SENATE BILL NO. 310

INTRODUCED BY MCLANE, SPAETH, VAN VALKENBURG, LYNCH, MENAHAN, JACOBSON, DAILY, RAMIREZ, HAYNE

IN THE SENATE

	IN THE SENATE
FEBRUARY 1, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS & INDUSTRY.
	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 13, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 14, 1989	PRINTING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 15, 1989	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
FEBRUARY 16, 1989	ENGROSSING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 17, 1989	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 50; NOES, 0.
	TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.
	IN THE HOUSE
FEBRUARY 17, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.
FEBRUARY 20, 1989	FIRST READING.
MARCH 8, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 11, 1989	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
MARCH 13, 1989	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 98; NOES, 0.

RETURNED TO SENATE.

IN THE SENATE

MARCH 14, 1989

RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

1 Sept BILL NO. 3/0
2 INTRODUCED BY Mem Both Von Volt hay regul
3 Menahun Jucob von Har Rammer Wayne

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: AN ACT REVISING CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE MONTANA ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER ACT; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 32-6-103, 32-6-104, 32-6-303, AND 32-6-305, MCA."

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WHEREAS, it is desirable to revise the Montana Electronic Funds Transfer Act to address obligations of merchants and business organizations and to provide for the use of a personal identification number at a point-of-sale terminal as an alternative to obtaining a customer's signature.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 32-6-103, MCA, is amended to read:

"32-6-103. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the
following definitions shall apply unless the context
otherwise requires:

(1) "Electronic funds transfer" means debiting or crediting a depositor's account or otherwise transacting any business in a financial institution by electronic impulse messages, authorized under this chapter, transmitted directly by wire or otherwise or stored on magnetic tape or

equivalent technologies, or otherwise, and processing the adjustments without regular and customary direct human intervention. Nothing in this subsection prevents a financial institution from processing its bookkeeping entries through normal human intervention.

- 6 (2) "Financial institution" means a bank chartered 7 under chapter 1 of this title, a bank chartered under the 8 National Banking Acts in Title 12 of the United States Code. a building and loan association chartered under chapter 2 of 10 this title, a savings and loan association chartered under 11 the Home Owners' Loan Act in Title 12 of the United States 12 Code, a credit union chartered under chapter 3 of this 13 title, or a credit union chartered under the Federal Credit Union Act in Title 12 of the United States Code. For 14 15 purposes of this chapter only, a consumer loan company 16 licensed under chapter 5 shall-be is considered a financial 17 institution.
- 18 (3) (a) "Satellite terminal" means any machine or 19 device located off the premises of a financial institution 20 which a financial institution or its customers may use to 21 carry out electronic funds transfers.
 - (b) "Satellite terminal" includes:

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23 (i) automated teller machine, which means a satellite 24 terminal to make electronic funds transfers, located off the 25 premises of financial institutions, operated by customers of



financial institutions without assistance, activated by a unique identification device and personal identification number:

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- 4 (ii) point-of-sale terminal, which means a satellite 5 terminal located on the premises of a merchant, operated by 6 a merchant or his employees solely to debit a customer's deposit or share account in a financial institution and 7 8 solely to credit the merchant's account commensurately for 9 transactions in goods or services. A point-of-sale terminal 10 need not be activated by a unique personal identification 11 device. A merchant has the option, provided that the 12 necessary computer capability exists at a reasonable cost, of selling goods or services by point-of-sale terminals with 13 14 the electronic funds transfer taking effect at the time of 15 the transaction or at a stated time after the transaction.
- 16 (c) The definition of "satellite terminal" does not
 17 include and nothing in this chapter may be construed to
 18 apply to:
 - (i) an automated teller machine located on the premises of a financial institution;
- 21 (ii) an automated clearinghouse or any equivalent 22 system designed to transfer funds between financial 23 institutions; or
- 24 (iii) a point-of-sale terminal which is utilized by a 25 merchant in the merchant's business only and does not

1 provide access to a financial institution.

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- 2 (4) "Premises" means those locations where by
 3 applicable law financial institutions are authorized to
 4 maintain a principal place of business and other offices for
 5 the conduct of their respective businesses; the term
 6 includes a detached drive-in or walk-up facility approved
 7 under 32-1-372.
 - (5) "Personal identification number" means a combination of numerals or letters selected for a customer of a financial institution, merchant, or other person and used, in conjunction with a unique identification device, to initiate a request for an electronic funds transfer.
- 13 (6) "Customer", in relation to a financial
 14 institution, means a holder of a demand or time account or a
 15 membership share in the institution or a person who is a
 16 borrower or a mortgagor; in relation to a merchant, it means
 17 a purchaser of goods or services.
- 18 (7) "Merchant" means a natural person, corporation,
 19 partnership, or association engaged in buying and selling
 20 goods or services, except that a financial institution is
 21 not a merchant.
 - (8) "Department" means the department of commerce.
- 23 (9) "Person" means an individual, partnership,
 24 corporation, association, or any other business
 25 organization.

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- (10) "Unique identification device" means a magnetic encoded plastic card or equivalent device containing a number unique to a customer with-relation-to and issued by a financial institution, merchant, or other person."
- 5 Section 2. Section 32-6-104, MCA, is amended to read:

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- 6 *32-6-104. Consumer information. (1) A financial
 7 institution or its affiliate engaging in electronic funds
 8 transfers with its customers shall, prior to authorizing a
 9 customer to make electronic funds transfers, provide the
 10 customer an itemized statement clearly setting forth,
 11 without limitation:
- 12 (a) the specific transactions which may be performed 13 through satellite terminals:
- (b) the charges, if any, for individual transactions
 engaged in through a satellite terminal;
 - (c) minimum balance requirements, if any;
 - (d) the liability of the various parties for unauthorized transactions made by electronic funds transfer, with special emphasis upon the liability when the customer makes his personal identification number readily available for discovery in connection with theft or loss of the unique identification device and upon the importance of immediate notification to the institution of such theft or loss;
- 24 (e) the legal status of receipts issued from a 25 satellite terminal;

- (f) the right of the customer to a description of transactions performed by satellite terminal on any periodic statement of account furnished the customer;
- 4 (g) the right of the customer to seek correction of 5 any errors he believes have been made in his account by 6 electronic funds transfer;
 - (h) instructions in maintaining customer records and reconciling balances and in the importance of retaining receipts of electronic funds transfers; and
- 10 (i) the economic significance of having no "float"
 11 time and no stop-payment authority.
- 12 (2) The customer shall then sign a statement
 13 acknowledging his acceptance of these terms and conditions
 14 and give the statement to the financial institution. A copy
 15 of the statement, countersigned by an officer of the
 16 financial institution, shall must be provided the customer.
 17 In addition, the information set forth in subsection (1)(d)
 18 of-this-section-shall must be specifically acknowledged by
- 20 by signing his initials immediately adjacent to the

the customer. The customer shall verify his acknowledgement

- 21 information provided.
- 22 (3) A merchant or person other than a financial
 23 institution that issues a unique identification device to
 24 its customers for use at a point-of-sale terminal and that
 25 provides to the holders of the unique identification device

- a disclosure that satisfies the initial disclosures of terms
- 2 and conditions under Regulation E of the federal Electronic
- 3 Fund Transfer Act is considered to be in compliance with the
- 4 disclosure requirements of this section."
- 5 Section 3. Section 32-6-303, MCA, is amended to read:
- 6 "32-6-303. Unauthorized transactions -- liability. (1)
- 7 A customer whose account is debited by an electronic funds
- 8 transfer without his authorization is not liable for the
- 9 amount of such transaction, and the amount shall must be
- 10 recredited to his account as provided under 32-6-302,
- 11 unless:

- 12 (a) the financial institution has provided
- 13 customer a unique identification device for initiating
 - electronic funds transfer requests and transactions are made
- 15 as a result of the theft or loss of that device, in which
- 16 case the customer is liable for the first \$50 of any
- 17 consequent transactions made prior to the time the financial
- 18 institution is notified of such the loss or theft; or
- 19 (b) the financial institution has provided the
- 20 customer a unique identification device for initiating, in
- 21 conjunction with a personal identification number separate
- 22 from the device, electronic funds transfer requests and the
- 23 customer attaches the personal identification number to the
- 24 device by writing or otherwise or in any way makes the
- 25 number readily available for discovery in connection with

- the theft or loss of the device and transactions are made as
- 2 a result of the theft or loss of the device, in which case
- 3 the customer is liable for one-half the value of all
- 4 consequent transactions made until the financial institution
 - is notified of such the theft or loss.
- 6 (2) A customer who willingly gives his unique
- 7 identification device and personal identification number to
- 8 another is presumed to have authorized any electronic funds
- 9 transfers requested by such the other person.
- 10 (3) A merchant who makes electronic funds transfer
- ll services available on his premises is liable for the amount
- 12 of an unauthorized electronic funds transfer requested from
- 13 his premises only if:
- 14 (a) he or his agent is negligent in requiring a user
- 15 of electronic funds transfer services to furnish adequate
- 16 self-identification;
- 17 (b) he fails to retain a physical record of the
- 18 transaction for 1 year following the transaction; or
- (c) he breaches the warranty required by subsection
- 20 (4) of-this-section.
- 21 (4) A merchant operating a point-of-sale terminal
- 22 shall warrant to the financial institution or the department
- 23 that an order for an electronic funds transfer emanating
- 24 from the terminal is part of a commercial transaction in
- 25 which the customer receives goods or services of

commensurate value.

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- (5) The liability for any unauthorized or erroneous electronic funds transfer which that does not fall upon a customer or a merchant under this section falls upon the financial institution which that carries out the transfer."
- Section 4. Section 32-6-305, MCA, is amended to read:

 "32-6-305. Point-of-sale terminals -- additional
 standards. (1) Before the department approves a
 point-of-sale terminal, it must find that the merchant
 demonstrates on his application that:
- 11 (a) he will use acceptable procedures for customer 12 self-identification;
 - (b) he will use a draft and receipt system, on which the customer's signature acknowledges receipt of the goods or services paid for by electronic funds transfer; If the sale is initiated by the customer entering his personal identification number in the point-of-sale terminal, the merchant is not required to obtain the customer's signature.
 - (c) he will institute a procedure whereby he keeps one copy of each such draft and receipt for 1 year following the date of transaction, he gives one copy to the customer in satisfaction of 32-6-301(1), and he forwards one copy to the customer's financial institution. The requirement of a copy to the financial institution may be waived by the department by rule if the point-of-sale terminal is activated by a

- customer's unique identification device.
- 2 (2) A financial institution involved in an electronic 3 funds transfer initiated from a point-of-sale terminal may 4 inspect the merchant's copy of the transaction record for 5 any purpose consistent with the privacy provisions of 6 32-6-105."
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].

-End-

APPROVED BY COMM. ON BUSINESS & INDUSTRY

1 Separte BILL NO. 3/0
2 INTRODUCED BY Memory Walter Super Samuery Wayne
4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: LAN ACT REVISING CERTAIN

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AMENDING SECTIONS 32-6-103, 32-6-104, 32-6-303, AND

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Montana Legislative Council

- equivalent technologies, or otherwise, and processing the adjustments without regular and customary direct human intervention. Nothing in this subsection prevents a financial institution from processing its bookkeeping entries through normal human intervention.
- (2) "Financial institution" means a bank chartered under chapter 1 of this title, a bank chartered under the National Banking Acts in Title 12 of the United States Code, a building and loan association chartered under chapter 2 of 10 this title, a savings and loan association chartered under 11 the Home Owners' Loan Act in Title 12 of the United States 12 Code, a credit union chartered under chapter 3 of this title, or a credit union chartered under the Federal Credit 13 Union Act in Title 12 of the United States Code. For 14 purposes of this chapter only, a consumer loan company 15 licensed under chapter 5 shall-be is considered a financial 16 17 institution.
 - (3) (a) "Satellite terminal" means any machine or device located off the premises of a financial institution which a financial institution or its customers may use to carry out electronic funds transfers.
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23 (i) automated teller machine, which means a satellite 24 terminal to make electronic funds transfers, located off the 25 premises of financial institutions, operated by customers of

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- (a) the specific transactions which may be performed 12 13 through satellite terminals:
- (b) the charges, if any, for individual transactions 14 engaged in through a satellite terminal; 1.5
- (c) minimum balance requirements, if any; 16
 - (d) the liability of the various parties for unauthorized transactions made by electronic funds transfer, with special emphasis upon the liability when the customer makes his personal identification number readily available for discovery in connection with theft or loss of the unique identification device and upon the importance of immediate notification to the institution of such theft or loss;
- (e) the legal status of receipts issued from a 24 satellite terminal:

1 (f) the right of the customer to a description of 2 transactions performed by satellite terminal on any periodic statement of account furnished the customer;

- (q) the right of the customer to seek correction of 4 any errors he believes have been made in his account by 5 electronic funds transfer;
- 7 (h) instructions in maintaining customer records and reconciling balances and in the importance of retaining 8 receipts of electronic funds transfers; and 9
- 10 (i) the economic significance of having no "float" 11 time and no stop-payment authority.

(2) The customer shall then sign a

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- 13 acknowledging his acceptance of these terms and conditions and give the statement to the financial institution. A copy 14 of the statement, countersigned by an officer of the 15 16 financial institution, shall must be provided the customer. 17 In addition, the information set forth in subsection (1)(d)
- 19 the customer. The customer shall verify his acknowledgement

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- information provided. 21
- (3) A merchant or person other than a financial 22 23 institution that issues a unique identification device to
- 24 its customers for use at a point-of-sale terminal and that
- provides to the holders of the unique identification device

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- 13 customer a unique identification device for initiating
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- 15 as a result of the theft or loss of that device, in which
- 16 case the customer is liable for the first \$50 of any
- consequent transactions made prior to the time the financial 17
- 18 institution is notified of such the loss or theft; or
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- customer attaches the personal identification number to the 23
- device by writing or otherwise or in any way makes the 24
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- 1 the theft or loss of the device and transactions are made as
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- the customer is liable for one-half the value of all
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- 10 (3) A merchant who makes electronic funds transfer
- 11 services available on his premises is liable for the amount
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- 13 his premises only if:
- (a) he or his agent is negligent in requiring a user 14
- 15 of electronic funds transfer services to furnish adequate
- 16 self-identification:
- 17 (b) he fails to retain a physical record of the
- 18 transaction for 1 year following the transaction; or
- 19 (c) he breaches the warranty required by subsection
- 20 (4) of-this-section.
- 21 (4) A merchant operating a point-of-sale terminal
- 22 shall warrant to the financial institution or the department
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- 24 from the terminal is part of a commercial transaction in
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- 6 Section 4. Section 32-6-305, MCA, is amended to read:
- 7 "32-6-305. Point-of-sale terminals -- additional 8 standards. (1) Before the department approves a 9 point-of-sale terminal, it must find that the merchant 10 demonstrates on his application that:
- 11 (a) he will use acceptable procedures for customer 12 self-identification:
 - (b) he will use a draft and receipt system, on which the customer's signature acknowledges receipt of the goods or services paid for by electronic funds transfer7. If the sale is initiated by the customer entering his personal identification number in the point-of-sale terminal, the merchant is not required to obtain the customer's signature.
 - (c) he will institute a procedure whereby he keeps one copy of each such draft and receipt for 1 year following the date of transaction, he gives one copy to the customer in satisfaction of 32-6-301(1), and he forwards one copy to the customer's financial institution. The requirement of a copy to the financial institution may be waived by the department by rule if the point-of-sale terminal is activated by a

- 1 customer's unique identification device.
- (2) A financial institution involved in an electronic 2 funds transfer initiated from a point-of-sale terminal may 3 inspect the merchant's copy of the transaction record for 4 any purpose consistent with the privacy provisions of 5 32-6-105."
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Extension of authority. Any 7 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the 8 9 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act]. 10

-End-

1 2 INTRODUCED BY Mayne Both Von Voltaker years
3 Menahan Leckher Dan Rammery Hayne

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 11 time and no stop-payment authority.

(2) The customer shall then sign a statement

- acknowledging his acceptance of these terms and conditions and give the statement to the financial institution. A copy of the statement, countersigned by an officer of the financial institution, shall must be provided the customer. In addition, the information set forth in subsection (1)(d) of--this--section-shall must be specifically acknowledged by the customer. The customer shall verify his acknowledgement by signing his initials immediately adjacent to the information provided.
- 22 (3) A merchant or person other than a financial
 23 institution that issues a unique identification device to
 24 its customers for use at a point-of-sale terminal and that
 25 provides to the holders of the unique identification device

- a disclosure that satisfies the initial disclosures of terms
 and conditions under Regulation E of the federal Electronic
 Fund Transfer Act is considered to be in compliance with the
 disclosure requirements of this section."
- Section 3. Section 32-6-303, MCA, is amended to read:

 "32-6-303. Unauthorized transactions -- liability. (1)

 A customer whose account is debited by an electronic funds

 transfer without his authorization is not liable for the

 amount of such transaction, and the amount shall must be

 recredited to his account as provided under 32-6-302,

 unless:

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- (a) the financial institution has provided the customer a unique identification device for initiating electronic funds transfer requests and transactions are made as a result of the theft or loss of that device, in which case the customer is liable for the first \$50 of any consequent transactions made prior to the time the financial institution is notified of such the loss or theft; or
- (b) the financial institution has provided the customer a unique identification device for initiating, in conjunction with a personal identification number separate from the device, electronic funds transfer requests and the customer attaches the personal identification number to the device by writing or otherwise or in any way makes the number readily available for discovery in connection with

- the theft or loss of the device and transactions are made as
- 2 a result of the theft or loss of the device, in which case
- 3 the customer is liable for one-half the value of all
- 4 consequent transactions made until the financial institution
- 5 is notified of such the theft or loss.

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- (2) A customer who willingly gives his unique identification device and personal identification number to another is presumed to have authorized any electronic funds transfers requested by such the other person.
- 10 (3) A merchant who makes electronic funds transfer
 11 services available on his premises is liable for the amount
 12 of an unauthorized electronic funds transfer requested from
 13 his premises only if:
 - (a) he or his agent is negligent in requiring a user of electronic funds transfer services to furnish adequate self-identification;
- 17 (b) he fails to retain a physical record of the 18 transaction for 1 year following the transaction; or
 - (c) he breaches the warranty required by subsection(4) of-this-section.
 - (4) A merchant operating a point-of-sale terminal shall warrant to the financial institution or the department that an order for an electronic funds transfer emanating from the terminal is part of a commercial transaction in which the customer receives goods or services of

commensurate value.

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- 2 (5) The liability for any unauthorized or erroneous
 3 electronic funds transfer which that does not fall upon a
 4 customer or a merchant under this section falls upon the
 5 financial institution which that carries out the transfer."
- Section 4. Section 32-6-305, MCA, is amended to read:

 7 "32-6-305. Point-of-sale terminals -- additional

 8 standards. (1) Before the department approves a

 9 point-of-sale terminal, it must find that the merchant
- 11 (a) he will use acceptable procedures for customer
 12 self-identification;

demonstrates on his application that:

- (b) he will use a draft and receipt system, on which the customer's signature acknowledges receipt of the goods or services paid for by electronic funds transfer. If the sale is initiated by the customer entering his personal identification number in the point-of-sale terminal, the merchant is not required to obtain the customer's signature.
- (c) he will institute a procedure whereby he keeps one copy of each such draft and receipt for 1 year following the date of transaction, he gives one copy to the customer in satisfaction of 32-6-301(1), and he forwards one copy to the customer's financial institution. The requirement of a copy to the financial institution may be waived by the department by rule if the point-of-sale terminal is activated by a

1 customer's unique identification device.

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- (2) A financial institution involved in an electronic funds transfer initiated from a point-of-sale terminal may inspect the merchant's copy of the transaction record for any purpose consistent with the privacy provisions of 32-6-105."
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Extension of authority. Any
 sexisting authority to make rules on the subject of the
 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
 [this act].

-End-

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2	INTRODUCED BY MCLANE, SPAETH, VAN VALKENBURG, LYNCH,
3	MENAHAN, JACOBSON, DAILY, RAMIREZ, HAYNE
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5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING CERTAIN
6	PROVISIONS OF THE MONTANA ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER ACT; AND
7	AMENDING SECTIONS 32-6-103, 32-6-104, 32-6-303, AND
8	32-6-305, MCA."
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.0	WHEREAS, it is desirable to revise the Montana
ιı	Electronic Funds Transfer Act to address obligations of
. 2	merchants and business organizations and to provide for the
13	use of a personal identification number at a point-of-sale
14	terminal as an alternative to obtaining a customer's
15	signature.
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
18	Section 1. Section 32-6-103, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"32-6-103. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the
20	following definitions shall apply unless the context
21	otherwise requires:
22	(1) "Electronic funds transfer" means debiting or
23	crediting a depositor's account or otherwise transacting any
24	business in a financial institution by electronic impulse
25	messages, authorized under this chapter, transmitted

SENATE BILL NO. 310

- directly by wire or otherwise or stored on magnetic tape or
 equivalent technologies, or otherwise, and processing the
 adjustments without regular and customary direct human
 intervention. Nothing in this subsection prevents a
 financial institution from processing its bookkeeping
 entries through normal human intervention.
- 7 (2) "Financial institution" means a bank chartered under chapter 1 of this title, a bank chartered under the 9 National Banking Acts in Title 12 of the United States Code, 10 a building and loan association chartered under chapter 2 of 11 this title, a savings and loan association chartered under 12 the Home Owners' Loan Act in Title 12 of the United States 13 Code, a credit union chartered under chapter 3 of this title, or a credit union chartered under the Federal Credit 14 Union Act in Title 12 of the United States Code. For 15 16 purposes of this chapter only, a consumer loan company 17 licensed under chapter 5 sholl-be is considered a financial institution. 18
- 19 (3) (a) "Satellite terminal" means any machine or 20 device located off the premises of a financial institution 21 which a financial institution or its customers may use to 22 carry out electronic funds transfers.
 - (b) "Satellite terminal" includes:

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(i) automated teller machine, which means a satellite terminal to make electronic funds transfers, located off the

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premises of financial institutions, operated by customers of financial institutions without assistance, activated by a unique identification device and personal identification number;

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- (ii) point-of-sale terminal, which means a satellite terminal located on the premises of a merchant, operated by a merchant or his employees solely to debit a customer's deposit or share account in a financial institution and solely to credit the merchant's account commensurately for transactions in goods or services. A point-of-sale terminal need not be activated by a unique personal identification device. A merchant has the option, provided that the necessary computer capability exists at a reasonable cost, of selling goods or services by point-of-sale terminals with the electronic funds transfer taking effect at the time of the transaction or at a stated time after the transaction.
- 17 (c) The definition of "satellite terminal" does not

 18 include and nothing in this chapter may be construed to

 19 apply to:
- 20 (i) an automated teller machine located on the 21 premises of a financial institution;
- 22 (ii) an automated clearinghouse or any equivalent 23 system designed to transfer funds between financial 24 institutions; or
- 25 (iii) a point-of-sale terminal which is utilized by a

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- merchant in the merchant's business only and does notprovide access to a financial institution.
 - (4) "Premises" means those locations where by applicable law financial institutions are authorized to maintain a principal place of business and other offices for the conduct of their respective businesses; the term includes a detached drive-in or walk-up facility approved under 32-1-372.
 - (5) "Personal identification number" means a combination of numerals or letters selected for a customer of a financial institution, merchant, or other person and used, in conjunction with a unique identification device, to initiate a request for an electronic funds transfer.
 - (6) "Customer", in relation to a financial institution, means a holder of a demand or time account or a membership share in the institution or a person who is a borrower or a mortgagor; in relation to a merchant, it means a purchaser of goods or services.
- 19 (7.) "Merchant" means a natural person, corporation,
 20 partnership, or association engaged in buying and selling
 21 goods or services, except that a financial institution is
 22 not a merchant.
 - (8) "Department" means the department of commerce.
- 24 (9) "Person" means an individual, partnership,25 corporation, association, or any other business

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organization.

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(10) "Unique identification device" means a magnetic encoded plastic card or equivalent device containing a number unique to a customer with-relation-to and issued by a financial institution, merchant, or other person."

Section 2. Section 32-6-104, MCA, is amended to read:

"32-6-104. Consumer information. (1) A financial institution or its affiliate engaging in electronic funds transfers with its customers shall, prior to authorizing a customer to make electronic funds transfers, provide the customer an itemized statement clearly setting forth, without limitation:

- (a) the specific transactions which may be performedthrough satellite terminals;
- (b) the charges, if any, for individual transactions
 engaged in through a satellite terminal;
 - (c) minimum balance requirements, if any;
 - (d) the liability of the various parties for unauthorized transactions made by electronic funds transfer, with special emphasis upon the liability when the customer makes his personal identification number readily available for discovery in connection with theft or loss of the unique identification device and upon the importance of immediate notification to the institution of such theft or loss;
 - (e) the legal status of receipts issued from a

1 satellite terminal;

- 2 (f) the right of the customer to a description of 3 transactions performed by satellite terminal on any periodic 4 statement of account furnished the customer;
- 5 (g) the right of the customer to seek correction of
 6 any errors he believes have been made in his account by
 7 electronic funds transfer;
- 8 (h) instructions in maintaining customer records and
 9 reconciling balances and in the importance of retaining
 10 receipts of electronic funds transfers; and
- 11 (i) the economic significance of having no "float"
 12 time and no stop-payment authority.
- 13 (2) The customer shall then sign a statement
 14 acknowledging his acceptance of these terms and conditions
 15 and give the statement to the financial institution. A copy
 16 of the statement, countersigned by an officer of the
 17 financial institution, shall must be provided the customer.
- 18 In addition, the information set forth in subsection (1)(d)
 19 of--this--section-shall must be specifically acknowledged by
- of--this--section-shall must be specifically acknowledged by
 the customer. The customer shall verify his acknowledgement
- 21 by signing his initials immediately adjacent to the
- 22 information provided.
- 23 (3) A merchant or person other than a financial
- 24 institution that issues a unique identification device to
- 25 its customers for use at a point-of-sale terminal and that

- 1 provides to the holders of the unique identification device a disclosure that satisfies the initial disclosures of terms 2 3 and conditions under Regulation E of the federal Electronic 4 Fund Transfer Act is considered to be in compliance with the disclosure requirements of this section." 5
- Section 3. Section 32-6-303, MCA, is amended to read: 6 7 *32-6-303. Unauthorized transactions -- liability. (1) 8 A customer whose account is debited by an electronic funds 9 transfer without his authorization is not liable for the 10 amount of such transaction, and the amount shall must be 11 recredited to his account as provided under 32-6-302, 12 unless:

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- (a) the financial institution has provided the customer a unique identification device for initiating electronic funds transfer requests and transactions are made as a result of the theft or loss of that device, in which case the customer is liable for the first \$50 of any consequent transactions made prior to the time the financial institution is notified of such the loss or theft; or
- (b) the financial institution has provided customer a unique identification device for initiating, in conjunction with a personal identification number separate from the device, electronic funds transfer requests and the customer attaches the personal identification number to the device by writing or otherwise or in any way makes the

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- 1 number readily available for discovery in connection with the theft or loss of the device and transactions are made as 3 a result of the theft or loss of the device, in which case the customer is liable for one-half the value of all consequent transactions made until the financial institution is notified of such the theft or loss.
- (2) A customer who willingly gives his unique identification device and personal identification number to another is presumed to have authorized any electronic funds 10 transfers requested by such the other person.
- 11 (3) A merchant who makes electronic funds transfer 12 services available on his premises is liable for the amount 13 of an unauthorized electronic funds transfer requested from 14 his premises only if:
- 15 (a) he or his agent is negligent in requiring a user 16 of electronic funds transfer services to furnish adequate 17 self-identification;
- 18 (b) he fails to retain a physical record of the transaction for 1 year following the transaction; or
- 20 (c) he breaches the warranty required by subsection 21 (4) of-this-section.
- 22 (4) A merchant operating a point-of-sale terminal 23 shall warrant to the financial institution or the department that an order for an electronic funds transfer emanating 24 from the terminal is part of a commercial transaction in

which the customer receives goods or services of commensurate value.

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- (5) The liability for any unauthorized or erroneous electronic funds transfer which that does not fall upon a customer or a merchant under this section falls upon the financial institution which that carries out the transfer."
- 7 Section 4. Section 32-6-305, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "32-6-305. Point-of-sale terminals -- additional
 standards. (1) Before the department approves a
 point-of-sale terminal, it must find that the merchant
 demonstrates on his application that:
- 12 (a) he will use acceptable procedures for customer
 13 self-identification:
 - (b) he will use a draft and receipt system, on which the customer's signature acknowledges receipt of the goods or services paid for by electronic funds transfer;. If the sale is initiated by the customer entering his personal identification number in the point-of-sale terminal, the merchant is not required to obtain the customer's signature.
 - (c) he will institute a procedure whereby he keeps one copy of each such draft and receipt for 1 year following the date of transaction, he gives one copy to the customer in satisfaction of 32-6-301(1), and he forwards one copy to the customer's financial institution. The requirement of a copy to the financial institution may be waived by the department

- by rule if the point-of-sale terminal is activated by a
 customer's unique identification device.
- 3 (2) A financial institution involved in an electronic 4 funds transfer initiated from a point-of-sale terminal may 5 inspect the merchant's copy of the transaction record for 6 any purpose consistent with the privacy provisions of 7 32-6-105."
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 5.** Extension of authority. Any 9 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the 10 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].

-End-