SENATE BILL 459

Introduced by Walker

2/28	Introduced
2/28	Referred to Taxation
3/01	Fiscal Note Requested
3/07	Fiscal Ntoe Received
3/08	Fiscal Note Printed
3/10	Hearing
	Died in Committee

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1	BILL NO. 459
2	INTRODUCED BY
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REPEALING THE EXISTING
5	STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX AND IMPOSING A STATE INCOME TAX
6	BASED ON A PERCENTAGE OF THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX PAYABLE ON
7	MONTANA TAXABLE INCOME; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-14-1133,
8	7-34-2416, 13-37-218, 13-37-303, 15-6-201, 15-30-101,
9	15-30-162, 15-30-241, 15-30-303, 15-30-323, 15-31-114,
10	15-31-202, 15-32-102, 15-32-104, 15-32-106, 15-32-303,
11	15-32-402, 15-32-405, 15-33-106, 53-2-101, 53-6-111,
12	67-11-303, 90-4-503, AND 90-8-104, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS
13	15-30-103, 15-30-105, 15-30-108, 15-30-110 THROUGH
14	15-30-117, 15-30-121 THROUGH 15-30-123, 15-30-125,
15	15-30-126, 15-30-131, 15-30-132, 15-30-135 THROUGH
16	15-30-137, 15-30-142, 15-30-143, 15-30-156, 15-30-157,
17	15-32-109, AND 15-32-201 THROUGH 15-32-203, MCA; AND
18	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE
19	APPLICABILITY DATE."
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21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
22	Section 1. Section 7-14-1133, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"7-14-1133. Bonds and obligations. (1) An authority
24	may borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue

bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and

revenues	of the	author	ity, includi	ng rev	enues	derive	d from:
(a)	any p	ort o	r transporta	tion a	nd sto	rage f	facility;
(b)	taxes	levied	pursuant to	7-14-	1131	or 67	7-10-402;
(c)	grants	or	contributi	ons.	from	the	federal
governme	nt; or						
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upon such terms as it determines, payable out of any

- 7 (d) other sources. (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 8 authority, without an election and without any limitation of 9 10 amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if the total amount of principal and interest to become due in 11 any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for 12 13 which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as 14 estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the 15 bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and 16 possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, 17 rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make 18 19 the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that 20 21 year.
 - (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in this part, any bonds issued pursuant to this part by an authority may be payable as to principal

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and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.

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- (4) Bonds issued by an authority, county, or municipality pursuant to the provisions of this part are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision, within the meaning of 15-30-111(2)(a) {section 7(2)(k)}.
- (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority, county, or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this part, prior to the payment of current costs of operation and maintenance of the facilities."
- Section 2. Section 7-34-2416, MCA, is amended to read:

 "7-34-2416. Tax-exempt status of bonds. Bonds issued
 by a county pursuant to the provisions of 7-34-2411 through
 7-34-2418 are declared to be issued for an essential public
 and governmental purpose by a political subdivision, within
 the meaning of 15-30-111(2)(a) [section 7(2)(k)]."

Section 3. Section 13-37-218, MCA, is amended to read: "13-37-218. Limitations on receipts from political committees. A candidate for the state senate may receive no more than \$1,000 in total combined monetary contributions from all political committees contributing to his campaign, and a candidate for the state house of representatives may receive no more than \$600 in total combined monetary contributions from all political committees contributing to his campaign. The-foregoing-limitations-shall-be-multiplied by-the-inflation-factor-as-defined-in-15-30-101+8}--for--the year--in--which--general--elections-are-held-after-1984;-the resulting-figure-shall-be-rounded-off--to--the--nearest--\$50 increment.--The--commissioner--of--political-practices-shall publish--the--revised--limitations--as---a--rule: In-kind contributions may not be included in computing-these the limitation totals. The limitation provided in this section does not apply to contributions made by a political party eligible for a primary election under 13-10-601."

Section 4. Section 13-37-303, MCA, is amended to read:

"13-37-303. Donation by taxpayer. (1) An individual whose withheld income tax or payment of estimated tax exceeds by more than \$1 his income tax liability for the taxable year may donate \$1 to be paid to the fund. In the case of a joint return,—as—provided—in—15-30-142; of a husband and wife having an income tax overpayment as defined

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- in 15-30-149 of \$2 or more, each spouse may donate \$1 to be paid to the fund.
- 3 (2) An individual with an unpaid tax liability may at 4 the time of payment donate an extra \$1 to be paid to the 5 fund.
- 6 (3) The department shall provide a place on the face
 7 of the blank form of return, provided for in 15-30-144,
 8 where an individual may make the donations provided for in
 9 subsections (1) and (2). The form shall adequately explain
 10 the individual's option to donate \$1 to the fund."
- Section 5. Section 15-6-201, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-6-201. Exempt categories. (1) The following

 categories of property are exempt from taxation:
- 14 (a) the property of:

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- (i) the United States, the state, counties, cities, towns, school districts, except, if congress passes legislation that allows the state to tax property owned by an agency created by congress to transmit or distribute electrical energy, the property constructed, owned, or operated by a public agency created by the congress to transmit or distribute electric energy produced at privately owned generating facilities (not including rural electric cooperatives);
- (ii) irrigation districts organized under the laws ofMontana and not operating for profit;

- 1 (iii) municipal corporations; and
- 2 (iv) public libraries;
- 3 (b) buildings, with land they occupy and furnishings
 4 therein, owned by a church and used for actual religious
 5 worship or for residences of the clergy, together with
 6 adjacent land reasonably necessary for convenient use of
 7 such buildings;
- 9 horticultural societies, for educational purposes, and for 10 nonprofit health care facilities, as defined in 50-5-101, 11 licensed by the department of health and environmental

(c) property used exclusively for agricultural and

- sciences and organized under Title 35, chapter 2 or 3. A
- 13 health care facility that is not licensed by the department
- 14 of health and environmental sciences and organized under
- 15 Title 35, chapter 2 or 3, is not exempt.

- (d) property that meets the following conditions:
- 17 (i) is owned and held by any association or 18 corporation organized under Title 35, chapter 2, 3, 20, or 19 21;
- 20 (ii) is devoted exclusively to use in connection with a 21 cemetery or cemeteries for which a permanent care and 22 improvement fund has been established as provided for in
- 23 Title 35, chapter 20, part 3; and
- 24 (iii) is not maintained and operated for private or 25 corporate profit;

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- 1 (e) institutions of purely public charity;
- 2 (f) evidence of debt secured by mortgages of record 3 upon real or personal property in the state of Montana;
 - (q) public art galleries and public observatories not used or held for private or corporate profit;
 - (h) all household goods and furniture, including but not limited to clocks, musical instruments, sewing machines, and wearing apparel of members of the family, used by the owner for personal and domestic purposes or for furnishing or equipping the family residence;
- 11 (i) a truck canopy cover or topper weighing less than 300 pounds and having no accommodations attached. Such 12 13 property is also exempt from taxation under 61-3-504(2) and 61-3-537. 14
- (i) a bicycle, as defined in 61-1-123, used by the 15 16 owner for personal transportation purposes;
- (k) motor homes, travel trailers, and campers; 17
- (1) all watercraft: 18

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- 19 (m) land, fixtures, buildings, and improvements owned 20 by a cooperative association or nonprofit corporation 21 organized to furnish potable water to its members or 22 customers for uses other than the irrigation of agricultural 23 land;
- 24 (n) the right of entry that is a property right reserved in land or received by mesne conveyance (exclusive 25

- of leasehold interests), devise, or succession to enter land whose surface title is held by another to explore, prospect, or dig for oil, gas, coal, or minerals;
- (o) property owned and used by a corporation or association organized and operated exclusively for the care of the developmentally disabled, mentally ill, or vocationally handicapped as defined in 18-5-101, which is not operated for gain or profit;
- (p) all farm buildings with a market value of less than \$500 and all agricultural implements and machinery with a market value of less than \$100; and
- (q) property owned by a nonprofit corporation 12 organized to provide facilities primarily for training and practice for or competition in international sports and 14 athletic events and not held or used for private or 15 corporate gain or profit. For purposes of this subsection 16 17 (1)(g), "nonprofit corporation" means an organization exempt 18 from taxation under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue and incorporated and admitted under the Montana 19 Nonprofit Corporation Act. 20
- (2) (a) The term "institutions of purely 21 public charity" includes organizations owning and operating 22 23 facilities for the care of the retired or 24 chronically ill, which are not operated for gain or profit.
- (b) The terms "public art galleries" and "public 25

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observatories" include only those art galleries and
observatories, whether of public or private ownership, that
are open to the public without charge at all reasonable
hours and are used for the purpose of education only.
(3)The-following-portions-of-the-appraised-value-of-a
$\texttt{capitalinvestmentmadeafter} \\ \textit{d} \\ \texttt{anuary171979} \\ \textit{7} \\\textbf{ina} \\ \\ \texttt{anuary171979} \\ \texttt{7} \\\textbf{ina} \\ \texttt{3} \\ \texttt{3} \\\textbf{ina} \\ \texttt{4} \\\textbf{ina} \\ \texttt{4} \\\textbf{ina} \\ \texttt{4} \\\textbf{ina} \\ \texttt{4} \\\textbf{ina} \\\textbf{ina} \\ \texttt{4} \\\textbf{ina} \\in$
${\tt recognizednonfossilform-of-energy-generation_{7}-as-defined}$
$\verb in-15-32-102 -are-exempt-from-taxation-for-aperiodof10 $
years-following-installation-of-the-property:
ta)9207000-in-the-case-of-a-single-family-residential
dwelling;
(b)\$100,000in-the-case-of-a-multifamily-residential
dwelling-or-a-nonresidential-structure-"
Section 6. Section 15-30-101, MCA, is amended to read:
"15~30-101. Definitions. For the purpose of this
chapter, unless otherwise required by the context, the
following definitions apply:
(1)"Base-year-structure"-means-the-following-elements
of-the-income-tax-structure:
(a)the-tax-bracketsestablishedin15-30-103,but
unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-38-103;-in-effect-on-June
30-of-the-taxable-year;
(b)theexemptionscontainedin15-30-112,but
unadjusted-by-subsections(7)and(8)of15-30-1127in
effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year;

1	<pre>(c)themaximumstandarddeductionprovidedin</pre>
2	15-30-1227-but-unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-1227-in
3	effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year.
4	(2)"Consumer-price-index"-meanstheconsumerprice
5	index;United-States-city-average;-for-all-items;-using-the
6	1967-base-of100aspublishedbythebureauoflabor
7	statistics-of-the-U-Sdepartment-of-labor.
8	(3) "Department" means the department of revenue.
9	(4) #Bividend #meansanydistributionmadebye
10	corporationoutofitsearningsorprofitstoits
11	shareholdersormemberswhetherincashorinother
12	propertyorinstock-of-the-corporation,-other-than-stock
13	dividends-as-herein-defined"Stockdividends"meansnew
14	stockissuedyforsurplusorprofitscapitalizedyto
15	shareholders-in-proportion-to-their-previous-holdings-
16	(5)(2) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee
17	executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, or an
18	person, whether individual or corporate, acting in an
19	fiduciary capacity for any person, trust, or estate.
20	<pre>(6)(3) "Foreign country" or "foreign government" mean</pre>
21	any jurisdiction other than the one embraced within the
22	United States, its territories and possessions.
23	(7)"Gross-income"-means-the-taxpayer'sgrossincom
24	forfederal-income-tax-purposes-as-defined-in-section-61-o-

the-Internal-Revenue-Gode-of-1954-or-as-that-section-may--be

tabeled--or--amended;--excluding--unemployment--compensation included-in-federal-gross-income--under--the--provisions--of section--05-of-the-Internal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-as-amended;

t8)--"Inflation-factor"-means-a-number--determined--for each--taxable--year-by-dividing-the-consumer-price-index-for dunc-of-the-taxable-year-by-the--consumer--price--index--for dunc--1980-

- (4) "Individual" means a natural person, whether married or unmarried, adult or minor, subject to payment of an income tax under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (9)(5) "Information agents" includes all individuals, corporations, associations, and partnerships, in whatever capacity acting, including lessees or mortgagors of real or personal property, fiduciaries, employers, and all officers and employees of the state or of any municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, having the control, receipt, custody, disposal, or payment of interest, rent, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations, emoluments, or other fixed or determinable annual or periodical gains, profits, and income with respect to which any person or fiduciary is taxable under this chapter.
 - (10)-"Knowingly"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101-
- 24 (11)-"Net--income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-income-of-a
 25 taxpayer-less-the-deductions-allowed-by-this-chapter;

- (12)-"Paid";-for-the-purposes-of--the--deductions--and credits-under-this-chapter;-means-paid-or-accrued-or-paid-or incurred;--and--the--terms--"paid--or-incurred"-and-"paid-or accrued"-shall-be--construed--according--to--the--method--of accounting--upon--the--basis--of-which-the-taxable-income-is computed-under-this-chapter;
 - (13)-"Purposely"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101-
- (14)-"Received"7-for--the--purpose--of--computation--of taxable-income-under-this-chapter7-means-received-or-accrued and--the--term--"received--or--accrued"--shall--be-construed according-to-the-method-of--accounting--upon--the--basis--of which-the-taxable-income-is-computed-under-this-chapter-
- (6) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, redesignated as the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" by section 2 of Public Law 99-514, as that code may be amended from time to time by the United States congress. It is the specific intent of the legislature that all amendments by the United States congress must be incorporated into the context of any section of Title 15 referring to the Internal Revenue Code.
- 21 (7) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate,
 22 or a partnership.
- 23 (15)(8) "Resident" applies only to natural persons and 24 includes, for the purpose of determining liability to the 25 tax imposed by this chapter with reference to the income of

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any taxable year, any person domiciled in the state of Montana and any other person who maintains a permanent place of abode within the state even though temporarily absent from the state and has not established a residence elsewhere.

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6 (16)-"Taxable-income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-income
7 of--a-taxpayer-less-the-deductions-and-exemptions-provided
8 for-in-this-chapter:

9 (±7)(9) "Taxable year" means the taxpayer's taxable

10 year for federal income tax purposes.

fi8f(10) "Taxpayer" includes any person or fiduciary,
resident or nonresident, subject to a tax imposed by this
chapter and does not include corporations."

NEW SECTION. Section 7. State income tax as percentage of federal. (1) A state income tax is imposed and must be paid and collected for each taxable year upon:

- (a) the federal adjusted taxable income derived from sources within and outside Montana of each resident and fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (b) the federal adjusted taxable income derived from sources within Montana of each nonresident and fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code.
- 25 (2) "Federal adjusted taxable income" means the

- taxpayer's taxable income, as determined for federal income
- 2 taxes under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code,
- 3 with the following additional deductions:
- (a) all benefits not in excess of \$3,600 received:
- 5 (i) under the Federal Employees' Retirement Act;
- 6 (ii) under the public employee retirement laws of a 7 state other than Montana; or
- 8 (iii) as an annuity, pension, or endowment under any9 private or corporate retirement plan or system;
- 10 (b) all benefits paid under the teachers' retirement
- ll law that are specified as exempt from taxation by 19-4-706:
- 12 (c) all benefits paid under The Public Employees'
- Retirement System Act that are specified as exempt from taxation by 19-3-105:
- 15 (d) all benefits paid under the highway patrol
- 16 retirement law that are specified as exempt from taxation by
- 17 19-6-705:
- 18 (e) all benefits paid under an optional retirement
- 19 program that are specified as exempt from taxation by
- 20 19-21-212;
- 21 (f) all benefits paid under 19-11-602, 19-11-604, and
- 22 19-11-605 to retired and disabled firefighters or to their
- 23 surviving spouses and orphans or benefits that are specified
- 24 as exempt from taxation by 19-13-1003:
- 25 (g) all benefits paid under the municipal police

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- officers' retirement system that are specified as exempt from taxation by 19-9-1005;
- (h) income earned by an enrolled member of a federally recognized Indian tribe during the time he both lives and works on a reservation;
- (i) Montana income tax refunds or credits;

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- (j) interest income from obligations of the United States government to the extent the income is exempt from state income tax under federal law; and
- 10 (k) interest received on obligations of any state,
 11 territory, county, municipality, district, or other
 12 political subdivision.
 - (3) A shareholder of a corporation for which the election provided for under subchapter S. of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect but for which the election provided under 15-31-202 is not in effect may deduct from his federal taxable income any part of the corporation's undistributed taxable income, net operating loss, capital or other gains, profits, or losses required to be included in the shareholder's federal taxable income by reason of the election under subchapter S. However, to the shareholder's federal taxable income must be added distributions received from the corporation to the extent the distributions would be treated as taxable dividends if the subchapter S. election were not in effect.

- (4) Nonresidents taking any of the deductions listed in subsection (2) may claim only that percentage of itemized deductions and the personal exemption deduction allowed from federal adjusted gross income that the percentage of adjusted gross income earned from sources within Montana bears to the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.
- (5) If a taxpayer's federal adjusted taxable income is adjusted for state income tax purposes to include any of the additional deductions or modifications of subsections (2) through (4), the taxpayer's federal income tax liability must be recomputed on this adjusted figure to allow the state income tax rate to be applied against it.
- NEW SECTION. Section 8. Rate of tax -- variations.

 (1) The rate of state income tax is 31.6% of a taxpayer's federal income tax liability, adjusted as provided in [section 7(5)].
- 17 (2) (a) The department may adopt a rule modifying the 18 rate of tax:
 - (i) if changes in the Internal Revenue Code are made or if other changed circumstances occur that substantially reduce the revenue produced by the state income tax to a level below that established by the legislature for the biennium:
 - (ii) if the legislature is not in session; and
- 25 (iii) after consultation with the president of the

- senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, and the chairmen of the following legislative committees:
- 3 (A) senate taxation;
- 4 (B) senate finance and claims;
- 5 (C) house taxation;
- 6 (D) house appropriations; and
- 7 (E) legislative finance.
- 8 (b) The department may, if necessary:
- 9 (i) make the modified percentage retroactive to the
- 10 previous January 1; and

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- 11 (ii) publish new withholding tables and estimated tax
 12 return requirements.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 9. Nonresidents -- determination of in-state income. A nonresident's income from sources within Montana includes income derived from all property owned in this state and from every business, profession, or occupation carried on in this state. It does not include income from annuities, interest on bank bonds. other deposits, interest on notes, or interest-bearing obligations, or dividends on stock of corporations, except to the extent to which this income is a part of the income derived from a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this state. In the case of a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on partly within and partly outside this state by a

- nonresident, the income from sources within this state must
- 2 be determined by apportionment and allocation under rules
- 3 adopted by the department.
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Tax return -- contents. (1)
 - Each individual or fiduciary mentioned in [section 7(1)]
- 6 shall file a return with the department showing:
- 7 (a) the amount of tax due and payable as reported on
- 8 the taxpayer's federal income tax return or as recomputed as
- 9 required in [section 7];
- (b) the amount of tax due under [section 8], less
- 11 credits, if any, claimed against the tax;
- 12 (c) any other information necessary for administration
- 13 of the state income tax, as may be prescribed by the
- 14 department.

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- 15 (2) If a taxpaver is unable to make his own return, an
- 16 authorized agent, quardian, or other person charged with the
- 17 care of the person or property of the taxpayer shall file
- 18 the return.

- 19 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Payment of state income tax
- 20 -- refunds -- interest. (1) A taxpayer required to file a
- 21 state income tax return shall compute the amount of state
 - income tax due and shall, at the time the return is filed.
- 23 pay to the department any balance of tax in excess of \$1
- 24 remaining unpaid after crediting the amount withheld as
- 25 provided under 15-30-202 or any payment of estimated tax as

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provided under 15-30-242.

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- (2) If the withheld tax or the estimated tax paid exceeds the state income tax due by more than \$1, the department shall refund the excess to the taxpayer within 30 days after receiving the return.
- (3) Except as provided in 15-30-321, interest at a rate of 9% a year must be added to any state income tax or portion of tax; from the due date until paid, whether the taxpayer has been granted a filing extension or not.
- 10 (4) If a joint return is made by husband and wife, the liability with respect to the tax is joint and several.
 - Section 12. Section 15-30-162, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "15-30-162. Investment credit. (1) There is allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by \(\frac{15-30-103}{5-30-103}\) [section 7] a percentage of the credit allowed with respect to certain depreciable property under section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of--1954, as amended, or as section 38 may be renumbered or amended. However, rehabilitation costs as set forth under section \(46(a)(2)(F)\) of the Internal Revenue Code of--1954, or as section \(46(a)(2)(F)\) may be renumbered or amended, are not to be included in the computation of the investment credit. The credit is allowed for the purchase and installation of certain qualified property defined by section \(38\) of the Internal Revenue Code \(61-1954\), as amended,

- 1 if the property meets all of the following qualifications:
- 2 (a) it was placed in service in Montana; and
 - (b) it was used for the production of Montana adjusted gross income.
 - (2) The amount of the credit allowed for the taxable year is 5% of the amount of credit determined under section 46(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of-1954, as amended, or as section 46(a)(2) may be renumbered or amended.
 - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), the investment credit allowed for the taxable year may not exceed the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year or \$500, whichever is less.
 - (4) If property for which an investment credit is claimed is used both inside and outside this state, only a portion of the credit is allowed. The credit must be apportioned according to a fraction the numerator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the property was located in Montana and the denominator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the taxpayer owned the property. The investment credit may be applied only to the tax liability of the taxpayer who purchases and places in service the property for which an investment credit is claimed. The credit may not be allocated between spouses unless the property is used by a partnership or small business corporation of which they are partners or

- 1 shareholders.
- 2 (5) The investment credit allowed by this section is 3 subject to recapture as provided for in section 47 of the 4 Internal Revenue Code of-1954, as amended, or as section 47 5 may be renumbered or amended."
- 6 Section 13. Section 15-30-241, MCA, is amended to read:
- 8 "15-30-241. Declaration of estimated tax. (1) Every
 9 Each individual except-farmers, ranchers, or stockmen shall,
 10 at the time prescribed in subsection (3) of this estimated tax for the taxable year
- 12 if his--net-income-from-sources-other-than-wages7-salaries7
 13 bonuses7-or-other-emoluments-can-reasonably-be--expected--to
- 14 equal-or-exceed-his-net-income-from-wages,-salaries,-bonuses
- or--other-emoluments; which are subject to withholding he is
- 16 required to file a declaration of his estimated tax under
- 17 the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 18 (2) In the declaration required under subsection (1)
 19 of this section, the individual shall state:
- 20 (a) the amount which he estimates as the amount of tax 21 under $\pm 5-30-103$ [section 8] for the taxable year;
- 22 (b) the amount which he estimates will be withheld 23 from wages paid by his employer if said individual is an 24 employee;
- 25 (c) the excess of the amount estimated under

- subsection (2)(a) over the amount estimated under subsection
- 2 (2)(b), which excess for purposes of this section shall be
- 3 considered the estimated tax for the taxable year;
- 4 (d) such other information as may be prescribed in rules promulgated by the department.
- 6 (3) The declaration required under subsection (1) of
 7 this-section shall be filed with the department on or before
 - April 15 of the taxable year, except that if the
- 9 requirements of subsection (1) of-this-section are first
- 10 met:

- (a) after April 1 and before October 1 of the taxable
- 12 year, the declaration shall be filed on or before October 15
- 13 of the taxable year;
- 14 (b) after October 1 of the taxable year, the
- declaration shall be filed on or before February 15 of the
- 16 succeeding taxable year.
- 17 (4) An individual may make amendments of a declaration
- 18 filed during the taxable year under subsection (3) of-this
- 19 section under rules prescribed by the department.
- 20 (5) If, on or before February 15 of the succeeding
- 21 taxable year, the taxpayer files a return for the taxable
- 22 year for which the declaration is required and pays in full
- 23 the amount computed on his return as payable, then under
- 24 rules prescribed by the department:
- 25 (a) if the declaration is not required to be filed

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during the taxable year but is required to be filed on or before such February 15, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as such the declaration: and

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- (b) if the tax shown on the return is greater than the estimated tax shown in a declaration previously made or in the last amendments thereof, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as the amendment of the declaration permitted by subsection (4) of-this-section to be filed on or before such February 15.
- (6) The department shall promulgate rules governing reasonable extensions of time for filing declarations and paying the estimated tax except in the case of taxpayers who are abroad, and no such extension shall be for more than 6 months.
- (7) If the taxpayer is unable to make his own declaration, the declaration shall be made by a duly authorized agent or by the quardian or other person charged with the care of the person or property of such the taxpayer.
- (8) Any individual who fails to file a declaration of estimated tax as required by this section is not subject to the penalties set forth in 15-30-321." 23
- Section 14. Section 15-30-303, MCA, is amended to 24 25 read:

- *15-30-303. Confidentiality of tax records. (1) Except 1 2 in accordance with proper judicial order or as otherwise provided by law, it is unlawful for the department or any 3 deputy, assistant, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee to divulge or make known in any manner the amount of income or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report or return required under this chapter or any other information secured in the administration of this chapter. It is also unlawful to divulge or make known in any manner any federal return or federal return information disclosed 10 11 on any return or report required by rule of the department or under this chapter. 12
 - (2) The officers charged with the custody of such reports and returns shall not be required to produce any of them or evidence of anything contained in them in any action or proceeding in any court, except in any action or proceeding to which the department is a party under the provisions of this chapter or any other taxing act or on behalf of any party to any action or proceedings under the provisions of this chapter or such other act when the reports or facts shown thereby are directly involved in such the action or proceedings, in either of which events the court may require the production of and may admit in evidence so much of said the reports or of the facts shown thereby as are pertinent to the action or proceedings and no

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- (3) Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit:
- (a) the delivery to a taxpayer or his duly authorized representative of a certified copy of any return or report filed in connection with his tax;
- (b) the publication of statistics so classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports or returns and the items thereof; or
- (c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the report or return of any taxpayer who shall bring action to set aside or review the tax based thereon or against whom an action or proceeding has been instituted in accordance with the provisions of 15-30-311 and 15-30-322.
- (4) Reports and returns shall be preserved for 3 years and thereafter until the department orders them to be destroyed.
- (5) Any offense against subsections (1) through (4) of this section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 1 year, or both, at the discretion of the court, and if the offender be is an officer or employee of the state, he shall be dismissed from office and be incapable of holding any public office in this state for a period of 1 year thereafter.
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, 1 the department may permit the commissioner of internal 2 revenue of the United States or the proper officer of any state imposing a tax upon the incomes of individuals or the authorized representative of either such officer to inspect the return of income of any individual or may furnish to such the officer or his authorized representative an abstract of the return of income of any individual or supply him with information concerning any item of income contained 10 in any return or disclosed by the report of any 11 investigation of the income or return of income of any individual, but such permission shall be granted or such 12 information furnished to such the officer or his 13 representative only if the statutes of the United States or 14 of such the other state, as the case may be, grant 15 substantially similar privileges to the proper officer of 16 17 this state charged with the administration of this chapter.
 - (7) Further, notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section, the department shall furnish:
 - (a)--to--the--department--of--justice--all--information necessary-to--identify--those--persons--qualifying--for--the additional-exemption-for-blindness-pursuant-to-15-30-112(4); for--the--purpose--of--enabling-the-department-of-justice-to administer-the-provisions-of-61-5-105;-and
 - (b) to the department of social and rehabilitation

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services information acquired under 15-30-301, pertaining to an applicant for public assistance, reasonably necessary for the prevention and detection of public assistance fraud and abuse, provided notice to the applicant has been given."

5 Section 15. Section 15-30-323, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-30-323. Penalty for deficiency. (1) If the payment required by 15-30-142(6) [section 11] is not made within 60 days or if the understatement is due to negligence on the part of the taxpayer but without fraud, there shall be added to the amount of the deficiency 5% thereof; provided, however, that no deficiency penalty shall be less than \$2. Interest will be computed at the rate of 9% per annum or fraction thereof on the additional assessment. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this subsection, the interest shall in all cases be computed from the date the return and tax were originally due as distinguished from the due date as it may have been extended to the date of payment.

(2) If the time for filing a return is extended, the taxpayer shall pay in addition interest thereon at the rate of 9% per annum from the time when the return was originally required to be filed to the time of payment."

Section 16. Section 15-31-114, MCA, is amended to read:

1 "15-31-114. Deductions allowed in computing income. In
2 computing the net income, the following deductions shall be
3 allowed from the gross income received by such the
4 corporation within the year from all sources:

(1) All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in the maintenance and operation of its business and properties, including reasonable allowance for salaries for personal services actually rendered, subject to the limitation hereinafter contained in this section, rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title or in which it has no equity. No deduction shall be allowed for salaries paid upon which the recipient thereof has not paid Montana state income tax; provided, however, that where domestic corporations are taxed on income derived from without outside the state, salaries of officers paid in connection with securing such income shall be deductible.

(2) (a) All losses actually sustained and charged off within the year and not compensated by insurance or otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the wear and tear and obsolescence of property used in the trade or business, such-rallowance to be determined according to the provisions of section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code in

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1 effect with respect to the taxable year. All elections for 2 depreciation shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes. No deduction shall be allowed 3 for any amount paid out for any buildings, permanent 4 5 improvements, or betterments made to increase the value of any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for 6 7 any amount of expense of restoring property or making good 8 the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been 9 made.

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(b) (i) There shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable period a net operating loss deduction determined according to the provisions of this subsection. The net 13 operating loss deduction is the aggregate of net operating loss carryovers to such the taxable period plus the net 14 15 operating loss carrybacks to such the taxable period. The term "net operating loss" means the excess of the deductions 16 17 allowed by this section, -15-31-114, over the gross income, 18 with the modifications specified in subsection (2)(b)(ii) of this--subsection. If for any taxable period beginning after 19 December 31, 1970, a net operating loss is sustained, such 20 21 the loss shall be a net operating loss carryback to each of the three taxable periods preceding the taxable period of 22 23 such the loss and shall be a net operating loss carryover to 24 each of the five taxable periods following the taxable period of such the loss. A net operating loss for any 25

1 taxable period ending after December 31, 1975, in addition 2 to being a net operating loss carryback to each of the three 3 preceding taxable periods, shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the seven taxable periods following the taxable period of such the loss. The portion of such the 5 loss which shall be carried to each of the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the amount of such the loss over the sum of the net income for each of the prior taxable periods to which such the loss was carried. For 1.0 purposes of the preceding sentence, the net income for such the prior taxable period shall be computed with 11 modifications specified in subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B) of-this 12 13 subsection and by determining the amount of the 14 operating loss deduction without regard to the net operating loss for the loss period or any taxable period thereafter, 15 and the net income so computed shall not be considered to be 16 17 less than zero.

(ii) The modifications referred to in subsection 18 (2)(b)(i) of-this-subsection shall be as follows: 19

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- (A) No net operating loss deduction shall be allowed.
- (B) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amount which would be allowable if computed under the cost method.
- 24 (C) Any net operating loss carried over to any taxable 25 years beginning after December 31, 1978, must be calculated

under the provisions of this section effective for the taxable year for which the return claiming the net operating loss carryover is filed.

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- (iii) A net operating loss deduction shall be allowed only with regard to losses attributable to the business carried on within the state of Montana.
- (iv) In the case of a merger of corporations, the surviving corporation shall not be allowed a net operating loss deduction for net operating losses sustained by the merged corporations prior to the date of merger. In the case of a consolidation of corporations, the new corporate entity shall not be allowed a deduction for net operating losses sustained by the consolidated corporations prior to the date of consolidation.
- (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15-31-531, interest shall not be paid with respect to a refund of tax resulting from a net operating loss carryback or carryover.
- (vi) The net operating loss deduction shall not be allowed with respect to taxable periods which ended on or before December 31, 1970, but shall be allowed only with respect to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1, 1971.
- 23 (3) In the case of mines, other natural deposits, oil 24 and gas wells, and timber, a reasonable allowance for 25 depletion and for depreciation of improvements; such

- reasonable allowance to be determined according to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect for the taxable year. All elections made under the Internal Revenue Code with respect to capitalizing or expensing exploration and development costs and intangible drilling expenses for corporation license tax purposes shall be the same as the elections made for federal income tax purposes.
 - (4) The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness incurred in the operation of the business from which its income is derived; but no interest shall be allowed as a deduction if paid on an indebtedness created for the purchase, maintenance, or improvement of property or for the conduct of business unless the income from such the property or business would be taxable under this part.
- 15 (5) (a) Taxes paid within the year, except the following:
 - (i) Taxes imposed by this part.

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- (ii) Taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed.
- 20 (iii) Taxes on or according to or measured by net 21 income or profits imposed by authority of the government of 22 the United States.
- 23 (iv) Taxes imposed by any other state or country upon 24 or measured by net income or profits.
- 25 (b) Taxes deductible under this part shall be

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- construed to include taxes imposed by any county, school district, or municipality of this state.
- 3 (6)--That---portion--of--an--energy-related--investment 4 allowed-as-a-deduction-under-15-32-103-

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- (7)(6) (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), charitable contributions and gifts that qualify for deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.
- (b) The public service commission shall not allow in the rate base of a regulated corporation the inclusion of contributions made under this subsection.
- teh(7) In lieu of the deduction allowed under subsection the fair market value, not to exceed 30% of the taxpayer's net income, of a computer or other sophisticated technological equipment or apparatus intended for use with the computer donated to an elementary, secondary, or accredited postsecondary school located in Montana if:
- 19 (a) the contribution is made no later than 5 years
 20 after the manufacture of the donated property is
 21 substantially completed;
- 22 (b) the property is not transferred by the donee in 23 exchange for money, other property, or services; and
- 24 (c) the taxpayer receives a written statement from the 25 donee in which the donee agrees to accept the property and

- representing that the use and disposition of the property
 will be in accordance with the provisions of tb;-of-th;
 subsection (8) (7)(b)."
- Section 17. Section 15-31-202, MCA, is amended to read:
- 6 "15-31-202. Election by small business corporation.
 7 (1) A small business corporation may elect not to be subject
 8 to the taxes imposed by this chapter.
- 9 (2) If a small business corporation makes an election under subsection (1), then:
 - (a) with respect to the taxable years of the corporation for which such the election is in effect, such the corporation is not subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter and, with respect to such the taxable years and all succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply to such the corporation; and
 - (b) with respect to the taxable years of a shareholder of such corporation in which or with which the taxable years of the corporation for which such the election is in effect end, the provisions of this part apply to such the shareholder, and with respect to such the taxable years and all succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply to such the shareholder.
- 24 (3) An election under subsection (1) must be made in 25 accordance with rules prescribed by the department of

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- 2 (4) This election is not effective unless the 3 corporate or loss of such the electing net incom€ 4 corporation is included in the stockholders' federal adjusted gross taxable income as defined in 15-30-111 5 6 [section 7].
- 7 (5) Every electing corporation is required to pay the 8 minimum fee of \$10 required by 15-31-204."
- 9 **Section 18.** Section 15-32-102, MCA, is amended to 10 read:
- 11 "15-32-102. Definitions. As used in this part, the 12 following definitions apply:
- 13 (1) "Building" means a single or multiple dwelling,
 14 including a mobile home, or a building used for commercial,
 15 industrial, or agricultural purposes, which is enclosed with
 16 walls and a roof.
- 17 (2) "Capital investment" means any material or 18 equipment purchased and installed in a building or land with 19 or without improvements.
- 20 (3) "Energy conservation purpose" means one or more of 21 the following results of an investment: reducing the waste 22 or dissipation of energy or reducing the amount of energy 23 required to accomplish a given quantity of work.
- 24 (4) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal 25 energy system that uses the structure of a building and its

operable components to provide heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by using the climate resources available at the site. It includes only those portions and components of a building that are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy and that are not standard components of a conventional building.

(5)--"how-emission-wood-or-biomass--combustion--device"

means-a-stove-or-furnace-or-a-catalytic-converter-added-to-a

stove-or-furnace-which-burns-wood-or-other-nonfossil-biomass

and-which-has-an-emission-rate-of-less-than-6-grams-per-hour

when--tested--in--conformance--with--the-standard-method-for

measuring-the-emissions-and-efficiencies-of-residential-wood

stoves--as--adopted--by--the--department---of---health---and
environmental-sciences-pursuant-to-15-32-203-

(6)(5) "Recognized nonfossil forms of energy generation" means a system for the utilization of solar energy including passive solar systems, wind, solid wastes, or the decomposition of organic wastes for capturing energy or converting energy sources into usable sources, for the production of electric power from solid wood wastes, a low emission wood or biomass combustion device, and also means a small system for the utilization of water power by means of an impoundment not over 20 acres in surface area."

Section 19. Section 15-32-104, MCA, is amended to

1 read:

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*15-32-104. Limitations on deduction and credit. Tax 2 3 treatment under 15-32-103 and-15-32-109 is limited to:

- (1) capital investments made after January 1, 1975;
- (2) persons and firms not primarily engaged in the provision of gas or electricity derived from fossil fuel extraction or conventional hydroelectric development; and 7
- (3) a ceiling of \$100,000 in tax savings per year to 8 9 any one person or firm."
- 10 Section 20. Section 15-32-106, MCA, is amended to 11 read:

"15-32-106. Procedure for obtaining benefit of 12 deduction or credit. The department of revenue shall provide 13 forms on which a taxpayer may apply for tax treatment under 14 15 15-32-103 or-15-32-109. Application shall be made to the department of revenue. The department of revenue shall 16 approve an application which demonstrably promotes energy 17 18 conservation or utilizes a recognized nonfossil form of energy generation. The department of revenue may refer an 19 application involving energy generation to the department of 20 21 natural resources and conservation for its advice, and the department of natural resources and conservation shall 22 respond within 60 days. The department of revenue may refer 23 24 an application involving energy conservation to department of administration for its advice, and the 25

- department of administration shall respond within 60 days. 1
- The department of revenue may deny an application which it
- 3 finds to be impractical or ineffective."
- Section 21. Section 15-32-303, MCA, is amended to 5 read:
- 6 *15-32-303. Deduction for purchase of Montana produced organic fertilizer. In addition to all other deductions from 7 adjusted---gross--individual--income--allowed--in--computing 8 taxable-income-under-Title-15;-chapter--30;--or--from gross 9 corporate income allowed in computing net income under Title 10 15, chapter 31, part 1, a taxpayer corporation may deduct 11 his its expenditures for organic fertilizer produced in 12 13 Montana and used in Montana if the expenditure was not 14 otherwise deducted in computing taxable income."
- Section 22. Section 15-32-402, MCA, is amended to 15 16 read:
- "15-32-402. Commercial investment credit 17 wind-generated electricity. (1) An---individual; 18 corporation, partnership, or small business corporation as 19 defined in 15-31-201 that makes an investment of \$5,000 or 20 more in certain depreciable property qualifying under 21 section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of-1954, as amended, 2.2 for a commercial system located in Montana which generates 23 electricity by means of wind power is entitled to a tax 24 25 credit against taxes imposed by 15-30-103-or 15-31-121 in an

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- amount equal to 35% of the eligible costs, to be taken as a credit only against taxes due as a consequence of taxable or net income produced by one of the following:
 - (a) manufacturing plants located in Montana that produce wind energy generating equipment;
 - (b) a new business facility or the expanded portion of an existing business facility for which the wind energy generating equipment supplies, on a direct contract sales basis, the basic energy needed; or
- 10 (c) the wind energy generating equipment in which the 11 investment for which a credit is being claimed was made.
 - (2) For purposes of determining the amount of the tax credit that may be claimed under subsection (1), eligible costs include only those expenditures that qualify under section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of-1954, as amended, and that are associated with the purchase, installation, or upgrading of:
 - (a) generating equipment;

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- (b) safety devices and storage components;
- 20 (c) transmission lines necessary to connect with 21 existing transmission facilities; and
- 22 (d) transmission lines necessary to connect directly
 23 to the purchaser of the electricity when no other
 24 transmission facilities are available.
- 25 (3) Eligible costs under subsection (2) must be

reduced by the amount of any grants provided by the state or federal government for the system."

3 Section 23. Section 15-32-405, MCA, is amended to 4 read:

7 "15-32-405. Exclusion from other tax incentives. If a credit is claimed for an investment pursuant to this part, no other state energy or investment tax credit, including but not limited to the tax credits allowed by 15-30-162 and 15-31-123 through 15-31-125, may be claimed for the investment. Property-tax-reduction-allowed-by-15-6-201(3) may-not-be-applied-to-a--facility--for--which--a--credit--is claimed-pursuant-to-this-part."

13 **Section 24.** Section 15-33-106, MCA, is amended to 14 read:

"15-33-106. Capital gains -- dividends exempted. Any capital gains or dividend income realized by an-individual or a corporation from an investment in an SBIC organized in accordance with this part is exempt from taxation under the provisions of Title 15, chapters-30-and chapter 31."

Section 25. Section 53-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-2-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires
otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:

(1) "Department" means the department of social and rehabilitation services provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 22.

(2) "Protective services" means services to children and adults to be provided by the department of family services as permitted by Titles 41 and 53.

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- (3) "Public assistance" or "assistance" means any type of monetary or other assistance furnished under this title to a person by a state or county agency, regardless of the original source of the assistance.
- (4) "Needy person" is one who is eligible for public assistance under the laws of this state.
- (5) "Net monthly income" means one-twelfth of the 10 difference between the net-income federal adjusted taxable 12 income for the taxable year as the that term net--income is defined in 15-30-101 [section 7] and the state income tax 13 14 paid as determined by the state income tax return filed 15 during the current year.
 - (6) "Ward Indian" is hereby defined as an Indian who is living on an Indian reservation set aside for tribal use or is a member of a tribe or nation accorded certain rights and privileges by treaty or by federal statutes. If and when the federal Social Security Act is amended to define a "ward Indian", such definition shall supersede the foregoing definition."
- 23 Section 26. Section 53-6-111, MCA, is amended to read: "53-6-111. Department 24 charged with general 25 administration of medical assistance -- adoption of rules to

- punish fraud. (1) The department of social and rehabilitation services is hereby authorized and empowered to administer and supervise a vendor payment program of 3 medical assistance under the powers, duties, and functions 5 provided in chapter 2 of this title, as amended, and as contemplated by the provisions of Title XIX of the federal 7 Social Security Act.
- я (2) The department shall adopt rules establishing a 9 system of penalties and sanctions applicable to providers of 1.0 medical assistance services and supplies who engage in 11 fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities. The department 12 shall define by rule those activities which are fraudulent, abusive, or improper. 13
- 14 (3) The penalties or sanctions imposed include but are 15 not limited to:
- 16 (a) required courses of education in the rules 17 governing the medicaid program;
- 18 (b) withholding of payments to offset previous improper payments to a provider: 19
- 20 (c) suspension of payments to a provider pending 21 resolution of a dispute involving fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities; 22
- 23 (d) suspension of participation in the program for a 24 specified period of time; and
- 25 (e) permanent termination of participation in the

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1 medical assistance program.

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- 2 (4) The department is entitled to recover from a 3 provider all amounts paid as a result of fraudulent, 4 abusive, or improper activities, together with interest at 5 the rate set by 15-30-142 [section 11] for tax deficiencies
- from the date of such payment.
 - (5) In all cases in which a penalty or sanction may be imposed, a provider is entitled to a hearing under the provisions of Title 2, chapter 4, part 6."
- 10 **Section 27.** Section 67-11-303, MCA, is amended to 11 read:
- may borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue its bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it may determine, payable out of any revenues of the authority, including revenues derived from:
- 17 (a) an airport or air navigation facility or 18 facilities:
- 19 (b) taxes levied pursuant to 67-11-301 or other law 20 for airport purposes;
- 21 (c) grants or contributions from the federal 22 government; or
- 23 (d) other sources.
- 24 (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 25 authority, without an election and without any limitation of

- 1 amount, except that no such bonds may be issued at any time 2 if the total amount of principal and interest to become due in any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds 3 for which revenues from the same source or sources are pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received in that year as estimated in the resolution authorizing the 6 issuance of the bonds. The authority shall take all action 8 necessary and possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, 10 sufficient to make the revenues from the pledged source in 11 such year at least equal to the amount of such principal and interest due in that year. 12
 - and may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided herein, any bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by an authority may be payable as to principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.
- 21 (4) Bonds issued by an authority or municipality
 22 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter are declared to
 23 be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose
 24 by a political subdivision, within the meaning of
 25 15-30-111(2)(a) [section 7(2)(k)].

or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this chapter, prior to the payment of current costs of operation and maintenance of the facilities.

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11 (6) Subject to the conditions stated in this 12 subsection (6), the governing body of any municipality having a population in excess of 10,000, with respect to 13 bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by the municipality or 14 15 by an authority in which the municipality is included, may 16 by resolution covenant that in the event that at any time 17 all revenues, including taxes, appropriated and collected 18 for such bonds are insufficient to pay principal or interest 19 then due, it will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable 20 property in the municipality for the payment of such 21 deficiency; and may further covenant that at any time a 22 deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for the payment 23 of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a 24 general tax upon all the taxable property in the 25 municipality for the payment of such deficiency, and such

taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or amount 1 2 applicable to other municipal taxes but are limited to a rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the amount of the deficiency. In the event more than one municipality having a population in excess of 10,000 is included in an authority issuing bonds pursuant to this chapter, the municipalities may apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment of, or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues 9 appropriated for such bonds in such manner as the 10 municipalities may determine. The resolution shall state the principal amount and purpose of the bonds and the substance 11 of the covenant respecting deficiencies. No such resolution 12 becomes effective until the question of its approval has 13 14 been submitted to the qualified electors of the municipality 15 at a special election called for that purpose by the 16 governing body of the municipality and a majority of the 17 electors voting on the question have voted in favor thereof. The notice and conduct of the election is governed, to the 18 applicable, as provided for municipal general 19 extent 20 obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 42, for an 21 election called by cities and towns, and as provided for 22 county general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 23 22, for an election called by counties. If a majority of the 24 electors voting thereon vote against approval of the 25 resolution, the municipality has no authority to make the ar art a de la Colonia Colonia Colonia de la colonia de la

- covenant or to levy a tax for the payment of deficiencies pursuant to this section, but such municipality or authority may nevertheless issue bonds under this chapter payable solely from the sources referred to in subsection (1) above."
- 6 **Section 28**. Section 90-4-503, MCA, is amended to read:
 7 **"90-4-503. Residential** conservation service
- 8 established. (1) There is a residential conservation service
 9 established in Montana under the National Energy
- Conservation Policy Act of 1978, which shall be administered by the department according to the provisions of P.L. 95-619
- 12 and this part.

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- 13 (2)--This-part-is-supplemental--to--the--provisions--of 14 15-32-107-administered-by-the-public-service-commission-"
- Section 29. Section 90-8-104, MCA, is amended to read:

 "90-8-104. Definitions. As used in this chapter,

 unless the context requires otherwise, the following
- 18 definitions apply:
- 19 (1) "Board" means the board of investments provided
 20 for in 2-15-1808.
 - (2) "Capital base" means equity capital raised by a certified Montana capital company for which tax credits were claimed under this chapter and additions to net worth caused by increases in retained earnings.
- 25 (3) "Certified Montana capital company" means:

- 1 (a) a development credit corporation created pursuant 2 to Title 32, chapter 4; or
- 3 (b) a profit or nonprofit entity organized and 4 existing under the laws of Montana, created for the purpose 5 of making venture or risk capital available for qualified 6 investments and that has been certified by the board.
- 7 (4) "Montana business" means a business which is 8 located or principally based within Montana.
- 9 (5) "Qualified investment" means:
- (a) a debt or equity financing of a Montana business
 that meets both of the following criteria:
- 12 (i) the business is engaged in one or more of the 13 following activities:
 - (A) manufacturing;

- 15 (B) agricultural, fishery, or forestry production and 16 processing;
- 17 (C) mineral production and processing, except for 18 conventional oil and gas exploration;

- 22 (F)(E) research and development of products or 23 processes associated with any of the activities enumerated 24 in (A) through (B) (D) above;
- 25 (6)(F) wholesale or retail distribution activities for

- which products produced in Montana comprise 50% or more of the gross sales receipts;
- 3 (H)(G) any activity conducted in the state for which 4 50% or more of the gross receipts are derived from the sale 5 of products or services outside Montana; and
- 6 (±)(H) tourism; and

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- 7 (ii) the business is a small business as defined in 8 rules adopted by the board; or
 - (b) a debt or equity financing of a business outside Montana if such investment is likely to produce a qualified investment in Montana, as long as such investment does not exceed 25% of the capital base of the capital company.
 - (6) "Qualified Montana capital company" means a certified Montana capital company that has been designated a qualified capital company under the provisions of 90-8-202 so that investors in the company may receive the tax credits authorized in 90-8-202."
- NEW SECTION. Section 30. Repealer. 18 Sections 15-30-105, 15-30-108, 15-30-110 15-30-103. 19 through 15~30-117, 15-30-121 through 15-30-123, 15-30-125, 20 21 15-30-126. 15-30-131, 15-30-132, 15-30-135 through
- 22 15-30-137, 15-30-142, 15-30-143, 15-30-156, 15-30-157,
- 23 15-32-109, and 15-32-201 through 15-32-203, MCA, are
- 24 repealed.
- 25 NEW SECTION. Section 31. Extension of authority. Any

- existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 2 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 3 [this act].
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 32. Codification instruction --
- 5 instruction to code commissioner. (1) [Sections 7 through
- 6 11] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title
- 7 15, chapter 30, part 1, and the provisions of Title 15,
- 8 chapter 30, part 1, apply to [sections 7 through 11].
- 9 (2) The code commissioner is instructed to make
- 10 changes throughout the Montana Code Annotated to reflect the
- 11 change in definition of "Internal Revenue Code" in
- 12 15-30-101.
- NEW SECTION. Section 33. Saving clause. [This act]
- 14 does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
- 15 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
- 16 [the effective date of this act].
- 17 NEW SECTION. Section 34. Effective date --
- 18 retroactive applicability. [This act] is effective on
- 19 passage and approval and applies retroactively, within the
- 20 meaning of 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after
- 21 December 31, 1988.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB459, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act repealing the existing state individual income tax and imposing a state income tax based on a percentage of the federal tax payable on Montana taxable income; and providing an immediate effective date and a retroactive applicability date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Individual income tax collections are projected to be \$239,124,000 in FY90, and \$254,428,000 in FY91 (REAC).
- 2. Under the proposal, the state tax rate is 31.6 percent (applied to adjusted federal tax liability).

FISCAL IMPACT: Revenue Impact:

	FY90			FY91			
	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	
Individual	\$239,124,000	\$233,937,000	(\$5,187,000)	\$254,428,000	\$249,961,000	(\$4,467,000)	
Income Tax							
Fund Information:							
General Fund	\$139,170,168	\$136,151,334	(\$3,018,834)	\$148,077,096	\$145,477,302	(\$2,599,794)	
Foundation Program	76,041,432	74,391,966	(1,649,466)	80,908,104	79,487,598	(1,420,506)	
Sinking Fund	23,912,400	23,393,700	(518,700)	25,442,800	24,996,100	(446,700)	
Total	\$239,124,000	\$233,937,000	(\$5,187,000)	\$254,428,000	\$249,961,000	(\$4,467,000)	

Expenditure Impact:

Department of Revenue (General Fund)

Personal services administrative expense would be reduced approximately \$24,000 annually under this proposal.

TECHNICAL OR MECHANICAL DEFECTS OR CONFLICTS WITH EXISTING LEGISLATION:

The proposed rate of 31.6 percent is revenue-neutral assuming all retirement income is taxed per federal law. The revenue-neutral rate in each year of the biennium under the proposal as drafted is estimated to be 32.3 percent.

RAY/SHACKLEFORD, BUDGET DIRECTOR

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING

MIKE WALKER, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE 3/7

Fiscal Note for SB459, as introduced

SB 459