## SENATE BILL 162

Introduced by Williams, B. et al.

1/17 Introduced
1/17 Referred to Education \& Cultural Resources
1/19 Fiscal Note Requested
1/24 Fiscal Note Received
$1 / 25$
1/27
2/06
Fiscal Note Printed
Hearing
Committee Report--Bill Passed as Amended
2/08 2nd Reading Passed
2/10 3rd Reading Failed
Shenter bill no. 162 introduced by widher Pock oldamemand niAtte. a bill for an act entitled: "an act to modify the method of calculating the average number belonging of a school district to eliminate the funding benefits of offering more THAN 180 PUPIL-INSTRUCTION DAYS; AMENDING SECTION 20-9-311, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

## Section 1. Section 20-9-311, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-311. Calculation of average number belonging (ANB). (1) Average number belonging shall be computed by determining the total of the aggregate days of attendance by regularly enrolled, full-time pupils during the current school fiscal year plus the aggregate days of absence by regularly enrolled, full-time pupils during the current school fiscal year and by dividing such total by $\mathbf{\text { fer the }}$ number of pupil-instruction days in the current school fiscal year. However, when a school district has approval to operate less than 180 school days under 20-9-804, such total shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-805. Attendance for a part of a morning session or a part of an afternoon session by a pupil shall be counted as attendance for one-half day. In calculating the ANB for


#### Abstract

pupils enrolled in a program established under 20-7-117 prior to January 1 , 1974, or pursuant to 20-7-117(1), attendance at or absence from a regular session of the program for at least 2 hours of either a morning or an afternoon session will be counted as one-half of a day attended or absent as the case may be. If a variance has been granted as provided in 20-1-302, ANB will be computed in a manner prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction, but in no case shall the ANB exceed one-half for each kindergarten pupil. When any pupil has been absent. with or without excuse, for more than 10 consecutive school days, including pupil-instruction-related days, his absence after the loth day of absence shall not be included in the aggregate days of absence and his enrollment in the school shall not be considered in the calculation of the average number belonging until he resumes attendance at school.


(2) If a student spends less than half his time in the regular program and the balance of his time in school in the special education program, he shall be considered a full-time special pupil but shall not be considered regularly enrolled for ANB purposes. If a student spends half or more of his time in school in the regular program and the balance of his time in the special education program, he shall be considered regularly enrolled for ANB purposes.
(3) The average number belonging of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils for the public schools of a district must be based on the aggregate of all the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the schools of the district, except that when:
(a) a school of the district is located more than 3 miles beyond the incorporated limits of a city or town or from another school of the district, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated individually for ANB purposes;
(b) a junior high school has been approved and accredited as a junior high school, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the junior high school shall be considered as high school district pupils for ANB purposes;
(c) a middle school has been approved and accredited, in which case pupils below the 7 th grade shall be considered elementary school pupils for ANB purposes and the 7 th and ath grade pupils shall be considered high school pupils for ANB purposes; or
(d) a school has not been accredited by the board of public education, the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the nonaccredited school shall not be eligible for average number belonging calculation purposes, nor will an average number belonging for the nonaccredited school be
used in determining the foundation program for such district.
(4) When 11th or 12 th grade students are regulariy enrolled on a part-time basis, high schools may calculate the ANB to include an "equivalent ANB" for those students. The method for calculating an equivalent ANB shall be determined in a manner prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction."

Section 2. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
-End-

## STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15
In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB162, as introduced.

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

A bill for an Act entitled: "An act to modify the method of calculating the average number belonging of a school district to eliminate the funding benefits of offering more than 180 Pupil-Instruction Days; amending Section $20-9-$ 311, MCA; and providing an immediate effective date."

ASSUMPTIONS:

1. All public school districts will have the same number of public instruction days in FY90 and FY91 as were budgeted in FY89.
2. Enrollment will remain at the FY89 level.
3. The foundation program schedule will remain at the FY89 level.

| FISCAL IMPACT: | FY90 |  |  | FY91 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current | Proposed |  | Current | Proposed |  |
| Expenditures: | Law | Law | Difference | Law | Law | Difference |
|  | \$278.355M | \$276.995M | \$ 1.360 M | \$276.678M | \$275.318M | \$ 1.360 M |

Funding: School Foundation Program


Fiscal Note for SB162, as introduced

SENATE BILL NO. 162
INTRODUCED BY WILLIAMS, PECK, HAMMOND, RATHE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO MODIFY THE METHOD OF CALCULATING THE AVERAGE NUMBER BELONGING OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT TO ELIMINATE THE FUNDING BENEFITS OF OFFERING MORE THAN 180 PUPIL-INSTRUCTION DAYS; AMENDING SECTION 20-9-311, MC; PROVIDING A TRANSITION PERIOD FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS WITH MORE THAN 180 PUPIL-INSTRUCTION DAYS: AND PROVIDING AN自MEBEATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
be it enacted by the legislature of the state of montana:

## Section 1. Section 20-9-311, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-311. Calculation of average number belonging (ANB). (1) Average number belonging shall be computed by determining the total of the aggregate days of attendance by regularly enrolled, full-time pupils during the current school fiscal year plus the aggregate days of absence by regularly enrolled, full-time pupils during the current school fiscal year and by dividing such total by $\boldsymbol{t \theta \theta}$ the number of pupil-instruction days in the current school fiscal year. However, when a school district has approval to operate less than 180 school days under 20-9-804, such total shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-805. Attendance for a part of a morning session or a
part of an afternoon session by a pupil shall be counted as attendance for one-half day. In calculating the ANB for pupils enrolled in a program established under 20-7-117 prior to January 1, 1974, or pursuant to 20-7-117(1), attendance at or absence from a regular session of the program for at least 2 hours of either a morning or an afternoon session will be counted as one-half of a day attended or absent as the case may be. If a variance has been granted as provided in 20-1-302, ANB will be computed in a manner prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction, but in no case shall the ANB exceed one-half for each kindergarten pupil. When any pupil has been absent, with or without excuse, for more than 10 consecutive school days, including pupil-instruction-related days, his absence after the roth day of absence shall not be included in the aggregate days of absence and his enrollment in the school shall not be considered in the calculation of the average number belonging until he resumes attendance at school.
(2) If a student spends less than half his time in the regular program and the balance of his time in school in the special education program, he shall be considered a full-time special pupil but shall not be considered regularly enrolled for ANB purposes. If a student spends half or more of his time in school in the regular program and the balance of his time in the special education

SECOND READING
program, he shall be considered regularly enrolled for ANB purposes.
(3) The average number belonging of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils for the public schools of a district must be based on the aggregate of all the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the schools of the district, except that when:
(a) a school of the district is located more than 3 miles beyond the incorporated limits of a city or town or from another school of the district, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated individually for ANB purposes;
(b) a junior high school has been approved and accredited as a junior high school, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the junior high school shall be considered as high school district pupils for anB purposes;
(c) a middle school has been approved and accredited, in which case pupils below the 7 th grade shall be considered elementary school pupils for ANB purposes and the 7 th and 8 th grade pupils shall be considered high school pupils for ANB purposes; or
(d) a school has not been accredited by the board of public education, the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the nonaccredited school shall not be eligible for
average number belonging calculation purposes, nor will an average number belonging for the nonaccredited school be used in determining the foundation program for such district.
(4) When llth or l2th grade students are regularly enrolled on a part-time basis, high schools may calculate the ANB to include an "equivalent ANB" for those students. The method for calculating an equivalent ANB shall be determined in a manner prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. TRANSITION PERIOD -APPLICABILITY. (1) THE CALCULATION OF THE ANB IN 20-9-311 APPLIES TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS WITH 180 PUPIL-INSTRUCTION DAYS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1989.
(2) THE CALCULATION OF THE ANB IN 20-9-311 APPLIES TO EACH SCHOOL DISTRICT WITH MORE THAN 180 PUPIL-INSTRUCTION DAYS FOR THE SCHOOL FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1989, UNLESS THE DISTRICT ADDS 1 DAY TO THE DIVISOR USED IN CALCULATING THE ANB IN THE CURRENT SCHOOL FISCAL YEAR AND EACH ENSUING SCHOOL FISCAL YEAR UNTIL THE DIVISOR EQUALS THE NUMBER OF PUPIL-INSTRUCTION DAYS USED BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT IN THE SCHOOL FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1989.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is effective on-passage-and-approvat JULY 1, 1989.
-End-

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