SENATE BILL NO. 132

INTRODUCED BY MAZUREK

IN THE SENATE

1 N	THE SENATE
JANUARY 14, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.
	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 10, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
	STATEMENT OF INTENT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 13, 1989	PRINTING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 14, 1989	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
FEBRUARY 15, 1989	ENGROSSING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 16, 1989	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 48; NOES, 0.
	TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.
IN	THE HOUSE
FEBRUARY 16, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.
FEBRUARY 20, 1989	FIRST READING.
APRIL 1, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
APRIL 3, 1989	PASSED CONSIDERATION FOR THE DAY.
APRIL 4, 1989	PASSED CONSIDERATION FOR THE DAY.
APRIL 5, 1989	PASSED CONSIDERATION FOR THE DAY.

AMENDED.

SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN AS

APRIL 6, 1989

APRIL 7, 1989	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 95; NOES, 3.
	RETURNED TO SENATE WITH AMENDMENTS.
	IN THE SENATE
APRIL 11, 1989	RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.
	SECOND READING, AMENDMENTS NOT CONCURRED IN.
APRIL 12, 1989	ON MOTION, CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REQUESTED AND APPOINTED.
	IN THE HOUSE
APRIL 13, 1989	ON MOTION, CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REQUESTED AND APPOINTED.
	IN THE SENATE
APRIL 18, 1989	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORTED.
APRIL 19, 1989	SECOND READING, CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ADOPTED.
	ON MOTION, RULES SUSPENDED TO PLACE BILL ON THIRD READING THIS DAY.
	THIRD READING, CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ADOPTED.

IN THE HOUSE

IN THE SENATE

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

REPORT ADOPTED.

APRIL 20, 1989

APRIL 21, 1989

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2	INTRODUCED BY Nazuch
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
5	COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES; DEFINING THE TERM
6	"COST" FOR PURPOSES OF TITLE 15, CHAPTERS 17 AND 18;
7	REVISING THE AMOUNT TO BE PAID BY REDEMPTION; REVISING THE
8	DISTRIBUTION OF REDEMPTION PROCEEDS; AMENDING SECTIONS
9	15-17-121, 15-18-112, AND 15-18-114, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
10	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
11	
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
13	Section 1. Section 15-17-121, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"15-17-121. Definitions. Except as otherwise
15	specifically provided, when terms mentioned in Title 15,
16	chapters 17 and 18, are used in connection with taxation,
17	they are defined in the following manner:
18	(1) "Certificate" or "tax sale certificate" means the
19	document described in 15-17-212.
20	(2) (a) "Cost" means the cost incurred by the county
21	as a result of a taxpayer's failure to pay taxes when due.
22	It includes but is not limited to any actual out-of-pocket
23	expenses incurred by the county plus the administrative cost
24	of:
26	(i) proparing the list of delinquent taxes.

Aut BILL NO 132

1	(ii) preparing the notice of pending tax sale;
2	<pre>(iii) conducting the tax sale;</pre>
3	(iv) assigning the county's interest in a tax lien to a
4	third party;
5	(v) identifying interested persons entitled to notice
6	of the pending issuance of a tax deed;
7	<pre>(vi) notifying interested persons;</pre>
8	(vii) issuing the tax deed; and
9	(viii) any other administrative task associated with
10	accounting for or collecting delinquent taxes.
11	(b) Cost does not include the costs incurred by the
12	owner of a property tax lien other than the county.
13	+2)(3) "County" means any county government and
14	includes those classified as consolidated governments.
15	(3) "Property tax lien" means a lien acquired by
16	the payment at a tax sale of all outstanding delinquent
17	taxes, including penalties, interest, and costs.
18	$+4$ $+\frac{(5)}{(5)}$ "Purchaser" means any person, other than the
19	person to whom the property is assessed, who pays at the tax
20	sale the delinquent taxes, including penalties, interest,

An assignee is a purchaser.

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and costs, and receives a certificate representing a lien on

the property or who is otherwise listed as the purchaser.

ad valorem property taxes, property assessments, fees

(5)(6) "Tax", "taxes", or "property taxes" means all

INTRODUCED BILL SB /32

related to property, and assessments for special improvement districts and rural special improvement districts.

+6+(7) "Tax sale" means:

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- (a) with respect to real property and improvements, the offering for sale by the county treasurer of a property tax lien representing delinquent taxes, including penalties, interest, and costs; and
- (b) with respect to personal property, the offering for sale by the county treasurer of personal property on which the taxes are delinquent or other personal property on which the delinquent taxes are a lien."
- Section 2. Section 15-18-114, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-18-114. Distribution of redemption proceeds. (1)

 When a property tax lien for which the county is listed as purchaser is redeemed, the money received from the redemption, including penalties and interest but not costs, must be distributed to the credit of the various funds to which the taxes would have originally been distributed and in the same proportion as the taxes would have originally been distributed.
- (2) (a) When a property tax lien for which the recorded purchaser is other than the county is redeemed, the money-received-from-the-redemption;-including-penalties-and interest-but-not-costs;--must--be--distributed the county treasurer shall distribute to the person listed as the

- 1 purchaser on the tax sale certificate and in the record kept
- 2 by the county treasurer the amount the purchaser paid the
- 3 county for the property tax lien plus any subsequent amount
- 4 paid pursuant to 15-18-112 plus interest, as specified in
- 5 15-16-102, from the date of payment until the date of
- 6 redemption. Any money remaining after distributing
- 7 redemption proceeds to the purchaser other than the county
- 8 must be distributed pursuant to subsection (1).
- 9 (b) (i) The distribution must be made by certified
 - mail by the county treasurer to the purchaser at the address
- ll listed on the tax sale certificate as provided in
- 12 15-17-212(1)(e).

- 13 (ii) If the money distributed to the purchaser is
- 14 returned unopened to the county treasurer, the treasurer
- 15 shall publish once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in the
- official newspaper of the county a notice stating that:
- 17 (A) the county treasurer is in possession of money
- 18 belonging to the purchaser for the redemption of the
- 19 delinquency on the property named in the tax sale
- 20 certificate:
- 21 (B) the money will be held by the county treasurer for
- 22 a period of 1 year from the date of publication; and
- (C) if the money is not claimed by the purchaser
- 24 within the 1-year period, the purchaser relinquishes all
- 25 claim to the money and the money will be credited to the

1 county general fund.

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- 2 (3) The publication required in subsection (2)(b)(ii)
 3 must be made at least annually, but the 1-year period
 4 described in subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B) may not begin until
 5 the date of publication.
- 6 (4) The county treasurer shall keep an accurate 7 account of all money paid in redemption, including a 8 separate accounting of other delinquent taxes, interest, 9 penalties, and costs, and when and to whom distributed."
- Section 3. Section 15-18-112, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-18-112. Redemption from property tax lien. (1) In
 - *15-18-112. Redemption from property tax lien. (1) In all cases where a property tax lien has been acquired, the purchaser may pay the subsequent taxes assessed against the property.
- 15 (2) Upon the redemption of the property from the 16 property tax lien, the redemptioner shall, in addition to 17 the amount for which the property tax lien was sold, including penalties, interest, and costs, pay the subsequent 18 19 taxes paid--by--the--purchaser assessed, with interest and 20 penalty thereon, at the rate established for delinquent 21 taxes in 15-16-1027--from--the--date-of-the-payment-of-the 22 taxesy-penaltiesy-interesty-and-costs."
- 23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 4.** Extension of authority. Any 24 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the 25 provisions of (this act) is extended to the provisions of

- 1 (this act).
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective date. [This act] is
- 3 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

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APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

-	Shire a state was 132
2	INTRODUCED BY MAZUREK
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
5	COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES; ALLOWING THE
6	PAYMENT OF CURRENT YEAR TAXES WITHOUT THE PAYMENT OF
7	DELINQUENT TAXES; DEFINING THE TERM "COST" FOR PURPOSES OF
В	TITLE 15, CHAPTERS 17 AND 18; REVISING THE AMOUNT TO BE PAID
9	BY REDEMPTION; REVISING THE DISTRIBUTION OF REDEMPTION
10	PROCEEDS; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-16-102, 15-17-121, 15-18-112,
11	AND 15-18-114, AND 15-18-214, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
12	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
13	
14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
15	SECTION 1. SECTION 15-16-102, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
16	"15-16-102. Time for payment penalty for
17	delinquency. All taxes levied and assessed in the state of
18	Montana, except assessments made for special improvements in
19	cities and towns payable under 15-16-103 and assessments
20	made on interim production and new production as provided in
21	Title 15, chapter 23, part 6, and payable under 15-16-121,
22	shall be payable as follows:
23	(1) One-half of the amount of such taxes shall be
24	payable on or before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or

L	is later,	and one-half	on or	before	5	p.m.	on	May	31	ο£	each
2	year.										

- 3 (2) Unless one-half of such taxes are paid on or
 4 before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or within 30 days
 5 after the tax notice is postmarked, whichever is later, then
 6 such amount so payable shall become delinquent and shall
 7 draw interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% per month from and
 8 after such delinquency until paid and 2% shall be added to
 9 the delinquent taxes as a penalty.
- 10 (3) All taxes due and not paid on or before 5 p.m. on
 11 May 31 of each year shall be delinquent and shall draw
 12 interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% per month from and after
 13 such delinquency until paid and 2% shall be added to the
 14 delinquent taxes as a penalty.
 - (4) If the date on which taxes are due falls on a holiday or Saturday, taxes may be paid without penalty or interest on or before 5 p.m. of the next business day in accordance with 1-1-307.
 - pay his current year taxes without paying delinquent taxes.

 The county treasurer may must accept a partial payment equal to the delinquent taxes, including penalty and interest, for one or more full taxable years, provided both halves of the current tax year have been paid. Payment of delinquent taxes must be applied to the taxes that have been delinquent the

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1	longest. The payment of the current tax year is not a
2	redemption of the property tax lien for any delinquent tax
3	year."
4	Section 2. Section 15-17-121, MCA, is amended to read:
5	"15-17-121. Definitions. Except as otherwise
6	specifically provided, when terms mentioned in Title 15,
7	chapters 17 and 18, are used in connection with taxation,
8	they are defined in the following manner:
9	(1) "Certificate" or "tax sale certificate" means the
10	document described in 15-17-212.
11	(2) (a) "Cost" means the cost incurred by the county
12	as a result of a taxpayer's failure to pay taxes when due.
13	It includes but is not limited to any actual out-of-pocket
14	expenses incurred by the county plus the administrative cost
15	of:
16	 preparing the list of delinquent taxes;
17	(ii) preparing the notice of pending tax sale;
18	(iii) conducting the tax sale;
19	(iv) assigning the county's interest in a tax lien to a
20	third party:
21	(v) identifying interested persons entitled to notice
22	of the pending issuance of a tax deed;
23	(vi) notifying interested persons;
24	(vii) issuing the tax deed; and
25	(viii) any other administrative task associated with

4	(2)(3) "County" means any county government and
5	includes those classified as consolidated governments.
6	(3) (4) "Property tax lien" means a lien acquired by
7	the payment at a tax sale of all outstanding delinquent
8	taxes, including penalties, interest, and costs.
9	(4)(5) "Purchaser" means any person, other than the
10	person to whom the property is assessed, who pays at the tax
11	sale the delinquent taxes, including penalties, interest,
12	and costs, and receives a certificate representing a lien on
13	the property or who is otherwise listed as the purchaser.
14	An assignee is a purchaser.
15	<pre>t5;(6) "Tax", "taxes", or "property taxes" means all</pre>
16	ad valorem property taxes, property assessments, fees

accounting for or collecting delinquent taxes.

owner of a property tax lien other than the county.

(b) Cost does not include the costs incurred by the

related to property, and assessments for special improvement

the offering for sale by the county treasurer of a property

tax lien representing delinquent taxes, including penalties,

(a) with respect to real property and improvements,

(b) with respect to personal property, the offering

districts and rural special improvement districts.

(6)(7) "Tax sale" means:

interest, and costs; and

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which the taxes are delinquent or other personal property on which the delinquent taxes are a lien."

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- 3 Section 3. Section 15-18-114, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "15-18-114. Distribution of redemption proceeds. (1) When a property tax lien for which the county is listed as purchaser is redeemed, the money received from the redemption, including penalties and interest but not costs, must be distributed to the credit of the various funds to which the taxes would have originally been distributed and in the same proportion as the taxes would have originally been distributed.
- 12 (2) (a) When a property tax lien for which the recorded purchaser is other than the county is redeemed, the 13 money-received-from-the-redemption;-including-penalties--and 14 15 interest-but-not-costs; -- must-be-distributed the county 16 treasurer shall distribute to the person listed as the 17 purchaser on the tax sale certificate and in the record kept 18 by the county treasurer the amount the purchaser paid the 19 county for the property tax lien plus any subsequent amount paid pursuant to 15-18-112 plus interest, as specified in 20 21 15-16-102, from the date of payment until the date of redemption. Any money remaining after distributing 22 23 redemption proceeds to the purchaser other than the county 24 must be distributed pursuant to subsection (1).
- 25 (b) (i) The distribution must be made by certified

- 1 mail by the county treasurer to the purchaser at the address
- 2 listed on the tax sale certificate as provided in
- 3 15-17-212(1)(e).
- 4 (ii) If the money distributed to the purchaser is
- 5 returned unopened to the county treasurer, the treasurer
- 6 shall publish once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in the
- 7 official newspaper of the county a notice stating that:
- 8 (A) the county treasurer is in possession of money
- 9 belonging to the purchaser for the redemption of the
- 10 delinquency on the property named in the tax sale
- ll certificate:
- 12 (B) the money will be held by the county treasurer for
- a period of 1 year from the date of publication; and
- 14 (C) if the money is not claimed by the purchaser 15 within the 1-year period, the purchaser relinquishes all
- 16 claim to the money and the money will be credited to the
- 17 county general fund.
- 18 (3) The publication required in subsection (2)(b)(ii)
- 19 must be made at least annually, but the 1-year period
- described in subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B) may not begin until
- 21 the date of publication.
- 22 (4) The county treasurer shall keep an accurate
- 23 account of all money paid in redemption, including a
- 24 separate accounting of other delinquent taxes, interest.
- 25 penalties, and costs, and when and to whom distributed."

-	Section 4. Section 15-18-112, MCA, is amended to read:
2	*15-18-112. Redemption from property tax lien. (1) Fr
3	EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3), IN all cases where a
1	property tax lien has been acquired, the purchaser may pay
5	the subsequent taxes assessed against the property.

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- (2) Upon the redemption of the property from the property tax lien, the redemptioner shall, in addition to the amount for which the property tax lien was sold, including penalties, interest, and costs, pay the subsequent taxes paid-by-the--purchaser assessed, with interest and penalty thereon, at the rate established for delinquent taxes in 15-16-102, from the date--of--the--payment--of--the taxes, penalties, interest, and costs.
- 14 (3) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN MAY ALSO BE REDEEMED FOR A

 15 PARTICULAR TAX YEAR BY A PARTIAL PAYMENT OF THAT TAX YEAR AS

 16 PROVIDED IN 15-16-102(5) IF:
- 17 (A) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN FOR THE YEAR IN WHICH THE
 18 PARTIAL PAYMENT IS MADE IS OWNED BY THE COUNTY; AND
- 19 (B) THE TAX DEED HAS NOT BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO
 20 15-18-211."

SECTION 5. SECTION 15-18-214, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"15-18-214. Effect of deed. (1) A deed issued under

this chapter conveys to the grantee absolute title to the

property described therein as of the date of the expiration

of the redemption period, free and clear of all liens and

encumbrances, except:

a described by the first of the contraction of the

- 2 (a) when the claim is payable after the execution of 3 the deed and:
- 4 (i) a property tax lien attaches subsequent to the tax sale: or
- 6 (ii) a lien of any special, rural, local improvement,
 7 irrigation, or drainage assessment is levied against the
 8 property;
- 9 (b) when the claim is an easement, servitude,
 10 covenant, restriction, reservation, or similar burden
 11 lawfully imposed on the property; or
- 12 (c) when an-interest-in the land is owned by the
 13 United States, this state, or a subdivision of this state.
- 14 (2) Under the conditions described in subsection (1),
 15 the deed is prima facie evidence of the right of possession
 16 accrued as of the date of expiration of the period for
 17 redemption or the date upon which a tax deed was otherwise
 18 issued."
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

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APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

2	INTRODUCED BY MAZUREK
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
5	COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES; ALLOWING THE
6	PAYMENT OF CURRENT YEAR TAXES WITHOUT THE PAYMENT OF
7	DELINQUENT TAXES; DEFINING THE TERM "COST" FOR PURPOSES OF
8	TITLE 15, CHAPTERS 17 AND 18; REVISING THE AMOUNT TO BE PAID
9	BY REDEMPTION; REVISING THE DISTRIBUTION OF REDEMPTION
LO	PROCEEDS; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-16-102, 15-17-121, 15-18-112,
11	AND 15-18-114, AND 15-18-214, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
1 2	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
13	
14	STATEMENT OF INTENT
15	A statement of intent is not required for this bill but
16	is included to make clear that the purpose of this bill is
17	to clarify the provisions of Senate Bill No. 162 (Chapter
18	587, Laws of 1987), relating to partial payments of
19	delinquent property taxes and to the procedures governing
20	the sale of property for delinquent taxes.
21	In addition, this bill defines the term "costs",
22	clarifies how redemption proceeds are distributed, requires
23	a person who redeems property to pay the taxes and other

charges that have been assessed since the date of the sale

of the tax lien, and clarifies the effect of the tax deed.

SENATE BILL NO. 132



1	In 1987, the legislature enacted 15-16-102(5)
2	authorizing the partial payment of delinquent property
3	taxes. The attorney general in 42 Attorney General Opinion
4	opined, however, that a partial payment made pursuant to
5	15-16-102(5) does not toll the redemption period. In order
6	to redeem the property, the attorney general stated that the
7	taxpayer had to pay all of the delinquent taxes, including
8	penalty and interest, plus all subsequently assessed taxes.
9	The intent of this bill is to reverse the attorney
10	general's opinion. It is the intent of the legislature that
11	each tax year for which property taxes are delinquent has a
12	separate 36- or 18-month redemption period. If a partial
13	payment is made for a particular tax year, a tax deed may
14	not be issued based on that tax year because the taxes for
15	that year have been paid.
16	For example, assume that the 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987,
17	and 1988 property taxes are delinquent. Assume further that
18	a 36-month redemption period applies to the property on
19	which the taxes have not been paid. In February 1989, the
20	current year, as that term is used in 15-16-102(5), is the

1988 tax year for which taxes are due on November 20, 1988, and May 31, 1989. The 36-month redemption period has expired

for 1984, and it will expire for the 1985 taxes in the

summer of 1989. This bill contemplates that a taxpayer may

his 1988 taxes, even though the first half is

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delinquent. After the 1988 taxes are paid, the taxpayer may redeem the property for the 1984 tax year by paying the 1984 taxes.

The taxpayer may still lose his property unless he pays his 1985 taxes before the tax deed is issued. Because the current year and the most delinquent year are paid, the taxpayer may redeem the property for the 1985 tax year by paying the 1985 taxes.

In 1990, the taxpayer would have to pay the 1989 taxes before he could pay the 1986 taxes to redeem the property for the 1986 tax year. Following this pattern, the taxpayer would be current on all taxes after 3 years.

13 As used in this statement of intent, taxes include 14 penalty, interest, and costs.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

SECTION 1. SECTION 15-16-102, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"15-16-102. Time for payment -- penalty for delinquency. All taxes levied and assessed in the state of Montana, except assessments made for special improvements in cities and towns payable under 15-16-103 and assessments made on interim production and new production as provided in Title 15, chapter 23, part 6, and payable under 15-16-121, shall be payable as follows:

(1) One-half of the amount of such taxes shall be

payable on or before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or within 30 days after the tax notice is postmarked, whichever is later, and one-half on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 of each year.

- (2) Unless one-half of such taxes are paid on or before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or within 30 days after the tax notice is postmarked, whichever is later, then such amount so payable shall become delinquent and shall draw interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% per month from and after such delinquency until paid and 2% shall be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty.
- (3) All taxes due and not paid on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 of each year shall be delinquent and shall draw interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% per month from and after such delinquency until paid and 2% shall be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty.
- (4) If the date on which taxes are due falls on a holiday or Saturday, taxes may be paid without penalty or interest on or before 5 p.m. of the next business day in accordance with 1-1-307.
- (5) If-the-taxes-become-delinquent, the A taxpayer may pay his current year taxes without paying delinquent taxes.

 The county treasurer may must accept a partial payment equal to the delinquent taxes, including penalty and interest, for one or more full taxable years, provided both halves of the

2	must be applied to the taxes that have been delinquent the
3	longest. The payment of the current tax year is not a
4	redemption of the property tax lien for any delinquent tax
5	year."
6	Section 2. Section 15-17-121, MCA, is amended to read:
7	*15-17-121. Definitions. Except as otherwise
8	specifically provided, when terms mentioned in Title 15,
9	chapters 17 and 18, are used in connection with taxation,
10	they are defined in the following manner:
11	(1) "Certificate" or "tax sale certificate" means the
12	document described in 15-17-212.
13	(2) (a) "Cost" means the cost incurred by the county
14	as a result of a taxpayer's failure to pay taxes when due.
15	It includes but is not limited to any actual out-of-pocket
16	expenses incurred by the county plus the administrative cost
17	of:
18	(i) preparing the list of delinquent taxes;
19	(ii) preparing the notice of pending tax sale;
20	(iii) conducting the tax sale;
21	(iv) assigning the county's interest in a tax lien to a
22	third party;
23	(v) identifying interested persons entitled to notice
24	of the pending issuance of a tax deed;
25	(vi) notifying interested persons;

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current tax year have been paid. Payment of delinquent taxes

1	(vii) issuing the tax d
2	(viii) any other admi
3	accounting for or collecting
4	(b) Cost does not incl
5	owner of a property tax lier
6	(2) (3) "County" mean
7	includes those classified as
8	(3)(4) "Property tax 1
9	the payment at a tax sa
10	taxes, including penalties,
11	†4†<u>[5]</u> "Purchaser" me
12	person to whom the property
13	sale the delinquent taxes
14	and costs, and receives a co
15	the property or who is othe
16	An assignee is a purchaser.
17	(5)(6) "Tax", "taxes
18	ad valorem property taxe
19	related to property, and as
20	districts and rural special
21	<pre>+6+(7) "Tax sale" mea</pre>

(vii) issuing the tax deed; and (viii) any other administrative task associated with ounting for or collecting delinquent taxes. (b) Cost does not include the costs incurred by the er of a property tax lien other than the county. (2)(3) "County" means any county government and ludes those classified as consolidated governments. (3)(4) "Property tax lien" means a lien acquired by payment at a tax sale of all outstanding delinquent es, including penalties, interest, and costs. (4)(5) "Purchaser" means any person, other than the son to whom the property is assessed, who pays at the tax e the delinquent taxes, including penalties, interest, costs, and receives a certificate representing a lien on

(5)(6) "Tax", "taxes", or "property taxes" means all valorem property taxes, property assessments, fees ated to property, and assessments for special improvement tricts and rural special improvement districts.

property or who is otherwise listed as the purchaser.

+6+(7) "Tax sale" means: (a) with respect to real property and improvements, 22 the offering for sale by the county treasurer of a property 23 tax lien representing delinquent taxes, including penalties, 24 interest, and costs; and

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(b) with respect to personal property, the offering for sale by the county treasurer of personal property on which the taxes are delinquent or other personal property on which the delinquent taxes are a lien."

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- Section 3. Section 15-18-114, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-18-114. Distribution of redemption proceeds. (1)

 When a property tax lien for which the county is listed as purchaser is redeemed, the money received from the redemption, including penalties and interest but not costs, must be distributed to the credit of the various funds to which the taxes would have originally been distributed and in the same proportion as the taxes would have originally been distributed.
- (2) (a) When a property tax lien for which the recorded purchaser is other than the county is redeemed, the money--received-from-the-redemption; including-penalties-and interest-but-not--costs; must--be--distributed the county treasurer shall distribute to the person listed as the purchaser on the tax sale certificate and in the record kept by the county treasurer the amount the purchaser paid the county for the property tax lien plus any subsequent amount paid pursuant to 15-18-112 plus interest, as specified in 15-16-102, from the date of payment until the date of redemption. Any money remaining after distributing redemption proceeds to the purchaser other than the county

- 1 must be distributed pursuant to subsection (1).
- 2 (b) (i) The distribution must be made by certified
 3 mail by the county treasurer to the purchaser at the address
 4 listed on the tax sale certificate as provided in
 5 15-17-212(1)(e).
 - (ii) If the money distributed to the purchaser is returned unopened to the county treasurer, the treasurer shall publish once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in the official newspaper of the county a notice stating that:
- 10 (A) the county treasurer is in possession of money
 11 belonging to the purchaser for the redemption of the
 12 delinquency on the property named in the tax sale
 13 certificate;
- (B) the money will be held by the county treasurer for a period of 1 year from the date of publication; and
- 16 (C) if the money is not claimed by the purchaser
 17 within the 1-year period, the purchaser relinquishes all
 18 claim to the money and the money will be credited to the
 19 county general fund.
- 20 (3) The publication required in subsection (2)(b)(ii)
 21 must be made at least annually, but the 1-year period
 22 described in subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B) may not begin until
 23 the date of publication.
- 24 (4) The county treasurer shall keep an accurate 25 account of all money paid in redemption, including a

- separate accounting of other delinquent taxes, interest, penalties, and costs, and when and to whom distributed."
- 3 Section 4. Section 15-18-112, MCA, is amended to read:
- 4 "15-18-112. Redemption from property tax lien. (1) In
- 5 EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3), IN all cases where a
- 6 property tax lien has been acquired, the purchaser may pay
 - the subsequent taxes assessed against the property.
- 8 (2) Upon the redemption of the property from the
- 9 property tax lien, the redemptioner shall, in addition to
- 10 the amount for which the property tax lien was sold,
- 11 including penalties, interest, and costs, pay the subsequent
- 12 taxes paid--by--the--purchaser assessed, with interest and
- 13 penalty thereon, at the rate established for delinquent
- 14 taxes in 15-16-1027--from--the--date-of-the-payment-of-the
- 15 taxesy-penaltiesy-interesty-and-costs.
- 16 (3) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN MAY ALSO BE REDEEMED FOR A
- 17 PARTICULAR TAX YEAR BY A PARTIAL PAYMENT OF THAT TAX YEAR AS
- 18 PROVIDED IN 15-16-102(5) IF:
- 19 (A) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN FOR THE YEAR IN WHICH THE
- 20 PARTIAL PAYMENT IS MADE IS OWNED BY THE COUNTY; AND
- 21 (B) THE TAX DEED HAS NOT BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO
- 22 15-18-211."

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- 23 SECTION 5. SECTION 15-18-214, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
- 24 *15-18-214. Effect of deed, (1) A deed issued under
- 25 this chapter conveys to the grantee absolute title to the

-9-

- 1 property described therein as of the date of the expiration
- 2 of the redemption period, free and clear of all liens and
- 3 encumbrances, except:
- 4 (a) when the claim is payable after the execution of
- 5 the deed and:
- 6 (i) a property tax lien attaches subsequent to the tax
 - sale; or
- 8 (ii) a lien of any special, rural, local improvement.
- 9 irrigation, or drainage assessment is levied against the
- 10 property;
- 11 (b) when the claim is an easement, servitude,
- 12 covenant, restriction, reservation, or similar burden
- 13 lawfully imposed on the property; or
- 14 (c) when an-interest-in the land is owned by the
 - United States, this state, or a subdivision of this state.
- 16 (2) Under the conditions described in subsection (1).
- 17 the deed is prima facie evidence of the right of possession
- 18 accrued as of the date of expiration of the period for
- 19 redemption or the date upon which a tax deed was otherwise
- 20 issued."

- 21 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Extension of authority. Any
- 22 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 23 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 24 [this act].
- 25 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date. [This act] is

effective on passage and approval.

-End-

.1	SENATE BILL NO. 132
2	INTRODUCED BY MAZUREK
3	

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES; ALLOWING THE PAYMENT OF CURRENT YEAR TAXES WITHOUT THE PAYMENT OF DELINQUENT TAXES; DEFINING THE TERM "COST" FOR PURPOSES OF TITLE 15, CHAPTERS 17 AND 18; REVISING THE AMOUNT TO BE PAID BY REDEMPTION; REVISING THE DISTRIBUTION OF REDEMPTION PROCEEDS; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-16-102, 15-17-121, 15-18-112, AND 15-18-114, AND 15-18-214, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

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STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is not required for this bill but is included to make clear that the purpose of this bill is to clarify the provisions of Senate Bill No. 162 (Chapter 587, Laws of 1987), relating to partial payments of delinquent property taxes and to the procedures governing the sale of property for delinquent taxes.

In addition, this bill defines the term "costs", clarifies how redemption proceeds are distributed, requires a person who redeems property to pay the taxes and other charges that have been assessed since the date of the sale of the tax lien, and clarifies the effect of the tax deed.

1	In 1987, the legislature enacted 15-16-102(5)
2	authorizing the partial payment of delinquent property
3	taxes. The attorney general in 42 Attorney General Opinion
4	opined, however, that a partial payment made pursuant to
5	15-16-102(5) does not toll the redemption period. In order
6	to redeem the property, the attorney general stated that the
7	taxpayer had to pay all of the delinquent taxes, including
.8	penalty and interest, plus all subsequently assessed taxes.
9	The intent of this bill is to reverse the attorney
10	general's opinion. It is the intent of the legislature that

each tax year for which property taxes are delinquent has a separate 36- or 18-month redemption period. If a partial payment is made for a particular tax year, a tax deed may not be issued based on that tax year because the taxes for that year have been paid.

16 For example, assume that the 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, and 1988 property taxes are delinquent. Assume further that 17 a 36-month redemption period applies to the property on 18 which the taxes have not been paid. In February 1989, the 19 current year, as that term is used in 15-16-102(5), is the 20 1988 tax year for which taxes are due on November 20, 1988, 21 and May 31, 1989. The 36-month redemption period has expired 22 for 1984, and it will expire for the 1985 taxes in the 23 summer of 1989. This bill contemplates that a taxpayer may 24 25 his 1988 taxes, even though the first half is

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delinquent. After the 1988 taxes are paid, the taxpayer may redeem the property for the 1984 tax year by paying the 1984 taxes.

The taxpayer may still lose his property unless he pays his 1985 taxes before the tax deed is issued. Because the current year and the most delinquent year are paid, the taxpayer may redeem the property for the 1985 tax year by paying the 1985 taxes.

In 1990, the taxpayer would have to pay the 1989 taxes before he could pay the 1986 taxes to redeem the property for the 1986 tax year. Following this pattern, the taxpayer would be current on all taxes after 3 years.

13 As used in this statement of intent, taxes include 14 penalty, interest, and costs.

16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

17 SECTION 1. SECTION 15-16-102, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 18 "15-16-102. Time for payment -- penalty 19 delinquency. All taxes levied and assessed in the state of 20 Montana, except assessments made for special improvements in 21 cities and towns payable under 15-16-103 and assessments 22 made on interim production and new production as provided in 23 Title 15, chapter 23, part 6, and payable under 15-16-121, 24 shall be payable as follows:

(1) One-half of the amount of such taxes shall be

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payable on or before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or within 30 days after the tax notice is postmarked, whichever is later, and one-half on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 of each year.

- (2) Unless one-half of such taxes are paid on or before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or within 30 days after the tax notice is postmarked, whichever is later, then such amount so payable shall become delinquent and shall draw interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% per month from and after such delinquency until paid and 2% shall be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty.
- (3) All taxes due and not paid on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 of each year shall be delinquent and shall draw interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% per month from and after such delinquency until paid and 2% shall be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty.
- (4) If the date on which taxes are due falls on a holiday or Saturday, taxes may be paid without penalty or interest on or before 5 p.m. of the next business day in accordance with 1-1-307.
- 21 (5) #f-the-taxes-become-delinquent, the A taxpayer may
 22 pay his current year taxes without paying delinquent taxes.
 23 The county treasurer may must accept a partial payment equal
 24 to the delinquent taxes, including penalty and interest, for
 25 one or more full taxable years, provided both halves of the

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1	current tax year have been paid. Payment of delinquent taxes
2	must be applied to the taxes that have been delinquent the
3	longest. The payment of the current tax year is not a
4	redemption of the property tax lien for any delinquent tax
5	year."
6	Section 2. Section 15-17-121, MCA, is amended to read:
7	*15-17-121. Definitions. Except as otherwise
В	specifically provided, when terms mentioned in Title 15,
9	chapters 17 and 18, are used in connection with taxation,
10	they are defined in the following manner:
11	(1) "Certificate" or "tax sale certificate" means the
12	document described in 15-17-212.
13	(2) (a) "Cost" means the cost incurred by the county
14	as a result of a taxpayer's failure to pay taxes when due.
15	It includes but is not limited to any actual out-of-pocket
16	expenses incurred by the county plus the administrative cost
17	of:
18	(i) preparing the list of delinquent taxes;
19	(ii) preparing the notice of pending tax sale;
20	(iii) conducting the tax sale;
21	(iv) assigning the county's interest in a tax lien to a
22	third party;
23	(v) identifying interested persons entitled to notice
24	of the pending issuance of a tax deed;
25	(vi) notifying interested persons;

1	(vii) issuing the tax deed; and
2	(viii) any other administrative task associated with
3	accounting for or collecting delinquent taxes.
4	(b) Cost does not include the costs incurred by the
5	owner of a property tax lien other than the county.
6	(2)(3) "County" means any county government and
7	includes those classified as consolidated governments.
8	(3)(4) "Property tax lien" means a lien acquired by
9	the payment at a tax sale of all outstanding delinquent
10	taxes, including penalties, interest, and costs.
11	(4)(5) "Purchaser" means any person, other than the
12	person to whom the property is assessed, who pays at the tax
13	sale the delinquent taxes, including penalties, interest,
14	and costs, and receives a certificate representing a lien or
15	the property or who is otherwise listed as the purchaser
16	An assignee is a purchaser.
17	(5)16) "Tax", "taxes", or "property taxes" means al
18	ad valorem property taxes, property assessments, fee
19	related to property, and assessments for special improvement
20	districts and rural special improvement districts.
21	<pre>f6;(7) "Tax sale" means:</pre>
22	(a) with respect to real property and improvements
23	the offering for sale by the county treasurer of a property
24	tax lien representing delinquent taxes, including penalties

interest, and costs; and

- 1 (b) with respect to personal property, the offering for sale by the county treasurer of personal property on 2 3 which the taxes are delinquent or other personal property on 4 which the delinquent taxes are a lien."
- Section 3. Section 15-18-114, MCA, is amended to read: 5 6 *15-18-114. Distribution of redemption proceeds. (1) When a property tax lien for which the county is listed as 7 purchaser is redeemed, the money received from the redemption, including penalties and interest but not costs, 9 must be distributed to the credit of the various funds to 10 which the taxes would have originally been distributed and 11 12 in the same proportion as the taxes would have originally 13 been distributed.

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(2) (a) When a property tax lien for which the recorded purchaser is other than the county is redeemed, the money--received-from-the-redemption;-including-penalties-and interest-but-not--costsy--must--be--distributed the county treasurer shall distribute to the person listed as the purchaser on the tax sale certificate and in the record kept by the county treasurer the amount the purchaser paid the county for the property tax lien_plus any subsequent amount paid pursuant to 15-18-112 plus interest, as specified in 15-16-102, from the date of payment until the date of redemption. Any money remaining after distributing redemption proceeds to the purchaser other than the county

- must be distributed pursuant to subsection (1).
- (b) (i) The distribution must be made by certified 2 mail by the county treasurer to the purchaser at the address listed on the tax sale certificate as provided in 15-17-212(1)(e).
 - (ii) If the money distributed to the purchaser is returned unopened to the county treasurer, the treasurer shall publish once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in the official newspaper of the county a notice stating that:
- 10 (A) the county treasurer is in possession of money belonging to the purchaser for the redemption of the 11 12 delinquency on the property named in the tax sale 13 certificate:
 - (B) the money will be held by the county treasurer for a period of 1 year from the date of publication; and
- (C) if the money is not claimed by the purchaser within the 1-year period, the purchaser relinquishes all claim to the money and the money will be credited to the 19 county general fund.
- (3) The publication required in subsection (2)(b)(ii) 20 21 must be made at least annually, but the 1-year period described in subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B) may not begin until 22 the date of publication. 23
- 24 (4) The county treasurer shall keep an accurate 25 account of all money paid in redemption, including a

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- separate accounting of other delinquent taxes, interest,
 penalties, and costs, and when and to whom distributed.
- 3 Section 4. Section 15-18-112, MCA, is amended to read:
- 4 "15-18-112. Redemption from property tax lien. (1) In EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3), IN all cases where a property tax lien has been acquired, the purchaser may pay the subsequent taxes assessed against the property.

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- (2) Upon the redemption of the property from the property tax lien, the redemptioner shall, in addition to the amount for which the property tax lien was sold, including penalties, interest, and costs, pay the subsequent taxes paid-by-the-purchaser assessed, with interest and penalty thereon, at the rate established for delinquent taxes in 15-16-1027-from-the-date-of-the-payment-of-the taxes,-penalties,-interest,-and-costs.
- (3) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN MAY ALSO BE REDEEMED FOR A
 PARTICULAR TAX YEAR BY A PARTIAL PAYMENT OF THAT TAX YEAR AS
 PROVIDED IN 15-16-102(5) IF:
- 19 (A) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN FOR THE YEAR IN WHICH THE
 20 PARTIAL PAYMENT IS MADE IS OWNED BY THE COUNTY; AND
- 21 (B) THE TAX DEED HAS NOT BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO
 22 15-18-211."
- 23 SECTION 5. SECTION 15-18-214, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 24 *15-18-214. Effect of deed. (1) A deed issued under 25 this chapter conveys to the grantee absolute title to the

- 1 property described therein as of the date of the expiration
- of the redemption period, free and clear of all liens and
- 3 encumbrances, except:
- 4 (a) when the claim is payable after the execution of
- 5 the deed and:
- 6 (i) a property tax lien attaches subsequent to the tax
- 7 sale; or
- 8 (ii) a lien of any special, rural, local improvement,
- 9 irrigation, or drainage assessment is levied against the
- 10 property;
- 11 (b) when the claim is an easement, servitude,
- 12 covenant, restriction, reservation, or similar burden
- 13 lawfully imposed on the property; or
- 14 (c) when an-interest-in the land is owned by the
- 15 United States, this state, or a subdivision of this state.
- 16 (2) Under the conditions described in subsection (1),
- 17 the deed is prima facie evidence of the right of possession
- 18 accrued as of the date of expiration of the period for
- 19 redemption or the date upon which a tax deed was otherwise
- 20 issued.*
- 21 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Extension of authority. Any
- 22 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 23 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 24 [this act].
- 25 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date. [This act] is

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effective on passage and approval.

-End-

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

March 31, 1989 Page 1 of 5

Mr. Speaker: We, the committee on <u>Taxation</u> report that <u>Senate</u>

<u>Bill 132</u> (second reading copy -- yellow) <u>be concurred in as</u>

<u>amended</u>.

Signed

Dan Harrington, Chairma

[REP. Schize WILL CARRY THIS BILL ON THE HOUSE FLOOR]

And, that such amendments read:

1. Title, line 5.
Following: "TAXES"

Insert: "AND THE SALE OF TAX-DEED LAND BY THE COUNTY; PROVIDING FOR SALE OTHER THAN BY AUCTION IF NO BID IS RECEIVED AT TWO SALES; LENGTHENING THE NOTIFICATION PERIOD; CHANGING WHEN PROOF OF NOTICE MUST BE FILED BY THE COUNTY CLERK AND COUNTY TREASURER"

2. Title, line 10. Following: "SECTIONS" Insert: "7-8-2301, 7-8-2304,"

3. Title, line 11. Following: "15-18-114," Insert: "15-18-212,"

4. Page 1, line 25.
Following: "tax lien,"
Insert: "revises the method by which county tax-deed land is sold, lengthens the notification period prior to issuing a tax deed, changes the time when proof of notice must be filed,"

5. Page 10.
Following: line 20
Insert: "Section 6. Section 7-8-2301, MCA, is amended to read:
 "7-8-2301. Auction sale of county tax-deed land. (1)
 Whenever the county chall acquire any acquires land by tax
 deed, it chall be is the duty of the board of county
 commissioners, within 6 months after acquiring title, to

make and enter an order for sale of such the lands at public auction at the front door of the courthouse.

(2) We A sale shall may not be made for a price less than the fair market value thereof of the land, as determined and fixed by the board prior to making the order of sale. In determining fair market value, the board shall subtract the amount of outstanding assessments that are a lien on the land from the unencumbered value of the land, but the minimum sale price for a parcel of land may not be less than \$10.

(3) If no bids are received at a sale of tax-deed land, the board shall order another auction sale of such the land under this part within 6 months and shall may, if required by the circumstances, redetermine the fair market value of the land under subsection (2).

(4) If no bid is received at the sale conducted under subsection (3), the board may dispose of the land as provided in 7-8-2218.

Section 7. Section 7-8-2304, MCA, is amended to read:
"7-8-2304. Terms for sale of tax-deed land. (1) Such A
sale chall must be made for cash or, in the case of real
property, on cuch terms as that the board of county
commissioners may approve approves.

(2) (a) If such the sale is made on terms, at least 20% of the purchase price shell must be paid in cash at the date of sale and the remainder may be paid in installments extending over a period not to exceed 5 years. All such deferred payments shall bear interest at the rate of 8% per annum.

(b) If a sale is made on terms, the chairman of the board shall execute a contract containing such the terms as shall be that are provided by a uniform contract prescribed approved by the department of revenue."

Section 8. Section 15-18-212, MCA, is amended to read: "15-18-212. Notice -- proof of notice -- penalty for failure to notify. (1) Not more than 60 days prior to and not more than 60 days following the expiration of the redemption period provided in 15-18-111, a notice must be given as follows:

(a) for each property for which there has been issued to the county a tax sale certificate or for which the county is otherwise listed as the purchaser or assignee, the county clerk shall notify all persons considered interested parties in the property and the current occupant of the property, if any, that a tax deed may be issued to the county unless the

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March 31, 1989 Page 3 of 5

property tax lien is redeemed prior to the expiration date of the redemption period; or

(b) for each property for which there has been issued a tax sale certificate to a purchaser other than the county or for which an assignment has been made, the purchaser or assignee, as appropriate, shall notify all persons considered interested parties in the property, if any, that a tax deed will be issued to the purchaser or assignee unless the property tax lien is redeemed prior to the

expiration date of the redemption period.

(2) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2) (b), if the county is the purchaser, no assignment has been made, and the board of county commissioners has not directed the county treasurer to issue a tax deed during the period described in subsection (1) but the board of county commissioners at a time subsequent to the period described in subsection (1) does direct the county treasurer to issue a tax deed, the county clerk must provide notification to all interested parties and the current occupant, if any, in the manner provided in subsection (1) (a). The notification required under this subsection must be made not less than 60 days or more than 98 120 days prior to the date on which the county treasurer will issue the tax deed.

(b) If the county commissioners direct the county treasurer to issue a tax deed within 6 months after giving the notice required by subsection (1)(a), no additional

notice need be given.

(3) (a) If a purchaser other than the county or an assignee fails or neglects to give notice as required by subsection (1) (b), which failure or neglect is evidenced by failure of the purchaser or assignee to file proof of notice with the county clerk as required in subsection (7), the county treasurer shall proceed to give notice in the manner provided in subsection (1) (a).

(b) Notice given under this subsection (3) must be given not less than 60 days or more than 90 120 days prior to the date on which the county treasurer will issue the tax

deed.

- (c) A purchaser or assignee who fails to give notice as required by subsection (1)(b), thereby forcing notification to be given under this subsection (3), must be charged a penalty of \$500 plus all actual costs of notification incurred by the county proceeding under this subsection (3).
- (4) The notice required under subsections (1) through (3) must be made by certified mail to each interested party and the current occupant, if any, of the property. The address to which the notice must be sent is, for each interested party, the address disclosed by the records in

the office of the county clerk and, for the occupant, the street address or other known address of the subject property.

- (5) In all cases in which the address of an interested party is not known, the person required to give notice shall, within the period described in subsection (1) or not less than 60 days or more than 90 120 days prior to the date upon which the county treasurer will otherwise issue a tax deed, whichever is appropriate, publish commence publishing once a week for 2 successive weeks, in the official newspaper of the county or such other newspaper as the board of county commissioners may by resolution designate, a notice containing the information contained in subsection (6), plus:
- (a) the name of the interested party for whom the address is unknown:

(b) a statement that the address of the interested party is unknown;

- (c) a statement that the published notice meets the legal requirements for notice of a pending tax deed issuance: and
- (d) a statement that the interested party's rights in the property may be in jeopardy.

(6) The notices required by subsections (1) through (3) and (5) must contain the following:

(a) a statement that a property tax lien exists on the property as a result of a property tax delinquency;

(b) a description of the property on which the taxes are or were delinquent, which description must be the same as the description of the property on the tax sale certificate or in the record described in 15-17-214(2)(b);

(c) the date that the property taxes became delinquent; (d) the date that the property tax lien attached as

the result of a tax sale;

- (e) the amount of taxes due, including penalties, interest, and costs, as of the date of the notice of pending tax deed issuance, which amount must include a separate listing of the delinquent taxes, penalties, interest, and costs that must be paid for the property tax lien to be liquidated:
 - (f) the name and address of the purchaser;
- (q) the name of the assignee if an assignment was made as provided in 15-17-323;
- (h) the date that the redemption period expires or expired;
- (i) a statement that if all taxes, penalties, interest, and costs are not paid to the county treasurer on or prior to the date on which the redemption period expires or on or prior to the date on which the county treasurer

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will otherwise issue a tax deed that a tax deed may be issued to the purchaser on the day following the date on which the redemption period expires or on the date on which the county treasurer will otherwise issue a tax deed; and

(j) the business address and telephone number of the county treasurer who is responsible for issuing the tax

- manner given must be filed by the county clerk, county treasurer, purchaser, or assignet, as appropriate, with the county clerk not less than 30 days following the mailing or publication of the notice. If the purchaser or assignee is other than the county, the proof of notice must be filed with the county clerk within 30 days of the mailing or publishing of the notice. If the purchaser or assignee is the county or if the county treasurer is required to give notice pursuant to subsection (3), the proof of notice must be filed before the issuance of the tax deed under this chapter. Once filed, the proof of notice is prima facile avidence of the sufficiency of the notice.
- (8) A county or any officer of a county may not be held liable for any error of notification. ***
 Renumber: subsequent sections

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT SENATE BILL 132 Representative Bert Guthrie

April 6, 1989 1:28 pm Page 1 of 3

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend SENATE BILL 132 (third reading copy -- blue).

Signed: S. A. M. Representative Bert Guthrie

And, that such amendments to SENATE BILL 132 read as follows:

1. Title, line 5.
Following: "TAXES;"
Insert: "REVISING THE PENALTY AND INTEREST CHARGED ON DELINQUENT TAXES:"

2. Title, line 10. Following: "SECTIONS" Insert: "15-16-101,"

3. Title, line 12. Following: "DATE" Insert: "AND AN APPLICABILITY PROVISIONS"

4. Page 3. Following: line 16 Insert: "Section 1

Insert: "Section 1. Section 15-16-101, MCA, is amended to read:
 "15-16-101. Treasurer to publish notice -- manner of
 publication. (1) Within 10 days after the receipt of the
 assessment book, the county treasurer must publish a notice
 specifying:

(a) that one-half of all taxes levied and assessed will be due and payable before 5 p.m. on November 30 next thereafter or within 30 days after the notice is postmarked and that unless paid prior to that time the amount then due will be delinquent and will draw interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% per month from and after such delinquency until paid and 2% will be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty provided in [section 3];

(b) that one-half of all taxes levied and assessed will be due and payable on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 next thereafter and that unless paid prior to that time the taxes will be delinquent and will draw interest at the rate of 5/6 of 18 per month from and after such delinquency until paid and 28 will be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty

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provided in (section 3); and

(c) the time and place at which payment of taxes may be made.

(2) He must send to the last-known address of each taxpayer written notice, postage prepaid, showing the amount of taxes and assessments due the current year and the amount due and delinquent for other years. The written notice shall include:

(a) the taxable value of the property;

(b) the total mill levy applied to that taxable value;

(c) the value of each mill in that county;

(d) itemized city services and special improvement district assessments collected by the county;

(e) the number of the school district in which the property is located; and

(f) the amount of the total tax due that is levied as city tax, county tax, state tax, school district tax, and other tax.

(3) The municipality shall, upon request of the county treasurer, provide the information to be included under subsection (2)(d) ready for mailing.

(4) The notice in every case must be published once a week for 2 weeks in a weekly or daily newspaper published in the county, if there is one, or if there is not, then by posting it in three public places. Failure to publish or post notices does not relieve the taxpayer from any of his liabilities. Any failure to give notice of the tax due for the current year or of delinquent tax will not affect the legality of the tax. ""

Renumber: subsequent sections

5. Page 4, lines 9 through 11.
Following: "rate" on line 9
Strike: "of" through "penalty" on line 11
Insert: "provided in [section 3]"

6. Page 4, lines 14 through 16. Following: "rate" on line 14 Strike: "of" through "penalty" on line 16 Insert: "provided in [section 3]"

7. Page 5. Following: line 5

Insert: "NEW SECTION. Section 3. Interest rate for delinquent property taxes. (1) (a) The county treasurer shall add to delinquent real and personal property taxes interest in an amount equal to 1/12 of the interest rate reported to him by the department as provided in subsection (2) for each month or part of a month that the tax is delinquent.

April 6, 1989 Page 3 of 3

October

8. Page 11. Following: line 1

Renumber: subsequent sections

Insert: "NEW SECTION, Section 10. Special applicability. The
 provisions in [sections 1 through 3] regarding the changes
 in interest on delinquent taxes apply:

(1) to real and personal property taxes that become due on or after November 30, 1989, and that remain unpaid on or after November 30, 1989; and

(2) retroactively, within the meaning of 1-2-109, to real and personal property taxes that became due prior to November 30, 1989, and that remain unpaid on or after November 30, 1989."

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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
5	COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES AND THE SALE OF
6	TAX-DEED LAND BY THE COUNTY; PROVIDING FOR SALE OTHER THAN
7	BY AUCTION IF NO BID IS RECEIVED AT TWO SALES; LENGTHENING
8	THE NOTIFICATION PERIOD; CHANGING WHEN PROOF OF NOTICE MUST
9	BE FILED BY THE COUNTY CLERK AND COUNTY TREASURER; REVISING
0	THE PENALTY AND INTEREST CHARGED ON DELINQUENT TAXES;
1	ALLOWING THE PAYMENT OF CURRENT YEAR TAXES WITHOUT THE
2	PAYMENT OF DELINQUENT TAXES; DEFINING THE TERM "COST" FOR
3	PURPOSES OF TITLE 15, CHAPTERS 17 AND 18; REVISING THE
4	AMOUNT TO BE PAID BY REDEMPTION; REVISING THE DISTRIBUTION
5	OF REDEMPTION PROCEEDS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-8-2301,
6	7-8-2304, 15-16-101, 15-16-102, 15-17-121, 15-18-112, ANE
.7	15-18-114, 15-18-212, AND 15-18-214, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
8	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY PROVISIONS."
9	ind interest the same
20	STATEMENT OF INTENT
	<u> </u>
21	A statement of intent is not required for this bill but
22	is included to make clear that the purpose of this bill is
23	to clarify the provisions of Senate Bill No. 162 (Chapter
24	587, Laws of 1987), relating to partial payments of

delinquent property taxes and to the procedures governing

SENATE BILL NO. 132

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1 the sale of property for delinquent taxes. 2 In addition, this bill defines the term "costs", 3 clarifies how redemption proceeds are distributed, requires a person who redeems property to pay the taxes and other charges that have been assessed since the date of the sale 5 6 of the tax lien, REVISES THE METHOD BY WHICH COUNTY TAX-DEED LAND IS SOLD, LENGTHENS THE NOTIFICATION PERIOD PRIOR TO ISSUING A TAX DEED, CHANGES THE TIME WHEN PROOF OF NOTICE MUST BE FILED, and clarifies the effect of the tax deed. 10 In 1987, the legislature enacted 15-16-102(5) 11 authorizing the partial payment of delinquent property 12 taxes. The attorney general in 42 Attorney General Opinion 13 opined, however, that a partial payment made pursuant to 14 15-16-102(5) does not toll the redemption period. In order 15 to redeem the property, the attorney general stated that the 16 taxpayer had to pay all of the delinquent taxes, including 17 penalty and interest, plus all subsequently assessed taxes. 18 The intent of this bill is to reverse the attorney 19 general's opinion. It is the intent of the legislature that 20 each tax year for which property taxes are delinquent has a 21 separate 36- or 18-month redemption period. If a partial 22 payment is made for a particular tax year, a tax deed may 23 not be issued based on that tax year because the taxes for 24 that year have been paid.

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For example, assume that the 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987,

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and 1988 property taxes are delinquent. Assume further that
a 36-month redemption period applies to the property on
which the taxes have not been paid. In February 1989, the
current year, as that term is used in 15-16-102(5), is the
1988 tax year for which taxes are due on November 20, 1988,
and May 31, 1989. The 36-month redemption period has expired
for 1984, and it will expire for the 1985 taxes in the
summer of 1989. This bill contemplates that a taxpayer may
pay his 1988 taxes, even though the first half is
delinquent. After the 1988 taxes are paid, the taxpayer may
redeem the property for the 1984 tax year by paying the 1984
taxes.

The taxpayer may still lose his property unless he pays his 1985 taxes before the tax deed is issued. Because the current year and the most delinquent year are paid, the taxpayer may redeem the property for the 1985 tax year by paying the 1985 taxes.

In 1990, the taxpayer would have to pay the 1989 taxes before he could pay the 1986 taxes to redeem the property for the 1986 tax year. Following this pattern, the taxpayer would be current on all taxes after 3 years.

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22 As used in this statement of intent, taxes include 23 penalty, interest, and costs.

25 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

SECTION 1. SECTION 15-16-101, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"15-16-101. Treasurer to publish notice -- manner of
publication. (1) Within 10 days after the receipt of the
assessment book, the county treasurer must publish a notice
specifying:

- (a) that one-half of all taxes levied and assessed will be due and payable before 5 p.m. on November 30 next thereafter or within 30 days after the notice is postmarked and that unless paid prior to that time the amount then due will be delinquent and will draw interest at the rate of-5/6 of-1%-per-month-from-and-after-such-delinquency-untri--paid and--2%--will--be-added-to-the-delinquent-taxes-as-a-penalty provided in [section 3];
- (b) that one-half of all taxes levied and assessed will be due and payable on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 next thereafter and that unless paid prior to that time the taxes will be delinquent and will draw interest at the rate of-5/6 of-1%-per-month-from-and-after-such-delinquency-until--paid and-2%--will--be-added-to-the-delinquent-taxes as-a-penalty provided in [section_3]; and
- 21 (c) the time and place at which payment of taxes may 22 be made.
 - (2) He must send to the last-known address of each taxpayer written notice, postage prepaid, showing the amount of taxes and assessments due the current year and the amount

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1	due and delinquent	for other	years.	The	written	notice	shall
2	include:						

- (a) the taxable value of the property;
- (b) the total mill levy applied to that taxable value;
- (c) the value of each mill in that county;

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- (d) itemized city services and special improvement
- district assessments collected by the county;
 - (e) the number of the school district in which the property is located; and
- 10 (f) the amount of the total tax due that is levied as
 11 city tax, county tax, state tax, school district tax, and
 12 other tax.
 - (3) The municipality shall, upon request of the county treasurer, provide the information to be included under subsection (2)(d) ready for mailing.
 - (4) The notice in every case must be published once a week for 2 weeks in a weekly or daily newspaper published in the county, if there is one, or if there is not, then by posting it in three public places. Failure to publish or post notices does not relieve the taxpayer from any of his liabilities. Any failure to give notice of the tax due for the current year or of delinquent tax will not affect the legality of the tax."
- SECTION 2. SECTION 15-16-102, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

 "15-16-102. Time for payment -- penalty for

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delinquency. All taxes levied and assessed in the state of Montana, except assessments made for special improvements in cities and towns payable under 15-16-103 and assessments made on interim production and new production as provided in Title 15, chapter 23, part 6, and payable under 15-16-121,

shall be payable as follows:

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- 7 (1) One-half of the amount of such taxes shall be
 8 payable on or before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or
 9 within 30 days after the tax notice is postmarked, whichever
 10 is later, and one-half on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 of each
 11 year.
- 12 (2) Unless one-half of such taxes are paid on or
 13 before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or within 30 days
 14 after the tax notice is postmarked, whichever is later, then
 15 such amount so payable shall become delinquent and shall
 16 draw interest at the rate of-5/6-of-1%-per--month--from--and
 17 after--such--delinquency-until-paid-and-2%-shall-be-added-to
 18 the-delinquent-taxes-as-a-penalty PROVIDED IN [SECTION 3].
 - (3) All taxes due and not paid on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 of each year shall be delinquent and shall draw interest at the rate of-5/6-of-1%-per-month-from-and-after such-delinquency-until-paid-and-2%-shall--be--added--to--the delinquent-taxes-as-a-penalty PROVIDED IN [SECTION 3].
- 24 (4) If the date on which taxes are due falls on a 25 holiday or Saturday, taxes may be paid without penalty or

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- interest on or before 5 p.m. of the next business day in accordance with 1-1-307.
- 3 (5) If-the-taxes-become-delinquent, the A taxpayer may
 4 pay his current year taxes without paying delinquent taxes.
 5 The county treasurer may must accept a partial payment equal
 6 to the delinquent taxes, including penalty and interest, for
 7 one or more full taxable years, provided both halves of the
 8 current tax year have been paid. Payment of delinquent taxes
 9 must be applied to the taxes that have been delinquent the
- longest. The payment of the current tax year is not a

 redemption of the property tax lien for any delinquent tax
- 12 <u>year.</u>"

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- NEW SECTION. SECTION 3. INTEREST RATE FOR DELINQUENT

 PROPERTY TAXES. (1) (A) THE COUNTY TREASURER SHALL ADD TO

 DELINQUENT REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES INTEREST IN AN

 AMOUNT EQUAL TO 1/12 OF THE INTEREST RATE REPORTED TO HIM BY

 THE DEPARTMENT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2) FOR EACH MONTH

 OR PART OF A MONTH THAT THE TAX IS DELINQUENT.
- 19 (B) THE MOST RECENT RATE OF INTEREST REPORTED TO THE
 20 COUNTY TREASURER MUST BE APPLIED TO ALL DELINQUENT PROPERTY
 21 TAYES DECARDINES OF THE DATE OF DELINQUENCY
- TAXES, REGARDLESS OF THE DATE OF DELINQUENCY.

 (2) NO LATER THAN NOVEMBER 1 IN EACH YEAR, THE

 DEPARTMENT SHALL NOTIFY EACH COUNTY TREASURER OF THE RATE OF

 INTEREST TO BE CHARGED ON DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES. THE

 RATE OF INTEREST THAT THE DEPARTMENT MUST REPORT IS TWO

- PERCENTAGE POINTS ABOVE THE PRIME RATE OF MAJOR NEW YORK
- 2 BANKS AS PUBLISHED IN THE WALL STREET JOURNAL ON OCTOBER 15
- 3 OF THE TAXABLE YEAR, OR THE FIRST DAY OF PUBLICATION
- 4 FOLLOWING OCTOBER 15 IF THE PRIME RATE OR THE WALL STREET
- 5 JOURNAL IS NOT PUBLISHED ON OCTOBER 15.
- 6 Section 4. Section 15-17-121, MCA, is amended to read:
- 7 "15-17-121. Definitions. Except as otherwise
- 8 specifically provided, when terms mentioned in Title 15,
- 9 chapters 17 and 18, are used in connection with taxation,
- 10 they are defined in the following manner:
- 11 (1) "Certificate" or "tax sale certificate" means the
- 12 document described in 15-17-212.
- 13 (2) (a) "Cost" means the cost incurred by the county
- 14 as a result of a taxpayer's failure to pay taxes when due.
- 15 It includes but is not limited to any actual out-of-pocket
- 16 expenses incurred by the county plus the administrative cost
- 17 of:

- (i) preparing the list of delinquent taxes;
- (ii) preparing the notice of pending tax sale;
- 20 (iii) conducting the tax sale;
- 21 (iv) assigning the county's interest in a tax lien to a
- 22 third party;
- (v) identifying interested persons entitled to notice
- 24 of the pending issuance of a tax deed;
- 25 (vi) notifying interested persons;

1	(vii) issuing the tax deed; and
2	(viii) any other administrative task associated with
3	accounting for or collecting delinquent taxes.
4	(b) Cost does not include the costs incurred by the
5	owner of a property tax lien other than the county.
6	(2)(3) "County" means any county government and
7	includes those classified as consolidated governments.
8	(3) "Property tax lien" means a lien acquired by
9	the payment at a tax sale of all outstanding delinquent
10	taxes, including penalties, interest, and costs.
11	(4) "Purchaser" means any person, other than the
12	person to whom the property is assessed, who pays at the tax
13	sale the delinquent taxes, including penalties, interest,
14	and costs, and receives a certificate representing a lien on
15	the property or who is otherwise listed as the purchaser.
16	An assignee is a purchaser.
17	+5+(6) "Tax", "taxes", or "property taxes" means all
18	ad valorem property taxes, property assessments, fees
19	related to property, and assessments for special improvement
20	districts and rural special improvement districts.
21	<pre>+6†(7) "Tax sale" means:</pre>
22	(a) with respect to real property and improvements,

1	(b) with respect to personal property, the offering
2	for sale by the county treasurer of personal property on
3	which the taxes are delinquent or other personal property on
4	which the delinquent taxes are a lien."
5	Section 5. Section 15-18-114, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"15-18-114. Distribution of redemption proceeds. (1)
7	When a property tax lien for which the county is listed as
8	purchaser is redeemed, the money received from the
9	redemption, including penalties and interest but not costs,
10	must be distributed to the credit of the various funds to
11	which the taxes would have originally been distributed and
12	in the same proportion as the taxes would have originally
13	been distributed.
14	(2) (a) When a property tax lien for which the
15	recorded purchaser is other than the county is redeemed, the
16	money-received-from-the-redemption;-including-penaltiesand
17	interestbutmotcosts;mustbedistributed the county
18	treasurer shall distribute to the person listed as the

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the offering for sale by the county treasurer of a property

tax lien representing delinquent taxes, including penalties,

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interest, and costs; and

purchaser on the tax sale certificate and in the record kept by the county treasurer the amount the purchaser paid the

county for the property tax lien plus any subsequent amount

paid pursuant to 15-18-112 plus interest, as specified in

15-16-102, from the date of payment until the date of

redemption. Any money remaining after distributing

redemption proceeds to the purchaser other than the county

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must	be	dis	tri	buted	pursuant	to	subsection	(1)	٠.

- (b) (i) The distribution must be made by certified mail by the county treasurer to the purchaser at the address listed on the tax sale certificate as provided in 15-17-212(1)(e).
- (ii) If the money distributed to the purchaser is returned unopened to the county treasurer, the treasurer shall publish once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in the official newspaper of the county a notice stating that:
- (A) the county treasurer is in possession of money belonging to the purchaser for the redemption of the delinquency on the property named in the tax sale certificate;
 - (B) the money will be held by the county treasurer for a period of 1 year from the date of publication; and
 - (C) if the money is not claimed by the purchaser within the 1-year period, the purchaser relinquishes all claim to the money and the money will be credited to the county general fund.
- (3) The publication required in subsection (2)(b)(ii) must be made at least annually, but the 1-year period described in subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B) may not begin until the date of publication.
- 24 (4) The county treasurer shall keep an accurate 25 account of all money paid in redemption, including a

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separate accounting of other delinquent taxes, interest,
penalties, and costs, and when and to whom distributed."

Section 6. Section 15-18-112, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-18-112. Redemption from property tax lien. (1) in

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3), IN all cases where a property tax lien has been acquired, the purchaser may pay the subsequent taxes assessed against the property.

- (2) Upon the redemption of the property from the property tax lien, the redemptioner shall, in addition to the amount for which the property tax lien was sold, including penalties, interest, and costs, pay the subsequent taxes paid-by-the-purchaser assessed, with interest and penalty thereon, at the rate established for delinquent taxes in 15-16-102,-from-the-date--of--the-payment--of--the taxes,-penalties,-interest,-and-costs.
- (3) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN MAY ALSO BE REDEEMED FOR A

 PARTICULAR TAX YEAR BY A PARTIAL PAYMENT OF THAT TAX YEAR AS

 PROVIDED IN 15-16-102(5) IF:
- 19 (A) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN FOR THE YEAR IN WHICH THE
 20 PARTIAL PAYMENT IS MADE IS OWNED BY THE COUNTY; AND
- 21 (B) THE TAX DEED HAS NOT BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO
 22 15-18-211."
- 23 SECTION 7. SECTION 15-18-214, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 24 "15-18-214. Effect of deed. (1) A deed issued under 25 this chapter conveys to the grantee absolute title to the

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1	pro	perty	described t	herein as	of	the d	date of	the	expira	tion
2	of	the	redemption	period,	free	and	clear	of a	ll liens	and
3	enc	umbra	nces, except	. :						

- (a) when the claim is payable after the execution of the deed and:
- (i) a property tax lien attaches subsequent to the taxsale; or

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- (ii) a lien of any special, rural, local improvement, irrigation, or drainage assessment is levied against the property;
- (b) when the claim is an easement, servitude, covenant, restriction, reservation, or similar burden lawfully imposed on the property; or
- 14 (c) when an-interest-in the land is owned by the
 15 United States, this state, or a subdivision of this state.
 - (2) Under the conditions described in subsection (1), the deed is prima facie evidence of the right of possession accrued as of the date of expiration of the period for redemption or the date upon which a tax deed was otherwise issued."
- SECTION 8. SECTION 7-8-2301, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

 "7-8-2301. Auction sale of county tax-deed land. (1)

 Whenever the county shall-acquire-any acquires land by tax

 deed, it shall-be is the duty of the board of county

 commissioners, within 6 months after acquiring title, to

make and enter an order for sale of such the lands at public auction at the front door of the courthouse.

- than the fair market value thereof of the land, as determined and fixed by the board prior to making the order of sale. In determining fair market value, the board shall subtract the amount of outstanding assessments that are a lien on the land from the unencumbered value of the land, but the minimum sale price for a parcel of land may not be less than \$10.
- 11 (3) If no bids are received at a sale of rax-deed
 12 land, the board shall order another auction sale of such the
 13 land under this part within 6 months and shall may, if
 14 required by the circumstances, redetermine the fair market
 15 value of the land under subsection (2).
- 16 (4) If no bid is received at the sale conducted under
 17 subsection (3), the board may dispose of the land as
 18 provided in 7-8-2218."
- SECTION 9. SECTION 7-8-2304, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

 "7-8-2304. Terms for sale of tax-deed land. (1) Such A

 sale shall must be made for cash or, in the case of real

 property, on such terms as that the board of county

 commissioners may-approve approves.

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(2) (a) If such the sale is made on terms, at least 20% of the purchase price shall must be paid in cash at the erant to be a utilized by a supplication of the first of

date of sale and the remainder may be paid in installments extending over a period not to exceed 5 years. All such deferred payments shall bear interest at the rate of 8% per annum.

(b) If a sale is made on terms, the chairman of the board shall execute a contract containing such the terms as shall-be that are provided by a uniform contract prescribed approved by the department of revenue."

SECTION 10. SECTION 15-18-212, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"15-18-212. Notice -- proof of notice -- penalty for failure to notify. (1) Not more than 60 days prior to and not more than 60 days following the expiration of the redemption period provided in 15-18-111, a notice must be given as follows:

- (a) for each property for which there has been issued to the county a tax sale certificate or for which the county is otherwise listed as the purchaser or assignee, the county clerk shall notify all persons considered interested parties in the property and the current occupant of the property, if any, that a tax deed may be issued to the county unless the property tax lien is redeemed prior to the expiration date of the redemption period; or
- (b) for each property for which there has been issued a tax sale certificate to a purchaser other than the county

or for which an assignment has been made, the purchaser or assignee, as appropriate, shall notify all persons considered interested parties in the property, if any, that a tax deed will be issued to the purchaser or assignee unless the property tax lien is redeemed prior to the expiration date of the redemption period.

- (2) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b), if the county is the purchaser, no assignment has been made, and the board of county commissioners has not directed the county treasurer to issue a tax deed during the period described in subsection (1) but the board of county commissioners at a time subsequent to the period described in subsection (1) does direct the county treasurer to issue a tax deed, the county clerk must provide notification to all interested parties and the current occupant, if any, in the manner provided in subsection (1)(a). The notification required under this subsection must be made not less than 60 days or more than 90 120 days prior to the date on which the county treasurer will issue the tax deed.
- (b) If the county commissioners direct the county treasurer to issue a tax deed within 6 months after giving the notice required by subsection (1)(a), no additional notice need be given.
 - (3) (a) If a purchaser other than the county or an assignee fails or neglects to give notice as required by

(6), plus:

- subsection (1)(b), which failure or neglect is evidenced by
 failure of the purchaser or assignee to file proof of notice
 with the county clerk as required in subsection (7), the
 county treasurer shall proceed to give notice in the manner
 provided in subsection (1)(a).
 - (b) Notice given under this subsection (3) must be given not less than 60 days or more than 90 120 days prior to the date on which the county treasurer will issue the tax deed.

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- (c) A purchaser or assignee who fails to give notice as required by subsection (1)(b), thereby forcing notification to be given under this subsection (3), must be charged a penalty of \$500 plus all actual costs of notification incurred by the county proceeding under this subsection (3).
- (4) The notice required under subsections (1) through (3) must be made by certified mail to each interested party and the current occupant, if any, of the property. The address to which the notice must be sent is, for each interested party, the address disclosed by the records in the office of the county clerk and, for the occupant, the street address or other known address of the subject property.
- 24 (5) In all cases in which the address of an interested
 25 party is not known, the person required to give notice

shall, within the period described in subsection (1) or not less than 60 days or more than 90 120 days prior to the date upon which the county treasurer will otherwise issue a tax deed, whichever is appropriate, publish commence publishing once a week for 2 successive weeks, in the official newspaper of the county or such other newspaper as the board of county commissioners may by resolution designate, a

notice containing the information contained in subsection

- 10 (a) the name of the interested party for whom the 11 address is unknown:
- 12 (b) a statement that the address of the interested 13 party is unknown:
- 14 (c) a statement that the published notice meets the 15 legal requirements for notice of a pending tax deed 16 issuance; and
- 17 (d) a statement that the interested party's rights in 18 the property may be in jeopardy.
- 19 (6) The notices required by subsections (1) through 20 (3) and (5) must contain the following:
- (a) a statement that a property tax lien exists on theproperty as a result of a property tax delinquency;
- 23 (b) a description of the property on which the taxes 24 are or were delinquent, which description must be the same 25 as the description of the property on the tax sale

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- certificate or in the record described in 15-17-214(2)(b);
- 2 (c) the date that the property taxes became
 3 delinquent;
- 4 (d) the date that the property tax lien attached as
 5 the result of a tax sale:
 - (e) the amount of taxes due, including penalties, interest, and costs, as of the date of the notice of pending tax deed issuance, which amount must include a separate listing of the delinquent taxes, penalties, interest, and costs that must be paid for the property tax lien to be liquidated;
- (f) the name and address of the purchaser;
- 13 (g) the name of the assignee if an assignment was made
 14 as provided in 15-17-323;
- 15 (h) the date that the redemption period expires or
 16 expired;
 - (i) a statement that if all taxes, penalties, interest, and costs are not paid to the county treasurer on or prior to the date on which the redemption period expires or on or prior to the date on which the county treasurer will otherwise issue a tax deed that a tax deed may be issued to the purchaser on the day following the date on which the redemption period expires or on the date on which the county treasurer will otherwise issue a tax deed; and
- 25 (j) the business address and telephone number of the

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- county treasurer who is responsible for issuing the tax
 deed.
- 3 (7) In-all--cases, -- proof Proof of notice in whatever manner given must be filed by--the--county--clerky--county treasurer; -- purchaser; -or-assignee; -as-appropriate; with the 5 6 county clerk not-less-than-30-days-following-the-mailing--or 7 publication -- of -- the -notice. If the purchaser or assignee is other than the county, the proof of notice must be filed 9 with the county clerk within 30 days of the mailing or publishing of the notice. If the purchaser or assignee is 10 11 the county or if the county treasurer is required to give 12 notice pursuant to subsection (3), the proof of notice must 13 be filed before the issuance of the tax deed under this 14 chapter. Once filed, the proof of notice is prima facie 15 evidence of the sufficiency of the notice.
- 16 (8) A county or any officer of a county may not be
 17 held liable for any error of notification."
- NEW SECTION. Section 11. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. [This act]
 is effective on passage and approval.
- 24 NEW SECTION. SECTION 13. SPECIAL APPLICABILITY. THE
 25 PROVISIONS IN [SECTIONS 1 THROUGH 3] REGARDING THE CHANGES

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-	IN INTEREST ON DELINQUENT TAXES APPLY:
2	(1) TO REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES THAT BECOME
3	DUE ON OR AFTER NOVEMBER 30, 1989, AND THAT REMAIN UNPAID ON
1	OR AFTER NOVEMBER 30, 1989; AND
5	(2) RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN THE MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO
5	REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES THAT BECAME DUE PRIOR TO
7	NOVEMBER 30, 1989, AND THAT REMAIN UNPAID ON OR AFTER

-End-

NOVEMBER 30, 1989.

Conference Committee Report on SB 132 Report No. 1, April 18, 1989 page 1 of 2

Mr President and Mr. Speaker:

We, your Conference Committee on SB 132 met and considered:

The House Committee on Taxation amendments to SB 132 (third reading copy -- blue) dated March 31, 1989; and

The House Committee of the Whole amendments to SB 132 (third reading copy -- blue) offered by Rep. Guthrie and dated April 6, 1989.

We recommend that:

The House Taxation committee amendments be accepted;

The House Committee of the Whole amendments offered by Rep. Guthrie be rejected; and

that SB 132 (reference copy -- salmon) be amended as follows:

- Title, lines 9 and 10.
 Following: "TREASURER;" on line 9
 Strike: remainder of line 9 through "TAXES;" on line 10
- Title, line 16.
 Strike: "15-16-101,"
- 3. Title, line 18. Strike: "AND APPLICABILTY PROVISIONS"
- 4. Page 4, line 1 through page 5, line 23. Strike: section 1 in its entirety Renumber: subsequent section
- 5. Page 6, lines 18 and 23.
 Strike: "PROVIDED IN [SECTION 3]"
 Insert: "of 5/6 of 1% per month from and after such delinquency until paid and 2% shall be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty"

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, SB 132 April 18, 1989 page 2 of 2

6. Page 7, line 13 through page 8, line 5. Strike: section 3 in its entirety Renumber: subsequent sections

7. Page 20, line 24 through page 21, line 8. Strike: section 13 in its entirety

And that this Conference Committee Report be adopted.

FOR THE SENATE

FOR THE HOUSE

Sen Hager, Chairman

__//u

Ball

Rep. Guthrie

ADOPT

REJECT

SB 132

ccsb132.418

continued

ccsb132.418

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2	INTRODUCED BY MAZUREK
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
5	COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES AND THE SALE OF
6	TAX-DEED LAND BY THE COUNTY; PROVIDING FOR SALE OTHER THAN
7	BY AUCTION IF NO BID IS RECEIVED AT TWO SALES; LENGTHENING
8	THE NOTIFICATION PERIOD; CHANGING WHEN PROOF OF NOTICE MUST
9	BE FILED BY THE COUNTY CLERK AND COUNTY TREASURER; REVISING
10	THEPENALTYANDINTERESTCHARGEDONDELINQUENTTAXES;
11	ALLOWING THE PAYMENT OF CURRENT YEAR TAXES WITHOUT THE
12	PAYMENT OF DELINQUENT TAXES; DEFINING THE TERM "COST" FOR
13	PURPOSES OF TITLE 15, CHAPTERS 17 AND 18; REVISING THE
14	AMOUNT TO BE PAID BY REDEMPTION; REVISING THE DISTRIBUTION
15	OF REDEMPTION PROCEEDS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-8-2301,
16	$7-8-2304$, $\pm 5-16-101$, $15-16-102$, $15-17-121$, $15-18-112$, AND
17	15-18-114, 15-18-212, AND 15-18-214, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
18	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND-APPLICABILITY-PROVISIONS."
19	
20	STATEMENT OF INTENT
21	A statement of intent is not required for this bill but
22	is included to make clear that the purpose of this bill is
23	to clarify the provisions of Senate Bill No. 162 (Chapter
24	587, Laws of 1987), relating to partial payments of

delinquent property taxes and to the procedures governing

Montana Legislative Council

SENATE BILL NO. 132

the sale of property for delinquent taxes. 2 In addition, this bill defines the term "costs", 3 clarifies how redemption proceeds are distributed, requires a person who redeems property to pay the taxes and other charges that have been assessed since the date of the sale 6 of the tax lien, REVISES THE METHOD BY WHICH COUNTY TAX-DEED LAND IS SOLD, LENGTHENS THE NOTIFICATION PERIOD PRIOR TO ISSUING A TAX DEED, CHANGES THE TIME WHEN PROOF OF NOTICE 9 MUST BE FILED, and clarifies the effect of the tax deed. 10 In 1987. legislature enacted 15-16-102(5) authorizing the partial payment of delinquent property 11 taxes. The attorney general in 42 Attorney General Opinion 12 opined, however, that a partial payment made pursuant to 13 15-16-102(5) does not toll the redemption period. In order to redeem the property, the attorney general stated that the 15 taxpayer had to pay all of the delinquent taxes, including 16 penalty and interest, plus all subsequently assessed taxes. 17 The intent of this bill is to reverse the attorney 18

25 For example, assume that the 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987,

general's opinion. It is the intent of the legislature that

each tax year for which property taxes are delinquent has a separate 36- or 18-month redemption period. If a partial

payment is made for a particular tax year, a tax deed may not be issued based on that tax year because the taxes for

-2-

that year have been paid.

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23 24 SB 0132/04

Ţ	and 1988 property taxes are delinquent. Assume further that
2	a 36-month redemption period applies to the property on
3	which the taxes have not been paid. In February 1989, the
4	current year, as that term is used in 15-16-102(5), is the
5	1988 tax year for which taxes are due on November 20, 1988,
6	and May 31, 1989. The 36-month redemption period has expired
7	for 1984, and it will expire for the 1985 taxes in the
8	summer of 1989. This bill contemplates that a taxpayer may
9	pay his 1988 taxes, even though the first half is
10	delinquent. After the 1988 taxes are paid, the taxpayer may
11	redeem the property for the 1984 tax year by paying the 1984
12	taxes.

The taxpayer may still lose his property unless he pays his 1985 taxes before the tax deed is issued. Because the current year and the most delinquent year are paid, the taxpayer may redeem the property for the 1985 tax year by paying the 1985 taxes.

In 1990, the taxpayer would have to pay the 1989 taxes before he could pay the 1986 taxes to redeem the property for the 1986 tax year. Following this pattern, the taxpayer would be current on all taxes after 3 years.

As used in this statement of intent, taxes include penalty, interest, and costs.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

L	SECTION 1 SECTION-15-16-101, MCA, IS-AMENDED-TO-READ
2	#15-16-101:Treasurertopublish-noticemanner-of
3	publication(1)-Within-10-days-after-thereceiptofthe
1	assessmentbook;-the-county-treasurer-must-publish-a-notice
5	specifying:

(a)--that-one-half-of-all--taxes--levied--and--assessed will--be--due--and-payable-before-5-p-m--on-November-38-next thereafter-or-within-30-days-after-the-notice-is--postmarked and--that-unless-paid-prior-to-that-time-the-amount-then-due will-be-delinquent-and-will-draw-interest-at-the-rate-of-5/6 of-1%-per-month-from-and-after-such-delinquency--until--paid and--2%--will--be-added-to-the-delinquent-taxes-as-a-penalty provided-in-{section-3};

tb)--that-one-half-of-all--taxes--levied--and--assessed will--be--due-and-payable-on-or-before-5-p-m--on-May-3l-next thereafter-and-that-unless-paid-prior-to-that-time-the-taxes will-be-delinquent-and-will-draw-interest-at-the-rate-of-5/6 of-l%-per-month-from-and-after-such-delinquency--until--paid and--2%--will--be-added-to-the-delinquent-taxes-as-a-penalty provided-in-{section-3};-and

fc}--the-time-and-place-at-which-payment-of--taxes--may
be-made-

(2)--He--must--send--to--the-last-known-address-of-each taxpayer-written-notice;-postage-prepaid;-showing-the-amount of-taxes-and-assessments-due-the-current-year-and-the-amount

_	age-and-derriquent for other years, the written hotice sharr
2	include:
3	<pre>(a)the-taxable-value-of-the-property;</pre>
4	<pre>fb)the-total-mill-levy-applied-to-that-taxable-value;</pre>
5	(c)the-value-of-each-mill-in-that-county;
6	<pre>fd)itemized-cityservicesandspecialimprovement</pre>
7	district-assessments-collected-by-the-county;
8	te;thenumberoftheschool-district-in-which-the
9	property-is-located;-and
10	(f)the-amount-of-the-total-tax-due-that-is-leviedas
11	citytax;countytax;-state-tax;-school-district-tax;-and
12	other-tax.
13	(3)The-municipality-shall,-upon-request-of-the-county
14	treasurer,-provide-theinformationtobeincludedunder
15	subsection-(2)(d)-ready-for-mailing-
16	(4)Thenotice-in-every-case-must-be-published-once-a
17	week-for-2-weeks-in-a-weekly-or-daily-newspaper-published-in
18	the-county;-if-there-is-one;-or-if-thereisnot;thenby
19	postingitinthree-public-placesPailure-to-publish-or
20	post-notices-does-not-relieve-the-taxpayer-from-anyofhis
21	liabilitiesAnyfailure-to-give-notice-of-the-tax-due-for
22	the-current-year-or-of-delinquent-tax-willnotaffectthe
23	legality-of-the-tax-"
24	SECTION 1. SECTION 15-16-102, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
25	"15-16-102. Time for payment penalty for

-5-

- delinquency. All taxes levied and assessed in the state of
 Montana, except assessments made for special improvements in
 cities and towns payable under 15-16-103 and assessments
 made on interim production and new production as provided in
 Title 15, chapter 23, part 6, and payable under 15-16-121,
 shall be payable as follows:
 - (1) One-half of the amount of such taxes shall be payable on or before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or within 30 days after the tax notice is postmarked, whichever is later, and one-half on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 of each year.
 - (2) Unless one-half of such taxes are paid on or before 5 p.m. on November 30 of each year or within 30 days after the tax notice is postmarked, whichever is later, then such amount so payable shall become delinquent and shall draw interest at the rate of-5/6-of-l%-per--month--from--and after--such--delinquency-until-paid-and-2%-shall-be-added-to the-delinquent-taxes-as-a-penalty PROVIDED-IN-{SECTION-3} OF 5/6 OF 1% PER MONTH FROM AND AFTER SUCH DELINQUENCY UNTIL PAID AND 2% SHALL BE ADDED TO THE DELINQUENT TAXES AS A PENALTY.
 - (3) All taxes due and not paid on or before 5 p.m. on May 31 of each year shall be delinquent and shall draw interest at the rate of-5/6-of-1%-per-month-from--and--after such--delinquency--until--paid--and-2%-shall-be-added-to-the

1	delinquent-taxes-as-a-penalty PROVIDED-IN-{SECTION-3} OF 5/6
2	OF 1% PER MONTH FROM AND AFTER SUCH DELINQUENCY UNTIL PAID
3	AND 2% SHALL BE ADDED TO THE DELINQUENT TAXES AS A PENALTY.
4	(4) If the date on which taxes are due falls on a
5	holiday or Saturday, taxes may be paid without penalty or
6	interest on or before 5 p.m. of the next business day in
7	accordance with 1-1-307.
8	(5) If-the-taxes-become-delinquenty-the A taxpayer may
9	pay his current year taxes without paying delinquent taxes.
10	The county treasurer may must accept a partial payment equal
11	to the delinquent taxes, including penalty and interest, for
12	one or more full taxable years, provided both halves of the
13	current tax year have been paid. Payment of delinquent taxes
14	must be applied to the taxes that have been delinquent the
15	longest. The payment of the current tax year is not a
16	redemption of the property tax lien for any delinquent tax
17	year."
18	NEW-SECTION SECTION 3 INTEREST-RATE-PORDELINQUENT
19	PROPERTYTAXES(1)-(A)-THE-COUNTY-TREASURER-SHALL-ADD-TO
20	BBbinguent-reab-and-personab-property-taxes-interestinan
21	AMOUNT-EQUAL-TO-1/12-OF-THE-INTEREST-RATE-REPORTED-TO-HIM-BY
22	THEDEPARTMENT-AS-PROVIDED-IN-SUBSECTION-(2)-POR-EACH-MONTH

OR-PART-OF-A-MONTH-THAT-THE-TAX-IS-DELINQUENT:

(B)--THE-MOST-RECENT-RATE-OP-INTEREST-REPORTED--TO--THE

COUNTY--TREASURER-MUST-BE-APPLIED-TO-ALL-BELINQUENT-PROPERTY

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	PAKES; -REGARBLESS-OF-THE-DATE-OF-DELINQUENCY.
<u> </u>	+2)NOBATERTHANNOVEMBER1-INEACHYEAR,THE
3	DEPARTMENT-SHALL-NOTIPY-EACH-GOUNTY-TREASURER-OF-THE-RATE-OF
1	INTERESTTOBECHARGEDON-DELINGUENT-PROPERTY-TAXESTHE
5	RATE-OP-INTEREST-THAT-THEBEPARTMENTMUSTREPORTISTWO
5	PERCENTAGEPOINTSABOVETHEPRIME-RATE-OF-MAJOR-NEW-YORK
7	BANKS-AS-PUBLISHED-IN-THE-WALL-STREET-JOURNAL-ON-OCTOBER1
8	OPTHETAXABLEYEAR;ORTHEPIRSTDAYOP-PUBLICATIO
9	POLLOWING-OCTOBER-15-IP-THE-PRIME-RATE-OR-THE-WALL-STREE
0	JOURNAL-IS-NOT-PUBLISHED-ON-OCTOBER-15-
1	Section 2. Section 15-17-121, MCA, is amended to read
2	*15-17-121. Definitions. Except as otherwis
3	specifically provided, when terms mentioned in Title 15
4	chapters 17 and 18, are used in connection with taxation
5	they are defined in the following manner:
6	(1) "Certificate" or "tax sale certificate" means th
7	document described in 15-17-212.
8	(2) (a) "Cost" means the cost incurred by the count
9	as a result of a taxpayer's failure to pay taxes when due
0	It includes but is not limited to any actual out-of-pocke
1	expenses incurred by the county plus the administrative cos
2	of:
23	(i) preparing the list of delinquent taxes;
24	(ii) preparing the notice of pending tax sale;
25	(iii) conducting the tax sale;

1	(iv) assigning the county's interest in a tax lien to a
2	third party;
3	(v) identifying interested persons entitled to notice
4	of the pending issuance of a tax deed;
5	<pre>(vi) notifying interested persons;</pre>
6	(vii) issuing the tax deed; and
7	(viii) any other administrative task associated with
8	accounting for or collecting delinquent taxes.
9	(b) Cost does not include the costs incurred by the
10	owner of a property tax lien other than the county.
11	(2)(3) "County" means any county government and
12	includes those classified as consolidated governments.
13	(3)(4) "Property tax lien" means a lien acquired by
14	the payment at a tax sale of all outstanding delinquent
15	taxes, including penalties, interest, and costs.
16	(4)(5) "Purchaser" means any person, other than the
17	person to whom the property is assessed, who pays at the tax
18	sale the delinquent taxes, including penalties, interest,
19	and costs, and receives a certificate representing a lien or
20	the property or who is otherwise listed as the purchaser.
21	An assignee is a purchaser.
22	(6) "Tax", "taxes", or "property taxes" means all
23	ad valorem property taxes, property assessments, fees
24	related to property, and assessments for special improvement
25	districts and rural special improvement districts.

:	(a)	with	respect	to	real p	roperty	and imp	provement	s
	the offer	ring fo	r sale by	the	county	treasu	rer of a	a proper	t
	tax lien	repres	enting de	linqu	ent ta	xes, in	cluding	penaltie	s
,	interest	, and c	osts; and						

+6+(7) "Tax sale" means:

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- (b) with respect to personal property, the offering for sale by the county treasurer of personal property on which the taxes are delinquent or other personal property on which the delinquent taxes are a lien."
- 10 Section 3. Section 15-18-114, MCA, is amended to read: "15-18-114. Distribution of redemption proceeds. (1) 11 When a property tax lien for which the county is listed as 12 13 purchaser is redeemed, the money received from the 14 redemption, including penalties and interest but not costs, must be distributed to the credit of the various funds to 15 which the taxes would have originally been distributed and 16 in the same proportion as the taxes would have originally 17 18 heen distributed.
 - (2) (a) When a property tax lien for which the recorded purchaser is other than the county is redeemed, the money-received-from-the-redemption; including-penalties and interest-but-not-costs; must-be-distributed the county treasurer shall distribute to the person listed as the purchaser on the tax sale certificate and in the record kept by the county treasurer the amount the purchaser paid the

- county for the property tax lien plus any subsequent amount
- 2 paid pursuant to 15-18-112 plus interest, as specified in
- 3 15-16-102, from the date of payment until the date of
- redemption. Any money remaining after distributing
- 5 redemption proceeds to the purchaser other than the county
 - must be distributed pursuant to subsection (1).
- 7 (b) (i) The distribution must be made by certified
- 8 mail by the county treasurer to the purchaser at the address
- 9 listed on the tax sale certificate as provided in
- 10 15-17-212(1)(e).

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- 11 (ii) If the money distributed to the purchaser is
- 12 returned unopened to the county treasurer, the treasurer
- 13 shall publish once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in the
 - official newspaper of the county a notice stating that:
- 15 (A) the county treasurer is in possession of money
- 16 belonging to the purchaser for the redemption of the
- 17 delinquency on the property named in the tax sale
- 18 certificate:
- 19 (B) the money will be held by the county treasurer for
- 20 a period of 1 year from the date of publication; and
- 21 (C) if the money is not claimed by the purchaser
- 22 within the 1-year period, the purchaser relinquishes all
- 23 claim to the money and the money will be credited to the
- 24 county general fund.
- 25 (3) The publication required in subsection (2)(b)(ii)

- l must be made at least annually, but the l-year period
- described in subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B) may not begin until
- the date of publication.

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- 4 (4) The county treasurer shall keep an accurate
- 5 account of all money paid in redemption, including a
 - separate accounting of other delinquent taxes, interest,
 - penalties, and costs, and when and to whom distributed."
 - Section 4. Section 15-18-112, MCA, is amended to read:
- 9 "15-18-112. Redemption from property tax lien. (1) in
- 10 EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3), IN all cases where a
- ll property tax lien has been acquired, the purchaser may pay
- 12 the subsequent taxes assessed against the property.
- 13 (2) Upon the redemption of the property from the
- 14 property tax lien, the redemptioner shall, in addition to
- 15 the amount for which the property tax lien was sold,
- 16 including penalties, interest, and costs, pay the subsequent
- 17 taxes paid--by--the--purchaser assessed, with interest and
- 18 penalty thereon, at the rate established for delinquent
- 19 taxes in 15-16-1027--from--the--date-of-the-payment-of-the
- 20 taxes; penalties; interest; and costs.
- 21 (3) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN MAY ALSO BE REDEEMED FOR A
- 22 PARTICULAR TAX YEAR BY A PARTIAL PAYMENT OF THAT TAX YEAR AS
- 23 PROVIDED IN 15-16-102(5) IF:
- 24 (A) THE PROPERTY TAX LIEN FOR THE YEAR IN WHICH THE
- 25 PARTIAL PAYMENT IS MADE IS OWNED BY THE COUNTY; AND

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l.	(B) THE TAX	DEED H	AS NOT	BEEN	ISSUED	PURSUANT	TO
2	15-18-211."						
3	SECTION 5.	SECTION	15-18-2	14, MCA	, IS AN	MENDED TO	READ:

*15-18-214. Effect of deed. (1) A deed issued under this chapter conveys to the grantee absolute title to the property described therein as of the date of the expiration 7 of the redemption period, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, except: 8

- (a) when the claim is payable after the execution of 9 10 the deed and:
- (i) a property tax lien attaches subsequent to the tax 11 12 sale: or
- (ii) a lien of any special, rural, local improvement, 13 irrigation, or drainage assessment is levied against the 14 15 property;
- (b) when the claim is an easement, 16 covenant, restriction, reservation, or similar burden 17 lawfully imposed on the property; or 18
- (c) when an-interest-in the land is owned by the 19 United States, this state, or a subdivision of this state. 20
- (2) Under the conditions described in subsection (1), 21 the deed is prima facie evidence of the right of possession 22 accrued as of the date of expiration of the period for 23 redemption or the date upon which a tax deed was otherwise 24 issued." 25

SECTION 6. SECTION 7-8-2301, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 1 "7-8-2301. Auction sale of county tax-deed land. (1) 2

Whenever the county shatt-acquire-any acquires land by tax

deed, it shall--be is the duty of the board of county

commissioners, within 6 months after acquiring title, to 5 make and enter an order for sale of such the lands at public

auction at the front door of the courthouse.

- (2) No A sale shall may not be made for a price less than the fair market value thereof of the land, determined and fixed by the board prior to making the order of sale. In determining fair market value, the board shall subtract the amount of outstanding assessments that are a lien on the land from the unencumbered value of the land, but the minimum sale price for a parcel of land may not be less than \$10.
- 16 (3) If no bids are received at a sale of tax-deed land, the board shall order another auction sale of such the 17 land under this part within 6 months and shall may, if 18 required by the circumstances, redetermine the fair market 19 20 value of the land under subsection (2).
- 21 (4) If no bid is received at the sale conducted under subsection (3), the board may dispose of the land as 22 provided in 7-8-2218." 23

SECTION 7. SECTION 7-8-2304, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

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"7-8-2304. Terms for sale of tax-deed land. (1) Such A 25

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sale shall must be made for cash or, in the case of real property, on such terms as that the board of county commissioners may-approve approves.

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- (2) (a) If such the sale is made on terms, at least 20% of the purchase price shall must be paid in cash at the date of sale and the remainder may be paid in installments extending over a period not to exceed 5 years. All such deferred payments shall bear interest at the rate of 8% per annum.
- (b) If a sale is made on terms, the chairman of the board shall execute a contract containing such the terms as shall—be that are provided by a uniform contract prescribed approved by the department of revenue."

SECTION 8. SECTION 15-18-212, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

- #15-18-212. Notice -- proof of notice -- penalty for failure to notify. (1) Not more than 60 days prior to and not more than 60 days following the expiration of the redemption period provided in 15-18-111, a notice must be given as follows:
- (a) for each property for which there has been issued to the county a tax sale certificate or for which the county is otherwise listed as the purchaser or assignee, the county clerk shall notify all persons considered interested parties in the property and the current occupant of the property, if any, that a tax deed may be issued to the county unless the

property tax lien is redeemed prior to the expiration date of the redemption period; or

- (b) for each property for which there has been issued a tax sale certificate to a purchaser other than the county or for which an assignment has been made, the purchaser or assignee, as appropriate, shall notify all persons considered interested parties in the property, if any, that a tax deed will be issued to the purchaser or assignee unless the property tax lien is redeemed prior to the expiration date of the redemption period.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b), if 11 12 the county is the purchaser, no assignment has been made, 13 and the board of county commissioners has not directed the 14 county treasurer to issue a tax deed during the period described in subsection (1) but the board of county 15 16 commissioners at a time subsequent to the period described in subsection (1) does direct the county treasurer to issue 17 18 a tax deed, the county clerk must provide notification to 19 all interested parties and the current occupant, if any, in 20 the manner provided in subsection (1)(a). The notification 21 required under this subsection must be made not less than 60 22 days or more than 90 120 days prior to the date on which the 23 county treasurer will issue the tax deed.
 - (b) If the county commissioners direct the county treasurer to issue a tax deed within 6 months after giving

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the notice required by subsection (1)(a), no additional
notice need be given.

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- (3) (a) If a purchaser other than the county or an assignee fails or neglects to give notice as required by subsection (1)(b), which failure or neglect is evidenced by failure of the purchaser or assignee to file proof of notice with the county clerk as required in subsection (7), the county treasurer shall proceed to give notice in the manner provided in subsection (1)(a).
- (b) Notice given under this subsection (3) must be given not less than 60 days or more than 90 120 days prior to the date on which the county treasurer will issue the tax deed.
- (c) A purchaser or assignee who fails to give notice as required by subsection (1)(b), thereby forcing notification to be given under this subsection (3), must be charged a penalty of \$500 plus all actual costs of notification incurred by the county proceeding under this subsection (3).
- (4) The notice required under subsections (1) through (3) must be made by certified mail to each interested party and the current occupant, if any, of the property. The address to which the notice must be sent is, for each interested party, the address disclosed by the records in the office of the county clerk and, for the occupant, the

- street address or other known address of the subject
 property.
- 3 (5) In all cases in which the address of an interested party is not known, the person required to give notice shall, within the period described in subsection (1) or not less than 60 days or more than 90 120 days prior to the date upon which the county treasurer will otherwise issue a tax 7 B deed, whichever is appropriate, publish commence publishing 9 once a week for 2 successive weeks, in the official newspaper of the county or such other newspaper as the board 10 11 of county commissioners may by resolution designate, a 12 notice containing the information contained in subsection 13 (6), plus:
- 14 (a) the name of the interested party for whom the 15 address is unknown;
- 16 (b) a statement that the address of the interested
 17 party is unknown;
- 18 (c) a statement that the published notice meets the
 19 legal requirements for notice of a pending tax deed
 20 issuance; and
- 21 (d) a statement that the interested party's rights in 22 the property may be in jeopardy.
- (6) The notices required by subsections (1) through(3) and (5) must contain the following:
- 25 (a) a statement that a property tax lien exists on the

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property as a result of a property tax delinquency;

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- 2 (b) a description of the property on which the taxes
 3 are or were delinquent, which description must be the same
 4 as the description of the property on the tax sale
 5 certificate or in the record described in 15-17-214(2)(b);
- 6 (c) the date that the property taxes became 7 delinquent:
- 8 (d) the date that the property tax lien attached as
 9 the result of a tax sale;
 - (e) the amount of taxes due, including penalties, interest, and costs, as of the date of the notice of pending tax deed issuance, which amount must include a separate listing of the delinquent taxes, penalties, interest, and costs that must be paid for the property tax lien to be liquidated;
 - (f) the name and address of the purchaser;
- 17 (g) the name of the assignee if an assignment was made
 18 as provided in 15-17-323;
- 19 (h) the date that the redemption period expires or 20 expired;
 - (i) a statement that if all taxes, penalties, interest, and costs are not paid to the county treasurer on or prior to the date on which the redemption period expires or on or prior to the date on which the county treasurer will otherwise issue a tax deed that a tax deed may be

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- issued to the purchaser on the day following the date on which the redemption period expires or on the date on which the county treasurer will otherwise issue a tax deed; and
 - (j) the business address and telephone number of the county treasurer who is responsible for issuing the tax deed.
 - manner given must be filed by—the—county—clerk,—county treasurer,—purchaser,—or—assignee,—as—appropriate, with the county clerk not—less—than—30—days—following—the—mailing—or publication—of—the—notice. If the purchaser or assignee is other than the county, the proof of notice must be filed with the county clerk within 30 days of the mailing or publishing of the notice. If the purchaser or assignee is the county or if the county treasurer is required to give notice pursuant to subsection (3), the proof of notice must be filed before the issuance of the tax deed under this chapter. Once filed, the proof of notice is prima facie evidence of the sufficiency of the notice.
- 20 (8) A county or any officer of a county may not be 21 held liable for any error of notification."
- NEW SECTION. Section 9. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].

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1	NEW SECTION. Section 10. Effective date. [This act]
2	is effective on passage and approval.
3	NEW-SECTION SECTION-13 SPECIAL-APPLICABILITY THE
4	PROVISIONSIN{SECTIONS-1-THROUGH-3}-REGARDING-THE-CHANGES
5	IN-INTEREST-ON-DELINQUENT-TAKES-APPLY:
6	+1)TO-REAL-AND-PERSONAL-PROPERTYTAXESTHATBECOME
7	BUE-ON-OR-AFTER-NOVEMBER-307-19897-AND-THAT-REMAIN-UNPAID-ON
8	OR-APTER-NOVEMBER-30,-1989;-AND
9	12)RETROACTIVELY,WITHINTHE-MEANING-OF-1-2-109,-TO
10	REAL-AND-PERSONAL-PROPERTY-TAXES-THAT-BECAMEDUEPRIORTO
11	NOVEMBER30719897ANDTHATREMAINUNPAIDON-OR-AFTER
12	NOVEMBER-307-1989:

-End-