HOUSE BILL NO. 24

INTRODUCED BY COHEN, B. BROWN, RICE, O'KEEFE, WHALEN, MENAHAN, DRISCOLL

IN THE HOUSE

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JUNE 20, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.
	FIRST READING.
JUNE 22, 1989	ON MOTION BY CHIEF SPONSOR, REPRESENTATIVES WHALEN, MENAHAN, AND DRISCOLL ADDED AS SPONSORS.
	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.
JUNE 23, 1989	PRINTING REPORT.
JUNE 26, 1989	SECOND READING, DO PASS AS AMENDED.
JUNE 27, 1989	ENGROSSING REPORT.
JUNE 28, 1989	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 60; NOES, 34.
	TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.
	IN THE SENATE
JUNE 28, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.
	FIRST READING.
JULY 1, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 47; NOES, 2.

RETURNED TO HOUSE.

IN THE HOUSE

JULY 1, 1989

RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

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part 1.

1 2 3 4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING TAXING UNITS 5 THAT IMPOSE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF TITLE 20, MCA, GOVERNING SCHOOLS, COMMUNITY COLLEGES, AND OTHER 6 7 EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES, TO INCREASE THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF MILLS THEY MAY LEVY TO A 3-YEAR AVERAGE IF THE NUMBER OF g MILLS LEVIED IN 1986 WAS LESS THAN THE NUMBER OF MILLS 10 LEVIED IN EITHER 1984 OR 1985; AMENDING SECTION 15-10-412, . . MCA: AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A 11 12 RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE." 13 14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 15 Section 1. Section 15-10-412, MCA, is amended to read: 16 "15-10-412. Property tax limited to 1986 levels -clarification -- extension to all property classes. Section 17 15-10-402 is interpreted and clarified as follows: 18 19 (1) The limitation to 1986 levels is extended to apply to all classes of property described in Title 15, chapter 6, 20

(2) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied is

interpreted to mean that, except as otherwise provided in

this section, the actual tax liability for an individual

property is capped at the dollar amount due in each taxing

1 unit for the 1986 tax year. In tax years thereafter, the property must be taxed in each taxing unit at the 1986 cap 2 or the product of the taxable value and mills levied. 3 whichever is less for each taxing unit, except in a taxing unit that levied a tax in tax years 1983 through 1985 but did not levy a tax in 1986, in which case the actual tax liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar amount due in that taxing unit for the 1985 tax year. 9 (3) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does not mean that no further increase may be made in the total 10 11 taxable valuation of a taxing unit as a result of: 12 (a) annexation of real property and improvements into 13 a taxing unit; 14 (b) construction, expansion, remodeling οĒ 15 improvements: 16 (c) transfer of property into a taxing unit; 17 (d) subdivision of real property; 18 (e) reclassification of property; (f) increases in the amount of production or the value 19 20 production for property described in 15-6-131 or 21 15-6-132; 22 (g) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable 23 status;

(h) revaluations caused by:

(i) cyclical reappraisal; or



24

- 1 (ii) expansion, addition, replacement, or remodeling of 2 improvements; or
- 3 (i) increases in property valuation pursuant to 4 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values annually. 5
- (4) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 6 7 not mean that no further increase may be made in the taxable 8 valuation or in the actual tax liability on individual 9 property in each class as a result of:
- (a) a revaluation caused by: 10
- 11 (i) construction, expansion, replacement, 12 remodeling of improvements that adds value to the property; 13 or
- (ii) cyclical reappraisal; 14
- (b) transfer of property into a taxing unit; 15
- 16 (c) reclassification of property;
- (d) increases in the amount of production or the value 17 18 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or 19 15~6-132;
- 20 (e) annexation of the individual property into a new 21 taxing unit;
- 22 (f) conversion of the individual property 23 tax-exempt to taxable status; or
- 24 (q) increases in property valuation pursuant to 25 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values

- ٦ annually.
- (5) Property in classes four, twelve, and fourteen is 2 valued according to the procedures used in 1986, including the designation of 1982 as the base year, until the 4 5 reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 1986, is completed and new valuations are placed on the tax rolls and a new base year designated, if the property is:
 - (a) new construction;
- remodeled 9 (b) expanded, deleted. replaced, improvements: 10
 - (c) annexed property; or
- (d) property converted from tax-exempt to taxable 12
- 13 status.

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- 14 (6) Property described in subsections (5)(a) through
- 15 (5)(d) that is not class four, class twelve, or class
- fourteen property is valued according to the procedures used 16 in 1986 but is also subject to the dollar cap in each taxing
- unit based on 1986 mills levied. 18
- 19 (7) The limitation on the amount of taxes, as
- clarified in this section, is intended to leave the property 20
- appraisal and valuation methodology of the department of 21
- revenue intact. Determinations of county classifications 22
- salaries of local government officers, and all other matters 23
- in which total taxable valuation is an integral componen 24
- are not affected by 15-10-401 and 15-10-402 except for th 25

- use of taxable valuation in fixing tax levies. In fixing tax
 levies, the taxing units of local government may anticipate
 the deficiency in revenues resulting from the tax
 limitations in 15-10-401 and 15-10-402, while understanding
 that regardless of the amount of mills levied, a taxpayer's
 liability may not exceed the dollar amount due in each
 taxing unit for the 1986 tax year unless:
 - (a) the taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year. If a taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year, it may levy additional mills to compensate for the decreased taxable valuation, but in no case may the mills levied exceed a number calculated to equal the revenue from property taxes for the 1986 tax year in that taxing unit.
 - (b) a levy authorized under Title 20 that was made in 1986 was for less than the number of mills levied in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may levy an additional number of mills but may not levy more than the 3-year average number of mills levied for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986.
 - (8) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does not apply to the following levy or special assessment categories, whether or not they are based on commitments made before or after approval of 15-10-401 and 15-10-402:
- 25 (a) rural improvement districts;

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- 1 (b) special improvement districts;
- 2 (c) levies pledged for the repayment of bonded
 3 indebtedness, including tax increment bonds;
- 4 (d) city street maintenance districts;
- 5 (e) tax increment financing districts;
- 6 (f) satisfaction of judgments against a taxing unit;
- 7 (q) street lighting assessments; and

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- 8 (h) revolving funds to support any categories 9 specified in this subsection (8).
- 10 (9) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does .

 11 not apply in a taxing unit if the voters in the taxing unit

 12 approve an increase in tax liability following a resolution

of the governing body of the taxing unit containing:

- 14 (a) a finding that there are insufficient funds to
 15 adequately operate the taxing unit as a result of 15-10-401
 16 and 15-10-402:
- 17 (b) an explanation of the nature of the financial 18 emergency;
- 19 (c) an estimate of the amount of funding shortfall
 20 expected by the taxing unit;
- 21 (d) a statement that applicable fund balances are or 22 by the end of the fiscal year will be depleted;
- 23 (e) a finding that there are no alternative sources of 24 revenue:
- 25 (f) a summary of the alternatives that the governing

and the second control of the second control

body of the taxing unit has considered; and

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- 2 (g) a statement of the need for the increased revenue
 3 and how it will be used.
- 4 (10) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
 5 not apply to levies required to address the funding of
 6 relief of suffering of inhabitants caused by famine,
 7 conflagration, or other public calamity.
 - (11) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied by a taxing jurisdiction subject to a statutory maximum mill levy does not prevent a taxing jurisdiction from increasing its number of mills beyond the statutory maximum mill levy to produce revenue equal to its 1986 revenue.
- 13 (12) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
 14 not apply to a levy increase to repay taxes paid under
 15 protest in accordance with 15-1-402."
- NEW SECTION. Section 2. Effective date -- retroactive applicability. (1) [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
- 19 (2) [This act] applies retroactively, within the 20 meaning of 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after 21 December 31, 1988.

-End-

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 24
2	INTRODUCED BY COHEN, B. BROWN, RICE, O'KEEFE,
3	WHALEN, MENAHAN, DRISCOLL
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING TAXING UNITS
6	THAT IMPOSE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF TITLE
7	20, MCA, GOVERNING SCHOOLS, COMMUNITY COLLEGES, AND OTHER
8	EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES, TO INCREASE THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF
9	MILLS THEY MAY LEVY TO A 3-YEAR AVERAGE IF THE NUMBER OF
10	MILLS LEVIED IN 1986 WAS LESS THAN THE NUMBER OF MILLS
11	LEVIED IN EITHER 1984 OR 1985; AMENDING SECTION 15-10-412,
12	MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A
13	RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE."
14	
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
16	Section 1. Section 15-10-412, MCA, is amended to read:
17	"15-10-412. Property tax limited to 1986 levels
18	clarification extension to all property classes. Section
19	15-10-402 is interpreted and clarified as follows:
20	(1) The limitation to 1986 levels is extended to apply
21	to all classes of property described in Title 15, chapter 6,
22	part 1.
23	(2) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied is
24	interpreted to mean that, except as otherwise provided in
25	this section, the actual tax liability for an individual

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- property is capped at the dollar amount due in each taxing
- 2 unit for the 1986 tax year. In tax years thereafter, the
- 3 property must be taxed in each taxing unit at the 1986 cap
- 4 or the product of the taxable value and mills levied,
- 5 whichever is less for each taxing unit, except in a taxing
- 6 unit that levied a tax in tax years 1983 through 1985 but
- 7 did not levy a tax in 1986, in which case the actual tax
- 8 liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar
- 9 amount due in that taxing unit for the 1985 tax year.
- 10 (3) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
- 11 not mean that no further increase may be made in the total
- 12 taxable valuation of a taxing unit as a result of:
- (a) annexation of real property and improvements into
- 14 a taxing unit;
- 15 (b) construction, expansion, or remodeling of
- 16 improvements;
- 17 (c) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- 18 (d) subdivision of real property;
- 19 (e) reclassification of property;
- 20 (f) increases in the amount of production or the value
- 21 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
- 22 15-6-132;
- 23 (g) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable
- 24 status;
- 25 (h) revaluations caused by:

- 1 (i) cyclical reappraisal; or
- 2 (ii) expansion, addition, replacement, or remodeling of 3 improvements; or
- 4 (i) increases in property valuation pursuant to 5 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values 6 annually.
- 7 (4) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 8 not mean that no further increase may be made in the taxable 9 valuation or in the actual tax liability on individual 10 property in each class as a result of:
- 11 (a) a revaluation caused by:
- 12 (i) construction, expansion, replacement, or 13 remodeling of improvements that adds value to the property; 14 or
- 15 (ii) cyclical reappraisal;
- (b) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- 17 (c) reclassification of property;
- 18 (d) increases in the amount of production or the value 19 of production for property described in 15-6~131 or 20 15-6-132:
- (e) annexation of the individual property into a new taxing unit;
- 23 (f) conversion of the individual property from 24 tax-exempt to taxable status; or
- 25 (g) increases in property valuation pursuant to

- 1 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
 2 annually.
- (5) Property in classes four, twelve, and fourteen is valued according to the procedures used in 1986, including the designation of 1982 as the base year, until the reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 1986, is completed and new valuations are placed on the tax rolls and a new
 - (a) new construction;

10 (b) expanded, deleted, replaced, or remodeled
11 improvements;

base year designated, if the property is:

- 12 (c) annexed property; or
- 13 (d) property converted from tax-exempt to taxable 14 status.
- 15 (6) Property described in subsections (5)(a) through
 16 (5)(d) that is not class four, class twelve, or class
 17 fourteen property is valued according to the procedures used
 18 in 1986 but is also subject to the dollar cap in each taxing
 19 unit based on 1986 mills levied.
- clarified in this section, is intended to leave the property
 appraisal and valuation methodology of the department of
 revenue intact. Determinations of county classifications,
 salaries of local government officers, and all other matters
 in which total taxable valuation is an integral component

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- are not affected by 15-10-401 and 15-10-402 except for the 1 2 use of taxable valuation in fixing tax levies. In fixing tax 3 levies, the taxing units of local government may anticipate 4 deficiency in revenues resulting from the tax limitations in 15-10-401 and 15-10-402, while understanding 5 that regardless of the amount of mills levied, a taxpaver's 6 liability may not exceed the dollar amount due in each 7 8 taxing unit for the 1986 tax year unless:
- 9 (a) the taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by
 10 5% or more from the 1986 tax year. If a taxing unit's
 11 taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax
 12 year, it may levy additional mills to compensate for the
 13 decreased taxable valuation, but in no case may the mills
 14 levied exceed a number calculated to equal the revenue from
 15 property taxes for the 1986 tax year in that taxing unit.
- 16 (b) a levy authorized under Title 20 that was made in
 17 1986 was for less than the number of mills levied in either
 18 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may levy an
 19 additional number of mills but may not levy more than the
 20 3-year average number of mills levied for that purpose
 21 during 1984, 1985, and 1986.
 - (8) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does not apply to the following levy or special assessment categories, whether or not they are based on commitments made before or after approval of 15-10-401 and 15-10-402:

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- 1 (a) rural improvement districts;
- 2 (b) special improvement districts;
- 3 (c) levies pledged for the repayment of bonded 4 indebtedness, including tax increment bonds;
- 5 (d) city street maintenance districts;
- 6 (e) tax increment financing districts;
- 7 (f) satisfaction of judgments against a taxing unit;
 - (g) street lighting assessments; and
- 9 (h) revolving funds to support any categories 10 specified in this subsection (8).
- 11 (9) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 12 not apply in a taxing unit if the voters in the taxing unit 13 approve an increase in tax liability following a resolution
- 14 of the governing body of the taxing unit containing:
- 15 (a) a finding that there are insufficient funds to 16 adequately operate the taxing unit as a result of 15-10-401 17 and 15-10-402:
- (b) an explanation of the nature of the financial emergency;
- (c) an estimate of the amount of funding shortfallexpected by the taxing unit;
- 22 (d) a statement that applicable fund balances are or
 23 by the end of the fiscal year will be depleted;
- 24 (e) a finding that there are no alternative sources of 25 revenue;

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- (f) a summary of the alternatives that the governing body of the taxing unit has considered; and
- 3 (g) a statement of the need for the increased revenue
 4 and how it will be used.

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- (10) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does not apply to levies required to address the funding of relief of suffering of inhabitants caused by famine, conflagration, or other public calamity.
- (11) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied by a taxing jurisdiction subject to a statutory maximum mill levy does not prevent a taxing jurisdiction from increasing its number of mills beyond the statutory maximum mill levy to produce revenue equal to its 1986 revenue.
- 14 (12) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
 15 not apply to a levy increase to repay taxes paid under
 16 protest in accordance with 15-1-402."
- NEW SECTION. Section 2. Effective date -- retroactive applicability. (1) [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
- 20 (2) [This act] applies retroactively, within the
 21 meaning of 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after
 22 December 31, 1988.

-End-

2	INTRODUCED BY COHEN, B. BROWN, RICE, O'KEEFE,
3	WHALEN, MENAHAN, DRISCOLL
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING TAXING UNITS
6	THAT IMPOSE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF TITLE
7	20, MCA, GOVERNING SCHOOLS, COMMUNITY COLLEGES, AND OTHER
8	EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES, TO INCREASE RAISE, WITH VOTER
9	APPROVAL, THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF MILLS THEY MAY LEVY TO A
10	3-YEAR AVERAGE IF THE NUMBER-OF-MILLS-LEVIED REVENUE RAISED
11	IN 1986 WAS LESS THAN THE NUMBER-OF-MILLS-LEVIED REVENUE
12	RAISED IN EITHER 1984 OR 1985; AMENDING SECTION 15-10-412,
13	MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A
14	RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
17	Section 1. Section 15-10-412, MCA, is amended to read:
18	"15-10-412. Property tax limited to 1986 levels
19	clarification extension to all property classes. Section
20	15-10-402 is interpreted and clarified as follows:
21	(1) The limitation to 1986 levels is extended to apply
22	to all classes of property described in Title 15, chapter 6,
23	part 1.
24	(2) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied is
25	interpreted to mean that, except as otherwise provided in

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1	this section, the actual tax liability for an individual
2	property is capped at the dollar amount due in each taxing
3	unit for the 1986 tax year. In tax years thereafter, the
4	property must be taxed in each taxing unit at the 1986 cap
5	or the product of the taxable value and mills levied,
6	whichever is less for each taxing unit, except in a taxing
7	unit that levied a tax in tax years 1983 through 1985 but
8	did not levy a tax in 1986, in which case the actual tax
9	liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar
10	amount due in that taxing unit for the 1985 tax year.
11	(3) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
12	not mean that no further increase may be made in the total
13	taxable valuation of a taxing unit as a result of:
14	(a) annexation of real property and improvements into
15	a taxing unit;
16	(b) construction, expansion, or remodeling of
17	improvements;
18	(c) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
19	(d) subdivision of real property;
20	(e) reclassification of property;
21	(f) increases in the amount of production or the value
22	of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
23	15~6-132;

(g) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable

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status;

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1	(h) revaluations caused by:
2	(i) cyclical reappraisal; or
3	(ii) expansion, addition, replacement, or remodeling of
4	improvements; or
5	(i) increases in property valuation pursuant to
6	15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
7	annually.
8	(4) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
9	not mean that no further increase may be made in the taxable
LO	valuation or in the actual tax liability on individual
11	property in each class as a result of:
12	(a) a revaluation caused by:
13	(i) construction, expansion, replacement, or
14	remodeling of improvements that adds value to the property;
15	or
16	(ii) cyclical reappraisal;
17	(b) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
18	(c) reclassification of property;
19	(d) increases in the amount of production or the value
20	of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
21	15-6-132;

(e) annexation of the individual property into a new

(f) conversion of the individual property from

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taxing unit;

tax-exempt to taxable status; or

- 1 (g) increases in property valuation pursuant to
 2 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
 3 annually.
- (5) Property in classes four, twelve, and fourteen is valued according to the procedures used in 1986, including the designation of 1982 as the base year, until the reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 1986, is completed and new valuations are placed on the tax rolls and a new base year designated, if the property is:
- 10 (a) new construction;

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- 11 (b) expanded, deleted, replaced, or remodeled
 12 improvements;
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- 14 (d) property converted from tax-exempt to taxable
 15 status.
- 16 (6) Property described in subsections (5)(a) through
 17 (5)(d) that is not class four, class twelve, or class
 18 fourteen property is valued according to the procedures used
 19 in 1986 but is also subject to the dollar cap in each taxing
 20 unit based on 1986 mills levied.
 - (7) The limitation on the amount of taxes, as clarified in this section, is intended to leave the property appraisal and valuation methodology of the department of revenue intact. Determinations of county classifications, salaries of local government officers, and all other matters

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in which total taxable valuation is an integral component 1 2 are not affected by 15-10-401 and 15-10-402 except for the use of taxable valuation in fixing tax levies. In fixing tax 3 levies, the taxing units of local government may anticipate 4 the deficiency in revenues resulting from the tax 5 6 limitations in 15-10-401 and 15-10-402, while understanding that regardless of the amount of mills levied, a taxpayer's 7 liability may not exceed the dollar amount due in each 8 taxing unit for the 1986 tax year unless: 9

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- (a) the taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year. If a taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year, it may levy additional mills to compensate for the decreased taxable valuation, but in no case may the mills levied exceed a number calculated to equal the revenue from property taxes for the 1986 tax year in that taxing unit.
- (b) a levy authorized under Title 20 that-was-made-in 1986--was--for--less--than-the-number-of-mills-levied RAISED LESS REVENUE IN 1986 THAN WAS RAISED in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, AFTER APPROVAL BY THE VOTERS IN THE TAXING UNIT, levy RAISE EACH YEAR THEREAFTER an additional number of mills but may not levy more REVENUE than the 3-year average number-of-mills-levied OF REVENUE RAISED for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986.
- (8) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does

-5-

- not apply to the following levy or special assessment categories, whether or not they are based on commitments made before or after approval of 15-10-401 and 15-10-402:
- 4 (a) rural improvement districts;
 - (b) special improvement districts;
- (c) levies pledged for the repayment of bonded
 indebtedness, including tax increment bonds;
- (d) city street maintenance districts;
- 9 (e) tax increment financing districts;
- 10 (f) satisfaction of judgments against a taxing unit;
- 11 (q) street lighting assessments; and
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- 14 (9) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
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 16 approve an increase in tax liability following a resolution
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- 18 (a) a finding that there are insufficient funds to
 19 adequately operate the taxing unit as a result of 15-10-401
 20 and 15-10-402;
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by the end of the fiscal year will be depleted;

- 2 (e) a finding that there are no alternative sources of 3 revenue;
- 4 (f) a summary of the alternatives that the governing 5 body of the taxing unit has considered; and
- 6 (g) a statement of the need for the increased revenue
 7 and how it will be used.
 - (10) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does not apply to levies required to address the funding of relief of suffering of inhabitants caused by famine, conflagration, or other public calamity.
 - (11) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied by a taxing jurisdiction subject to a statutory maximum mill levy does not prevent a taxing jurisdiction from increasing its number of mills beyond the statutory maximum mill levy to produce revenue equal to its 1986 revenue.
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 19 protest in accordance with 15-1-402."
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- 23 (2) [This act] applies retroactively, within the 24 meaning of 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after 25 December 31, 1988.

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-End-

HB 24

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15-6-132;

status;

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51st Legislature Special Session 6/89

1	ROUSE BILL NO. 24
2	INTRODUCED BY COHEN, B. BROWN, RICE, O'KEEFE,
3	WHALEN, MENAHAN, DRISCOLL
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING TAXING UNITS
6	THAT IMPOSE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF TITLE
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8	EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES, TO INCREASE RAISE, WITH VOTER
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18	"15-10-412. Property tax limited to 1986 levels
19	clarification extension to all property classes. Section
20	15-10-402 is interpreted and clarified as follows:
21	(1) The limitation to 1986 levels is extended to apply
22	to all classes of property described in Title 15, chapter 6,
23	part 1.
24	(2) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied is
25	interpreted to mean that except as otherwise provided in

this section, the actual tax liability for an individual 2 property is capped at the dollar amount due in each taxing unit for the 1986 tax year. In tax years thereafter, the 3 property must be taxed in each taxing unit at the 1986 cap or the product of the taxable value and mills levied, whichever is less for each taxing unit, except in a taxing unit that levied a tax in tax years 1983 through 1985 but did not levy a tax in 1986, in which case the actual tax liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar 10 amount due in that taxing unit for the 1985 tax year. 11 (3) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 12 not mean that no further increase may be made in the total 13 taxable valuation of a taxing unit as a result of: 14 (a) annexation of real property and improvements into 15 a taxing unit; 16 (b) construction, expansion, or remodeling of 17 improvements: 18 (c) transfer of property into a taxing unit; 19 (d) subdivision of real property; 20 (e) reclassification of property; 21 (f) increases in the amount of production or the value of production for property described in 15-6-131 or 22



(9) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable

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- 1 (h) revaluations caused by: 2 (i) cyclical reappraisal; or 3 (ii) expansion, addition, replacement, or remodeling of improvements: or 5 (i) increases in property valuation pursuant to
- 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values 7 annually.
- (4) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 8 9 not mean that no further increase may be made in the taxable 10 valuation or in the actual tax liability on individual 11 property in each class as a result of:
- 12 (a) a revaluation caused by:

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- 13 (i) construction. expansion, replacement, or 14 remodeling of improvements that adds value to the property; 15 or
- 16 (ii) cyclical reappraisal;
- 17 (b) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- (c) reclassification of property; 18
- 19 (d) increases in the amount of production or the value 20 production for property described in 15-6-131 or of 21 15-6-132;
- 22 (e) annexation of the individual property into a new 23 taxing unit;
- 24 (f) conversion of the individual property from 25 tax-exempt to taxable status; or

- 1 (g) increases in property valuation pursuant 2 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values annually. 3
- (5) Property in classes four, twelve, and fourteen is 5 valued according to the procedures used in 1986, including the designation of 1982 as the base year, until the 6 7 reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 1986, is completed and new valuations are placed on the tax rolls and a new 9 base year designated, if the property is:
- 10 (a) new construction;

- 11 (b) expanded, deleted, replaced, remodeled 12 improvements;
 - (c) annexed property; or
- 14 (d) property converted from tax-exempt to taxable 15 status.
- 16 (6) Property described in subsections (5)(a) through 17 (5)(d) that is not class four, class twelve, or class 18 fourteen property is valued according to the procedures used in 1986 but is also subject to the dollar cap in each taxing 19 20 unit based on 1986 mills levied.
- 21 (7) The limitation on the amount of taxes, clarified in this section, is intended to leave the property appraisal and valuation methodology of the department of 23 revenue intact. Determinations of county classifications, 24 salaries of local government officers, and all other matters

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Ł	in which total taxable valuation is an integral component
2	are not affected by 15-10-401 and 15-10-402 except $$ for $$ the
3	use of taxable valuation in fixing tax levies. In fixing tax
4	levies, the taxing units of local government may anticipate
5	the deficiency in revenues resulting from the tax
6	limitations in 15-10-401 and 15-10-402, while understanding
7	that regardless of the amount of mills levied, a taxpayer's
В	liability may not exceed the dollar amount due in each
9	taxing unit for the 1986 tax year unless:

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- (a) the taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year. If a taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year, it may levy additional mills to compensate for the decreased taxable valuation, but in no case may the mills levied exceed a number calculated to equal the revenue from property taxes for the 1986 tax year in that taxing unit.
- (b) a levy authorized under Title 20 that-was-made--in 1986--was--for--less--than-the-number-of-mills-levied RAISED LESS REVENUE IN 1986 THAN WAS RAISED in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, AFTER APPROVAL BY THE VOTERS IN THE TAXING UNIT, LOVY RAISE EACH YEAR THEREAFTER an additional number of mills but may not levy more REVENUE than the 3-year average number-of-mills-levied OF REVENUE RAISED for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986.
- (8) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does

- not apply to the following levy or special assessment 1
- 2 categories, whether or not they are based on commitments
- 3 made before or after approval of 15-10-401 and 15-10-402:
 - (a) rural improvement districts;
 - (b) special improvement districts;
- 6 (c) levies pledged for the repayment of bonded 7 indebtedness, including tax increment bonds;
- 8 (d) city street maintenance districts;
- 9 (e) tax increment financing districts;
 - (f) satisfaction of judgments against a taxing unit;
- 11 (q) street lighting assessments; and
- 12 (h) revolving funds to support any categories 13 specified in this subsection (8).
- 14 (9) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does not apply in a taxing unit if the voters in the taxing unit 15 16 approve an increase in tax liability following a resolution
- of the governing body of the taxing unit containing: 18 (a) a finding that there are insufficient funds to
- 19 adequately operate the taxing unit as a result of 15-10-401
- 20 and 15-10-402;

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- 21 (b) an explanation of the nature of the financial 22 emergency;
- 23 (c) an estimate of the amount of funding shortfall
- expected by the taxing unit; 24
- 25 (d) a statement that applicable fund balances are or

by the end of the fiscal year will be depleted;

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- 2 (e) a finding that there are no alternative sources of 3 revenue;
- 4 (f) a summary of the alternatives that the governing 5 body of the taxing unit has considered; and
- 6 (g) a statement of the need for the increased revenue
 7 and how it will be used.
- 8 (10) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
 9 not apply to levies required to address the funding of
 10 relief of suffering of inhabitants caused by famine,
 11 conflagration, or other public calamity.
- 12 (11) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied by a
 13 taxing jurisdiction subject to a statutory maximum mill levy
 14 does not prevent a taxing jurisdiction from increasing its
 15 number of mills beyond the statutory maximum mill levy to
 16 produce revenue equal to its 1986 revenue.
- 17 (12) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
 18 not apply to a levy increase to repay taxes paid under
 19 protest in accordance with 15-1-402."
- 20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 2.** Effective date -- retroactive
 21 applicability. (1) {This act} is effective on passage and
 22 approval.
- 23 (2) [This act] applies retroactively, within the 24 meaning of 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after 25 December 31, 1988.

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