HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8

INTRODUCED BY D. BROWN, QUILICI, HARRINGTON, PAVLOVICH, WALKER, WESTLAKE, IVERSON, DEMARS, PATTERSON, KASTEN, ELLISON, PHILLIPS, DRISCOLL, DAILY, STRIZICH, KOEHNKE, NISBET, JACOBSON, BRADLEY, LYNCH, STIMATZ

IN THE HOUSE

JANUARY 17, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.
JANUARY 18, 1989	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 1, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 2, 1989	PRINTING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 3, 1989	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
FEBRUARY 4, 1989	ENGROSSING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 6, 1989	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 89; NOES, 8.
	TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.
IN	THE SENATE
FEBRUARY 7, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.
	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 15, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 1, 1989	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
MARCH 3, 1989	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 42; NOES, 6.
	RETURNED TO HOUSE.

IN THE HOUSE

MARCH 4, 1989

RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

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taxation: and

person in 1987; and

LC 0606/01

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SENATE AND THE تك مصطلور STATE OF MONTANA EXPRESSING 6 OPPOSITION TO FEDERAL EXCISE TAX RATE INCREASES ON BEER 7 WINE, CIGARETTES, GASOLINE, AND DISTILLED SPIRITS. 8 9 WHEREAS. the United States Congressional Joint 10 Committee on Taxation has developed a set of policy options 11 in response to the Congressional budget resolution calling 12 for federal tax rate increases over the next 3 years; and 13 WHEREAS, these policy options have identified the 14 following excise tax rate increases as one potential source 15 of federal tax increases: 16 (1) beer, 49 cents per six-pack; 17 (2) wine, 52 cents per bottle; 18 (3) cigarettes, 16 cents per pack; 19 (4) gasoline, 5 cents per gallon; and 20 (5) distilled spirits, \$2.50 per proof gallon; and 21 WHEREAS, federal excise taxation is regressive

WHEREAS, Montana ranks 47th in the nation in personal

income, with an average personal income of \$15,568 per

WHEREAS, increases in regressive federal excise tax rates will therefore place a greater burden on individuals in the state of Montana in comparison to individuals in the majority of other states; and

WHEREAS, beer, wine, cigarettes, gasoline, and distilled spirits are relatively price-inelastic, and increasing federal excise tax rates on these products can be expected to result in a decline in product sales; and

WHEREAS, the Montana Revenue Estimating Advisory Council estimates product sales declines over the next 2 years in cigarettes (6 million packs, or 9%), liquor (down 14%), and wine (down 400,000 liters) that do not include losses due to federal excise tax rate increases; and

WHEREAS, a decline in these product sales will adversely affect the state of Montana's excise tax revenues, resulting in a potential loss of \$3.68 million in revenue that the Senate and House of Representatives will have to raise elsewhere; and

whereas, a \$2.385 million loss in state revenue from gasoline excise taxes would translate into a 2.83% reduction in revenue available to the highway fund, and a \$1.037 million loss in state revenue from cigarette excise taxes would reduce debt service revenue by 9.09%; and

WHEREAS, the Montana Revenue Estimating Advisory

Council projects a decline in state revenues, and Montana

1	cannot	afford	further	loss	of	existing	revenue

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- NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE

 OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
- That the Senate and the House of Representatives of the State of Montana express their opposition to the United States Congressional Joint Committee on Taxation's option of increasing federal excise tax rates on beer, wine,
- 9 cigarettes, gasoline, and distilled spirits.
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution
 be sent by the Secretary of State to each member of the
 Montana Congressional Delegation and to the Chairman of the
 United States Congressional Joint Committee on Taxation.

-End-

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

TOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. AND THE MONTANA EXPRESSING STATE OF 5 OPPOSITION TO FEDERAL EXCISE TAX RATE INCREASES ON BEER 6 WINE, CIGARETTES, GASOLINE, AND DISTILLED SPIRITS. 7 8 the United States Congressional Joint WHEREAS, 9 Committee on Taxation has developed a set of policy options 10 in response to the Congressional budget resolution calling 11 for federal tax rate increases over the next 3 years; and 12 WHEREAS, these policy options have identified the 13 following excise tax rate increases as one potential source 14 of federal tax increases: 15 beer, 49 cents per six-pack; 16 wine, 52 cents per bottle; 17 cigarettes, 16 cents per pack; (3) 18 gasoline, 5 cents per gallon; and 19 (4) (5) distilled spirits, \$2.50 per proof gallon; and 20 WHEREAS, federal excise taxation is regressive 21 taxation; and 22 WHEREAS, Montana ranks 47th in the nation in personal 23 income, with an average personal income of \$15,568 per 24 person in 1987; and 25

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WHEREAS, increases in regressive federal excise tax rates will therefore place a greater burden on individuals in the state of Montana in comparison to individuals in the majority of other states; and WHEREAS, beer. wine, cigarettes, gasoline. distilled spirits are relatively price-inelastic, and increasing federal excise tax rates on these products can be expected to result in a decline in product sales; and WHEREAS, the Montana Revenue Estimating Advisory Council estimates product sales declines over the next 2 years in cigarettes (6 million packs, or 9%), liquor (down 14%), and wine (down 400,000 liters) that do not include losses due to federal excise tax rate increases; and WHEREAS, a decline in these product sales will adversely affect the state of Montana's excise tax revenues, resulting in a potential loss of \$3.68 million in revenue that the Senate and House of Representatives will have to raise elsewhere; and WHEREAS, a \$2.385 million loss in state revenue from gasoline excise taxes would translate into a 2.83% reduction in revenue available to the highway fund, and a \$1.037 million loss in state revenue from cigarette excise taxes

WHEREAS, the Montana Revenue Estimating Advisory

Council projects a decline in state revenues, and Montana

SECOND READING HJR A

LC 0606/01

1	cannot afford further loss of existing revenue.
2	
3	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE
4	OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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6	State of Montana express their opposition to the United
7	States Congressional Joint Committee on Taxation's option of
8	increasing federal excise tax rates on beer, wine,
9	cigarettes, gasoline, and distilled spirits.
10	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution
11	be sent by the Secretary of State to each member of the

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-End-

United States Congressional Joint Committee on Taxation.

Montana Congressional Delegation and to the Chairman of the

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person in 1987; and

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9	WHEREAS, the United States Congressional Joint
LO	Committee on Taxation has developed a set of policy options
11	in response to the Congressional budget resolution calling
12	for federal tax rate increases over the next 3 years; and
13	WHEREAS, these policy options have identified the
14	following excise tax rate increases as one potential source
15	of federal tax increases:
16	beer, 49 cents per six-pack;
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20	(5) distilled spirits, \$2.50 per proof gallon; and
21	WHEREAS, federal excise taxation is regressive
22	taxation; and
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24	income, with an average personal income of \$15,568 per

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LC 0606/01

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 6 State of Montana express their opposition to the United
- 7 States Congressional Joint Committee on Taxation's option of
- 8 increasing federal excise tax rates on beer, wine,
- 9 cigarettes, gasoline, and distilled spirits.
- 10 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution
- 11 be sent by the Secretary of State to each member of the
- 12 Montana Congressional Delegation and to the Chairman of the
- 13 United States Congressional Joint Committee on Taxation.

-End-

HJR 0008/02 HJR 0008/02 51st Legislature

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person in 1987; and

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2	INTRODUCED BY D. BROWN, QUILICI, HARRINGTON, PAVLOVICH,
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17	following excise tax rate increases as one potential source
18	of federal tax increases:
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22	(4) gasoline, 5 cents per gallon; and
23	(5) distilled spirits, \$2.50 per proof gallon; and
24	WHEREAS, federal excise taxation is regressive
25	taxation; and

7	majority of other states; and
8	WHEREAS, beer, wine, cigarettes, gasoline, and
9	distilled spirits are relatively price-inelastic, and
10	increasing federal excise tax rates on these products can be
11	expected to result in a decline in product sales; and
12	WHEREAS, the Montana Revenue Estimating Advisory
13	Council estimates product sales declines over the next 2
14	years in cigarettes (6 million packs, or 9%), liquor (down
15	14%), and wine (down 400,000 liters) that do not include
16	losses due to federal excise tax rate increases; and
17	WHEREAS, a decline in these product sales will
18	adversely affect the state of Montana's excise tax revenues,
19	resulting in a potential loss of \$3.68 million in revenue
20	that the Senate and House of Representatives will have to
21	raise elsewhere; and
22	WHEREAS, a \$2.385 million loss in state revenue from
23	gasoline excise taxes would translate into a 2.83% reduction
24	in revenue available to the highway fund, and a \$1.037
25	million loss in state revenue from cigarette excise taxes



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HJR 0008/02

-	would reduce debt service revenue by 9.09%, and
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3	Council projects a decline in state revenues, and Montana
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-End-