HOUSE BILL 582

Introduced by Eudaily, et al.

2/04	Introduced
2/06	Referred to Judiciary
2/07	Fiscal Note Requested
2/13	Fiscal Note Received
2/15	Fiscal Note Printed
2/16	Hearing
2/18	Committee ReportBill Passed as
	Amended
2/20	2nd Reading Passed as Amended
2/21	3rd Reading Passed

Transmitted to Senate

2/28	Refer	red	to	Judiciary
3/16	Heari	.ng		
	Died	in	Com	nittee

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House BILL NO. 582

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING A JUDGE TO REQUIRE A PERSON TO INSTALL AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE WHEN CONVICTED OF DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR DRUGS OR OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE WHILE HAVING AN ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION OF 0.10 OR MORE; DIRECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TO REQUIRE INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A RESTRICTED PROBATIONARY A PERSON ORDERED BY THE COURT TO INSTALL THE DEVICE: DIRECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TO ADOPT RULES PROVIDING FOR APPROVAL OF IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICES; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 61-2-302, 61-5-206, 61-8-714. 61-8-722, MCA."

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STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because [section 8] delegates authority to the department of justice to adopt rules concerning ignition interlock devices. It is the intent of the legislature that the rules be modeled on rules implementing similar statutes adopted in Washington, Idaho, and Oregon.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:



NEW SECTION. Section 1. Ignition interlock device -definition. "Ignition interlock device" means ignition equipment that analyzes the breath to determine blood alcohol concentration, that is approved by the department pursuant to [section 8], and that is designed to prevent a motor vehicle from being operated by a person who has consumed a specific amount of an alcoholic beverage.

Section 2. Section 61-8-714, MCA, is amended to read: "61-8-714. Penalty for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs. (1) A person convicted of a violation of 61-8-401 shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 24 consecutive hours or more than 60 days, and shall-be-punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500. The jail sentence may not be suspended unless the judge finds that the imposition of the jail sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental well-being.

(2) On a second conviction, he shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$300 or more than \$500 and by imprisonment for not less than 7 days, at least 48 hours of which must be served consecutively, or more than 6 months. Three days of the jail sentence may not be suspended unless the judge finds that the imposition of the jail sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental well-being.

INTRODUCED BILL

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(3) On the third or subsequent conviction, he shall be punished by imprisonment for a term of not less than 30 days, at least 48 hours of which must be served consecutively, or more than 1 year, to which may be added, in the discretion of the court, a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary providing for suspension of execution of a sentence imposed under this subsection, the imposition or execution of the first 10 days of the jail sentence imposed for a third or subsequent offense that occurred within 5 years of the first offense may not be deferred or suspended.

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- (4) In addition to the punishment provided in this section, regardless of disposition, the defendant shall complete an alcohol information course at an alcohol treatment program approved by the department of institutions, which may include alcohol or drug treatment, or both, it considered necessary by the counselor conducting the program. Each counselor providing such education or treatment shall, at the commencement of the education or treatment, notify the court that the defendant has been enrolled in a course or treatment program. If the defendant fails to attend the course or the treatment program, the counselor shall notify the court of the failure.
- (5) (a) In addition to the other punishment provided in this section, the court may order a person convicted of a

1 violation of 61-8-401 to drive only a motor vehicle equipped 2 with a functioning ignition interlock device. 3 restriction, which commences after any period of revocations or suspension imposed under Title 61, chapter 5, part 2, may be imposed for a period not to exceed 60 days upon a first 6 conviction, 6 months upon a second conviction, and 1 year upon a third or subsequent conviction. The court shall establish a specific calibration setting at which the ignition interlock device will prevent the motor vehicle 10 from being started and shall determine the period of time that the person is subject to the restriction. A court that 11 12 imposes this restriction retains jurisdiction over the 1.3 person convicted until the end of the period of the 14 restriction.

- (b) If an ignition interlock device is ordered to be installed under this subsection (5), the court shall require the defendant to pay the reasonable costs of leasing, installing, and maintaining the device. A payment schedule may be established for the defendant by the court. If the defendant is unable to pay all or part of the costs for an ignition interlock device, the court may waive the defendant's responsibility for costs. If the defendant's responsibility for costs is waived, the costs must be paid from the driver improvement program.
- 25 (5)(6) For the purpose of determining the number of

1 convictions under this section, "conviction" means a final 2 conviction, as defined in 45-2-101, in this state or a 3 similar statute in another state or a forfeiture of bail or 4 collateral deposited to secure the defendant's appearance in 5 court in this state or another state, which forfeiture has not been vacated. An offender is considered to have been 7 previously convicted for the purposes of this section if less than 5 years have elapsed between the commission of the 9 present offense and a previous conviction. If there has been 10 no additional conviction for an offense under this section 11 for a period of 5 years after a prior conviction hereunder. 12 then such prior offense shall be expunded from the 13 defendant's record."

Section 3. Section 61-8-722, MCA, is amended to read: "61-8-722. Penalty for driving with excessive blood alcohol concentration. (1) A person convicted of a violation of 61-8-406 shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than 10 days and shall-be-punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500.

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- (2) On a second conviction of a violation of 61-8-406. he shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than 48 22 consecutive hours or more than 30 days and by a fine of not 23 less than \$300 or more than \$500.
- 24 (3) On a third or subsequent conviction of a violation 25 of 61-8-406, he shall be punished by imprisonment for not

- less than 48 consecutive hours or more than 6 months and by a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000. 2
- 3 (4) The provisions of 61-5-205(2), 61-5-208(2), and 61-11-203(2)(d) relating to revocation and suspension of driver's licenses shall apply to any conviction under 61-8-406.
- (5) In addition to the punishment provided in this section, regardless of disposition, the defendant shall complete an alcohol information course at an alcohol program approved by the department of 10 treatment institutions, which may include alcohol or drug treatment, 11 or both, if considered necessary by the counselor conducting 12 the program. Each counselor providing such education or 13 treatment shall, at the commencement of the education or 14 treatment, notify the court that the defendant has been 15 enrolled in a course or treatment program. If the defendant 16 17 fails to attend the course or the treatment program, the counselor shall notify the court of the failure. 18
- (6) (a) In addition to the other punishment provided 19 in this section, the court may order a person convicted of a 20 violation of 61-8-406 to drive only a motor vehicle equipped 21 with a functioning ignition interlock device. 22 restriction, which commences after any period of revocation 23 or suspension imposed under Title 61, chapter 5, part 2, may 24 be imposed for a period not to exceed 60 days upon a first 25

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conviction, 6 months upon a second conviction, and 1 year upon a third or subsequent conviction. The court shall establish a specific calibration setting at which the ignition interlock device will prevent the motor vehicle from being started and shall determine the period of time that the person is subject to the restriction. A court that imposes this restriction retains jurisdiction over the person convicted until the end of the period of the restriction.

(b) If an ignition interlock device is ordered to be installed under this subsection (6), the court shall require the defendant to pay the reasonable costs of leasing, installing, and maintaining the device. A payment schedule may be established for the defendant by the court. If the defendant is unable to pay all or part of the costs for an ignition interlock device, the court may waive the defendant's responsibility for costs. If the defendant's responsibility for costs is waived, the costs must be paid from the driver improvement program.

(6)(7) For the purpose of determining the number of convictions under this section, "conviction" means a final conviction, as defined in 45-2-101, in this state or a similar statute in another state or a forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the defendant's appearance in court in this state or another state, which forfeiture has

not been vacated. An offender is considered to have been previously convicted for the purposes of this section if less than 5 years have elapsed between the commission of the present offense and a previous conviction. If there has been no additional conviction for an offense under this section for a period of 5 years after a prior conviction hereunder, then such prior offense shall be expunged from the defendant's record."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Ignition interlock devices — notation on driver's license. When a court orders a person to install an ignition interlock device under 61-8-714 or 61-8-722, the court shall notify the department of its order. The department shall attach or imprint a notation on the person's driver's license stating that the person may operate only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Ignition interlock devices — assisting in starting or operating — circumventing — penalty. (1) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly assist a person who is restricted to the use of an ignition interlock device to start and operate the restricted person's vehicle.

- (2) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly circumvent the operation of an ignition interlock device.
 - (3) A person convicted of a violation of this section

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shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months, or both.

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(4) This section does not apply if the starting of a motor vehicle or the request to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device is done for the purpose of safety or mechanical repair of the device or the vehicle and if the person subject to the restriction does not operate the vehicle.

Section 6. Section 61-2-302, MCA, is amended to read:

*61-2-302. Establishment of driver improvement program -- participation by offending drivers. (1) The department of justice may establish by administrative rules a driver rehabilitation and improvement program or programs which may consist of classroom instruction in rules of the road, driving techniques, defensive driving, driver attitudes and habits, actual on-the-road driver's training, and other such subjects or tasks designed to contribute to proper driving attitudes, habits, and techniques.

- (2) Official participation in such a driver rehabilitation and improvement program is limited to those persons whose license to operate a motor vehicle in the state of Montana is:
- (a) subject to suspension or revocation as a result of a violation of the traffic laws of this state; or
 - (b) revoked and they have:

- 1 (i) completed at least 3 months of l-vear revocation; or
- (ii) completed 1 year of a 3-year revocation; and
- (iii) have met the requirements for reobtaining a Montana driver's license.
- (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this part inconsistent with any other law of the state of Montana, the enforcement of any suspension or revocation order which constitutes the basis for any person's participation in the 10 driver rehabilitation and improvement program provided for herein in this section may be stayed if that person complies 12 with the requirements established for the driver improvement program and meets the eligibility requirements of subsection 14 (2).
 - (4) In the event a person's driver's license has been surrendered prior to his selection for participation in the driver rehabilitation and improvement program, the license may be returned upon receipt of his agreement to participate in the program.
 - (5) The stay of enforcement of any suspension or revocation order shall be terminated and the order of suspension or revocation enforced if a person declines to participate in the driver rehabilitation and improvement program or fails to meet the attendance or other requirements established for participation in the program.

1 (6) Nothing in this part creates a right to be 2 included in any program established under this part.

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- (7) The department of justice may establish a schedule of fees which may be charged those persons participating in the driver improvement and rehabilitation program, which fees shall be used to help defray costs of maintaining the program.
- (8) A person may be referred to this program by a driver improvement analyst, city judge, justice of the peace, judge of a district court of the state, or a hearing examiner of the department of justice.
- (9) (a) The department of justice may issue a restricted probationary license to any person who enrolls and participates in the driver rehabilitation and improvement program. Upon issuance of a probationary license under this section, the licensee is subject to the restrictions set forth thereon on the license.
- (b) If the department issues a restricted probationary license to any person whom the sentencing court has ordered to install an ignition interlock device, pursuant to 61-8-714 or 61-8-722, the department shall require the person to install the ignition interlock device prior to issuance of the probationary license.
- 24 (10) It is a misdemeanor for any person to operate a 25 motor vehicle in any manner in violation of the restrictions

- imposed on a restricted license issued to him under this
 section."
- 3 Section 7. Section 61-5-206, MCA, is amended to read:
- 4 "61-5-206. Authority of department to suspend license
 5 or driving privilege or issue probationary license. (1) The
 6 department is hereby authorized to suspend the driver's
 7 license, including the commercial vehicle operator's
 8 endorsement, or driving privilege of a driver without
 9 preliminary hearing upon a showing by its records or other
 10 sufficient evidence that the licensee:
- 11 (a) has been involved as a driver in any accident 12 resulting in the death or personal injury of another or 13 serious property damage;
- 14 (b) has been convicted with such frequency of serious
 15 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement
 16 of vehicles as to indicate a disrespect for traffic laws and
 17 a disregard for the safety of other persons on the highways;
- 18 (c) is an habitually reckless or negligent driver of a
 19 motor vehicle;
 - (d) is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle;

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- 21 (e) has committed or permitted an unlawful or 22 fraudulent use of such license as specified in 61-5-302;
 - (f) has committed an offense in another state which if committed in this state would be grounds for suspension or revocation; or

(g) has falsified his date of birth on his application for a driver's license.

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- (2) (a) However, the department may, in its discretion and in lieu of such suspension of license or driving privilege, issue a probationary license to a driver, without preliminary hearing, upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee's driving record is such as would authorize suspension as provided in subsection (1) hereof. Upon issuance of a probationary license the licensee shall be subject to the restrictions set forth thereon. The licensee's driving privilege may be suspended upon conviction or forfeiture of bail not vacated of any traffic violation during the period of such probation. The licensee shall surrender to the department all driver licenses theretofore previously issued to him before such probationary license shall be issued. His refusal or neglect to surrender such the licenses upon demand shall-be is ground for suspending all such licenses. Probationary
- licenses may be issued for a period not to exceed 12 months.

 (b) If the department issues a restricted probationary license to any person whom the sentencing court has ordered to install an ignition interlock device, pursuant to 61-8-714 or 61-8-722, the department shall require the person to install the ignition interlock device prior to issuance of the probationary license.

- 1 (3) Upon suspending the license of any person or upon placing such the person on probation, as hereinbefore authorized in this section authorized, the department shall immediately notify the licensee in writing and upon his request shall afford him an opportunity for a hearing as early as practical within not to exceed 20 days after receipt of such request in the county wherein the licensee 7 B resides unless the department and the licensee agree that 9 such hearing may be held in some other county. Upon such 10 hearing the department through its duly authorized agent may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance 11 of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers 12 and may require a reexamination of the licensee. Upon such 13 14 hearing the department shall either rescind its order of 15 suspension or probation, or, good cause appearing therefor. 16 may affirm, reduce, or extend the period of probation or 17 suspension of such license."
- NEW SECTION. Section 8. Department rules on ignition interlock devices. (1) The department shall adopt rules providing for the installation, repair, and removal of ignition interlock devices and shall publish a list of approved devices.
- 23 (2) The list of approved devices must include only 24 devices that:
- 25 (a) do not impede safe operation of the vehicle;

1 (b) correlate well with the level established for 2 alcohol impairment;

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- (c) work accurately and reliably in an unsupervised environment;
- 5 (d) require a deep lung breath sample or other
 6 accurate measure of blood alcohol content equivalence;
 - (e) resist tampering and show evidence if tampering is attempted;
- 9 (f) are difficult to circumvent and require 10 premeditation to do so;
 - (q) minimize inconvenience to a sober user;
 - (h) operate reliably over the range of automobile environments and in connection with various manufacturing standards:
 - (i) are manufactured by a person who is adequately insured for product liability;
 - (j) have a label affixed in a prominent location warning that any person tampering with, circumventing, or otherwise misusing the device is subject to criminal prosecution.
- NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. (1)
 [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part
 of Title 61, chapter 1, and the provisions of Title 61,
 chapter 1, apply to [section 1].
- 25 (2) [Sections 4, 5, and 8] are intended to be codified

- 1 as an integral part of Title 61 and the provisions of Title
- 2 61 apply to [sections 4, 5, and 8].

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB582, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act authorizing a judge to require a person to install an ignition interlock device when convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs or operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more: directing the Department of Justice to require installation of an ignition interlock device prior to issuance of a restricted probationary license to a person ordered by the court to install the device; directing the Department of Justice to adopt rules for approval of ignition interlock devices; and amending Sections 61-2-302, 61-5-206. 61-8-714 and 61-8-722. MCA.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- There will be 7.300 DUI convictions in each year of the biennium, and the judge will order ignition interlock devices placed in 90% of the cases.
- Of the total 7,300 DUI convictions, 70% are first offense; and 30% are second offense or more. 2.
- Of the total 7.300 DUI convictions, 10% are indigent, or cannot afford to install an ignitition interlock 3. device.
- The cost of leasing (including installation and removal) of an ignition interlock device is \$400 for first 4. offense and \$500 for second offense or more.

FISCAL IMPACT:		FY90			<u> FY90</u>	
	Current	Proposed		Current	Proposed	
Expenditures:	Law	Law	Difference	Law	Law	Difference
Operating Expenses	\$ -0-	\$284,000	\$ 284,000	\$ -0-	\$ 284,000	\$ 284,000

Funding: General Fund

RALPH S. EUDAILY, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for HB582, as introduced

DATE 2/4/89

SHACKLEFORD, BUDGET DIRECTOR OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING

DATE 2//3/89

51st Legislature

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HB 0582/02

HB 0582/02

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

2	INTRODUCED BY EUDAILY, VINCENT, MERCER,
3	GOULD, STRIZICH, D. BROWN
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5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING A JUDGE TO
6	REQUIRE A PERSON TO INSTALL AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE
7	WHEN CONVICTED OF DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR
8	DRUGS OR OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE WHILE HAVING AN ALCOHOL
9	CONCENTRATION OF 0.10 OR MORE; DIRECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF
10	JUSTICE TO REQUIRE INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK
11	DEVICE PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A RESTRICTED PROBATIONARY
12	LICENSE TO A PERSON ORDERED BY THE COURT TO INSTALL THE
13	DEVICE; DIRECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TO ADOPT RULES
14	PROVIDING FOR APPROVAL OF IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICES; AND
15	AMENDING SECTIONS 61-2-302, 61-5-206, 61-8-714, AND
16	61-8-722, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
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18	STATEMENT OF INTENT
19	A statement of intent is required for this bill because
20	[section 8] delegates authority to the department of justice
21	to adopt rules concerning ignition interlock devices. It is
22	the intent of the legislature that the rules be modeled on
23	rules implementing similar statutes adopted in Washington,
24	Idaho, and Oregon.
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HOUSE BILL NO. 582

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Montana	Lagistative	Council

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Ignition interlock device — definition. "Ignition interlock device" means ignition equipment that analyzes the breath to determine blood alcohol concentration, that is approved by the department pursuant to [section 8], and that is designed to prevent a motor vehicle from being operated by a person who has consumed a specific amount of an alcoholic beverage.

Section 2. Section 61-8-714, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-8-714. Penalty for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs. (1) A person convicted of a violation of 61-8-401 shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 24 consecutive hours or more than 60 days, and shall-be-punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500. The jail sentence may not be suspended unless the judge finds that the imposition of the jail sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental well-being.

(2) On a second conviction, he shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$300 or more than \$500 and by imprisonment for not less than 7 days, at least 48 hours of which must be served consecutively, or more than 6 months. Three days of the jail sentence may not be suspended unless the judge finds that the imposition of the jail sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental

l well-being.

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- (3) On the third or subsequent conviction, he shall be punished by imprisonment for a term of not less than 30 days, at least 48 hours of which must be served consecutively, or more than 1 year, to which may be added, in the discretion of the court, a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary providing for suspension of execution of a sentence imposed under this subsection, the imposition or execution of the first 10 days of the jail sentence imposed for a third or subsequent offense that occurred within 5 years of the first offense may not be deferred or suspended.
 - (4) In addition to the punishment provided in this section, regardless of disposition, the defendant shall complete an alcohol information course at an alcohol treatment program approved by the department of institutions, which may include alcohol or drug treatment, or both, if considered necessary by the counselor conducting the program. Each counselor providing such education or treatment shall, at the commencement of the education or treatment, notify the court that the defendant has been enrolled in a course or treatment program. If the defendant fails to attend the course or the treatment program, the counselor shall notify the court of the failure.
- (5) (a) In addition to the other punishment provided

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- 1 in this section, the court may order a person convicted of a violation of 61-8-401 to drive only a motor vehicle equipped 3 with a functioning ignition interlock device. 4 restriction7--which commences after any period of revocation 5 or suspension imposed under Title 61, chapter 5, part 27-may 6 be-imposed-for-a-period-not-to-exceed-60-days-upon--a--first conviction; -- 6--months--upon-a-second-conviction; -and-l-year upon-a-third--or--subsequent--conviction. The court shall establish a specific calibration setting at which the ignition interlock device will prevent the motor vehicle 10 11 from being started and shall determine the period of time 12 that the person is subject to the restriction. A court that 13 imposes this restriction retains jurisdiction over the 14 person convicted until the end of the period of the restriction. 15
- 16 (b) If an ignition interlock device is ordered to be 17 installed under this subsection (5), the court shall require 18 the defendant to pay the reasonable costs of leasing, 19 installing, and maintaining the device. A payment schedule 20 may be established for the defendant by the court. If the 21 defendant is unable to pay all or part of the costs for an 22 ignition interlock device, the court may waive the 23 defendant's responsibility for costs. #f-the-defendant's 24 responsibility-for-costs-is-waived;-the-costs-must--be--paid

25 from-the-driver-improvement-program.

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(5)(6) For the purpose of determining the number of convictions under this section, "conviction" means a final conviction, as defined in 45-2-101, in this state or a similar statute in another state or a forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the defendant's appearance in court in this state or another state, which forfeiture has not been vacated. An offender is considered to have been previously convicted for the purposes of this section if less than 5 years have elapsed between the commission of the present offense and a previous conviction. If there has been no additional conviction for an offense under this section for a period of 5 years after a prior conviction hereunder. then such prior offense shall be expunged from the defendant's record."

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Section 3. Section 61-8-722, MCA, is amended to read: *61-8-722. Penalty for driving with excessive blood alcohol concentration. (1) A person convicted of a violation of 61-8-406 shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than 10 days and shall-be-punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500.

- (2) On a second conviction of a violation of 61-8-406, he shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than 48 consecutive hours or more than 30 days and by a fine of not less than \$300 or more than \$500.
 - (3) On a third or subsequent conviction of a violation

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of 61-8-406, he shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than 48 consecutive hours or more than 6 months and by 2 a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000.

- (4) The provisions of 61-5-205(2), 61-5-208(2), and 4 61-11-203(2)(d) relating to revocation and suspension of driver's licenses shall apply to any conviction under 61-8-406.
- (5) In addition to the punishment provided in this section, regardless of disposition, the defendant shall complete an alcohol information course at an alcohol program approved by the department of treatment institutions, which may include alcohol or drug treatment, or both, if considered necessary by the counselor conducting the program. Each counselor providing such education or treatment shall, at the commencement of the education or treatment, notify the court that the defendant has been enrolled in a course or treatment program. If the defendant 17 fails to attend the course or the treatment program, the 18 counselor shall notify the court of the failure. 19
 - (6) (a) In addition to the other punishment provided in this section, the court may order a person convicted of a violation of 61-8-406 to drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a <u>functioning</u> ignition _interlock device. restriction; -- which commences after any period of revocation or suspension imposed under Title 61, chapter 5, part 27-may

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1 be-imposed-for-a-period-not-to-exceed-60-days-upon--a--first conviction;--6--months--upon-a-second-conviction;-and-1-year 2 upon-a-third--or--subsequent--conviction. The court shall establish a specific calibration setting at which the 4 ignition interlock device will prevent the motor vehicle from being started and shall determine the period of time 6 7 that the person is subject to the restriction. A court that 8 imposes this restriction retains jurisdiction over the person convicted until the end of the period of the 9 10 restriction.

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(b) If an ignition interlock device is ordered to be installed under this subsection (6), the court shall require the defendant to pay the reasonable costs of leasing, installing, and maintaining the device. A payment schedule may be established for the defendant by the court. If the defendant is unable to pay all or part of the costs for an ignition interlock device, the court may waive the defendant's responsibility for costs. #f-the-defendant's responsibility-for-costs-is-waived;-the-costs-must--be--paid from-the-driver-improvement-program:

(6)(7) For the purpose of determining the number of convictions under this section, "conviction" means a final conviction, as defined in 45-2-101, in this state or a similar statute in another state or a forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the defendant's appearance in

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court in this state or another state, which forfeiture has not been vacated. An offender is considered to have been previously convicted for the purposes of this section if 3 less than 5 years have elapsed between the commission of the present offense and a previous conviction. If there has been 5 no additional conviction for an offense under this section for a period of 5 years after a prior conviction hereunder, 7 then such prior offense shall be expunged from the defendant's record."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Ignition interlock devices -notation on driver's license. When a court orders a person to install an ignition interlock device under 61-8-714 or 61-8-722, the court shall notify the department of its order. The department shall attach or imprint a notation on the person's driver's license stating that the person may operate only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Ignition interlock devices --18 assisting in starting or operating -- circumventing --19 penalty. (1) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly assist 20 a person who is restricted to the use of an ignition 21 interlock device to start and operate the restricted 22 person's vehicle. 23

(2) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly 24 circumvent the operation of an ignition interlock device. 25

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(3) A person convicted of a violation of this section shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months, or both.

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- (4) This section does not apply if the starting of a motor vehicle or the request to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device is done for the purpose of safety or mechanical repair of the device or the vehicle and if the person subject to the restriction does not operate the vehicle.
- 10 Section 6. Section 61-2-302, MCA, is amended to read: 11 *61-2-302. Establishment of driver improvement program 12 -- participation by offending drivers. (1) The department of 13 justice may establish by administrative rules a driver rehabilitation and improvement program or programs which may 14 15 consist of classroom instruction in rules of the road, 16 driving techniques, defensive driving, driver attitudes and 17 habits, actual on-the-road driver's training, and other such 18 subjects or tasks designed to contribute to proper driving 19 attitudes, habits, and techniques.
 - (2) Official participation in such a driver rehabilitation and improvement program is limited to those persons whose license to operate a motor vehicle in the state of Montana is:
- (a) subject to suspension or revocation as a result ofa violation of the traffic laws of this state; or

- (b) revoked and they have:
- 2 (i) completed at least 3 months of a 1-year 3 revocation; or
- 4 (ii) completed 1 year of a 3-year revocation; and
- 5 (iii) have met the requirements for reobtaining a 6 Montana driver's license.
- 7 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this part inconsistent with any other law of the state of Montana, the 9 enforcement of any suspension or revocation order which 10 constitutes the basis for any person's participation in the driver rehabilitation and improvement program provided for 11 12 herein in this section may be stayed if that person complies 13 with the requirements established for the driver improvement 14 program and meets the eligibility requirements of subsection 15 (2).
- 16 (4) In the event a person's driver's license has been
 17 surrendered prior to his selection for participation in the
 18 driver rehabilitation and improvement program, the license
 19 may be returned upon receipt of his agreement to participate
 20 in the program.
- 21 (5) The stay of enforcement of any suspension or 22 revocation order shall be terminated and the order of 23 suspension or revocation enforced if a person declines to 24 participate in the driver rehabilitation and improvement 25 program or fails to meet the attendance or other

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requirements established for participation in the program.

(6) Nothing in this part creates a right to be included in any program established under this part.

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- (7) The department of justice may establish a schedule of fees which may be charged those persons participating in the driver improvement and rehabilitation program, which fees shall be used to help defray costs of maintaining the program.
- (8) A person may be referred to this program by a driver improvement analyst, city judge, justice of the peace, judge of a district court of the state, or a hearing examiner of the department of justice.
- (9) (a) The department of justice may issue a restricted probationary license to any person who enrolls and participates in the driver rehabilitation and improvement program. Upon issuance of a probationary license under this section, the licensee is subject to the restrictions set forth thereon on the license.
- 19 (b) If the department issues a restricted probationary
 20 license to any person whom the sentencing court has ordered
 21 to install an ignition interlock device, pursuant to
 22 61-8-714 or 61-8-722, the department shall require the
 23 person to install the ignition interlock device prior to
 24 issuance of the probationary license.
 - (10) It is a misdemeanor for any person to operate a

notor vehicle in any manner in violation of the restrictions imposed on a restricted license issued to him under this section."

- Section 7. Section 61-5-206, MCA, is amended to read:

 "61-5-206. Authority of department to suspend license or driving privilege or issue probationary license. (1) The department is hereby authorized to suspend the driver's license, including the commercial vehicle operator's endorsement, or driving privilege of a driver without preliminary hearing upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:
- 12 (a) has been involved as a driver in any accident 13 resulting in the death or personal injury of another or 14 serious property damage;
- 15 (b) has been convicted with such frequency of serious
 16 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement
 17 of vehicles as to indicate a disrespect for traffic laws and
 18 a disregard for the safety of other persons on the highways;
- 19 (c) is an habitually reckless or negligent driver of a
 20 motor vehicle;
 - (d) is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle;
- 22 (e) has committed or permitted an unlawful or 23 fraudulent use of such license as specified in 61-5-302;
- 24 (f) has committed an offense in another state which if 25 committed in this state would be grounds for suspension or

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revocation; or

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2 (g) has falsified his date of birth on his application
3 for a driver's license.

(2) (a) However, the department may, in its discretion and in lieu of such suspension of license or driving privilege, issue a probationary license to a driver, without preliminary hearing, upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee's driving record is such as would authorize suspension as provided in subsection (1) hereof. Upon issuance of a probationary license the licensee shall be subject to the restrictions set forth thereon. The licensee's driving privilege may be suspended upon conviction or forfeiture of bail not vacated of any traffic violation during the period of such probation. The licensee shall surrender to the department all driver licenses theretofore previously issued to him before such probationary license shall be issued. His refusal or neglect to surrender such the licenses upon demand shall-be is ground for suspending all such licenses. Probationary licenses may be issued for a period not to exceed 12 months. (b) If the department issues a restricted probationary

to install an ignition interlock device, pursuant to

61-8-714 or 61-8-722, the department shall require the

license to any person whom the sentencing court has ordered

25 person to install the ignition interlock device prior to

issuance of the probationary license.

2 (3) Upon suspending the license of any person or upon placing such the person on probation, as hereinbefore authorized in this section authorized, the department shall immediately notify the licensee in writing and upon his б request shall afford him an opportunity for a hearing as early as practical within not to exceed 20 days after receipt of such request in the county wherein the licensee 9 resides unless the department and the licensee agree that 10 such hearing may be held in some other county. Upon such 11 hearing the department through its duly authorized agent may 12 administer paths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers 1.3 14 and may require a reexamination of the licensee, Upon such 15 hearing the department shall either rescind its order of 16 suspension or probation, or, good cause appearing therefor, 17 may affirm, reduce, or extend the period of probation or 18 suspension of such license."

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Department rules on ignition interlock devices. (1) The department shall adopt rules providing for the installation, repair, and removal of ignition interlock devices and shall publish a list of approved devices.

24 (2) The list of approved devices must include only 25 devices that:

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2	(b) correlate well with the level established for
3	alcohol impairment;
4	(c) work accurately and reliably in an unsupervised
5	environment;
6	(d) require a deep lung breath sample or other
7	accurate measure of blood alcohol content equivalence;
8	(e) resist tampering and show evidence if tampering is
9	attempted;
10	(f) are difficult to circumvent and require
11	premeditation to do so;
12	(g) minimize inconvenience to a sober user;
13	(h) operate reliably over the range of automobile
14	environments and in connection with various manufacturing
15	standards;
16	(i) are manufactured by a person who is adequately
17	insured for product liability;
18	(j) have a label affixed in a prominent location
19	warning that any person tampering with, circumventing, or
20	otherwise misusing the device is subject to criminal
21	prosecution.
22	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. (1)
23	[Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part

(a) do not impede safe operation of the vehicle;

1	(2) [Sections 4, 5, and 8] are intended to be codified
2	as an integral part of Title 61 and the provisions of Title
3	61 apply to (sections 4, 5, and 8).
4	NEW SECTION. SECTION 10. EFFECTIVE DATES. (1
5	[SECTIONS 8 AND 9] AND THIS SECTION ARE EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE
6	AND APPROVAL.
7	(2) [SECTIONS 1 THROUGH 7] ARE EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1990.
	-End-

of Title 61, chapter 1, and the provisions of Title 61,

chapter 1, apply to [section 1].

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Idaho, and Oregon.

2	INTRODUCED BY EUDAILY, VINCENT, MERCER,
3	GOULD, STRIZICH, D. BROWN
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING A JUDGE TO
6	REQUIRE A PERSON TO INSTALL AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE
7	WHEN CONVICTED OF DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR
8	DRUGS OR OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE WHILE HAVING AN ALCOHOL
9	CONCENTRATION OF 0.10 OR MORE; DIRECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF
10	JUSTICE TO REQUIRE INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK
11	DEVICE PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A RESTRICTED PROBATIONARY
12	LICENSE TO A PERSON ORDERED BY THE COURT TO INSTALL THE
13	DEVICE; DIRECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TO ADOPT RULES
14	PROVIDING FOR APPROVAL OF IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICES; AND
15	AMENDING SECTIONS 61-2-302, 61-5-206, 61-8-714, AND
16	61-8-722, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."
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18	STATEMENT OF INTENT
19	A statement of intent is required for this bill because
20	[section 8] delegates authority to the department of justice
21	to adopt rules concerning ignition interlock devices. It is
22	the intent of the legislature that the rules be modeled on
23	rules implementing similar statutes adopted in Washington.

HOUSE BILL NO. 582

A	
LOntana	lagislativa Council

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Ignition interlock device —

definition. "Ignition interlock device" means ignition

equipment that analyzes the breath to determine blood

alcohol concentration, that is approved by the department

pursuant to {section 8}, and that is designed to prevent a

motor vehicle from being operated by a person who has

consumed a specific amount of an alcoholic beverage.

Section 2. Section 61-8-714, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-8-714. Penalty for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs. (1) A person convicted of a violation of 61-8-401 shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 24 consecutive hours or more than 60 days, and shall-be-punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500. The jail sentence may not be suspended unless the judge finds that the imposition of the jail sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental well-being.

(2) On a second conviction, he shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$300 or more than \$500 and by imprisonment for not less than 7 days, at least 48 hours of which must be served consecutively, or more than 6 months. Three days of the jail sentence may not be suspended unless the judge finds that the imposition of the jail sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental

well-being.

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- (3) On the third or subsequent conviction, he shall be punished by imprisonment for a term of not less than 30 days, at least 48 hours of which must be served consecutively, or more than 1 year, to which may be added, in the discretion of the court, a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary providing for suspension of execution of a sentence imposed under this subsection, the imposition or execution of the first 10 days of the jail sentence imposed for a third or subsequent offense that occurred within 5 years of the first offense may not be deferred or suspended.
- (4) In addition to the punishment provided in this section, regardless of disposition, the defendant shall complete an alcohol information course at an alcohol treatment program approved by the department institutions, which may include alcohol or drug treatment, or both, if considered necessary by the counselor conducting the program. Each counselor providing such education or treatment shall, at the commencement of the education or treatment, notify the court that the defendant has been enrolled in a course or treatment program. If the defendant fails to attend the course or the treatment program, the counselor shall notify the court of the failure.
 - (5) (a) In addition to the other punishment provided

- in this section, the court may order a person convicted of a 1 2 violation of 61-8-401 to drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device.
- restriction, -- which commences after any period of revocation or suspension imposed under Title 61, chapter 5, part 2,-may
- be-imposed-for-a-period-not-to-exceed-60-days-upon--a--first
- conviction;--6--months--upon-a-second-conviction;-and-i-year
- upon-a-third--or--subsequent--conviction. The court shall
- establish a specific calibration setting at which the
- ignition interlock device will prevent the motor vehicle 10
- from being started and shall determine the period of time 11
- 12 that the person is subject to the restriction. A court that
- imposes this restriction retains jurisdiction over the 13
 - person convicted until the end of the period of the
- restriction. 15

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- (b) If an ignition interlock device is ordered to be 16
- 17 installed under this subsection (5), the court shall require
- 18 the defendant to pay the reasonable costs of leasing,
- 19 installing, and maintaining the device. A payment schedule
- 20 may be established for the defendant by the court. #f--the
- 21 defendant--is--unable-to-pay-all-or-part-of-the-costs-for-an
- 22 ignition--interlock--device, -- the -- court -- - may -- - waive -- - the
- 23 defendant's--responsibility--for--costs- If-the-defendant's
- 24 responsibility-for-costs-is-waived;-the-costs-must--be--paid
- 25 from-the-driver-improvement-program-

(5)(6) For the purpose of determining the number of convictions under this section, "conviction" means a final conviction, as defined in 45-2-101, in this state or a similar statute in another state or a forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the defendant's appearance in court in this state or another state, which forfeiture has not been vacated. An offender is considered to have been previously convicted for the purposes of this section if less than 5 years have elapsed between the commission of the present offense and a previous conviction. If there has been no additional conviction for an offense under this section for a period of 5 years after a prior conviction hereunder, then such prior offense shall be expunged from the defendant's record."

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Section 3. Section 61-8-722, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-8-722. Penalty for driving with excessive blood alcohol concentration. (1) A person convicted of a violation of 61-8-406 shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than 10 days and shall-be-punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500.

- (2) On a second conviction of a violation of 61-8-406, he shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than 48 consecutive hours or more than 30 days and by a fine of not less than \$300 or more than \$500.
- 25 (3) On a third or subsequent conviction of a violation

of 61-8-406, he shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than 48 consecutive hours or more than 6 months and by a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000.

- (4) The provisions of 61-5-205(2), 61-5-208(2), and 61-11-203(2)(d) relating to revocation and suspension of driver's licenses shall apply to any conviction under 61-8-406.
- (5) In addition to the punishment provided in this section, regardless of disposition, the defendant shall complete an alcohol information course at an alcohol 10 program approved by the department of treatment 11 institutions, which may include alcohol or drug treatment, 12 or both, if considered necessary by the counselor conducting 13 the program. Each counselor providing such education or 14 treatment shall, at the commencement of the education or 15 treatment, notify the court that the defendant has been 16 enrolled in a course or treatment program. If the defendant 17 fails to attend the course or the treatment program, the 18 counselor shall notify the court of the failure. 19
- in this section, the court may order a person convicted of a violation of 61-8-406 to drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. The restriction,—which commences after any period of revocation or suspension imposed under Title 61, chapter 5, part 27-may

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be-imposed-for-a-period-not-to-exceed-60-days-uponafirst
conviction,6monthsupon-a-second-conviction,-and-i-year
upon-a-thirdorsubsequentconviction. The court shall
establish a specific calibration setting at which the
ignition interlock device will prevent the motor vehicle
from being started and shall determine the period of time
that the person is subject to the restriction. A court that
imposes this restriction retains jurisdiction over the
person convicted until the end of the period of the
restriction.

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(b) If an ignition interlock device is ordered to be installed under this subsection (6), the court shall require the defendant to pay the reasonable costs of leasing, installing, and maintaining the device. A payment schedule may be established for the defendant by the court. If the defendant is unable to pay all or part of the costs for an ignition interlock device, the court may waive the defendant's responsibility for costs. If the defendant's responsibility for costs. If the defendant's responsibility for costs.

(6)(7) For the purpose of determining the number of convictions under this section, "conviction" means a final conviction, as defined in 45-2-101, in this state or a similar statute in another state or a forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the defendant's appearance in

court in this state or another state, which forfeiture has
not been vacated. An offender is considered to have been
previously convicted for the purposes of this section if
less than 5 years have elapsed between the commission of the
present offense and a previous conviction. If there has been
no additional conviction for an offense under this section
for a period of 5 years after a prior conviction hereunder,
then such prior offense shall be expunged from the
defendant's record."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Ignition interlock devices --10 11 notation on driver's license. When a court orders a person 1.2 to install an ignition interlock device under 61-8-714 or 13 61-8-722, the court shall notify the department of its 14 order. The department shall attach or imprint a notation on 15 the person's driver's license stating that the person may 16 operate only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device. 17

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Ignition interlock devices -19 assisting in starting or operating -- circumventing -20 penalty. (1) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly assist
21 a person who is restricted to the use of an ignition
22 interlock device to start and operate the restricted
23 person's vehicle.

(2) It is unlawful for a person to knowinglycircumvent the operation of an ignition interlock device.

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(3) A person convicted of a violation of this section shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months, or both.

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- (4) This section does not apply if the starting of a motor vehicle or the request to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device is done for the purpose of safety or mechanical repair of the device or the vehicle and if the person subject to the restriction does not operate the vehicle.
- Section 6. Section 61-2-302, MCA, is amended to read:

 "61-2-302. Establishment of driver improvement program

 -- participation by offending drivers. (1) The department of
 justice may establish by administrative rules a driver
 rehabilitation and improvement program or programs which may
 consist of classroom instruction in rules of the road,
 driving techniques, defensive driving, driver attitudes and
 habits, actual on-the-road driver's training, and other such
 subjects or tasks designed to contribute to proper driving
 attitudes, habits, and techniques.
- (2) Official participation in such a driver rehabilitation and improvement program is limited to those persons whose license to operate a motor vehicle in the state of Montana is:
- 24 (a) subject to suspension or revocation as a result of 25 a violation of the traffic laws of this state; or

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1 (b) revoked and they have:

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- 2 (i) completed at least 3 months of a 1-year
 3 revocation; or
 - (ii) completed 1 year of a 3-year revocation; and
 - (iii) have met the requirements for reobtaining a Montana driver's license.
 - (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this part inconsistent with any other law of the state of Montana, the enforcement of any suspension or revocation order which constitutes the basis for any person's participation in the driver rehabilitation and improvement program provided for herein in this section may be stayed if that person complies with the requirements established for the driver improvement program and meets the eligibility requirements of subsection (2).
- 16 (4) In the event a person's driver's license has been
 17 surrendered prior to his selection for participation in the
 18 driver rehabilitation and improvement program, the license
 19 may be returned upon receipt of his agreement to participate
 20 in the program.
- 21 (5) The stay of enforcement of any suspension or 22 revocation order shall be terminated and the order of 23 suspension or revocation enforced if a person declines to 24 participate in the driver rehabilitation and improvement 25 program or fails to meet the attendance or other

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requirements established	for	participation	in	the	program.
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- (6) Nothing in this part creates a right to be included in any program established under this part.
- (7) The department of justice may establish a schedule of fees which may be charged those persons participating in the driver improvement and rehabilitation program, which fees shall be used to help defray costs of maintaining the program.
- (8) A person may be referred to this program by a driver improvement analyst, city judge, justice of the peace, judge of a district court of the state, or a hearing examiner of the department of justice.
- (9) (a) The department of justice may issue a restricted probationary license to any person who enrolls and participates in the driver rehabilitation and improvement program. Upon issuance of a probationary license under this section, the licensee is subject to the restrictions set forth thereon on the license.
- (b) If the department issues a restricted probationary license to any person whom the sentencing court has ordered to install an ignition interlock device, pursuant to 61-8-714 or 61-8-722, the department shall require the person to install the ignition interlock device prior to issuance of the probationary license.
 - (10) It is a misdemeanor for any person to operate a

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motor vehicle in any manner in violation of the restrictions imposed on a restricted license issued to him under this section."

Section 7. Section 61-5-206, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-5-206. Authority of department to suspend license or driving privilege or issue probationary license. (1) The department is hereby authorized to suspend the driver's license, including the commercial vehicle operator's endorsement, or driving privilege of a driver without preliminary hearing upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:

- (a) has been involved as a driver in any accident resulting in the death or personal injury of another or serious property damage;
- (b) has been convicted with such frequency of serious offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles as to indicate a disrespect for traffic laws and a disregard for the safety of other persons on the highways;
- (c) is an habitually reckless or negligent driver of a motor vehicle;
 - (d) is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle;
- 22 (e) has committed or permitted an unlawful or 23 fraudulent use of such license as specified in 61-5-302;
 - (f) has committed an offense in another state which if committed in this state would be grounds for suspension or

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revocation: or

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- (g) has falsified his date of birth on his application for a driver's license.
- (2) (a) However, the department may, in its discretion and in lieu of such suspension of license or driving privilege, issue a probationary license to a driver, without preliminary hearing, upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee's driving record is such as would authorize suspension as provided in subsection (1) hereof. Upon issuance of a probationary license the licensee shall be subject to the restrictions set forth thereon. The licensee's driving privilege may be suspended upon conviction or forfeiture of bail not vacated of any traffic violation during the period of such probation. The licensee shall surrender to the department all driver licenses theretofore previously issued to him before such probationary license shall be issued. His refusal or neglect to surrender such the licenses upon demand shall-be is ground for suspending all such licenses. Probationary licenses may be issued for a period not to exceed 12 months.
- (b) If the department issues a restricted probationary license to any person whom the sentencing court has ordered to install an ignition interlock device, pursuant to 61-8-714 or 61-8-722, the department shall require the person to install the ignition interlock device prior to

issuance of the probationary license.

2 (3) Upon suspending the license of any person or upon 3 placing such the person on probation, as hereinbefore authorized in this section authorized, the department shall immediately notify the licensee in writing and upon his 5 б request shall afford him an opportunity for a hearing as 7 early as practical within not to exceed 20 days after receipt of such request in the county wherein the licensee 8 9 resides unless the department and the licensee agree that 1.0 such hearing may be held in some other county. Upon such hearing the department through its duly authorized agent may 11 12 administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance 13 of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers and may require a reexamination of the licensee. Upon such 14 hearing the department shall either rescind its order of 15 16 suspension or probation, or, good cause appearing therefor, 17 may affirm, reduce, or extend the period of probation or suspension of such license." 18

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Department rules on ignition interlock devices. (1) The department shall adopt rules providing for the installation, repair, and removal of ignition interlock devices and shall publish a list of approved devices.

24 (2) The list of approved devices must include only 25 devices that:

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1	(a)	do	not	impede	safe	operation	ο£	the	vehicle;

- 2 (b) correlate well with the level established for 3 alcohol impairment;
- 4 (c) work accurately and reliably in an unsupervised
 5 environment;
- (d) require a deep lung breath sample or other
 accurate measure of blood alcohol content equivalence;
- 8 (e) resist tampering and show evidence if tampering is9 attempted;
- 10 (f) are difficult to circumvent and require
 11 premeditation to do so;
 - (g) minimize inconvenience to a sober user;

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- (h) operate reliably over the range of automobile environments and in connection with various manufacturing standards;
 - (i) are manufactured by a person who is adequately insured for product liability;
- 18 (j) have a label affixed in a prominent location 19 warning that any person tampering with, circumventing, or 20 otherwise misusing the device is subject to criminal 21 prosecution.
- NEW SECTION. **Section 9.** Codification instruction. (1) [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 61, chapter 1, and the provisions of Title 61, chapter 1, apply to [section 1].

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(2) [Sections 4, 5, and 8] are intended to be codified
as an integral part of Title 61 and the provisions of Title
61 apply to [sections 4, 5, and 8].

NEW SECTION. SECTION 10. EFFECTIVE DATES. (1)
[SECTIONS 8 AND 9] AND THIS SECTION ARE EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE
AND APPROVAL.

(2) [SECTIONS 1 THROUGH 7] ARE EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1990.

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