SENATE BILL NO. 260

INTRODUCED BY B. BROWN, HARPER, YELLOWTAIL, BISHOP

BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS

IN THE SENATE

JANUARY 27, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON FISH & GAME.
	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 15, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 16, 1989	PRINTING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 17, 1989	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
FEBRUARY 18, 1989	ENGROSSING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 20, 1989	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 50; NOES, 0.
	TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.
IN	THE HOUSE
FEBRUARY 19, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON FISH & GAME.
FEBRUARY 21, 1989	FIRST READING.
MARCH 15, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 18, 1989	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
MARCH 20, 1989	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 96; NOES, 0.
	RETURNED TO SENATE.

IN THE SENATE

MARCH 21, 1989

RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

1		Senste BILL NO. 260
2	INTRODUCED BY	Bob Brown Frage Velloustail
3		BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT Rishop
4	•	OF FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE LAWS RELATING TO THE INTRODUCTION, PROLIFERATION, AND SPREAD OF UNDESIRABLE FISH SPECIES AND FISH PATHOGENS; REGULATING THE INTRASTATE MOVEMENT OF DISEASED FISH OR EGGS; REQUIRING PERMITS FOR IMPORTATION OF SALMONID AND NONSALMONID FISH OR EGGS; PROVIDING FOR INSPECTION OF FISH HATCHERIES AND CULTURE FACILITIES; ESTABLISHING A DUTY TO REPORT FISH PATHOGENS; REVISING FISH POND LICENSE REGULATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 87-3-221, 87-3-222, 87-3-224, 87-4-603, 87-5-703, AND 87-5-715, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE FOR RULEMAKING AUTHORITY."

18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 87-3-221, MCA, is amended to read:

"87-3-221. Importation of salmonid fish or eggs
unlawful -- exception -- certification -- permit. (1) It is
unlawful to bring live or dead salmonid fish or eggs into
the state of Montana for any purpose unless such the
importations are shipped direct from the hatchery--where
reared source to destination and a written certification is



provided that the importation-or source is free of such infectious--organisms-as all fish pathogens specified by the department may--specify as posing a threat to existing fisheries accompanies the shipment. Such-certification-shall Certification must be made in-the-state-of-origin by a fish pathologist designated-for-this-purpose-by-the-United-States secretary-of-the-interior-or-by-the--state--fish;--wildlife; and--parks approved by the director. Certification of the source may be by inspection of--the--hatchery--of--origin conducted annually or at such other times as the state-fish; wildlife, -- and -- parks director may order. A -- copy-of-the certification-shall-accompany-each-shipment:

(2) In addition to the certification required in subsection (1), all importations of live salmonid fish or eggs must be accompanied by a permit issued by the department. The department shall issue an import permit upon application to the department showing that the proposed importation presents no substantial threat to the health of state fisheries. The department may condition the permit as necessary to protect fisheries from the introduction and spread of pathogens. It is unlawful to import live salmonid fish or eggs into Montana without first obtaining the permit required by this subsection or to violate any conditions of the permit."

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Intrastate movement of

-2- INTRODUCED BILL SB 260

diseased fish or eggs unlawful. It is unlawful to move live or dead salmonid fish or eggs from one in-state location to another when the fish or eggs are known to be infected with fish pathogens specified by the department as posing a threat to fisheries.

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Section 3. Section 87-3-222, MCA, is amended to read:

"87-3-222. When certification unnecessary. (1) Nothing in 87-3-221 through 87-3-224 shall or [section 2] may restrict the importation and transportation of dead salmonid fish or eggs when such the fish or eggs have been processed or prepared in a manner whereby-such-infectious-organisms-as that kills those fish pathogens specified by the department may-specify-have-been-killed as posing a threat to fisheries.

(2) Salmon-caught-and-brought-directly-into-North America-and Dead salmonid fish or eggs transported into Montana for processing or-sale or any-salmonid caught wild in-North-America-shall-be are exempt from the requirement for certification. However, it is unlawful to discard, place, or allow uncertified salmonid fish, parts, or eggs that have been transported into Montana to enter into surface waters other than sewage or disposal systems."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Permit required for importation of nonsalmonid fish or eggs. Except when intended for use in home or office aguariums, importations

of live nonsalmonid fish or eggs must be accompanied by a permit as described for salmonids in 87-3-221(2). The permit may require that the importation be inspected and approved by a department biologist prior to release or placement.

Section 5. Section 87-3-224, MCA, is amended to read: *87-3-224. Enforcement. The cargo and vehicle involved in a violation of 87-3-221 through 87-3-223 or [sections 2 and 41 may, at the option of the department, either be denied the right to proceed further within the state of 10 Montana or be quarantined until inspected by a designated 11 biologist from the department. The department shall inform 12 the department of highways of the provisions regarding 13 importation of salmonid and nonsalmonid fish and eggs so 14 that the department of highways may enforce such the 1.5 provisions at ports of entry and checking stations under 16 60-2-303."

17 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Inspection, quarantine, and disinfection of fish hatcheries and culture facilities. (1) 18 19 The department may conduct inspections for the presence of 20 fish pathogens at any fish hatchery or culture facility. 21 Inspections may be conducted at the request of the hatchery 22 or facility or by order of the department. The expense of inspection must be paid by the hatchery or facility 23 requesting the inspection or by the department when the 25 inspection is ordered by the department.

(2) When a fish hatchery or culture facility is found to be contaminated or to contain fish or eggs infected with specified fish pathogens, the department may order appropriate action, including quarantine, destruction of infected fish or eggs, or disinfection of all or part of the hatchery or facility. The owner of the hatchery or facility is liable for all costs and expenses associated with the cleanup and the disposition of infected fish or eggs.

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- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Duty to report fish pathogens. A person, including the owner or custodian of a fish hatchery or culture facility, who has reason to suspect the presence of fish pathogens specified by the department as posing a threat to existing fisheries shall immediately give notice to the department.
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Civil liability. A person, firm, or corporation that violates any provision of this 16 part pertaining to fish disease or rules or orders of the 17 18 department is liable for damages caused by the violation. The damages may be recovered by the person, firm, or 19 corporation damaged or by the department on behalf of the 20 public in a civil action in a court of competent 21 22 jurisdiction.
- Section 9. Section 87-4-603, MCA, is amended to read:

 "87-4-603. Pish pond license for artificial lake or
 pond -- records. (1) A person who owns or lawfully controls
- 1 an artificial lake or pond may apply to the director for a 2 fish pond license. The holder of a private fish pond license 3 may stock his fish pond with fry procured from any lawful source. The department may designate the species of fish which may be released in the pond and otherwise condition the license when there is a possibility of fish escaping from the pond into adjacent streams or lakes. The license holder may take fish from the lake or pond in any manner. 8 Before a license holder may sell fish or eggs or fry from the lake or pond, he shall furnish a corporate surety bond 10 to the state for \$500, conditioned to the effect that he 11 will not sell fish or spawn from any of the public waters of 12 this state or violate the conditions of his license and also 13 14 conditioned to the effect that he will submit an annual 15 report on transactions to the director whe-quantity-of-fish; 16 fish-eqqs;-and-spawn-taken--from--the--lake--or--pond---This 17 report-shall-be-made-under-oath-annually-during-the-month-of 18 danuary:--A--record-of-all-transactions-must-be-hep--showing the-species-and-numbers-or-pounds-of-fish-sold,--number--and 19 species--of--eggs-soldy-number-and-species-of-fry-soldy-name 20 21 of--person--or--persons--to--whom--sold;--and--the--date--of 22 transaction.
- 23 (2) "Artificial lake or pond" as used in this section
 24 does not include a natural pond or body of water created by
 25 natural means or any portion of the streambed or lakebed

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- thereof of a natural pond or body of water. It includes only bodies of water created by artificial means or diversion of water which do not exceed 500 acres of surface area.
- (3) The department may condition the license to require the construction, implementation, and maintenance of measures or devices to prevent fish in an artificial lake or pond from escaping into adjacent waters.
- (4) (a) Each licensee who sells fish or eggs shall keep accurate records of:
- 10 (i) the species and quantities of fish or eggs sold or
 11 purchased;
- 12 (ii) dates of sales or purchases;

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- (iii) names of purchasers or sellers; and
- 14 <u>(iv) locations to or from which fish or eggs are</u> 15 transferred.
- 16 (b) On or before January 31 of each year, each
 17 licensee who sells fish or eggs shall file a report with the
 18 department, on forms made available by the department,
 19 summarizing the records required under subsection (4)(a)."
 - NEW SECTION. Section 10. Term of license -- license not transferable. (1) A licensee who sells fish or eggs under 87-4-603 shall renew the license annually. The license expires on January 31 of the year succeeding the year of issuance. Application for renewal must be made before a license expires. The department shall renew the license if

- the licensee has not violated any condition upon which the license was granted.
- (2) A licensee who does not sell fish or eggs is not required to renew his license. However, a new license is required when a licensee proposes to plant a new species or stock a pond not designated in the original license.
- 7 (3) A fish pond license granted under 87-4-603 is not 8 transferable.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 11. Revocation of fish pond license. (1) A fish pond license may be revoked for failure to operate or use the pond according to the terms or conditions of the license or state statutes, rules, or orders covering importation, transportation, or introduction of fish or eggs.
 - (2) If the department discovers a violation under this section, it may institute revocation proceedings after providing reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing to the licensee. After hearing and upon proof of the violation, the department may revoke the fish pond license.
 - Section 12. Section 87-5-715, MCA, is amended to read:

 *87-5-715. Extermination or control of transplanted or
 introduced wildlife or feral species posing threat. With-the
 exception--of--the--species--listed--in--87-5-7147--any Any
 wildlife or feral species transplanted or introduced in the
 state may be exterminated or controlled by the department if

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     the commission, -- after -- scientific -- investigation -- by -- -- the
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     department--and--after--public--hearing; determines that the
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     species poses harm to native wildlife or plants or to
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      agricultural production. #f-the-threat-of-harm-is-immediate;
 5
      the--commission--may--by--emergency--rule;--without-hearing;
      authorize-the-department-to-take-immediate-action-to-control
      or-exterminate-a--transplanted--or--introduced--wildlife--or
 8
      feral-species."
           Section 13. Section 87-5-703, MCA, is amended to read:
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           *87-5-703. Applicability to other provisions for
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      importation or introduction of wildlife. Sections 87-5-701
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      through 87-5-704, 87-5-711, 87-5-713 through 87-5-716, and
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      87-5-721 do not apply to the importation of wildlife for the
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      commercial pet trade or to the provisions on importation or
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      introduction of wildlife contained in the following laws:
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           (1) Title 80:
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           (2) 87-3-207 and 87-3-208;
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           (3) 87-3-221 through 87-3-224 or [sections 2, 4, and 6
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      through 8];
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           (4) 87-4-422;
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           (5) 87-5-112;
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           (6) 87-5-205:
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           (7) 87-5-302; or
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existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
     provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
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     [this act].
          NEW SECTION. Section 15. Codification
                                                   instruction.
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     (1) [Sections 2, 4, and 6 through 8] are intended to be
     codified as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 3, part 2.
     and the provisions of Title 87, chapter 3, part 2, apply to
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     [sections 2, 4, and 6 through 8].
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          (2) [Sections 10 and 11] are intended to be codified
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      as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 4, part 6, and the
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      provisions of Title 87, chapter 4, part 6, apply to
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      [sections 10 and 11].
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          NEW SECTION. Section 16. Effective date. [Section 14]
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and this section) are effective on passage and approval.
-End-

NEW SECTION. Section 14. Extension of authority. Any

(8) Title 81, chapter 2."

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STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB260, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

SB260 would revise the laws relating to the introduction, proliferation and spread of undesirable fish species and fish pathogens; regulate the intrastate movement of diseased fish and eggs, require permits for importation of salmonid and nonsalmonid fish or eggs, provide for inspection of fish hatcheries and culture facilities, establish a duty to report fish pathogens and revise fish pond regulations.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Consistent with existing trends, there will be 15-25 importation permits issued annually.
- 2. The Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks will absorb the cost of any inspections of fish hatcheries with existing staff and budget.
- 3. Proposed law will increase efficiency over the current method of approving fish and egg imports, which will offset the increase in paperwork.
- 4. Any damages recovered by the department for the public through a civil liability lawsuit will return to the department, but there is no evidence to indicate any potential lawsuits.
- 5. Only commercial fish pond license applicants will be impacted by the proposed annual renewal on January 31; private pond licensees will remain on the existing schedule which provides for no renewal or expiration date.
- 6. Any costs for a hearing on the revocation of a fish pond license will be absorbed by the department.

FISCAL IMPACT: None

RAY SHACKLEFORD, BUDGET DIRECTOR
OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING

BOB BROWN, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE /

Fiscal Note for SB260, as introduced

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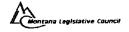
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APPROVED BY COMM. ON FISH AND GAME

1	SENATE BILL NO. 260
2	INTRODUCED BY B. BROWN, HARPER, YELLOWTAIL, BISHOP
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT
4	OF FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE LAWS
7	RELATING TO THE INTRODUCTION, PROLIFERATION, AND SPREAD OF
8	UNDESIRABLE FISH SPECIES AND FISH PATHOGENS; REGULATING THE
9	INTRASTATE MOVEMENT OF DISEASED FISH OR EGGS; REQUIRING
10	PERMITS FOR IMPORTATION OF SALMONID AND NONSALMONID FISH OR
11	EGGS; PROVIDING FOR INSPECTION OF FISH HATCHERIES AND
12	CULTURE FACILITIES; ESTABLISHING A DUTY TO REPORT FISH
13	PATHOGENS; REVISING FISH POND LICENSE REGULATIONS; AMENDING
14	SECTIONS 87-3-221, 87-3-222, 87-3-224, 87-4-603, 87-5-703,
15	AND 87-5-715, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE
16	FOR RULEMAKING AUTHORITY."
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18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
19	Section 1. Section 87-3-221, MCA, is amended to read:
20	*87-3-221. Importation of salmonid fish or eggs
21	unlawful exception certification permit. (1) It is
22	unlawful to bring live or dead salmonid fish or eggs into
23	the state of Montana for any purpose unless such the
24	importations are shipped direct from the hatcherywhere
25	reared source to destination and a written certification is



1 provided that the importation-or source is free of such 2 infectious--organisms-as all fish pathogens specified by the department may--specify as posing a threat to existing fisheries accompanies the shipment. Such-certification-shall 5 Certification must be made in-the-state-of-origin by a fish 6 pathologist designated-for-this-purpose-by-the-United-States secretary-of-the-interior-or-by-the--state--fish,--wildlife, 8 and--parks approved by the director. Certification of the 9 source may be by inspection of--the--hatchery--of--origin 10 conducted annually or at such other times as the state-fish; 11 wildlife, -- and -- parks director may order. A--copy-of-the 12 certification-shall-accompany-each-shipment: (2) In addition to the certification required in 13

subsection (1), all importations of live salmonid fish or eggs must be accompanied by a permit issued by the department. The department shall issue an import permit upon application to the department showing that the proposed importation-presents IMPORTATIONS PRESENT no substantial threat to the health of state fisheries. The department may condition the permit as necessary to protect fisheries from the introduction and spread of pathogens. IMPORT PERMITS APPLY TO ALL IMPORTATIONS FROM SPECIFIED AND CERTIFIED SPECIES AND SOURCES BY A PERMITTEE UNTIL JANUARY 31 OF THE YEAR SUCCEEDING THE YEAR OF ISSUANCE, WHEN THE PERMIT HOWEVER, A SEPARATE PERMIT IS REQUIRED FOR EXPIRES.

and a superposed from the contract of the cont

IMPORTATIONS BY A PERMITTEE FOR SPECIES OR FROM SOURCES

UNSPECIFIED IN HIS OTHER PERMIT OR PERMITS. It is unlawful

to import live salmonid fish or eggs into Montana without

first obtaining the permit required by this subsection or to

violate any conditions of the permit."

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Intrastate movement of diseased fish or eggs unlawful. It is unlawful to move live or dead salmonid fish or eggs from one in-state location to another when the fish or eggs are known to be infected with fish pathogens specified by the department as posing a threat to fisheries WITHOUT WRITTEN DEPARTMENT APPROVAL.

Section 3. Section 87-3-222, MCA, is amended to read:

"87-3-222. When certification unnecessary. (1) Nothing in 87-3-221 through 87-3-224 shall or [section 2] may restrict the importation and transportation of dead salmonid fish or eggs when such the fish or eggs have been processed or prepared in a manner whereby-such-infectious-organisms-as that kills those fish pathogens specified by the department may--specify--have--been--killed as posing a threat to fisheries.

(2) Salmon-caught-and-brought-directly-into-North America and Dead salmonid fish or eggs transported into Montana for processing or-sale or any-salmonid caught wild in-North-America-shall-be are exempt from the requirement for certification. However, it is unlawful to discard,

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place, or allow uncertified salmonid fish, parts, or eggs
that have been transported into Montana to enter into
surface waters other than sewage or disposal systems."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Permit required for importation of nonsalmonid fish or eggs. Except when intended for use in home or office aquariums, importations of live nonsalmonid fish or eggs must be accompanied by a permit as described for salmonids in 87-3-221(2). The permit may require that the importation be inspected and approved by a department biologist prior to release or placement.

Section 5. Section 87-3-224, MCA, is amended to read:

"87-3-224. Enforcement. The cargo and vehicle involved in a violation of 87-3-221 through 87-3-223 or [sections 2]

and 4] may, at the option of the department, either be denied the right to proceed further within the state of Montana or be quarantined until inspected by a designated biologist from the department. The department shall inform the department of highways of the provisions regarding importation of salmonid and nonsalmonid fish and eggs so that the department of highways may enforce such the provisions at ports of entry and checking stations under 60-2-303."

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Inspection, quarantine, and disinfection of fish hatcheries and culture facilities. (1)

The department may conduct inspections for the presence of

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fish pathogens at any fish hatchery or culture facility. 1 Inspections may be conducted at the request of the hatchery 2 or facility or by order of the department. The expense of 3 inspection must be paid by the hatchery or facility 4 requesting the inspection or by the department when the 5 inspection is ordered by the department. 6

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(2) When a fish hatchery or culture facility is found to be contaminated or to contain fish or eggs infected with specified fish pathogens, the department may order appropriate action, including quarantine, destruction of infected fish or eggs, or disinfection of all or part of the hatchery or facility. AN ORDER FOR DESTRUCTION OF INFECTED FISH OR EGGS MAY NOT BE ISSUED UNLESS THE INFECTION IS CONFIRMED BY TWO LABORATORIES. The owner of the hatchery or facility is liable for all costs and expenses associated with the cleanup and the disposition of infected fish or eggs. WHEN DESTRUCTION OF EGGS IS ORDERED AT A PRIVATE FACILITY AND THE DEPARTMENT HAS SURPLUS EGGS AVAILABLE, THE DEPARTMENT MAY REPLACE THE DESTROYED EGGS WITHOUT CHARGE TO THE PRIVATE FACILITY.

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Duty fish report pathogens. A person, including the owner or custodian of a fish hatchery or culture facility, who has reason to suspect the presence of fish pathogens specified by the department as posing a threat to existing fisheries shall immediately

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1 give notice to the department.

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2 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Civil liability. A person, 3 firm, or corporation that violates any provision of this 4 part pertaining to fish disease or rules or orders of the department is liable for damages caused by the violation. 6 The damages may be recovered by the person, firm, or 7 corporation damaged or by the department on behalf of the 8 in a civil action in a court of competent 9 jurisdiction. ALL MONEY COLLECTED BY THE DEPARTMENT UNDER 10 THIS SECTION MUST BE DEPOSITED IN THE STATE SPECIAL REVENUE 11 FUND AS PROVIDED IN 87-1-601(1).

Section 9. Section 87-4-603, MCA, is amended to read: "87-4-603. Fish pond license for artificial lake or pond -- records. (1) A person who owns or lawfully controls an artificial lake or pond may apply to the director for a fish pond license. The holder of a private fish pond license may stock his fish pond with fry procured from any lawful source. The department may designate the species of fish which may be released in the pond and otherwise condition the license when there is a possibility of fish escaping

23 Before a license holder may sell fish or eggs or fry from the lake or pond, he shall furnish a corporate surety bond 24

from the pond into adjacent streams or lakes. The license

holder may take fish from the lake or pond in any manner.

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to the state for \$500, conditioned to the effect that he 25

1	will not sell fish or spawn from any of the public waters of
2	this state or violate the conditions of his license and also
3	conditioned to the effect that he will submit an annual
4	report on transactions to the director the-quantity-of-fish;
5	fish-eggs;-and-spawn-takenfromthelakeorpond;This
6	report-shall-be-made-under-oath-annually-during-the-month-of
7	JanuaryArecord-of-all-transactions-must-be-kept-showing
8	the-species-and-numbers-or-pounds-of-fish-sold;numberand
9	speciesofeggs-sold;-number-and-species-of-fry-sold;-name
10	ofpersonorpersonstowhomsold;andthedateof
11	transaction.

(2) "Artificial lake or pond" as used in this section does not include a natural pond or body of water created by natural means or any portion of the streambed or lakebed thereof of a natural pond or body of water. It includes only bodies of water created by artificial means or diversion of water which do not exceed 500 acres of surface area.

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- (3) The department may condition the license to require the construction, implementation, and maintenance of measures or devices to prevent fish in an artificial lake or pond from escaping into adjacent waters.
- 22 (4) (a) Each licensee who sells fish or eggs shall 23 keep accurate records of:
- 24 (i) the species and quantities of fish or eggs sold or 25 purchased;

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1	(ii)	dates	ο£	sales	or	purchases:

- 2 (iii) names of purchasers or sellers; and
- 3 (iv) locations to or from which fish or eggs are 4 transferred.
- 5 (b) On or before January 31 of each year, each
 6 licensee who sells fish or eggs shall file a report with the
 7 department, on forms made available by the department,
 8 summarizing the records required under subsection (4)(a)."
- NEW SECTION. Section 10. Term of license -- license 9 10 not transferable. (1) A licensee who sells fish or eggs 11 under 87-4-603 shall renew the license annually. The license 12 expires on January 31 of the year succeeding the year of 13 issuance. Application for renewal must be made before a 14 license expires. The department shall renew the license if 15 the licensee has not violated any condition upon which the 16 license was granted.
 - (2) A licensee who does not sell fish or eggs is not required to renew his license. However, a new license is required when a licensee proposes to plant a new species or stock a pond not designated in the original license.
- 2) (3) A fish pond license granted under 87-4-603 is not transferable.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 11. Revocation of fish pond license. (1) A fish pond license may be revoked for failure to operate or use the pond according to the terms or

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conditions of the license or state statutes, rules, or orders covering importation, transportation, or introduction of fish or eggs.

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- (2) If the department discovers a violation under this section, it may institute revocation proceedings after providing reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing to the licensee. After hearing and upon proof of the violation, the department may revoke the fish pond license.
- Section 12. Section 87-5-715, MCA, is amended to read:

 "87-5-715. Extermination or control of transplanted or introduced wildlife or feral species posing threat. With-the exception-of-the-species-listed-in-87-5-7147--any Any wildlife or feral species transplanted or introduced in the state may be exterminated or controlled by the department if the commission7--after-scientific-investigation-by---the department-and-after-public-hearing7 determines that the species poses harm to native wildlife or plants or to agricultural production. If-the-threat-of-harm-is-immediate7 the-commission-may-by--emergency--rule7--without-hearing7 authorize-the-department-to-take-immediate-action-to-control or-exterminate-a--transplanted--or-introduced--wildlife--or ferai-species-"
- Section 13. Section 87-5-703, MCA, is amended to read:

 "87-5-703. Applicability to other provisions for
 importation or introduction of wildlife. Sections 87-5-701

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- 1 through 87-5-704, 87-5-711, 87-5-713 through 87-5-716, and
- 2 87-5-721 do not apply to the importation of wildlife for the
- 3 commercial pet trade or to the provisions on importation or
- 4 introduction of wildlife contained in the following laws:
 - (1) Title 80;
 - (2) 87-3-207 and 87-3-208;
- 7 (3) 87-3-221 through 87-3-224 or [sections 2, 4, and 6
- 8 through 8];

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- 9 (4) 87-4-422;
- 10 (5) 87-5-112;
- 11 (6) 87-5-205;
- 12 (7) 87-5-302; or
- 13 (8) Title 81, chapter 2."
- NEW SECTION. Section 14. Extension of authority. Any
- 15 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 16 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 17 [this act].
- 18 NEW SECTION. Section 15. Codification instruction.
- 19 (1) [Sections 2, 4, and 6 through 8] are intended to be
- 20 codified as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 3, part 2,
- 21 and the provisions of Title 87, chapter 3, part 2, apply to
- 22 [sections 2, 4, and 6 through 8].
- 23 (2) (Sections 10 and 11) are intended to be codified
- 24 as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 4, part 6, and the
- 25 provisions of Title 87, chapter 4, part 6, apply to

-10- SB 260

- l [sections 10 and 11].
- NEW SECTION. Section 16. Effective date. [Section 14
- 3 and this section) are effective on passage and approval.

-End-

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 260
2	INTRODUCED BY B. BROWN, HARPER, YELLOWTAIL, BISHOP
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT
4	OF FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE LAWS
7	RELATING TO THE INTRODUCTION, PROLIFERATION, AND SPREAD OF
8	UNDESTRABLE FISH SPECIES AND FISH PATHOGENS; REGULATING THE
9	INTRASTATE MOVEMENT OF DISEASED FISH OR EGGS; REQUIRING
10	PERMITS FOR IMPORTATION OF SALMONID AND NONSALMONID FISH OR
11	EGGS; PROVIDING FOR INSPECTION OF FISH HATCHERIES AND
12	CULTURE FACILITIES; ESTABLISHING A DUTY TO REPORT FISH
13	PATHOGENS; REVISING FISH POND LICENSE REGULATIONS; AMENDING
14	SECTIONS 87-3-221, 87-3-222, 87-3-224, 87-4-603, 87-5-703,
15	AND 87-5-715, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE
16	FOR RULEMAKING AUTHORITY."
17	
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
19	Section 1. Section 87-3-221, MCA, is amended to read:
20	"87-3-221. Importation of salmonid fish or eggs
21	unlawful exception certification permit. (1) It is
22	unlawful to bring live or dead salmonid fish or eggs into
23	the state of Montana for any purpose unless such the
24	importations are shipped direct from the hatcherywhere

reared source to destination and a written certification is

-	provided that the importation of Bource 13 lies of Sach
2	infectiousorganisms-as all fish pathogens specified by the
3	department mayspecify as posing a threat to existing
4	fisheries accompanies the shipment. Such-certification-shall
5	Certification must be made in-the-state-of-origin by a fish
6	pathologist designated-for-this-purpose-by-the-United-States
7	secretary-of-the-interior-or-by-thestatefish;wildlife;
8	andparks approved by the director. Certification of the
9	source may be by inspection ofthehatcheryoforigin
0.	conducted annually or at such other times as the state-fish;
11	wildlife,andparks director may order. Acopy-of-the
12	certification-shall-accompany-each-shipment-
	(3) To 33:60:0 to 15:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00

(2) In addition to the certification required in subsection (1), all importations of live salmonid fish or eggs must be accompanied by a permit issued by the department. The department shall issue an import permit upon application to the department showing that the proposed importation-presents IMPORTATIONS PRESENT no substantial threat to the health of state fisheries. The department may condition the permit as necessary to protect fisheries from the introduction and spread of pathogens. IMPORT PERMITS APPLY TO ALL IMPORTATIONS FROM SPECIFIED AND CERTIFIED SPECIES AND SOURCES BY A PERMITTEE UNTIL JANUARY 31 OF THE YEAR SUCCEEDING THE YEAR OF ISSUANCE, WHEN THE PERMIT EXPIRES. HOWEVER, A SEPARATE PERMIT IS REQUIRED FOR

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L	IMPORTATIONS BY A PERMITTEE FOR SPECIES OR FROM SOURCE	2
2	UNSPECIFIED IN HIS OTHER PERMIT OR PERMITS. It is unlawfu	1
3	to import live salmonid fish or eggs into Montana withou	t
ı	first obtaining the permit required by this subsection or to	0
5	violate any conditions of the permit."	

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Intrastate movement of diseased fish or eggs unlawful. It is unlawful to move live or dead salmonid fish or eggs from one in-state location to another when the fish or eggs are known to be infected with fish pathogens specified by the department as posing a threat to fisheries WITHOUT WRITTEN DEPARTMENT APPROVAL.

Section 3. Section 87-3-222, MCA, is amended to read:

"87-3-222. When certification unnecessary. (1) Nothing in 87-3-221 through 87-3-224 shall or [section 2] may restrict the importation and transportation of dead salmonid fish or eggs when such the fish or eggs have been processed or prepared in a manner whereby-such-infectious-organisms-as that kills those fish pathogens specified by the department may--specify--have--been--killed as posing a threat to fisheries.

(2) Salmon-caught-and-brought-directly-into-North

America-and Dead salmonid fish or eggs transported into

Montana for processing or-sale or any-salmonid caught wild

in-North-America-shall-be are exempt from the requirement

for certification. However, it is unlawful to discard,

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place, or allow uncertified salmonid fish, parts, or eggs
that have been transported into Montana to enter into
surface waters other than sewage or disposal systems."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Permit required for importation of nonsalmonid fish or eggs. Except when intended for use in home or office aquariums, importations of live nonsalmonid fish or eggs must be accompanied by a permit as described for salmonids in 87-3-221(2). The permit may require that the importation be inspected and approved by a department biologist prior to release or placement.

Section 5. Section 87-3-224, MCA, is amended to read: *87-3-224. Enforcement. The cargo and vehicle involved in a violation of 87-3-221 through 87-3-223 or [sections 2 and 4] may, at the option of the department, either be denied the right to proceed further within the state of Montana or be quarantined until inspected by a designated biologist from the department. The department shall inform the department of highways of the provisions regarding importation of salmonid and nonsalmonid fish and eggs so that the department of highways may enforce such the provisions at ports of entry and checking stations under 60-2-303."

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Inspection, quarantine, and disinfection of fish hatcheries and culture facilities. (1)
The department may conduct inspections for the presence of

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fish pathogens at any fish hatchery or culture facility.

Inspections may be conducted at the request of the hatchery
or facility or by order of the department. The expense of
inspection must be paid by the hatchery or facility
requesting the inspection or by the department when the
inspection is ordered by the department.

(2) When a fish hatchery or culture facility is found to be contaminated or to contain fish or eggs infected with specified fish pathogens, the department may order appropriate action, including quarantine, destruction of infected fish or eggs, or disinfection of all or part of the hatchery or facility. AN ORDER FOR DESTRUCTION OF INFECTED FISH OR EGGS MAY NOT BE ISSUED UNLESS THE INFECTION IS CONFIRMED BY TWO LABORATORIES. The owner of the hatchery or facility is liable for all costs and expenses associated with the cleanup and the disposition of infected fish or eggs. WHEN DESTRUCTION OF EGGS IS ORDERED AT A PRIVATE FACILITY AND THE DEPARTMENT HAS SURPLUS EGGS AVAILABLE, THE DEPARTMENT MAY REPLACE THE DESTRUYED EGGS WITHOUT CHARGE TO THE PRIVATE FACILITY.

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Duty to report fish pathogens. A person, including the owner or custodian of a fish hatchery or culture facility, who has reason to suspect the presence of fish pathogens specified by the department as posing a threat to existing fisheries shall immediately

1 give notice to the department.

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Civil liability. A person, firm, or corporation that violates any provision of this part pertaining to fish disease or rules or orders of the department is liable for damages caused by the violation. The damages may be recovered by the person, firm, or corporation damaged or by the department on behalf of the public in a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction. ALL MONEY COLLECTED BY THE DEPARTMENT UNDER THIS SECTION MUST BE DEPOSITED IN THE STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND AS PROVIDED IN 87-1-601(1).

*87-4-603. Pish pond license for artificial lake or pond — records. (1) A person who owns or lawfully controls an artificial lake or pond may apply to the director for a fish pond license. The holder of a private fish pond license may stock his fish pond with fry procured from any lawful source. The department may designate the species of fish which may be released in the pond and otherwise condition the license when there is a possibility of fish escaping from the pond into adjacent streams or lakes. The license holder may take fish from the lake or pond in any manner. Before a license holder may sell fish or eggs or fry from the lake or pond, he shall furnish a corporate surety bond

to the state for \$500, conditioned to the effect that he

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1	will not sell fish or spawn from any of the public waters of
2	this state or violate the conditions of his license and also
3	conditioned to the effect that he will submit an annual
4	report on transactions to the director the-quantity-of-fish;
5	fish-eggs-and-spawn-takenfromthelakeorpondThis
6	report-shall-be-made-under-oath-annually-during-the-month-of
7	danuary:Arecord-of-all-transactions-must-be-kept-showing
8	the-species-and-numbers-or-pounds-of-fish-sold,numberand
9	speciesofeggs-sold;-number-and-species-of-fry-sold;-name
10	ofpersonorpersonstowhomsold;andthedateof
11	transaction.

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- (2) "Artificial lake or pond" as used in this section does not include a natural pond or body of water created by natural means or any portion of the streambed or lakebed thereof of a natural pond or body of water. It includes only bodies of water created by artificial means or diversion of water which do not exceed 500 acres of surface area.
- (3) The department may condition the license to require the construction, implementation, and maintenance of measures or devices to prevent fish in an artificial lake or pond from escaping into adjacent waters.
- 22 <u>(4) (a) Each licensee who sells fish or eggs shall</u>
 23 <u>keep accurate records of:</u>
- 24 (i) the species and quantities of fish or eggs sold or 25 purchased;

1	(ii)	dates	οf	sales	or	purchases;
+	11	uacea	OL	30162	O.L	parchases,

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- 2 (iii) names of purchasers or sellers; and
- 3 (iv) locations to or from which fish or eggs are
 4 transferred.
 - (b) On or before January 31 of each year, each licensee who sells fish or eggs shall file a report with the department, on forms made available by the department, summarizing the records required under subsection (4)(a)."
- NEW SECTION. Section 10. Term of license -- license 9 10 not transferable. (1) A licensee who sells fish or eggs under 87-4-603 shall renew the license annually. The license 11 12 expires on January 31 of the year succeeding the year of 13 issuance. Application for renewal must be made before a 14 license expires. The department shall renew the license if 15 the licensee has not violated any condition upon which the 16 license was granted.
- 17 (2) A licensee who does not sell fish or eggs is not
 18 required to renew his license. However, a new license is
 19 required when a licensee proposes to plant a new species or
 20 stock a pond not designated in the original license.
- 21 (3) A fish pond license granted under 87-4-603 is not transferable.
- NEW SECTION. Section 11. Revocation of fish pond
 license. (1) A fish pond license may be revoked for failure
 to operate or use the pond according to the terms or

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conditions of the license or state statutes, rules, or orders covering importation, transportation, or introduction of fish or eggs.

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- (2) If the department discovers a violation under this section, it may institute revocation proceedings after providing reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing to the licensee. After hearing and upon proof of the violation, the department may revoke the fish pond license.
- Section 12. Section 87-5-715, MCA, is amended to read: *87-5-715. Extermination or control of transplanted or introduced wildlife or feral species posing threat. With-the exception--of--the--species--listed--in--87-5-7147--any Any wildlife or feral species transplanted or introduced in the state may be exterminated or controlled by the department if the commission; -- after--scientific--investigation--by---the department--and--after--public--hearing, determines that the species poses harm to native wildlife or plants or to agricultural production. ff-the-threat-of-harm-is-immediate, the--commission--may--by--emergency--rule;--without-hearing; authorize-the-department-to-take-immediate-action-to-control or-exterminate-a--transplanted--or--introduced--wildlife--or feral-species."
- 23 Section 13. Section 87-5-703, MCA, is amended to read: *87-5-703. Applicability to other provisions for 24 25 importation or introduction of wildlife. Sections 87-5-701

- 1 through 87-5-704, 87-5-711, 87-5-713 through 87-5-716, and 2 87-5-721 do not apply to the importation of wildlife for the
- 3 commercial pet trade or to the provisions on importation or introduction of wildlife contained in the following laws:
- 5 (1) Title 80:

- 6 (2) 87-3-207 and 87-3-208;
- 7 (3) 87-3-221 through 87-3-224 or [sections 2, 4, and 6 8 through 8];
- 9 (4) 87-4-422;
- 10 (5) 87-5-112;
- 11 (6) 87-5-205;
- 12 (7) 87-5-302; or
- (8) Title 81, chapter 2." 13
- 14 NEW SECTION. Section 14. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the 15 16 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of 17 [this act].
- 18 NEW SECTION. Section 15. Codification instruction.
- 19 (1) (Sections 2, 4, and 6 through 8) are intended to be
- 20 codified as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 3, part 2.
- and the provisions of Title 87, chapter 3, part 2, apply to 21
- 22 [sections 2, 4, and 6 through 8].
- 23 (2) (Sections 10 and 11) are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 4, part 6, and the 24 25 provisions of Title 87, chapter 4, part 6, apply to

- 1 (sections 10 and 11).
- NEW SECTION. Section 16. Effective date. [Section 14]
- 3 and this section] are effective on passage and approval.

-End-

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 260
2	INTRODUCED BY B. BROWN, HARPER, YELLOWTAIL, BISHOP
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT
4	OF FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE LAWS
7	RELATING TO THE INTRODUCTION, PROLIFERATION, AND SPREAD OF
8	UNDESIRABLE FISH SPECIES AND FISH PATHOGENS; REGULATING THE
9	INTRASTATE MOVEMENT OF DISEASED FISH OR EGGS; REQUIRING
10	PERMITS FOR IMPORTATION OF SALMONID AND NONSALMONID FISH OR
11	EGGS; PROVIDING FOR INSPECTION OF FISH HATCHERIES AND
12	CULTURE FACILITIES; ESTABLISHING A DUTY TO REPORT FISH
13	PATHOGENS; REVISING FISH POND LICENSE REGULATIONS; AMENDING
14	SECTIONS 87-3-221, 87-3-222, 87-3-224, 87-4-603, 87-5-703,
15	AND 87-5-715, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE
16	FOR RULEMAKING AUTHORITY."
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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 87-3-221, MCA, is amended to read: "87-3-221, Importation of salmonid fish or eggs unlawful -- exception -- certification -- permit. (1) It is unlawful to bring live or dead salmonid fish or eggs into the state of Montana for any purpose unless such the importations are shipped direct from the hatchery--where reared source to destination and a written certification is

infectious--organisms-as all fish pathogens specified by the 3 department may--specify as posing a threat to existing fisheries accompanies the shipment. Such-certification-shall Certification must be made in-the-state-of-origin by a fish pathologist designated-for-this-purpose-by-the-United-States secretary-of-the-interior-or-by-the--state--fish;--wildlife; and--parks approved by the director. Certification of the source may be by inspection of--the--hatchery--of--origin 10 conducted annually or at such other times as the state-fish; 11 wildlife---and--parks director may order. A--copy-of-the 12 certification-shall-accompany-each-shipment: 13 (2) In addition to the certification required in

provided that the importation-or source is free of such

subsection (1), all importations of live salmonid fish or eggs must be accompanied by a permit issued by the department. The department shall issue an import permit upon application to the department showing that the proposed importation-presents IMPORTATIONS PRESENT no substantial threat to the health of state fisheries. The department may condition the permit as necessary to protect fisheries from the introduction and spread of pathogens. IMPORT PERMITS APPLY TO ALL IMPORTATIONS FROM SPECIFIED AND CERTIFIED SPECIES AND SOURCES BY A PERMITTEE UNTIL JANUARY 31 OF THE YEAR SUCCEEDING THE YEAR OF ISSUANCE, WHEN THE PERMIT HOWEVER. A SEPARATE PERMIT IS REQUIRED FOR

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1	IMPORTATIONS BY A PERMITTEE FOR SPECIES OR FROM SOURCES
2	UNSPECIFIED IN HIS OTHER PERMIT OR PERMITS. It is unlawful
3	to import live salmonid fish or eggs into Montana without
4	first obtaining the permit required by this subsection or to
5	violate any conditions of the permit."

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Intrastate movement of diseased fish or eggs unlawful. It is unlawful to move live or dead salmonid fish or eggs from one in-state location to another when the fish or eggs are known to be infected with fish pathogens specified by the department as posing a threat to fisheries WITHOUT WRITTEN DEPARTMENT APPROVAL.

Section 3. Section 87-3-222, MCA, is amended to read:

*87-3-222. When certification unnecessary. (1) Nothing in 87-3-221 through 87-3-224 shall or [section 2] may restrict the importation and transportation of dead salmonid fish or eggs when such the fish or eggs have been processed or prepared in a manner whereby-such-infectious-organisms-as that kills those fish pathogens specified by the department may--specify--have--been--killed as posing a threat to fisheries.

(2) Salmon-caught-and-brought-directly-into-North

America-and Dead salmonid fish or eggs transported into

Montana for processing or-sale or any-salmonid caught wild

in-North-America-shall-be are exempt from the requirement

for certification. However, it is unlawful to discard,

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place, or allow uncertified salmonid fish, parts, or eggs

that have been transported into Montana to enter into

surface waters other than sewage or disposal systems."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Permit required for importation of nonsalmonid fish or eggs. Except when intended for use in home or office aquariums, importations of live nonsalmonid fish or eggs must be accompanied by a permit as described for salmonids in 87-3-221(2). The permit may require that the importation be inspected and approved by a department biologist prior to release or placement.

*87-3-224. Enforcement. The cargo and vehicle involved in a violation of 87-3-221 through 87-3-223 or [sections 2 and 4] may, at the option of the department, either be denied the right to proceed further within the state of Montana or be quarantined until inspected by a designated biologist from the department. The department shall inform the department of highways of the provisions regarding importation of salmonid and nonsalmonid fish and eggs so that the department of highways may enforce such the provisions at ports of entry and checking stations under 60-2-303."

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Inspection, quarantine, and disinfection of fish hatcheries and culture facilities. (1)

The department may conduct inspections for the presence of

fish pathogens at any fish hatchery or culture facility. Inspections may be conducted at the request of the hatchery or facility or by order of the department. The expense of inspection must be paid by the hatchery or facility requesting the inspection or by the department when the inspection is ordered by the department.

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(2) When a fish hatchery or culture facility is found to be contaminated or to contain fish or eggs infected with the department may order specified fish pathogens, appropriate action, including quarantine, destruction of infected fish or eggs, or disinfection of all or part of the hatchery or facility. AN ORDER FOR DESTRUCTION OF INFECTED FISH OR EGGS MAY NOT BE ISSUED UNLESS THE INFECTION IS CONFIRMED BY TWO LABORATORIES. The owner of the hatchery or facility is liable for all costs and expenses associated with the cleanup and the disposition of infected fish or eggs. WHEN DESTRUCTION OF EGGS IS ORDERED AT A PRIVATE PACILITY AND THE DEPARTMENT HAS SURPLUS EGGS AVAILABLE, THE DEPARTMENT MAY REPLACE THE DESTROYED EGGS WITHOUT CHARGE TO THE PRIVATE FACILITY.

report fish NEW SECTION. Section 7. Duty to pathogens. A person, including the owner or custodian of a 22 fish hatchery or culture facility, who has reason to suspect 23 the presence of fish pathogens specified by the department 24 as posing a threat to existing fisheries shall immediately 25

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give notice to the department.

2 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Civil liability. A person, 3 firm, or corporation that violates any provision of this part pertaining to fish disease or rules or orders of the department is liable for damages caused by the violation. 6 The damages may be recovered by the person, firm, or corporation damaged or by the department on behalf of the public in a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction. ALL MONEY COLLECTED BY THE DEPARTMENT UNDER THIS SECTION MUST BE DEPOSITED IN THE STATE SPECIAL REVENUE 10 FUND AS PROVIDED IN 87-1-601(1). 11

12 Section 9. Section 87-4-603, MCA, is amended to read: 13 *87-4-603. Pish pond license for artificial lake or 14 pond -- records. (1) A person who owns or lawfully controls 15 an artificial lake or pond may apply to the director for a 16 fish pond license. The holder of a private fish pond license may stock his fish pond with fry procured from any lawful 17 18 source. The department may designate the species of fish which may be released in the pond and otherwise condition 19 the license when there is a possibility of fish escaping 20 from the pond into adjacent streams or lakes. The license 21 holder may take fish from the lake or pond in any manner. 22 Before a license holder may sell fish or eggs or fry from 23 the lake or pond, he shall furnish a corporate surety bond 24 to the state for \$500, conditioned to the effect that he

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1	will not sell fish or spawn from any of the public waters of
2	this state or violate the conditions of his license and also
3	conditioned to the effect that he will submit an annual
4	report on transactions to the director the-quantity-of-fish;
5	fish-eggs,-and-spawn-takenfromthelakeorpond;This
6	report-shall-be-made-under-oath-annually-during-the-month-of
7	JanuaryArecord-of-all-transactions-must-be-kept-showing
8	the-species-and-numbers-or-pounds-of-fish-sold;numberand
9	speciesofeggs-sold;-number-and-species-of-fry-sold;-name
10	ofpersonorpersonstowhomsold;andthedateof
11	transaction.

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- (2) "Artificial lake or pond" as used in this section does not include a natural pond or body of water created by natural means or any portion of the streambed or lakebed thereof of a natural pond or body of water. It includes only bodies of water created by artificial means or diversion of water which do not exceed 500 acres of surface area.
- (3) The department may condition the license to require the construction, implementation, and maintenance of measures or devices to prevent fish in an artificial lake or pond from escaping into adjacent waters.
- 22 (4) (a) Each licensee who sells fish or eggs shall
 23 keep accurate records of:
- (i) the species and quantities of fish or eggs sold orpurchased;

ı	fiil	dates	ο£	sales	or	purchases;
•	1/		•			pur chiaoco,

- 2 (iii) names of purchasers or sellers; and
- 3 (iv) locations to or from which fish or eggs are 4 transferred.
 - (b) On or before January 31 of each year, each licensee who sells fish or eggs shall file a report with the department, on forms made available by the department, summarizing the records required under subsection (4)(a)."
 - NEW SECTION. Section 10. Term of license -- license not transferable. (1) A licensee who sells fish or eggs under 87-4-603 shall renew the license annually. The license expires on January 31 of the year succeeding the year of issuance. Application for renewal must be made before a license expires. The department shall renew the license if the licensee has not violated any condition upon which the license was granted.
 - (2) A licensee who does not sell fish or eggs is not required to renew his license. However, a new license is required when a licensee proposes to plant a new species or stock a pond not designated in the original license.
- 21 (3) A fish pond license granted under 87-4-603 is not transferable.
- NEW SECTION. Section 11. Revocation of fish pond
 license. (1) A fish pond license may be revoked for failure
 to operate or use the pond according to the terms or

1 conditions of the license or state statutes, rules, or 2 orders covering importation, transportation, or introduction of fish or eggs.

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- (2) If the department discovers a violation under this section, it may institute revocation proceedings after providing reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing to the licensee. After hearing and upon proof of the violation, the department may revoke the fish pond license.
- Section 12. Section 87-5-715, MCA, is amended to read: *87-5-715. Extermination or control of transplanted or introduced wildlife or feral species posing threat. With the exception--of--the--species--listed--in--87-5-7147--any Any wildlife or feral species transplanted or introduced in the state may be exterminated or controlled by the department if the commission--after--scientific--investigation--by---the department--and--after--public--hearing, determines that the species poses harm to native wildlife or plants or to agricultural production. #f-the-threat-of-harm-is-immediate; the -- commission -- may -- by -- emergency -- rule; -- without - hearing; authorize-the-department-to-take-immediate-action-to-control or-exterminate-a--transplanted--or--introduced--wildlife--or feral-species."
- 23 Section 13. Section 87-5-703, MCA, is amended to read: 24 *87-5-703. Applicability to other provisions for 25 importation or introduction of wildlife. Sections 87-5-701

- through 87-5-704, 87-5-711, 87-5-713 through 87-5-716, and 2
- 87-5-721 do not apply to the importation of wildlite for the
- 3 commercial pet trade or to the provisions on importation or 4
 - introduction of wildlife contained in the following laws:
 - (1) Title 80:
- 6 (2) 87-3-207 and 87-3-208;
- (3) 87-3-221 through 87-3-224 or [sections 2, 4, and 6
- through 8];

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- 9 (4) 87-4-422:
- 10 (5) 87-5-112;
- 11 (6) 87-5-205;
 - (7) 87-5-302; or
- 13 (8) Title 81, chapter 2."
- 14 NEW SECTION. Section 14. Extension of authority. Any
- 15 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of 16
- 17 [this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 15. Codification 18 instruction.
- 19 (1) [Sections 2, 4, and 6 through 8] are intended to be
- codified as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 3, part 2, 20
- and the provisions of Title 87, chapter 3, part 2, apply to 21
- 22 [sections 2, 4, and 6 through 8].
- 23 (2) [Sections 10 and 11] are intended to be codified
- 24 as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 4, part 6, and the
- provisions of Title 87, chapter 4, part 6, apply to

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- NEW SECTION. Section 16. Effective date. [Section 14
- 3 and this section) are effective on passage and approval.

-End-