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HOUSE BILL 627
Introduced by Simon, et al.
2/09 Introduced
2/10 Referred to Business & Economic
Development
2/14 Fiscal Note Requested
2/16
2/20
2/22
3/20
Hearing
Fiscal Note Received
Fiscal Note Printed
Tabled in Committee
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be it enacted by the legislature of the state of montana:
NEW SECTION. Section 1. Package store 1icenge. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), an applicant who meets the requirements of this title must be issued a license to purchase liquor from the state liquor facilities and to sell liquor and beer at retail for off-premises consumption only. The license is a package store license.
(2) Except as provided in [section 43], a license may
not be issued under this section until January $1,1992$.
Section 2. Section $2-17-101$, MCA, is amended to read:
"2-17-101. Allocation of space. (1) The department of administration shall periodically survey the needs of state agencies other than the university system and shall assign space in state buildings to such agencies. No state agency shall lease, rent, or purchase property for quarters without prior approval of the department.
(2) (a) The location of the chambers for the house of representatives shall be determined in the sole discretion of the house of representatives. The location of the chambers of the senate shall be determined in the sole discretion of the senate.
(b) The department of administration, with the advice of the capitol building and planning committee, shall allocate other space for the use of the legislature, including but not limited to space for committee rooms and legislative offices.
(3) For state agencies located in a city other than Helena, the department of administration shall consolidate the offices of these agencies in a single, central location within the city whenever such consolidation would result in a cost savings to the state while permitting sufficient space and facilities for the agencies. The department may purchase, lease, or acquire, by exchange or otherwise, land


#### Abstract

and buildings in the city to achieve consolidation. state retait-íiquor-stores-and-łiquer-retoit-ageneies-are-exempted from-such-consotidation:"


Section 3. Section 2-18-203, MCA, is amended to read:
"2-18-203. Review of positions -- change in classification. (1) The department shall continuously review all positions on a regular basis and adjust classifications to reflect significant changes in duties and responsibilities. In the event adjustments are to be made to the classification specifications or criteria utilized for allocating positions in the classification specifications affecting employees within a bargaining unit, the department shall consult with the representative of the bargaining unit prior to implementation of the adjustments, except for blue-collary and teachers;---And---tiquor---store---ełerks classification plans, which shall remain mandatory negotiable items under the Collective Bargaining Act
(2) Employees and employee organizations will be given the opportunity to appeal the allocation or reallocation of a position to a class. The grade assigned to a class is not an appealable subject under 2-18-1011 through 2-18-1013.
(3) The period of time for which retroactive pay for a classification appeal may be awarded under parts 1 through 3 of this chapter or under 2-18-1011 through 2-18-1013 may not extend beyond 30 days prior to the date the appeal was
filed. This provision shall not affect a classification or position appeal already in process on April 26, 1977."

Section 4. Section 2-18-301, MCA, is amended to read:
n2-18-301. Purpose and intent of part -- rules. (1) The purpose of this part is to provide the compensation necessary to attract and retain competent and qualified employees in order to perform the services the state is required to provide to its citizens.
(2) It is the intent of the legislature that, for the biennium ending June 30,1989 , the:
(a) pay schedules provided for in 2-18-312, through 2-18-313, and 2-18-315 supersede any other plan or systems established through collective bargaining after the adjournment of the 50th legislature;
(b) pay levels provided for in 2-18-312, through 2-18-313, and 2-18-315 may not be increased through collective bargaining after adjournment of the 50th legislature; and
(c) total funds required to implement the pay schedules provided for in 2-18-312, through 2-18-313, and 2-18-315 for any employee group or bargaining unit may not be increased through collective bargaining over the amount appropriated by the 50th legislature.
(3) The department shall administer the pay program established by the legislature on the basis of merit,
internal equity, and competitiveness to external labor markets when fiscally able.
(4) The department may promulgate rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this part, collective bargaining statutes, or negotiated contracts to carry out the purpases of this part."

Section 5. Section 2-18-303, MCA, is amended to read:
"2-18-303. Procedures for utilizing pay schedule. (1) The pay schedule provided in 2-18-312 shall be implemented as follows:
(a) The pay schedule provided in 2-18-312 indicates the annual compensation for the fiscal years ending June $\mathbf{3 0}$, 1988, and June 30, 1989, for each grade and step for positions classified under the provisions of part 2 of this chapter.
(b) Each new employee shall advance from step 1 to step 2 of a grade after successfully completing 6 months of probationary service. The anniversary date of an employee shall be established at the end of the probationary period in accordance with rules promulgated by the department.
(c) (i) The compensation of each employee on the first day of the first pay period in fiscal year 1988 shall be that amount which corresponds to the grade and step occupied on the last day of the preceding fiscal year of 1987.
(ii) The compensation of each employee on the first day
of the first pay period in fiscal year 1989 shall be that amount which corresponds ta the grade and step occupied on the last day of the fiscal year 1988.
(2) The pay schedule provided in 2-18-312 and the provisions of subsection (1) of this section do not apply to those institutional teachersi-łiquor-store--oeeupationsf-or and blue-collar occupations compensated under the pay schedules provided in 2-18-3137-z-78-3447-or and 2-18-315.
(3) The pay schedules provided in 2-18-3137-z-78-3+47 or and 2-18-315 shall be implemented as follows:
(a) (i) The pay schedules provided for in 2-18-313 indicate the annual compensation for the contracted schoal term for teachers employed by institutions under the authority of the department of institutions or the department of family services for fiscal years 1988 and 1989.
(ii) The compensation of each teacher on the first day of the first pay period in July 1987 shall be that amount which corresponds to his level of academic achievement and the step occupied on June $30,1987$.
(iii) The compensation of each teacher on the first day of the first pay period in July 1988 shall be that amount which corresponds to his level of achievement and the step occupied on June 30, 1987.
tbt--tif-Yhe-pay-schedute-provided-in-z-t日-3t4-indieates
covering the biennium ending June $30,1989$.
(ii) In the event that negotiation and ratification of a completely integrated collective bargaining agreement as required by subsection (4)(a)(i) of this section are not completed by July 1,1987 , retroactivity to that date may be negotiated.
(iii) In the event that negotiation and ratification of a completely integrated collective bargaining agreement as required by subsection (4)(a)(i) of this section are not completed by July 1, 1987, members of the bargaining unit involved will continue to receive the compensation they were receiving as of June $30,1987$.
(b) Methods of administration not inconsistent with the purpose of this part and necessary to properly implement the pay schedules provided in 2-18-312, through 2-18-313, and 2-18-315 may be provided for in collective bargaining agreements.
(5) The current wage or salary of an employee shall not be reduced by the implementation of the pay schedules provided for in 2-18-312, through 2-18-313, and 2-18-315.
(6) The department may authorize a separate pay schedule for medical doctors if the rates provided in 2-18-312 are not sufficient to attract and retain fully licensed and qualified physicians at the state institutions.
(7) The department may develop programs which will
 store-oceupations-who-have-cotłectivety--bargained--separate ełassification-and-pay-płans-
fitt-The--compensation-of-each-emptoyee-on-the-first-day of-the-first-pay-period-in-figeat-year-i98B-or-土989;-as--the case--may-bef-shałz-be-that-amount-whieh-eorresponds-to-that grade-oeeupied-on-the-tast-day-of-the-preceding-fiscat-year:
tet(b) (i) The pay schedule provided in 2-18-315 indicates the maximum hourly compensation for fiscal years ending June 30,1988 , and June 30 , 1989, for employees in apprentice trades and crafts and other blue-collar occupations recognized in the state blue-collar classification plan who are members of units that have collectively bargained separate classification and pay plans.
(ii) The compensation of each employee on the first day of the first pay period in fiscal year 1988 or 1989 , as the case may be, shall be that amount which corresponds to that grade occupied on the last day of the preceding fiscal year.
(4) (a) (i) No member of a bargaining unit may receive the amounts indicated in the respective pay schedules provided in 2-18-312, through 2-18-313, and 2-18-315 until the bargaining unit of which he is a member ratifies a completely integrated collective bargaining agreement
enable the department to mitigate problems associated with difficult recruitment, retention, transfer, or other exceptional circumstances. Insofar as the program may apply to employees within a collective bargaining unit, it shall be a negotiable subject under 39-31-305."

Section 6. Section 2-18-304, MCA, is amended to read:
"2-18-304. Longevity allowance. (1) In addition to the compensation provided for in 2-18-312, 2-18-313, z-78-3447, or 2-18-315, each employee who has completed 5 years of uninterrupted state service shall receive the larger of $\$ 10$ a month or $10 \%$ of the difference between the base compensation for his grade and step (where applicable) and the base compensation for the next highest grade and corresponding step (where applicable) multiplied by the number of completed, contiguous 5-year periods of uninterrupted state service. Service to the state is not interrupted by authorized leaves of absence.
(2) (a) For the purpose of determining years of service under this section, an employee must be credited with 1 year of service for each period of:
(i) 2,080 hours of service following his date of employment; an employee must be credited with 80 hours of service for each biweekly pay period in which he is in a pay status or on an authorized leave of absence without pay, regardless of the number of hours of service in the pay
period; or
(ii) 12 uninterrupted calendar months following his date of employment in which he was in a pay status or on an authorized leave of absence without pay, regardless of the number of hours of service in any one month. An employee of a school at a state institution or the university system must be credited with 1 year of service if he is employed for an entire academic year.
(b) State agencies, other than the university system and a school at a state institution, shall use the method provided in subsection (2)(a)(i) to calculate years of service under this section."

Section 7. Section $2-18-305, M C A$, is amended to read:
"2-18-305. Allocation between wages and group benefits.
(1) The dollar amounts shown in the respective pay schedules provided in 2-18-312, 2-18-313, z-18-3士4; or 2-18-315, as the case may be, represent the maximum amount allocated by the state for wages and group benefits, exclusive of longevity as defined in 2-18-304. Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, that amount specifically allocated for group benefits shall be determined by 2-18-703. An employee who elects not to be covered by a state employee group benetit plan will receive as wages the amount shown in the appropriate pay schedule less the state contribution for group benefits as determined by 2-18-703.
（2）Employees may，through collective bargaining， determine the allocation of the amounts shown in the pay schedules provided in 2－18－312，2－18－313，z－ł8－3士4；or 2－18－315，as the case may be，between wages and group benefits，except that in no case may the group benefits allocation be less than the amounts provided in 2－18－703．＂
Section 8．Section 16－1－103，MCA，is amended to read：
＝16－1－103．Policy as to retail sale of liquor．It is the policy of the state that it is necessary to farther regulate and control the sale and distribution of alcoholic beverages within the state and to ensure the entire control of the sale of liquor in the department of revenue．It is advisable and necessaryf－in－addition－to－the－operation－of－the state－¥iquor－stores－now－provided－by－fawf that the department be empowered and authorized to grant licenses to persons qualified under this code to sell liquor purchased by them at the state $\ddagger$ iquor－stores warehouse at retait the posted price in accordance with this code and under rules promulgated by the department and under its strict supervision and control and to provide severe penalty for the sale of liquor except by－and－in－state－tiquor－stores－and by persons licensed under this code．The restrictions， regulations，and provisions contained in this code are enacted by the legislature for the protection，health， welfare，and safety of the people of the state．＂

Section 9．Section 16－1－105，MCA，is amended to read：
＂16－1－105．Divisions of code．This code is divided into six chapters．Chapter 1 relates to the authority of the department of revenue to administer this code and the powers and functions of the department．Chapter 2 relates to the estabitshment－of－state－stores－and－the－keeping－and－setiting－of tiquors price of liquor．Chapter 3 relates to the control of liquor，wine，and beer．Chapter 4 relates to license administration．Chapter 5，now repealed，related to identification cards．Chapter 6 relates to enforcement．＂

Section 10．Section 16－1－106，MCA，is amended to read：
＂16－1－106．Definitions．As used in this code，the following definitions apply：

トモナー－＂Ageney－－agreement＂－－means－an－agreement－between－the department－and－a－person－appointed－to－sełt－íquor－and－－tabłe wine－as－a－commission－merchant－rather－than－as－an－empzoyee－
$t z+(1)$＂Alcohol＂means ethyl alcohol，also called ethanol，or the hydrated oxide of ethyl．
$\boldsymbol{f}^{\ni+(2)}$＂Alcoholic beverage＂means a compound produced and sold for human consumption as a drink that contains more than $.5 \%$ of alcohol by volume．
f4t（3）＂Beer＂means a malt beverage containing not more than 7\％of alcohol by weight．
＋5†（4）＂Beer importer＂means a person other than a brewer who imports malt beverages．
+6t(5) "Brewer" means a person who produces malt beverages.
$\boldsymbol{7 + ( 6 )}$ "Department" means the department of revenue.
+8+(7) "Immediate family" means a spouse, dependent children, or dependent parents.
t9ł(8) "Import" means to transfer beer or table wine from outside the state of Montana into the state of Montana.
$t \pm \theta+(9)$ "Industrial use" means a use described as industrial use by the federal Alcohol Administration Act and the federal rules and regulations of 27 CFR.
$\nvdash \pm t(10)$ "Liquor" means an alcoholic beverage except beer and table wine.
$t \pm z+(11)$ "Malt beverage" means an alcoholic beverage made by the fermentation of an infusion or decoction, or a combination of both, in potable brewing water, of malted barley with or without hops or their parts or their products and with or without other malted cereals and with or without the addition of unmalted or prepared cereals, other carbohydrates, or products prepared therefrom and with or without other wholesome products suitable for human food consumption.
†壬 $\dagger(12)$ "Package" means a container or receptacle used for holding an alcoholic beverage.
(13) "Package store" means a store licensed under [section 1] to sell liquor and beer at retail for
off-premises consumption only.
(14) "Posted price" means the retait wholesale price of paid by licensees for liquor and-tabte-wine purchased from the state warehouse. The term includes the price as fixed and determined by the department, costs incurred in shipping the liquor to the state warehouse, and in-addition-thereto an-excise-and-tieense-tax-as any taxes provided in this code. The term does not include costs incurred in shipping the liquor to the retailer.
(15) "Proof gallon" means a U.S. gallon of liquor at 60 degrees on the Fahrenheit scale that contains $50 \%$ of alcohol by volume.
(16) "Public place" means a place, building, or conveyance to which the public has or may be permitted to have access and any place of public resort.
(17) "Retail all-beverages license" includes a retail tavern all-beverages license, retail resort all-beverages license, or retail public airport all-beverages license but does not include a package store license.
$\not \pm 77(18)$ "Rules" means rules published by the department pursuant to this code.
t¥et-uState-まiquor-facizity"-means-a-faeitity-owned--or under---controt---of--the--department--for--the--purpose--of receivingy--storingy--transporting;--or--setiting---ateohotite beverages:
 by-the-department-in--accordance--with--this--eode--for--the purpose-of-setiting-itiquor-and-table-wine-
(19) "State warehouse" means the state warehouse operated by the department through which a package store licensee and a retail all-beverages licensee with a state warehouse purchasing endorsement may purchase 1 iquor.
$t z \theta+(19)$ "Storage depot" means a building or structure owned or operated by a brewer at any point in the state of Montana off and away from the premises of a brewery, and which structure is equipped with refrigeration or cooling apparatus for the storage of beer and from which a brewer may sell or distribute beer as permitted by this code.
$t z \ddagger+(20)$ "Subwarehouse" means a building or structure owned or operated by a licensed beer wholesaler or table wine distributor, located at a site in Montana other than the site of such beer wholesaler's or table wine distributor's warehouse or principal place of business, and used for the receiving, storage, and distribution of beer or table wine as permitted by this code.
$t z z+(21)$ "Table wine" means wine as defined below which contains not more than $16 \%$ alcohol by volume.
tzat(22) "Warehouse" means a building or structure located in Montana owned or operated by a licensed beer wholesaler or table wine distributor for the receiving,
storage, and distribution of beer or table wine as permitted by this code.
t 24 (23) "Wine" means an alcoholic beverage made from or containing the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe fruit or other agricultural products without addition or abstraction, except as may occur in the usual cellar treatment of clarifying and aging, and that contains more than $0.5 \%$ but not more than $24 \%$ of alcohol by volume. Wine may be ameliorated to correct natural deficiencies, sweetened, and fortified in accordance with applicable federal regulations and the customs and practices of the industry. Other alcoholic beverages not defined as above but made in the manner of wine and labeled and sold as wine in accordance with federal regulations are also wine."

Section 11. Section 16-1-201, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-201. Acts not covered by code. (1) Nothing in this code shall prevent any brewer, distiller, or other person, duly licensed under the provisions of any statute of the United States of America for the manufacture of alcoholic beverages, from having or keeping alcoholic beverages in a place and in the manner authorized by or under any such statute.
(2) It is hereby declared to be the policy of the state of Montana that the manufacture of alcoholic beverages, including the distillation, rectification, botting, and
processing as these terms are defined under the provisions of the laws of the United States, shall be authorized and permitted by any brewer, distiller, rectifier, or other person duly licensed under any provision of any statute of the United States of America in a place and in the manner authorized by or under any statute of the United States, provided the department may make such rules as the department deems necessary with respect thereto not inconsistent with this code or with the statutes of the United States of America or regulations issued under the provisions of the federal Alcohol Administration Act, Title 27, United States Code, sections 201 through 2l2, inclusive, or regulations issued under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, Title 26 , United States Code, sections 5001 through 5693, inclusive.
(3) Nothing in this code shall prevent:
(a) the sale of liquor or-table-wine by any person to the department;
(b) the purchase, importation, and sale of liquor and tabte-wine by the department for the purposes of and in accordance with this code."

Section 12. Section 16-1-202, MCA, is amended to read:
n16-1-202. Preparations not subject to code. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, nothing in this code shall, by reason only that such preparation contains
alcohol, prevent the manufacture, sale, purchase, or consumption of any:
(a) extract, essence, or tincture or other preparation containing alcohol which is prepared according to a formula of the United States Pharmacopoeia or according to a formula approved of by the department; or
(b) proprietary or patent medicine prepared according to a formula approved of by the department.
(2) The department, if of opinion that any such proprietary or patent medicine, extract, essence, tincture, or preparation which contains alcohol or any other preparation of a solid, semisolid, or liquid nature containing alcohol which, or any extract from which, can be used as a beverage or as the ingredient of any beverage, may pronibit the sale thereof by retail within the state or the possession of the same for sale by retail within the state, except by-a-state-itquor-stere-or by persons duly licensed by the department to keep and sell the same by at retail in accordance with this code and the---regutations---made thereunder rules adopted by the department.
(3) The department shall notify the manufacturer or vendor of such proprietary or patent medicine, extract, essence, tincture, or preparation of the prohibition."

Section 13. Section 16-1-301, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-301. Administration of code. The department shall
have the powers and duties to administer the Montana
Alcoholic Beverage Codef－－inezuding－－the－－generat－controt； management；－and－supervision－of－atz－state－tiquor－steres．＂

Section 14．Section 16－1－302，MCA，is amended to read：
＂16－1－302．Functions，powers，and duties of department． （1）The department shall have the following functions， duties，and powers：
ff（a）to buy，import，have in its possession for sale， and sell through the state warehouse liquors and－tabłe－－wine to package store licensees and retail tavern all－beverages licensees with state warehouse purchasing endorsements in the manner set forth in this code；
$t z+(b)$ to control the possession，sale，and delivery of liquors in accordance with the provisions of this code；
†ヨł－－to－－determine－the－munieipaiteies－within－which－state tiquor－stores－shałt－be－estabitshed－throughout－the－state－－and the－－situation－of－the－stores－within－every－such－municipatity；
tut（c）to buy or lease，furnish，and equip any one building or and buy or lease land required for the operation of the state warehouse under this code；
f5t－－to－－buy－－or－－tease－－ait－ptants－and－equipment－it－may consider－mecessary－and－usefut－in－carrying－－into－－effect－－the objects－and－purposes－of－this－eoder
t6t（d）to employ store－managers a state warehouse manager and atso every officer，investigator，clerk，or
other employee personnel required for the operation or carrying out of this code and to dismiss the same，fix their salaries or remuneration，assign them their title，define their respective duties and powers，and to engage the service of experts and persons engaged in the practice of a profession，if deemed considered expedient：
$\boldsymbol{f}^{7}+(\mathrm{e})$ to determine the nature，form，and capacity of all packages to be used for containing liquor kept or sold under this code；
t日广（f）to grant and issue licenses under and in pursuance to this code；
flf（g）without in any way limiting or being limited by the foregoing，to do all such things as－are－－deemed considered necessary or advisable by the department for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this code or the rules made－thereunder of the department．
（2）The department may operate only one state warehouse under this code．＂

Section 15．Section 16－1－303，MCA，is amended to read：
w16－1－303．Department rules．（1）The department may make－such adopt rules not－inconsistent－with－this－code－as－－to the－－－depertment－－－seem necessary for carrying out the provisions of this code and for the efficient administration thereof of this code．
（2）Without thereby limiting the generality of the
provisions contained in subsection (1) hereof, it is declared that the power of the department to make rules in the manner set out in that subsection shall extend-to-and include the following:
(a) regulating the equipment and management of state stores--and-warehouses-in-whieh-tiquor-or-tabte-wine-is-kept or-sotd warehouse and prescribing the books and records to be kept therein;
(b) prescribing the duties of the employees of the liquor division and regulating their conduct while in the discharge of their duties;
tet--governing-the-purchase-of-tiquor-and-table-wine-and the--furnishing--of--ifquor--and--tabte-wine-to-state-stores estabitshed-under-this-code;
tat--determining-the-etassest-varietiess-and--brands--of tiquor--and--tabte-wine--to--be--kept-for-saze-at-any-state store:
tet--preseribingi-subjeet-te-this-eoder-the-hours-daring whieh-state-tiquor-stores-shatz-be-kept-open-for-the-saze-of ałeohotie-beverages:
fft(c) providing for the issuing and distributing of posted price lists showing the price to be paid by purehasers licensees for each class, variety, or brand of liquor and--tabte--wine--kept--for--sate--under-this--code purchased from the state warehouse;
tgi(d) prescribing forms to be used for the purpose of this code or-of-the-rutes-made-thereunder and the terms and conditions in permits and licenses issued and granted under this code;
tht(e) prescribing the form of records of purchase of liquor and table wine and the reports to be made thereon to the division and providing for inspection of the records so kept;
fit(f) prescribing the manner of giving and serving notices required by this code or-the-ruzes-thereunder;
tjt(g) prescribing the fees payable in respect of permits and licenses issued under this code for which no fees are prescribed in-this-eode and prescribing the fees for anything done or permitted to be done under the rules made-thereunder;
tki(h) prescribing, subject to the provisions of this code, the conditions and qualifications necessary for the obtaining of alcoholic beverage licenses and the books and records to be kept and the returns to be made by the licensees and providing for the inspection of such licensed premises;
tłt(i) specifying and describing the place and the manner in which alcoholic beverages may be lawfully kept or stored;
tmf(j) specifying and regulating the time and periods
when and the manner, methods, and means by which vendors and brewers shall deliver alcoholic beverages under this code and the time and periods when and the manner, methods, and means by which alcoholic beverages, under this code, may be lawfully conveyed or carried;
$t n+(k)$ governing the conduct, management, and equipment of any premises licensed to sell alcoholic beverages under this code;
tot(l) providing for the imposition and collection of taxes and making rules respecting returns, accounting, and payment of the taxes to the department.
(3) Whenever it is provided in this code that any act, matter, or thing may be done if permitted or authorized by the rules or may be done in accordance with the rules or as provided by the rules, the department, subject to the restrictions set out in subsection (1) hereof, shall have the power to make rules respecting such act, matter, or thing."

Section 16. Section 16-1-304, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-304. Prohibited acts within division. (1) No An officer or employee of the liquor divisionf-inetuding-those engaged-in-the-saze-of-tiquor-at-the-various-state-ifquor-or tabte--wine--storest may not be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any other business or undertaking dealing in liquor or-tabte--winer whether as owner, part
owner, partner, member of syndicate, shareholder, agent, or employee and whether for his own benefit or in a fiduciary capacity for some other person.
(2) No A member or employee of the division or any employee of the state may not solicit or receive directly or indirectly any commission, remuneration, or gift whatsoever from any person or corporation having sold, selling, or offering liquor or-tabte-wine for sale to the state or division pursuant to this code.
(3) He A person selling or offering for sale to or purchasing liquor or-tabie--wine from the state liquor division may either not directly or indirectly offer to pay any commission, profit, or remuneration or make any gift to any member or employee of the division, to any employee of the state, or to anyone on behalf of such any member or employee.
(4) The prohibition contained in subsection (3) of this section does not prohibit the division from receiving samples of liquor or-tabte-wine for the purpose of chemical testing, subject to the following limitations:
(a) Each manufacturer, distiller, compounder, rectifier, importer, or wholesale distributor or any other person, firm, or corporation proposing to sell any liquor or tabte-wine to the Montana liquor division shall submit, without cost to the division prior to the original purchase,
an analysis of each brand and may submit a representative sample not exceeding 25 fluid ounces of such the merchandise to the division.
(b) When a brand of liquor or--tabte-wine has been accepted for testing by the division, the division shall forward the sample, unopened and in its entirety, to a qualified chemical laboratory for analysis.
(c) The division shall maintain written records of all samples received. The records shall show the brand name, amount and from whom received, date received, the laboratory or chemist to whom forwarded, the division's action on the brand, and the person to whom delivered or other final disposition of the sample.
(5) No liquor $\boldsymbol{r}^{-w i n e r}$ or other alcoholic beverage may be withdrawn from the regutar state warehouse inventory or-from the-state-tiquor-stores-of-the-Montana-iiquor--divisien for any purpose other than sale by the state to licensees at the prevailing state retait---prices posted price or for destroying damaged or defective merchandise. The division shall maintain a written record including the type, brand, container size, number of bottles or other units, signatures of witnesses, and method of destruction or other disposition of damaged or defective state warehouse or-state-store merchandise."

Section 17. Section $16-1-401, M C A$, is amended to read:
"16-1-401. Liquor excise tax. (1) The department is hereby authorized and directed to charge, receive, and collect at the time of the sale and delivery of any liquor as authorized under any provision of the laws of the state of Montana an excise tax at the rate of $\$ \$ 1.80$ a liter.
 and--detivered--in-the-state-by-a-company-that-manufactaredy distizied;-reetified,-bottied;-or-processedt-and-sotd--more than--Z $\theta \theta ; \theta \theta \theta-$-proof--gatłons--of--ziquer--nationwide-in-the catendar-year-preceding-imposition-of-the--tax--pursuant--to this-section:
 sotd--and--dełivered--in--the--state--by--a---company---that manufactured;--distiłted;--reetifiedr-bottłedr-or-processed;
 nationwide--in-the-catendar-year-preceding-imposition-of-the tax-pursuant-to-this-section.
(2) The department shall retain the amount of sach excise tax received in a separate account and shall deposit with the state treasurer, to the credit of the general fund, sueh-sums the amount collected and received not later than the loth day of each and-every month."

Section 18. Section $16-1-402$, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-402. Payment of excise tax by carriers. (1) Every airline or railroad operating in the state of Montana and
selling liquor purchased outside this state for consumption within this state shall pay to the department the excise taxes and state markup which would be applicable to sueh the liquor if purchased from the state $\ddagger$ iquor-store warehouse.
(2) The amount of sueh excise taxes and state markup payable shall be determined by multiplying the following factors:
(a) the average liquar used per departure;
(b) the number of departures from Montana on which liquor is served;
(c) the ratio of Montana revenue passenger miles to system revenue passenger miles; and
(d) the applicable excise tax and state markup rates.
(3) From said the product, the carrier shall subtract the amount of excise taxes and state markup on purchases of liquor made within this state."

Section 19. Section 16-1-404, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-404. License tax on liquor .- amount -distribution of proceeds. (1) The department is-hereby authorized--ond--direeted--to shall charge, receive, and collect at the time of sale and delivery of any liquor under any provisions of the laws of the state of Montana a license tax at the rate of 75 cents a liter.
tat-- $\ddagger \theta$ \%--of-the-retait-sełting-price-on-ati-ifquor-sotd and-dełivered-in-the-state-by-a-company--that--manufaetured-

 catendar--year--preeeding--imposition-of-the-tax-pursuant-to this-section:
 and-detivered-in-the-state-by-a-company--that-manafaeturedt distifled;--rectified;--bottled;--or-proeessedy-and-sotd-not more-than-z $\theta \theta ; \theta \theta \theta$-proof-gatłons-of-łiquor-nationwide-in--the catendar--year--preceding--imposition-of-the-tax-pursuant-to this-aection
(2) The license tax shall be charged and collected on all liquor brought into the state and taxed by the department. The-retait-setifing-priee-shati--be--computed--by adidng--to--the--cost--of--said--itguor--the-state-markup-as designated-by-the--department- The license tax shall be figured in the same manner as the state excise tax and shatt be is in addition to said the state excise tax. The department shall retain in a separate account the amount of the license tax so received. Thirty percent of these license tax revenues are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the department and shall be allocated to the counties according to the amount of liquor purchased in each county to be distributed to the incorporated cities and towns, as provided in subsection (3). Four and one-half percent of these license tax revenues
are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, and shall be allocated to the counties according to the amount of liquor purchased in each county, and this money may be used for county purposes. The remaining revenues shall be deposited in the state special revenue fund to the credit of the department of institutions for the treatment, rehabilitation, and prevention of alcoholism. provided, however, in the case of purchases of liquor by a retail liquor licensee for use in his business, the department shall make-such-regutations-as-are adopt rules necessary to apportion that-propertion-of the license tax so-generated to the county where the licensed establishment is located, for use as provided in 16-1-405. That proportion of the license tax is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the department, which shall pay quarterly to each county treasurer the proportion of the license tax due each county to be allocated to the incorporated cities and towns of the county.
(3) The license tax proceeds allocated to the county under subsection (2) for use by cities and towns shall be distributed by the county treasurer to the incorporated cities and towns within 30 days of receipt from the department. The distribution of funds to the cities and towns shall be based on the proportion that the gross sale of liquor in each city or town is to the gross sale of
liquor in all of the cities and towns of the county.
(4) The license tax proceeds that are allocated to the department of institutions for the treatment, rehabilitation, and prevention of alcoholism shall be credited quarterly to the department of institutions. The legislature may appropriate a portion of the license tax proceeds to support alcohol programs. The remainder shall be distributed as provided in 53-24-206."

Section 20. Section 16-1-411, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-1-411. Tax on wine. (1) A tax of 27 cents per liter is nereby levied and imposed on table wine imported by any table wine distributor or-the-department.
(2) (a) The tax on table wine imported by a table wine distributor shall be paid by the table wine distributor by the 15 th day of the month following sale of the table wine from the table wine distributor's warehouse. Failure to file a table wine tax return or failure to pay the tax required by this section subjects the table wine distributor to the penalties and interest provided for in 16-1-409.
(b) The tax on table wine imported by--the--department shall be collected at the time of sale.
(3) The tax paid by a table wine distributor in accordance with subsection (2)(a) and the tax collected by the department in accordance with subsection (2)(b) shall be distributed as follows:
（a） 16 cents to the state general fund；and
（b）of the remaining 11 cents：
（i） 8.34 cents to the state special revenue fund to the credit of the department of institutions for the treatment， rehabilitation，and prevention of alcoholism；
（ii） $11 / 3$ cents is statutorily appropriated，as provided in 17－7－502，to the department，for allocation to the counties，based on population，for the purpose established in 16－1－404；and
（iii） $1 / 3$ cents is statutorily appropriated，as provided in 17－7－502，to the department，for allocation to the cities and towns，based on population，for the purpose established in 16－1－405．
（4）The tax computed and paid in accordance with this section shall be the only tax imposed by the state or any of its subdivisions，including cities and towns．＂

Section 21．Section 16－2－101，MCA，is amended to read：
＂16－2－101．Establishment and closure of state liquor stores warehouse－－kinds and prices of liquor and－tabłe wine．（1）tet The department shall establish and maintain one or－－more－－stores warehouse，to be known as the＂state tiquer－stores warehouse＂，as－the－department－－finds－－feasibte for the sale of liquor and－tabte－wine in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules made thereunder．
fbt－－The－department－shałt－enter－into－an－ageney－agreement

[^0]grocery--stores--in-communities-with-poputations-over-3; $\theta \theta \theta=$ This-provision--is--appiteabłe--onty--to--agency--agreements entered-into-after-May-łif-i987-

> t4t--Agency--stores--must--reeeive--commissions-based-on adjusted-gross-sates-as-fotzows:
tat--a-zof-commisgion-for-agencies-in--communities-with zess-than-37 $\theta \theta \theta-$ in-poputation;
tb广-a-commission-estabitshed-by-competitive-bidding-for agencies-in-communtties-with-3; $\theta \theta \theta$-or-more-in-popuzation-
f5 (3) The department shall maintain sufficient inventory in the state warehouse in order to meet a monthly service level of at least 97\%."

Section 22. Section 16-2-103, MCA, is amended to read: *16-2-103. Duplicate invoices of sales required. (1) The state tiquor--store shall, upon each sale of liquor or tabte-wine to any licensee, issue a duplicate invoice of the liquor or--tabte--wine purchased, as provided by the department, a copy of which shall be delivered to the licensee and one copy retained at sueh-store the state warehouse.
(2) The invoice shat must show the date of purchase, name of employee making the sale, the quantity of each $k i n d$ of liquor or-table-wine purchased, the price paid therefor, the name of the licensee, and the number of the license, with--such and other information as may be required by the
department.
(3) The licensee shall keep and--retain his duplicate invoice of all purchases made by him from the state fiquor storefthith warehouse for 3 years. The invoices shall at all times be subject to inspection by the duly authorized officers, agents, and employees of the department."

Section 23. section 16-2-106, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-2-106. Purchase price in advance. A-store The state warehouse manager and other authorized state warehouse employees may sell to any person licensee such liquor and tabłe-wine as that person licensee is entitled to purchase it in conformity with the provisions of this code and the rules made-thereunder adopted under this code, provided that no delivery shazt may not take place until the purehaser licensee has paid the purchase price."

Section 24. Section $16-2-107$, MCA, is amended to read:
n16-2-107. No open alcoholic beverage container or alcoholic beverage consumption on premises of state package store. Ne--offieerf--ełerkf--or--agent--of-the-department $A$ person owning or employed in a state package store shałz may not allow any alcoholic beverage container to be opened on the premises of a-state the store or allow any alcoholic beverage to be consumed on the premises of a state storef nor--shati-any warehouse. A person may not open an alcoholic beverage container or consume any alcoholic beverage on sueh

## the premises."

Section 25. Section 16-2-108, MCA, is amended to read:
-16-2-108. Disposition of money received. All moneys money received from the sale of liquor and table wine at the state fiquor-stores warehouse shall be deposited in the enterprise fund in the state treasury to the credit of the department. The department is--hereby--authorized--to may purchase liquor and table wine from moneys money deposited to its account in the enterprise fund. The department shall pay from its account in the enterprise fund its administrative expenses, subject to the limits imposed by legislative appropriation. No $A n$ obligation created or incurred by the department may ever not be or become a debt or claim against the state of Montana but shatt-be is payable by the department solely from funds derived from the operation of the state fiquor--stares warehouse. The department shall pay into the state treasury to the credit of the general fund the receipts from all taxes and licenses collected by it and also the net proceeds from the operation of the state tiquor-stores warehouse."

Section 26. Section 16-2-203, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-2-203. Department sales to licensees. The department may sell through itg-stores the state warehouse to licensees licensed under this code all kinds of liquor and-table-wine at the posted price thereof-in-the--store--in
whieh-the-tiquor-and-tabłe-wine-are-sotd. All sales shall be upon a cash basis."

Section 27. Section 16-3-103, MCA, is amended to read: n16-3-103. Unlawful sales solicitation or advertising -- exceptions. (1) No A person within the state shałt may not:
(a) canvass for, receive, take, or solicit orders for the purchase or sale of any liquor or act as agent or intermediary for the sale or purchase of any liquor or hold himself out as sueh an agent or intermediary unless permitted to do so under rules that--shati--be--promazgated adopted by the department to-govern-such-activitites;
(b) canvass for or solicit orders for the purchase or sale of any beer or malt liquor except in the case of beer proposed to be sold to beer licensees duly authorized to sell beer under the provisions of this code;
(c) exhibit, publish, or display or permit to be exhibited, published, or displayed any form of advertisement or any other announcement, publication, or price list of or concerning liquor or where ar from whom the same may be had, obtained, or purchased unless permitted to do so by the rules of the department and then only in accordance with such rules.
(2) This section shatt does not apply to:
(a) the department, or any act of the departmenty--any

## state-tiquor-store;

(b) the receipt or transmission of a telegram or letter by any telegraph agent or operator or post-office employee in the ordinary course of his employment as such an agent, operator, or employee; or
(c) the sale and serving of beer in the grandstand and bleacher area of a county fairground or public sports arena under a special permit issued pursuant to 16-4-301 or a catering endorsement issued pursuant to 16-4-204."

Section 28. Section 16-3-106, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-3-106. Conveyance of liquors, table wines, and beer -- opening alcoholic beverages during transit forbidden. (1) It shazt--be is lawful to carry or convey liquor or-tabte wine-to-any-state-store--and to and from any the state warehouse or--depot established by the department for the purposes of this code, and when permitted to do so by this code and the rules made thereunder and in accordance therewith, it shall be lawful for any common carrier or other person to carry or convey liquor or table wine sold by a vendor from a state store or beer, when lawfully sold by-a brewer, from the premises wherein-suen where the beer or wine was manufactured or from premises where the beer or wine may be lawfully kept and sold to any place to which the same may be lawfully delivered under this code and the rules made-thereunder adopted under this code.
(2) No A common carrier or any other person shatł may not open, break, or allow to be opened or broken any package or vessel containing an alcoholic beverage or drink or use or allow to be drunk or used any alcoholic beverage therefrom while being carried or conveyed,"

Section 29. Section 16-3-401, MCA, is amended to read: "16-3-401. Public policy. The public policy of the state of Montana is to maintain a system for the importation and sale of table wine by-the--state--through--state--tiquor feetitities and provide for, regulate, and control the acquisition, importation, and distribution of table wine by licensed table wine distributors and-the-state."

Section 30. Section 16-3-403, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-3-403. To whom table wine distributor may sell. (1) A table wine distributor may sell and deliver table wine purchased or acquired by him to:
tat another table wine distributor, retailer, or common carrier which holds a license issued by the department of revenue:
tof--the-department:-and
tet--a-commissien-agent-of-the-department.
(2) It shall be unlawful for any table wine distributor to sell, deliver, or give away any table wine to be consumed on such distributor's premises or to give, sell, deliver, or distribute any table wine purchased or acquired by him to
the public."
Section 31. Section 16-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-201. Ati-beverages Retail tavern all-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell liquor, beer, and table wine at retail for both on-premises and off-premises consumption (an a retail tavern all-beverages license) in accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and proper person to sell such beverages, except that the number of retail tavern all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of sueh incorporated cities and towns shall be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows:
(a) in incorporated town of 500 inhabitants or less and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such the towns, not more than two retail tavern all-beverages licenses;
(b) in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of such the cities and towns, three retail tavern all-beverages licenses for the first 1,000 inhabitants and one retail
tavern all-beverages license for each additional 1,000 inhabitants;
(c) in incorporated cities of over 3,000 inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof of the cities, five retail tavern all-beverages licenses for the first 3,000 inhabitants and one retail tavern all-beverages license for each additional 1,500 inhabitants.
(2) The number of the inhabitants in such incorporated cities and towns, exclusive of the number of inhabitants residing within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereef, shałt govern the number of retail tavern all-beverages licenses that may be issued for use within such the cities and towns and within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof. If two or more incorporated municipalities are situated within a distance of 5 miles from each other, the total number of retail tavern all-beverages licenses that may be issued for use in both of-such municipalities and within a distance of 5 miles from their respective corporate limits shall be determined on the basis of the combined populations of both of-such municipalities and may not exceed the foregoing limitations contained in subsection (1). The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town shall be measured in a straight line from
the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest corporate boundary of the city or town.
(3) Retail tavern all-beverages licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and retail tavern all-beverages licenses issued under 16-4-209, which are in excess of the foregoing limitations shatł--be contained in subsection (1) are renewable, but no new licenses may be issued in violation of sueh the limitations.
(4) Such The limitations contained in subsection (1) do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable (as to ownership only) retail tavern all-beverages license to an enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers', or officers' club located on a state or federal military reservation on May 13, 1985, or to any post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or any lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization if such the veterans' or Eraternal organization has-been was in existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1. 1949.
(5) The number of retail tavern all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within a distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits thereof of the incorporated city or town may not be more than one license for each 750 population of
the county after excluding the population of incorporated cities and incorporated towns in such the county."

Section 32. Section 16-4-202, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-202. Resort Retail resort all-beverages licenses. (1) It is the intent and purpose of this section to encourage the growth of quality recreational resort facilities in undeveloped areas of the state and to provide for the orderly growth of existing recreational sites by the establishment of resort areas within which retail all-beverages licenses to sell liquor and beer at retail for both on-premises and off-premises consumption (a retail resort all-beverages license) may be issued by the department under the--terms--and--as---more---partieutariy preseribed--betow this section. In addition to the licenses as otherwise set forth in this code, the department may issue resort retail all-beverages licenses in a resort area.
(2) For the purposes of this section, a resort area is defined as a recreational facility meeting the qualifications determined by the department as hereinafter provided in this section.
(3) The department shall determine that the area for which licenses are to be issued is a resort arear. such The determination to shall be made under and pursuant to rules to--be--first--promutgated--on--or--before-Beeember-3£7-¥975 adopted by the department.
(4) In addition to the other requirements of this code, a resort area, for the purposes of qualification for the issuance of a resort retail all-beverages license, must have a current actual valuation of resort or recreational facilities, including land and improvements thereen, of not less than $\$ 500,000$, at least half of which valuation must be for a structure or structures within the resort area, and must be under the sole awnership or control of one person or entity at the time of the filing of the resort area plat referred to in subsection (5) of this section. The word "control" shall mean lands held under lease, option, or permit.
(5) The resort area must be determined by the resort developer or landowner by a plat setting forth the resort boundaries and designating the ownership of the lands within the resort arear. whieh The plat must be verified by the resort developer or landowner and filed with the department prior to the filing of any applications by individuals for licenses within the resort area. Sueh The plat must show the location and general design of the buildings and other improvements to be built in said the area in which resort retail all-beverages licenses are to or may be located. A master plan for the development of the area may be filed by the resort developer in satisfaction of this section.
(6) Upon such filing the department shall forthwith schedule a public hearing to be held in Helena, Montana, to determine whether the facility proposed by the resort developer or landowner is a resort area within the meaning of the rules of the department. At least 30 days prior to the date of the hearing, the department shall publish notice thereof of the hearing, with a description of the location of the proposed resort area, in a newspaper published in the county or counties in which the resort is located, once a week for 4 consecutive weeks. Each resort developer or landowner shall, at the time of filing his application, pay to the department an amount sufficient to cover the costs of said the publication.
(7) Persons may present statements to the department at the hearing in person or in writing in opposition or support of the plat.
(8) Within 30 days of the hearing, the department shall accept or reject the plat. If rejected the department must state its reasons and set forth the conditions, if any, under which the plat will be accepted w $_{\text {, and-the } \text { The decision }}$ of the department may be reviewed pursuant to the review procedure set forth in 16-4-406.
(9) Once filed with the department, the boundaries of a resort may not be changed without full hearing as above provided in this section and the prior approval of the
departmenti. whieh--approvat Approval shall be determined according to public convenience and necessity.
(10) (a) When the department has accepted a plat and a given resort area has been determined, applications may then be filed with the department by persons for the issuance of resort retail all-beverages licenses within the resort area.
(b) Each applicant must submit plans showing the location, appearance, and floor plan of the premises for which application for a license is made.
(c) If an applicant otherwise qualifies for a retail resort all-beverages license but the premises to be licensed are still in construction or are otherwise incomplete at the time of such application, the department shall issue a letter stating that the license will be issued at-sueh--time as when the qualifications for a licensed premises have been mets. setting The letter must set forth such time limitations and requirements as the department may establish.
(11) In addition to the restrictions on sale or transfer of a license as provided in 16-4-204 and 16-4-404, no a resort retail all-beverages license may not be sold or transferred for operation at a location outside of the boundaries of the resort area.
(12) A resort retail all-beverages license shati is not be subject to the quota limitations set forth in 16-4-201,
and if the requirements of this section have been met, a resort retail all-beverages license shall be issued by the department on the basis that the department has determined that sach the license is justified by public convenience and necessity, in accordance with the procedure required in 16-4-207."

Section 33. Section 16-4-204, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-204. Transfer of retail tavern all-beverages license -- retail all-beverages catering endorsement - state warehouse purchasing endorsement. (l) (a) Except as provided in subsection (l)(b), a retail tavern all-beverages license may be transferred to a new ownership and to a location outside the quota area for which it was originally issued only when the following criteria are met:
(i) the total number of retail tavern all-beverages licenses in the original quota area exceeded the quota for that area by at least $25 \%$ in the most recent census prescribed in 16-4-502;
(ii) the total number of retail tavern all-beverages licenses in the quota area to which the license would be transferred, exclusive of those issued under 16-4-209(1)(a) and (l)(b), did not exceed that area's quota in the most recent census prescribed in 16-4-502:
(A) by more than 33\%; or
(B) in an incorporated city of more than 10,000
inhabitants and within a distance of 5 miles from its
corporate limits by more than 43\%: and
(iii) the department finds, after a public hearing, that
the public convenience and necessity would be served by suth
a transfer.
(b) A license within an incorporated quota area may be
transferred to a new ownership and to a new unincorporated
location within the same county on application to and with
consent of the department when the quota of the retail
tavern all-beverages licenses in the original quota area,
exclusive of those issued under 16-4-209(l)(a) and (l)(b),
exceeds the quota for that area by at least 25 in the most
recent census and will not fall below that level because of
the transfer.
(c) For 5 years after the transfer of a license between
quota areas under subsection (l)(a), the license may not be
mortgaged or pledged as security and may not be transferred
to another person except for a transfer by inheritance upon
the death of the licensee.
(d) Once a license is transferred to a new quota area
under subsection (1)(a), it may not be transferred to
another quota area or back to the original quota area.
(e) A license issued under 16-4-209(1)(a) may not be
transferred to a location outside the quota area and the
exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for
which it was originally issued.
(2) (a) Any retail all-beverages licensee is, upon the approval and in the discretion of the liquor division, entitled to a catering endorsement to his retail all-beverages license to allow the catering and sale of alcoholic beverages to persons attending a special event upon premises not otherwise licensed for the sale of alcoholic beveragest. such The beverages to must be consumed on the premises where the event is held.
(b) A written application for a catering endorsement and an annual fee of $\$ 250$ must be submitted to the department for its approval.
(c) A written application for each event for which the licensee intends to provide catering services, the written approval of the catering application by the sponsor of the special event, and a fee of $\$ 35$ must be filed with the department at least 3 days prior to the event and shall describe the location of the premises where the event is to be held, the nature of the event, and the period during which the event is to be held. An A retail all-beverages licensee who holds an endorsement granted under this subsection (2) may not receive approval to cater an event of which he is the sponsor. The catered event must be within 100 miles of the licensee's regular place of business. If obtained, the licensee shall display in a prominent place on
those premises, the written approval from the department for each event which is catered pursuant to this subsection.
(d) The licensee shall file with each application for an event to be catered a written statement of approval of the premises where the event is to be held, issued by the local law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the premises where the event is to be held.
(e) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of 16-6-103.
(f) The sale of alcoholic beverages pursuant to a catering endorsement is subject to the provisions of 16-3-306, unless entities named in 16-3-306 give their written approval.
(g) A catering endorsement issued for the purpose of selling and serving beer at a special event conducted on the premises of a county fairground or public sports arena authorizes the licensee to sell and serve beer in the grandstand and bleacher area of the premises, as well as from a booth, stand, or other fixed place on the premises.
(3) (a) A retail all-beverages licensee is entitled to an endorsement to his retail all-beverages license to permit the licensee to purchase liquor from the state warehouse.
(b) To obtain a state warehouse purchasing endorsement, a licensee must submit a written application and an annual

## fee of $\$ 400$ to the department."

Section 34. section 16-4-205, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4~205. Limit one license to person -- business in name of licensee -- exception. (1) No Except as provided in subsection (2), a person shat may not be issued more than one all-beverages license in any year, with the exception of a secured party issued an additional all-beverages license as the result of a default.
(2) (a) Such-a A secured party shall transfer ownership of any additional retail all-beverages license within 180 days of issuance.
(b) A person may be issued both a retail all-beverages license and a package store Iicense.
(3) No--business Business may not be carried on under any license issued under this chapter except in the name of the licensee."

Section 35. Section 16-4-207, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-207. Notice of application for retail all-beverages license -- publication -- protest. (1) When an application has been filed with the department for a retail all-beverages license to-sełt-atcohotie-beverages-at--retait or to transfer such a license, the department shall promptly publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the city, town, or county from which the application comes a notice that such the applicant has made application for such a
license and that protests against the issuance of a license to the applicant may be mailed to a named administrator in the department of revenue within 10 days after the final notice is published. Notice of application for a new license shall be published once a week for 4 consecutive weeks. Notice of application for transfer of a license shall be published once a week for 2 consecutive weeks. Notice may be substantially in the following form:

## NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR RETAIL

## ALE-BEVERAGES LICENSE

Notice is hereby given that on the .... day of ...., 19.., one (name of applicant) filed an application for a retail all-beverages license with the Montana department of revenue, to be used at (describe location of premises where beverages are to be sold), and protests, if any there be, against the issuance of suen the license may be mailed to ...., department of revenue, Helena, Montana, on or before the .... day of ...., 19...

Dated ....
Signed ...... ADMINISTRATOR
(2) Each applicant shall, at the time of filing his application, pay to the department an amount sufficient to cover the costs of publishing the notice.
(3) If the administrator receives no written protests, the department may issue or transfer the license without

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holding a public hearing. If written protests against the
issuance or transfer of the license are received, the
department shall hold a public hearing at its office in
Helena."
Section 36. Section 16-4-208, MCA, is amended to read:
-16-4-208. Airport Retail public airport all-beverages license. (1) The department of revenue shall issue one all-beverages license, to be known as a retail public airport all-beverages license, for use at each publicly owned airport served by scheduled airlines and enplaning and deplaning a minimum total of 20,000 passengers annually when:
(a) application is made;
(b) upon finding that this license is justified by public convenience and necessity, including the convenience and necessity of the public traveling by scheduled airlines; and
(c) following a hearing as provided in 16-4-207.
(2) Application shall be made by the agency owning and operating the airport. The agency owning and operating the airport may lease the retail public airport all-beverages license to an individual or entity approved by the department.
(3) A retail public airport all-beverages license and all retail alcoholic beverage sales thereunder-shati-be by
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the licensee are subject to all statutes and rules governing retail all-beverages licenses.
(4) The department of revenue shall issue a retail public airport all-beverages license to a qualified applicant regardless of the number of retail all-beverages licenses already issued within the retail tavern all-beverages license quota area in which the airport is situated."

Section 37. Section 16-4-209, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-209. All-beverages license for tribal alcoholic beverages licensee or enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers', or officers' club. (1) Upon application and qualification, the department shall issue on a retail all-beverages license to:
(a) a tribal alcoholic beverages licensee who operates such the business within the exterior boundaries of a Montana Indian reservation under a tribal license issued prior to January 1, 1985;
(b) an enlisted men's, noncommissioned officers', or officers' club located on a state or federal military reservation in Montana on May 13, 1985.
(2) A license issued under the provisions of subsection (1) is not subject to the quota limitations of 16-4-201.
(3) Upon application and approval by the department, a license issued under subsection (1)(a) may be transferred to
> another qualified applicant, but such the license may only be transferred to a location within the quota area and the exterior boundaries of the Montana Indian reservation for which the license was originally issued.
> (4) A license issued under this section is subject to all statutes and rules governing retail all-beverages licenses."

> Section 38. Section 16-4-501, MCA, is amended to read:
> n16-4-501. License and permit fees. (1) Each beer licensee licensed to sell either beer or table wine only, or both beer and table wine, under the provisions of this code, shall pay an annual license fee as follows:
> (a) each brewer and each beer importer, wherever located, whose product is sold or offered for sale within the state, $\$ 500$; for each storage depot, $\$ 400$;
> (b) each beer wholesaler, \$400; each table wine distributor, $\$ 400$; each subwarehouse, $\$ 400$;
> (c) each beer retailer, $\$ 200$;
> (d) for a license to sell beer at retail for off-premises consumption only, the same as a retail beer license; for a license to sell table wine at retail for off-premises consumption only, either alone or in conjunction with beer, $\$ 200$;
> (e) any unit of a nationally chartered veterans. organization, $\$ 50$.
(2) The permit fee under 16-4-301(1) is computed at the rate of $\$ 15$ a day for each day beer and table wine are sold at those events lasting 2 or more days but in no case be less than $\$ 30$.
(3) The permit fee under 16-4-301(2) is $\$ 10$ for the sale of beer and table wine only or $\$ 20$ for the sale of all alcoholic beverages.
(4) Passenger carrier licenses shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of an annual license fee in the sum of $\$ 300$.
(5) The annual license fee for a license to sell wine on the premises, when issued as an amendment to a beer-only license pursuant to $16-4-105$, is $\$ 200$.
(6) The annual fee for resort retail all-beverages licenses within a given resort area shall be $\$ 2,000$ for each license.
(7) Each licensee licensed under the quotas of 16-4-201 shall pay an annual license fee as follows:
(a) except as hereinafter provided, for each license outside of incorporated cities and incorporated towns or in incorporated cities and incorporated towns with a population of less than 2,000 , $\$ 250$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 400$ for all other licensees;
(b) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in
incorporated cities with a population of more than 2,000 and less than 5,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city, $\$ 350$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 500$ for all other licensees;
(c) except as hereinafter provided, for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 5,000 and less than 10,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city, $\$ 500$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 650$ for all other licensees;
(d) for each license in incorporated cities with a population of $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ or more or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city, $\$ 650$ for a unit of a nationally chartered veterans' organization and $\$ 800$ for all other licensees:
(e) the distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated cities and incorporated towns is measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of such city or town; and where the premises of the applicant to be


#### Abstract

licensed are situated within 5 miles of the corporate boundaries of two or more incorporated cities or incorporated towns of different populations, the license fee chargeable by the larger incorporated city or incorporated town applies and shall be paid by the applicant. When the premises of the applicant to be licensed are situated within an incorporated town or incorporated city and any portion of the incorporated town or incorporated city is without a 5-mile limit, the license fee chargeable by the smaller incorporated town or incorporated city applies and shall be paid by the applicant. (f) an applicant for the issuance of an original license to be located in areas described in subsection (d) of this subsection shall provide an irrevocable letter of credit from a financial institution that guarantees that applicant's ability to pay a $\$ 20,000$ license fee. A successful applicant shall pay a one-time original license fee of $\$ 20,000$ for any such license issued. The one-time license fee of $\$ 20,000$ shall not apply to any transfer or renewal of a license duly issued prior to July 1, 1974. All licenses, however, are subject to the annual renewal fee. (8) The fee for one all-beverage license to a public airport shall be $\$ 800$. This license is nontransferable. (9) The annual fee for a special beer and table wine license for a nonprofit arts organization under 16-4-303 is


$\$ 250$.
(10) The fee for an original package store license is: (a) $\$ 15,000$, if the package store is in an incorporated city with 10,000 or more inhabitants or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the store to the nearest boundary of the city; or
(b) $\$ 5,000$ if the package store is in any location not covered by subsection (a).
(11) The annual renewal fee for all packaqe store licenses is as follows:
(a) except as hereinafter provided, $\$ 400$ for each license outside of incorporated cities and incorporated towns or in incorporated cities and incorporated towns with a population of less than 2,000;
(b) except as hereinafter provided, $\$ 500$ for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 2,000 and less than 5,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of the city;
(c) except as hereinafter provided, $\$ 650$ for each license in incorporated cities with a population of more than 5,000 and less than 10,000 or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest
entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of the city:
(d) $\$ 800$ for each license in incorporated cities with a population of 10,000 or more or within a distance of 5 miles thereof, measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises to be licensed to the nearest boundary of the city:
$t \pm \theta+(12)$ The license fees herein provided for in this section are exclusive of and in addition to other license fees chargeable in Montana for the sale of alcoholic beverages.
t¥tilllil) In addition to other license fees, the department of revenue may require a licensee to pay a late fee of $331 / 3 \%$ of any license fee delinquent on July 1 of the renewal year, $662 / 3 \%$ of any license fee delinquent on August 1 of the renewal year, and $100 \%$ of any license fee delinquent on September 1 of the renewal year."

Section 39. Section 16-6-107, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-6-107. Disposal of forfeited alcoholic beverages -report. (1) In every case in which a court or hearing examiner makes any order for the forfeiture of alcoholic beverages under any of the provisions of this code and in every case in which any claimant to an alcoholic beverage under the provisions of 16-6-105 or 16-6-106 fails to establish his claim and right thereto, the alcoholic
beverage in question and the packages in which the alcoholic beverage is kept shall be delivered to the department. The department shall determine the market value of each forfeited alcoholic beverage which is found to be suitable for sale in the state fiquor-stores warehouse and shall pay the that amount so-determined to the state treasurer after deducting therefrom the expenses necessarily incurred by the department for transporting the forfeited alcoholic beverage to the state $\ddagger$ iquor--warehouses warehouse. The alcoholic beverage suitable for sale shall be taken into stock by the department and sold under the provisions of this code. All alcoholic beverages found to be unsuitable for sale in the state fiquor--stores warehouse shall be destroyed by the department.
(2) In every case in which an alcoholic beverage is seized by a peace officer, it shall be his duty to make or cause to be made to the department a report in writing of the particulars of sueh the seizure."

Section 40. Section $16-6-301, M C A$, is amended to read:
"16-6-301. Transfer, sale, and possession of alcoholic beverages -- when unlawful. (1) Except as provided by this code, no a person shatz-within-the-state,-by-himsezfi-his eterkt--servantr--or--agent,--expose--or--keep--for-saze-ort direetyy-or-inditeetiy-or-upon--any--pretense--or--upon--any devieer may not sell or offer to sell or, in consideration
of the purchase or transfer of any property or for any other consideration or at the time of the transfer of any property, give to any other person any alcoholic beverage.
(2) No A person shatł may not have or keep any alcoholic beverage which has not been purchased within the state of Montana. Nothing in this code shall prohibit any person entering this state from any other state or from any foreign country from having in his possession not to exceed 3 wine gallons of alcoholic beverage whieh-beverage-shati have-been purchased in another state or foreign country, but no person claiming to have so entered the state shall at any time have in his possession more than 3 wine gallons of alcoholic beverage which shałt was not have-been purchased within the state of Montana. This subsection shati does not apply to the department or to the keeping or having of alcoholic beverages by brewers, distillers, and other persons duly licensed by the United states for the manufacture of such alcoholic beverages or to the keeping or having of any proprietary or patent medicines or of any extracts, essences, tinctures, or preparations where--such having-and-keeping-is authorized by this code.
(3) Nothing contained in this section shall apply to the possession by a sheriff or his bailiff of alcoholic beverages seized under execution or other judicial or extrajudicial process or to sales under executions or other
judicial or extrajudicial process to the department or a licensee.
(4) Except as provided in this code, no a person shatt may not, within the state, by himself, his clerk, servant, or agent:
(a) attempt to purchase any alcoholic beverage;
(b) directly or indirectly or upon any pretense or device, purchase any alcoholic beverage; or
(c) in consideration of the sale or transfer of any property or for any other consideration or at the time of the transfer of any property, take or accept from any other person any alcoholic beverage."

Section 41. Section 16-6-303, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-6-303. Sale of liquor not purchased from state store warehouse forbidden -- penalty. It is unlawful for any licensee to sell or keep for sale or have on his premises for any purpose whatever any liquor except that purchased from the state fiquor--store warehouse, and any licensee found in possession of or selling and keeping for sale any liquor which was not purchased from a the state fiquor-store warehouse shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than $\$ 500$ or more than $\$ 1,500$, by imprisonment for not less than 3 months or more than 1 year, or by both sueh fine--and--imprisonment. If the department is satisfied that any such liquor was knowingly sold or kept for sale within
the licensed premises by the licensee or by his agents, servants, or employees, the department shall immediately revoke the license."

NEW SECTION. Section 42. Sale of existing state retail liquor stores. (1) The department of revenue shall negotiate contracts to sell, as soon as possible after [the effective date of this actl, all existing state retail liquor stores, including agency stores, and the contracts of sale must have a July 1,1990 , closing date. The sales must be made through a sealed bid procedure to qualified bidders. A qualified bidder is a bidder who is eligible to receive a package store license.
(2) The department shall establish a minimum sale price for each state-operated store that may not be less than $80 \%$ of the value of the store's inventory lat the retail price, including taxes, determined by the department) plus the cost of a package store license as provided in 16-4-501. The highest qualified bidder is entitled to assume title to the store inventory, store furniture and fixtures, lease, if any, and related merchandise and equipment. The successful bidder must be granted an agency agreement to operate the store as a state liquor store between the time title is assumed and July 1, 1990. The department shall develop a list of items that will be assumed by the highest qualified bidder.
(3) The highest qualified bidder must be issued a package store license on July 1,1990 , and may not be charged the initial license fee contained in 16-4-501.
(4) A state store may be operated by the department until it is sold and the sale is closed. If it is not sold by July 1, 1990, the department shall return the inventory remaining at the store to a state liquor facility and sell the other items referred to in subsection (2).

NEW SECTION. Section 43. Repealer. Sections 2-18-314, 16-2-104, 16-2-105, 16-2-201, 16-2-301 through 16-2-303, and 16-3-307, MCA, are repealed.

NEW SECTION. Section 44. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].

NEW SECTION. Section 45. Codification instruction. [Section 1 ] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 16 , and the provisions of Title 16 apply to [section 1].

NEW SECTION. Section 46. Effective date. (1) [Sections 1. 42 , and 44 through 461 are effective on passage and approval.
(2) The remainder of [this act] is effective July 1 , 1990.
-End-

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STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAI. NOTE
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    Form BD-15
    In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB627, as introduced

DESCRIPTION OF FROPOSED LEGISLATION:
An act withdrawing the state from the retail liquor and table wine sale business; providing for the sale of state liquor stores; creating a package store license; and providing effective dates.

## ASSUMPTIONS:

1. The volume of liquor sold will be no dilferent under the proposal than under current iaw.
2. The cost of goods sold under the proposal does not include table wine or freight to stores.
3. Under the proposal, state sales of liquor will generate no profit; wholesale prices will be adjusted as necessary to cover costs of operation only.
4. Under the proposal, the state excise tax on liquor will be $\$ 1.80$ per liter.
5. Under the proposal, the state license tax on liquor will be $\$ 0.75$ per liter.
6. Total sales of liquor will be $4,187,000$ liters in FY90, and $3,922,000$ in FY91.
7. Under the proposal, the state will no longer sell table wine; however, the state will continue to collect tax at the rate of $\$ 0.27$ per liter sold by distributors.
8. Liquor excise taxes are distributed $100 \%$ to the state general fund.
9. Liquor license taxes are distributed $34.5 \%$ to local governments, and $65.5 \%$ to the Department of Institutions.
10. Liquor profits are allocated $100 \%$ to the state generai fund.
11. The $\$ 0.27$ per liter tax on table wine is distributed $\$ 0.16$ to the state general fund, $\$ 0.0834$ to the Department of Institutions, and $\$ 0.0266$ to local governments.
12. In FY91, 100 package store licenses will be purchased: 10 licenses will be purchased at $\$ 15,000$; 90 licenses will be purchased at $\$ 5,000$.
13. In FY91 300 retaji all-beverage licensees will obtain purchasing endorsements at $\$ 400$ per endorsement.
14. The sale of existing state liquor stores will net the value of inventory at the end of FY88, plus an additional $\$ 200,000$ in other assets. Half of this inventory will sell on bid at $80 \%$ of value, and half will sell at the new wholesale price for retail licensee inventory increases. All income from these sales, estimated at $\$ 4,401,000$, will be recelved in FY91. There is no provision in the bill for the deposit of this income. The fiscal note assumes that it will be deposited in the proprietary fund.
15. Administrative expense would be reduced by all expenses related to operating state retail liquor stores; administrative expenses would increase at the state liquor warehouse and includes additional personnel needed to manage phone-in orders, and billing/crediting for direct delivery.

## FISCAI IMPACT:

Revenue Impact:

|  | FY90 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current Law | Proposed Law |  |  |
| Liq. Frofit Transfer | \$ 3,153,000 | \$ 3,153,000 | \$ | 0 |
| Liquor Excise Tax | 4,691,000 | 4,691,000 |  | 0 |
| Liquor License Tax | 2,932,000 | 2,932,000 |  | 0 |
| wine Tax | 1,464,000 | 1,464,000 |  | 0 |
| Package Store Lic. | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
| Lic. Endorsements | is | 0 |  | 0 |
| Liquor Sales (net of taxes and discounts) | $30,165,000$ | 30,165,000 |  | 0 |
| Sale of Stores/Inv. | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
| Otieer Income | 40,000 | 40,000 |  | 0 |
| Total | \$42,445,000 | \$42,445,000 | 3 | 1 |


| FY91 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current Law | Proposed Law | Difference |
| \$ 2,680,000 | \$ 0 | \$( 2,680,000) |
| 4,402,000 | 7,060,000 | 2,658,000 |
| 2,751,000 | 2,942,000 | 191,000 |
| 1,409,000 | 1,409,000 | 0 |
| 0 | 600,000 | 600,000 |
| 0 | 120,006 | $\therefore 20,000$ |
| 28,299,000 | 17,164,000 | $(11,135,000)$ |
| 0 | 4,401,000 | 4,401,000 |
| 42,000 | 42,000 | 0 |
| 39,583,00 | 33,738,000 | \$( 5,845,000) |


| Personal Services | \$ 2,706,000 | 5 | 2,706,000 | \$ | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Expense | 3,060,000 |  | 3,060,000 |  | 0 |
| Costs of Goods Sold | 21,326,000 |  | 21,326,000 |  | 0 |
| Erofit Transfers Out | 3,153,000 |  | 3,153,000 |  | 0 |
| Total | \$30,245,000 | \$ | 36, 245,000 | \$ | 0 |
| NET EFFECT: | \$12,200,000 | \$ | $12,200,000$ | \$ | 0 |
| Fund Information: |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Fund | \$ 8,7:2,000 | \$ | 8,712,000 | \$ | 0 |
| Special Rev. Funds |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Institutions | 2,372,000 |  | 2,372,000 |  | 0 |
| - Local Govt. | 1,156,000 |  | 1,156,000 |  | 0 |
| Froprietary Fund | 30,205,000 |  | 30,205,000 |  | 0 |
| Total | \$42,445,000 | \$ | 42,445,000 | \$ | 0 |


| \$ 2,672,000 | \$ 1,212,000 | \$ (i, 460,000) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,025,000 | 1,119,000 | (1,906,000) |
| 20,007,000 | 15,380,000 | (4,627,000: |
| 2,680,000 | 0 | $(2,680,000)$ |
| \$28,384,000 | \$17,711,000 | : $110,673,000)$ |
| \$11,199,000 | \$ 16,027,000 | \$ 4,828,000 |
| \$ 7,917,000 | \$ 8,615,000 | \$ 698,000 |
| 2,237,000 | 2,362,000 | 125,000 |
| 1,088,000 | 1,154,000 | 66,000 |
| 28,341,000 | 21,607,000 | $(6,734,000)$ |
| \$39,583,000 | \$ 33,738,000 | \$ (5,845,000) |

## EFFECT ON CCUNTY OR OTFER LOCAL REVENUE OR EXPENDTTURES:

In FY91, local governments would experience an increase in revenue of approximatelv $\$ 66,000$.
TECHNICAL OR MECHANICAL DEFECTS IN PROPOSED LEGISLATION:
Section 25 of the proposed draft refers in two locations to where the department may receive money from the sale of liquor and table wine, and may purcnase liquor and table wine for sale from the state warehouse. The references to table wine need to be deleted from the language.


[^0]:    or－－emptoy－－the－－necessary－－hetp－－to－operate－said－stores－and shati－designate－the－duties－to－be－performed－by－the－－agent－－or emptoyees：
    tet Once established，a－store－shałt the state warehouse may not be closed；－cenverted－to－an－agency－storef－or－sotd－by the－department unless：
    fit－－the－store－is－returning－tess－than－a－－$\ddagger \theta$ \％－－profite－－to the－state；－or
    fitf the closure or sale is approved by the legislature．
    （2）The department may from time to time fix the priees wholesale price at which the various classes，varieties，and brands of liquor and－－tabte－－wine may be soldi－and－priees shat $\ddagger$－be－the－same－at－atz－state－stores．
    †アナ－－tat－State－itquor－－stores－－must－－be－－considered－－for etosuref－－conversionf－－or－－saze－－onty－－when－－a－store－－tease expires：－peior－to－the－expiration－of－tease－－the－－department may－－conduct－－a－－finaneiat－－profitabiłity－anatysis－using－the eriteria－in－subsection－tifteftif＝－モn－computing－profit－zevets of－state－operated－stores；－the－costs－of－the－tieensing－－bureau and－－－the－－－tegat－－－and－－enforcement－－divisionj－－other－－than inspection－costs－directiy－attributable－to－ifquor－storest－may not－be－inetuded－as－expenses－－Ihe－revenue－oversight－eommittee must－be－informed－of－－ati－－ptans－－for－－eonversiont－－satef－－or ełosure－of－state－ifquer－stores－
    fbt－－No－ageney－stores－shałł－be－tocated－in－or－adjacent－to

