SENATE BILL 316

Introduced by Keating, et al.

2/02	Introduced
2/02	Referred to Highways & Transportation
2/03	Fiscal Note Requested
2/08	Fiscal Note Received
2/09	Fiscal Note Printed
2/09	Hearing
	Died in Committee

1		Snate	BILL NO.	316	
2	INTRODUCED BY	Kesting	201		
3		/			

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT ROTATION SYSTEM FOR UTILIZATION OF EMERGENCY TOW TRUCKS; REQUIRING CLASSIFICATION OF AND LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR EMERGENCY TOW TRUCKS; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 61-1-120 AND 61-9-416, MCA."

STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because it requires the department of justice to make rules to implement the provisions allowing establishment of a law enforcement rotation system for the designation and use of qualified commercial tow truck companies that request to participate in the system. It is the intent of the legislature that the department of justice consult with the department of highways and consider its recommendations in establishing the rules. The rules should allow for fair consideration of all qualified tow truck companies by an officer who is summoning assistance, but priority should be given to the qualified tow truck company whose base of operations is closest to the emergency site.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:



1	NEW SECTION. Sec	tion 1.	Short	title.	{This	act]	may
2	be cited as the "Monta	na Emer	ency To	w Truck	Act".		

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. Purpose. The legislature
4 recognizes that:

- wrecked, disabled, and abandoned motor vehicles on the public highways create hazards that imperil lives and property and require expeditious removal;
- (2) officers investigating accidents on the public highways need immediately available towing vehicles manned by competent operators and adequately equipped to clear the highways and remove hazardous obstructions with minimum damage to property;
- (3) certain standards and classifications, including minimum standards for emergency tow truck companies based on intended use, are needed for emergency tow trucks and equipment used for towing and recovering wrecked, disabled, or abandoned motor vehicles or other objects creating hazards on the public highways; and
- (4) encouragement of a competitive and qualified emergency towing industry requires establishment of a uniform and equitable statewide rotation system based on the classification of equipment and the standards provided in [this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 3. Classification standards for emergency tow truck equipment. (1) The highway patrol and

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the department of highways each year shall classify the tow truck equipment of those commercial tow truck companies that apply in writing to be placed on a rotation system established under the provisions of [section 8 or 9] in accordance with the following standards:

- (a) for class A, which includes vehicles used for the towing and recovery of passenger cars, pickup trucks, small trailers, and other comparable units, the tow truck equipment must have a manufacturer's rating of not less than 4 tons and must be mounted on a truck chassis with a manufacturer's capacity of 8,000 pounds gross vehicle weight or more:
- (b) for class B, which includes vehicles used for the towing and recovery of medium-sized trucks, trailers, and other comparable units, the tow truck equipment must have a manufacturer's rating of not less than B tons and must be mounted on a truck chassis with a manufacturer's capacity of 18,000 pounds gross vehicle weight or more;
- (c) for class C, which includes vehicles used for the towing and recovery of large trucks, road tractors and trailers, and other comparable units, the tow truck equipment must have a manufacturer's rating of not less than 16 tons and must be mounted on a chassis that has a minimum manufacturer's capacity of 30,000 pounds gross vehicle weight or more;

- (d) for class D, which includes manufactured rollbacks and car carriers that are designed for hauling and for the towing of wrecked or disabled vehicles, the rollbacks and car carriers must be mounted on trucks that have the minimum gross vehicle weight ratings of the manufacturer of the rollbacks and car carriers, which range from 10,000 pounds to 32,000 pounds gross vehicle weight.
- (2) The manufacturer's rating is the basis for the classification under subsection (1).
- (3) (a) Before October 1, 1991, the owner or operator of emergency tow truck equipment may use noncommercially manufactured or modified equipment in a law enforcement rotation system established under [section 8 or 9] if he establishes a basis for classifying the equipment in accordance with subsection (1).
- (b) After October 1, 1991, only tow truck equipment commercially manufactured or commercially modified may be used in a law enforcement rotation system established under [section 8 or 9].
- 20 (4) All tow truck equipment used in a law enforcement 21 rotation system must:
- 22 (a) be used and operated in accordance with the
 23 manufacturer's ratings;
 - (b) comply with the provisions of 61-9-416; and
- 25 (c) use a safety chain to secure a towed vehicle to

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- (5) The highway patrol shall cooperate with the department of highways to assure minimum duplication and maximum coordination of enforcement efforts.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 4. Liability insurance and adequate storage required. Notwithstanding the provisions of 61-6-301, a commercial tow truck company, as a requirement to be designated or to remain designated in a law enforcement rotation system established under the provisions of [section 8 or 9], shall provide:
 - (1) liability insurance for bodily injury or death or damage to property caused by the maintenance or use of a commercial tow truck as defined in 61-9-416 in an amount not less than \$750,000 and shall continuously provide liability insurance for loss of or damage to property entrusted to the tow truck company in an amount not less than \$750,000; and
 - (2) a lot or building that is adequate for secure storage and safekeeping of towed vehicles and for prevention of vandalism to the vehicles and their contents. The storage facility must be:
 - (a) located in close proximity to the towing service;
- (b) secured by a fence or natural barrier sufficientto deter trespassing or vandalism;
- 24 (c) staffed or available for access between 8 a.m. and 25 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays; and

- 1 (d) large enough to accommodate all vehicles towed by
 2 the towing service for law enforcement agencies.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Inspection -- compliance -
 decal. The highway patrol or employees of the department of

 highways appointed under 61-12-201, at least once each year

 or more frequently when the circumstances demand, shall:
 - (1) inspect the tow trucks and equipment of requesting commercial tow truck companies for the purpose of classification and verification of compliance with the provisions of [section 3];
- 11 (2) require qualified emergency tow truck companies
 12 and tow truck companies requesting status as emergency tow
 13 truck companies to furnish proof of compliance with the
 14 provisions of [section 4];
 - (3) after the satisfactory completion of the requirements in subsections (1) and (2) and verification of compliance, affix in a prominent location on the tow truck equipment a decal showing the classification under [section 3] and the expiration date of the insurance coverage required under [section 4]; and
- 21 (4) compile current lists of qualified emergency tow 22 truck companies, including the classification of their 23 equipment under [section 3] and the status of their 24 liability insurance required under [section 4].
- 25 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Violation -- penalty. An

- l owner or operator of a commercial tow truck who violates any
- 2 provision of [this act] while designated in a law
- 3 enforcement rotation system as provided in [section 8] is
- 4 guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to the penalty
- 5 provided in 61-8-711.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Enforcement. The highway
- 7 patrol shall enforce the provisions of [this act].
- 8 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Law enforcement rotation
- 9 system -- standards -- rules. The department of justice
- shall establish by rule an equitable rotation system among
- 11 qualified emergency tow truck companies. The rotation
- 12 system:

- (1) must be administered by the highway patrol;
- 14 (2) must be based on the classification of equipment
- 15 provided for in [section 3];
 - (3) must include only those companies and their
- 17 equipment approved by the highway patrol or department of
- 18 highways as provided in [sections 3 and 5]; and
- 19 (4) is not applicable when the owner or operator of a
- 20 disabled vehicle or a vehicle obstructing a public highway
- 21 requests a commercial tow truck company of his choice;
- 22 however, in emergency situations the officer at the scene
- 23 has the option to request the most readily available
- 24 approved commercial tow truck equipment. If no qualified
- 25 emergency tow truck company is reasonably available, the

- officer may request any equipment available to remove the
- 2 immediate hazard.

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- 3 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Local government rotation
- 4 system. To provide uniformity, a local government law
- 5 enforcement rotation system must comply with the provisions
- 6 of [this act] and with the standards and classification
- 7 criteria established under the provisions of [this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 10. Inspections. (1) During
- 9 January of each year or at a time determined by the highway
- 10 patrol and the department of highways, an emergency tow
- 11 truck company that has been placed at its request in a law
- 12 enforcement rotation system as provided for in [section 8 or
- 13 9) shall bring its tow truck equipment to a department of
- 14 highways scale or other agreed location for inspection under
- 15 [section 5].
- 16 (2) An emergency tow truck company that has requested
- 17 and been placed in a law enforcement rotation system
- impliedly consents to reasonable inspection of its premises,
- 19 vehicles, and equipment by the department of highways, the
- 20 highway patrol, or a local government entity as is necessary
- 21 to assure compliance with [this act].
- 22 Section 11. Section 61-1-120, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 "61-1-120. Emergency service vehicles. "Emergency
- 24 service vehicles" means emergency service vehicles of state,
- 25 county, or municipal departments, or public service

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each warning sign.

vehicles, or commercial tow trucks, which by the nature of their operation cause a vehicular traffic hazard; --- or 2 authorized-tow-cars." 3

Section 12. Section 61-9-416, MCA, is amended to read: "61-9-416. Commercial tow car truck definition and requirements. (1) Every-commercial-tow-car--used--to--tow--a

vehicle--by--means--of--a--crane,-hoist,-towbar,-towline,-or

dolly-shall-be "Commercial tow truck" means a motor vehicle equipped with specialized equipment designed and intended

for towing or recovery of wrecked, disabled, or abandoned

vehicles or other objects creating a hazard on the public

highways and equipped with:

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- (a) equipped-with and carry carrying not less than two red flares or two red lanterns or two warning lights or reflectors,--which-reflectors-shall-be of a type approved by the department;
- (b) equipped-with at least two highway warning signs of a uniform type prescribed by the department and shall-be so designed as to be visible both day and night. The operator of a commercial tow car truck used for the purpose of rendering assistance to other vehicles shall, when the rendering of assistance necessitates the obstruction of any portion of the roadway outside a business or residence district, place a highway warning sign 200 feet in advance of and 200 feet to the rear of the disabled vehicle, except

- 1 as otherwise provided in this section. When a motor vehicle 2 is disabled on the highway, such a tow ear truck operator called to render assistance during the hours of darkness 3 shall immediately upon arrival place warning signs upon the 5 highway as prescribed in this section and in addition thereto shall place not less than one red flare, red 6 lantern, or warning light or reflector in close proximity to 7
 - (c) equipped---with and carry carrying a fire extinguisher of at least 2 quart capacity of a type capable of extinguishing a fire;
 - (d) equipped-with a lamp emitting a flashing or steady red light mounted on top of the cab of the tow car truck or on the top of the crane or hoist if such the light can be seen from the front of the tow car truck. The light from such the lamp must be visible for a distance of 1,000 feet under normal atmospheric conditions, and shall be mounted in such-a-manner-that-it-can-be-securely-fastened with-the-lens of--the-lamp-facing-the-rear-of-the-tow-car-mpon which-it-is mounted. When--standing--at--the--location--trom -which--the disabled-vehicle-is-to-be-towed;-the-operator of the-tow-car may--unfasten--the--red--light--and-place-it in any-position deemed-advisable--to--warn--approaching--drivers. --When--the disabled--vehicle--is-ready-for-towing-the red light-must-be turned-to-rear-of-the-tow-car-upon-whith-it in mounted--and

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- 1 securely--locked-in-this-position;--Additional-red-lights-of 2 an-approved-type-may-be-displayed-at-either-or-both-sides-of 3 the-tow-car-as-the-case-may-warrant--during--the--period--of preparation--at-the-location-from-which-the-disabled-vehicle 4 5 is-to-be-towed: Amber flashing lights may be mounted on the tow truck to warn other vehicles that a unit is in tow. The 6 7 amber flashing lights must be visible to approaching 8 vehicles and following vehicles for a distance of 1,000 9 feet.
 - (e) equipped-with one or more brooms, and the operator of the tow car truck engaged to remove a disabled vehicle from the scene of an accident shall remove all glass and debris deposited upon the roadway by the disabled vehicle which is to be towed:

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- (f) equipped -- with and carry carrying a shovel, and whenever practical the tow car truck operator engaged to remove any disabled vehicle shall spread dirt upon that portion of the roadway where oil or grease has been deposited by such the disabled vehicle;
- (g) equipped---with and carry carrying a portable electrical extension cord for use in displaying a light on the rear of the disabled vehicle. The length of such the extension cord shall may not be less than the length of the combined vehicles, and whenever a disabled vehicle is towed during the hours of darkness and the rear lamp or lamps on

- 1 the disabled vehicle cannot be lighted, the tow car truck operator shall provide-for-such illuminate the rear light by means of the extension cord herein-referred-to.
 - (2) The owner or operator of a commercial tow ear truck who complies with the requirements of this section may stop or park such the tow car truck upon a highway for the purpose of rendering assistance to a disabled vehicle, notwithstanding other provisions of this code."
- g NEW SECTION. Section 13. Extension of authority. Any 10 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of 11 12 (this act).
- 13 NEW SECTION. Section 14. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 10] are intended to be codified as an 14 15 integral part of Title 61, chapter 8, and the provisions of Title 61, chapter 8, apply to [sections 1 through 10].

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB316, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act authorizing the establishment of a law enforcement rotation system for utilization of emergency tow trucks; requiring classification of and liability insurance for emergency tow trucks; and amending 61-1-120 and 61-9-416, MCA.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Current dispatch staff can handle additional workload created by this bill.
- 2. Two hundred officers will receive truck inspection training at four locations at a cost of \$1500 per location.
- 3. Agency will need to purchase decals.

FISCAL IMPACT:	FY90			<u>FY91</u>		
	Current	Proposed		Current	Proposed	
Expenditures:	Law	Law	Difference	Law	Law	<u>Difference</u>
Operating Expenses	\$ -0-	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,000	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-

Funding: Highway State Special Revenue Account

RAY SHACKLEFORD, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING

THOMAS F. KEATING, PRIMARY SPONSOR

TVATE

Fiscal Note for SB316, as introduced

SB 316