SENATE BILL NO. 314

INTRODUCED BY REGAN, NATHE, BLAYLOCK, ECK, B. BROWN, HALLIGAN, HAGER, PINSONEAULT, VAUGHN, JACOBSON, FARRELL, ANDERSON, JERGESON, MANNING, MAZUREK

IN THE SENATE

FEBRUARY 2, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS & INDUSTRY.	
	FIRST READING.	
FEBRUARY 3, 1989	ON MOTION, REREFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.	
FEBRUARY 9, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.	
FEBRUARY 10, 1989	PRINTING REPORT.	
FEBRUARY 11, 1989	SECOND READING, DO PASS.	
FEBRUARY 13, 1989	ENGROSSING REPORT.	
FEBRUARY 14, 1989	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 34; NOES, 14.	
	TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.	
IN	THE HOUSE	
FEBRUARY 14, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.	
FEBRUARY 20, 1989	FIRST READING.	
MARCH 1, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.	
MARCH 4, 1989	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN AS AMENDED.	
MARCH 7, 1989	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 56; NOES, 40.	

RETURNED TO SENATE WITH AMENDMENTS.

IN THE SENATE

MARCH 11, 1989	RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.
	SECOND READING, AMENDMENTS NOT CONCURRED IN.
MARCH 14, 1989	ON MOTION, CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REQUESTED AND APPOINTED.
	IN THE HOUSE
MARCH 16, 1989	ON MOTION, CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REQUESTED AND APPOINTED.
	IN THE SENATE
MARCH 27, 1989	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORTED.
MARCH 30, 1989	SECOND READING, CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ADOPTED.
	IN THE HOUSE
MARCH 31, 1989	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ADOPTED.
	IN THE SENATE
APRIL 1, 1989	THIRD READING, CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ADOPTED.
	CENT TO ENDOLLING

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

ı	Senete BILL NO. 3/4
2	INTRODUCED BY Per NATH-1Blay/or Esk
3	Bil Brown Stella Hager in Wall Haugh Jacobs
Far	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROMIBITING
5	DISCRIMINATION BY PRIVATE CLUBS; EXCLUDING FRATERNAL
6	ORGANIZATIONS FROM THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION";
7	REVISING THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION" TO
8	PROHIBIT DISCRIMINATION BY ENTITIES THAT ARE NOT DISTINCTLY
9	PRIVATE; ESTABLISHING CRITERIA FOR DISTINCTLY PRIVATE
10	CATEGORIZATION; PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION BY ALCOHOL
11	LICENSEES; PROHIBITING THE ISSUANCE AND RENEWAL OF ALCOHOL
12	LICENSES TO ENTITIES THAT DISCRIMINATE; AMENDING SECTIONS
13	49-2-101, 49-2-304, AND 49-3-204, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
14	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

BE IT EMACIED BY THE DESIGNATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA.

Section 1. Section 49-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:

18 *49-2-101. Definitions. As used in this chapter,

19 unless the context requires otherwise, the following

definitions apply:

17

20

21

22

23

24

25

(1) "Age" means number of years since birth. It does not mean level of maturity or ability to handle responsibility. These latter criteria may represent legitimate considerations as reasonable grounds for discrimination without reference to age.

Montana Legislative Council

- 1 (2) "Commission" means the commission for human rights
 2 provided for in 2-15-1706.
 - (3) "Credit" means the right granted by a creditor to a person to defer payment of a debt, to incur debt and defer its payment, or to purchase property or services and defer payment therefor. It includes without limitation the right to incur and defer debt which is secured by residential real property.
- 9 (4) "Credit transaction" means any invitation to apply 10 for credit, application for credit, extension of credit, or 11 credit sale.
- 12 (5) "Creditor" means a person who, regularly or as a
 13 part of his business, arranges for the extension of credit
 14 for which the payment of a financial charge or interest is
 15 required, whether in connection with loans, sale of property
 16 or services, or otherwise.
- 17 (6) "Educational institution" means a public or
 18 private institution and includes an academy; college;
 19 elementary or secondary school; extension course;
 20 kindergarten; nursery; school system; university; business,
 21 nursing, professional, secretarial, technical, or vocational
 22 school; or agent of an educational institution.
- 23 (7) "Employee" means any individual employed by an employer.
- 25 (8) "Employer" means an employer of one or more

persons but does not include a fraternal, charitable, or religious association or corporation if the association or corporation is not organized either for private profit or to provide accommodations or services that are available on a nonmembership basis.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- (9) "Employment agency" means a person undertaking to procure employees or opportunities to work.
 - (10) "Financial institution" means a commercial bank, trust company, savings bank, finance company, savings and loan association, investment company, or insurance company.
 - (11) "Housing accommodation" means a building or portion of a building, whether constructed or to be constructed, which is or will be used as the sleeping quarters of its occupants.
 - (12) "Labor organization" means an organization or an agent of an organization organized for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining, of dealing with employers concerning grievances or terms or conditions of employment, or of other mutual aid and protection of employees.
- 21 (13) "Mental handicap" means any mental disability 22 resulting in subaverage intellectual functioning or impaired 23 social competence.
- 24 (14) "National origin" means ancestry.
- 25 (15) "Person" means one or more individuals, labor

- unions, partnerships, associations, corporations, legal
 representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies,
 trusts, unincorporated employees' associations, employers,
 employment agencies, or labor organizations.
- (16) "Physical handicap" means a physical disability, 5 6 infirmity, malformation, or disfigurement which is caused by bodily injury, birth defect, or illness, including epilepsy. 7 It includes without limitation any degree of paralysis; 8 amputation; lack of physical coordination; blindness or 9 10 visual impediment; deafness or hearing impediment; muteness or speech impediment; or physical reliance on a guide dog 11 for the blind, a wheelchair, or any other remedial appliance 12 or device. 13
- 14 (17) (a) "Public accommodation" means a place which caters or offers its services, goods, or facilities to the 15 general public subject only to the conditions and 16 limitations established by law and applicable to all persons 17 alike. It includes without limitation a public inn, 18 19 restaurant, eating house, hotel, roadhouse, place where food or alcoholic beverages or malt liquors are sold for 20 motel, soda fountain, soft drink parlor, consumption, 21 resort, 22 tavern, nightclub, trailer park, barbershop, beauty parlor, bathroom, resthouse, theater, 23 swimming pool, skating rink, golf course, cafe, ice cream 24 parlor, transportation company, or hospital and all other 25

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

public amusement and business establishments. 1

3

4

5

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(b) Public accommodation does not include an 2 institution, club, or place of accommodation that proves that it is by its nature distinctly private. An institution, club, or place of accommodation may not be considered by its nature distinctly private if it has more than 100 members, provides regular meal service, and regularly receives 7 payment for dues, fees, use of space, facilities, services, 8 meals, or beverages, directly or indirectly, from or on 9 behalf of nonmembers, for the furtherance of trade or 10 business. For the purposes of this subsection (17), any 11 lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization is 12 considered by its nature distinctly private. 13

(18) "Staff" or "commission staff" means the staff of 14 the commission for human rights." 15

Section 2. Section 49-2-304, MCA, is amended to read: *49-2-304. Discrimination in public accommodations. (1) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for the owner, lessee, manager, agent, or employee of a public accommodation:

t++(a) to refuse, withhold from, or deny to a person any of its services, goods, facilities, advantages, or privileges because of sex, race, age, physical or mental handicap, creed, religion, color, or national origin;

1 +2+(b) to publish, circulate, issue, display, post, or mail a written or printed communication, notice, or 2 advertisement which states or implies that any of the services, goods, facilities, advantages, or privileges of the public accommodation will be refused, withheld from, or 5 6 denied to a person of a certain race, creed, religion, sex, 7 age, physical or mental handicap, color, or national origin. 8

(2) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for a licensee under Title 16, chapter 4, to exclude from its membership or from its services, goods, facilities, advantages, privileges, or accommodations any individual on the grounds of race, color, religion, creed, sex, age, physical or mental handicap, or national origin. This subsection does not apply to any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization."

Section 3. Section 49-3-204, MCA, is amended to read: (1) No A state or local "49-3-204. Licensing. governmental agency may not grant, deny, or revoke the license or charter of a person on the grounds of race, color, religion, creed, political ideas, sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or national origin. Each state or local governmental agency shall take such appropriate action in the exercise of its licensing or regulatory power as will assure equal treatment of all

- persons, eliminate discrimination, and enforce compliance
 with the policy of this chapter.
- 3 (2) The state may not issue or renew a license under
 4 Title 16, chapter 4, to an applicant or licensee that
 5 excludes from its membership or from its goods, services,
 6 facilities, privileges, or advantages any individual on the
- 7 grounds of race, color, religion, creed, political ideas,
- 8 sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or
- 9 national origin. This subsection does not apply to any lodge
- 10 of a recognized national fraternal organization."
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 14 [this act].
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Severability. If a part of
- 16 [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable
- 17 from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this
- 18 act is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part
- 19 remains in effect in all valid applications that are
- 20 severable from the invalid applications.
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
 - and the factorial and appropriate

LC 0889/01 RE-REFFERED AND

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

1 2 INTRODUCED BY BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: 5 DISCRIMINATION BY PRIVATE CLUBS: EXCLUDING FRATERNAL 6 ORGANIZATIONS FROM THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION": 7 REVISING THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION" 8 PROHIBIT DISCRIMINATION BY ENTITIES THAT ARE NOT DISTINCTLY 9 PRIVATE; ESTABLISHING CRITERIA FOR DISTINCTLY 10 CATEGORIZATION: PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION BY ALCOHOL 11 LICENSEES; PROHIBITING THE ISSUANCE AND RENEWAL OF ALCOHOL 12 LICENSES TO ENTITIES THAT DISCRIMINATE; AMENDING SECTIONS 49-2-101, 49-2-304, AND 49-3-204, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN 13 14 IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE." 15 16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: Section 1. Section 49-2-101, MCA, is amended to read: 17 18 "49-2-101. Definitions. As used in this 19 unless the context requires otherwise, the following 20 definitions apply: 21 (1) "Age" means number of years since birth. It does mean level of maturity or ability to handle 22 responsibility. These latter criteria may represent 23 legitimate considerations as reasonable, grounds for 24

discrimination without reference to age.



- (2) "Commission" means the commission for human rights provided for in 2-15-1706.
- 3 (3) "Credit" means the right granted by a creditor to
 4 a person to defer payment of a debt, to incur debt and defer
 5 its payment, or to purchase property or services and defer
 6 payment therefor. It includes without limitation the right
 7 to incur and defer debt which is secured by residential real
 8 property.
- 9 (4) "Credit transaction" means any invitation to apply
 10 for credit, application for credit, extension of credit, or
 11 credit sale.
- 12 (5) "Creditor" means a person who, regularly or as a
 13 part of his business, arranges for the extension of credit
 14 for which the payment of a financial charge or interest is
 15 required, whether in connection with loans, sale of property
 16 or services, or otherwise.
- 17 (6) "Educational institution" means a public or
 18 private institution and includes an academy; college;
 19 elementary or secondary school; extension course;
 20 kindergarten; nursery; school system; university; business,
 21 nursing, professional, secretarial, technical, or vocational
 22 school; or agent of an educational institution.
- 23 (7) "Employee" means any individual employed by an 24 employer.
- 25 (8) "Employer" means an employer of one or more

LC 0889/01

LC 0889/01

persons but does not include a fraternal, charitable, or religious association or corporation if the association or corporation is not organized either for private profit or to provide accommodations or services that are available on a nonmembership basis.

1

2

3

5

6 7

R

9

10

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22 23

- (9) "Employment agency" means a person undertaking to procure employees or opportunities to work.
 - (10) "Financial institution" means a commercial bank, trust company, savings bank, finance company, savings and loan association, investment company, or insurance company.
- 11 (11) "Housing accommodation" means a building or
 12 portion of a building, whether constructed or to be
 13 constructed, which is or will be used as the sleeping
 14 quarters of its occupants.
 - (12) "Labor organization" means an organization or an agent of an organization organized for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining, of dealing with employers concerning grievances or terms or conditions of employment, or of other mutual aid and protection of employees.
 - (13) "Mental handicap" means any mental disability resulting in subaverage intellectual functioning or impaired social competence.
- 24 (14) "National origin" means ancestry.
- 25 (15) "Person" means one or more individuals, labor

- unions, partnerships, associations, corporations, legal
 representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies,
 trusts, unincorporated employees' associations, employers,
- 4 employment agencies, or labor organizations.

13

14

15

16

17

1.8

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

or device.

- 16) "Physical handicap" means a physical disability, infirmity, malformation, or disfigurement which is caused by bodily injury, birth defect, or illness, including epilepsy.

 By It includes without limitation any degree of paralysis; amputation; lack of physical coordination; blindness or visual impediment; deafness or hearing impediment; muteness or speech impediment; or physical reliance on a guide dog for the blind, a wheelchair, or any other remedial appliance
 - (17) (a) "Public accommodation" means a place which caters or offers its services, goods, or facilities to the general public subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law and applicable to all persons alike. It includes without limitation a public inn, restaurant, eating house, hotel, roadhouse, place where food or alcoholic beverages or malt liquors are sold for consumption, motel, soda fountain, soft drink parlor, tavern, nightclub, trailer park, resort, campground, barbershop, beauty parlor, bathroom, resthouse, theater, swimming pool, skating rink, golf course, cafe, ice cream

parlor, transportation company, or hospital and all other

2

3

4

5

- l public amusement and business establishments.
- 2 (b) Public accommodation does not include an
- 3 institution, club, or place of accommodation that proves
- 4 that it is by its nature distinctly private. An institution,
- 5 club, or place of accommodation may not be considered by its
- 6 nature distinctly private if it has more than 100 members,
- 7 provides regular meal service, and regularly receives
- 8 payment for dues, fees, use of space, facilities, services,
- 9 meals, or beverages, directly or indirectly, from or on
- 10 behalf of nonmembers, for the furtherance of trade or
- 11 business. For the purposes of this subsection (17), any
- 12 lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization is
- 13 considered by its nature distinctly private.
- 14 (18) "Staff" or "commission staff" means the staff of
- 15 the commission for human rights."
- 16 Section 2. Section 49-2-304, MCA, is amended to read:
- 17 "49-2-304. Discrimination in public accommodations.
- 18 (1) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable
- 19 grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for the
- 20 owner, lessee, manager, agent, or employee of a public
- 21 accommodation:
- 22 (1)(a) to refuse, withhold from, or deny to a person
- 23 any of its services, goods, facilities, advantages, or
- 24 privileges because of sex, race, age, physical or mental
- 25 handicap, creed, religion, color, or national origin;

(2)(b) to publish, circulate, issue, display, post, or mail a written or printed communication, notice, or advertisement which states or implies that any of the services, goods, facilities, advantages, or privileges of the public accommodation will be refused, withheld from, or denied to a person of a certain race, creed, religion, sex,

age, physical or mental handicap, color, or national origin.

- 8 (2) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable
 9 grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for a
 10 licensee under Title 16, chapter 4, to exclude from its
- 10 <u>licensee under Title 16, chapter 4, to exclude from its</u>
- 11 membership or from its services, goods, facilities,
- 12 advantages, privileges, or accommodations any individual on
 13 the grounds of race, color, religion, greed, sex, age.
- 14 physical or mental handicap, or national origin. This
- 15 subsection does not apply to any lodge of a recognized
- 16 national fraternal organization."
- Section 3. Section 49-3-204, MCA, is amended to read:
- 18 "49-3-204. Licensing. (1) No A state or local
- 19 governmental agency may not grant, deny, or revoke the
- 20 license or charter of a person on the grounds of race,
- 21 color, religion, creed, political ideas, sex, age, marital
- 22 status, physical or mental handicap, or national origin.
- 23 Each state or local governmental agency shall take such
- 24 appropriate action in the exercise of its licensing or
- 25 regulatory power as will assure equal treatment of all

- persons, eliminate discrimination, and enforce compliance
 with the policy of this chapter.
- 3 (2) The state may not issue or renew a license under
- 4 Title 16, chapter 4, to an applicant or licensee that
- 5 excludes from its membership or from its goods, services,
- 6 facilities, privileges, or advantages any individual on the
- 7 grounds of race, color, religion, creed, political ideas,
- 8 sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or
- 9 national origin. This subsection does not apply to any lodge
- 10 of a recognized national fraternal organization."
- 11 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Extension of authority. Any
- 12 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 14 [this act].
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Severability. If a part of
- 16 [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable
- 17 from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this
- 18 act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part
- 19 remains in effect in all valid applications that are
- 20 severable from the invalid applications.
- 21 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is
- 22 effective on passage and approval.

5

9

10

11

12

13 14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22

1	Senete BILL NO. 3/4.
2	INTRODUCED BY PRICE NATH-1Blay/ork Esk
3	Bob Brown Helly Hager In Granghon Jacobson
Far	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROBIBITING
5	DISCRIMINATION BY PRIVATE CLUBS: EXCLUDING FRATERNAL
6	ORGANIZATIONS FROM THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION":
7	REVISING THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION" TO
8	PROHIBIT DISCRIMINATION BY ENTITIES THAT ARE NOT DISTINCTLY
_	
9	PRIVATE; ESTABLISHING CRITERIA FOR DISTINCTLY PRIVATE
10	CATEGORIZATION; PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION BY ALCOHOL
1	LICENSEES; PROHIBITING THE ISSUANCE AND RENEWAL OF ALCOHOL
12	LICENSES TO ENTITIES THAT DISCRIMINATE; AMENDING SECTIONS
L 3	49-2-101, 49-2-304, AND 49-3-204, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
14	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
L5 ·	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
L7	Section 1. Section 49-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:
18	*49-2-101. Definitions. As used in this chapter,
19	unless the context requires otherwise, the following
20	definitions apply:
21	(1) "Age" means number of years since birth. It does
22	not mean level of maturity or ability to handle
23	responsibility. These latter criteria may represent
24	legitimate considerations as reasonable grounds for
25	discrimination without reference to age.

- (2) "Commission" means the commission for human rights provided for in 2-15-1706.
- (3) "Credit" means the right granted by a creditor to a person to defer payment of a debt, to incur debt and defer its payment, or to purchase property or services and defer payment therefor. It includes without limitation the right to incur and defer debt which is secured by residential real property.
- (4) "Credit transaction" means any invitation to apply for credit, application for credit, extension of credit, or credit sale.
- (5) "Creditor" means a person who, regularly or as a part of his business, arranges for the extension of credit for which the payment of a financial charge or interest is required, whether in connection with loans, sale of property or services, or otherwise.
- (6) "Educational institution" means a public or private institution and includes an academy; college; elementary or secondary school; extension course; kindergarten; nursery; school system; university; business, nursing, professional, secretarial, technical, or vocational school; or agent of an educational institution.
- 23 (7) "Employee" means any individual employed by an 24 employer.
 - (8) "Employer" means an employer of one or more

g

10

11

12

13

persons but does not include a fraternal, charitable, or religious association or corporation if the association or corporation is not organized either for private profit or to provide accommodations or services that are available on a nonmembership basis.

1

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- (9) "Employment agency" means a person undertaking to procure employees or opportunities to work.
 - (10) "Financial institution" means a commercial bank, trust company, savings bank, finance company, savings and loan association, investment company, or insurance company.
- (11) "Housing accommodation" means a building or portion of a building, whether constructed or to be constructed, which is or will be used as the sleeping quarters of its occupants.
- (12) "Labor organization" means an organization or an agent of an organization organized for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining, of dealing with employers concerning grievances or terms or conditions of employment, or of other mutual aid and protection of employees.
- 21 (13) "Mental handicap" means any mental disability 22 resulting in subaverage intellectual functioning or impaired 23 social competence.
 - (14) "National origin" means ancestry.
- 25 (15) "Person" means one or more individuals, labor

- unions, partnerships, associations, corporations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts, unincorporated employees' associations, employers, employment agencies, or labor organizations.
 - (16) "Physical handicap" means a physical disability, infirmity, malformation, or disfigurement which is caused by bodily injury, birth defect, or illness, including epilepsy. It includes without limitation any degree of paralysis; amputation; lack of physical coordination; blindness or visual impediment; deafness or hearing impediment; muteness or speech impediment; or physical reliance on a guide dog for the blind, a wheelchair, or any other remedial appliance or device.
- (17) (a) "Public accommodation" means a place which 14 caters or offers its services, goods, or facilities to the 15 general public subject only to the conditions 16 limitations established by law and applicable to all persons 17 alike. It includes without limitation a public inn, 18 restaurant, eating house, hotel, roadhouse, place where food 19 or alcoholic beverages or malt liquors are sold for 20 motel, soda fountain, soft drink parlor, 21 consumption. tavern, nightclub, trailer park, resort, campground, 22 barbershop, beauty parlor, bathroom, resthouse, theater, 23 swimming pool, skating rink, golf course, cafe, ice cream 24 parlor, transportation company, or hospital and all other 25

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- public amusement and business establishments. 1 2 (b) Public accommodation does not include an institution, club, or place of accommodation that proves that it is by its nature distinctly private. An institution, 5 club, or place of accommodation may not be considered by its nature distinctly private if it has more than 100 members, provides regular meal service, and regularly receives 7 payment for dues, fees, use of space, facilities, services, meals, or beverages, directly or indirectly, from or on 9 10 behalf of nonmembers, for the furtherance of trade or 11 business. For the purposes of this subsection (17), any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization is 12
- 14 (18) "Staff" or "commission staff" means the staff of
 15 the commission for human rights."

considered by its nature distinctly private.

- Section 2. Section 49-2-304, MCA, is amended to read:

 "49-2-304. Discrimination in public accommodations.

 (1) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for the owner, lessee, manager, agent, or employee of a public accommodation:
- 22 (±)(a) to refuse, withhold from, or deny to a person 23 any of its services, goods, facilities, advantages, or 24 privileges because of sex, race, age, physical or mental 25 handicap, creed, religion, color, or national origin;

- 1 (2)(b) to publish, circulate, issue, display, post, or
 2 mail a written or printed communication, notice, or
 3 advertisement which states or implies that any of the
 4 services, goods, facilities, advantages, or privileges of
 5 the public accommodation will be refused, withheld from, or
 6 denied to a person of a certain race, creed, religion, sex,
 7 age, physical or mental handicap, color, or national origin.
- 8 (2) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable 9 grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for a 10 licensee under Title 16, chapter 4, to exclude from its 11 membership or from its services, goods, facilities, advantages, privileges, or accommodations any individual on 12 the grounds of race, color, religion, creed, sex, age, 13 14 physical or mental handicap, or national origin. This 15 subsection does not apply to any lodge of a recognized 16 national fraternal organization."
 - Section 3. Section 49-3-204, MCA, is amended to read:

 "49-3-204. Licensing. (1) No A state or local governmental agency may not grant, deny, or revoke the license or charter of a person on the grounds of race, color, religion, creed, political ideas, sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or national origin. Each state or local governmental agency shall take such appropriate action in the exercise of its licensing or regulatory power as will assure equal treatment of all

- persons, eliminate discrimination, and enforce compliance
 with the policy of this chapter.
- 3 (2) The state may not issue or renew a license under
- 4 Title 16, chapter 4, to an applicant or licensee that
- 5 excludes from its membership or from its goods, services,
- facilities, privileges, or advantages any individual on the
- 7 grounds of race, color, religion, creed, political ideas,
- sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or
- national origin. This subsection does not apply to any lodge
- 10 of a recognized national fraternal organization."
- 11 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Extension of authority. Any
- 12 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 13 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 14 [this act].
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Severability. If a part of
- 16 [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable
- 17 from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of (this
- 18 act is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part
- 19 remains in effect in all valid applications that are
- 20 severable from the invalid applications.
- 21 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is
- 22 effective on passage and approval.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT SENATE BILL 314 Representative Simon

March 4, 1989 11:40 am Page 1 of 1

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend SENATE BILL 314 (third reading copy -- blue).

And, that such amendments to SENATE BILL 314 read as follows:

1. Title, line 13. Following: "MCA"

Strike: "; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE"

2. Page 7, line 21.

Strike: THE SECTION IN ITS ENTIRETY.

HOUSE

ADOPT

58314.4 511140CW.HRT

-	
2	INTRODUCED BY REGAN, NATHE, BLAYLOCK, ECK,
3	B. BROWN, HALLIGAN, HAGER, PINSONEAULT, VAUGHN,
4	JACOBSON, FARRELL, ANDERSON, JERGESON, MANNING, MAZUREK
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING
7.	DISCRIMINATION BY PRIVATE CLUBS; EXCLUDING FRATERNAL
8	ORGANIZATIONS FROM THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION";
9	REVISING THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION" TO
10	PROHIBIT DISCRIMINATION BY ENTITIES THAT ARE NOT DISTINCTLY
11	PRIVATE; ESTABLISHING CRITERIA FOR DISTINCTLY PRIVATE
12	CATEGORIZATION; PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION BY ALCOHOL
13	LICENSEES; PROHIBITING THE ISSUANCE AND RENEWAL OF ALCOHOL
14	LICENSES TO ENTITIES THAT DISCRIMINATE; AND AMENDING
15	SECTIONS 49-2-101, 49-2-304, AND 49-3-204, MCA;AND
16	PROVIDING-AN-IMMEDIATE-EFFECTIVE-DATE."
17	
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
19	Section 1. Section 49-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:
20	<pre>"49-2-101. Definitions. As used in this chapter,</pre>
21	unless the context requires otherwise, the following
22	definitions apply:
23	(1) "Age" means number of years since birth. It does
24	not mean level of maturity or ability to handle
25	responsibility. These latter criteria may represent

SENATE BILL NO. 314

1	legitimate	considerations	as	reasonable	grounds	for
2	discriminati	on without refere	ence	to age.		

- 3 (2) "Commission" means the commission for human rights provided for in 2-15-1706.
- 5 (3) "Credit" means the right granted by a creditor to a person to defer payment of a debt, to incur debt and defer 7 its payment, or to purchase property or services and defer payment therefor. It includes without limitation the right 9 to incur and defer debt which is secured by residential real 10 property.
- 11 (4) "Credit transaction" means any invitation to apply 12 for credit, application for credit, extension of credit, or 13 credit sale.
- (5) "Creditor" means a person who, regularly or as a 14 part of his business, arranges for the extension of credit 15 16 for which the payment of a financial charge or interest is 17 required, whether in connection with loans, sale of property 18 or services, or otherwise.
- (6) "Educational institution" means a public or 19 20 private institution and includes an academy; college; 21 elementary or secondary school; extension course; 22 kindergarten; nursery; school system; university; business. 23 nursing, professional, secretarial, technical, or vocational

school; or agent of an educational institution.

24

25 (7) "Employee" means any individual employed by an l employer.

- (8) "Employer" means an employer of one or more persons but does not include a fraternal, charitable, or religious association or corporation if the association or corporation is not organized either for private profit or to provide accommodations or services that are available on a nonmembership basis.
- (9) "Employment agency" means a person undertaking to procure employees or opportunities to work.
- (10) "Financial institution" means a commercial bank, trust company, savings bank, finance company, savings and loan association, investment company, or insurance company.
- (11) "Housing accommodation" means a building or portion of a building, whether constructed or to be constructed, which is or will be used as the sleeping quarters of its occupants.
- (12) "Labor organization" means an organization or an agent of an organization organized for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining, of dealing with employers concerning grievances or terms or conditions of employment, or of other mutual aid and protection of employees.
- (13) "Mental handicap" means any mental disability resulting in subaverage intellectual functioning or impaired social competence.

1 (14) "National origin" means ancestry.

- 2 (15) "Person" means one or more individuals, labor
 3 unions, partnerships, associations, corporations, legal
 4 representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies,
 5 trusts, unincorporated employees' associations, employers,
 6 employment agencies, or labor organizations.
 - (16) "Physical handicap" means a physical disability, infirmity, malformation, or disfigurement which is caused by bodily injury, birth defect, or illness, including epilepsy. It includes without limitation any degree of paralysis; amputation; lack of physical coordination; blindness or visual impediment; deafness or hearing impediment; muteness or speech impediment; or physical reliance on a guide dog for the blind, a wheelchair, or any other remedial appliance or device.
 - (17) (a) "Public accommodation" means a place which caters or offers its services, goods, or facilities to the general public subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law and applicable to all persons alike. It includes without limitation a public inn, restaurant, eating house, hotel, roadhouse, place where food or alcoholic beverages or malt liquors are sold for consumption, motel, soda fountain, soft drink parlor, tavern, nightclub, trailer park, resort, campground, barbershop, beauty parlor, bathroom, resthouse, theater,

SB 0314/02

SB 0314/02

swimming pool, skating rink, golf course, cafe, ice cream parlor, transportation company, or hospital and all other public amusement and business establishments.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1.2

13

14

15

18

19

20

21

22

23

(b) Public accommodation does not include an institution, club, or place of accommodation that proves that it is by its nature distinctly private. An institution, club, or place of accommodation may not be considered by its nature distinctly private if it has more than 100 members, provides regular meal service, and regularly receives payment for dues, fees, use of space, facilities, services, meals, or beverages, directly or indirectly, from or on behalf of nonmembers, for the furtherance of trade or business. For the purposes of this subsection (17), any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization is considered by its nature distinctly private.

16 (18) "Staff" or "commission staff" means the staff of 17 the commission for human rights."

Section 2. Section 49-2-304, MCA, is amended to read:

"49-2-304. Discrimination in public accommodations.

(1) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for the owner, lessee, manager, agent, or employee of a public accommodation:

24 (1)(a) to refuse, withhold from, or deny to a person 25 any of its services, goods, facilities, advantages, or privileges because of sex, race, age, physical or mental
handicap, creed, religion, color, or national origin;

the public accommodation will be refused, withheld from, or denied to a person of a certain race, creed, religion, sex, age, physical or mental handicap, color, or national origin.

10 (2) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for a 11 licensee under Title 16, chapter 4, to exclude from its 12 membership or from its services, goods, facilities, 13 14 advantages, privileges, or accommodations any individual on the grounds of race, color, religion, creed, sex, age, 15 16 physical or mental handicap, or national origin. This 17 subsection does not apply to any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization." 18

Section 3. Section 49-3-204, MCA, is amended to read:

"49-3-204. Licensing. (1) No A state or local governmental agency may not grant, deny, or revoke the license or charter of a person on the grounds of race, color, religion, creed, political ideas, sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or national origin.

Each state or local governmental agency shall take such

19

20

21

22

23

- appropriate action in the exercise of its licensing or regulatory power as will assure equal treatment of all persons, eliminate discrimination, and enforce compliance with the policy of this chapter.
- 5 (2) The state may not issue or renew a license under 6 Title 16, chapter 4, to an applicant or licensee that 7 excludes from its membership or from its goods, services, 8 facilities, privileges, or advantages any individual on the 9 grounds of race, color, religion, creed, political ideas, 10 sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or 11 national origin. This subsection does not apply to any lodge 12 of a recognized national fraternal organization."
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Extension of authority. Any
 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
 [this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.
- 23 <u>NEW-SECTION:</u> -- **Section-6.** -- Effective -- date: ---- [This-act]
 24 is-effective-on-passage-and-approval:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

Report No. 1 March 23, 1989

MR PRESIDENT AND MR. SPEAKER

We, your Conference Committee on SB 314 met and recommend that this Conference Committee report be adopted and that SB 314 (reference copy -- salmon) be amended as indicated in the INSTRUCTIONS.

FOR THE SENATE

FOR THE HOUSE

Sen. Hager, Chairman

Rep. Addy

Sen. Regen

NICTO

Rep. Brooke

Rep. Simon

We Considered: The House Committee of the Whole amendments, offered by Rep. Simon, to SB 314 (third reading copy -- blue) dated March 4, 1989.

INSTRUCTIONS: Strike: The House Committee of the Whole amendments in their entirety.

Amend SB 314 (reference copy -- salmon) as follows:

1. Title, line 16. Following: "DATE"

Insert: "; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE"

2. Page 7.

Following: line 24

Insert: "NEW SECTION, Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval."

51st Legislature SB 0314/03 SB 0314/03

25

1	SENATE BILL NO. 314	1	responsibility. These
2	INTRODUCED BY REGAN, NATHE, BLAYLOCK, ECK,	2	legitimate considerations
3	B. BROWN, HALLIGAN, HAGER, PINSONEAULT, VAUGHN,	3	discrimination without ref
4	JACOBSON, FARRELL, ANDERSON, JERGESON, MANNING, MAZUREK	4	(2) "Commission" mea
5		5	provided for in 2-15-1706.
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING	6	(3) "Credit" means t
7	DISCRIMINATION BY PRIVATE CLUBS; EXCLUDING FRATERNAL	7	a person to defer payment
8	ORGANIZATIONS FROM THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION";	8	its payment, or to purch
9	REVISING THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION" TO	9	payment therefor. It incl
10	PROHIBIT DISCRIMINATION BY ENTITIES THAT ARE NOT DISTINCTLY	10	to incur and defer debt wh
11	PRIVATE; ESTABLISHING CRITERIA FOR DISTINCTLY PRIVATE	11	property.
12	CATEGORIZATION; PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION BY ALCOHOL	12	(4) "Credit transact
13	LICENSEES; PROHIBITING THE ISSUANCE AND RENEWAL OF ALCOHOL	13	for credit, application f
14	LICENSES TO ENTITIES THAT DISCRIMINATE; AND AMENDING	14	credit sale.
15	SECTIONS 49-2-101, 49-2-304, AND 49-3-204, MCA7AND	15	(5) "Creditor" means
16	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EPPECTIVE DATE; AND PROVIDING AN	16	part of his business, an
17	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."	17	for which the payment of a
18		18	required, whether in conne
19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	19	or services, or otherwise
20	Section 1. Section 49-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:	20	(6) "Educational
21	*49-2-101. Definitions. As used in this chapter,	21	private institution and
22	unless the context requires otherwise, the following	22	elementary or seconda
23	definitions apply:	23	kindergarten; nursery; scl
		24	nursing, professional, see
24	(1) "Age" means number of years since birth, It does		, prozection, se

legitimate considerations as reasonable grounds for discrimination without reference to age.

(2) "Commission" means the commission for human rights

latter

criteria

may represent

- (3) "Credit" means the right granted by a creditor to a person to defer payment of a debt, to incur debt and defer its payment, or to purchase property or services and defer payment therefor. It includes without limitation the right to incur and defer debt which is secured by residential real property.
- (4) "Credit transaction" means any invitation to apply
 for credit, application for credit, extension of credit, or
 credit sale.
- 15 (5) "Creditor" means a person who, regularly or as a
 16 part of his business, arranges for the extension of credit
 17 for which the payment of a financial charge or interest is
 18 required, whether in connection with loans, sale of property
 19 or services, or otherwise.
 - private institution and includes an academy; college; elementary or secondary school; extension course; kindergarten; nursery; school system; university; business, nursing, professional, secretarial, technical, or vocational school; or agent of an educational institution.

-2-

institution"

maturity or ability to

not mean level of

25

means a public or

SB 0314/03 SB 0314/03

(7) "Employee" means any individual employed by an employer.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- (8) "Employer" means an employer of one or more persons but does not include a fraternal, charitable, or religious association or corporation if the association or corporation is not organized either for private profit or to provide accommodations or services that are available on a nonmembership basis.
- (9) "Employment agency" means a person undertaking to procure employees or opportunities to work.
 - (10) "Financial institution" means a commercial bank, trust company, savings bank, finance company, savings and loan association, investment company, or insurance company.
 - (11) "Housing accommodation" means a building or portion of a building, whether constructed or to be constructed, which is or will be used as the sleeping quarters of its occupants.
 - (12) "Labor organization" means an organization or an agent of an organization organized for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining, of dealing with employers concerning grievances or terms or conditions of employment, or of other mutual aid and protection of employees.
- 24 (13) "Mental handicap" means any mental disability
 25 resulting in subaverage intellectual functioning or impaired

1 social competence.

8

9

10

11

12

13

15

16

- (14) "National origin" means ancestry.
- (15) "Person" means one or more individuals, labor unions, partnerships, associations, corporations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts, unincorporated employees' associations, employers, employment agencies, or labor organizations.
 - (16) "Physical handicap" means a physical disability, infirmity, malformation, or disfigurement which is caused by bodily injury, birth defect, or illness, including epilepsy. It includes without limitation any degree of paralysis; amputation; lack of physical coordination; blindness or visual impediment; deafness or hearing impediment; muteness or speech impediment; or physical reliance on a guide dog for the blind, a wheelchair, or any other remedial appliance or device.
- (17) (a) "Public accommodation" means a place which 17 caters or offers its services, goods, or facilities to the 18 general public subject only to the conditions and 19 20 limitations established by law and applicable to all persons 21 alike. It includes without limitation a public inn, restaurant, eating house, hotel, roadhouse, place where food 22 23 alcoholic beverages or malt liquors are sold for consumption, motel, soda fountain, soft drink parlor, 24 nightclub, trailer park, resort, campground, tavern.

-4- SB 314

SB 0314/03 SB 0314/03

5

10

barbershop, beauty parlor, bathroom, resthouse, theater, 1 swimming pool, skating rink, golf course, cafe, ice cream 2 3 parlor, transportation company, or hospital and all other public amusement and business establishments. 4

5

6

7

8

9

10

- (b) Public accommodation does not include an institution, club, or place of accommodation that proves that it is by its nature distinctly private. An institution, club, or place of accommodation may not be considered by its nature distinctly private if it has more than 100 members, provides regular meal service, and regularly receives payment for dues, fees, use of space, facilities, services, 11 meals, or beverages, directly or indirectly, from or on 12 behalf of nonmembers, for the furtherance of trade or 13 business. For the purposes of this subsection (17), any 14 lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization is 15 16 considered by its nature distinctly private.
- (18) "Staff" or "commission staff" means the staff of 17 the commission for human rights." 18
- Section 2. Section 49-2-304, MCA, is amended to read: 19 "49-2-304. Discrimination in public accommodations. 20 (1) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable 21 grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for the 22 23 owner, lessee, manager, agent, or employee of a public 24 accommodation:
- (1)(a) to refuse, withhold from, or deny to a person 25

any of its services, goods, facilities, advantages, or privileges because of sex, race, age, physical or mental 3 handicap, creed, religion, color, or national origin;

(2)(b) to publish, circulate, issue, display, post, or mail a written or printed communication, notice, or advertisement which states or implies that any of the services, goods, facilities, advantages, or privileges of the public accommodation will be refused, withheld from, or denied to a person of a certain race, creed, religion, sex, age, physical or mental handicap, color, or national origin.

- (2) Except when the distinction is based on reasonable 11 grounds, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for a 12 13 licensee under Title 16, chapter 4, to exclude from its membership or from its services, goods, facilities, 14 advantages, privileges, or accommodations any individual on 15 the grounds of race, color, religion, creed, sex, age, 16 17 physical or mental handicap, or national origin. This subsection does not apply to any lodge of a recognized 18 national fraternal organization." 19
- 20 Section 3. Section 49-3-204, MCA, is amended to read: *49-3-204. Licensing. (1) No A state or local 21 governmental agency may not grant, deny, or revoke the 22 23 license or charter of a person on the grounds of race, 24 color, religion, creed, political ideas, sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or national origin. 25

-5-SB 314 -6-SB 314 SB 0314/03

- 1 Each state or local governmental agency shall take such
 2 appropriate action in the exercise of its licensing or
 3 regulatory power as will assure equal treatment of all
 4 persons, eliminate discrimination, and enforce compliance
 5 with the policy of this chapter.
- 6 (2) The state may not issue or renew a license under 7 Title 16, chapter 4, to an applicant or licensee that 8 excludes from its membership or from its goods, services, 9 facilities, privileges, or advantages any individual on the 10 grounds of race, color, religion, creed, political ideas, sex, age, marital status, physical or mental handicap, or 11 12 national origin. This subsection does not apply to any lodge 13 of a recognized national fraternal organization."
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].
- NEW SECTION. **Section 5.** Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.
- NEW-SECTION: -- Section-6. -- Effective date. -- [This -- act]
 is-effective-on-passage-and-approval;

- 1 NEW SECTION. SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT]
- 2 IS EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.