# SENATE BILL 450

# Introduced by Yellowtail

2/15	Introduced
2/15	Referred to Agriculture, Livestock &
	Irrig.
2/16	Hearing
2/16	Committee ReportBill Passed as
	Amended
2/18	2nd Reading Passed
2/21	3rd Reading Passed
Transmitt	ed to House
2/28	Referred to Natural Resources
3/13	Hearing
3/14	Committee ReportBill Concurred as
	Amended
	2nd Reading Concurred
	Taken From 3rd Reading
	2nd Reading Concurred as Amended
3/29	3rd Reading Concurred
Returned	to Senate With Amendments
4/05	2nd Reading Amendments Not Concurred
4/06	Conference Committee Appointed
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House	
4/07	Conference Committee Appointed
	Died in Process

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1		Leneth BILL NO. 450
2	INTRODUCED BY	[ Tellow tail
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE RIGHT TO

BENEFICIALLY USE SALVAGED WATER BY DEFINING "SALVAGE" AND

ALLOWING FOR THE BENEFICIAL USE OF SALVAGED WATER UNDER THE

PROCESS FOR A CHANGE IN APPROPRIATION RIGHTS; AMENDING

SECTIONS 85-2-102 AND 85-2-402, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN

IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 85-2-102, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-102. Definitions. Unless the context requires

otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Appropriate" means to divert, impound, or withdraw (including by stock for stock water) a quantity of water or, in the case of a public agency, to reserve water in accordance with 85-2-316.
- 19 (2) "Beneficial use", unless otherwise provided,
  20 means:
- 21 (a) a use of water for the benefit of the
  22 appropriator, other persons, or the public, including but
  23 not limited to agricultural (including stock water),
  24 domestic, fish and wildlife, industrial, irrigation, mining,
  25 municipal, power, and recreational uses; and

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1 (b) a use of water appropriated by the department for 2 the state water leasing program under 85-2-141 and of water 3 leased under a valid lease issued by the department under 4 85-2-141.

- (3) "Board" means the board of natural resources and conservation provided for in 2-15-3302.
- 7 (4) "Certificate" means a certificate of water right8 issued by the department.
- 9 (5) "Change in appropriation right" means a change in 10 the place of diversion, the place of use, the purpose of 11 use, or the place of storage.
- 12 (6) "Declaration" means the declaration of an existing 13 right filed with the department under section 8, Chapter 14 452, Laws of 1973.
- 15 (7) "Department" means the department of natural 16 resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapter 17 15, part 33.
- 18 (8) "Existing right" means a right to the use of water

  19 which would be protected under the law as it existed prior

  20 to July 1, 1973.
- 21 (9) "Groundwater" means any water beneath the land 22 surface or beneath the bed of a stream, lake, reservoir, or 23 other body of surface water, and which is not a part of that 24 surface water.
  - (10) "Permit" means the permit to appropriate issued by

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the department under 85~2-301 through 85-2-303 and 85-2-306
through 85-2-314.

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- (11) "Person" means an individual, association, partnership, corporation, state agency, political subdivision, the United States or any agency thereof, or any other entity.
- 7 (12) "Political subdivision" means any county,
  8 incorporated city or town, public corporation, or district
  9 created pursuant to state law or other public body of the
  10 state empowered to appropriate water but not a private
  11 corporation, association, or group.
  - (13) "Salvage" means to make available for beneficial use water that would otherwise be irretrievably lost to the source of supply, including loss through percolation to groundwater that is not physically or economically retrievable, evapotranspiration, evaporation, or the deterioration of water quality that renders water unusable.
  - (14) "Waste" means the unreasonable loss of water through the design or negligent operation of an appropriation or water distribution facility or the application of water to anything but a beneficial use.
- 22 ti47(15) "Water" means all water of the state, surface
  23 and subsurface, regardless of its character or manner of
  24 occurrence, including but not limited to geothermal water,
  25 diffuse surface water, and sewage effluent.

1 (15)(16) "Water division" means a drainage basin as
2 defined in 3-7-102.

5 (17)(18) "Water master" means a master as provided for
6 in Title 3, chapter 7.

7 (18)(19) "Well" means any artificial opening or 8 excavation in the ground, however made, by which groundwater 9 is sought or can be obtained or through which it flows under 10 natural pressures or is artificially withdrawn."

Section 2. Section 85-2-402, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-402. Changes in appropriation rights. (1) An appropriator may not make a change in an appropriation right except as permitted under this section and with the approval of the department or, if applicable, of the legislature.

- (2) Except as provided in subsections (3) through (5), the department shall approve a change in appropriation right if the appropriator proves by substantial credible evidence that the following criteria are met:
- (a) The proposed use will not adversely affect the water rights of other persons or other planned uses or developments for which a permit has been issued or for which water has been reserved.
- (b) The proposed means of diversion, construction, and operation of the appropriation works are adequate.

- 1 (c) The proposed use of water is a beneficial use.
- 2 (d) If the change in appropriation right involves 3 salvaged water, the amount of water salvaged through the use
- of water-saving practices or technology will meet the demand 4
- of the proposed use. 5
- 6 (3) The department may not approve a change in purpose
- 7 of use or place of use of an appropriation of 4,000 or more
- 8 acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per
- 9 second of water unless the appropriator proves by
- 10 substantial credible evidence that:
- (a) the criteria in subsection (2) are met; 11
- 12 (b) the proposed change is a reasonable use. A
- 13 finding of reasonable use must be based on a consideration
- 14 of:
- 15 (i) the existing demands on the state water supply, as
- 16 well as projected demands of water for future beneficial
- purposes, including municipal water supplies, irrigation 17
- 18 systems, and minimum stream flows for the protection of
- 19 existing water rights and aquatic life;
- (ii) the benefits to the applicant and the state; 20
- 21 (iii) the effects on the quantity and quality of water
- 22 for existing uses in the source of supply;
- 23 (iv) the availability and feasibility of
- 24 low-quality water for the purpose for which application has
- 25 been made:

- 1 (v) the effects on private property rights by any 2 creation of or contribution to saline seep; and
- 3 (vi) the probable significant adverse environmental 4 impacts of the proposed use of water as determined by the 5 department pursuant to Title 75, chapter 1, or Title 75,
- 6 chapter 20.

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- (4) The department may not approve a change in purpose of use or place of use for a diversion that results in 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water being consumed unless:
- 11 (a) the applicant proves by clear and convincing evidence and the department finds that the criteria in 12
- 13 subsections (2) and (3) are met; and
  - (b) the department then petitions the legislature and the legislature affirms the decision of the department after one or more public hearings.
- 17 (5) (a) The state of Montana has long recognized the 18 importance of conserving its public waters and the necessity
- 19 to maintain adequate water supplies for the state's water
- 20 requirements, including requirements for reserved water
- 21 rights held by the United States for federal reserved lands
- and in trust for the various Indian tribes within the 23 state's boundaries. Although the state of Montana also
- under appropriate conditions, 24 recognizes that, the
- 25 out-of-state transportation and use of its public waters are

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not in conflict with the public welfare of its citizens or the conservation of its waters, the following criteria must be met before out-of-state use may occur:

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- (b) The department and, if applicable, the legislature may not approve a change in appropriation right for the withdrawal and transportation of appropriated water for use outside the state unless the appropriator proves by clear and convincing evidence and, if applicable, the legislature approves after one or more public hearings that:
- (i) depending on the volume of water diverted or consumed, the applicable criteria and procedures of subsection (2) or (3) are met;
- 13 (ii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not 14 contrary to water conservation in Montana; and
  - (iii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not otherwise detrimental to the public welfare of the citizens of Montana.
  - (c) In determining whether the appropriator has proved by clear and convincing evidence that the requirements of subsection: (5)(b)(ii) and (5)(b)(iii) will be met, the department and, if applicable, the legislature shall consider the following factors:
- 23 (i) whether there are present or projected water
  24 shortages within the state of Montana;
- 25 (ii) whether the water that is the subject of the

- proposed change in appropriation might feasibly be transported to alleviate water shortages within the state of Montana;
- 4 (iii) the supply and sources of water available to the 5 applicant in the state where the applicant intends to use 6 the water; and
- 7 (iv) the demands placed on the applicant's supply in 8 the state where the applicant intends to use the water.
  - (d) When applying for a change in appropriation right to withdraw and transport water for use outside the state, the applicant shall submit to and comply with the laws of the state of Montana governing the appropriation and use of water.
  - (6) For any application for a change in appropriation right involving 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water, the department shall give notice of the proposed change in accordance with 85-2-307 and shall hold one or more hearings in accordance with 85-2-309 prior to its approval or denial of the proposed change. The department shall provide notice and may hold one or more hearings upon any other proposed change if it determines that such a change might adversely affect the rights of other persons.
- (7) The department or the legislature, if applicable,may approve a change subject to such terms, conditions,

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restrictions, and limitations as it considers necessary to satisfy the criteria of this section, including limitations on the time for completion of the change. The department may extend time limits specified in the change approval under the applicable criteria and procedures of 85-2-312(3).

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- (8) If a change is not completed as approved by the department or legislature or if the terms, conditions, restrictions, and limitations of the change approval are not complied with, the department may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, require the appropriator to show cause why the change approval should not be modified or revoked. If the appropriator fails to show sufficient cause, the department may modify or revoke the change approval.
- (9) The original of a change approval issued by the department must be sent to the applicant, and a duplicate must be kept in the office of the department in Helena.
  - (10) A person holding an issued permit or change approval that has not been perfected may change the place of diversion, place of use, purpose of use, or place of storage by filing an application for change pursuant to this section.
  - (11) A change in appropriation right contrary to the provisions of this section is invalid. No officer, agent, agency, or employee of the state may knowingly permit, aid, or assist in any manner such unauthorized change in

- appropriation right. No person or corporation may, directly or indirectly, personally or through an agent, officer, or employee, attempt to change an appropriation right except in accordance with this section."
  - NEW SECTION. Section 3. Right to salvaged water -- approval required. (1) It is the declared policy of the state of Montana in 85-1-101 to encourage the conservation and full utilization of water. Allowing the salvage of water through the application of water-saving practices and technology is consistent with this policy.
  - (2) The right to beneficially use salvaged water belongs to the person holding the appropriation right under which the salvage occurs. Water salvage may be accomplished only from a valid appropriation right.
- 15 (3) The priority of appropriation of the right to 16 salvaged water is the same as the priority of appropriation 17 of the right under which the salvage occurs.
  - (4) Department approval of a change in appropriation right pursuant to 85-2-402 is required before salvaged water may be put to beneficial use.
- 21 (5) The right to salvaged water may be transferred 22 subject to the requirements of 85-2-403.
- 23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 4.** Extension of authority. Any 24 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the 25 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of

- 1 [this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Codification instruction.
- 3 [Section 3] is intended to be codified as an integral part
- 4 of Title 85, chapter 2, part 4, and the provisions of Title
- 85, chapter 2, part 4, apply to {section 3}.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Saving clause. [This act]
- 7 does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
- 8 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
- 9 [the effective date of this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date. [This act] is
- 11 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

85-2-141.

#### APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE LIVESTOCK & IRRIGATION

2	INTRODUCED BY YELLOWTAIL
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE RIGHT TO
5	BENEFICIALLY USE SALVAGED WATER BY DEFINING "SALVAGE" AND
6	ALLOWING FOR THE BENEFICIAL USE OF SALVAGED WATER UNDER THE
7	PROCESS FOR A CHANGE IN APPROPRIATION RIGHTS; AMENDING
8	SECTIONS 85-2-102 AND 85-2-402, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
9	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
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.1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
.2	Section 1. Section 85-2-102, MCA, is amended to read:
. 3	*85-2-102. Definitions. Unless the context requires
4	otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:
.5	(1) "Appropriate" means to divert, impound, or
16	withdraw (including by stock for stock water) a quantity of
17	water or, in the case of a public agency, to reserve water
18	in accordance with 85-2-316.
19	(2) "Beneficial use", unless otherwise provided,
20	means:
21	(a) a use of water for the benefit of the
22	appropriator, other persons, or the public, including but
23	not limited to agricultural (including stock water),
24	domestic, fish and wildlife, industrial, irrigation, mining,
25	municipal, power, and recreational uses; and

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- 1 (b) a use of water appropriated by the department for 2 the state water leasing program under 85-2-141 and of water 3 leased under a valid lease issued by the department under
- 5 (3) "Board" means the board of natural resources and 6 conservation provided for in 2-15-3302.
- 7 (4) "Certificate" means a certificate of water right8 issued by the department.
- 9 (5) "Change in appropriation right" means a change in 10 the place of diversion, the place of use, the purpose of 11 use, or the place of storage.
- 12 (6) "Declaration" means the declaration of an existing
  13 right filed with the department under section 8, Chapter
  14 452, Laws of 1973.
- 15 (7) "Department" means the department of natural 16 resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapter 17 15, part 33.
- 18 (8) "Existing right" means a right to the use of water
  19 which would be protected under the law as it existed prior
  20 to July 1, 1973.
- 21 (9) "Groundwater" means any water beneath the land 22 surface or beneath the bed of a stream, lake, reservoir, or 23 other body of surface water, and which is not a part of that 24 surface water.
- 25 (10) "Permit" means the permit to appropriate issued by

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1	the	department	under	85-2-301	through	85-2-303	and	85-2-306
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- (11) "Person" means an individual, association, partnership, corporation, state agency, political subdivision, the United States or any agency thereof, or any other entity.
- (12) "Political subdivision" means any county, incorporated city or town, public corporation, or district created pursuant to state law or other public body of the state empowered to appropriate water but not a private corporation, association, or group.
- 12 (13) "Salvage" means to make available for beneficial
  13 use water that would otherwise be:
  - (A) irretrievably lost to the source of supply, including loss through percolation to groundwater that is not physically or economically retrievable, evapotranspiration, evaporation, or the deterioration of water quality that renders water unusable; OR
- 19 (B) LOST TO THE USE OF THE APPROPRIATOR AND NOT
  20 BENEFICIALLY USED BY ANOTHER APPROPRIATOR FROM THE SOURCE OF
  21 SUPPLY AFTER THE WATER RETURNS TO THE SOURCE OF SUPPLY.
  - (14) "Waste" means the unreasonable loss of water through the design or negligent operation of an appropriation or water distribution facility or the application of water to anything but a beneficial use.

†14†(15) "Water" means all water of the state, surface and subsurface, regardless of its character or manner of occurrence, including but not limited to geothermal water, diffuse surface water, and sewage effluent.

(+25)(16) "Water division" means a drainage basin as defined in 3-7-102.

9 (17)(18) "Water master" means a master as provided for 10 in Title 3, chapter 7.

ti0;(19) "Well" means any artificial opening or
excavation in the ground, however made, by which groundwater
is sought or can be obtained or through which it flows under
natural pressures or is artificially withdrawn."

Section 2. Section 85-2-402, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-402. Changes in appropriation rights. (1) An appropriator may not make a change in an appropriation right except as permitted under this section and with the approval of the department or, if applicable, of the legislature.

- 20 (2) Except as provided in subsections (3) through (5),
  21 the department shall approve a change in appropriation right
  22 if the appropriator proves by substantial credible evidence
  23 that the following criteria are met:
- 24 (a) The proposed use will not adversely affect the
  25 water rights of other persons or other planned uses or

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developments for which a permit has been issued or for which 2 water has been reserved.

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- 3 (b) The proposed means of diversion, construction, and operation of the appropriation works are adequate. 4
  - (c) The proposed use of water is a beneficial use.
- 6 (d) If the change in appropriation right involves 7 salvaged water, the amount of water salvaged through the use 8 of water-saving practices or technology will meet the demand 9 of the proposed use.
  - (3) The department may not approve a change in purpose of use or place of use of an appropriation of 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water unless the appropriator proves by substantial credible evidence that:
- 15 (a) the criteria in subsection (2) are met;
  - (b) the proposed change is a reasonable use. A finding of reasonable use must be based on a consideration of:
    - (i) the existing demands on the state water supply, as well as projected demands of water for future beneficial purposes, including municipal water supplies, irrigation systems, and minimum stream flows for the protection of existing water rights and aquatic life;
- (ii) the benefits to the applicant and the state: 24
- (iii) the effects on the quantity and quality of water 25

- ٦ for existing uses in the source of supply;
- 2 (iv) the availability and feasibility of low-quality water for the purpose for which application has 4 been made:
- (v) the effects on private property rights by any 5 creation of or contribution to saline seep; and
- 7 (vi) the probable significant adverse environmental 8 impacts of the proposed use of water as determined by the 9 department pursuant to Title 75, chapter 1, or Title 75, 10 chapter 20.
  - (4) The department may not approve a change in purpose of use or place of use for a diversion that results in 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water being consumed unless:
- 15 (a) the applicant proves by clear and convincing 16 evidence and the department finds that the criteria in 17 subsections (2) and (3) are met; and
- (b) the department then petitions the legislature and 18 the legislature affirms the decision of the department after 19 20 one or more public hearings.
- (5) (a) The state of Montana has long recognized the importance of conserving its public waters and the necessity 23 to maintain adequate water supplies for the state's water requirements, including requirements for reserved water 24 25 rights held by the United States for federal reserved lands

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and in trust for the various Indian tribes within the state's boundaries. Although the state of Montana also recognizes that, under appropriate conditions, out-of-state transportation and use of its public waters are not in conflict with the public welfare of its citizens or the conservation of its waters, the following criteria must be met before out-of-state use may occur:

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- (b) The department and, if applicable, the legislature may not approve a change in appropriation right for the withdrawal and transportation of appropriated water for use outside the state unless the appropriator proves by clear and convincing evidence and, if applicable, the legislature approves after one or more public hearings that:
- (i) depending on the volume of water diverted or consumed, the applicable criteria and procedures of subsection (2) or (3) are met:
- (ii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not contrary to water conservation in Montana; and
- (iii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not otherwise detrimental to the public welfare of the citizens of Montana.
- (c) In determining whether the appropriator has proved by clear and convincing evidence that the requirements of subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (5)(b)(iii) will be met, the department and, if applicable, the legislature shall

consider the following factors: 1

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- (i) whether there are present or projected water 2 3 shortages within the state of Montana;
- (ii) whether the water that is the subject of the 4 proposed change in appropriation might feasibly be transported to alleviate water shortages within the state of Montana:
- (iii) the supply and sources of water available to the 8 9 applicant in the state where the applicant intends to use 10 the water; and
- (iv) the demands placed on the applicant's supply in 11 12 the state where the applicant intends to use the water.
  - (d) When applying for a change in appropriation right to withdraw and transport water for use outside the state, the applicant shall submit to and comply with the laws of the state of Montana governing the appropriation and use of water.
- (6) For any application for a change in appropriation right involving 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water, the department 20 shall give notice of the proposed change in accordance with 85-2-307 and shall hold one or more hearings in accordance 22 with 85-2-309 prior to its approval or denial of the 23 proposed change. The department shall provide notice and may 24 hold one or more hearings upon any other proposed change if 25

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it determines that such a change might adversely affect the rights of other persons.

- (7) The department or the legislature, if applicable, may approve a change subject to such terms, conditions, restrictions, and limitations as it considers necessary to satisfy the criteria of this section, including limitations on the time for completion of the change. The department may extend time limits specified in the change approval under the applicable criteria and procedures of 85-2-312(3).
- (8) If a change is not completed as approved by the department or legislature or if the terms, conditions, restrictions, and limitations of the change approval are not complied with, the department may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, require the appropriator to show cause why the change approval should not be modified or revoked. If the appropriator fails to show sufficient cause, the department may modify or revoke the change approval.
- (9) The original of a change approval issued by the department must be sent to the applicant, and a duplicate must be kept in the office of the department in Helena.
- (10) A person holding an issued permit or change approval that has not been perfected may change the place of diversion, place of use, purpose of use, or place of storage by filing an application for change pursuant to this section.

(11) A change in appropriation right contrary to the provisions of this section is invalid. No officer, agent, agency, or employee of the state may knowingly permit, aid, or assist in any manner such unauthorized change in appropriation right. No person or corporation may, directly or indirectly, personally or through an agent, officer, or employee, attempt to change an appropriation right except in accordance with this section."

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Right to salvaged water -- approval required. (1) It is the declared policy of the state of Montana in 85-1-101 to encourage the conservation and full utilization of water. Allowing the salvage of water through the application of water-saving practices and technology is consistent with this policy.

- (2) The right to beneficially use salvaged water belongs to the person holding the appropriation right under which the salvage occurs. Water salvage may be accomplished only from a valid appropriation right.
- (3) The priority of appropriation of the right to salvaged water is the same as the priority of appropriation of the right under which the salvage occurs.
- 22 (4) Department approval of a change in appropriation 23 right pursuant to 85-2-402 is required before salvaged water 24 may be put to beneficial use.
  - (5) The right to salvaged water may be transferred

- subject to the requirements of 85-2-403.
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Extension of authority. Any
- 3 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 4 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 5 [this act].

- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Codification instruction.
- 7 [Section 3] is intended to be codified as an integral part
- 8 of Title 85, chapter 2, part 4, and the provisions of Title
- 85, chapter 2, part 4, apply to [section 3].
- 10 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Saving clause. [This act]
  - does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
- 12 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
- 13 [the effective date of this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date. [This act] is
- 15 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

1	SENATE BILL NO. 450
2	INTRODUCED BY YELLOWTAIL
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE RIGHT TO
5	BENEFICIALLY USE SALVAGED WATER BY DEFINING "SALVAGE" AND
6	ALLOWING FOR THE BENEFICIAL USE OF SALVAGED WATER UNDER THE
7	PROCESS FOR A CHANGE IN APPROPRIATION RIGHTS; AMENDING
8	SECTIONS 85-2-102 AND 85-2-402, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
9	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	<b>Section 1.</b> Section 85-2 $\frac{\frac{5}{2}}{1}$ 102, MCA, is amended to read:
13	*85-2-102. Definitions. Unless the context requires
14	otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:
15	(1) "Appropriate" means to divert, impound, or
16	withdraw (including by stock for stock water) a quantity of
17	water or, in the case of a public agency, to reserve water
18	in accordance with 85-2-316.
19	(2) "Beneficial use", unless otherwise provided,
20	means:
21	(a) a use of water for the benefit of the
22	appropriator, other persons, or the public, including but
23	not limited to agricultural (including stock water),

municipal, power, and recreational uses; and

1	(b) a use of water appropriated by the department for
2	the state water leasing program under 85-2-141 and of water
3	leased under a valid lease issued by the department under
4	85-2-141.
5	(3) "Board" means the board of natural resources and

- 5 (3) "Board" means the board of natural resources and 6 conservation provided for in 2-15-3302.
- 7 (4) "Certificate" means a certificate of water right 8 issued by the department.
- 9 (5) "Change in appropriation right" means a change in 10 the place of diversion, the place of use, the purpose of 11 use, or the place of storage.
- 12 (6) "Declaration" means the declaration of an existing
  13 right filed with the department under section 8, Chapter
  14 452, Laws of 1973.
- 15 (7) "Department" means the department of natural 16 resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapter 17 15, part 33.
- 18 (8) "Existing right" means a right to the use of water
  19 which would be protected under the law as it existed prior
  20 to July 1, 1973.
- 21 (9) "Groundwater" means any water beneath the land 22 surface or beneath the bed of a stream, lake, reservoir, or 23 other body of surface water, and which is not a part of that 24 surface water.
- 25 (10) "Permit" means the permit to appropriate issued by

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the department under 85-2-301 through 85-2-303 and 85-2-306
through 85-2-314.

- 3 (11) "Person" means an individual, association,
  4 partnership, corporation, state agency, political
  5 subdivision, the United States or any agency thereof, or any
  6 other entity.
- 7 (12) "Political subdivision" means any county,
  8 incorporated city or town, public corporation, or district
  9 created pursuant to state law or other public body of the
  10 state empowered to appropriate water but not a private
  11 corporation, association, or group.
- 12 (13) "Salvage" means to make available for beneficial
  13 use water that would otherwise be:
- 14 (A) irretrievably lost to the source of supply,
  15 including loss through percolation to groundwater that is
  16 not physically or economically retrievable,
  17 evapotranspiration, evaporation, or the deterioration of
  18 water quality that renders water unusable; OR
- 19 (B) LOST TO THE USE OF THE APPROPRIATOR AND NOT
  20 BENEFICIALLY USED BY ANOTHER APPROPRIATOR FROM THE SOURCE OF

SUPPLY AFTER THE WATER RETURNS TO THE SOURCE OF SUPPLY.

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22 (14) "Waste" means the unreasonable loss of water 23 through the design or negligent operation of an 24 appropriation or water distribution facility or the 25 application of water to anything but a beneficial use. 1 (14)(15) "Water" means all water of the state, surface
2 and subsurface, regardless of its character or manner of
3 occurrence, including but not limited to geothermal water,
4 diffuse surface water, and sewage effluent.

5 (±5)(16) "Water division" means a drainage basin as 6 defined in 3-7-102.

7 (16)(17) "Water judge" means a judge as provided for in B Title 3, chapter 7.

9 (±7)(18) "Water master" means a master as provided for 10 in Title 3, chapter 7.

11 file) [19] "Well" means any artificial opening or
12 excavation in the ground, however made, by which groundwater
13 is sought or can be obtained or through which it flows under
14 natural pressures or is artificially withdrawn."

Section 2. Section 85-2-402, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-402. Changes in appropriation rights. (1) An appropriator may not make a change in an appropriation right except as permitted under this section and with the approval of the department or, if applicable, of the legislature.

- (2) Except as provided in subsections (3) through (5), the department shall approve a change in appropriation right if the appropriator proves by substantial credible evidence that the following criteria are met:
- (a) The proposed use will not adversely affect the
   water rights of other persons or other planned uses or

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developments for which a permit has been issued or for which 1 water has been reserved.

- 3 (b) The proposed means of diversion, construction, and operation of the appropriation works are adequate. 4
- (c) The proposed use of water is a beneficial use.

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- (d) If the change in appropriation right involves salvaged water, the amount of water salvaged through the use of water-saving practices or technology will meet the demand 8 9 of the proposed use.
  - (3) The department may not approve a change in purpose of use or place of use of an appropriation of 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water unless the appropriator proves by substantial credible evidence that:
- (a) the criteria in subsection (2) are met; 15
- 16 (b) the proposed change is a reasonable use. A finding of reasonable use must be based on a consideration 17 of: 18
  - (i) the existing demands on the state water supply, as well as projected demands of water for future beneficial purposes, including municipal water supplies, irrigation systems, and minimum stream flows for the protection of existing water rights and aquatic life;
- 24 (ii) the benefits to the applicant and the state;
- 25 (iii) the effects on the quantity and quality of water

- for existing uses in the source of supply; 1
- (iv) the availability and feasibility of using 3 low-quality water for the purpose for which application has
- been made:

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- (v) the effects on private property rights by any creation of or contribution to saline seep; and
- (vi) the probable significant adverse environmental 2 impacts of the proposed use of water as determined by the department pursuant to Title 75, chapter 1, or Title 75,
- chapter 20. 10
- (4) The department may not approve a change in purpose 11 of use or place of use for a diversion that results in 4,000 12 13 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water being consumed unless: 14
- (a) the applicant proves by clear and convincing 15 16 evidence and the department finds that the criteria in subsections (2) and (3) are met; and 17
- (b) the department then petitions the legislature and 18 19 the legislature affirms the decision of the department after one or more public hearings. 20
- (5) (a) The state of Montana has long recognized the 21 22 importance of conserving its public waters and the necessity to maintain adequate water supplies for the state's water 23 requirements, including requirements for reserved water 24
- rights held by the United States for federal reserved lands 25

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and in trust for the various Indian tribes within the state's boundaries. Although the state of Montana also recognizes that, under appropriate conditions, the out-of-state transportation and use of its public waters are not in conflict with the public welfare of its citizens or the conservation of its waters, the following criteria must be met before out-of-state use may occur:

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- (b) The department and, if applicable, the legislature may not approve a change in appropriation right for the withdrawal and transportation of appropriated water for use outside the state unless the appropriator proves by clear and convincing evidence and, if applicable, the legislature approves after one or more public hearings that:
- (i) depending on the volume of water diverted or consumed, the applicable criteria and procedures of subsection (2) or (3) are met;
- 17 (ii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not 18 contrary to water conservation in Montana: and
- 19 (iii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not 20 otherwise detrimental to the public welfare of the citizens 21 of Montana.
  - (c) In determining whether the appropriator has proved by clear and convincing evidence that the requirements of subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (5)(b)(iii) will be met, the department and, if applicable, the legislature shall

-7-

consider the following factors:

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- 2 (i) whether there are present or projected water3 shortages within the state of Montana;
- 4 (ii) whether the water that is the subject of the 5 proposed change in appropriation might feasibly be 6 transported to alleviate water shortages within the state of 7 Montana;
- 8 (iii) the supply and sources of water available to the
  9 applicant in the state where the applicant intends to use
  10 the water; and
- 11 (iv) the demands placed on the applicant's supply in 12 the state where the applicant intends to use the water.
  - (d) When applying for a change in appropriation right to withdraw and transport water for use outside the state, the applicant shall submit to and comply with the laws of the state of Montana governing the appropriation and use of water.
- 18 (6) For any application for a change in appropriation
  19 right involving 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and
  20 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water, the department
  21 shall give notice of the proposed change in accordance with
  22 85-2-307 and shall hold one or more hearings in accordance
  23 with 85-2-309 prior to its approval or denial of the
  24 proposed change. The department shall provide notice and may
  25 hold one or more hearings upon any other proposed change if

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it determines that such a change might adversely affect the rights of other persons.

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- (7) The department or the legislature, if applicable, may approve a change subject to such terms, conditions, restrictions, and limitations as it considers necessary to satisfy the criteria of this section, including limitations on the time for completion of the change. The department may extend time limits specified in the change approval under the applicable criteria and procedures of 85-2-312(3).
- (8) If a change is not completed as approved by the department or legislature or if the terms, conditions, restrictions, and limitations of the change approval are not complied with, the department may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, require the appropriator to show cause why the change approval should not be modified or revoked. If the appropriator fails to show sufficient cause, the department may modify or revoke the change approval.
- (9) The original of a change approval issued by the department must be sent to the applicant, and a duplicate must be kept in the office of the department in Helena.
- (10) A person holding an issued permit or change approval that has not been perfected may change the place of diversion, place of use, purpose of use, or place of storage by filing an application for change pursuant to this section.

- 1 (11) A change in appropriation right contrary to the
  2 provisions of this section is invalid. No officer, agent,
  3 agency, or employee of the state may knowingly permit, aid,
  4 or assist in any manner such unauthorized change in
  5 appropriation right. No person or corporation may, directly
  6 or indirectly, personally or through an agent, officer, or
  7 employee, attempt to change an appropriation right except in
  8 accordance with this section."
  - NEW SECTION. Section 3. Right to salvaged water -- approval required. (1) It is the declared policy of the state of Montana in 85-1-101 to encourage the conservation and full utilization of water. Allowing the salvage of water through the application of water-saving practices and technology is consistent with this policy.
- 15 (2) The right to beneficially use salvaged water 16 belongs to the person holding the appropriation right under 17 which the salvage occurs. Water salvage may be accomplished 18 only from a valid appropriation right.
- 19 (3) The priority of appropriation of the right to 20 salvaged water is the same as the priority of appropriation 21 of the right under which the salvage occurs.
- 22 (4) Department approval of a change in appropriation 23 right pursuant to 85-2-402 is required before salvaged water 24 may be put to beneficial use.
  - (5) The right to salvaged water may be transferred

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- subject to the requirements of 85-2-403.
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Extension of authority. Any
- 3 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 4 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 5 [this act].
- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Codification instruction.
- 7 [Section 3] is intended to be codified as an integral part
- B of Title 85, chapter 2, part 4, and the provisions of Title
- 9 85, chapter 2, part 4, apply to (section 3).
- 10 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Saving clause. [This act]
- 11 does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
- 12 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
- 13 [the effective date of this act].
- 14 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date. [This act] is
- 15 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

## STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

March 14, 1989 Page 1 of 1

Mr. Speaker: We, the committee on <u>Natural Resources</u> report that <u>SENATE BILL 450</u> (third reading copy -- blue) <u>be</u> concurred in as amended .

Signed: Bob Raney, Chairman

[REP. GIACOMETTO WILL CARRY THIS BILL ON THE HOUSE FLOOR]

## And, that such amendments read:

- 1. Page 3, lines 20 and 21. Strike: "BY" on line 20 through the first "SUPPLY" on line 21
- 2. Page 10, line 22.
  Strike: "Department"

3. Page 11.

Following: line 1

Insert: "(6) Salvaged water may be transferred to an instream purpose, or leased for an instream purpose if the lease is authorized by law, upon approval by the department as provided in subsection (4)."

## COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT Senate Bill 450 Representative Giacometto

March 21, 1989 3:18 pm Page 1 of 1

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend Senate Bill 450 (reference copy -- salmon).

Representative Giacometto

And, that such amendments to Senate Bill 450 read as follows:

1. Page 3, line 21.
Following: "SUPPLY"

Insert: "BY ANOTHER APPROPRIATOR FROM THE SOURCE OF SUPPLY"

2. Page 11, lines 3 and 4. Following: "BE" on line 3

Strike: "TRANSFERRED" through "PURPOSE, OR" on line 4

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2	INTRODUCED BY YELLOWTAIL
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE RIGHT TO
5	BENEFICIALLY USE SALVAGED WATER BY DEFINING "SALVAGE" AND
6	ALLOWING FOR THE BENEFICIAL USE OF SALVAGED WATER UNDER THE
7	PROCESS FOR A CHANGE IN APPROPRIATION RIGHTS; AMENDING
8	SECTIONS 85-2-102 AND 85-2-402, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
9	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	Section 1. Section 85-2-102, MCA, is amended to read:
13	*85-2-102. Definitions. Unless the context requires
14	otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply
15	(1) "Appropriate" means to divert, impound, o
16	withdraw (including by stock for stock water) a quantity o
17	water or, in the case of a public agency, to reserve wate
18	in accordance with 85-2-316.
19	(2) "Beneficial use", unless otherwise provided
20	means:
21	(a) a war of water for the horofit of th

appropriator, other persons, or the public, including but

domestic, fish and wildlife, industrial, irrigation, mining,

municipal, power, and recreational uses; and

limited to agricultural (including stock water),

SENATE BILL NO. 450

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Montana	Legislative	Council

- 1 (b) a use of water appropriated by the department for 2 the state water leasing program under 85-2-141 and of water 3 leased under a valid lease issued by the department under 4 85-2-141.
- 5 (3) "Board" means the board of natural resources and 6 conservation provided for in 2-15-3302.
- 7 (4) "Certificate" means a certificate of water right 8 issued by the department.
- 9 (5) "Change in appropriation right" means a change in 10 the place of diversion, the place of use, the purpose of 11 use, or the place of storage.
- 12 (6) "Declaration" means the declaration of an existing 13 right filed with the department under section 8, Chapter 14 452, Laws of 1973.
- 15 (7) "Department" means the department of natural 16 resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapter 17 15, part 33.
- 18 (8) "Existing right" means a right to the use of water
  19 which would be protected under the law as it existed prior
  20 to July 1, 1973.
- 21 (9) "Groundwater" means any water beneath the land 22 surface or beneath the bed of a stream, lake, reservoir, or 23 other body of surface water, and which is not a part of that 24 surface water.
- 25 (10) "Permit" means the permit to appropriate issued by

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the department under 85-2-301 through 85-2-303 and 85-2-306 through 85-2-314.

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- (11) "Person" means an individual, association, partnership, corporation, state agency, political subdivision, the United States or any agency thereof, or any other entity.
  - (12) "Political subdivision" means any county, incorporated city or town, public corporation, or district created pursuant to state law or other public body of the state empowered to appropriate water but not a private corporation, association, or group.
- 12 (13) "Salvage" means to make available for beneficial

  13 use water that would otherwise be:
  - (A) irretrievably lost to the source of supply, including loss through percolation to groundwater that is not physically or economically retrievable, evapotranspiration, evaporation, or the deterioration of water quality that renders water unusable; OR
  - (B) LOST TO THE USE OF THE APPROPRIATOR AND NOT

    BENEFICIALLY USED BY-ANOTHER-APPROPREATOR-PROM-THE-SOURCE-OP

    SUPPLY AFTER THE WATER RETURNS TO THE SOURCE OF SUPPLY.
    - (14) "Waste" means the unreasonable loss of water through the design or negligent operation of an appropriation or water distribution facility or the application of water to anything but a beneficial use.

1	(14)(15) "Water" means all water of the state, surface
2	and subsurface, regardless of its character or manner of
3	occurrence, including but not limited to geothermal water,
4	diffuse surface water, and sewage effluent.

- 5 (15)(16) "Water division" means a drainage basin as 6 defined in 3-7-102.
  - (16)(17) "Water judge" means a judge as provided for in Title 3, chapter 7.
- 9 (±7)(18) "Water master" means a master as provided for 10 in Title 3, chapter 7.
  - ti8;(19) "Well" means any artificial opening or
    excavation in the ground, however made, by which groundwater
    is sought or can be obtained or through which it flows under
    natural pressures or is artificially withdrawn."
    - Section 2. Section 85-2-402, MCA, is amended to read:

      "85-2-402. Changes in appropriation rights. (1) An
      appropriator may not make a change in an appropriation right
      except as permitted under this section and with the approval
      of the department or, if applicable, of the legislature.
  - (2) Except as provided in subsections (3) through (5), the department shall approve a change in appropriation right if the appropriator proves by substantial credible evidence that the following criteria are met:
  - (a) The proposed use will not adversely affect the water rights of other persons or other planned u. m. C:

developments for which a permit has been issued or for which water has been reserved.

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- (b) The proposed means of diversion, construction, and operation of the appropriation works are adequate.
  - (c) The proposed use of water is a beneficial use.
- (d) If the change in appropriation right involves salvaged water, the amount of water salvaged through the use of water-saving practices or technology will meet the demand of the proposed use.
- (3) The department may not approve a change in purpose of use or place of use of an appropriation of 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water unless the appropriator proves by substantial credible evidence that:
  - (a) the criteria in subsection (2) are met;
- (b) the proposed change is a reasonable use. 16 17 finding of reasonable use must be based on a consideration 18 of:
  - (i) the existing demands on the state water supply, as well as projected demands of water for future beneficial purposes, including municipal water supplies, irrigation systems, and minimum stream flows for the protection of existing water rights and aquatic life;
- 24 (ii) the benefits to the applicant and the state;
- 25 (iii) the effects on the quantity and quality of water

- for existing uses in the source of supply;
- (iv) the availability and feasibility of 2
- low-quality water for the purpose for which application has
- been made:

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- (v) the effects on private property rights by any
- creation of or contribution to saline seep; and 6 (vi) the probable significant adverse environmental
- impacts of the proposed use of water as determined by the 8
- department pursuant to Title 75, chapter 1, or Title 75,
- 10 chapter 20.
- (4) The department may not approve a change in purpose 11
- of use or place of use for a diversion that results in 4,000 12
- or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet 13
- per second of water being consumed unless: 14
- (a) the applicant proves by clear and convincing 15
- evidence and the department finds that the criteria in 16
- subsections (2) and (3) are met; and 17
  - (b) the department then petitions the legislature and
- the legislature affirms the decision of the department after 19
- one or more public hearings. 20
- (5) (a) The state of Montana has long recognized the 21
- importance of conserving its public waters and the necessity 22
- to maintain adequate water supplies for the state's water 23
- requirements, including requirements for reserved water 24
- rights held by the United States for federal reserved lands 25

and in trust for the various Indian tribes within the state's boundaries. Although the state of Montana also recognizes that, under appropriate conditions, the out-of-state transportation and use of its public waters are not in conflict with the public welfare of its citizens or the conservation of its waters, the following criteria must be met before out-of-state use may occur:

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- (b) The department and, if applicable, the legislature may not approve a change in appropriation right for the withdrawal and transportation of appropriated water for use outside the state unless the appropriator proves by clear and convincing evidence and, if applicable, the legislature approves after one or more public hearings that:
- (i) depending on the volume of water diverted or consumed, the applicable criteria and procedures of subsection (2) or (3) are met;
- 17 (ii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not 18 contrary to water conservation in Montana; and
  - (iii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not otherwise detrimental to the public welfare of the citizens of Montana.
  - (c) In determining whether the appropriator has proved by clear and convincing evidence that the requirements of subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (5)(b)(iii) will be met, the department and, if applicable, the legislature shall

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consider the following factors:

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- 2 (i) whether there are present or projected water3 shortages within the state of Montana;
- 4 (ii) whether the water that is the subject of the 5 proposed change in appropriation might feasibly be 6 transported to alleviate water shortages within the state of 7 Montana:
  - (iii) the supply and sources of water available to the applicant in the state where the applicant intends to use the water; and
  - (iv) the demands placed on the applicant's supply in the state where the applicant intends to use the water.
- (d) When applying for a change in appropriation right to withdraw and transport water for use outside the state, the applicant shall submit to and comply with the laws of the state of Montana governing the appropriation and use of water.
  - (6) For any application for a change in appropriation right involving 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water, the department shall give notice of the proposed change in accordance with 85-2-307 and shall hold one or more hearings in accordance with 85-2-309 prior to its approval or denial of the proposed change. The department shall provide notice and may hold one or more hearings upon any other proposed change if

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it determines that such a change might adversely affect the rights of other persons.

- (7) The department or the legislature, if applicable, may approve a change subject to such terms, conditions, restrictions, and limitations as it considers necessary to satisfy the criteria of this section, including limitations on the time for completion of the change. The department may extend time limits specified in the change approval under the applicable criteria and procedures of 85-2-312(3).
- (8) If a change is not completed as approved by the department or legislature or if the terms, conditions, restrictions, and limitations of the change approval are not complied with, the department may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, require the appropriator to show cause why the change approval should not be modified or revoked. If the appropriator fails to show sufficient cause, the department may modify or revoke the change approval.
- (9) The original of a change approval issued by the department must be sent to the applicant, and a duplicate must be kept in the office of the department in Helena.
- (10) A person holding an issued permit or change approval that has not been perfected may change the place of diversion, place of use, purpose of use, or place of storage by filing an application for change pursuant to this section.

- 1 (11) A change in appropriation right contrary to the
  2 provisions of this section is invalid. No officer, agent,
  3 agency, or employee of the state may knowingly permit, aid,
  4 or assist in any manner such unauthorized change in
  5 appropriation right. No person or corporation may, directly
  6 or indirectly, personally or through an agent, officer, or
  7 employee, attempt to change an appropriation right except in
  8 accordance with this section."
  - NEW SECTION. Section 3. Right to salvaged water approval required. (1) It is the declared policy of the state of Montana in 85-1-101 to encourage the conservation and full utilization of water. Allowing the salvage of water through the application of water-saving practices and technology is consistent with this policy.
- 15 (2) The right to beneficially use salvaged water 16 belongs to the person holding the appropriation right under 17 which the salvage occurs. Water salvage may be accomplished 18 only from a valid appropriation right.
  - (3) The priority of appropriation of the right to salvaged water is the same as the priority of appropriation of the right under which the salvage occurs.
- 22 (4) Bepartment IF THE SALVAGE OF WATER INVOLVES A
  23 CHANGE IN APPROPRIATION RIGHT, DEPARTMENT approval of a
  24 change in appropriation right pursuant to 85-2-402 is
  25 required before salvaged water may be put to beneficial use.

- 1 (5) The right to salvaged water may be transferred 2 subject to the requirements of 85-2-403.
- 3 (6) SALVAGED WATER MAY BE TRANSFERRED TO AN INSTREAM
- 4 PURPOSE, OR LEASED FOR AN INSTREAM PURPOSE IF THE LEASE IS
- 5 AUTHORIZED BY LAW, UPON APPROVAL BY THE DEPARTMENT AS
- PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4).
- 7 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Extension of authority. Any
- 8 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 9 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 10 [this act].
- 11 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Codification instruction.
- 12 [Section 3] is intended to be codified as an integral part
- 13 of Title 85, chapter 2, part 4, and the provisions of Title
- 14 85, chapter 2, part 4, apply to [section 3].
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Saving clause. [This act]
- 16 does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
- 17 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
- 18 [the effective date of this act].
- 19 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date. [This act] is
- 20 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

### SECOND PRINTING

1	SENATE BILL NO. 450
2	INTRODUCED BY YELLOWTAIL
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE RIGHT TO
5	BENEFICIALLY USE SALVAGED WATER BY DEFINING "SALVAGE" AND
6	ALLOWING FOR THE BENEFICIAL USE OF SALVAGED WATER UNDER THE
7	PROCESS FOR A CHANGE IN APPROPRIATION RIGHTS; AMENDING
8	SECTIONS 85-2-102 AND 85-2-402, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
9	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
10	
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	Section 1. Section 85-2-102, MCA, is amended to read:
13	*85-2-102. Definitions. Unless the context requires
14	otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:
15	(1) "Appropriate" means to divert, impound, or
16	withdraw (including by stock for stock water) a quantity of
17	water or, in the case of a public agency, to reserve water
18	in accordance with 85-2-316.
19	(2) "Beneficial use", unless otherwise provided,
20	means:
21	(a) a use of water for the benefit of the
22	appropriator, other persons, or the public, including but
23	not limited to agricultural (including stock water),
24	domestic, fish and wildlife, industrial, irrigation, mining,
25	municipal, power, and recreational uses; and

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1 (b) a use of water appropriated by the department for 2 the state water leasing program under 85-2-141 and of water 3 leased under a valid lease issued by the department under 4 85-2-141.

- (3) "Board" means the board of natural resources and conservation provided for in 2-15-3302.
- 7 (4) "Certificate" means a certificate of water right8 issued by the department.
- 9 (5) "Change in appropriation right" means a change in 10 the place of diversion, the place of use, the purpose of use, or the place of storage.
- 12 (6) "Declaration" means the declaration of an existing
  13 right filed with the department under section 8, Chapter
  14 452, Laws of 1973.
- .5 (7) "Department" means the department of natural resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 33.
- (8) "Existing right" means a right to the use of water
  which would be protected under the law as it existed prior
  to July 1, 1973.
- 21 (9) "Groundwater" means any water beneath the land 22 surface or beneath the bed of a stream, lake, reservoir, or 23 other body of surface water, and which is not a part of that 24 surface water.
- 25 (10) "Permit" means the permit to appropriate issued by

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the department under 85-2-301 through 85-2-303 and 85-2-306 through 85-2-314.

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- (11) "Person" means an individual, association, partnership, corporation, state agency, political subdivision, the United States or any agency thereof, or any other entity.
- (12) "Political subdivision" means any county, incorporated city or town, public corporation, or district created pursuant to state law or other public body of the state empowered to appropriate water but not a private corporation, association, or group.
- 12 (13) "Salvage" means to make available for beneficial
  13 use water that would otherwise be:
- (A) irretrievably lost to the source of supply,

  including loss through percolation to groundwater that is

  not physically or economically retrievable,

  evapotranspiration, evaporation, or the deterioration of

  water quality that renders water unusable; OR
- 19 (B) LOST TO THE USE OF THE APPROPRIATOR AND NOT
  20 BENEFICIALLY USED BY-ANOTHER-APPROPRIATOR PROM-THE-SOURCE-OP
  21 SUPPLY BY ANOTHER APPROPRIATOR FROM THE SOURCE OF SUPPLY
  22 AFTER THE WATER RETURNS TO THE SOURCE OF SUPPLY.
- 23 (14) "Waste" means the unreasonable loss of water 24 through the design or negligent operation of an 25 appropriation or water distribution facility or the

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application of water to anything but a beneficial use.

that (15) "Water" means all water of the state, surface and subsurface, regardless of its character or manner of occurrence, including but not limited to geothermal water, diffuse surface water, and sewage effluent.

6 (15)(16) "Water division" means a drainage basin as
7 defined in 3-7-102.

8 (±6)(17) "Water judge" means a judge as provided for in
9 Title 3, chapter 7.

12 (†8)(19) "Well" means any artificial opening or
13 excavation in the ground, however made, by which groundwater
14 is sought or can be obtained or through which it flows under
15 natural pressures or is artificially withdrawn."

Section 2. Section 85-2-402, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-402. Changes in appropriation rights. (1) An appropriator may not make a change in an appropriation right except as permitted under this section and with the approval of the department or, if applicable, of the legislature.

- (2) Except as provided in subsections (3) through (5), the department shall approve a change in appropriation right if the appropriator proves by substantial credible evidence that the following criteria are met:
- 25 (a) The proposed use will not adversely affect the

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water rights of other persons or other planned uses or developments for which a permit has been issued or for which water has been reserved.

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- (b) The proposed means of diversion, construction, and operation of the appropriation works are adequate.
  - (c) The proposed use of water is a beneficial use.
  - (d) If the change in appropriation right involves salvaged water, the amount of water salvaged through the use of water-saving practices or technology will meet the demand of the proposed use.
  - (3) The department may not approve a change in purpose of use or place of use of an appropriation of 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water unless the appropriator proves by substantial credible evidence that:
    - (a) the criteria in subsection (2) are met;
- (b) the proposed change is a reasonable use. A finding of reasonable use must be based on a consideration of:
  - (i) the existing demands on the state water supply, as well as projected demands of water for future beneficial purposes, including municipal water supplies, irrigation systems, and minimum stream flows for the protection of existing water rights and aquatic life;

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25 (ii) the benefits to the applicant and the state;

(iii) the effects on the quantity and quality of water
for existing uses in the source of supply;

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3 (iv) the availability and feasibility of using 4 low-quality water for the purpose for which application has 5 been made:

6 (v) the effects on private property rights by any
7 creation of or contribution to saline seep; and

8 (vi) the probable significant adverse environmental 9 impacts of the proposed use of water as determined by the 10 department pursuant to Title 75, chapter 1, or Title 75, 11 chapter 20.

12 (4) The department may not approve a change in purpose 13 of use or place of use for a diversion that results in 4,000 14 or more acre-feet of water a year and 5.5 or more cubic feet 15 per second of water being consumed unless:

16 (a) the applicant proves by clear and convincing
17 evidence and the department finds that the criteria in
18 subsections (2) and (3) are met; and

19 (b) the department then petitions the legislature and 20 the legislature affirms the decision of the department after 21 one or more public hearings.

(5) (a) The state of Montana has long recognized the importance of conserving its public waters and the necessity to maintain adequate water supplies for the state's water requirements, including requirements for reserved water

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rights held by the United States for federal reserved lands
and in trust for the various Indian tribes within the
state's boundaries. Although the state of Montana also
recognizes that, under appropriate conditions, the
out-of-state transportation and use of its public waters are
not in conflict with the public welfare of its citizens or
the conservation of its waters, the following criteria must
be met before out-of-state use may occur:

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- (b) The department and, if applicable, the legislature may not approve a change in appropriation right for the withdrawal and transportation of appropriated water for use outside the state unless the appropriator proves by clear and convincing evidence and, if applicable, the legislature approves after one or more public hearings that:
- (i) depending on the volume of water diverted or consumed, the applicable criteria and procedures of subsection (2) or (3) are met;
- (ii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not contrary to water conservation in Montana; and
- (iii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not otherwise detrimental to the public welfare of the citizens of Montana.
- (c) In determining whether the appropriator has proved by clear and convincing evidence that the requirements of subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (5)(b)(iii) will be met, the

- department and, if applicable, the legislature shall consider the following factors:
- (i) whether there are present or projected water shortages within the state of Montana;
- 5 (ii) whether the water that is the subject of the 6 proposed change in appropriation might feasibly be 7 transported to alleviate water shortages within the state of 8 Montana:
- 9 (iii) the supply and sources of water available to the 10 applicant in the state where the applicant intends to use 11 the water; and
- 12 (iv) the demands placed on the applicant's supply in 13 the state where the applicant intends to use the water.
- (d) When applying for a change in appropriation right
  to withdraw and transport water for use outside the state,
  the applicant shall submit to and comply with the laws of
  the state of Montana governing the appropriation and use of
  water.
- 19 (6) For any application for a change in appropriation
  20 right involving 4,000 or more acre-feet of water a year and
  21 5.5 or more cubic feet per second of water, the department
  22 shall give notice of the proposed change in accordance with
  23 85-2-307 and shall hold one or more hearings in accordance
  24 with 85-2-309 prior to its approval or denial of the
  25 proposed change. The department shall provide notice and may

hold one or more hearings upon any other proposed change if it determines that such a change might adversely affect—the rights of other persons.

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- (7) The department or the legislature, if applicable, may approve a change subject to such terms, conditions, restrictions, and limitations as it considers necessary to satisfy the criteria of this section, including limitations on the time for completion of the change. The department may extend time limits specified in the change approval under the applicable criteria and procedures of 85-2-312(3).
- (8) If a change is not completed as approved by the department or legislature or if the terms, conditions, restrictions, and limitations of the change approval are not complied with, the department may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, require the appropriator to show cause why the change approval should not be modified or revoked. If the appropriator fails to show sufficient cause, the department may modify or revoke the change approval.
- (9) The original of a change approval issued by the department must be sent to the applicant, and a duplicate must be kept in the office of the department in Helena.
- (10) A person holding an issued permit or change approval that has not been perfected may change the place of diversion, place of use, purpose of use, or place of storage by filing an application for change pursuant to this

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1 section.

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- (11) A change in appropriation right contrary to the 2 3 provisions of this section is invalid. No officer, agent, agency, or employee of the state may knowingly permit, aid, assist in any manner such unauthorized change in 5 appropriation right. No person or corporation may, directly or indirectly, personally or through an agent, officer, or 7 8 employee, attempt to change an appropriation right except in accordance with this section."
  - NEW SECTION. Section 3. Right to salvaged water -approval required. (1) It is the declared policy of the state of Montana in 85-1-101 to encourage the conservation and full utilization of water. Allowing the salvage of water through the application of water-saving practices and technology is consistent with this policy.
  - (2) The right to beneficially use salvaged water belongs to the person holding the appropriation right under which the salvage occurs. Water salvage may be accomplished only from a valid appropriation right.
- (3) The priority of appropriation of the right to 20 21 salvaged water is the same as the priority of appropriation 22 of the right under which the salvage occurs.
- (4) Department IF THE SALVAGE OF WATER INVOLVES A 23 24 CHANGE IN APPROPRIATION RIGHT, DEPARTMENT approval of a 25 change in appropriation right pursuant to 85-2-402 is

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- required before salvaged water may be put to beneficial use.
- 2 (5) The right to salvaged water may be transferred
- 3 subject to the requirements of 85-2-403.
- 4 (6) SALVAGED WATER MAY BE TRANSPERRED-TO--AN--INSTREAM
- 5 PURPOSE7--OR LEASED FOR AN INSTREAM PURPOSE IF THE LEASE IS
- 6 AUTHORIZED BY LAW, UPON APPROVAL BY THE DEPARTMENT AS
- 7 PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4).
- 8 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Extension of authority. Any
- 9 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 10 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 11 [this act].
- 12 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Codification instruction.
- 13 (Section 3) is intended to be codified as an integral part
- of Title 85, chapter 2, part 4, and the provisions of Title
- 15 85, chapter 2, part 4, apply to [section 3].
- 16 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Saving clause. [This act]
- 17 does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
- 18 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
- 19 [the effective date of this act].
- 20 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date. [This act] is
- 21 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

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