## HOUSE BILL NO. 16

# INTRODUCED BY GRINDE

# IN THE HOUSE

	IN .	THE HOUSE
JUNE 19,	1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION & CULTURAL RESOURCES.
·*		FIRST READING.
JUNE 21,	1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.
JUNE 22,	1989	PRINTING REPORT.
		ON MOTION, RULES SUSPENDED AND BILL PLACED ON SECOND READING THIS DAY
		SECOND READING, DO PASS.
JUNE 22,	1989	ENGROSSING REPORT.
		ON MOTION, RULES SUSPENDED AND BILL PLACED ON THIRD READING THIS DAY
		THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 92; NOES, 6.
		TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.
	IN	THE SENATE
JUNE 23,	1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION & CULTURAL RESOURCES.
		FIRST READING.
JUNE 26,	1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.

SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.

THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 49; NOES, 0.

RETURNED TO HOUSE.

IN THE HOUSE

JUNE 26, 1989

RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

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INTRODUCED BY

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	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REQUIRE SCHOOL
4	A BIDD FOR AN ACT ENTITIED: AN ACT TO REGISTED BEHOOD
5	DISTRICTS TO USE GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES;
6	TO PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATION TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC
7	INSTRUCTION TO ESTABLISH STANDARD ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING
8	PRACTICES; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-7-504, 20-9-201, 20-9-213,
9	AND 20-9-344, MCA; AND PROVIDING A DELAYED EFFECTIVE DATE."
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11	STATEMENT OF INTENT
12	It is the intent of the legislature that school
13	districts be required to maintain accounting systems based
14	on generally accepted accounting principles and that the
15	superintendent of public instruction adopt rules necessary
16	to implement this requirement. Under 20-3-106, 20-9-102,
17	20-9-201, 20-9-211, and 20-9-213, the superintendent of
18	public instruction is authorized to supervise public school
19	financial administration and is required to adopt rules
20	establishing requirements for budgeting and financial
21	administration of public school districts, including
22	accounting and reporting requirements. Under 20-9-344, the
23	board of public education has authority to require any
24	reports it considers necessary.

It is further intended that the districts be required

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BILL NO. 16

1 to file accurate and timely reports with the superintendent of public instruction. Districts must be required to provide 2 3 student and school district data as may be required by the superintendent of public instruction concerning the 5 condition of education in Montana, including personnel information, student and school district demographics. 7 assessment of student and school district achievements, and other appropriate educational factors necessary to enable В 9 the legislature to assess the equality of educational 10 opportunity provided by the public school districts and to 11 determine the amount of state aid to be distributed to 12 school districts. Districts shall also provide data to meet grant requirements and other national reporting needs. 13

It is intended that the superintendent of public instruction provide training, forms, and assistance to the districts as necessary to enable the districts to comply with [this act]. Whenever possible, the superintendent of public instruction shall develop methods for collecting educational data electronically, using formats consistent with school district data processing capabilities. The educational data must be maintained in an electronic format easily accessible by other state agencies and the legislature.

It is intended that the superintendent of public instruction employ two additional full-time-equivalent

personnel during fiscal year 1990 and three full-time-equivalent personnel during fiscal year 1991 for the purpose of establishing standard accounting and reporting practices in the public school districts.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 2-7-504, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-7-504. Accounting methods. The Unless otherwise required by law, the department shall prescribe the general methods and details of accounting for the receipt and disbursement of all moneys money belonging to governmental entities referred to in this part and shall establish in those offices general methods and details of accounting. All governmental entity officers shall conform with the standards prescribed by the department."

Section 2. Section 20-9-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-201. Definitions and application. (1) As used in
this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise,
"fund" means a separate detailed account of receipts and
expenditures for a specific purpose as authorized by law.
Funds are classified as follows:

(a) A "budgeted fund" means any fund for which a budget must be adopted in order to expend any money from such the fund. The general fund, transportation fund, bus depreciation reserve fund, elementary tuition fund,

retirement fund, debt service fund, leased facilities fund,
building reserve fund, adult education fund, nonoperating
fund, vocational-technical-center-fund, and any other funds
so designated by the legislature shall-be are budgeted
funds.

(b) A "nonbudgeted fund" means any fund for which a budget is not required in order to expend any money on deposit in such the fund. The school food services fund, miscellaneous federal programs fund, building fund, lease or rental agreement fund, traffic education fund, interlocal cooperative fund, and any other funds so designated by the legislature shall-be are nonbudgeted funds.

this title apply to all money of any elementary or high school district except the extracurricular money realized from pupil activities. Elementary and high school districts shall record the receipt and disbursement of all money in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The superintendent of public instruction has general supervisory authority as prescribed by law over the school financial administration provisions, as they relate to elementary and high school districts7-as-prescribed--by--law and. He shall establish-such adopt rules as-are necessary to secure compliance with the law."

Section 3. Section 20-9-213, MCA, is amended to read:

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\*20-9-213. Duties of trustees. The trustees of each district shall have the sole power and authority to transact all fiscal business and execute all contracts in the name of such district. No person other than the trustees acting as a governing board shall have the authority to expend moneys of the district. In conducting the fiscal business of the district, the trustees shall:

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- (1) cause the keeping of an accurate, detailed accounting of all receipts and expenditures of school moneys for each fund maintained by the district in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the rules prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. The record of such accounting shall be open to public inspection at any meeting of the trustees.
- (2) authorize all expenditures of district moneys and cause warrants to be issued for the payment of lawful obligations;
- 18 (3) have the authority to issue warrants on any
  19 budgeted fund in anticipation of budgeted revenues, except
  20 that such expenditures shall not exceed the amount budgeted
  21 for such fund;
  - (4) invest any moneys of the district, whenever in the judgment of the trustees such investment would be advantageous to the district, by directing the county treasurer to invest any money of the district in direct

obligations of the United States government; in savings or 1 time deposits in a state or national bank, building or loan 2 3 association, savings and loan association, or credit union insured by the FDIC, FSLIC, or NCUA located in the state; or in a repurchase agreement as authorized in 7-6-213. All interest collected on such deposits or investments shall be credited to the fund from which the money was withdrawn, except that interest earned on account of the investment of money realized from the sale of bonds shall be credited to 10 the debt service fund or the building fund, at discretion of the board of trustees. The placement of the investment by the county treasurer shall not be subject to 12 ratable distribution laws and shall be done in accordance 13 with the directive from the board of trustees. A district 14 may invest moneys under the state unified investment program 15 16 established in Title 17, chapter 6.

- (5) cause the district to record every transaction in the appropriate account before the accounts are closed at the end of the fiscal year, in order to properly report the receipt, use, and disposition of all money and property for which the district is accountable;
- (5)(6) report annually to the county superintendent, not later than August 1, the financial activities of each fund maintained by the district during the last completed school fiscal year, on the forms prescribed and furnished by

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the superintendent of public instruction. Annual fiscal reports for joint school districts shall be submitted to the county superintendent of each county in which part of the joint district is situated.

t6f{7} whenever requested, report any other fiscal
activities to the county superintendent, superintendent of
public instruction, or board of public education;

#77(8) cause the accounting records of the district to be audited annually as required by law; and

+8+(9) perform, in the manner permitted by law, such
other fiscal duties that are in the best interests of the
district."

Section 4. Section 20-9-344, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-344. Purpose of state equalization aid and duties of the board of public education for distribution — conditions of first payment. (1) The money available for state equalization aid shall must be distributed and apportioned to provide an annual minimum operating revenue for the elementary and high schools in each county, exclusive of revenues required for debt service and for the payment of any and—all costs and expense incurred in connection with any adult education program, recreation program, school food services program, new buildings;—new and grounds, and transportation.

(2) The board of public education shall administer and

distribute the state equalization aid in the manner and with the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the board of public education shall:

- (a) adopt policies for regulating the distribution of state equalization aid in accordance with the provisions of law and in a manner that would most effectively meet the financial needs of districts;
- (b) have the power to require such reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it may-deem considers necessary; and
- (c) order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the state equalization aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to such the aid as established by the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of state equalization aid, the board of public education shall may not increase or decrease the state equalization aid distribution to any district on account of any difference which that may occur during the school fiscal year between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source of school revenue.
- (3) The board of public education may order the superintendent of public instruction to withhold distribution of state equalization aid from a district when the district fails to:
  - (a) submit reports or budgets as required by law or

- rules adopted by the board of public education; or
- 2 (b) maintain accredited status.

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- 3 (4) Prior to any proposed order by the board of public
  4 education to withhold distribution of state equalization
  5 aid, the district is entitled to a contested case hearing
  6 before the board of public education, as provided under the
  7 Montana Administrative Procedure Act.
  - (3)(5) Should a district receive more state equalization aid than it is entitled to, the county treasurer must shall return the overpayment to the state upon the request of the superintendent of public instruction in the manner prescribed by the department of commerce.
- 13 (47(6)) The first payment of state equalization aid 14 must be:
- 15 (a) based on an estimate of 20% of each district's entitlement; and
- 17 (b) distributed by July 15 of the school fiscal year."
  - NEW SECTION. Section 5. Appropriation. There is appropriated from the general fund \$204,950 for the biennium ending June 30, 1991, to the superintendent of public instruction to establish standard accounting and reporting practices in all Montana public school districts.
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1990.

-End-

#### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

#### Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB16, as introduced.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

A bill for an act entitled: "An act to require school districts to use generally accepted accounting principles; to provide an appropriation to the Superintendent of Public Instruction to establish standard accounting and reporting practices; amending Sections 2-7-504, 20-9-201, 20-9-213, and 20-9-344, MCA; and providing a delayed effective date."

#### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

- 1. In FY90, a grade 16 and a grade 15 accountant would be required; in FY91, a grade 16 and two grade 15's would be required.
- 2. Operating expenses for rent for 3.0 FTE would be necessary, as well as printing costs, travel funds to the 56 counties, meeting room rental, and supplies and materials.
- 3. Basic equipment such as desk, chair, portable computer, etc. would be necessary for each FTE.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

Expenditures:			FY90				FY91	
	Cui	rrent	Proposed	Difference	Cu	rrent	Proposed	Difference
Personal Services	\$	-0-	\$65,224	\$65,224	\$	-0-	\$ 97,388	\$ 97,388
Operating Expenses		-0-	9,168	9,168		-0-	21,170	21,170
Equipment		-0-	8,000	8,000		-0-	4,000	4,000
Total	\$	-0-	\$82,392	\$82,392	\$	-0-	\$122,558	\$122,558
General Fund	\$	-0-	\$82,392	\$82,392	\$	-0-	\$122,558	\$122,558

#### EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

As more and more districts follow GAAP more closely, it could result in lower audit costs for districts in their budgets.

## LONG-RANGE EFFECTS:

After the second year, annual cost would be \$109,458.

W. DAVID DARBY, BUDGET DIRECTOR

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING

LARRY AL DRINDS

DATE 6/21/89

LARRY HAL GRINDE, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for HB16, as introduced

HB 16

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# APPROVED BY COMM. ON EDUCATION AND CULTURAL RESOURCES

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BILL NO

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17	20-9-201, 20-9-211, and 20-9-213, the superintendent of
18	public instruction is authorized to supervise public school
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It is intended that the superintendent of public instruction provide training, forms, and assistance to the districts as necessary to enable the districts to comply with [this act]. Whenever possible, the superintendent of public instruction shall develop methods for collecting educational data electronically, using formats consistent with school district data processing capabilities. The educational data must be maintained in an electronic format easily accessible by other state agencies and the legislature.

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- "2-7-504. Accounting methods. The Unless otherwise required by law, the department shall prescribe the general methods and details of accounting for the receipt and disbursement of all moneys money belonging to governmental entities referred to in this part and shall establish in those offices general methods and details of accounting. All governmental entity officers shall conform with the standards prescribed by the department."
- Section 2. Section 20-9-201, MCA, is amended to read:

  "20-9-201. Definitions and application. (1) As used in
  this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise,

  "fund" means a separate detailed account of receipts and
  expenditures for a specific purpose as authorized by law.
  Funds are classified as follows:
- (a) A "budgeted fund" means any fund for which a budget must be adopted in order to expend any money from such the fund. The general fund, transportation fund, bus depreciation reserve fund, elementary tuition fund,

- retirement fund, debt service fund, leased facilities fund, building reserve fund, adult education fund, nonoperating fund, vocational-technical-center-fund, and any other funds so designated by the legislature shall-be are budgeted funds.
- (b) A "nonbudgeted fund" means any fund for which a budget is not required in order to expend any money on deposit in such the fund. The school food services fund, miscellaneous federal programs fund, building fund, lease or rental agreement fund, traffic education fund, interlocal cooperative fund, and any other funds so designated by the legislature shall-be are nonbudgeted funds.
- (2) The school financial administration provisions of 13 14 this title apply to all money of any elementary or high school district except the extracurricular money realized 15 from pupil activities. Elementary and high school districts 16 shall record the receipt and disbursement of all money in 17 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. 18 The superintendent of public instruction has general 19 supervisory authority as prescribed by law over the school 20 financial administration provisions, as they relate to 21 22 elementary and high school districts; -as-prescribed --by--law and. He shall establish-such adopt rules as-are necessary to 23 secure compliance with the law." 24
  - Section 3. Section 20-9-213, MCA, is amended to read:

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- (2) authorize all expenditures of district moneys and cause warrants to be issued for the payment of lawful obligations;
- (3) have the authority to issue warrants on any budgeted fund in anticipation of budgeted revenues, except that such expenditures shall not exceed the amount budgeted for such fund;
- (4) invest any moneys of the district, whenever in the judgment of the trustees such investment would be advantageous to the district, by directing the county treasurer to invest any money of the district in direct

obligations of the United States government; in savings or 1 time deposits in a state or national bank, building or loan 2 association, savings and loan association, or credit union 3 insured by the FDIC, FSLIC, or NCUA located in the state; or in a repurchase agreement as authorized in 7-6-213. All interest collected on such deposits or investments shall be credited to the fund from which the money was withdrawn, 7 except that interest earned on account of the investment of money realized from the sale of bonds shall be credited to 10 the debt service fund or the building fund, at the 11 discretion of the board of trustees. The placement of the 12 investment by the county treasurer shall not be subject to ratable distribution laws and shall be done in accordance 13 with the directive from the board of trustees. A district 14 may invest moneys under the state unified investment program 15 16 established in Title 17, chapter 6.

- (5) cause the district to record every transaction in the appropriate account before the accounts are closed at the end of the fiscal year, in order to properly report the receipt, use, and disposition of all money and property for which the district is accountable;
- (5)(6) report annually to the county superintendent, not later than August 1, the financial activities of each fund maintained by the district during the last completed school fiscal year, on the forms prescribed and furnished by

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Section 4. Section 20-9-344, MCA, is amended to read:

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distribute the state equalization aid in the manner and with
the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the
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- (a) adopt policies for regulating the distribution of state equalization aid in accordance with the provisions of law and in a manner that would most effectively meet the financial needs of districts;
  - (b) have the power to require such reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it may-deem considers necessary; and
- (c) order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the state equalization aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to such the aid as established by the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of state equalization aid, the board of public education shall may not increase or decrease the state equalization aid distribution to any district on account of any difference which that may occur during the school fiscal year between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source of school revenue.
- 21 (3) The board of public education may order the
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  23 distribution of state equalization aid from a district when
  24 the district fails to:
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1	rules	adopted	by	the	board	ο£	public	education;	or

- 2 (b) maintain accredited status.
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  11 upon the request of the superintendent of public instruction
  12 in the manner prescribed by the department of commerce.
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  14 must be:
- 15 (a) based on an estimate of 20% of each district's 16 entitlement; and
- 17 (b) distributed by July 15 of the school fiscal year."
- 18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Appropriation. There is
- 19 appropriated from the general fund \$204,950 for the biennium
- 20 ending June 30, 1991, to the superintendent of public
- 21 instruction to establish standard accounting and reporting
- 22 practices in all Montana public school districts.
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1990.

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HOUSE BILL NO. 16 1 INTRODUCED BY GRINDE 2 3 4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REQUIRE SCHOOL 5 DISTRICTS TO USE GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES: 6 TO PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATION TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC 7 INSTRUCTION TO ESTABLISH STANDARD ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING PRACTICES; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-7-504, 20-9-201, 20-9-213, 8 g AND 20-9-344, MCA; AND PROVIDING A DELAYED EFFECTIVE DATE." 10

#### STATEMENT OF INTENT

It is the intent of the legislature that school districts be required to maintain accounting systems based on generally accepted accounting principles and that the superintendent of public instruction adopt rules necessary to implement this requirement. Under 20-3-106, 20-9-102, 20-9-201, 20-9-211, and 20-9-213, the superintendent of public instruction is authorized to supervise public school financial administration and is required to adopt rules establishing requirements for budgeting and financial administration of public school districts, including accounting and reporting requirements. Under 20-9-344, the board of public education has authority to require any reports it considers necessary.

It is further intended that the districts be required

to file accurate and timely reports with the superintendent 1 of public instruction. Districts must be required to provide 2 student and school district data as may be required by the 3 superintendent of public instruction concerning the condition of education in Montana, including personnel student and school district demographics, information, 7 assessment of student and school district achievements, and other appropriate educational factors necessary to enable 8 the legislature to assess the equality of educational 9 10 opportunity provided by the public school districts and to 11 determine the amount of state aid to be distributed to school districts. Districts shall also provide data to meet 12 grant requirements and other national reporting needs. 13

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LC 0006/01

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- (1) cause the keeping of an accurate, detailed accounting of all receipts and expenditures of school moneys for each fund maintained by the district in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the rules prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. The record of such accounting shall be open to public inspection at any meeting of the trustees.
- 15 (2) authorize all expenditures of district moneys and 16 cause warrants to be issued for the payment of lawful 17 obligations;
  - (3) have the authority to issue warrants on any budgeted fund in anticipation of budgeted revenues, except that such expenditures shall not exceed the amount budgeted for such fund;
  - (4) invest any moneys of the district, whenever in the judgment of the trustees such investment would be advantageous to the district, by directing the county treasurer to invest any money of the district in direct

- obligations of the United States government; in savings or 1 time deposits in a state or national bank, building or loan 2 association, savings and loan association, or credit union 3 insured by the FDIC, FSLIC, or NCUA located in the state; or in a repurchase agreement as authorized in 7-6-213. All 5 interest collected on such deposits or investments shall be credited to the fund from which the money was withdrawn, 7 except that interest earned on account of the investment of money realized from the sale of bonds shall be credited to 9 10 the debt service fund or the building fund, at discretion of the board of trustees. The placement of the investment by the county treasurer shall not be subject to 12 ratable distribution laws and shall be done in accordance 13 with the directive from the board of trustees. A district 14 may invest moneys under the state unified investment program 15 established in Title 17, chapter 6. 16
  - (5) cause the district to record every transaction in the appropriate account before the accounts are closed at the end of the fiscal year, in order to properly report the receipt, use, and disposition of all money and property for which the district is accountable;
  - t5; (6) report annually to the county superintendent, not later than August 1, the financial activities of each fund maintained by the district during the last completed school fiscal year, on the forms prescribed and furnished by

the superintendent of public instruction. Annual fiscal reports for joint school districts shall be submitted to the county superintendent of each county in which part of the joint district is situated.

t6)(7) whenever requested, report any other fiscal
activities to the county superintendent, superintendent of
public instruction, or board of public education;

(7)(8) cause the accounting records of the district to be audited annually as required by law; and

(8)(9) perform, in the manner permitted by law, such
other fiscal duties that are in the best interests of the
district."

Section 4. Section 20-9-344, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-344. Purpose of state equalization aid and duties of the board of public education for distribution — conditions of first payment. (1) The money available for state equalization aid shall must be distributed and apportioned to provide an annual minimum operating revenue for the elementary and high schools in each county, exclusive of revenues required for debt service and for the payment of any and—all costs and expense incurred in connection with any adult education program, recreation program, school food services program, new buildings;—new and grounds, and transportation.

(2) The board of public education shall administer and

distribute the state equalization aid in the manner and with the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the board of public education shall:

- (a) adopt policies for regulating the distribution of state equalization aid in accordance with the provisions of law and in a manner that would most effectively meet the financial needs of districts;
- (b) have the power to require such reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it may-deem considers necessary; and
- (c) order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the state equalization aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to such the aid as established by the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of state equalization aid, the board of public education shall may not increase or decrease the state equalization aid distribution to any district on account of any difference which that may occur during the school fiscal year between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source of school revenue.
- 21 (3) The board of public education may order the
  22 superintendent of public instruction to withhold
  23 distribution of state equalization aid from a district when
  24 the district fails to:
  - (a) submit reports or budgets as required by law or

1	rules adopted by the board of public education; or
2	(b) maintain accredited status.
3	(4) Prior to any proposed order by the board of public

- education to withhold distribution of state equalization aid, the district is entitled to a contested case hearing
- before the board of public education, as provided under the
- 7 Montana Administrative Procedure Act.

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- (3)(5) Should a district receive more state equalization aid than it is entitled to, the county treasurer must shall return the overpayment to the state upon the request of the superintendent of public instruction in the manner prescribed by the department of commerce.
- 13 (4)(6) The first payment of state equalization aid
  14 must be:
- 15 (a) based on an estimate of 20% of each district's
  16 entitlement; and
- 17 (b) distributed by July 15 of the school fiscal year."
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Appropriation. There is appropriated from the general fund \$204,950 for the biennium ending June 30, 1991, to the superintendent of public instruction to public description.
- 21 instruction to establish standard accounting and reporting
- 22 practices in all Montana public school districts.
- 23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is 24 effective July 1, 1990.

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2	INTRODUCED BY GRINDE
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REQUIRE SCHOOL
5	DISTRICTS TO USE GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES;
6	TO PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATION TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC
7	INSTRUCTION TO ESTABLISH STANDARD ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING
8	PRACTICES; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-7-504, 20-9-201, 20-9-213,
9	AND 20-9-344, MCA; AND PROVIDING A DELAYED EFFECTIVE DATE.
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11	STATEMENT OF INTENT
12	It is the intent of the legislature that school
13	districts be required to maintain accounting systems based
14	on generally accepted accounting principles and that the
15	superintendent of public instruction adopt rules necessary
16	to implement this requirement. Under 20-3-106, 20-9-102,
17	20-9-201, 20-9-211, and 20-9-213, the superintendent of
18	public instruction is authorized to supervise public school
19	financial administration and is required to adopt rules

establishing requirements for budgeting and

reports it considers necessary.

administration of public school districts, including

accounting and reporting requirements. Under 20-9-344, the

board of public education has authority to require any

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to file accurate and timely reports with the superintendent 1 of public instruction. Districts must be required to provide 3 student and school district data as may be required by the superintendent of public instruction concerning the condition of education in Montana, including personnel 5 student and school district demographics, 6 information, assessment of student and school district achievements. and 8 other appropriate educational factors necessary to enable the legislature to assess the equality of educational 9 opportunity provided by the public school districts and to 10 11 determine the amount of state aid to be distributed to school districts. Districts shall also provide data to meet 12 grant requirements and other national reporting needs. 13

It is intended that the superintendent of public instruction provide training, forms, and assistance to the districts as necessary to enable the districts to comply with [this act]. Whenever possible, the superintendent of public instruction shall develop methods for collecting educational data electronically, using formats consistent with school district data processing capabilities. The educational data must be maintained in an electronic format easily accessible by other state agencies and the legislature.

It is intended that the superintendent of public instruction employ two additional full-time-equivalent

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personnel during fiscal year 1990 and three
full-time-equivalent personnel during fiscal year 1991 for
the purpose of establishing standard accounting and
reporting practices in the public school districts.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 2-7-504, MCA, is amended to read:

\*2-7-504. Accounting methods. The Unless otherwise

methods and details of accounting for the receipt and disbursement of all moneys money belonging to governmental entities referred to in this part and shall establish in those offices general methods and details of accounting.

All governmental entity officers shall conform with the standards prescribed by the department."

Section 2. Section 20-9-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-201. Definitions and application. (1) As used in

this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise,
"fund" means a separate detailed account of receipts and

expenditures for a specific purpose as authorized by law.

Funds are classified as follows:

(a) A "budgeted fund" means any fund for which a budget must be adopted in order to expend any money from such the fund. The general fund, transportation fund, bus depreciation reserve fund, elementary tuition fund,

retirement fund, debt service fund, leased facilities fund, building reserve fund, adult education fund, nonoperating fund, vocational-technical-center-fund, and any other funds so designated by the legislature shall-be are budgeted funds.

(b) A "nonbudgeted fund" means any fund for which a budget is not required in order to expend any money on deposit in such the fund. The school food services fund, miscellaneous federal programs fund, building fund, lease or rental agreement fund, traffic education fund, interlocal cooperative fund, and any other funds so designated by the legislature shall-be are nonbudgeted funds.

(2) The school financial administration provisions of this title apply to all money of any elementary or high school district except the extracurricular money realized from pupil activities. Elementary and high school districts shall record the receipt and disbursement of all money in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The superintendent of public instruction has general supervisory authority as prescribed by law over the school financial administration provisions, as they relate to elementary and high school districts;—as—prescribed—by—law and. He shall establish—such adopt rules as—are necessary to secure compliance with the law."

Section 3. Section 20-9-213, MCA, is amended to read:

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"20-9-213. Duties of trustees. The trustees of each district shall have the sole power and authority to transact all fiscal business and execute all contracts in the name of such district. No person other than the trustees acting as a governing board shall have the authority to expend moneys of the district. In conducting the fiscal business of the district, the trustees shall:

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- (2) authorize all expenditures of district moneys and cause warrants to be issued for the payment of lawful obligations;
  - (3) have the authority to issue warrants on any budgeted fund in anticipation of budgeted revenues, except that such expenditures shall not exceed the amount budgeted for such fund:
- (4) invest any moneys of the district, whenever in the judgment of the trustees such investment would be advantageous to the district, by directing the county treasurer to invest any money of the district in direct

obligations of the United States government; in savings or 1 2 time deposits in a state or national bank, building or loan association, savings and loan association, or credit union insured by the FDIC, FSLIC, or NCUA located in the state; or in a repurchase agreement as authorized in 7-6-213. All interest collected on such deposits or investments shall be credited to the fund from which the money was withdrawn, except that interest earned on account of the investment of q money realized from the sale of bonds shall be credited to 10 the debt service fund or the building fund, at the 11 discretion of the board of trustees. The placement of the investment by the county treasurer shall not be subject to 12 13 ratable distribution laws and shall be done in accordance 14 with the directive from the board of trustees. A district 15 may invest moneys under the state unified investment program 16 established in Title 17, chapter 6.

- 17 (5) cause the district to record every transaction in
  18 the appropriate account before the accounts are closed at
  19 the end of the fiscal year, in order to properly report the
  20 receipt, use, and disposition of all money and property for
  21 which the district is accountable;
- 22 (5)(6) report annually to the county superintendent,
  23 not later than August 1, the financial activities of each
  24 fund maintained by the district during the last completed
  25 school fiscal year, on the forms prescribed and furnished by

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the superintendent of public instruction. Annual fiscal reports for joint school districts shall be submitted to the county superintendent of each county in which part of the joint district is situated.

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22 connection with any adult education program, recreation

program, school food services program, new buildings, --new and grounds, and transportation.

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the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the
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- (b) have the power to require such reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it may-deem considers necessary; and
- (c) order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the state equalization aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to such the aid as established by the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of state equalization aid, the board of public education shall may not increase or decrease the state equalization aid distribution to any district on account of any difference which that may occur during the school fiscal year between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source of school revenue.
- (3) The board of public education may order the superintendent of public instruction to withhold distribution of state equalization aid from a district when the district fails to:
- (a) submit reports or budgets as required by law or

1	rules	adopted	by	the	board	of	public	education;	or

- (b) maintain accredited status.
- 3 (4) Prior to any proposed order by the board of public
  4 education to withhold distribution of state equalization
  5 aid, the district is entitled to a contested case hearing
  6 before the board of public education, as provided under the
- 7 Montana Administrative Procedure Act.

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- 17 (b) distributed by July 15 of the school fiscal year."
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Appropriation. There is appropriated from the general fund \$204,950 for the biennium ending June 30, 1991, to the superintendent of public instruction to establish standard accounting and reporting practices in all Montana public school districts.
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1990.

-End-