of his the person's own 18 choosing administer a test, in addition to any administered 19 at the direction of a peace officer, for the purpose of 20 determining any measured amount or detected presence of 21 alcohol in the person at the time alleged, as shown by analysis of his the person's blood, breath, or urine. The 22 23 failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a 24 person does not preclude the admissibility in evidence of 25 the test or tests taken at the direction of a peace officer.

### LC 1228/01

1 (3) Upon the request of the person tested, full 2 information concerning the test or tests taken at the 3 direction of the peace officer must be made available to him 4 the person or his the person's attorney.

5 (4) No <u>A</u> physician or registered nurse or other 6 qualified person under the supervision and direction of a 7 physician or registered nurse shell <u>does not</u> incur any civil 8 or criminal liability as a result of the proper 9 administering of a blood test when requested in writing by a 10 peace officer to administer such a test.

11 (5) If a test given under 61-8-402 or 61-8-806 is a 12 test of urine, the person tested must be given such privacy 13 in the taking of the urine specimen as <u>that</u> will ensure the 14 integrity of the specimen and, at the same time, maintain 15 the dignity of the individual involved.

16 (6) The department in cooperation with any appropriate
17 agency shall adopt uniform rules for the giving of tests and
18 may require certification of training to administer the
19 tests as considered necessary."

-End+

-7-

# 53rd Legislature

HB 0483/02

## APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 483
2	INTRODUCED BY TOOLE, FAGG
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A PERSON
5	OPERATING A VEHICLE UPON THE WAYS OF THE STATE OPEN TO THE
6	PUBLIC CONSENTS TO MORE THAN ONE TEST FOR THE PRESENCE OF
7	ALCOHOL OR DRUGS; PROVIDING THAT AN ALCOHOL TEST BE GIVEN
8	FIRST AND THAT A DRUG TEST MAY NOT BE GIVEN IF THE ALCOHOL
9	TEST IS FAILED; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 61-8-402, 61-8-403,
10	61-8-404, AND 61-8-405, MCA."
11	
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
13	Section 1. Section 61-8-402, MCA, is amended to read:
14	61-8-402. Blood, breath, or urine tests. (1) Any
15	person who operates or is in actual physical control of a
16	vehicle upon ways of this state open to the public shall-be
17	deemed is considered to have given consent, subject to the
18	provisions of 61-8-401, to a test or tests of his the
19	person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of
20	determining any measured amount or detected presence of
21	alcohol OR DRUGS in his the person's body if arrested by a
22	peace officer for driving or for being in actual physical
<b>2</b> 3	control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol,
24	drugs, or a combination of the two. The test or tests shall
25	must be administered at the direction of a peace officer

HB 0483/02

1	having reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been
2	driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle upon ways
3	of this state open to the public, while under the influence
4	of alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two. The
5	arresting officer may designate which test or tests shall-be
6	are administered. A test for alcohol must be given first,
7	whether or not that test also tests for drugs, and if the
8	test shows an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more, a test
9	for drugs may not be given.
10	(2) Any person who is unconscious or who is otherwise
11	in a condition rendering him the person incapable of refusal
12	shallbedeemed is considered not to have withdrawn the
13	consent provided by subsection (1) of this section.
14	(3) If a driver under arrest refuses upon the request
15	of a peace officer to submit to a test or tests designated
16	by the arresting officer as provided in subsection (1), none
17	shall a test may not be given, but the officer shall, on
18	behalf of the department, immediately seize his the person's
19	driver's license. The peace officer shall forward the
20	license to the department, along with a sworn report that he
21	the peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe the
22	arrested person had been driving or was in actual physical
23	control of a vehicle upon ways of this state open to the
24	public, while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or a
25	combination of the two, and that the person had refused to

-2-

Montana Legislative Counce

HB 483 SECOND READING submit to the test or tests upon the request of the peace
 officer. Upon receipt of the report, the department shall
 suspend the license for the period provided in subsection
 (5).

5 (4) Upon seizure of a driver's license, the peace 6 officer shall issue, on behalf of the department, a 7 temporary driving permit, which is valid for 72 hours after 8 the time of issuance.

9 (5) The following suspension and revocation periods are
10 applicable upon refusal to submit to a test or tests:

11 (a) upon a first refusal, a suspension of 90 days with
12 no provision for a restricted probationary license;

(b) upon a second or subsequent refusal within 5 years
of a previous refusal, as determined from the records of the
department, a revocation of 1 year with no provision for a
restricted probationary license.

(6) A nonresident driver's license seized under this
section must be sent by the department to the licensing
authority of the nonresident's home state with a report of
the nonresident's refusal to submit to a test or tests.

(7) All such suspensions are subject to review as
 hereinafter provided in this part."

Section 2. Section 61-B-403, MCA, is amended to read:
 "61-8-403. Right of appeal to court. The department
 shall immediately notify any person whose license or

-3-

HB 483

privilege to drive has been suspended or revokedy--as 1 hereinbefore -- authorized, in writing, and such the person 2 shall-have has the right to file a petition within 30 days 3 thereafter after notice for a hearing in the matter in the 4 5 district court in the county wherein--such in which the person resides or in the district court in the county in 6 7 which this arrest was made. Such The court is-hereby--vested with has jurisdiction and it shall be-its-duty-to set the 8 matter for hearing upon 10 days' written notice to the 9 10 county attorney of the county wherein in which the appeal is filed, and such the county attorney shall represent the 11 state7-and-thereupon-the. The court shall take testimony and 12 examine into the facts of the case, except that the issues 13 shall are be limited to whether a peace officer had 14 15 reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a vehicle upon ways of 16 this state open to the public, while under the influence of 17 alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two, whether the 18 person was placed under arrest, and whether such the person 19 20 refused to submit to the test or tests. The court shall thereupon determine whether the petitioner is entitled to a 21 22 license or is subject to suspension as-heretofore-provided." 23 Section 3. Section 61-8-404, MCA, is amended to read:

24 "61-8-404. Evidence admissible -- conditions of
25 admissibility. (1) Upon the trial of any criminal action or

HB 0483/02

-4-

other proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been
 committed by any person in violation of 61-8-401 or
 61-8-406:

(a) evidence of any measured amount or detected 4 presence of alcohol OR DRUGS in the person at the time of 5 the act alleged, as shown by an analysis of his the person's 6 blood, breath, or urine, is admissible;-and. A POSITIVE TEST 7 8 RESULT DOES NOT, IN ITSELF, PROVE THAT THE PERSON WAS UNDER 9 THE INFLUENCE OF A DRUG OR DRUGS AT THE TIME THE PERSON WAS IN CONTROL OF A MOTOR VEHICLE. A PERSON MAY NOT BE CONVICTED 10 11 OF A VIOLATION OF 61-8-401 BASED UPON THE PRESENCE OF A DRUG 12 OR DRUGS IN THE PERSON UNLESS SOME OTHER COMPETENT EVIDENCE 13 EXISTS THAT TENDS TO ESTABLISH THAT THE PERSON WAS UNDER THE 14 INFLUENCE OF A DRUG OR DRUGS WHILE DRIVING OR IN ACTUAL 15 PHYSICAL CONTROL OF A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHIN THIS STATE.

16 (b) a report of the facts and results of any test or
17 <u>tests</u> of a person's blood, breath, or urine administered
18 under 61-8-402 is admissible in evidence if:

19 (i) the breath test was performed by a person certified by the forensic sciences division of the department to 20 administer breath tests or the blood or urine test was a 21 22 laboratory analysis and the analysis was done in a 23 laboratory operated by the department or by any other laboratory or facility certified or exempt 24 from certification under the rules of the department; and 25

-5-

HB 483

(ii) the test was on a blood sample, the person
 withdrawing the blood was competent to do so under
 61-8-405(1).

4 (2) If the person under arrest refused to submit to the 5 test <u>or tests</u> as provided in this section, proof of refusal 6 is admissible in any criminal action or proceeding arising 7 out of acts alleged to have been committed while the person 8 was driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle upon 9 the ways of this state open to the public, while under the 10 influence of alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two.

11 (3) The provisions of this part do not limit the 12 introduction of any other competent evidence bearing on the 13 question of whether the person was under the influence of 14 alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two."

15 Section 4. Section 61-8-405, MCA, is amended to read:

16 "61-8-405. Administration of tests. (1) Only a 17 physician or registered nurse or other qualified person 18 under the supervision and direction of a physician or 19 registered nurse acting at the request of a peace officer 20 may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining any 21 measured amount or detected presence of alcohol in the 22 person. This limitation does not apply to the taking of 23 breath or urine specimens.

24 (2) The person may, at his the person's own expense,
25 have a physician or registered nurse of his the person's own

-6-

HB 0483/02

choosing administer a test, in addition to any administered 1 at the direction of a peace officer, for the purpose of 2 3 determining any measured amount or detected presence of alcohol OR DRUGS in the person at the time alleged, as shown 4 by analysis of his the person's blood, breath, or urine. The 5 failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a 6 7 person does not preclude the admissibility in evidence of the test or tests taken at the direction of a peace officer. 8 9 (3) Upon the request of the person tested, full 10 information concerning the test or tests taken at the 11 direction of the peace officer must be made available to him the person or his the person's attorney. 12

13 (4) No <u>A</u> physician or registered nurse or other 14 qualified person under the supervision and direction of a 15 physician or registered nurse shall <u>does not</u> incur any civil 16 or criminal liability as a result of the proper 17 administering of a blood test when requested in writing by a 18 peace officer to administer such a test.

19 (5) If a test given under 61-8-402 or 61-8-806 is a 20 test of urine, the person tested must be given such privacy 21 in the taking of the urine specimen as <u>that</u> will ensure the 22 integrity of the specimen and, at the same time, maintain 23 the dignity of the individual involved.

24 (6) The department in cooperation with any appropriate25 agency shall adopt uniform rules for the giving of tests and

HB 0483/02

- 1 may require certification of training to administer the
- 2 tests as considered necessary."

-End-

-8-

HOUSE BILL NO. 483

INTRODUCED BY TOOLE, PAGG

4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A PERSON 5 OPERATING A VEHICLE UPON THE WAYS OF THE STATE OPEN TO THE 6 PUBLIC CONSENTS TO MORE THAN ONE TEST FOR THE PRESENCE OF 7 ALCOHOL OR DRUGS; PROVIDING THAT AN ALCOHOL TEST BE GIVEN 8 FIRST AND THAT A DRUG TEST MAY NOT BE GIVEN IF THE ALCOHOL 9 TEST IS FAILED; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 61-8-402, 61-8-403, 10 61-8-404, AND 61-8-405, MCA."

11

1

2

3

12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

13 Section 1. Section 61-8-402, MCA, is amended to read: \*61-8-402. Blood, breath, or urine tests. (1) Any 14 person who operates or is in actual physical control of a 15 16 vehicle upon ways of this state open to the public shall--be 17 deemed is considered to have given consent, subject to the 18 provisions of 61-8-401, to a test or tests of his the person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of 19 20 determining any measured amount or detected presence of 21 alcohol OR DRUGS in his the person's body if arrested by a 22 peace officer for driving or for being in actual physical 23 control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, 24 drugs, or a combination of the two. The test or tests shall must be administered at the direction of a peace officer 25

HB 0483/02

1 having reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been 2 driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle upon ways З of this state open to the public, while under the influence A of alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two. The 5 arresting officer may designate which test or tests shall-be 6 are administered. A test for alcohol must be given first, 7 whether or not that test also tests for drugs, and if the 8 test shows an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more, a test 9 for drugs may not be given.

10 (2) Any person who is unconscious or who is otherwise
11 in a condition rendering him the person incapable of refusal
12 shall--be--deemed is considered not to have withdrawn the
13 consent provided by subsection (1) of this section.

14 (3) If a driver under arrest refuses upon the request 15 of a peace officer to submit to a test or tests designated 16 by the arresting officer as provided in subsection (1), none 17 shall a test may not be given, but the officer shall, on 18 behalf of the department, immediately seize his the person's

> THERE ARE NO CHANGES IN THIS BILL AND WILL NOT BE REPRINTED. PLEASE REFER TO YELLOW COPY FOR COMPLETE TEXT.

> > -2-

THIRD READING

HB 0483/02

HOUSE BILL NO. 483 INTRODUCED BY TOOLE, FAGG

4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT A PERSON 5 OPERATING A VEHICLE UPON THE WAYS OF THE STATE OPEN TO THE 6 PUBLIC CONSENTS TO NORE THAN ONE TEST FOR THE PRESENCE OF 7 ALCOHOL OR DRUGS; PROVIDING THAT AN ALCOHOL TEST BE GIVEN 8 FIRST AND THAT A DRUG TEST NAY NOT BE GIVEN IF THE ALCOHOL 9 TEST IS FAILED; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 61-8-402, 61-8-403, 10 61-8-404, AND 61-8-405, MCA."

11

1

2

3

12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

13 Section 1. Section 61-8-402, MCA, is amended to read: "61-8-402. Blood, breath, or urine tests. (1) Any 14 15 person who operates or is in actual physical control of a 16 vehicle upon ways of this state open to the public shall-be 17 deemed is considered to have given consent, subject to the 18 provisions of 61-8-401, to a test or tests of his the 19 person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of 20 determining any measured amount or detected presence of alcohol OR DRUGS in his the person's body if arrested by a 21 22 peace officer for driving or for being in actual physical 23 control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol. 24 drugs, or a combination of the two. The test or tests shall 25 must be administered at the direction of a peace officer

having reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been 1 2 driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle upon ways 3 of this state open to the public, while under the influence 4 of alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two. The arresting officer may designate which test or tests shall-be 5 are administered. A test for alcohol must be given first, 6 7 whether or not that test also tests for drugs, and if the test shows an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more, a test 8 9 for drugs may not be given.

(2) Any person who is unconscious or who is otherwise
in a condition rendering him the person incapable of refusal
shall-be-deemed is considered not to have withdrawn the
consent provided by subsection (1) of this mection.

14 (3) If a driver under arrest refuses upon the request 15 of a peace officer to submit to a test or tests designated 16 by the arresting officer as provided in subsection (1), none 17 shall a test may not be given, but the officer shall, on 18 behalf of the department, immediately seize his the person's 19 driver's license. The peace officer shall forward the license to the department, along with a sworn report that he 20 21 the peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe the 22 arrested person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a vehicle upon ways of this state open to the 23 24 public, while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or a 25 combination of the two, and that the person had refused to

-2-

HB 483

REFERENCE BILL

submit to the test or tests upon the request of the peace
 officer. Upon receipt of the report, the department shall
 suspend the license for the period provided in subsection
 (5).

5 (4) Upon seizure of a driver's license, the peace 6 officer shall issue, on behalf of the department, a 7 temporary driving permit, which is valid for 72 hours after 8 the time of issuance.

9 (5) The following suspension and revocation periods are
10 applicable upon refusal to submit to a test or tests:

(a) upon a first refusal, a suspension of 90 days with
 no provision for a restricted probationary license;

(b) upon a second or subsequent refusal within 5 years
of a previous refusal, as determined from the records of the
department, a revocation of 1 year with no provision for a
restricted probationary license.

17 (6) A nonresident driver's license seized under this 18 section must be sent by the department to the licensing 19 authority of the nonresident's home state with a report of 20 the nonresident's refusal to submit to a test or tests.

21 (7) All such suspensions are subject to review as 22 hereinafter provided in this part."

23 Section 2. Section 61-8-403, NCA, is amended to read:
24 "61-8-403. Right of appeal to court. The department
25 shall immediately notify any person whose license or

1 privilege to drive has been suspended or revokedy--as 2 hereinbefore -- authorizedy in writing, and such the person 3 shall-have has the right to file a petition within 30 days thereafter after notice for a hearing in the matter in the 4 district court in the county wherein--such in which the 5 person resides or in the district court in the county in 6 which this arrest was made. Such The court is-hereby--vested 7 with has jurisdiction and it shall be-its-duty-to set the R matter for hearing upon 10 days' written notice to the 9 10 county attorney of the county wherein in which the appeal is filed, and such the county attorney shall represent the 11 stater-and-thereupon-the. The court shall take testimony and 12 examine into the facts of the case, except that the issues 13 shall are be limited to whether a peace officer had 14 15 reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or 16 was in actual physical control of a vehicle upon ways of this state open to the public, while under the influence of 17 alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two, whether the 18 19 person was placed under arrest, and whether such the person refused to submit to the test or tests. The court shall 20 thereupon determine whether the petitioner is entitled to a 21 license or is subject to suspension as-heretofore-provided." 22

23 Section 3. Section 61-8-404, MCA, is amended to read:
 24 "61-8-404. Evidence admissible -- conditions of

25 admissibility. (1) Upon the trial of any criminal action or

-4-

-3-

HB 483

other proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been
 committed by any person in violation of 61-8-401 or
 61-8-406:

(a) evidence of any measured amount or detected 4 presence of alcohol OR DRUGS in the person at the time of 5 the act alleged, as shown by an analysis of his the person's 7 blood, breath, or urine, is admissible;-and. A POSITIVE TEST RESULT DOES NOT, IN ITSELP, PROVE THAT THE PERSON WAS UNDER 9 THE INFLUENCE OF A DRUG OR DRUGS AT THE TIME THE PERSON WAS IN CONTROL OF A NOTOR VEHICLE. A PERSON MAY NOT BE CONVICTED 10 11 OF A VIOLATION OF 61-8-401 BASED UPON THE PRESENCE OF A DRUG 12 OR DRUGS IN THE PERSON UNLESS SOME OTHER COMPETENT EVIDENCE EXISTS THAT TENDS TO ESTABLISH THAT THE PERSON WAS UNDER THE 13 14 INFLUENCE OF A DRUG OR DRUGS WHILE DRIVING OR IN ACTUAL 15 PHYSICAL CONTROL OF A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHIN THIS STATE.

(b) a report of the facts and results of any test or
<u>tests</u> of a person's blood, breath, or urine administered
under 61-8-402 is admissible in evidence if:

19 (i) the breath test was performed by a person certified 20 by the forensic sciences division of the department to 21 administer breath tests or the blood or urine test was a 22 laboratory analysis and the analysis was done in a 23 laboratory operated by the department or by any other 24 laboratory or facility certified or exempt from 25 certification under the rules of the department; and (ii) the test was on a blood sample, the person
 withdrawing the blood was competent to do so under
 61-8-405(1).

4 (2) If the person under arrest refused to submit to the 5 test or tests as provided in this section, proof of refusal 6 is admissible in any criminal action or proceeding arising 7 out of acts alleged to have been committed while the person 8 was driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle upon 9 the ways of this state open to the public, while under the 10 influence of alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two.

11 (3) The provisions of this part do not limit the 12 introduction of any other competent evidence bearing on the 13 question of whether the person was under the influence of 14 alcohol, drugs, or a combination of the two."

15 Section 4. Section 61-8-405, MCA, is amended to read:

16 "61-8-405. Administration of tests. (1) Only a 17 physician or registered nurse or other qualified person under the supervision and direction of a physician or / 18 19 registered nurse acting at the request of a peace officer may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining any 20 measured amount or detected presence of alcohol in the 21 person. This limitation does not apply to the taking of 22 23 breath or urine specimens.

24 (2) The person may, at his the person's own expense,
25 have a physician or registered nurse of his the person's own

-5-

HB 483

-6-

1 choosing administer a test, in addition to any administered 2 at the direction of a peace officer, for the purpose of determining any measured amount or detected presence of 3 alcohol OR DRUGS in the person at the time alleged, as shown 4 by analysis of his the person's blood, breath, or urine. The 5 failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a 6 7 person does not preclude the admissibility in evidence of the test or tests taken at the direction of a peace officer. . 9 (3) Upon the request of the person tested, full information concerning the test or tests taken at the 10 direction of the peace officer must be made available to him 11 12 the person or his the person's attorney.

13 (4) No <u>A</u> physician or registered nurse or other
14 qualified person under the supervision and direction of a
15 physician or registered nurse shall <u>does not</u> incur any civil
16 or criminal liability as a result of the proper
17 administering of a blood test when requested in writing by a
18 peace officer to administer such a test.

19 (5) If a test given under 61-8-402 or 61-8-806 is a 20 test of urine, the person tested must be given such privacy 21 in the taking of the urine specimen as <u>that</u> will ensure the 22 integrity of the specimen and, at the same time, maintain 23 the dignity of the individual involved.

24 (6) The department in cooperation with any appropriate
25 agency shall adopt uniform rules for the giving of tests and

HB 0483/02

- 1 may require certification of training to administer the
- 2 tests as considered necessary."

-End-

-7-

-8-