#### SENATE BILL NO. 452

### INTRODUCED BY GAGE

#### BY REQUEST OF THE BOARD OF CRIME CONTROL

#### IN THE SENATE

FEBRUARY 16, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 17, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 20, 1989	PRINTING REPORT.
	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
	ENGROSSING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 21, 1989	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 49; NOES, 1.
	TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.
	IN THE HOUSE
FEBRUARY 21, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
FEBRUARY 28, 1989	FIRST READING.
MARCH 22, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 28, 1989	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
MARCH 29, 1989	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 96; NOES, 1.

RETURNED TO SENATE.

IN THE SENATE

MARCH 29, 1989

RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

g

14

15

16

17

18

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	Senate BILL NO. 452
2	INTRODUCED BY
3	BY REQUEST OF THE BOARD OF CRIME CONTROL
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE
6	LAWS RELATING TO JAILS, JAIL ADMINISTRATORS, AND INMATES;
7	REDEFINING JAILS AS DETENTION CENTERS; DEFINING TERMS;
8	PROVIDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF DETENTION CENTERS;
9	PROVIDING FOR MULTIJURISDICTIONAL DETENTION CENTERS;
10	REGULATING DETENTION OF JUVENILES IN DETENTION CENTERS;
11	REQUIRING INMATES TO PAY CONFINEMENT COSTS; ALLOWING THE
12	TEMPORARY RELEASE OF INMATES; CREATING CRIMINAL OFFENSES
13	RELATED TO THE TREATMENT OF INMATES; AMENDING SECTIONS
14	7-32-2121, 7-32-2123, 7-32-2127, 7-32-2128, 7-32-2132,
15	7-32-2143, 7-32-2201 THROUGH 7-32-2205, 7-32-2207,
16	7-32-2208, 7-32-2211, 7-32-2222, 7-32-2231 THROUGH
17	7-32-2234, AND 7-32-4201, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS
18	7-32-2206, 7-32-2209, 7-32-2210, 7-32-2212, 7-32-2213,
19	7-32-2221, 7-32-2223, 7-32-4202, AND 7-32-4203, MCA."
20	
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
22	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in this
23	part, the following definitions apply:
24	(1) "Detention center" means a facility established
25	and maintained by an appropriate entity for the purpose of

1	confining	arrested	persons	or	persons	sentenced	to (	the
2	detention	center.						

- 3 (2) "Detention center administrator" means the 4 sheriff, chief of police, administrator, superintendent, 5 director, or other individual serving as the chief executive 6 officer of a detention center.
  - (3) "Detention center staff" means custodial personnel whose duties include ongoing supervision of the inmates in a detention center.
- 10 (4) "Inmate" means a person who is confined in a ll detention center.
- 12 (5) "Local government" means a city, town, county, or 13 consolidated city-county government.
  - (6) "Multijurisdictional detention center" means a detention center established and maintained by two or more local governments for the confinement of persons arrested or sentenced to confinement or a local government detention center contracting to confine persons arrested or sentenced in other local governments.
- 20 (7) "Private detention center" means a detention
  21 center owned by private industry and leased to or operated
  22 under a contract with a local government.
- 23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 2.** Use of detention center -24 payment of costs. (1) Local government, state, and federal
- 25 law enforcement and correctional agencies may use any

g

detention center for the confinement of arrested persons and the punishment of offenders, under conditions imposed by law and with the consent of the governing body responsible for the detention center.

a government unit not responsible for the operation of the detention center, the committing government unit shall pay the costs of holding the person in confinement as agreed upon by the government unit and the detention center, except that if a city or town commits a person to the detention center of the county in which the city or town is located for a reason other than detention pending trial for or detention for service of a sentence for violating an ordinance of that city or town, the costs must be paid by the county. Payments must be made to the government unit responsible for the detention center or to the administrator operating a private detention center under an agreement provided for in 7-32-2201, upon presentation of a claim to the committing government unit.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Contracts for detention center services. (1) Contracts concerning detention center services and facilities between state or local government units, the state of Montana, or the federal government must be made pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Title 7, chapter 11, part 1.

(2) A government unit responsible for a detention center may contract with a government unit of another state for the confinement of lawfully committed inmates in a detention center located in either jurisdiction.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Juvenile detention center standards. (1) Juveniles may be held in a detention center only in accordance with 41-5-301 through 41-5-309.

(2) Detention centers that hold juveniles must comply with the standards for the detention of juveniles promulgated by the department of family services.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Payment of confinement costs by inmate. An inmate found by the sentencing court to have the ability to pay is liable for the costs of his confinement in a detention center. The rate at which the inmate must pay the costs must be established at the sentencing hearing.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Temporary release from

detention center. A detention center inmate may be granted,
by court order, the privilege of leaving the detention

center during necessary and reasonable hours for any of the
following purposes:

- (1) seeking employment;
- 23 (2) working at his employment;
- 24 (3) conducting his own business or self-employment;
- 25 (4) attending to the needs of his family;

- 1 (5) attending an educational institution; or
- 2 (6) obtaining medical treatment.

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

24

- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Annoyance of inmate prohibited -- penalty. (1) The detention center administrator or staff member in charge of an inmate must use necessary and proper means to protect an inmate from purposeful or knowing insults and annoyance by others and to prevent others from communicating with the inmate while the inmate is at or is going to or returning from employment.
  - (2) A person persisting in purposefully or knowingly insulting, annoying, or communicating with an inmate after being told by the detention center administrator or staff member to desist commits the offense of inmate annoyance.
- (3) A person convicted of the offense of inmate annoyance shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 8. Inmate endangerment -penalty. (1) A detention center administrator or staff
    member commits the offense of inmate endangerment if he
    knowingly:
    - (a) places or keeps a juvenile with adult inmates;
- (b) uses corporal punishment against an inmate; or
- 22 (c) uses physical force against an inmate, except as
  23 necessary for:
- <del>-</del>
- 25 (ii) control of inmates;

(i) self-defense;

- 1 (iii) protection of another person from imminent
  2 physical attack; or
  - (iv) prevention of riot or escape.
- 4 (2) A person who commits the offense of inmate 5 endangerment shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500.
- 6 Section 9. Section 7-32-2121, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-32-2121. Duties of sheriff. The sheriff must:

preserve the peace;

3

- 9 (2) arrest and take before the nearest magistrate for 10 examination all persons who attempt to commit or have 11 committed a public offense;
- 12 (3) prevent and suppress all affrays, breaches of the 13 peace, riots, and insurrections which may come to his 14 knowledge;
- 15 (4) perform the duties of a humane officer within the 16 county with reference to the protection of dumb animals;
- 17 (5) attend all courts, except municipal, justices,
  18 and city courts, at their respective terms or sessions held
  19 within the county and obey their lawful orders and
  20 directions;
- 21 (6) command the aid of as many inhabitants of the 22 county as are necessary in the execution of the sheriff's 23 duties:
- 24 (7) take charge of and keep the county-jail detention 25 center and the prisoners inmates therein, unless the jail

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

detention center is operated by a private party under an agreement entered into under 7-32-2201 or by a jail detention center administrator or by another local government;

5

6

7

8

9

12

13

14

- (8) endorse upon all notices and process the year, month, day, hour, and minute of reception and issue therefor to the person delivering them, on payment of fees, a certificate showing the names of the parties, the title of the paper, and the time of reception;
- 10 (9) serve all process or notices in the manner
  11 prescribed by law;
  - (10) certify in writing upon the process or notices the manner and time of service or, if he fails to make service, the reasons of this failure, and return the papers without delay;
- 16 (11) take charge of and supervise search and rescue
  17 units and their officers whenever search and rescue units
  18 are called into service; and
- 19 (12) perform such other duties as are required by law."
  20 Section 10. Section 7-32-2123, MCA, is amended to
  21 read:
- 22 "7-32-2123. Appointment of jailer detention center
  23 staff. A sheriff who operates a county--jail--pursuant--to
  24 detention center under 7-32-2121 may appoint deputy sheriffs
  25 or nonsworn individuals as jailers detention center staff. A

- nonsworn individual appointed as-a-jailer to the detention

  center staff need not receive the same salary as a deputy

  sheriff."
- Section 11. Section 7-32-2127, MCA, is amended to read:
- 7-32-2127. Prosecution of action involving county law
  Renforcement personnel brought against executor or
  Renforcement personnel brought against executor or
  Renforcement personnel brought against executor or
  Renforcement personnel brought against executor.
  Renforcement personnel brought against executor administrator.
  Renforcement personnel brought against executors or any of his deputies may be prosecuted against the
  Renforcement personnel brought against executors or administrators of such sheriff."
- Section 12. Section 7-32-2128, MCA, is amended to read:
  - \*7-32-2128. False claims by detention center administrator or sheriff. (1) Every sheriff detention center administrator who falsely represents to the board-of--county commissioners governing body of a local government the actual expenses of boarding prisoners detention center inmates, for furnishing food and supplies therefor, or for any--service--rendered--in--connection--therewith providing services or who presents to said-board the governing body false items in a claim or false vouchers or, if he is not a private detention center administrator, makes any profit whatever-out-of from the board--or keeping of prisoners inmates in his custody and every person who gives a false

item or false voucher to be used by such--sheriff the detention center administrator in any claim against the county-before-such-board local government is guilty of a misdemeanor.

- (2) Every sheriff who falsely represents to the board of county commissioners or attorney general his actual traveling expenses in the performance of any official duty or causes to be paid to him from the state or any county treasury a sum exceeding his actual expenses in the performance of such his duty is guilty of a misdemeanor."
- **Section 13.** Section 7-32-2132, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "7-32-2132. Liability for escape in civil actions. (1)

    A sheriff; --jail detention center administrator; -or-private
    party-jailer who fails to prevent the escape or rescue of a
    person in his custody arrested in a civil action without the
    consent or connivance of the party in whose behalf the
    arrest or imprisonment was made is liable as follows:
  - (a) When the arrest is upon an order to hold for bail or upon a surrender in exoneration of bail before judgment, the sheriff,-jail detention center administrator,-or-private party-jailer is liable to the plaintiff for the bail.
  - (b) When the arrest is on an execution or commitment to enforce the payment of money, the sheriff, jail detention center administrator, or private party jailer is liable for

- the amount expressed in the execution or commitment.
- 2 (c) When the arrest is on an execution or commitment
  3 other than to enforce the payment of money, the sheriff;
  4 jail detention center administrator; or private party jailer
  5 is liable for the actual damages sustained.
  - (2) Upon being sued for damages for an escape or rescue of a person in his custody, the sheriff;-jail detention center administrator;-or-private-party-jailer may introduce evidence in mitigation or exculpation.
  - (3) An action may not be maintained against a sheriff, jail detention center administrator, or private party-jailer for a rescue or for an escape of a person arrested upon an execution or commitment if, after his rescue or escape and before the commencement of the action, the prisoner inmate returns to the jail detention center or is retaken by the sheriff, --jail detention center administrator, or private party-jailer."
- **Section 14.** Section 7-32-2143, MCA, is amended to 19 read:
  - "7-32-2143. Mileage and expenses of sheriff in general. (1) Except as provided in 7-32-2144 and 7-32-2145, in addition to the fees specified in 7-32-2141 and 7-32-2142, the sheriff shall receive for each mile actually traveled in serving any writ, process, order, or other paper, including a warrant of arrest, or in conveying a

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

person under arrest before a magistrate or to <del>jail</del> a detention center only his actual expenses when such travel is made by railroad or airline; and when travel is other than by railroad or airline, he shall receive a mileage allowance as provided in 2-18-503 for each mile actually traveled by him both going and returning and the actual expenses incurred by him in conveying a person under arrest before a magistrate or to jail a detention center. He shall receive the same mileage and his actual expenses for the person conveyed or transported under order of court within the county, the same to be in full payment for transporting 11 feeding such persons during such transportation. 12 13 Whenever more than one person is transported by the sheriff or when one or more papers are served on the same trip made 14 15 for the transportation of one or more prisoners inmates, 16 only one mileage may be charged.

1

2

5

8

9

10

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (2) No mileage may be paid by the county to sheriffs whose vehicles are provided and maintained by the county. All mileage paid to sheriffs whose vehicles are provided and maintained by the county shall be paid over to the county treasurer and deposited in the county general fund.
- (3) (a) No mileage may be allowed on an attachment, order of arrest, order for delivery of personal property, or any other order, notice, or paper when the same accompanies the summons and the service thereof may be made at the time

- of the service of the summons, except for the distance 1 actually traveled beyond that required to serve the summons. 2 When two or more papers are served on the same person at the 3 same time or when any paper or papers are served on more than one person on the same trip, only one mileage may be allowed or charged; and in the service of subpoenas, only one mileage may be charged when the persons named therein live in the same place or in the same direction; but mileage may be charged for the longest distance actually traveled. 9 Any writ, order, or other paper for service must be received 10 at any place in the county where a sheriff or a deputy is 11 found, and mileage must be computed only from such place to 12 the place of service. When two or more officers travel in 13 the same automobile in the discharge of any duty, only one 14 mileage may be allowed. 15
  - (b) When any sheriff or constable serves more than one process in the same cause, not requiring more than one journey from his office, he shall receive mileage only for the more distant service, and no mileage in any case may be allowed for less than I mile actually traveled.
  - (4) In lieu of charging mileage for the service of items of a civil nature as provided in subsections (1) and (3), a sheriff may charge \$1 for the service of each item of a civil nature that requires a return or proof of service."
  - Section 15. Section 7-32-2201, MCA, is amended to

9

10

11

13

14

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 read:

2

3

5

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

"7-32-2201. County---jail---required Establishing

detention center -- detention center contract -- regional

detention center. For the confinement of lawfully committed

persons, the governing body of a county may participate in

or undertake one or more of the following:

- (1) A jail-shall detention center may be built or provided and kept in good repair at the expense of the county in each county, except that whenever in the discretion of the commissioners governing body of two or more counties local governments it is necessary or desirable to build, provide, or utilize common----iail multijurisdictional detention center, they may do so in any city--or--town--located--within--one of the counties---so jurisdictions concerned. Such----common----jail The multijurisdictional detention center shall be built or provided and kept in good repair at the expense of the counties local governments concerned on a basis as the commissioners--of-the-counties-shall governing bodies agree.
- (2) A county7 or two or more counties <u>local</u>
  governments acting together7 may provide for the jail
  required detention center allowed by subsection (1) by:
- 23 (a) establishing in the county government the position
  24 of jail detention center administrator and --with---the
  25 sheriff's-concurrence, hiring a person, who is answerable to

- the governing body of the county, to fill the position or

  appointing the sheriff as detention center administrator; or
- (b) entering into an agreement,—with—the—concurrence
  of—the—sheriffs—of—all—participating—counties, with a
  private party under which the private party will provide,
  maintain, or operate the jail detention center.
  - counties—of this state are kept by the sheriffs;—jail detention center administrators;—or-private—parties—agreeing to—act—as—jailers of the counties local governments in which they are respectively situated. In the case of more—than—one county—utilizing a common—jail multijurisdictional detention center as provided in subsection (1), such—jail the detention center shall be kept by the sheriffs—of—the counties local governments utilizing the common—jail detention center on a basis as the sheriffs—shall governing bodies agree;—by—a-jail—administrator—hired—by—the—county—in which—the—jail—is—situated;—or—by—a-private—party—agreeing to—act—as—the—jailer.
  - (4) The board of county commissioners has jurisdiction and power, under such limitations and restrictions as are prescribed by law, to cause a jail detention center to be erected, furnished, and maintained, and operated. The costs must be paid for out of the county treasury."
  - Section 16. Section 7-32-2202, MCA, is amended to

a

read:

"7-32-2202. Use of jail detention center in contiguous county. (1) When there is no jail detention center in the county or when the jail detention center becomes unfit or unsafe for the confinement of prisoners inmates, the district judge may, by written appointment filed with the clerk, designate the jail detention center of a contiguous county for the confinement of the prisoners inmates of his county (or-any-of-them) and may at any time modify or annul the appointment.

- (2) A copy of the appointment, certified by the clerk, must be served on the sheriff detention center administrator of each county involved, or-the-keeper-of-the-designated jail-if-the-keeper-is-not-the-sheriff; who must receive into his jail detention center all prisoners inmates authorized to be confined therein pursuant to this section and who is responsible for the safekeeping of the persons so committed in the same manner and to the same extent as if he were the sheriff; jail detention center administrator; or-private party-jailer of the county for whose use his jail detention center is designated. With respect to the persons so committed, he is deemed the sheriff; jail detention center administrator; or-private-party-jailer of the county from which they were removed.
  - (3) When a jail detention center is erected in the

county for the use of which the designation was made or its

jail detention center is rendered fit and safe for the

confinement of prisoners inmates, the district judge of that

county must, by a written revocation filed with the clerk,

declare that the necessity for the designation has ceased

and that it is revoked.

(4) The clerk must immediately serve a copy of the revocation upon the sheriff detention center administrator of each county or-the-keeper-of-the-jail-in-each-county-if the-keeper-is-not-the-sheriff involved. The keeper-of-the jail detention center administrator in the designated county must thereupon remove the prisoners inmates to the jail detention center from which the removal was had."

**Section 17.** Section 7-32-2203, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-32-2203. Purpose-of-county-jail Who may be confined in a detention center. The common-jails Detention centers are used as follows:

- (1) for the detention of persons committed in order to secure their attendance as witnesses in criminal cases;
- 21 (2) for the detention of persons charged with crime 22 and committed for trial;
- (3) for the confinement of persons committed for
   contempt or upon civil process or by other authority of law;
  - (4) for the confinement of persons sentenced to

- imprisonment therein upon conviction of a crime;
- 2 (5) for the confinement of persons sentenced to the
  - state prison, as agreed upon by the state and the governing
- 4 body of the local government in charge of the detention
- 5 center."
- 6 Section 18. Section 7-32-2204, MCA, is amended to
- 7 read:

- 8 "7-32-2204. Maintenance of county---jail detention
- 9 center. (1) The county commissioners, or the private party
- 10 when provided in an agreement entered into under
- 11 7-32-2201(2), have the duty of building, operating,
- 12 inspecting, and repairing the jail detention center and must
- 13 take all necessary precautions against escape, sickness, or
- 14 infection.
- 15 #21--The--county--commissioners--must--inquire-into-the
- 16 security-of-the-jail-and-the-condition-of-the-prisoners
- 17 every-3-months:"
- 18 Section 19. Section 7-32-2205, MCA, is amended to
- 19 read:
- 20 "7-32-2205. Confinement of prisoners inmates. The
- 21 sheriffy--jail detention center administratory-or-private
- 22 party-jailer-must shall receive all persons committed to
- 23 jail the detention center by competent authority and provide
- 24 them with necessary food, clothing, and bedding,-for-which
- 25 sheriffs-or-jail-administrators,-but-not-jailers-operating-a

- 1 jail-under-an-agreement-provided-for-in-7-32-2201(2);---shall
- 2 submit--claims-for-the-actual-expenses-incurred-to-the-board
- 3 of-county-commissioners-for-their-determination-and,--except
- 4 as--provided--in--7-32-2207,--to--be--paid-out-of-the-county
- 5 treasury."
- 6 Section 20. Section 7-32-2207, MCA, is amended to
- 7 read:
- 8 "7-32-2207. Confinement of persons on civil process.
- 9 (1) Whenever a person is committed upon process in a civil
- 10 action or proceeding, except when the state is a party
- 11 thereto, the sheriff; -jail detention center administrator;
- 12 or--private-party-jailer is not bound to receive such person
- 13 unless security is given on the part of the party at whose
- 14 instance the process is issued, by a deposit of money, to
- 15 meet the expenses for him of necessary food, clothing, and
  - bedding or to detain such person any longer than these
- 17 expenses are provided for.
- 18 (2) This section does not apply to cases where a party
- 19 is committed as a punishment for disobedience to the
- 20 mandates, process, writs, or orders of court."
- Section 21. Section 7-32-2208, MCA, is amended to
- 22 read:

- 23 "7-32-2208. Actual confinement of prisoners inmates
- 24 required. A-prisoner An inmate committed to the-county-jail
- 25 a detention center for trial, for examination, or upon

conviction for-a-public-offense must be actually confined in
the jail detention center until he is legally discharged. If
her-is--permitted--to-go-at-large-out-of-the-jail;-except-by
virtue-of-a-legal-order-or-process;-it-is-an-escape;"

5 Section 22. Section 7-32-2211, MCA, is amended to 6 read:

"7-32-2211. Service of papers upon jailer detention center administrator for prisoner. A sheriff--or--jailer detention center administrator upon whom a paper in a judicial proceeding, directed to a-prisoner an inmate in his custody, is served must forthwith deliver it to the prisoner,--with--a--note--thereon-of-the-time-of-its-service inmate. Por-neglect-to-do-so7-he-is-liable-to--the--prisoner for-ail-damages-occasioned-thereby."

**Section 23.** Section 7-32-2222, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-32-2222. Health and safety of prisoners. (1) When-a county-jail-or-building-contiguous-to--it--is--on--fire--and there-is-reason-to-believe-that-the-prisoners-may-be-injured or--endangered,--the-sheriff,-jail-administrator,-or-private party-jailer-must-remove-them-to-a-safe-and-convenient-place and-there-confine-them-as-long-as-it--may--be--necessary--to avoid-the-danger.

(2)--When-a-pestilence-or-contagious-disease-breaks-out in--or--near-a-jail-and-the-physician-thereof-certifies-that

it-is-likely-to-endanger-the-health-of--the--prisoners,--the district-judge-may-by-a-written-appointment-designate-a-safe and--convenient--place--in--the--county--or--the--jail--in-a contiguous-county-as-the-place--of--their--confinement---The . 5 appointment--must--be--filed--in-the-office-of-the-clerk-and authorize-the-sheriff;-jail-administrator;-or-private--party jailer--to--remove--the-prisoners-to-the-designated-place-or jail-and--there--confine--them--until--they--can--be--safely returned-to-the-jail-from-which-they-were-taken-

detained,—requires—medication,—medical—services,—or hospitalization,—the—expense—of—the—same—shall—be—borne—by the—agency—or—authority—at—whose—instance—the—prisoner—is detained—when—the—agency—or—authority—is—not—the—county wherein—the—prisoner—is—being—detained—The—county—attorney shall—initiate—proceedings—to—collect—any—charges—arising from—such—medical—services—or—hospitalization—for—the prisoner—involved—if—it—is—determined—the—prisoner—is financially—able—to—pay—Each detention center must comply with state and local fire codes for correctional occupancy and with sanitation, safety, and health codes.

- (2) Designated exits must permit prompt evacuation of inmates and detention center staff in an emergency.
- (3) When there is good reason to believe that the

1 inmates may be injured or endangered, the detention center administrator must remove them to a safe and convenient place and confine them there as long as necessary to avoid 3 4 the danger. 5 6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

22

- (4) If in the opinion of the detention center administrator an inmate under his jurisdiction requires medication, medical services, or hospitalization, expense must be borne by the agency or authority at whose instance the inmate was arrested when the arresting agency or authority is not the county in which the inmate is confined, except that if a city or town commits a person to the detention center of the county in which the city or town is located for a reason other than detention pending trial for or detention for service of a sentence for violating an ordinance of that city or town, the expense must be paid by the county. The county attorney shall initiate proceedings to collect from the inmate any charges arising from the medical services or hospitalization for the inmate involved if he determines the inmate is financially able to pay."
- Section 24. Section 7-32-2231, MCA, is amended to 20 21 read:
- "7-32-2231. Purpose to allow private industry 23 involvement. It is the purpose of 7-32-2231 through 24 7-32-2234 to allow regional multijurisdictional or 25 single-county-jails single-jurisdiction detention centers to

- be built by private industry and leased back to the
- participating county--or--counties local government
- 3 governments for operation by the county local government,
- 4 collectively by participating counties local governments, or
- by a private entity with the concurrence of the sheriff--or
- sheriffs local governments involved."

12

13

14

24

- Section 25. Section 7-32-2232, MCA, is amended to 7 R read:
- 9 "7-32-2232. County---jails Detention centers 10 contracts with private parties. (1) The term of an agreement 11 under 7-32-2201 with a private party may not exceed 3 years.
  - (2) The agreement must include:
  - (a) detailed standards for the operation of the fail detention center and the incarceration of prisoners inmates;
- 15 (b) a performance bond from the private party 16 acceptable to the county local government;
- 17 (c) a promise from the private party to indemnify the 18 county local government for any damages for which the county 19 local government is found liable as a result of the 20 operation of the jail detention center;
- 21 (d) a provision that the private party must purchase liability insurance in an amount acceptable to the county 23 local government;
  - (e) minimum standards for the training of jailers detention center staff and a provision that the private

party will ensure such training; and

- (f) a provision that the county <u>local government</u> may immediately terminate the contract for good cause; and
- (g) a provision that the detention center will meet the standards of the detention center standards commission.
- (3) The provisions of Title 7 relating to bids for county local government contracts and purchases do not apply to a contract entered into under 7-32-2201 and this section."
- **Section 26.** Section 7-32-2233, MCA, is amended to 11 read:
  - "7-32-2233. Requests for contract proposals. (1) A county <u>local government</u> seeking to enter into a contract under 7-32-2201 and 7-32-2232 may publish a request for proposals. The request for proposals must be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for 3 successive weeks and must include information concerning the type of <u>jail detention center</u> services required.
  - (2) Requests for proposals must be sent to persons who have previously requested that their names be placed on a list of persons providing jail detention center services.

    The Montana board of crime control shall maintain a list of persons providing jail detention center services and furnish the list to a county local government upon request.

- 1 (3) In selecting a proposal and awarding a contract, a
  2 county <u>local government</u> need not accept the proposal with
  3 the lowest cost.
  - (4) The county <u>local government</u> must base its selection on demonstrated competence, knowledge and qualifications, the reasonableness of the services proposed, and the reasonableness of the proposed contract price for the jail detention center services.
- 9 (5) A copy of all proposals must be kept available for public inspection in the office of the county clerk and recorder.
  - (6) The county <u>local government</u> must give specific reasons for its selection of a proposal. The reasons must be recorded in the minutes of the governing body of the county <u>local government</u>."
- **Section 27.** Section 7-32-2234, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "7-32-2234. Powers of jail detention center administrators and-private-party-jailers. A jail detention center administrator or-a-private-party-acting-as-a-jailer under-an-agreement;-as--provided--for--in--7-32-2201(2); is responsible for the immediate management and control of the jail detention center subject to general policies and programs established pursuant to the agreement provided for in 7-32-2201(2) and any applicable interlocal agreement. The

- 1 powers of such an administrator and corrections detention
- center personnel employed under his authority include 2
- control over prisoners inmates:

17

22

1].

- (1) within the confines and grounds of the jail 4 detention center; and 5
- 6 (2) outside the jail detention center confines and grounds while transporting any prisoner inmate or in the hot pursuit or apprehension of any escapee."
- Section 28. Section 7-32-4201, MCA, is amended to 9 10 read:
- 11 "7-32-4201. Municipal jails detention centers 12 authorized. The city or town council has power to establish 13 and maintain a jail detention center, as defined in [section 1], for the confinement of persons convicted of violating 14 15 the ordinances of the city or town, and to make rules for the government of the same, and to cause the prisoners to 16
- NEW SECTION. Section 29. Codification instruction. 18 19 [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part 20 of Title 7, chapter 32, parts 21 and 22, and the provisions of Title 7, chapter 32, parts 21 and 22, apply to {section 21

work-on-streets-or-elsewhere-within-3-miles-of-the-city."

NEW SECTION. Section 30. Coordination instruction. If 23 Bill No. \_ [LC 20] is not passed and approved, the 24 25 amendment in [section 25 of this act] that inserts

- 7-32-2232(2)(q) is void.
- NEW SECTION. Section 31. Repealer. 2 Sections
- 3 7-32-2206, 7-32-2209, 7-32-2210, 7-32-2212, 7-32-2213,
- 7-32-2221, 7-32-2223, 7-32-4202, and 7-32-4203, MCA, are
- repealed.

-End-

## APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

1	SENATE BILL NO. 452
2	INTRODUCED BY GAGE
3	BY REQUEST OF THE BOARD OF CRIME CONTROL
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE
6	LAWS RELATING TO JAILS, JAIL ADMINISTRATORS, AND INMATES;
7	REDEFINING JAILS AS DETENTION CENTERS; DEFINING TERMS;
8	PROVIDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF DETENTION CENTERS;
9	PROVIDING FOR MULTIJURISDICTIONAL DETENTION CENTERS;
LO	REGULATING DETENTION OF JUVENILES IN DETENTION CENTERS;
11	REQUIRING INMATES TO PAY CONFINEMENT COSTS; ALLOWING THE
12	TEMPORARY RELEASE OF INMATES; CREATING CRIMINAL OFFENSES
13	RELATED TO THE TREATMENT OF INMATES; AMENDING SECTIONS
14	7-32-2121, 7-32-2123, 7-32-2127, 7-32-2128, 7-32-2132,
15	7-32-2143, 7-32-2201 THROUGH 7-32-2205, 7-32-2207,
16	7-32-2208, 7-32-2211, 7-32-2222, 7-32-2231 THROUGH
17	7-32-2234, AND 7-32-4201, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS
18	7-32-2206, 7-32-2209, 7-32-2210, 7-32-2212, 7-32-2213,
19	7-32-2221, 7-32-2223, 7-32-4202, AND 7-32-4203, MCA."
20	
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
22	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in this
23	part, the following definitions apply:
24	(1) "Detention center" means a facility established
25	and maintained by an appropriate entity for the purpose of

- confining arrested persons or persons sentenced to the detention center.
- 3 (2) "Detention center administrator" means the 4 sheriff, chief of police, administrator, superintendent, 5 director, or other individual serving as the chief executive 6 officer of a detention center.
- 7 (3) "Detention center staff" means custodial personnel 8 whose duties include ongoing supervision of the inmates in a 9 detention center.
- 10 (4) "Inmate" means a person who is confined in a ll detention center.
- 12 (5) "Local government" means a city, town, county, or
  13 consolidated city-county government.
- 14 (6) "Multijurisdictional detention center" means a
  15 detention center established and maintained by two or more
  16 local governments for the confinement of persons arrested or
  17 sentenced to confinement or a local government detention
  18 center contracting to confine persons arrested or sentenced
  19 in other local governments.
- 20 (7) "Private detention center" means a detention 21 center owned by private industry and leased to or operated 22 under a contract with a local government.
- 23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 2.** Use of detention center --24 payment of costs. (1) Local government, state, and federal
  25 law enforcement and correctional agencies may use any

2

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

22

24

detention center for the confinement of arrested persons and the punishment of offenders, under conditions imposed by law and with the consent of the governing body responsible for the detention center.

1

2

5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- a government unit not responsible for the operation of the detention center, the committing government unit shall pay the costs of holding the person in confinement as agreed upon by the government unit and the detention center, except that if a city or town commits a person to the detention center of the county in which the city or town is located for a reason other than detention pending trial for or detention for service of a sentence for violating an ordinance of that city or town, the costs must be paid by the county. Payments must be made to the government unit responsible for the detention center or to the administrator operating a private detention center under an agreement provided for in 7-32-2201, upon presentation of a claim to the committing government unit.
- NEW SECTION. Section 3. Contracts for detention center services. (1) Contracts concerning detention center services and facilities between state or local government units, the state of Montana, or the federal government must be made pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Title 7, chapter 11, part 1.

(2) A government unit responsible for a detention center may contract with a government unit of another state for the confinement of lawfully committed inmates in a detention center located in either jurisdiction.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Juvenile detention center standards. (1) Juveniles may be held in a detention center only in accordance with 41-5-301 through 41-5-309.

- (2) Detention centers that hold juveniles must comply with the standards for the detention of juveniles promulgated by the department of family services.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Payment of confinement costs by inmate. An inmate found by the sentencing court to have the ability to pay is liable for the costs of his confinement in a detention center. The rate at which the inmate must pay the costs must be established at the sentencing hearing.
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Temporary release from

  detention center. A detention center inmate may be granted,
  by court order AND WITH THE CONSENT OF THE SHERIFF, the

  privilege of leaving the detention center during necessary
  and reasonable hours for any of the following purposes:
  - seeking employment;
- 23 (2) working at his employment;
  - (3) conducting his own business or self-employment;
- 25 (4) attending to the needs of his family;

SB 0452/02 SB 0452/02

(5)	attending	an educational	institution: or
191	arcenaria	an euncacionai	INSTITUTION: OF

- (6) obtaining medical treatment.
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Annoyance οĒ inmate prohibited penalty. (1) The detention center administrator or staff member in charge of an inmate must use necessary and proper means to protect an inmate from purposeful or knowing insults and annoyance by others and to prevent others from communicating with the inmate while the inmate is at or is going to or returning from employment.
- (2) A person persisting in purposefully or knowingly insulting, annoying, or communicating with an inmate after being told by the detention center administrator or staff member to desist commits the offense of inmate annoyance.
- 14 (3) A person convicted of the offense of inmate 15 annoyance shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 8. Inmate endangerment penalty. (1) A detention center administrator or staff member commits the offense of inmate endangerment if he knowingly:
    - (a) places or keeps a juvenile with adult inmates;
    - (b) uses corporal punishment against an inmate; or

-5-

- 22 (c) uses physical force against an inmate, except as
- 23 necessary for:

1

2

3

4

5

К

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

16

17

18

19

20

- 24 (i) self-defense;
- (ii) control of inmates; 25

- 1 (iii) protection of another person from imminent 2 physical attack; or
- (iv) prevention of riot or escape. 3
- (2) A person who commits the offense of inmate endangerment shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500. 5
- Section 9. Section 7-32-2121, MCA, is amended to read:
- \*7-32-2121. Duties of sheriff. The sheriff must:
- (1) preserve the peace;
- (2) arrest and take before the nearest magistrate for 10 examination all persons who attempt to commit or have 11 committed a public offense;
- (3) prevent and suppress all affrays, breaches of the 12 13 peace, riots, and insurrections which may come to his 14 knowledge;
- 15 (4) perform the duties of a humane officer within the county with reference to the protection of dumb animals; 16
- 17 (5) attend all courts, except municipal, justices', and city courts, at their respective terms or sessions held 18 19 within the county and obey their lawful orders and
- directions; 20
- 21 (6) command the aid of as many inhabitants of the 22 county as are necessary in the execution of the sheriff's
- 23 duties:
- 24 (7) take charge of and keep the county-jail detention center and the prisoners inmates therein, unless the jail 25

L	detention	center	ıs op	erateo	by a	private	party	une	ier an
2	agreement	entered	into	under	7-32-	2201 0	r by	a	jail
3	detention	center	admi	nistrat	or g	or by	anoth	er	local
4	government	;							

6

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

- (8) endorse upon all notices and process the year, month, day, hour, and minute of reception and issue therefor to the person delivering them, on payment of fees, a certificate showing the names of the parties, the title of the paper, and the time of reception;
- 10 (9) serve all process or notices in the manner 11 prescribed by law;
  - (10) certify in writing upon the process or notices the manner and time of service or, if he fails to make service, the reasons of this failure, and return the papers without delay;
  - (11) take charge of and supervise search and rescue units and their officers whenever search and rescue units are called into service; and
- 19 (12) perform such other duties as are required by law."
  20 Section 10. Section 7-32-2123, MCA, is amended to
  21 read:
- 22 "7-32-2123. Appointment of jailer detention center
  23 staff. A sheriff who operates a county--jail--pursuant--to
  24 detention center under 7-32-2121 may appoint deputy sheriffs
  25 or nonsworn individuals as jailers detention center staff. A

nonsworn individual appointed as-a-jailer to the detention

center staff need not receive the same salary as a deputy
sheriff."

Section 11. Section 7-32-2127, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-32-2127. Prosecution of action involving county law enforcement personnel brought against executor or administrator. Any action for default or misconduct of any sheriff, his undersheriff, his jailer detention center staff, or any of his deputies may be prosecuted against the executors or administrators of such sheriff."

12 **Section 12.** Section 7-32-2128, MCA, is amended to 13 read:

"7-32-2128. False claims by detention center administrator or sheriff. (1) Every sheriff detention center administrator who falsely represents to the board-of-county commissioners governing body of a local government the actual expenses of boarding prisoners detention center inmates, for furnishing food and supplies therefor, or for any-service-rendered-in-connection-therewith providing services or who presents to said-board the governing body false items in a claim or false vouchers or, if he is not a private detention center administrator, makes any profit whatever-out-of from the board--or keeping of prisoners inmates in his custody and every person who gives a false

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

SB 452

SB 0452/02 SB 0452/02

item or false voucher to be used by such-sheriff the detention center administrator in any claim against the county-before-such-board local government is guilty of a misdemeanor.

2

5

6

7

8

9

10

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (2) Every sheriff who falsely represents to the board of county commissioners or attorney general his actual traveling expenses in the performance of any official duty or causes to be paid to him from the state or any county treasury a sum exceeding his actual expenses in the performance of such his duty is guilty of a misdemeanor."
- Section 13. Section 7-32-2132, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "7-32-2132. Liability for escape in civil actions. (1)
    A sheriff; --jail detention center administrator; -or-private
    party-jailer who fails to prevent the escape or rescue of a
    person in his custody arrested in a civil action without the
    consent or connivance of the party in whose behalf the
    arrest or imprisonment was made is liable as follows:
  - (a) When the arrest is upon an order to hold for bail or upon a surrender in exoneration of bail before judgment, the sheriff;-jail detention center administrator;-or-private party-jailer is liable to the plaintiff for the bail.
  - (b) When the arrest is on an execution or commitment to enforce the payment of money, the sheriff,-jail detention center administrator,-or-private-party-jailer is liable for

the amount expressed in the execution or commitment.

- 2 (c) When the arrest is on an execution or commitment 3 other than to enforce the payment of money, the sheriff, 4 jail detention center administrator, or private party jailer 5 is liable for the actual damages sustained.
- 6 (2) Upon being sued for damages for an escape or
  7 rescue of a person in his custody, the sheriffy-jail
  8 detention center administratory-or-private-party-jailer may
  9 introduce evidence in mitigation or exculpation.
- 10 (3) An action may not be maintained against a sheriff7

  11 jail detention center administrator7-or-private-party-jailer

  12 for a rescue or for an escape of a person arrested upon an

  13 execution or commitment if, after his rescue or escape and

  14 before the commencement of the action, the prisoner inmate

  15 returns to the jail detention center or is retaken by the

  16 sheriff7--jail detention center administrator7-or-private

  17 party-jailer."
- 18 **Section 14.** Section 7-32-2143, MCA, is amended to 19 read:
- general. (1) Except as provided in 7-32-2144 and 7-32-2145, in addition to the fees specified in 7-32-2141 and 7-32-2142, the sheriff shall receive for each mile actually traveled in serving any writ, process, order, or other paper, including a warrant of arrest, or in conveying a

-9- SB 452

-10- SB 452

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

person under arrest before a magistrate or to iail a detention center only his actual expenses when such travel is made by railroad or airline; and when travel is other than by railroad or airline, he shall receive a mileage allowance as provided in 2-18-503 for each mile actually traveled by him both going and returning and the actual expenses incurred by him in conveying a person under arrest before a magistrate or to jail a detention center. He shall receive the same mileage and his actual expenses for the person conveyed or transported under order of court within the county, the same to be in full payment for transporting and feeding such persons during such transportation. Whenever more than one person is transported by the sheriff or when one or more papers are served on the same trip made for the transportation of one or more prisoners inmates, only one mileage may be charged.

1

2

3

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

- (2) No mileage may be paid by the county to sheriffs whose vehicles are provided and maintained by the county. All mileage paid to sheriffs whose vehicles are provided and maintained by the county shall be paid over to the county treasurer and deposited in the county general fund.
- (3) (a) No mileage may be allowed on an attachment, order of arrest, order for delivery of personal property, or any other order, notice, or paper when the same accompanies the summons and the service thereof may be made at the time

-11-

of the service of the summons, except for the distance 1 actually traveled beyond that required to serve the summons. 2 When two or more papers are served on the same person at the 3 same time or when any paper or papers are served on more than one person on the same trip, only one mileage may be 5 allowed or charged; and in the service of subpoenas, only one mileage may be charged when the persons named therein 7 live in the same place or in the same direction; but mileage may be charged for the longest distance actually traveled. 9 Any writ, order, or other paper for service must be received 10 at any place in the county where a sheriff or a deputy is 11 12 found, and mileage must be computed only from such place to the place of service. When two or more officers travel in 13 the same automobile in the discharge of any duty, only one 14 15 mileage may be allowed.

- (b) When any sheriff or constable serves more than one process in the same cause, not requiring more than one journey from his office, he shall receive mileage only for the more distant service, and no mileage in any case may be allowed for less than 1 mile actually traveled.
- (4) In lieu of charging mileage for the service of items of a civil nature as provided in subsections (1) and (3), a sheriff may charge \$1 for the service of each item of a civil nature that requires a return or proof of service."

Section 15. Section 7-32-2201, MCA, is amended to

SB 0452/02

read:

2 "7-32-2201. County---jail---required Establishing
3 detention center -- detention center contract -- regional
4 detention center. For the confinement of lawfully committed
5 persons, the governing body of a county may participate in
6 or undertake one or more of the following:

- (1) A jail-shall detention center may be built or provided and kept in good repair at the expense of the county in each county, except that whenever in the discretion of the commissioners governing body of two or more counties local governments it is necessary or desirable to build, provide, or utilize a common---jail multijurisdictional detention center, they may do so in any eity--or--town--located--within--one of the counties---so jurisdictions concerned. Such----common----jail The multijurisdictional detention center shall be built or provided and kept in good repair at the expense of the counties local governments concerned on a basis as the commissioners--of-the-counties-shall governing bodies agree.
- (2) A county, or two or more counties <u>local</u>
  governments acting together, may provide for the jail
  required detention center allowed by subsection (1) by:
- (a) establishing in the county government the position of jail detention center administrator and --with---the sheriff's-concurrence, hiring a person, who is answerable to

the governing body of the county, to fill the position or appointing the sheriff as detention center administrator; or

- 3 (b) entering into an agreement,—with—the—concurrence
  4 of—the—sheriffs—of—all—participating—counties, with a
  5 private party under which the private party will provide,
  6 maintain, or operate the jail detention center.
  - (3) The common-jails detention centers in the-several counties-of this state are kept by the sheriffs7--jail detention center administrators7-or-private-parties-agreeing to-act-as-jailers of the counties local governments in which they are respectively situated. In the case of more-than-one county-utilizing a common-jail multijurisdictional detention center as provided in subsection (1), such--jail the detention center shall be kept by the sheriffs--of--the counties local governments utilizing the common--jail detention center on a basis as the sheriffs-shall governing bodies agree7-by-a-jail-administrator-hired-by-the-county-in which--the--jail-is-situated7-or-by-a-private-party-agreeing to-act-as-the-jailer.
  - (4) The board of county commissioners has jurisdiction and power, under such limitations and restrictions as are prescribed by law, to cause a jail detention center to be erected, furnished, and maintained, and operated. The costs must be paid for out of the county treasury."
  - Section 16. Section 7-32-2202, MCA, is amended to

man of the second and the second and

. 5

read:

\*7-32-2202. Use of jail detention center in contiguous county. (1) When there is no jail detention center in the county or when the jail detention center becomes unfit or unsafe for the confinement of prisoners inmates, the district judge may, by written appointment filed with the clerk, designate the jail detention center of a contiguous county for the confinement of the prisoners inmates of his county for any-of-them; and may at any time modify or annul the appointment.

- (2) A copy of the appointment, certified by the clerk, must be served on the sheriff detention center administrator of each county involved, or-the-keeper-of-the-designated jail-if-the-keeper-is-not-the-sheriff, who must receive into his jail detention center all prisoners inmates authorized to be confined therein pursuant to this section and who is responsible for the safekeeping of the persons so committed in the same manner and to the same extent as if he were the sheriff, jail detention center administrator, or-private party-jailer of the county for whose use his jail detention center is designated. With respect to the persons so committed, he is deemed the sheriff, jail detention center administrator, or-private-party-jailer of the county from which they were removed.
  - (3) When a jail detention center is erected in the

county for the use of which the designation was made or its jail detention center is rendered fit and safe for the confinement of prisoners inmates, the district judge of that county must, by a written revocation filed with the clerk, declare that the necessity for the designation has ceased and that it is revoked.

- (4) The clerk must immediately serve a copy of the revocation upon the sheriff detention center administrator of each county or-the-keeper-of-the-jail-in-each-county-if the-keeper-is-not-the-sheriff involved. The keeper-of-the jail detention center administrator in the designated county must thereupon remove the prisoners inmates to the jail detention center from which the removal was had."
- **Section 17.** Section 7-32-2203, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-32-2203. Purpose-of-county-jail Who may be confined in a detention center. The-common--jails Detention centers are used as follows:

- for the detention of persons committed in order to secure their attendance as witnesses in criminal cases;
- 21 (2) for the detention of persons charged with crime 22 and committed for trial;
- 23 (3) for the confinement of persons committed for 24 contempt or upon civil process or by other authority of law;
  - (4) for the confinement of persons sentenced to

SB 0452/02 SB 0452/02

imprisonment therein upon conviction of a crimer;

- 2 (5) for the confinement of persons sentenced to the
  3 state prison, as agreed upon by the state and the governing
  4 body-of-the-local-government ADMINISTRATOR in charge of the
  5 detention center."
- 6 Section 18. Section 7-32-2204, MCA, is amended to read:
- 8 "7-32-2204. Maintenance of county---jail detention
  9 center. (+) The county commissioners, or the private party
  10 when provided in an agreement entered into under
  11 7-32-2201(2), have the duty of building, operating,
  12 inspecting, and repairing the jail detention center and must
  13 take all necessary precautions against escape, sickness, or
  14 infection.
  - (2)--The--county--commissioners--must--inquire-into-the
    security-of-the-jail-and--the--condition--of--the--prisoners
    every-3-months-"
- 18 **Section 19.** Section 7-32-2205, MCA, is amended to 19 read:

15

16

17

20

21

22

23

24

25

"7-32-2205. Confinement of prisoners inmates. The sheriff; --jail detention center administrator; -or-private party-jailer-must shall receive all persons committed to jail the detention center by competent authority and provide them with necessary food, clothing, and bedding; -for-which sheriffs-or-jail-administrators; -but-not-jailers-operating-a

- jail-under-an-agreement-provided-for-in-7-32-2201(2)7--shall
  submit--claims-for-the-actual-expenses-incurred-to-the-board
  of-county-commissioners-for-their-determination-andy--except
  as--provided--in-7-32-22077--to--be--paid-out-of-the-county
  treasury."
- 6 Section 20. Section 7-32-2207, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-32-2207. Confinement of persons on civil process. (1) Whenever a person is committed upon process in a civil action or proceeding, except when the state is a party 10 thereto, the sheriff; -jail detention center administrator; 11 12 or--private-party-jailer is not bound to receive such person unless security is given on the part of the party at whose 13 14 instance the process is issued, by a deposit of money, to meet the expenses for him of necessary food, clothing, and 15 bedding or to detain such person any longer than these 16 expenses are provided for. 17
- 18 (2) This section does not apply to cases where a party

  19 is committed as a punishment for disobedience to the

  20 mandates, process, writs, or orders of court."
- 21 **Section 21.** Section 7-32-2208, MCA, is amended to 22 read:
- required. A-prisoner An inmate committed to the-county-jail
  a detention center for trial, for examination, or upon

-18-

-17- SB 452

SB 452

SB 452

conviction for-a-public-offense must be actually confined in the jail detention center until he is legally discharged. If he--is--permitted--to-go-at-large-out-of-the-jail,-except-by virtue-of-a-legal-order-or-process;-it-is-an-escape-"

R

Section 22. Section 7-32-2211, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-32-2211. Service of papers upon jailer detention center administrator for prisoner. A sheriff--or--jailer detention center administrator upon whom a paper in a judicial proceeding, directed to a-prisoner an inmate in his custody, is served must forthwith deliver it to the prisoner,--with--a--note--thereon-of-the-time-of-its-service inmate. For-neglect-to-do-so7-he-is-liable-to--the--prisoner for-all-damages-occasioned-thereby."

Section 23. Section 7-32-2222, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-32-2222. Health and safety of prisoners. (1) When-a county-jail-or-building-contiguous-to--it--is--on--fire--and there-is-reason-to-believe-that-the-prisoners-may-be-injured or--endangered; --the-sheriff; -jail-administrator; -or-private party-jailer-must-remove-them-to-a-safe-and-convenient-place and-there-confine-them-as-long-as-it--may--be--necessary--to avoid-the-danger.

(2)--When-a-pestilence-or-contagious-disease-breaks-out

it-is-likely-to-endanger-the-health-of--the--prisoners;—the district-judge-may-by-a-written-appointment-designate-a-safe and--convenient--place--in--the--county--or--the--jail--in-a contiguous-county-as-the-place--of--their--confinement;—The appointment--must--be--filed--in-the-office-of-the-clerk-and authorize-the-sheriff;—jail-administrator;—or-private--party jailer--to--remove--the-prisoners-to-the-designated-place-or jail-and--there--confine--them--until--they--can--be--safely returned-to-the-jail-from-which-they-were-taken;

detained—nedical—services—or—hospitalization—for—the—sheristrator or—such—medical—authority—at-whose—instance—the—prisoner—is detained—when—the—agency—or—authority—at-whose—instance—the—county—wherein—the—prisoner—is—being—detained—The—county—attorney—shall—initiate—proceedings—to—collect—any—charges—arising—from—such—medical—services—or—hospitalization—for—the—prisoner—is—financially—able—to—pay—Each detention center must comply—with state and local fire codes for correctional occupancy—and with sanitation, safety, and health codes.

- (2) Designated exits must permit prompt evacuation of inmates and detention center staff in an emergency.
- (3) When there is good reason to believe that the

2	administrator must remove them to a safe and convenient
3	place and confine them there as long as necessary to avoid
4	the danger.
5	(4) If in the opinion of the detention center
6	administrator an inmate under his jurisdiction requires
7	medication, medical services, or hospitalization, the
8	expense must be borne by the agency or authority at whose
9	instance the inmate was arrested when the arresting agency
.0	or authority is not the county in which the inmate is
.1	confined, except that if a city or town commits a person to
2	the detention center of the county in which the city or town
13	is located for a reason other than detention pending trial
14	for or detention for service of a sentence for violating an
15	ordinance of that city or town, the expense must be paid by
16	the county. The county attorney shall initiate proceedings
17	to collect from the inmate any charges arising from the
18	medical services or hospitalization for the inmate involved
19	if he determines the inmate is financially able to pay."
20	Section 24. Section 7-32-2231, MCA, is amended to
21	read:
22	*7-32-2231. Purpose to allow private industr
23	involvement. It is the purpose of 7-32-2231 through
24	7-32-2234 to allow regional multijurisdictional o
29	-52-2234 to allow regionar multijurisatetional o

-21-

inmates may be injured or endangered, the detention center

1

_	be built by private industry and reased back to the
2	participating countyorcounties local government or
3	governments for operation by the county local government,
4	collectively by participating counties local governments, or
5	by a private entity with the concurrence of the sheriffor
6	sheriffs local governments involved."

- 7 Section 25. Section 7-32-2232, MCA, is amended to 8 read:
- 9 "7-32-2232. County---jails Detention centers -
  10 contracts with private parties. (1) The term of an agreement

  11 under 7-32-2201 with a private party may not exceed 3 years.
  - (2) The agreement must include:

12

13

14

15

16

- (a) detailed standards for the operation of the jail detention center and the incarceration of prisoners inmates;
- (b) a performance bond from the private party acceptable to the county <u>local government</u>;
- 17 (c) a promise from the private party to indemnify the
  18 county <u>local government</u> for any damages for which the county
  19 <u>local government</u> is found liable as a result of the
  20 operation of the jail detention center;
- 21 (d) a provision that the private party must purchase
  22 liability insurance in an amount acceptable to the county
  23 local government;
  - (e) minimum standards for the training of jailers detention center staff and a provision that the private

SB 0452/02 SB 0452/02

party	will	ensure	such	training;	and
party	M T T T	ensure	Sucii	CLAINING,	a n c

- (f) a provision that the county <u>local government</u> may immediately terminate the contract for good cause-; and
- (g) a provision that the detention center will meet the standards of the detention center standards commission.
- (3) The provisions of Title 7 relating to bids for county <u>local government</u> contracts and purchases do not apply to a contract entered into under 7-32-2201 and this section."
- **Section 26.** Section 7-32-2233, MCA, is amended to 11 read:
  - "7-32-2233. Requests for contract proposals. (1) A county <u>local government</u> seeking to enter into a contract under 7-32-2201 and 7-32-2232 may publish a request for proposals. The request for proposals must be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for 3 successive weeks and must include information concerning the type of jail <u>detention center</u> services required.
  - (2) Requests for proposals must be sent to persons who have previously requested that their names be placed on a list of persons providing jail detention center services.

    The Montana board of crime control shall maintain a list of persons providing jail detention center services and furnish the list to a county local government upon request.

- 1 (3) In selecting a proposal and awarding a contract, a
  2 county <u>local government</u> need not accept the proposal with
  3 the lowest cost.
  - (4) The county <u>local government</u> must base its selection on demonstrated competence, knowledge and qualifications, the reasonableness of the services proposed, and the reasonableness of the proposed contract price for the jail detention center services.
- 9 (5) A copy of all proposals must be kept available for 10 public inspection in the office of the county clerk and 11 recorder.
  - (6) The county <u>local government</u> must give specific reasons for its selection of a proposal. The reasons must be recorded in the minutes of the governing body of the county <u>local government</u>."
- **Section 27.** Section 7-32-2234, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "7-32-2234. Powers of jail detention center administrators and-private-party-jailers. A jail detention center administrator or-a-private-party-acting-as-a-jailer under-an-agreement,-as--provided--for--in--7-32-2201(2); is responsible for the immediate management and control of the jail detention center subject to general policies and programs established pursuant to the agreement provided for in 7-32-2201(2) and any applicable interlocal agreement. The

-23- SB 452

-24- SB 452

SB 0452/02

- powers of such an administrator and corrections detention 1 2 personnel employed under his authority include 3 control over prisoners inmates:
- 4 (1) within the confines and grounds of the jail 5 detention center; and

6

7

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- (2) outside the jail detention center confines and grounds while transporting any prisoner inmate or in the hot 8 pursuit or apprehension of any escapee."
- Section 28. Section 7-32-4201, MCA, is amended to 9 10 read:
  - "7-32-4201. Municipal efiat detention centers authorized. The city or town council has power to establish and maintain a jail detention center, as defined in [section 1], for the confinement of persons convicted of violating the ordinances of the city or town, and to make rules for the government of the same, and to cause the prisoners to work-on-streets-or-elsewhere-within-3-miles-of-the-city."
- NEW SECTION. Section 29. Codification 18 instruction. 19 [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part 20 of Title 7, chapter 32, parts 21 and 22, and the provisions 21 of Title 7, chapter 32, parts 21 and 22, apply to [section 22 11.
- NEW SECTION. Section 30. Coordination instruction. If 23 24 Bill No. \_ [LC 20] is not passed and approved, the 25 amendment in [section 25 of this act] that inserts

- 1 7-32-2232(2)(g) is void.
- NEW SECTION. Section 31. Repealer. Sections 2
- 3 7-32-2206, 7-32-2209, 7-32-2210, 7-32-2212, 7-32-2213,
- 7-32-2221, 7-32-2223, 7-32-4202, and 7-32-4203, MCA, are
- repealed.

-End-

51st Legislature

1

SB 0452/02 SB 0452/02

# APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

2	INTRODUCED BY GAGE
3	BY REQUEST OF THE BOARD OF CRIME CONTROL
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE
6	LAWS RELATING TO JAILS, JAIL ADMINISTRATORS, AND INMATES;
7	REDEFINING JAILS AS DETENTION CENTERS; DEFINING TERMS;
8	PROVIDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF DETENTION CENTERS;
9	PROVIDING FOR MULTIJURISDICTIONAL DETENTION CENTERS;
10	REGULATING DETENTION OF JUVENILES IN DETENTION CENTERS;
11	REQUIRING INMATES TO PAY CONFINEMENT COSTS; ALLOWING THE
12	TEMPORARY RELEASE OF INMATES; CREATING CRIMINAL OFFENSES
13	RELATED TO THE TREATMENT OF INMATES; AMENDING SECTIONS
14	7-32-2121, 7-32-2123, 7-32-2127, 7-32-2128, 7-32-2132,
15	7-32-2143, 7-32-2201 THROUGH 7-32-2205, 7-32-2207,
16	7-32-2208, 7-32-2211, 7-32-2222, 7-32-2231 THROUGH
17	7-32-2234, AND 7-32-4201, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS
18	7-32-2206, 7-32-2209, 7-32-2210, 7-32-2212, 7-32-2213,
19	7-32-2221, 7-32-2223, 7-32-4202, AND 7-32-4203, MCA."
20	
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
22	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in this
23	part, the following definitions apply:
24	(1) "Detention center" means a facility established
25	and maintained by an appropriate entity for the purpose of

SENATE BILL NO. 452

There is no change on <u>SB 452</u> and will not be reprinted. Please refer to second reading (yellow) for complete text.

Montana Legislative Council

•	<b>52 10</b>
2	INTRODUCED BY GAGE
3	BY REQUEST OF THE BOARD OF CRIME CONTROL
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE
6	LAWS RELATING TO JAILS, JAIL ADMINISTRATORS, AND INMATES;
7	REDEFINING JAILS AS DETENTION CENTERS; DEFINING TERMS;
В	PROVIDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF DETENTION CENTERS;
9	PROVIDING FOR MULTIJURISDICTIONAL DETENTION CENTERS;
0	REGULATING DETENTION OF JUVENILES IN DETENTION CENTERS;
1	REQUIRING INMATES TO PAY CONFINEMENT COSTS; ALLOWING THE
. 2	TEMPORARY RELEASE OF INMATES; CREATING CRIMINAL OFFENSES
. 3	RELATED TO THE TREATMENT OF INMATES; AMENDING SECTIONS
4	7-32-2121, 7-32-2123, 7-32-2127, 7-32-2128, 7-32-2132,
5	7-32-2143, 7-32-2201 THROUGH 7-32-2205, 7-32-2207,
6	7-32-2208, 7-32-2211, 7-32-2222, 7-32-2231 THROUGH
.7	7-32-2234, AND 7-32-4201, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS
8	7-32-2206, 7-32-2209, 7-32-2210, 7-32-2212, 7-32-2213,
9	7-32-2221, 7-32-2223, 7-32-4202, AND 7-32-4203, MCA."
0	
1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
2	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in this
3	part, the following definitions apply:
4	(1) "Detention center" means a facility established
25	and maintained by an appropriate entity for the purpose of

CENATE RILL NO. 457

1	confining	arrested	persons	or	persons	sente	nced	to t	the
2	detention	center.							
-									

- 3 (2) "Detention center administrator" means the 4 sheriff, chief of police, administrator, superintendent, 5 director, or other individual serving as the chief executive 6 officer of a detention center.
- 7 (3) "Detention center staff" means custodial personnel 8 whose duties include ongoing supervision of the inmates in a 9 detention center.
- 10 (4) "Inmate" means a person who is confined in a
  11 detention center.
- (5) "Local government" means a city, town, county, orconsolidated city-county government.
- 14 (6) "Multijurisdictional detention center" means a
  15 detention center established and maintained by two or more
  16 local governments for the confinement of persons arrested or
  17 sentenced to confinement or a local government detention
  18 center contracting to confine persons arrested or sentenced
  19 in other local governments.
- 20 (7) "Private detention center" means a detention
  21 center owned by private industry and leased to or operated
  22 under a contract with a local government.
- 23 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Use of detention center -24 payment of costs. (1) Local government, state, and federal
  25 law enforcement and correctional agencies may use any

detention center for the confinement of arrested persons and the punishment of offenders, under conditions imposed by law and with the consent of the governing body responsible for the detention center.

a government unit not responsible for the operation of the detention center, the committing government unit shall pay the costs of holding the person in confinement as agreed upon by the government unit and the detention center, except that if a city or town commits a person to the detention center of the county in which the city or town is located for a reason other than detention pending trial for or detention for service of a sentence for violating an ordinance of that city or town, the costs must be paid by the county. Payments must be made to the government unit responsible for the detention center or to the administrator operating a private detention center under an agreement provided for in 7-32-2201, upon presentation of a claim to the committing government unit.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Contracts for detention center services. (1) Contracts concerning detention center services and facilities between state or local government units, the state of Montana, or the federal government must be made pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Title 7, chapter 11, part 1.

(2) A government unit responsible for a detention center may contract with a government unit of another state for the confinement of lawfully committed inmates in a detention center located in either jurisdiction.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Juvenile detention center standards. (1) Juveniles may be held in a detention center only in accordance with 41-5-301 through 41-5-309.

(2) Detention centers that hold juveniles must comply with the standards for the detention of juveniles promulgated by the department of family services.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Payment of confinement costs by inmate. An inmate found by the sentencing court to have the ability to pay is liable for the costs of his confinement in a detention center. The rate at which the inmate must pay the costs must be established at the sentencing hearing.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Temporary release from detention center. A detention center inmate may be granted, by court order AND WITH THE CONSENT OF THE SHERIFF, the privilege of leaving the detention center during necessary and reasonable hours for any of the following purposes:

- seeking employment;
- 23 (2) working at his employment;
  - (3) conducting his own business or self-employment;
  - (4) attending to the needs of his tamily;

SB 0452/02 SB 0452/02

1	(5)	attending	aπ	educational	institution;	or
---	-----	-----------	----	-------------	--------------	----

(6) obtaining medical treatment.

2

3

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Annoyance of inmate prohibited penalty. (1) The detention center administrator or staff member in charge of an inmate must use necessary and proper means to protect an inmate from purposeful or knowing insults and annoyance by others and to prevent others from communicating with the inmate while the inmate is at or is going to or returning from employment.
- (2) A person persisting in purposefully or knowingly insulting, annoying, or communicating with an inmate after being told by the detention center administrator or staff member to desist commits the offense of inmate annoyance.
- (3) A person convicted of the offense of inmate annoyance shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500.
- NEW SECTION. Section 8. Inmate endangerment -penalty. (1) A detention center administrator or staff
  member commits the offense of inmate endangerment if he
  knowingly:
  - (a) places or keeps a juvenile with adult inmates;
  - (b) uses corporal punishment against an inmate; or
- 22 (c) uses physical force against an inmate, except as
  23 necessary for:
- 24 (i) self-defense;
- 25 (ii) control of inmates;

- 1 (iii) protection of another person from imminent
  2 physical attack; or
- 3 (iv) prevention of riot or escape.
- 4 (2) A person who commits the offense of inmate

  5 endangerment shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500.
  - Section 9. Section 7-32-2121, MCA, is amended to read:
  - 7 "7-32-2121. Duties of sheriff. The sheriff must:
  - preserve the peace;

8

- 9 (2) arrest and take before the nearest magistrate for 10 examination all persons who attempt to commit or have 11 committed a public offense;
- 12 (3) prevent and suppress all affrays, breaches of the 13 peace, riots, and insurrections which may come to his 14 knowledge;
- 15 (4) perform the duties of a humane officer within the 16 county with reference to the protection of dumb animals:
- 17 (5) attend all courts, except municipal, justices',
  18 and city courts, at their respective terms or sessions held
  19 within the county and obey their lawful orders and
  20 directions;
- 21 (6) command the aid of as many inhabitants of the 22 county as are necessary in the execution of the sheriff's 23 duties:
- 24 (7) take charge of and keep the county-jail detention 25 center and the prisoners inmates therein, unless the jail

-6-

SB 0452/02

detention center is operated by a private party under an agreement entered into under 7-32-2201 or by a jail detention center administrator or by another local government;

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

- (8) endorse upon all notices and process the year, month, day, hour, and minute of reception and issue therefor to the person delivering them, on payment of fees, a certificate showing the names of the parties, the title of the paper, and the time of reception;
- 10 (9) serve all process or notices in the manner
  11 prescribed by law;
  - (10) certify in writing upon the process or notices the manner and time of service or, if he fails to make service, the reasons of this failure, and return the papers without delay;
- 16 (11) take charge of and supervise search and rescue
  17 units and their officers whenever search and rescue units
  18 are called into service; and
- 19 (12) perform such other duties as are required by law."
  20 Section 10. Section 7-32-2123, MCA, is amended to
  21 read:
- 22 \*7-32-2123. Appointment of jailer detention center
  23 staff. A sheriff who operates a county-jail-pursuant--to
  24 detention center under 7-32-2121 may appoint deputy sheriffs
  25 or nonsworn individuals as jailers detention center staff. A

- nonsworn individual appointed as-a-jailer to the detention

  center staff need not receive the same salary as a deputy

  sheriff."
- 4 Section 11. Section 7-32-2127, MCA, is amended to read:
- 6 "7-32-2127. Prosecution of action involving county law
  7 enforcement personnel brought against executor or
  8 administrator. Any action for default or misconduct of any
  9 sheriff, his undersheriff, his jailer detention center
  10 staff, or any of his deputies may be prosecuted against the
  11 executors or administrators of such sheriff."
- 12 Section 12. Section 7-32-2128, MCA, is amended to 13 read:
  - \*7-32-2128. Palse claims by detention center administrator or sheriff. (1) Every sheriff detention center administrator who falsely represents to the board-of--county commissioners governing body of a local government the actual expenses of boarding prisoners detention center inmates, for furnishing food and supplies therefor, or for any--service--rendered--in--connection--therewith providing services or who presents to said-board the governing body false items in a claim or false vouchers or, if he is not a private detention center administrator, makes any profit whatever-out-of from the board--or keeping of prisoners

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

inmates in his custody and every person who gives a false

item or false voucher to be used by such-sheriff the
detention center administrator in any claim against the
county-before-such-board local government is guilty of a
misdemeanor.

В

- of county commissioners or attorney general his actual traveling expenses in the performance of any official duty or causes to be paid to him from the state or any county treasury a sum exceeding his actual expenses in the performance of such his duty is guilty of a misdemeanor."
- **Section 13.** Section 7-32-2132, MCA, is amended to 12 read:
  - "7-32-2132. Liability for escape in civil actions. (1)

    A sheriff;—jail detention center administrator;—or-private
    party-jailer who fails to prevent the escape or rescue of a
    person in his custody arrested in a civil action without the
    consent or connivance of the party in whose behalf the
    arrest or imprisonment was made is liable as follows:
  - (a) When the arrest is upon an order to hold for bail or upon a surrender in exoneration of bail before judgment, the sheriff;—jail detention center administrator;—or—private party—jailer is liable to the plaintiff for the bail.
  - (b) When the arrest is on an execution or commitment to enforce the payment of money, the sheriff; -jail detention center administrator; -or-private-party-jailer is liable for

- the amount expressed in the execution or commitment.
- 2 (c) When the arrest is on an execution or commitment
  3 other than to enforce the payment of money, the sheriff;
  4 jail detention center administrator; or private-party-jailer
  5 is liable for the actual damages sustained.
  - (2) Upon being sued for damages for an escape or rescue of a person in his custody, the sheriff;-jail detention center administrator;-or-private-party-jailer may introduce evidence in mitigation or exculpation.
  - (3) An action may not be maintained against a sheriff; jail detention center administrator, or private party jailer for a rescue or for an escape of a person arrested upon an execution or commitment if, after his rescue or escape and before the commencement of the action, the prisoner inmate returns to the jail detention center or is retaken by the sheriff; --jail detention center administrator; or private party-jailer."
- 18 Section 14. Section 7-32-2143, MCA, is amended to 19 read:
  - "7-32-2143. Mileage and expenses of sheriff in general. (1) Except as provided in 7-32-2144 and 7-32-2145, in addition to the fees specified in 7-32-2141 and 7-32-2142, the sheriff shall receive for each mile actually traveled in serving any writ, process, order, or other paper, including a warrant of arrest, or in conveying a

SB 0452/02 SB 0452/02

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

person under arrest before a magistrate or to jail a detention center only his actual expenses when such travel is made by railroad or airline; and when travel is other than by railroad or airline, he shall receive a mileage allowance as provided in 2-18-503 for each mile actually traveled by him both going and returning and the actual expenses incurred by him in conveying a person under arrest before a magistrate or to jail a detention center. He shall receive the same mileage and his actual expenses for the person conveyed or transported under order of court within the county, the same to be in full payment for transporting feeding such persons during such transportation. Whenever more than one person is transported by the sheriff or when one or more papers are served on the same trip made for the transportation of one or more prisoners inmates, only one mileage may be charged.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (2) No mileage may be paid by the county to sheriffs whose vehicles are provided and maintained by the county. All mileage paid to sheriffs whose vehicles are provided and maintained by the county shall be paid over to the county treasurer and deposited in the county general fund.
- (3) (a) No mileage may be allowed on an attachment, order of arrest, order for delivery of personal property, or any other order, notice, or paper when the same accompanies the summons and the service thereof may be made at the time

of the service of the summons, except for the distance 1 actually traveled beyond that required to serve the summons. When two or more papers are served on the same person at the 3 same time or when any paper or papers are served on more 4 than one person on the same trip, only one mileage may be allowed or charged; and in the service of subpoenas, only 7 one mileage may be charged when the persons named therein 8 live in the same place or in the same direction; but mileage 9 may be charged for the longest distance actually traveled. 10 Any writ, order, or other paper for service must be received 11 at any place in the county where a sheriff or a deputy is 12 found, and mileage must be computed only from such place to the place of service. When two or more officers travel in 13 the same automobile in the discharge of any duty, only one 14 15 mileage may be allowed.

- (b) When any sheriff or constable serves more than one process in the same cause, not requiring more than one journey from his office, he shall receive mileage only for the more distant service, and no mileage in any case may be allowed for less than 1 mile actually traveled.
- (4) In lieu of charging mileage for the service of items of a civil nature as provided in subsections (1) and (3), a sheriff may charge \$1 for the service of each item of a civil nature that requires a return or proof of service."
- Section 15. Section 7-32-2201, MCA, is amended to

-12-

-11- SB 452

SB 452

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

read:

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

\*7-32-2201. County---jail---required Establishing
detention center -- detention center contract -- regional
detention center. For the confinement of lawfully committed
persons, the governing body of a county may participate in
or undertake one or more of the following:

- (1) A jail-shall detention center may be built or provided and kept in good repair at the expense of the county in each county, except that whenever in the discretion of the commissioners governing body of two or more counties local governments it is necessary or desirable build, provide, or utilize common----jail multijurisdictional detention center, they may do so in any city--or--town--located--within--one of the counties---so jurisdictions concerned. Such----common----jail multijurisdictional detention center shall be built or provided and kept in good repair at the expense of the counties local governments concerned on a basis as the commissioners--of-the-counties-shall governing bodies agree.
- (2) A county, or two or more counties <u>local</u>
  governments acting together, may provide for the jail
  required <u>detention center allowed</u> by subsection (1) by:
- (a) establishing in the county government the position of jail detention center administrator and --with---the sheriff's-concurrence; hiring a person, who is answerable to

-13-

the governing body of the county, to fill the position or appointing the sheriff as detention center administrator; or

- (b) entering into an agreement, with -- the -- concurrence of -- the -- sheriffs -- of -- all -- participating -- counties, with a private party under which the private party will provide, maintain, or operate the jail detention center.
- counties—of this state are kept by the sheriffs;—jail detention center administrators;—or-private-parties—agreeing to—act—as—jailers of the counties local governments in which they are respectively situated. In the case of more—than—one county—utilizing a common—jail multijurisdictional detention center as provided in subsection (1), such—jail the detention center shall be kept by the sheriffs—of—the counties local governments utilizing the common—jail detention center on a basis as the sheriffs—shall governing bodies agree;—by—a-jail—administrator—hired—by—the—county—in which—the—jail—is—situated;—or—by—a-private—party—agreeing to—act—as—the—jailer.
- (4) The board of county commissioners has jurisdiction and power, under such limitations and restrictions as are prescribed by law, to cause a jail detention center to be erected, furnished, and maintained, and operated. The costs must be paid for out of the county treasury."
  - Section 16. Section 7-32-2202, MCA, is amended to

-14-

and the control of th

a

read:

В

"7-32-2202. Use of jail detention center in contiguous county. (1) When there is no jail detention center in the county or when the jail detention center becomes unfit or unsafe for the confinement of prisoners inmates, the district judge may, by written appointment filed with the clerk, designate the jail detention center of a contiguous county for the confinement of the prisoners inmates of his county (or-any-of-them) and may at any time modify or annul the appointment.

- (2) A copy of the appointment, certified by the clerk, must be served on the sheriff detention center administrator of each county involved, or-the-keeper-of-the-designated jail-if-the-keeper-is-not-the-sheriff; who must receive into his jail detention center all prisoners inmates authorized to be confined therein pursuant to this section and who is responsible for the safekeeping of the persons so committed in the same manner and to the same extent as if he were the sheriff;-jail detention center administrator;--or--private party--jailer of the county for whose use his jail detention center is designated. With respect to the persons so committed, he is deemed the sheriff;-jail detention center administrator;-or-private-party-jailer of the county from which they were removed.
  - (3) When a jail detention center is erected in the

county for the use of which the designation was made or its jail detention center is rendered fit and safe for the confinement of prisoners inmates, the district judge of that county must, by a written revocation filed with the clerk, declare that the necessity for the designation has ceased and that it is revoked.

- (4) The clerk must immediately serve a copy of the revocation upon the sheriff detention center administrator of each county or-the-keeper-of-the-jail-in-each--county--if the--keeper--is--not-the-sheriff involved. The keeper-of-the jail detention center administrator in the designated county must thereupon remove the prisoners inmates to the jail detention center from which the removal was had."
- Section 17. Section 7-32-2203, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-32-2203. Purpose-of-county-jail Who may be confined in a detention center. The-common-jails Detention centers are used as follows:
- (1) for the detention of persons committed in order to secure their attendance as witnesses in criminal cases;
- (2) for the detention of persons charged with crime and committed for trial;
- (3) for the confinement of persons committed for contempt or upon civil process or by other authority of law;
- 25 (4) for the confinement of persons sentenced to

1 imprisonment therein upon conviction of a crimer:

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 2 (5) for the confinement of persons sentenced to the
  3 state prison, as agreed upon by the state and the governing
  4 body-of-the-local-government ADMINISTRATOR in charge of the
  5 detention center."
- 6 Section 18. Section 7-32-2204, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "7-32-2204. Maintenance of county---jail detention center. (1) The county commissioners, or the private party when provided in an agreement entered into under 7-32-2201(2), have the duty of building, operating, inspecting, and repairing the jail detention center and must take all necessary precautions against escape, sickness, or infection.
  - f2j--The--county--commissioners--must--inquire-into-the
    security-of-the-jail-and--the--condition--of--the--prisoners
    every-3-months-"
- 18 Section 19. Section 7-32-2205, MCA, is amended to 19 read:
  - "7-32-2205. Confinement of prisoners inmates. The sheriff?--jail detention center administrator?-or-private party-jailer-must shall receive all persons committed to jail the detention center by competent authority and provide them with necessary food, clothing, and bedding?-for-which sheriffs-or-jail-administrators?-but-not-jailers-operating-a

3 submit--claims-for-the-actual-expenses-incurred-to-the-board
3 of-county-commissioners-for-their-determination-and;--except

jail-under-an-agreement-provided-for-in-7-32-2201(2);--shall

- 4 as--provided--in--7-32-2207; --to--be--paid-out-of-the-county
- 5 treasury."

1

11

- Section 20. Section 7-32-2207, MCA, is amended to read:
- 8 "7-32-2207. Confinement of persons on civil process.
- 9 (1) Whenever a person is committed upon process in a civil
- 10 action or proceeding, except when the state is a party

thereto, the sheriff; -jail detention center administrator;

- 12 or--private-party-jailer is not bound to receive such person
- 13 unless security is given on the part of the party at whose
- 14 instance the process is issued, by a deposit of money, to
- 15 meet the expenses for him of necessary food, clothing, and
- 16 bedding or to detain such person any longer than these
- 17 expenses are provided for,
- 18 (2) This section does not apply to cases where a party
- 19 is committed as a punishment for disobedience to the
- 20 mandates, process, writs, or orders of court."
- Section 21. Section 7-32-2208, MCA, is amended to
- 22 read:
- 23 "7-32-2208. Actual confinement of prisoners <u>inmates</u>
- 24 required. A-prisoner An inmate committed to the-county-jail
- 25 a detention center for trial, for examination, or upon

conviction for-a-public-offense must be actually confined in the jail detention center until he is legally discharged. If he--is--permitted--to-go-at-large-out-of-the-jail;-except-by virtue-of-a-legal-order-or-process;-it-is-an-escape:"

- **Section 22.** Section 7-32-2211, MCA, is amended to 6 read:
  - "7-32-2211. Service of papers upon jailer detention center administrator for prisoner. A sheriff--or--jailer detention center administrator upon whom a paper in a judicial proceeding, directed to a-prisoner an inmate in his custody, is served must forthwith deliver it to the prisoner; with--a--note--thereon-of-the-time-of-its-service inmate. For-neglect-to-do-sor-he-is-liable-to--the--prisoner for-all-damages-occasioned-thereby:"
- **Section 23.** Section 7-32-2222, MCA, is amended to 16 read:
  - "7-32-2222. Health and safety of prisoners. (1) When-a county-jail-or-building-contiguous-to--it--is--on--fire--and there-is-reason-to-believe-that-the-prisoners-may-be-injured or--endangered;--the-sheriff;-jail-administrator;-or-private party-jailer-must-remove-them-to-a-safe-and-convenient-place and-there-confine-them-as-long-as-it--may--be--necessary--to avoid-the-danger;
  - (2)--When-a-pestilence-or-contagious-disease-breaks-out

- it-is-likely-to-endanger-the-health-of--the--prisoners;—the
  district-judge-may-by-a-written-appointment-designate-a-safe
  and--convenient--place--in--the--county--or--the--jail--in-a
  contiguous-county-as-the-place--of--their--confinement;—The
  appointment--must--be--filed--in-the-office-of-the-clerk-and
  authorize-the-sheriff;-jail-administrator;-or-private--party
  jailer--to--remove--the-prisoners-to-the-designated-place-or
  jail-and--there--confine--them--until--they--can--be--safely
  returned-to-the-jail-from-which-they-were-taken-
- (3)--if---in---the---opinion---of---the--sheriff7--jail administrator7-or-private-party-jailer-any--prisoner7--while detained7---requires---medication7--medical---services7--or hospitalization7-the-expense-of-the-same-shall-be--borne--by the--agency--or--authority-at-whose-instance-the-prisoner-is detained-when-the-agency-or--authority--is--not--the--county wherein--the-prisoner-is-being-detained--The-county-attorney shall-initiate-proceedings-to-collect--any--charges--arising from--such--medical--services--or--hospitalization--for--the prisoner-involved--if--it--is--determined--the--prisoner--is financially--able--to-pay- Each detention center must comply with state and local fire codes for correctional occupancy and with sanitation, safety, and health codes.
- (2) Designated exits must permit prompt evacuation of inmates and detention center staff in an emergency.
  - (3) When there is good reason to believe that the

-20~

- inmates may be injured or endangered, the detention center
  administrator must remove them to a safe and convenient
  place and confine them there as long as necessary to avoid
  the danger.
- 5 (4) If in the opinion of the detention center administrator an inmate under his jurisdiction requires 7 medication, medical services, or hospitalization, the expense must be borne by the agency or authority at whose 8 9 instance the inmate was arrested when the arresting agency or authority is not the county in which the inmate is 10 confined, except that if a city or town commits a person to 11 the detention center of the county in which the city or town 12 13 is located for a reason other than detention pending trial 14 for or detention for service of a sentence for violating an 15 ordinance of that city or town, the expense must be paid by the county. The county attorney shall initiate proceedings 16 17 to collect from the inmate any charges arising from the medical services or hospitalization for the inmate involved 18 19 if he determines the inmate is financially able to pay."
- 20 **Section 24.** Section 7-32-2231, MCA, is amended to read:
- 22 "7-32-2231. Purpose to allow private industry
  23 involvement. It is the purpose of 7-32-2231 through
  24 7-32-2234 to allow regional multijurisdictional or
  25 single-county-jails single-jurisdiction detention centers to

- l be built by private industry and leased back to the
- 2 participating county--or--counties <u>local</u> government or
- 3 governments for operation by the county local government,
- 4 collectively by participating counties local governments, or
- 5 by a private entity with the concurrence of the sheriff--or
- 6 sheriffs local governments involved."
- 7 Section 25. Section 7-32-2232, MCA, is amended to 8 read:
- 9 "7-32-2232. County---jails Detention centers -
  10 contracts with private parties. (1) The term of an agreement

  11 under 7-32-2201 with a private party may not exceed 3 years.
  - (2) The agreement must include:
  - (a) detailed standards for the operation of the jail
     detention center and the incarceration of prisoners inmates;
- 15 (b) a performance bond from the private party
  16 acceptable to the county local government:
- 17 (c) a promise from the private party to indemnify the
- 18 county <u>local government</u> for any damages for which the county
- 19 <u>local government</u> is found liable as a result of the
- 20 operation of the jail detention center;
- 21 (d) a provision that the private party must purchase
- 22 liability insurance in an amount acceptable to the county
- 23 local government;

13

- 24 (e) minimum standards for the training of jailers
- 25 detention center staff and a provision that the private

SB 0452/02

party will ensure such training; and

ς

- (f) a provision that the county <u>local government</u> may immediately terminate the contract for good causer; and
- (q) a provision that the detention center will meet
  the standards of the detention center standards commission.
- (3) The provisions of Title 7 relating to bids for county <u>local government</u> contracts and purchases do not apply to a contract entered into under 7-32-2201 and this section."
- **Section 26.** Section 7-32-2233, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "7-32-2233. Requests for contract proposals. (1) A county local government seeking to enter into a contract under 7-32-2201 and 7-32-2232 may publish a request for proposals. The request for proposals must be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for 3 successive weeks and must include information concerning the type of jail detention center services required.
  - (2) Requests for proposals must be sent to persons who have previously requested that their names be placed on a list of persons providing jail detention center services.

    The Montana board of crime control shall maintain a list of persons providing jail detention center services and furnish the list to a county local government upon request.

- 1 (3) In selecting a proposal and awarding a contract, a
  2 county <u>local government</u> need not accept the proposal with
  3 the lowest cost.
  - (4) The county <u>local government</u> must base its selection on demonstrated competence, knowledge and qualifications, the reasonableness of the services proposed, and the reasonableness of the proposed contract price for the jail detention center services.
  - (5) A copy of all proposals must be kept available for public inspection in the office of the county clerk and recorder.
- 12 (6) The county <u>local government</u> must give specific 13 reasons for its selection of a proposal. The reasons must be 14 recorded in the minutes of the governing body of the county 15 <u>local government</u>."
- **Section 27.** Section 7-32-2234, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "7-32-2234. Powers of jail detention center administrators and-private-party-jailers. A jail detention center administrator or-a-private-party-acting-as-a-jailer under-an-agreementy-as--provided--for--in--7-32-2201(2), is responsible for the immediate management and control of the jail detention center subject to general policies and programs established pursuant to the agreement provided for in 7-32-2201(2) and any applicable interlocal agreement. The

- 1 powers of such an administrator and corrections detention 2 center personnel employed under his authority include 3 control over prisoners inmates:
- 4 (1) within the confines and grounds of the jail 5 detention center; and
- 6 (2) outside the jail detention center confines and grounds while transporting any prisoner inmate or in the hot 8 pursuit or apprehension of any escapee."

18

19

20

21

22

- Section 28. Section 7-32-4201, MCA, is amended to 9 10 read:
- "7-32-4201. Municipal 11 jails detention centers 12 authorized. The city or town council has power to establish 13 and maintain a jail detention center, as defined in [section 14 1), for the confinement of persons convicted of violating 15 the ordinances of the city or town, and to make rules for 16 the government of the same; and-to-cause-the-prisoners-to 17 work-on-streets-or-elsewhere-within-3-miles-of-the-city."
  - NEW SECTION. Section 29. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 7, chapter 32, parts 21 and 22, and the provisions of Title 7, chapter 32, parts 21 and 22, apply to [section 11.
- NEW SECTION. Section 30. Coordination instruction. If 23 \_\_ Bill No. \_\_ [LC 20] is not passed and approved, the 24 25 amendment in [section 25 of this act] that inserts

- 7-32-2232(2)(g) is void.
- 2 NEW SECTION. Section 31. Repealer. Sections
- 7-32-2206, 7-32-2209, 7-32-2210, 7-32-2212, 7-32-2213,
- 7-32-2221, 7-32-2223, 7-32-4202, and 7-32-4203, MCA, are
- repealed.

-End-