## HOUSE BILL 63

## Introduced by Wallin

7/15	Introduced
7/15	Referred to Taxation
7/15	Fiscal Note Requested
7/15	First Reading
7/16	Hearing
•	Died in Committee

18

taxes:

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+	110.50
2	INTRODUCED BY (1)
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING A 2 PERCENT
5	SALES TAX AND USE TAX ON THE RETAIL SALE OF PROPERTY AND
6	SERVICES; PROVIDING CERTAIN EXEMPTIONS, INCLUDING EXEMPTIONS
7	FOR PRESCRIPTION DRUGS, HEALTH CARE, AND GOODS OTHERWISE
8	TAXED; PROVIDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE SALES TAX AND
9	USE TAX; PROVIDING PENALTIES; PROVIDING THAT THE PROCEEDS OF
10	THE SALES TAX AND USE TAX ARE DEPOSITED IN THE GENERAL FUND;
11	INCREASING THE NEW AUTOMOBILE SALES TAX TO 2 PERCENT AND
12	IMPOSING A 2 PERCENT SALES TAX ON USED AUTOMOBILES, WITH THE
13	INCREASED REVENUE TO BE DEPOSITED IN THE STATE HIGHWAY
14	ACCOUNT; AMENDING SECTIONS 61-3-502 AND 61-4-112, MCA;
15	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE, AN APPLICABILITY
16	DATE, AND A TERMINATION DATE."
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18	STATEMENT OF INTENT
19	A statement of intent is required for this bill because
20	the department of revenue is granted authority to adopt
21	rules for the administration and enforcement of the sales
22	tax and use tax. The rules are intended to provide for an
23	efficient process for the collection of the taxes, with
2.1	minimum expense to both the taxpayer and the state.

The legislature contemplates that rules adopted by the

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2	(1) the registration and issuance of permits to person
3	engaging in the business of retail sales and services;
4	(2) the reporting form for the payment of the taxes
5	along with the requirements for the retention by the
6	taxpayers of the necessary records;
7	(3) the required security and the acceptable forms of
8	security for those taxpayers required to give security fo
9	payment of the taxes;
10	(4) the use of the nontaxable transaction certificat

department should, at a minimum, address the following:

13 (5) the necessary forms and the required procedures for 14 reporting the taxes; and

and clarification of any exemption from or deduction of the

- 15 (6) the definition of terms and establishment of 16 procedures as appropriate for efficient administration of 17 the sales tax and use tax.
- 19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
- NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. For purposes of [sections 1 through 61], unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:
- 23 (1) "Buying", "selling", "buy", "sell", or "sale" means 24 the transfer of property for consideration or the 25 performance of a service for consideration.

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- 1 (2) "Construction" means:
- (a) the building, altering, repairing, or demolishing
   in the ordinary course of business of any:
- 4 (i) road, highway, bridge, parking area, or related
  5 project;
- 6 (ii) building, stadium, or other structure;
- 7 (iii) airport, subway, or similar facility;
- 8 (iv) park, trail, athletic field, golf course, or
  9 similar facility;
- 10 (v) dam, reservoir, canal, ditch, or similar facility:
- 11 (vi) sewage or water treatment facility, power
- 12 generating plant, pump station, natural gas compressing
- 13 station, gas processing plant, coal gasification plant.
- 14 refinery, distillery, or similar facility:
- 15 (vii) sewage, water, gas, or other pipeline;
- 16 (viii) transmission line;
- 17 (ix) radio, television, or other tower;
- 18 (x) water, oil, or other storage tank;
- 19 (xi) shaft, tunnel, or other mining appurtenance; or
- 20 (xii) microwave station or similar facility:
- 21 (b) the leveling or clearing of land;
- 22 (c) the excavating of earth;
- 23 (d) the drilling of wells of any type, including
- 24 seismograph shot holes or core drilling; or
- 25 (e) any similar work.

- 1 (3) "Department" means the department of revenue.
- 2 (4) "Engaging in business" means carrying on or causing 3 to be carried on any activity with the purpose of direct or 4 indirect benefit.
- 5 (5) (a) "Gross receipts", in addition to the other
  6 meanings provided in this subsection (5), means the total
  7 amount of money or the value of other consideration received
  8 from selling property in Montana, from leasing property used
  9 in Montana, or from performing services in Montana. The term
  10 includes all receipts from the sale of tangible personal
  11 property handled on consignment but excludes cash discounts
  12 allowed and taken and any type of time-price differential.
- 13 (b) In an exchange in which the money or other
  14 consideration received does not represent the value of the
  15 property or service exchanged, gross receipts means the
  16 reasonable value of the property or service exchanged.
- (c) (i) Except as provided in [section 45], when the sale of property or services is made under any type of charge or conditional or time-sales contract or the leasing of property is made under a leasing contract, the seller or lessor shall treat all receipts, excluding any type of time-price differential, under the contract as gross receipts at the time of the sale.
- (ii) If the seller or lessor transfers an interest inany such contract to a third person, the seller or lessor

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shall pay the sales tax or use tax upon the full sale or leasing contract amount, excluding any type of time-price differential.

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- (d) Gross receipts includes the total commissions or fees derived from the business of buying, selling, or promoting the purchase, sale, or leasing, as an agent or broker on a commission or fee basis, of any property, service, stock, bond, or security.
- 9 (e) Gross receipts includes all amounts paid by members
  10 of a cooperative association or similar organization for
  11 sales or leases of personal property or performance of
  12 services by the organization.
- 13 (6) "Lease" or "leasing" means an arrangement in which, 14 for consideration, property is used for or by a person other 15 than the owner of the property.
- 16 (7) "Manufacturing" means combining or processing
  17 components or materials, including the processing for ores
  18 in a mill, smelter, refinery, or reduction facility, to
  19 increase their value for sale in the ordinary course of
  20 business. The term does not include construction.
  - (8) "Medical services" means a service:
- 22 (a) performed by a person licensed to practice a health
  23 care profession or health care occupation licensed under
  24 Title 37 or licensed as a mental health professional or
  25 certified under Title 53, chapter 24, as a chemical

- dependency counselor as a regular part of business
  activities: and
- 3 (b) applied externally or internally to the human body 4 or mind for the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or 5 prevention of disease.
- 6 (9) "Medicine" or "drug" means any substance or7 preparation that is:
- 8 (a) intended for use by external or internal
  9 application to the human body or mind in the diagnosis,
  10 cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease; and
- 11 (b) required by law or regulation to be prescribed by a 12 person licensed to prescribe such medicine or drug.
- 13 (10) "Permit" means a seller's permit as described in [section 36].
- 15 (11) "Person" means:
- 16 (a) an individual, estate, trust, receiver, cooperative
  17 association, club, corporation, company, firm, partnership,
  18 joint venture, syndicate, or other entity, including any
  19 gas, water, or electric utility owned or operated by a
  20 county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the
  21 state: or
- (b) the United States or any agency or instrumentality
  of the United States or the state of Montana or any
  political subdivision of the state.
- 25 (12) "Sales tax" or "use tax" means the applicable tax

- imposed by [section 2].
- 2 (13) (a) "Service" means an activity that is engaged in

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- for another person for consideration and that is 3
- distinguished from the sale or lease of property. The term
- includes:
- (i) activities performed by a person for its members or
- shareholders: and
- R (ii) construction activities and all tangible personal
- property that will become an ingredient or component part of
- 10 a construction project.
- 11 (b) In determining what a service is, the intended use.
- 12 principal objective, or ultimate objective of the
- 13 contracting parties is irrelevant.
- 14 (14) "Therapeutic and prosthetic devices" includes but
- 15 is not limited to prescription eyeglasses, contact lenses,
- 16 dentures, or artificial limbs, prescribed or ordered by a
- person licensed to perform medical services. 17
- 18 (15) "Use" or "using" includes use, consumption, or
- 19 storage, other than storage for resale or for use solely
- 20 outside this state, in the ordinary course of business.
- NEW SECTION. Section 2. Imposition and rate of sales 21
- 22 tax and use tax. (1) A sales tax of 2% is imposed on all
- 23 gross receipts, as defined in [section 1], for the privilege
- 24 of engaging in business in this state.
- 25 (2) For the privilege of using property in this state,

- there is imposed on the person using the property a use tax
- equal to 2% of the value of the property that was:
- (a) manufactured by the person using the property in
- this state:

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- (b) acquired outside this state as the result of a
- transaction that would have been subject to the sales tax
- had it occurred within this state; or
- (c) acquired as the result of a transaction that was
- not initially subject to the sales tax imposed by subsection
- (1) or the use tax imposed by subsection (2)(b) but which 10
- transaction, because of the buyer's subsequent use of the 11
- property, is subject to the sales tax or use tax. 12
- (3) For the privilege of using services rendered in 13
- this state, there is imposed on the person using such 14
- services a use tax equal to 2% of the value of the services 15
- at the time at which they were rendered. Services taxable 16
- under this section must have been rendered as the result of
- a transaction that was not initially subject to the sales
- tax or use tax but that, because of the buyer's subsequent 19
- use of the service, is subject to the sales tax or use tax. 20
- (4) For purposes of this section, the value of property 21
  - must be determined as of the time of acquisition,
- introduction into this state, or conversion to use,
- 24 whichever is later.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 3. Presumption of taxability --

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- value. (1) In order to prevent evasion of the sales tax or
  use tax and to aid in its administration, it is presumed
  that:
- 4 (a) all receipts of a person engaging in business are 5 subject to the sales tax or use tax; and
- 6 (b) all property bought or sold by any person for 7 delivery into this state is bought or sold for a taxable use 8 in this state.

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- (2) In determining the amount of tax due on the use of property or services, it is presumed, in the absence of preponderant evidence of another value, that value means the total amount of property or the reasonable value of other consideration paid for the use of the property or service, exclusive of any type of time-price differential. However, in an exchange in which the amount of money paid does not represent the value of the property or service purchased, the use tax must be imposed on the reasonable value of the property or service purchased.
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Separate statement of tax -
  no advertising to absorb or refund tax. (1) If the sales tax

  or use tax is stated separately on the books of the seller

  or lessor and the total amount of tax stated separately on

  transactions within the reporting period is in excess of the

  amount of sales tax or use tax otherwise payable on those

  transactions, the excess amount of tax otherwise payable and

- stated on the transactions within the reporting period must be included in gross receipts.
- 3 (2) If the sales tax or use tax is not stated
  4 separately on transactions, the gross receipts for sales tax
  5 and use tax purposes include the total amounts received,
  6 with no deduction for the sales tax or use tax.
  - (3) A person may not advertise, hold out, or state to the public or to any customer that the tax imposed by [sections 1 through 61] will be absorbed or refunded.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 5. Liability of user for payment of use tax. (1) A person in this state who uses property is liable to the state for payment of the use tax if the tax is payable on the value of the property but has not been paid.
  - (2) The liability imposed by this section is discharged if the buyer has paid the use tax to the seller for payment to the department.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 6. Agents for collection of sales tax and use tax severability. (1) (a) A person who performs or attempts to perform an activity within this state that attempts to exploit this state's markets, who sells property or services for use in this state, and who is not subject to the sales tax or use tax on receipts from these sales shall collect the sales tax or use tax from the buyer and pay the tax collected to the department.
- 25 (b) "Activity", for the purposes of this section,

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includes but is not limited to engaging in any of the
following in this state:

- 3 (i) maintaining an office or other place of business
  4 that solicits orders through employees or independent
  5 contractors:
- 6 (ii) canvassing;

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- 7 (iii) demonstrating;
- B (iv) collecting money;
- 9 (v) warehousing or storing merchandise;
- 10 (vi) delivering or distributing products as a
  11 consequence of an advertising or other sales program
  12 directed at potential customers;
- (vii) soliciting orders for tangible personal property
  by means of a telecommunication or television shopping
  system that uses toll-free numbers and that is intended to
  be broadcast by cable television or other means to consumers
  in this state:
  - (viii) soliciting orders, pursuant to a contract with a broadcaster or publisher located within this state, for tangible personal property by means of advertising disseminated primarily to consumers located in this state and only secondarily to bordering jurisdictions;
- 23 (ix) soliciting orders for tangible personal property by
  24 mail if the solicitations are substantial and recurring and
  25 if the person engaging in such activity benefits from any

- banking, financing, debt collection, telecommunication, or
- 2 marketing activities occurring in this state or benefits
- 3 from the location in this state of authorized installation,
  - servicing, or repair facilities; or
- 5 (x) soliciting orders, pursuant to a contract with a
  6 cable television operator located in this state, for
  7 tangible property by means of advertising transmitted or
  8 distributed over a cable television system in this state.
- 9 (2) To ensure the orderly and efficient collection of 10 the tax imposed by [sections 1 through 61], if any 11 application of this section is held invalid, the section's 12 application to other situations or persons is not affected.
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Nontaxable transaction

  certificate -- requirements. (1) A nontaxable transaction

  certificate executed by a buyer or lessee must be in the

  possession of the seller or lessor at the time a nontaxable

  transaction occurs.
- 18 (2) If the seller or lessor is not in possession of a nontaxable transaction certificate within 60 days from the date notice of the requirement for possession of a nontaxable transaction certificate is given to him by the department, all deductions claimed by him that require delivery of a nontaxable transaction certificate are disallowed.
- 25 (3) A nontaxable transaction certificate must contain

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- the information and be in the form prescribed by the 1 2 department.
- 3 (4) Only a buyer or lessee who has registered with the department and whose permit is not suspended or revoked may 4 5 be allowed to execute a nontaxable transaction certificate.
- (5) If the seller or lessor accepts a nontaxable 6 7 transaction certificate within the required time and believes in good faith that the buyer or lessee will employ 9 the property or service transferred in a nontaxable manner, 10 the properly executed nontaxable transaction certificate is 11 considered conclusive evidence that the proceeds from the 12 transaction are deductible from the seller's or lessor's 13 gross receipts.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 8. Exemption government agencies. All receipts of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States or of this state or any political subdivision of this state are exempt from the sales tax and use tax.

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- NEW SECTION. Section 9. Exemption prescribed medicines, drugs, and certain devices -- medical services. 20 21 (1) The gross receipts from the sale, by prescription from a 22 person as defined in [section 1(11)(a)], of medicines, 23 drugs, insulin, and therapeutic and prosthetic devices are 24 exempt from the sales tax.
- 25 (2) The gross receipts from the sale of medical

services provided by a person or any service reasonably related to the delivery of a medical service by or at a 2 health care facility, as defined in 50-5-101, but including 3 the offices of a private physician or dentist, that provides

medical services are exempt from the sales tax.

- NEW SECTION. Section 10. Exemption -- wages. Except as provided in [sections 1 through 61], the receipts of an employee from an employer for wages, salary, commissions, or any other form of remuneration for personal services are exempt from the sales tax.
- NEW SECTION. Section 11. Exemption -- certain goods 11 12 subject to other taxes. (1) The receipts from the sale of a vehicle subject to the tax imposed under 61-3-502 are exempt 13 from the sales tax. 14
  - (2) The receipts from the sale of gasoline or ethanol blended for fuel on which the Montana gasoline and vehicle fuels taxes have been paid under Title 15, chapter 70, are exempt from the sales tax and use tax.
- 19 (3) The receipts from accommodation charges on which 20 the lodging facility use tax has been paid under Title 15, 21 chapter 65, are exempt from the sales tax and use tax.
- 22 (4) The receipts from the sale of liquor, beer, and 23 table wine on which taxes have been paid under Title 16, 24 chapter 1, are exempt from the sales tax and use tax.
- 25 (5) The receipts from the sale of cigarettes and

- 1 tobacco products other than cigarettes on which taxes have
- 2 been paid under Title 16, chapter 11, are exempt from the
- 3 sales tax and use tax.
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Exemption -- dividends and
- 5 interest. The following are exempt from the sales tax:
- 6 (1) interest on money loaned or deposited:
- 7 (2) dividends or interest from stocks, bonds, or 8 securities; and
- securities; and
- 9 (3) proceeds from the sale of stocks, bonds, or
- 10 securities.
- 11 NEW SECTION. Section 13. Exemption -- isolated or
- 12 occasional sale or lease of property or services. The
- 13 receipts from the isolated or occasional sale or lease of
- 14 property or from the performance of a service by a person
- 15 who is not regularly engaged in or who does not claim to be
- 16 engaged in the business of selling or leasing the same or a
- 17 similar property or service are exempt from the sales tax
- 18 and use tax.
- 19 NEW SECTION. Section 14. Exemption -- minerals --
- 20 exception. (1) The receipts from the sale or use of a
- 21 mineral, as defined in 15-38-103, are exempt from the sales
- 22 tax and use tax.
- 23 (2) Minerals refined, reduced, polished, cut, faceted,
- 24 or otherwise processed for the purpose of being used as or
- 25 integrated into jewelry, art, or sculpture or as a

1 decorative embellishment or adornment, either in their own

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- 2 right or in combination with other property, are not
- 3 included in the exemption provided in this section.
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 15. Exemption -- property of
- 5 certain governmental agencies. (1) The use of property by
- the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the
- 7 United States or by this state or any political subdivision
- 8 of this state is exempt from the use tax.
- 9 (2) The use of property by the governing body of an
- 10 Indian tribe on a federally recognized Indian reservation is
- 11 exempt from the use tax.
- 12 NEW SECTION. Section 16. Exemption -- personal
- 13 effects. The use by an individual of personal or household
- 14 effects brought into the state for the establishment by the
- 15 individual of an initial residence in this state and the use
- of property brought into the state by a nonresident for the
- 17 nonresident's own nonbusiness use while temporarily within
- 18 this state are exempt from the use tax.
- 19 NEW SECTION. Section 17. Deduction -- sale of tangible
- 20 personal property for resale. Receipts from the sale of
- 21 tangible personal property may be deducted from gross
- 22 receipts if:

- 23 (1) the sale is made to a buyer who delivers a
- 24 nontaxable transaction certificate to the seller; and
  - (2) the buyer resells or plans to resell the tangible

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- personal property either by itself or in combination with
- 2 other tangible personal property in the ordinary course of
- 3 business and the property will subsequently be subject to
- 4 the sales tax.
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 18. Deduction -- sale of service
- 6 for resale. Receipts from the sale of a service for resale
- 7 may be deducted from gross receipts if:
- 8 (1) the sale is made to a person who delivers a
- 9 nontaxable transaction certificate;
- 10 (2) the buyer separately states the value of the
- 11 service purchased in the charge for the service on its
- 12 subsequent sale; and
- 13 (3) the subsequent sale is in the ordinary course of
- 14 business and subject to the use tax.
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 19. Deduction -- sale to miner or
- 16 manufacturer. Receipts from the sale of tangible personal
- 17 property to a buyer engaged in the business of mining or
- 18 manufacturing may be deducted from gross receipts if:
- 19 (1) the buyer delivers a nontaxable transaction
- 20 certificate to the seller; and
- 21 (2) the buyer incorporates or will incorporate the
- 22 tangible personal property as an ingredient or component
- 23 part of the product in the business of mining or
- 24 manufacturing.
- 25 NEW SECTION. Section 20. Deduction -- sale of tangible

- personal property for leasing. Receipts from the sale of
- 2 tangible personal property, other than furniture or
- 3 appliances, and from the rental or lease of property, other
- 4 than coin-operated machines and mobile homes, that is
- 5 deductible under [sections 1 through 61] may be deducted
- 6 from gross receipts if:
- 7 (1) the sale is made to a buyer who delivers a
  - nontaxable transaction certificate to the seller;
- 9 (2) the buyer is engaged in a business deriving more
- 10 than 50% of its receipts from leasing or selling tangible
- 11 personal property of the type leased; and
- 12 (3) the buyer does not use the property in any manner
- 13 other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or
- 14 selling it, either by itself or in combination with other
- 15 tangible personal property, in the ordinary course of
- 16 business.
- 17 NEW SECTION. Section 21. Deduction -- lease fo
- 18 subsequent lease. Receipts from the lease of tangible
- 19 personal property, other than furniture or appliances, and
- 20 from the rental or lease of property, other than
- 21 coin-operated machines and mobile homes, that is deductible
- 22 under [sections 1 through 61] may be deducted from gross
- 23 receipts if:
- 24 (1) the lease is made to a lessee who delivers a
- 25 nontaxable transaction certificate; and

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(2) the lessee does not use the property in any manner other than for subsequent lease in the ordinary course of business.

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NEW SECTION. Section 22. Deduction -- sale of tangible personal property to person engaged in construction business. (1) Receipts from the sale of tangible personal property may be deducted from gross receipts if the sale is made to a buyer engaged in the construction business who delivers a nontaxable transaction certificate to the seller.

- (2) The buyer delivering the nontaxable transaction certificate shall incorporate the tangible personal property as:
- (a) an ingredient or component part of a construction project that is subject to the sales tax or use tax upon its completion or upon the completion of the overall construction project of which it is a part; or
- (b) an ingredient or component part of a construction project that is subject to the sales tax or use tax upon the sale in the ordinary course of business of the real property upon which it was constructed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 23. Deduction sale of construction service to person engaged in construction business. (1) Receipts from the sale of a construction service may be deducted from gross receipts if the sale is made to a buyer engaged in the construction business and the

buyer delivers a nontaxable transaction certificate to the
person performing the construction service.

- 3 (2) The buyer delivering the nontaxable transaction 4 certificate shall have the construction services performed 5 upon:
- (a) a construction project that is subject to the sales tax or use tax upon its completion or upon the completion of the overall construction project of which it is a part; or
- 9 (b) a construction project that is subject to the sales
  10 tax or use tax upon the sale in the ordinary course of
  11 business of the real property upon which it was constructed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 24. Deduction -- sale or lease of real property. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), receipts from the sale or lease of real property may be deducted from gross receipts.
- 16 (2) (a) The portion of the gross receipts from the sale
  17 of real property that is attributable to improvements, other
  18 than residential improvements, constructed on the real
  19 property by the seller in the ordinary course of the
  20 seller's construction business may not be deducted from
  21 gross receipts.
- 22 (b) The proportion of the gross receipts from the sale 23 of real property that is attributable to residential 24 improvements constructed on the real property by the seller 25 in the ordinary course of the seller's construction business

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may be deducted from gross receipts in the proportion that 1 the cost of the construction for everything other than 2 materials bears to the gross receipts for the improvements. 3

- 4 (3) Receipts attributable to the inclusion of furniture or appliances furnished by the landlord or lessor as part of 5 a leased or rented dwelling, house, mobile home, cabin, 6 condominium, or apartment may be deducted from gross 7 8 receipts.
  - (4) For the purposes of this section, "residential improvements" means improvements to real property that are constructed for human habitation in a structure containing fewer than three units. The term includes improvements made to existing residential improvements.

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- NEW SECTION. Section 25. Deduction -- transactions in 14 interstate commerce -- exception. (1) Receipts from a 15 transaction in interstate commerce may be deducted from 16 gross receipts to the extent that the imposition of the 17 sales tax or use tax would be unlawful under the United 18 States constitution.
- (2) (a) The following may be deducted from gross 20 receipts: 21
- from transmitting messages 22 (i) receipts conversations by radio, originating from a point outside 23 24 this state and received at a point within this state; and (ii) receipts from the sale of radio or television

- broadcast time if the advertising message is supplied by or
- 2 on behalf of a national or regional seller or an advertiser
- not having its principal place of business in or being
- incorporated under the laws of this state.
- 5 (b) Commissions received by an advertising agency for 6 performing services in this state may not be deducted from 7 gross receipts under this section.
- 8 NEW SECTION. Section 26. Deduction intrastate 9 transportation and services in interstate commerce. (1) 10 Receipts from the transport of persons or property from one point within this state to another point within this state 11 12 may be deducted from gross receipts if such persons or 13 property, including any reasonably necessary services. are being transported in interstate or foreign commerce under a 14 15 single contract.
- (2) Receipts from handling, storage, 16 dravage, 17 packing of property or any other accessorial services on 18 property may be deducted from gross receipts if:
- 19 (a) the property has been or will be moved in 20 interstate or foreign commerce;
- 21 (b) the services are performed by a local agent for a 22 carrier or by a carrier; and
- 23 (c) the services are performed under a single contract in relation to transportation services. 24
- 25 NEW SECTION. Section 27. Deduction -- sale of certain

services to an out-of-state buyer. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4), receipts from performing a service may be deducted from gross receipts if the sale of the service is made to a buyer who delivers to the seller either a nontaxable transaction certificate or other evidence acceptable to the department that the transaction meets the conditions set out in subsection (3).

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- 8 (2) The person who delivers the nontaxable transaction 9 certificate or other evidence acceptar the department 10 must meet the criteria set out in su. (3).
- 11 (3) Receipts from the performance of a service are 12 deductible if the buyer of the service, any of the buyer's 13 employees, or any person in privity with the buyer:
  - (a) does not make initial use of the product or the service in this state;
- 16 (b) does not take delivery of the product or the 17 service in this state; or
  - (c) concurrent with the performance of the service, does not have a regular place of work in this state or spend more than brief and occasional periods of time in this state and:
  - (i) does not have any communication in this state related in any way to the subject matter, performance, or administration of the service with the person performing the service: or

- 1 (ii) does not personally perform work in this state
  2 related to the subject matter of the service.
- 3 (4) Receipts from performing architectural,
  4 engineering, surveying, or graphic design services may be
  5 deducted from gross receipts if the product resulting from
  6 the service or the service is used or applied exclusively
  7 outside Montana. For the purposes of this subsection, the
  8 provisions of subsection (3) do not apply.
- 9 (5) Receipts from performing a service that initially qualified for the deduction provided in this section but that no longer meets the criteria set forth in subsection 12 (3) are deductible for the period prior to the disqualification.
- 14 NEW SECTION. Section 28. Deduction feed, fertilizers, and agricultural supplies -- livestock 15 auctioneers. (1) Receipts from the sale of feed for 16 17 livestock, fish raised for human consumption, poultry, animals raised for their hides or pelts, semen used in 18 19 animal husbandry, seeds, roots, bulbs, soil conditioners, fertilizers, insecticides, insects used to control the 20 population of other insects, fungicides, 21 22 herbicides, or water for irrigation purposes may be deducted 23 from gross receipts if the sale is made to a person who presents a nontaxable transaction certificate or states in 24

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writing that the person is regularly engaged in the business

- of farming, ranching, or the raising of animals for their hides or pelts.
- (2) Receipts from the sale of an agricultural service 3 4 may be deducted from gross receipts if the sale is made to a buyer engaged in the business of farming or ranching or the 5 raising of animals for their hides or pelts and who states 6 in writing that the buyer is regularly engaged in the 7 business of farming or ranching or the raising of animals 8 9 for their hides or pelts or who delivers a nontaxable transaction certificate to the person performing the 10 agricultural service. The buyer making the statement or 11 delivering the nontaxable transaction certificate shall have 1.2 the agricultural service performed upon property, real or 13 personal, including livestock and animals raised for their 14 hides or pelts, that is an integral part of an agricultural 15 16 operation.
- (3) Receipts of auctioneers from selling livestock or
   other agricultural products at auction may be deducted from
   gross receipts.
- 20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 29.** Deduction -- certain
  21 **chemicals, reagents, and substances.** (1) The following may
  22 be deducted from gross receipts:
- 23 (a) receipts from the sale of any chemical, reagent, or 24 other substance to any mining concern or milling company 25 that is used or consumed in the processing of ores or oil in

- 1 a mill, smelter, refinery, or reduction facility or in 2 acidizing oil wells; and
- 3 (b) receipts from the sale of chemicals or reagents in 4 an amount in excess of 18 tons.
- 5 (2) Receipts from the sale of explosives, blasting 6 material, or dynamite may not be deducted from gross 7 receipts.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 30. Deduction certain uses of 9 special fuel. (1) Receipts from the sale of special fuel, as 10 defined in 15-70-301, on which the special fuels tax has 11 been paid under Title 15, chapter 70, or which is used in 12 agriculture or to operate machinery, equipment, or vehicles 13 used in a trade or business may be deducted from gross 14 receipts.
- (2) Receipts from the sale of special fuel used to heatbuildings for human comfort are not deductible.
- services performed directly on product mined or manufactured. (1) Receipts from sale of the service of mining, combining, or processing components or materials, including minerals, may be deducted from gross receipts if

NEW SECTION. Section 31. Deduction -- sale of certain

- the sale is made to a buyer who is engaged in the business of mining or manufacturing and who delivers a nontaxable
- transaction certificate to the seller.

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25 (2) The buyer delivering the nontaxable transaction

certificate must have the service performed directly upon tangible personal property, including minerals, that the buyer is in the business of mining or manufacturing or upon ingredients or component parts of the property.

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- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 32.** Deduction -- use of tangible 6 personal property for leasing. (1) Except as provided in 7 subsection (2), the value of leased property may be deducted 8 in computing the use tax due if the person holding the 9 tangible personal property for lease:
- 10 (a) is engaged in a business that derives a substantial
  11 portion of its receipts from leasing or selling property of
  12 the type leased;
  - (b) does not use the property in any manner other than holding it for lease or sale or leasing or selling it either by itself or in combination with other tangible personal property in the ordinary course of business; and
- 17 (c) does not use the property in a manner incidental to 18 the performance of a service.
  - (2) The deduction provided in subsection (1) does not apply to the value of furniture or appliances furnished by the landlord or lessor as part of a leased or rented dwelling, house, cabin, condominium, or apartment or to the lease of coin-operated machines or mobile homes.
- NEW SECTION. Section 33. Deduction -- sales to
  government agencies and Indian tribes. (1) Receipts from a

- sale to the United States or any agency or instrumentality
  of the United States or to this state or any political
  subdivision of this state may be deducted from gross
  receipts.
- 5 (2) Receipts from a sale to the governing body of an 6 Indian tribe for use on a federally recognized Indian 7 reservation may be deducted from gross receipts.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 34.** Deduction -- computer data
  9 base services. (1) Receipts from the sale or use of computer
  10 data base services may be deducted from gross receipts.
- 11 (2) For the purposes of [sections 1 through 61],
  12 "computer data base services" means identifying, compiling,
  13 organizing, manipulating, or delivering information actually
  14 contained in or to be contained in a computer data base.
- 15 (3) Receipts from the sale of computer hardware, 16 software, system development, design, or installation or the 17 sale of an existing computer data base (as opposed to the 18 sale or use of a computer data base service) may not be 19 deducted from gross receipts.
- NEW SECTION. Section 35. Credit -- out-of-state taxes.

  (1) If a gross receipts, sales, use, or similar tax has been levied by another state or a political subdivision of another state on property bought outside this state but that will be used or consumed in this state and the tax was paid, the amount of tax paid may be credited against any use tax

1 due this state on the same property.

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- (2) If the receipts from the sale of improvements to real property constructed by a person in the ordinary course of the person's construction business are subject to the sales tax or use tax, the amount of tax paid by the person under subsection (1) on materials that became an ingredient or component part of the construction project and on construction services performed upon the construction project may be credited against the sales tax or use tax due on the sale.
- NEW SECTION. Section 36. Seller's permit. Upon an applicant's compliance with {sections 1 through 61}, the department shall issue to the applicant a separate, numbered seller's permit for each place of business within Montana. A permit is valid until revoked or suspended but is not assignable. A permit is valid only for the person in whose name it is issued and for the transaction of business at the place designated. The permit must be conspicuously displayed at all times at the place for which it is issued.
- NEW SECTION. Section 37. Permit application requirements place of business form. (1) (a) A person desiring to engage in the business of making retail sales or providing services in Montana shall file with the department an application for a permit. If the person has more than one place of business, an application must be filed for each

l place of business.

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- 2 (i) A vending machine operator who has more than one 3 vending machine location is considered to have only one 4 place of business for purposes of this section.
- 5 (ii) An applicant who has no regular place of business
  6 and who moves from place to place is considered to have only
  7 one place of business and shall attach the permit to the
  8 applicant's cart, stand, truck, or other merchandising
  9 device.
  - (b) Each person or class of persons obligated to file a return under (sections 1 through 61) is required to file application for a permit.
- (2) Each application for a permit must be on a form 13 prescribed by the department and must set forth the name 14 15 under which the applicant intends to transact business, the location of the applicant's place or places of business, and 16 17 such other information as the department may require. The application must be filed by the owner if the owner is a 18 natural person, by a member or partner if the owner is an 19 20 association or partnership, or by a person authorized to 21 sign the application if the owner is a corporation.
- NEW SECTION. Section 38. Special activities -- permits
  -- penalty. (1) The operator of a flea market, craft show,
  antique show, coin show, stamp show, comic book show,
  convention exhibit area, or similar selling event, as a

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prerequisite to renting or leasing space on the premises 2 owned or controlled by the operator to a person desiring to engage in or conduct business as a seller, shall obtain evidence that the seller is the holder of a valid permit issued pursuant to [section 36] or a written statement from 6 the seller that the seller is not offering for sale any item 7 that is taxable under [sections 1 through 61].

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- (2) "Flea market, craft show, antique show, coin show, stamp show, comic book show, convention exhibit area, or similar selling event", as used in this section, means an activity that involves a series of sales sufficient in number, scope, and character to constitute a regular course of business but does not qualify as an isolated or occasional sale pursuant to [section 13].
- (3) An operator who fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of this section is subject to a penalty. payable to the department, of \$100 per day per seller at each selling event at which the operator fails to obtain evidence that a seller is the holder of a valid permit issued pursuant to [section 36].
- NEW SECTION. Section 39. Revocation or suspension of permit -- hearing -- notice -- appeal. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), the department may, for reasonable cause, revoke or suspend any permit held by a person who fails to comply with the provisions of [sections

- 1 through 611.
- 2 (2) (a) The department shall hold a hearing on the 3 proposed revocation or suspension after giving the person 30 days' notice in writing, specifying the time and place of the hearing and the reason for the proposed revocation or suspension.
- 7 (b) The notice must include a requirement that the person show cause why the permit or permits should not be revoked or suspended.
- 10 (c) The notice must be served personally or by 11 certified mail.
- 12 (3) After revocation, the department may not issue a 13 new permit except upon application accompanied by reasonable 14 evidence of the intention of the applicant to comply with the provisions of [sections 1 through 61]. The department 15 16 may require security in addition to that authorized by 17 [section 47] in an amount reasonably necessary to ensure 18 compliance with [sections 1 through 61] as a condition for the issuance of a new permit to such an applicant. 19
- 20 (4) A person aggrieved by the department's final 21 decision to revoke a permit as provided in subsection (1) 22 may appeal the decision to the state tax appeal board within 30 days following the date on which the department issued 23 24 its final decision.
- (5) A decision of the state tax appeal board may be 25

- appealed to a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 2 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 40.** Nontaxable transaction 3 certificate -- form. (1) The department shall provide for a
- 4 uniform nontaxable transaction certificate. In order to
- obtain a deduction under [sections 1 through 61], a
  - purchaser shall use the certificate when purchasing goods or
- 7 services for resale.

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- 8 (2) At a minimum, the certificate must provide:
- 9 (a) the number of the permit issued to the purchaser as 10 provided in [section 36];
- 11 (b) the general character of the property or service 12 sold by the purchaser in the regular course of business;
- (c) the property or service purchased for resale;
- 14 (d) the name and address of the purchaser; and
- (e) a signature line for the purchaser.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 41. Improper use of subject of purchase obtained with nontaxable transaction certificate -- penalty. (1) If a purchaser who uses a nontaxable transaction certificate uses the subject of the purchase for a purpose other than one allowed as a deduction under [sections 1 through 61], the use is considered a taxable sale by the purchaser as of the time of first use by the purchaser and the sale price the purchaser receives is considered the gross receipts from the sale. If the sole nonexempt use is rental while holding for sale, the

- 1 purchaser shall include in the purchaser's gross receipts
- 2 the amount of the rental charged. Upon subsequent sale of
- 3 the property, the seller shall include the entire amount of
- 4 gross receipts received from the resale, without deduction
- of amounts previously received as rentals.
- 6 (2) A person who uses a certificate for property that
- 7 will be used for purposes other than the purpose claimed is
- 8 subject to a penalty, payable to the department, of \$100 for
  - each transaction in which an improper use of an exemption
- 10 certificate has occurred.
- 11 (3) Upon a showing of good cause, the department may
- 12 abate or waive the penalty or a portion of the penalty.
- NEW SECTION. Section 42. Commingling nontaxable
- 14 transaction certificate goods. If a purchaser uses a
- 15 nontaxable transaction certificate with respect to the
- 16 purchase of fungible goods and hereafter commingles these
- 17 goods with fungible goods not so purchased but of such
- 18 similarity that the identity of the goods in the commingled
- mass cannot be determined, sales from the mass of commingled
- 20 goods are considered to be sales of the goods purchased with
- 21 the certificate until the quantity of commingled goods sold
- 22 equals the quantity of goods originally purchased under the
- 23 certificate.
- 24 NEW SECTION. Section 43. Liability for payment of tax
- 25 -- security for retailer without place of business --

penalty. (1) Liability for the payment of the sales tax and use tax is not extinguished until the taxes have been paid to the department.

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- (2) A retailer who does not maintain a place of business in this state is liable for the sales tax or use tax in accordance with (sections 1 through 61) and shall furnish adequate security as required in (section 47) to ensure collection and payment of the taxes. When so authorized and except as otherwise provided in [sections 1 through 61], the retailer is liable for the taxes upon all tangible property sold that is to be used within this state in the same manner as a retailer who maintains a place of business within this state. The permit provided for in [section 36] may be canceled at any time if the department considers the security inadequate or believes that the taxes can be collected more effectively in another manner.
- (3) No agent, canvasser, or employee of a retailer doing business in this state who is not authorized by permit from the department may sell, solicit orders for, or deliver any tangible personal property in Montana. If such an agent, canvasser, or employee violates the provisions of [sections 1 through 61], the person is subject to a fine of not more than \$100 for each separate transaction or event.
- NEW SECTION. Section 44. Interstate and intrastate carriers as retailers. A person engaged in the business of

- 1 intrastate or interstate transportation of tangible personal
- 2 property or passengers shall register as a retailer and pay
- 3 the taxes imposed by [sections 1 through 61].
- NEW SECTION. Section 45. Application for permission to report on accrual basis. (1) A person who has a permit issued pursuant to [section 36] may apply to the department for permission to report and pay the sales tax or use tax on an accrual basis.
- 9 (2) The application must be made on a form prescribed 10 by the department that contains such information as the 11 department may require.
- 12 (3) A person may not report or pay the sales tax or use 13 tax on an accrual basis unless the person has received 14 written permission from the department.
- NEW SECTION. Section 46. Returns 15 payment authority of department. (1) Except as 16 provided 17 subsection (2), on or before the 25th day of each month in which the tax imposed by [sections 1 through 61] is payable, 18 19 a return, on a form provided by the department, and payment of the tax, less the vendor allowance provided in subsection 20 (5), for the preceding month must be filed with the 21 22 department. Each return must contain a confession of judgment for the amount of the tax shown due, to the extent 24 not timely paid. A person making retail sales at two or more 25 places of business may file a consolidated return, subject

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- to rules prescribed by the department.
- 2 (2) A person who has a tax liability that averages less
  3 than \$100 per month and who has been granted the authority
  4 to report and pay the tax imposed by [sections 1 through 61]
  5 on a quarterly basis shall file a return with payment on or
  6 before the 25th day of the month following the end of the
  7 quarter.
- 8 (3) (a) For the purposes of the sales tax or use tax, a9 return must be filed by:
- 10 (i) a retailer required to pay such tax; and
- 11 (ii) a person:
- 12 (A) purchasing any items the storage, use, or other
  13 consumption of which is subject to the sales tax or use tax;
  14 and
- 15 (B) who has not paid the tax to a retailer required to
  16 pay the tax.
- 17 (b) Each return must be signed by the person filing the 18 return or by the person's agent duly authorized in writing.
- (4) (a) A person liable for the taxes imposed by

  20 [sections 1 through 61] shall keep records, render

  21 statements, make returns, and comply with the provisions of

  22 [sections 1 through 61] and the rules prescribed by the

  23 department. Each return or statement must include the

  24 information required by the rules of the department.
- 25 (b) For the purpose of determining compliance with the

- $1\,$   $\,$  provisions of this section, the department is authorized to
- 2 examine or cause to be examined any books, papers, records,
- 3 or memoranda relevant to making a determination of the
- 4 amount of tax due, whether the books, papers, records, or
- 5 memoranda are the property of or in the possession of the
  - person filing the return or another person. The department
- 7 may also:
- 8 (i) require the attendance of a person having knowledge
- or information relevant to a return;
- 10 (ii) compel the production of books, papers, records, or
- 11 memoranda by the person required to attend;
- 12 (iii) take testimony on matters material to the
- 13 determination; and
- 14 (iv) administer oaths or affirmations.
- 15 (5) A person filing a return under this section may
- 16 annually deduct from the amount of tax to be remitted to the
- 17 state and return as a vendor allowance 4% of the tax
- determined to be payable to the state or \$1,200, whichever
- 19 is less. The annual deduction allowed under this subsection
- 20 applies on a calendar year basis.
- 21 (6) Pursuant to rules established by the department,
- 22 returns may be computer generated.
- NEW SECTION. Section 47. Security -- limitations --
- 24 sale of security deposit at auction -- bond. (1) The
- 25 department may require a retailer to deposit with the

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department security in a form and amount the department determines appropriate. The deposit may not be more than twice the estimated average liability for the period for which the return is required to be filed or \$10,000, whichever is less. The amount of security may be increased or decreased by the department, subject to the limitations provided in this section.

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- (2) (a) If necessary, the department may sell property deposited as security at public auction to recover any sales tax or use tax or amount required to be collected, including interest and penalties.
- 12 (b) Notice of the sale must be served personally or by
  13 certified mail upon the person who deposited the security.
  - (c) After the sale, any surplus above the amount due and that is not required as security under this section must be returned to the person who deposited the security.
  - (3) In lieu of security, the department may require a retailer to file a bond, issued by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state, to guarantee solvency and responsibility.
  - (4) In addition to the other requirements of this section, the department may require the corporate officers, directors, or shareholders of a corporation to provide a personal guaranty and assumption of liability for the payment of the tax due under [sections 1 through 61].

- NEW SECTION. Section 48. Extensions. (1) The department may extend the time for filing a return and remittance of tax, deficiencies, and penalties for a period not to exceed 60 days from the date a return was due and may require both an estimated return at the time fixed for filing the regularly required return and the payment of tax on the basis of the estimated return.
  - (2) If an extension of time for payment has been granted under this section, interest at the rate provided in [section 53(2)] is payable from the date on which payment was first due without extension until the tax is paid.
- NEW SECTION. Section 49. Examination of return -adjustments -- delivery of notices and demands. (1) The
  department may examine a return and make an investigation or
  examination of the records and accounts of a person making
  the return if the department considers it necessary to
  determine the accuracy of the return.
- 18 (2) To determine the accuracy of a return, the
  19 department may examine the records and accounts, using
  20 statistical or other sampling techniques consistent with
  21 generally accepted accounting principles.
  - (3) If the department determines that the amount of tax due is different from the amount reported, the amount of tax computed on the basis of the examination conducted pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) constitutes the tax to be paid.

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- as due on the taxpayer's return, the excess must be paid to the department within 60 days after notice of the amount and demand for payment is mailed or delivered to the person making the return. If the amount of the tax found due by the department is less than that reported as due on the return and has been paid, the excess must be refunded to the person making the return in the manner provided in 15-1-503.
- 9 (5) The notice and demand provided for in this section
  10 must contain a statement of the computation of the tax and
  11 must be:
- 12 (a) sent by mail to the taxpayer at the address given 13 in the taxpayer's return, if any, or to the taxpayer's 14 last-known address; or
  - (b) served personally upon the taxpayer.

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NEW SECTION. Section 50. Penalties and interest for violation. (1) (a) If a person, without purposely or knowingly violating any requirement imposed by [sections 1 through 61], fails to file a return and pay the tax on or before the due date, there must be imposed a penalty of 5% of any balance of debt unpaid with respect to such a return as of the date due, but in no event may the penalty for failure to file a return by its due date be less than \$5. The department may abate the penalty if the person establishes that the failure to file on time was due to

- 1 reasonable cause and was not due to neglect by the taxpayer.
- 2 (b) If a person, without purposely or knowingly
  3 violating any requirement imposed by (sections 1 through
  4 61), fails to pay a debt on or before its due date, there
  5 must be added to the debt a penalty of 10% of the debt, but
  6 not less than \$5, and interest must accrue on the debt at a
  7 rate of 12% per annum for the entire period it remains
  8 unpaid. The department may abate the penalty if the person
  9 establishes that the failure to pay was due to reasonable
  10 cause and was not due to neglect by the taxpayer.
- 11 (2) If a person purposely or knowingly violates any 12 requirements imposed by [sections 1 through 61] by failing 1.3 to file a return or to pay a debt, if one is due at the 14 time, required by or under the provisions of [section 46], 15 there must be added to the debt an additional amount equal 16 to 25% thereof, but not less than \$25, and interest at 1% for each month or fraction of a month during which the debt 17 18 remains unpaid.
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 51.** Warrants for distraint. If a 20 tax imposed by [sections 1 through 61] or any portion of 21 such tax is not paid when due, the department may issue a 22 warrant for distraint as provided in Title 15, chapter 1, 23 part 7.
- NEW SECTION. Section 52. Authority to collect delinquent taxes. (1) The department shall collect taxes

that are delinquent as determined under [sections 1 through
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- (2) To collect delinquent taxes after the time for appeal under 15-1-705 has expired, the department may direct the offset of tax refunds or other funds due the taxpayer from the state, except wages subject to the provisions of 25-13-614 and retirement benefits.
- 8 (3) As provided in 15-1-211, the taxpayer has the right 9 to a review on the tax liability prior to any offset by the 10 department.
- 11 (4) The department may file a claim for state funds on 12 behalf of the taxpayer if a claim is required before funds 13 are available for offset.
- 14 (5) The department shall provide the taxpayer with
  15 written notice of the right to request a review under
  16 15-1-211 on the matter of the offset action or the
  17 department's intent to file a claim on behalf of the
  18 taxpayer. The taxpayer shall make a written request for a
  19 review, and the review must be held by the department as
  20 provided in 15-1-211.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 53. Penalty for deficiency.

    (1) (a) If the payment of a tax deficiency is not made within 60 days after it is due and payable and if the deficiency is due to negligence on the part of the taxpayer but without fraud, there must be added to the amount of the

- deficiency a penalty of 10% of the tax.
- 2 (b) Interest accrues on the unpaid taxes at the rate of
  3 1% for each month or part thereof during which the taxes
  4 remain unpaid. The interest must be computed from the date
  5 the return and tax were originally due.
  - (c) In no event may the penalty imposed under subsection (1)(a) exceed 25% of the total tax due.
- 8 (2) If the time for filing a return is extended, the
  9 taxpayer shall pay, in addition to the tax due, interest
  10 thereon at the rate of 1% for each month or part thereof
  11 from the date the return was originally required to be filed
  12 to the time of payment.
- 13 (3) The department may not assess a penalty until such
  14 time as the penalty equals \$10 or more for any one tax
  15 period or the period covered by any return or statement.
- NEW SECTION. Section 54. Limitations. Except in the 16 17 case of a person who, with intent to evade the tax, 18 purposely or knowingly files a false or fraudulent return violating the provisions of (sections 1 through 61), the 19 20 amount of tax due under any return must be determined by the 21 department within 5 years after the return was made. The 22 department is barred from revising a return or recomputing 23 the tax due thereon, and no proceeding in court for the 24 collection of the tax may be instituted unless notice of an 25 additional tax was provided within the period described in

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- 1 this section.
- 2 NEW SECTION. Section 55. Refunds. A claim for a refund
- 3 made for taxes collected under [sections 1 through 61] must
- be in accordance with the procedure and time limits provided 4
- 5 in 15-1-503.
- NEW SECTION. Section 56. Administration -- rules. The б
- 7 department shall:
- 8 (1) administer and enforce the provisions of (sections
  - 1 through 61];
- 10 (2) cause to be prepared and distributed forms and
- information as may be necessary to administer the provisions 11
- 12 of [sections 1 through 61]; and
- 13 (3) promulgate rules as may be appropriate to
- 14 administer and enforce the provisions of [sections 1 through
- 15 611.

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- NEW SECTION. Section 57. Revocation 16
- 17 license. (1) If a corporation authorized to do business in
- 18 this state and required to pay the taxes imposed under
- 19 [sections 1 through 61] fails to comply with any of the
- 20 provisions of (sections 1 through 61) or any rule of the
- department, the department may, for reasonable cause, 21
  - certify to the secretary of state a copy of an order finding
- 23 that the corporation has failed to comply with specific
- statutory provisions or rules. 24
- (2) The secretary of state shall, upon receipt of the 25

- certification, revoke the license authorizing
- corporation to do business in this state and may issue a new
  - license only when the corporation has obtained from the
- department an order finding that the corporation has
- complied with its obligations under [sections 1 through 61].
- (3) An order authorized in this section may not be made 6
- until the corporation is given an opportunity to be heard
- 8 and to show cause at a contested case hearing before the
- department why such order should not be made. The q
- 10 corporation must be given 30 days' notice of the time and
- place of the hearing and the reason for the proposed order. 11
- NEW SECTION. Section 58. Tax as debt. (1) The taxes 12
- imposed by [sections 1 through 61] and related interest and 13
- penalties become a personal debt of the person required to 14
- 15 file a return from the time the liability arises, regardless
- of when the time for payment of such liability occurs. 16
- 17 (2) The debt of an executor or administrator of the
- estate of a decedent or a fiduciary, is limited to the 18
- person's official or fiduciary capacity. However, if the 19
- person has voluntarily distributed the assets held in that
- capacity without reserving sufficient assets to pay the 21
- 22 taxes, interest, and penalties, the person is personally
- liable for any deficiency. 23
- (3) This section also applies to those corporate 24
- officers, directors, or shareholders required by the 25

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department to personally guarantee the payment of the taxes
for their corporations.

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NEW SECTION. Section 59. Information ——
confidentiality —— agreements with another state. (1) (a)
Except as provided in subsections (1)(b) and (2), it is
unlawful for an employee of the department or any other
public official or public employee to divulge or otherwise
make known any information disclosed in a report or return
required to be filed under (sections 1 through 61) or any
information concerning the affairs of the person making the
return that is acquired from the person's records, officers,
or employees in an examination or audit.

- (b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to information obtained from the taxpayer making the report or return in connection with a proceeding involving taxes due under [sections 1 through 61] or to compliance with the provisions of subsection (2).
- (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit the department from publishing statistics if they are classified in a way that does not disclose the identity and content of any particular return or report. A person violating the provisions of this section is subject to the penalty provided in 15-30-303 for violating the confidentiality of individual income tax information.
  - (2) (a) The department may enter into an agreement with

the taxing officials of another state for the interpretation and administration of the laws of their state that provide for the collection of sales taxes or use taxes in order to promote fair and equitable administration of such laws and

5 to eliminate double taxation.

- (b) The department, in order to implement the provisions of [sections 1 through 61], may furnish information on a reciprocal basis to the taxing officials of another state or to the taxing officials of a municipality of this state that has a local sales tax or use tax.
- 11 (3) In order to facilitate processing of returns and
  12 payments of taxes required by [sections 1 through 61], the
  13 department may contract with vendors and may disclose data
  14 to the vendors. The data disclosed must be administered by
  15 the vendor in a manner consistent with this section.
- NEW SECTION. Section 60. Sales tax and use tax

  17 account. (1) There is within the state special revenue fund

  18 a sales tax and use tax account.
- 19 (2) All money collected under [sections 1 through 61]
  20 must be paid by the department into the sales tax and use
  21 tax account.
- 22 (3) There must be retained in the sales tax and use tax
  23 account the amounts necessary under [sections 1 through 61]
  24 to repay overpayments, pay any erroneous receipts illegally
  25 assessed or collected or that are excessive in amount, and

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l pay any other refunds otherwise required.

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NEW SECTION. Section 61. Disposition of sales tax and use tax revenue. Except as provided in [section 60(3)] and 61-3-502, sales tax and use tax revenue is allocated to the general fund.

6 Section 62. Section 61-3-502, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-3-502. Sales tax on new and used motor vehicles -exemptions. (1) In consideration of the right to use the
highways of the state, there is imposed a tax upon all sales
of new and used motor vehicles, excluding trailers,
semitrailers, and housetrailers, for which a license is
sought and an original application for title is made. The
tax must be paid by the purchaser when he applies for his
original Montana license through the county treasurer.

(2) Except-as-provided-in-subsections-(4)-and-(5);--the
The sales tax is 2%.;

ta)--1-1/2%--of--the-frombr-factory-list-price-or-frombr
port-of-entry-list-price;-during-the-first--quarter--of--the
year-or-for-a-registration-period-other-than-a-calendar-year
or-calendar-quarter;

21 (b)--1-1/8%--of-the-list-price-during-the-second-quarter
22 of-the-year?

23 (c)--3/4-of-1%-during-the-third-quarter-of-the-year;

(d)--3/8-of-i%-during-the-fourth-quarter-of-the-year-

25 (3)--If-the-manufacturer-or-importer--fails--to--furnish

the--frotbr--factory-list-price-or-frotbr-port-of-entry-list
price-the-department-may-use-published-price-lists-

4 f4}--The-new-car-sales-tax-on-vehicles--subject--to--the
provisions--of--61-3-313--through--61-3-316-is-1-1/2%-of-the
fro-b--factory-list-price-or-fro-b--port-of-entry-list-price
regardless--of--the--month--in--which--the--new--vehicle--is
purchased:

(5)--The-sales-tax-on-new-motor-vehicles--registered--as

part--of--a--fleet-under-61-3-318-is-3/4-of-1%-of-the-frombr
factory-list-price-or-frombr-port-of-entry-list-price-

11 (6)(3) The proceeds from this tax must be remitted to
12 the state treasurer every 30 days for credit to the state
13 highway account of the state special revenue fund.

14 (77)(4) The A new vehicle is not subject to any other 15 assessment, fee in lieu of tax, or tax during the calendar 16 year in which the original application for title is made.

(0)(5) (a) The applicant for original registration of any new and unused motor vehicle, or a new motor vehicle furnished without charge by a dealer to a school district for use as a traffic education motor vehicle by a school district operating a state-approved traffic education program within the state, whether or not previously licensed or titled to the school district (except a mobile home as defined in 15-1-101(1)), acquired by original contract after January 1 of any year, is required, whenever the vehicle has

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not been otherwise assessed, to pay the motor vehicle—sales tax—provided by this section irrespective of whether the vehicle was in the state of Montana on January 1 of the year.

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- (b) No motor vehicle may be registered or licensed under the provisions of this subsection unless the application for registration is accompanied by a statement of origin to be furnished by the dealer selling the vehicle, showing that the vehicle has not previously been registered or owned, except as otherwise provided herein, by any person, firm, corporation, or association that is not a new motor vehicle dealer holding a franchise or distribution agreement from a new car manufacturer, distributor, or importer.
- +9+(6) (a) Motor vehicles operating exclusively for transportation of persons for hire within the limits of incorporated cities or towns and within 15 miles from such limits are exempt from subsection (1).
- (b) Motor vehicles brought or driven into Montana by a nonresident, migratory, bona fide agricultural worker temporarily employed in agricultural work in this state where those motor vehicles are used exclusively for transportation of agricultural workers are also exempt from subsection (1).
  - (c) Vehicles lawfully displaying a licensed dealer's

- plate as provided in 61-4-103 are exempt from subsection (1)
- 2 when moving to or from a dealer's place of business when
- 3 unloaded or loaded with dealer's property only, and in the
- 4 case of vehicles having a gross loaded weight of less than
- 5 24,000 pounds, while being demonstrated in the course of the
- 6 dealer's business."
- 7 Section 63. Section 61-4-112, MCA, is amended to read:
- 8 "61-4-112. New motor vehicles -- transfers by dealers.
- 9 (1) When a motor vehicle dealer transfers a new motor
- 10 vehicle to a purchaser or other recipient, the dealer shall:
- 11 (a) issue and affix a sticker as prescribed in
- 12 61-4-111(1)(a) for transfers of used motor vehicles and
- 13 retain a copy of the sticker;
- 14 (b) within 4 working days following the date of
- 15 delivery of the new motor vehicle, forward to the county
- 16 treasurer of the county where the purchaser or recipient
- 17 resides:
- 18 (i) one copy of the sticker issued under subsection
- 19 (1)(a);
- 20 (ii) an application for certificate of title with a
- 21 notice of security interest, if any, executed by the
- 22 purchaser or recipient; and
- 23 (iii) a statement of origin as prescribed in
- 24 61-3-502+8+6+61-3-502.
- 25 (2) Upon receipt from the county treasurer of the

- 1 documents required under subsection (1), the department
- 2 shall issue a certificate of ownership and certificate of
- 3 registration together with a statement of lien as provided
- 4 in 61-3-202."
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 64. Codification instruction.
- 6 [Sections 1 through 61] are intended to be codified as an
- 7 integral part of Title 15, and the provisions of Title 15
- 8 apply to [sections 1 through 61].
- 9 NEW SECTION. Section 65. Severability. If a part of
- 10 [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable
- 11 from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this
- 12 act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part
- 13 remains in effect in all valid applications that are
- 14 severable from the invalid applications.
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 66. Saving clause. [This act]
- 16 does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
- 17 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
- 18 [the effective date of this act].
- 19 NEW SECTION. Section 67. Effective date --
- 20 applicability -- termination. (1) [This act] is effective on
- 21 passage and approval, and [sections 1 through 61] are
- 22 applicable after December 31, 1992.
- 23 (2) [This act] terminates June 30, 1995.

-End-