HOUSE BILL 575

Introduced by Kadas, et al.

Introduced
Referred to Ed. Fund. Select
Committee
Fiscal Note Requested
Hearing
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Fiscal Note Printed
Hearing
Tabled in Committee

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO INCREASE THE STATE EQUALIZATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOL FUNDING FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING FURTHER EQUALITY OF EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY: TO ELIMINATE THE RETIREMENT LEVIES AND TO ELIMINATE THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PERMISSIVE, TUITION, TRANSPORTATION. ADULT EDUCATION, AND COMPREHENSIVE INSURANCE LEVIES: TO COMBINE ALL DISTRICT BUDGETED FUNDS UNDER THE GENERAL FUND BUDGET OF A DISTRICT, EXCEPT FUNDS FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT: INCREASE THE FOUNDATION PROGRAM FUNDING SCHEDULES TO REFLECT FUNDS ADDED TO DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETS: TO REDUCE THE FOR A DISTRICT RECEIVING STATE CASH RESERVE FUND EQUALIZATION PAYMENTS; TO LIMIT, WITH A 5-YEAR PHASE-IN PERIOD. THE GENERAL FUND BUDGETS OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS; TO INCREASE COUNTY EQUALIZATION LEVIES: TO EXCLUDE SCHOOL DISTRICT LEVIES FROM THE PROPERTY TAX LIMITATION; TO CHANGE THE METHOD OF CALCULATING THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF STUDENTS BELONGING (ANB) TO A SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR FUNDING PURPOSES; TO ELIMINATE TUITION PAYMENTS BETWEEN DISTRICTS; TO PROVIDE FOR A STATUTORY APPROPRIATION; TO PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATION FOR SCHOOL FUNDING; TO PROVIDE THAT THE SUPERINTENDENT OF OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION STUDY METHODS DISTRIBUTING TRANSPORTATION FUNDS FOR SCHOOL FISCAL YEAR 1991; TO PROVIDE

Montana Lagislative Council

FOR AN INTERIM STUDY OF SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY COSTS AND DEBT 1 SERVICE COSTS; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-10-402, 17-3-213, 2 17-7-502, 19-4-605, 20-1-101, 20-3-106, 20-3-205, 20-3-210, 3 20-3-324, 20-3-331, 20-5-101, 20-5-102, 20-5-301, 20-5-302, 20-5-311, 20-5-314, 20-6-401, 20-6-406, 20-6-608, 20-7-420, 5 20-7-421, 20-7-424, 20-7-442, 20-7-705, 20-7-713, 20-9-104, 5 20-9-141, 20-9-165, 20-9-166, 20-9-201, 20-9-212, 20-9-301. 7 20-9-303, 20-9-304, 20-9-311, 20-9-313, 20-9-314, 20-9-3169 THROUGH 20-9-321, 20-9-331, 20-9-333 THROUGH 20-9-335, 10 20-9-343. 20-9-344. 20-9-353, 20-9-505, 20-10-101. 20-10-104, 20-10-105, 20-10-112, 20-10-143, AND 23-5-1027, 11 MCA: REPEALING SECTIONS 20-5-303 THROUGH 20-5-307, 20-5-312, 12 13 20-5-313, 20-9-105, 20-9-352, 20-9-501, 20-9-531, 20-9-532, 20-10-141, 20-10-142, AND 20-10-144 THROUGH 20-10-146, MCA: AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES." 15

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WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Legislature to provide further equality of educational opportunity for students in the elementary schools and high schools of Montana by revising the school funding structure to provide funding mechanisms that enhance the equalization of school district costs included in the general fund budgets of school districts and that enhance the equitable use of available revenues for school funding purposes.

INTRODUCED BILL

-2- HB 575

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- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
- Section 1. Section 15-10-402, MCA, is amended to read:
- 3 "15-10-402. Property tax limited to 1986 levels. (1)
- 4 Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), the amount of
- taxes levied on property described in 15-6-133, 15-6-134,
- 6 15-6-136, 15-6-139, 15-6-142, and 15-6-144 may not, for any
- 7 taxing jurisdiction, exceed the amount levied for taxable
- 8 year 1986.

- 9 (2) The limitation contained in subsection (1) does
- 10 not apply to levies for rural improvement districts, Title
- 11 7, chapter 12, part 21; special improvement districts, Title
- 12 7, chapter 12, part 41; the school district levies in
- 13 20-9-331, 20-9-333, and 20-9-353; or bonded indebtedness.
- 14 (3) New construction or improvements to or deletions
- 15 from property described in subsection (1) are subject to
- 16 taxation at 1986 levels.
- 17 (4) As used in this section, the "amount of taxes
- 18 levied" and the "amount levied" mean the actual dollar
- 19 amount of taxes imposed on an individual piece of property,
- 20 notwithstanding an increase or decrease in value due to
- 21 inflation, reappraisal, adjustments in the percentage
- 22 multiplier used to convert appraised value to taxable value,
- 23 changes in the number of mills levied, or increase or
- 24 decrease in the value of a mill."
- Section 2. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:

- 1 "17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition -2 requisites for validity. (1) A statutory appropriation is an
 3 appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending
 4 by a state agency without the need for a biennial
 5 legislative appropriation or budget amendment.
 - (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with both of the following provisions:
- 9 (a) The law containing the statutory authority must be 10 listed in subsection (3).
 - (b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.
- 14 (3) The following laws are the only laws containing
- 15 statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 2-18-812;
- 16 10-3-203; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 13-37-304;
- 17 15-25-123; 15-31-702; 15-36-112; 15-65-121; 15-70-101;
- 18 16-1-404; 16-1-410; 16-1-411; 17-3-212; 17-5-404; 17-5-424;
- 19 17-5-804; 19-8-504; 19-9-702; 19-9-1007; 19-10-205;
- 20 19-10-305; 19-10-506; 19-11-512; 19-11-513; 19-11-606;
- 21 19-12-301; 19-13-604; 20-4-109; 20-6-406; 20-8-111;
- 22 20-9-343; 23-5-610; 23-5-1027; 33-31-212; 33-31-401;
- 23 37-51-501; 39-71-2504; 53-6-150; 53-24-206; 67-3-205;
- 24 75-1-1101; 75-7-305; 76-12-123; 80-2-103; 80-2-228;
- 25 82-11-136; 90-3-301; 90-3-302; 90-3-412; 90-4-215; 90-9-306;

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- 90-15-103; section 13, House Bill No. 861, Laws of 1985; and
 section 1, Chapter 454, Laws of 1987.
- (4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the 3 principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of 7 Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the treasurer. for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 10 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the 1.1 12 bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for 13 such payments. (In subsection (3): pursuant to sec. 15, Ch. 14 607, L. 1987, the inclusion of 15-65-121 terminates June 30,
- of 39-71-2504 terminates June 30, 1991; and pursuant to sec.
 17 6, Ch. 454, L. 1987, the inclusion of sec. 1, Ch. 454, L.
 18 1987, terminates July 1, 1988.)"

1989: pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 664, L. 1987, the inclusion

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- Section 3. Section 17-3-213, MCA, is amended to read:

 "17-3-213. Allocation to general road fund and countywide school levies. (1) The forest reserve funds so apportioned to each county shall must be apportioned by the county treasurer in each county between-the-several-funds as follows:
- 25 (a) to the general road fund, 66 2/3% of the total

amount received;

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- 2 (b) to the following countywide-school-levies, 33 1/3% of the total sum received:
- 4 (i) the-annual-basic-tax-levy county equalization for 5 elementary schools provided for in 20-9-331; and
- 6 (ii) the--annual--special--tax county equalization for
 7 high schools provided for in 20-9-3337
- 10 (iv)-the--elementary-teacher-retirement--and--social
 11 security-fund-provided-for-in-20-9-501;
- 12 (v)--the-high--school--teacher--retirement--and--social

 13 security-fund-provided-for-in-20-9-501.
 - (2) The apportionment of money to the funds provided for under subsection (1)(b) shall must be made by the county superintendent based on the proportion that the-mill-levy-of each fund bears to the total number-of-mills for all the funds. Whenever the total amount of money available for apportionment under this section is greater than the total requirements of a-levy the funds, the excess money and any interest income must be retained in a separate reserve fund, to be reapportioned in the ensuing school fiscal year to the levies funds designated in subsection (1)(b).
- 24 (3) In counties wherein in which special road 25 districts have been created according to law, the board of

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- county commissioners shall distribute a proportionate—share
 of the 66 2/3% of the total amount received for the general
 road fund to such the special road district—or districts
 within the county based upon the percentage that the total
 area of such the road district bears to the total area of
 the entire county."
 - Section 4. Section 19-4-605, MCA, is amended to read:

 "19-4-605. Pension accumulation fund -- employer's contribution. The pension accumulation fund is the fund in which the reserves for payment of pensions and annuities shall must be accumulated and from which pensions, annuities, and benefits in lieu thereof--shall of pensions and annuities must be paid to or on account of beneficiaries credited with prior service. Contributions to and payments from the pension accumulation fund shall must be made as follows:

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- (1) Each employer shall pay into the pension accumulation fund an amount equal to 7.428% of the earned compensation of each member employed during the whole or part of the preceding payroll period.
- (2) If the employer is a district or community college district, the trustees shall budget and pay for the employer's contribution under-the-provisions-of-20-9-501.
- (3) If the employer is the superintendent of public
 instruction, a public institution of the state of Montana, a

- unit of the Montana university system, or the Montana state school for the deaf and blind, the legislature shall appropriate to the employer an adequate amount to allow the
- 5 (4) If the employer is a county, the county
 6 commissioners shall budget and pay for the employer's
 7 contribution in the manner provided by law for the adoption
 8 of a county budget and for payments under the budget.

payment of the employer's contribution.

- 9 (5) All interest and other earnings realized on the
 10 moneys money of the retirement system shall must be credited
 11 to the pension accumulation fund, and the amount required to
 12 allow regular interest on the annuity savings fund shall
 13 must be transferred to that fund from the pension
 14 accumulation fund.
- 15 (6) All pensions, annuities, and benefits in lieu

 16 thereof-shall of pensions and annuities must be paid from

 17 the pension accumulation fund.
- 18 (7) The retirement board may, in its discretion,
 19 transfer from the pension accumulation fund an amount
 20 necessary to cover expenses of administration."
- Section 5. Section 20-1-101, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-1-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless
 the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following
 definitions apply:
- 25 (1) "Agricultural experiment station" means the

agricultural experiment station established at Montana state
university.

- (2) "Average number belonging" or "ANB" shall-mean means the average number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the public schools of a district for each school day of the school year used, as calculated under the provisions of 20-9-311.
- (3) "The board of public education" is the board created by Article X, section 9, subsection (3), of the 1972 Montana constitution and 2-15-1507.
- 11 (4) "Board of regents" means the board of regents of 12 higher education created by Article X, section 9, subsection 13 (2), of the 1972 Montana constitution and 2-15-1505.
 - (5) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of higher education created by Article X, section 9, subsection (2), of the 1972 Montana constitution and 2-15-1506.
 - (6) "County superintendent" means the county government official who is the school officer of the county.
 - (7) "District superintendent" means any person who holds a valid class 3 Montana teacher certificate with a superintendent's endorsement that has been issued by the superintendent of public instruction under the provisions of this title and the policies adopted by the board of public education and who has been employed by a district as a district superintendent.

- 1 (8) "K-12 vocational education" means vocational
 2 education in public school kindergarten through grade 12.
 - (9) "Principal" means any person who holds a valid class 3 Montana teacher certificate with an applicable principal's endorsement that has been issued by the superintendent of public instruction under the provisions of this title and the policies adopted by the board of public education and who has been employed by a district as a principal. For the purposes of this title, any reference to a teacher shall be construed as including a principal, as herein defined.
 - (10) "Pupil" means any child who is 6 years of age or older on or before September 10 of the year in which the child is to enroll or has been enrolled by special permission of the board of trustees under 20-5-101(3) but has not yet reached his 19th birthday and who is enrolled in a school established and maintained under the laws of the state of Montana at public expense. For purposes of calculating the average number belonging (ANB) pursuant to 20-9-311, the definition of pupil includes a person who has not yet reached his 19th birthday by September 10 of the year and is enrolled under 20-5-101(3) in a school established and maintained under the laws of the state at public expense.
- 25 (11) "Pupil instruction" means the conduct of organized

- 1 instruction of pupils enrolled in public schools while under
- 2 the supervision of a teacher.
- 3 (12) "Regents" means the board of regents of higher education.
- 5 (13) "School food services" means a service of 6 providing food for the pupils of a district on a nonprofit 7 basis and shall include any food service financially
 - basis and shall include any food service financially assisted through funds or commodities provided by the United
- 9 States government.

- 10 (14) "The state board of education" is the board
- 11 composed of the board of public education and the board of
- 12 regents as specified in Article X, section 9, subsection
- 13 (1), of the 1972 Montana constitution.
- 14 (15) "State university" means the Montana state
- 15 university, located at Bozeman.
- 16 (16) "Superintendent of public instruction" means that
- 17 state government official designated as a member of the
- 18 executive branch by the constitution of Montana.
- 19 (17) "System" means the Montana university system.
- 20 (18) "Teacher" means any person, except a district
 - superintendent, who holds a valid Montana teacher
- 22 certificate that has been issued by the superintendent of
- 23 public instruction under the provisions of this title and
- 24 the policies adopted by the board of public education and
- 25 who is employed by a district as a member of its

- l instructional, supervisory, or administrative staff. This
- 2 definition of a teacher shall also include any person for
- 3 whom an emergency authorization of employment of such person
- has been issued under the provisions of 20-4-111.
- 5 (19) "Textbook" means a book or manual used as a
- 6 principal source of study material for a given class or
- 7 group of students.
- 8 (20) "Textbook dealer" means any party, company,
- 9 corporation, or other organization selling, offering to
- 10 sell, or offering for adoption textbooks to districts in the
- 11 state of Montana.
- 12 (21) "Trustees" means the governing board of a
- 13 district.
- 14 (22) "University" means the university of Montana,
- 15 located at Missoula.
- 16 (23) "Vocational education" means the instruction to
- 17 prepare or improve the pupil for gainful employment that
- 18 does not require a baccalaureate or higher degree. This
- 19 definition of vocational education shall include quidance
- 20 and prevocational, related, or technical instruction
- 21 necessary to prepare the pupil for further vocational
- 22 education or for entry into employment.
- 23 (24) "Vocational-technical center" means an institution
- 24 used principally for the provision of vocational-technical
- 25 education to persons who qualify as vocational-technical

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students. These centers are designated by the board of regents upon direction by the legislature. All other public or private institutions or schools are hereby prohibited from using this title.

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- (25) "Vocational-technical education" means vocational-technical education of vocational-technical students that is conducted by a vocational-technical center, a unit of the Montana university system, or a community college as designated by the board of regents."
- Section 6. Section 20-3-106, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-3-106. Supervision of schools -- powers and

 duties. The superintendent of public instruction has the

 general supervision of the public schools and districts of

 the state, and he shall perform the following duties or acts

 in implementing and enforcing the provisions of this title:
 - (1) resolve any controversy resulting from the proration of costs by a joint board of trustees under the provisions of 20-3-362;
- (2) issue, renew, or deny teacher certification andemergency authorizations of employment;
- 21 (3) negotiate reciprocal twition attendance agreements
 22 with other states in accordance with the provisions of
 23 20-5-314;
- 24 (4) serve on the teachers' retirement board in accordance with the provisions of 2-15-1010;

- 1 (5) approve or disapprove the orders of a high school
 2 boundary commission in accordance with the provisions of
 3 20-6-311;
- 4 (6) approve or disapprove the opening or reopening of s a school in accordance with the provisions of 20-6-502, 20-6-503, 20-6-504, or 20-6-505;
- 7 (7) approve or disapprove school isolation within the 8 limitations prescribed by 20-9-302;
- 9 (8) generally supervise the school budgeting
 10 procedures prescribed by law in accordance with the
 11 provisions of 20-9+102 and prescribe the school budget
 12 format in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-103 and
 13 20-9-506:
- 14 (9) establish a system of communication for 15 calculating joint district revenues in accordance with the 16 provisions of 20-9-151;
- 17 (10) approve or disapprove the adoption of a district's
 18 emergency budget resolution under the conditions prescribed
 19 in 20-9-163 and publish rules for an application for
 20 additional state aid for an emergency budget in accordance
 21 with the approval and disbursement provisions of 20-9-166;
- 22 (11) generally supervise the school financial 23 administration provisions as prescribed by 20-9-201(2);
- 24 (12) prescribe and furnish the annual report forms to 25 enable the districts to report to the county superintendent

- 1 in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(5) and the 2 annual report forms to enable the county superintendents to 3 report to the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the provisions of 20-3-209; 5 (13) approve, disapprove, or adjust an increase of the average number belonging (ANB) in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-313 and 20-9-314; (14) distribute state equalization aid in support of the foundation program in accordance with the provisions of 10 20-9-342, 20-9-346, and 20-9-347; 11 (15) distribute state impact aid in accordance with the 12 provisions of 20-9-304; 13 (16) provide for the uniform and equal provision of 14 transportation by performing the duties prescribed by the 15 provisions of 20-10-112: 16 (17)-approve--or--disapprove-an-adult-education-program 17 for-which-a-district-proposes-to-levy-a--tax--in--accordance 18 with-the-provisions-of-20-7-705; 19 (18)(17) request, accept, deposit, and expend federal 20 moneys money in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-603; 21 (18) authorize the use of federal moneys money for 22 the support of an interlocal cooperative agreement in 23 accordance with the provisions of 20-9-703 and 20-9-704; 24 (20)(19) prescribe the form and contents of and approve
- accordance with the provisions of 20-1-303 and 20-1-304; +22+(21) recommend standards of accreditation for all schools to the board of public education and evaluate compliance with such the standards and recommend accreditation status of every school to the board of public education in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-101 and 20-7-102: (23)(22) collect and maintain a file of curriculum quides and assist schools with instructional programs in accordance with the provisions of 20-7-113 and 20-7-114; 14 +24+(23) establish and maintain a library of visual, 15 aural, and other educational media in accordance with the 16 provisions of 20-7-201; t25)(24) license textbook dealers and 17 initiate 18 prosecution of textbook dealers violating the law in accordance with the provisions of the textbooks part of this 20 title; 21 (26)(25) as the governing agent and executive officer 22 of the state of Montana for K-12 vocational education, adopt 23 the policies prescribed by and in accordance with the 24 provisions of 20-7-301; 25 (27)(26) supervise and coordinate the conduct

(21)(20) approve or disapprove the conduct of school on

a Saturday or on pupil-instruction-related days

provisions of 20-9-705:

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or disapprove interstate contracts in accordance with the

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-	special education in the state in accordance with the
2	provisions of 20-7-403;
3	+20+(27) administer the traffic education program in
4	accordance with the provisions of 20-7-502;
5	$\frac{129}{(28)}$ administer the school food services program in
6	accordance with the provisions of 20-10-201, 20-10-202, and
7	20-10-203;
8	(30)(29) review school building plans and
9	specifications in accordance with the provisions of
10	20-6-622;
11	(31)(30) prescribe the method of identification and
12	signals to be used by school safety patrols in accordance
13	with the provisions of 20-1-408;
14	(31) provide schools with information and technical
15	assistance for compliance with the student assessment rules
16	provided for in 20-2-121 and collect and summarize the
17	results of such the student assessment for the board of
18	public education and the legislature; and
19	(33)-administerthedistributionof-state-retirement
20	equalization-aid-in-accordance-with-20-9-532;-and
21	(34)(32) perform any other duty prescribed from time to
22	time by this title, any other act of the legislature, or the
23	policies of the board of public education. (Subsection-(33)
24	effective-July-17-1988sect-87-Cht-6357-5t-1987:)"
25	Section 7. Section 20-3-205, MCA is amended to road.

- 1 *20-3-205. Powers and duties. The county
 2 superintendent has general supervision of the schools of the
 3 county within the limitations prescribed by this title and
 4 shall perform the following duties or acts:
- (1) determine, establish, and reestablish trustee nominating districts in accordance with the provisions of 20-3-352, 20-3-353, and 20-3-354;
- 8 (2) administer and file the caths of members of the 9 boards of trustees of the districts in his county in 10 accordance with the provisions of 20-3-307;
- 11 (3) register the teacher or specialist certificates or 12 emergency authorization of employment of any person employed 13 in the county as a teacher, specialist, principal, or 14 district superintendent in accordance with the provisions of 15 20-4-202;
- 16 (4) act on each twition attendance application
 17 submitted to him in accordance with the provisions of
 18 20-5-301, 20-5-302, 20-5-3047 and 20-5-311 and-transmit--the
 19 twition-information-required-by-20-5-312;
- 20 (5) file a copy of the audit report for a district in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-203;
- 22 (6) classify districts in accordance with the provisions of 20-6-201 and 20-6-301;
- 24 (7) keep a transcript and reconcile the district 25 boundaries of the county in accordance with the provisions

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of 20-6-103;

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- 2 (8) fulfill all responsibilities assigned to him under
 3 the provisions of this title regulating the organization,
 4 alteration, or abandonment of districts:
- 5 (9) act on any unification proposition and, if 6 approved, establish additional trustee nominating districts 7 in accordance with 20-6-312 and 20-6-313;
- 8 (10) estimate the average number belonging (ANB) of an 9 opening school in accordance with the provisions of 10 20-6-502, 20-6-503, 20-6-504, or 20-6-506;
- 11 (11) process and, when required, act on school 12 isolation applications in accordance with the provisions of 13 20-9-302:
 - (12) complete the budgets, compute the budgeted revenues and tax levies, give notices of the budget meetings, file final and emergency budgets, and fulfill such other responsibilities assigned to him under the provisions of this title regulating school budgeting systems;
- 19 (13) submit an annual financial report to the 20 superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the 21 provisions of 20-9-211;
- 22 (14) quarterly, unless otherwise provided by law, order 23 the county treasurer to apportion state money, county school 24 money, and any other school money subject to apportionment 25 in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-212, 20-9-334, or

1 20-9-3477-28-18-1457-61-28-18-146;

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2 (15) act on any request to transfer average number 3 belonging (ANB) in accordance with the provisions of 4 20-9-313(3):

- (16) calculate the estimated budgeted general fund sources of revenue in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-348 and the other general fund revenue provisions of the general fund part of this title;
 - (17) compute the revenues and the district and-county levy requirements for each fund included in each district's final budget and report such the computations to the board of county commissioners in accordance with the provisions of the general fund, transportation, bonds, and other school funds parts of this title;
 - (18) file and forward bus driver certifications, and transportation contracts,----and---state---transportation reimbursement-claims in accordance with the provisions of 20-10-103, and 20-10-143,-cr-20-10-145;
- 19 (19) for districts which do not employ a district
 20 superintendent or principal, recommend library book and
 21 textbook selections in accordance with the provisions of
 22 20-7-204 or 20-7-602;
- 23 (20) notify the superintendent of public instruction of 24 a textbook dealer's activities when required under the 25 provisions of 20-7-605 and otherwise comply with the

textbook dealer provisions of this title;

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- 2 (21) act on district requests to allocate federal money 3 for indigent children for school food services in accordance 4 with the provisions of 20-10-205;
- 5 (22) perform any other duty prescribed from time to
 6 time by this title, any other act of the legislature, the
 7 policies of the board of public education, the policies of
 8 the board of regents relating to community college
 9 districts, or the rules of the superintendent of public
 10 instruction:
- 11 (23) administer the oath of office to trustees without 12 the receipt of pay for administering the oath;
 - (24) keep a record of his official acts, preserve all reports submitted to him under the provisions of this title, preserve all books and instructional equipment or supplies, keep all documents applicable to the administration of the office, and surrender such all records, books, supplies, and equipment to his successor;
 - (25) within 90 days after the close of the school fiscal year, publish an annual report in the county newspaper stating the following financial information for the school fiscal year just ended for each district of the county:
- 24 (a) the total of the cash balances of all funds 25 maintained by the district at the beginning of the year;

- (c) the total expenditures that were made from eachfund maintained by the district; and
- 5 (d) the total of the cash balances of all funds 6 maintained by the district at the end of the school fiscal 7 year; and
- 8 (26) hold meetings for the members of the trustees from 9 time to time at which matters for the good of the districts 10 shall be discussed."
- 11 Section 8. Section 20-3-210, MCA, is amended to read: 12 "20-3-210. Controversy appeals and hearings. (1) 13 Except as provided under 20-3-211, the county superintendent 14 shall hear and decide all matters of controversy arising in 15 his county as a result of decisions of the trustees of a 16 district in the county. When appeals are made under 20-4-204 relating to the termination of services of a tenure teacher 17 18 or under 20-4-207 relating to the dismissal of a teacher under contract, the county superintendent may appoint a 19 20 qualified attorney at law to act as a legal adviser who shall assist the superintendent in preparing findings of 21 22 fact and conclusions of law. Subsequently, either the 23 teacher or trustees may appeal to the superintendent of 24 public instruction under the provisions for appeal of

controversies in this title. Purthermore, -- he The county

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- 1 <u>superintendent</u> shall hear and decide all controversies
 2 arising under:
 - (a) section 20-5-304 20-5-301 or 20-5-311 relating to the approval of textion attendance applications; or

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- (b) any other provision of this title for which a procedure for resolving controversies is not expressly prescribed.
- and take testimony in order to determine the facts related to the controversy and may administer oaths to the witnesses that testify at the hearing. He shall prepare a written transcript of the hearing proceedings. The decision on the matter of controversy which is made by the county superintendent shall must be based upon the facts established at such the hearing.
- (3) The decision of the county superintendent may be appealed to the superintendent of public instruction, and if it is appealed, the county superintendent shall supply a transcript of the hearing and any other documents entered as testimony at the hearing to the superintendent of public instruction.
- (4) Cost Costs incurred by the office of the county superintendent shall must be paid from the general fund budget of the county in which the controversy is initiated."
- Section 9. Section 20-3-324, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-3-324. Powers and duties. As prescribed elsewhere
 in this title, the trustees of each district shall have--the

 power--and--it--shall-be-their-duty-to-perform-the-following
 duties-or-acts:
- (1) employ or dismiss a teacher, principal, or other assistant upon the recommendation of the district superintendent, the county high school principal, or other principal as the board may--deem considers necessary, accepting or rejecting such any recommendation as the trustees shall in their sole discretion determine, in accordance with the provisions of Title 20, chapter 4;
 - (2) employ and dismiss administrative personnel, clerks, secretaries, teacher aides, custodians, maintenance personnel, school bus drivers, food service personnel, nurses, and any other personnel deemed considered necessary to carry out the various services of the district;
- 17 (3) administer the attendance and—tuition provisions
 18 and otherwise govern the pupils of the district in
 19 accordance with the provisions of the pupils chapter of this
 20 title;
- 21 (4) call, conduct, and certify the elections of the 22 district in accordance with the provisions of the school 23 elections chapter of this title;
- 24 (5) participate in the teachers' retirement system of
 25 the state of Montana in accordance with the provisions of

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the teachers' retirement system chapter of Title 19;

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- (6) participate in district boundary change actions in accordance with the provisions of the districts chapter of this title:
- (7) organize, open, close, or acquire isolation status for the schools of the district in accordance with the provisions of the school organization part of this title;
- (8) adopt and administer the annual budget or an emergency budget of the district in accordance with the provisions of the school budget system part of this title;
- (9) conduct the fiscal business of the district in accordance with the provisions of the school financial administration part of this title;
 - (10) establish the ANB, foundation program, permissive levy, additional levy, cash reserve, and state impact aid amount for the general fund of the district in accordance with the provisions of the general fund part of this title;
 - (11) establish, maintain, and budget, and finance the transportation program within the general fund budget of the district in accordance with the provisions of the transportation parts of this title;
- 22 (12) issue, refund, sell, budget, and redeem the bonds 23 of the district in accordance with the provisions of the 24 bonds parts of this title;
- 25 (13) when applicable, establish, financially

- administer, and budget for the twition-fund,--retirement
- 2 fund, building reserve fund, adult--education--fund,
- 3 nonoperating fund, school food services fund, miscellaneous
- 4 federal programs fund, building fund, lease or rental
- 5 agreement fund, traffic education fund, and interlocal
- 6 cooperative agreement fund in accordance with the provisions
- 7 of the other school funds parts of this title;
- 8 (14) when applicable, administer any interlocal
- 9 cooperative agreement, gifts, legacies, or devises in
- 10 accordance with the provisions of the miscellaneous
- financial parts of this title;
- 12 (15) hold in trust, acquire, and dispose of the real
- 13 and personal property of the district in accordance with the
- 14 provisions of the school sites and facilities part of this
- 15 title:
- 16 (16) operate the schools of the district in accordance
- 17 with the provisions of the school calendar part of this
- 18 title:

- 19 (17) establish and maintain the instructional services
 - of the schools of the district in accordance with the
- 21 provisions of the instructional services, textbooks
- 22 vocational education, and special education parts of this
- 23 title;
- 24 (18) establish and maintain the school food services of
- the district in accordance with the provisions of the school

food services parts of this title:

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- 2 (19) make such reports from time to time as the county 3 superintendent, superintendent of public instruction, and 4 board of public education may require;
 - (20) retain, when deemed considered advisable, a physician or registered nurse to inspect the sanitary conditions of the school or the general health conditions of each pupil and, upon request, make available to any parent or guardian any medical reports or health records maintained by the district pertaining to his child;
 - (21) for each member of the trustees, visit each school of the district not less than once each school fiscal year to examine its management, conditions, and needs, except trustees from a first-class school district may share the responsibility for visiting each school in the district;
 - (22) procure and display outside daily in suitable weather at each school of the district an American flag which-shall-be that measures not less than 4 feet by 6 feet; and
 - (23) perform any other duty and enforce any other requirements for the government of the schools prescribed by this title, the policies of the board of public education, or the rules of the superintendent of public instruction."
- Section 10. Section 20-3-331, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-3-331. Purchase of liability insurance. The

- trustees of any district may purchase insurance coverage for
 the district, trustees, and employees against liability for
 the death, injury, or disability of any person or damage to
 property. The trustees shall include the cost of coverage in
 the general fund budget of the district."
- Section 11. Section 20-5-101, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-5-101. Admittance of child to school. (1) The

 trustees shall assign and admit any child to a school in the

 district when the child is:
- 10 (a) 6 years of age or older on or before September 10
 11 of the year in which the child is to enroll but has not yet
 12 reached his 19th birthday;
 - (b) a resident of the district; and

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- (c) otherwise qualified under the provisions of this title to be admitted to such the school.
- 16 (2) The trustees of any district shall—have—the
 17 authority—to may assign and admit any nonresident child to a
 18 school in the district under the tuition out—of—district
 19 attendance provisions of this title.
 - (3) The trustees may at their discretion assign and admit a child to a school in the district who is under 6 years of age or an adult who is 19 years of age or older if there are exceptional circumstances that merit waiving the age provision of this section."
- 25 Section 12. Section 20-5-102, McA, is amended to read:

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- 1 *20-5-102. Compulsory enrollment and excuses. (1) 2 Except as provided in subsection (2), any parent, quardian, 3 or other person who is responsible for the care of any child 4 who is 7 years of age or older prior to the first day of 5 school in any school fiscal year shall cause the child to be 6 instructed in the program prescribed by the board of public 7 education pursuant to 20-7-111 until the later of the 8 following dates:
- 9 (a) the child's 16th birthday; or

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- 10 (b) the date of completion of the work of the 8th 11 grade.
 - (2) Such A parent, guardian, or other person shall enroll the child in the school assigned by the trustees of the district within the first week of the school term or when he establishes residence in the district unless the child is:
- 17 (a) enrolled in a school of another district or state

 18 under any of the twition <u>out-of-district attendance</u>

 19 provisions of this title:
- 20 (b) provided with supervised correspondence study or 21 supervised home study under the transportation provisions of 22 this title:
- 23 (c) excused from enrollment in a school of the 24 district when it is shown that his bodily or mental 25 condition does not permit his attendance and the child

- cannot be instructed under the special education provisions
 of this title:
 - (d) excused from compulsory school attendance upon a determination by a district judge that such attendance is not in the best interest of the child;
- 6 (e) excused by the board of trustees upon a
 7 determination that such attendance by a child who has
 8 attained the age of 16 is not in the best interest of the
 9 child and the school: or
- (f) enrolled in a nonpublic or home school that complies with the provisions of 20-5-109. For the purposes of this subsection (f), a home school is the instruction by a parent of his child, stepchild, or ward in his residence and a nonpublic school includes a parochial, church, religious, or private school.
- (3) The excuse provided for in subsection (2)(c) of 16 this section shall must be issued by the district 17 superintendent or the county superintendent when there is no 18 19 district superintendent employed by the district. Whenever an excuse is denied by the applicable official, an appeal of 20 21 such the decision may be made to the district court of the 22 county within 10 days after the decision upon giving a bond 23 in the amount set by the court to pay all costs of the appeal. The decision of the district court shall-be is 24

final."

- Section 13. Section 20-5-301, MCA, is amended to read:
- 2 *20-5-301. Elementary twitten attendance outside
 3 district of residence with mandatory approval. (1) Any child
 4 may be enrolled in and attend an elementary school outside
 5 of the elementary district in which he resides when such the
 6 elementary school is located in:
 - (a) any other district of the county of his residence;
 - (b) a county adjoining his county of residence; or
- 9 (c) a district of another state that is adjacent to the county of his residence.

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- (2) When a parent or guardian of a child wishes to have his child attend a school under the provisions of this section, he shall apply to the county superintendent of the county of his residence before July 1 of the school fiscal year for which he seeks approval except in those cases when substantial changes in circumstances occurred subsequently to justify later application. The application shall must be made on a-tuition an attendance agreement form supplied by the county superintendent and shall must be approved, before permission to enroll in and attend school outside of the district under the provisions of this section may be granted, by:
- (a) the--trustees--of-the-elementary-district-in-which the-child-resides;
- 25 (b) the trustees of the district where the child

wishes to attend school; and

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2 (e)(b) the county superintendent of the county of the 3 child's residence.

- 4 (3) In considering the approval of a--twition an
 5 attendance application, the twition approval agents
 6 prescribed in this-section subsection (2) shall approve such
 7 the application for a resident child when:
- 8 (a) the child resides less than 3 miles from the 9 school which he wishes to attend and more than 3 miles from 10 any school of his resident elementary district;
- 11 (b) the child resides more than 3 miles from any
 12 school of his resident elementary district and such the
 13 district does not provide transportation under the
 14 provisions of this title;
 - (c) the child resides more than 3 miles from any school of his resident elementary district, the resident district does not provide transportation under the provisions of this title, and school bus transportation is furnished by the district operating the school which he wishes to attend;
 - (d) the child is a member of a family who must send another child outside of the elementary district to attend high school and the child of elementary age may more conveniently attend an elementary school where the high school is located, provided the child resides more than 3

miles from an elementary school of the resident district or the parent must move to the elementary district where the high school is located in order to enroll the other child in high school;

- (e) the child has been declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be an abused, neglected, or dependent child, as defined in 41-3-102, or a delinquent youth, as defined in 41-5-103, and has been ordered to be placed in a licensed youth care facility which is approved by the department of family services and as a result of the order the child is required to attend elementary school outside of the district of his residence; (for purposes of this subsection, the prescribed geographic relationship of the receiving district to the district of residence does not apply); or
 - (f) the child is required to attend elementary school outside the district of residence as the result of an order of a court of competent jurisdiction. For the purposes of this subsection (f), the following do not apply:
- (i) the prescribed geographic relationship of the receiving district to the district of residence in this subsection (3); or
- 23 (ii) an order issued under Title 40, chapter 4, part 2.
- 24 (4) The trustees of the district where the school to 25 be attended is located may disapprove a---tuition an

approval conditions specified in subsection (3) above when
they find that, due to insufficient room and overcrowding,
the accreditation of the school would be adversely affected
by the acceptance of the child. In the event of disapproval,
the trustees shall so notify the parent in writing within 15
days of the first receipt of the application.

or guardian and the trustees of the district where the child wishes to attend school of the attendance agreement approval or disapproval. If an attendance agreement is disapproved by any approval agent, the parent may appeal the disapproval to the county superintendent and, subsequently, to the superintendent of public instruction under the provisions for the appeal of controversies under this title."

*20-5-302. Elementary twition attendance outside district of residence with discretionary approval. In considering the approval of a-twition an attendance application that is not required to be approved under the provisions of 20-5-301, the twition approval agents prescribed in 20-5-301 may approve such the application when such the approval agents; individually, determine that the twition attendance agreement should be approved because of:

(1) the distance and road conditions between the

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child's residence and any school of his resident district:

(2) the trading center of the child's parents:

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- (3) an opportunity to live with his relatives:
- 4 (4) dormitory facilities in the district to be 5 attended:
 - (5) the living conditions of the child's family:
 - (6) the availability of transportation; or
- 8 (7) the type of educational program available in the 9 school to be attended."

Section 15. Section 20-5-311, MCA, is amended to read: *20-5-311. High school twition attendance outside district of residence. (1) Any child may be enrolled in and attend a high school outside of the high school district in which he resides when such the high school is located in Montana or in a county of another state that is adjacent to the state of Montana. When a parent or quardian of a child wishes to have his child attend a school under the provisions of this section, he shall apply to the county superintendent of the county of his residence before July 1 of the school fiscal year for which he seeks approval except in those cases when substantial changes in circumstances occurred occur subsequently to and justify later application. Such The application shall must be made on a tuition an attendance agreement form supplied by the county

the trustees of the district in which the child wishes to 1 attend school, and the county superintendent are approval agents for twition-to attendance at another high school within or outside the county of residence. The county-superintendent--of--the--county-of-residence-and-the trustees-of-the-district-in-which-the-child-wishes-to-attend 7 school-are-the-approval-agents-for--attendance--outside--the 8 county.

- (2) (a) (i) The approval agents shall approve a tuition an attendance application when a child lives closer to a high school of another district than any high school located within his resident district or when, due to road or geographic conditions, it is impractical to attend the high school nearest his residence.
- (ii) However, the approval agents are not required to approve a-tuition an attendance application for a student seeking to attend a high school outside the state of Montana or the resident district if the resident district provides transportation. This exception does not apply when:
- th--the child resides in a county different from the county wherein in which the school he wishes to attend is 22 located:-or
- 23 (B) -- the-child-has-enrolled-in-a--high--school--outside 24 his--resident--district-and-has-received-an-approved-tuition 25 agreement-on-or-before-April-307-1985;-Por-the--purposes--of

superintendent. The trustees-of-the-district-of--residence,

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this--subsection--+2}{a}{ii}{B}{7}--the-child-has-the-right-to continue-his-high-school-education--in--the--receiving--high school--outside-his-resident-district-on-an-approved-tuition agreementy-subject-to-the-provisions-of-this-section.

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- (b) The approval agents shall approve a--tuition an attendance application when a child, as a result of a court order, is required to attend high school outside the district of residence:
- tit but within the state of Montana or another state.
 whether or not that state maintains a reciprocal tuition
 attendance agreement under 20-5-314; or
- (ii)-in-a-state-that-does-not-have-a-reciprocal-tuition
 agreement--pursuant-to-20-5-314--The-amount-of-daily-tuition
 may-not-be-greater-than-the-average-daily-cost--per--student
 in--the--district-of-residence--The-amount-of-annual-tuition
 may-not-be-greater-than-the-average-annual-cost-per--student
 in--the--district--of--residence---The-county-superintendent
 shall-calculate-the-average-annual--and--the--average--daily
 cost--per--student--For-purposes-of-this-subsection-(b)7-the
 following-do-not-apply:
- 21 (A)--an-order-issued-under-Title-40,-chapter-47-part-2;
 22 (B)--placement-of-a-child-pursuant-to-Title-20,-chapter
 23 77-part-4;
- 24 (c) In approving a--tuition an attendance agreement
 25 under this provision section, the approval agents may

- require the child to attend the high school closest to his residence. The approval agents may approve any other tuition attendance application that satisfies the geographic requirements of this section.
 - (3) The trustees of the district where the child wishes to attend school shall approve or disapprove any twition attendance application submitted to them under the provisions of this section within 15 days after the receipt of the application.
- 10 (4) The county superintendent shall notify the parent 11 or guardian and the trustees of the district where the child 12 wishes to attend school of the twition attendance agreement approval or disapproval. If a--tuition an attendance 13 14 agreement is disapproved by one or more approval agents, the parent may appeal such the disapproval to the county 15 superintendent and, subsequently, to the superintendent of 16 17 public instruction under the provision for the appeal of 18 controversies in this title.
- 19 (5) The approval of any twition attendance agreement
 20 by all of the applicable approval agents or upon appeal
 21 shall-authorize authorizes the child named in such the
 22 agreement to enroll in and attend the school named in such
 23 the agreement for the ensuing school fiscal year."
- Section 16. Section 20-5-314, MCA, is amended to read:
 "20-5-314. Reciprocal twitten attendance agreement

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with adjoining state. (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall--have--the--authority--to may execute a reciprocal tuition attendance agreement with the superintendent of public instruction or a department of education of any state adjoining Montana to allow the eligible children of Montana to attend school in the adjoining state and to allow children of the adjoining state to attend school in Montana. In negotiating a reciprocal twition attendance agreement, the twition--rates--prescribed by--20-5-305-and-20-5-312-shall-be-waived-and-the reciprocal tuition rate may be negotiated as a flat amount or an actual-cost-per-pupil amount. The superintendent of public instruction shall supply a copy of any reciprocal tuition attendance agreement that is executed to the county superintendent of each county that may be affected by such the agreement.

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(2) Any twition attendance agreement approved under the provisions of 20-5-301, 20-5-302, or 20-5-311 for a child's attendance at a school outside of the state shall be completed in accordance with the applicable reciprocal twition-agreement section."

Section 17. Section 20-6-401, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-6-401. Definitions. As used in this part, unless
the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following
definitions apply:

- 1 (1) "Component districts" are means the elementary or 2 high school districts incorporated into the enlarged 3 district.
 - (2) "Eligible pupils" shall—be means the average number belonging (ANB) for the current school year in the operating schools of the component districts and the tuition pupils residing in the component districts and attending another district's school under the tuition out-of-district attendance provisions of the school laws, except that the pupils residing in the component district having the largest total number of pupils shall—be are ineligible for bonus payment consideration.
 - (3) "Enlarged district" is means the elementary or high school district resulting from the consolidation or annexation of two or more component districts.
 - (4) "General bonus payment" for first— and second-class school districts shall must be \$300 per eligible pupil per year for a period of 3 years and will must be deposited in the enlarged district's general fund. General bonus payment for third-class school districts shall must be \$500 per eligible pupil per year for a period of 3 years and will must be deposited in the enlarged district's general fund. Such The general bonus payment shall must be made from the state school equalization aid account.
- 25 (5) "Transportation bonus payment" will--be--the

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provision-of-66-2/3% is state financing of the on-schedule transportation amount as--provided-by-the-transportation provisions-of-the-school-laws adopted by the trustees for the general fund budget of the enlarged district and approved by the superintendent of public instruction. When an eligible pupil is entitled to transportation, the enlarged district shall-be is entitled to the transportation bonus payment for such the eligible pupil for a period of 3 years. Such The payment shall must be made from the state transportation equalization aid account. When the eligible pupil rides a bus providing transportation for ineligible pupils, the 66 2/3% state financing of--the--on-schedule such financing for the eligible pupil."

Section 18. Section 20-6-406, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-6-406. Disbursal and deposit of bonus payments. On
or before June 30 of the next 3 consecutive years following
the year of application, the superintendent of public
instruction shall disburse the bonus payments for approved
applications to the enlarged school district. and such The
disbursement is statutorily appropriated as provided in
17-7-502. The general bonus payment shall and the
transportation bonus payment must be deposited by the county
treasurer in the enlarged district's general fund, and the
transportation bonus --payment shall be deposited by the

payments shall may not be considered as a part of the regular state equalization aid or state transportation aid received by the enlarged district."

Section 19. Section 20-6-608, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-6-608. Authority and duty of trustees to insure
district property. The trustees of any district shall have
the--authority--and--it-shall-be-their-duty-to insure any or
all real and personal property of the district. The trustees
shall include the cost of insurance in the general fund
budget of the district."

Section 20. Section 20-7-420, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-7-420. Residency requirements for financial responsibility for special education. (†) In accordance with the provisions of 1-1-215, a child's district of residence for special education purposes is the residence of his parents or of his guardian unless otherwise determined by the court. This applies to a child living at home, in an institution, or under foster care. If the parent has left the state, the parent's last known district of residence is the child's district of residence.

22 (2)-The--district--of--residence--is--financially
23 responsible--for--tuition--as-established-under-20-5-305-and
24 28-5-312-for-special-education-students-"

Section 21. Section 20-7-421, MCA, is amended to read:

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"20-7-421. Arranging attendance in another district in lieu of a special education program -- state payment of tuition. (1) With the approval of the superintendent of public instruction, the trustees may arrange for the attendance of a child in need of special education in a special education program in another district within the state of Montana. The superintendent of public instruction shall provide through the allowable cost schedule in 20-7-431 100% of the costs associated with the child's attendance in another district.

#2}--Twition-as-required-under--20-5-305--and--20-5-312
may-be-charged-as-provided-in-20-7-420-"

Section 22. Section 20-7-424, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-7-424. No tuition when attending a state
institution. When a child is attending an institution
supported solely by funds of the state of Montana, the
resident district or county shall may not be required to pay
tuition to the state institution for such the child; --but
whenever-at-the-recommendation-of-institution-officials-such
child--attends--classes-conducted-by-a-school-within-a-local
district; the-district-or-county; whichever-is--applicable;
wherein--the-parents-or-guardian-of-the-child-maintain-legal
residence-shall--pay--tuition--to--the--district--or--county
operating--the--school--in-accordance-with-the-provisions-of
20-5-305-or--20-7-421; --whichever--section--applies--to--the

must be made for students enrolled in such classes or receiving training, including summer sessions, at the state institution. The schedule of transportation payments shell must be approved in accordance with existing special education transportation payment schedules and shall must be approved by the county transportation committee and the superintendent of public instruction."

Section 23. Section 20-7-442, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-7-442. State transportation reimbursement for special education children. Districts providing children with transportation to a special education class or program and complying with the special education transportation regulations promulgated by the superintendent of public instruction shall—be are eligible for a transportation reimbursement. The reimbursement shall must be calculated from a schedule established by the superintendent of public instruction with—the—state—providing—two—thirds—of—the reimbursement—and—the—county—in—which—the—children—reside providing—the—remainder."

Section 24. Section 20-7-705, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-7-705. Adult education fund funding. (1) A
separate adult education fund shall must be established when
an adult education program is operated by a district--or
community college district. The financial administration of

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such the fund shall must comply with the budgeting,
financing, and expenditure provisions of the laws governing
the-schools community colleges.

- (2) Whenever the trustees of any <u>school</u> district establish an adult education program under the provisions of 20-7-702, they shall establish-an-adult-education-fund-under the-provisions-of-this-section <u>budget</u> and fund the program through the general fund budget of the district.
- (3) The general fund of a school district or the adult education fund shall—be of a community college is the depository for all federal, state, and district moneys money received by the district in support of the adult education program.
 - the district—except—that—trustees—of—a—county—high—school district—that—is—not—unified—with—an—elementary—district—may authorize—a—levy—of—not—more—than—2—mills—on—the—district; for the operation of an adult education program when the superintendent of public instruction has approved the educational program to be supported by such the levy. The approval of the superintendent of public instruction shall have—been must be acquired by the trustees before the fourth Monday of June in order to include the expenditures to be financed by the levy in the preliminary budget. The

- superintendent of public instruction shall promulgate rules and forms for such the approval.
 - the trustees of any district decide to offer an adult education program during the ensuing school fiscal year, they shall budget for the cost of such the program in the general fund or the adult education fund of the preliminary budget. Any expenditures in support of the adult education program under the final adult education budget shall must be made in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title for a budgeted fund.
 - t5†(6) When a tax levy for an adult education program which has been approved by the superintendent of public instruction is included as a revenue item on the final adult education budget, the county superintendent shall report such the levy requirement to the county commissioners on the second Monday of August and a levy on the district shall must be made by the county commissioners in accordance with 20-9-142."
 - Section 25. Section 20-7-713, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-7-713. Adult basic education fund cash reserve. At
 the end of each school fiscal year, the trustees of any
 school community college district that operates an adult
 basic education program may designate what the portion of
 the adult basic education fund end-of-the-year cash balance
 that is to be earmarked as cash reserve for the purpose of

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paying, whenever a cash flow shortage occurs, adult basic education fund warrants issued by the district from July 1 through June 30 of the ensuing school fiscal year. The amount of the adult basic education fund cash balance that is earmarked as cash reserve may not exceed 35% of the final adult basic education fund budget for the ensuing school fiscal year."

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Section 26. Section 20~9-104, MCA, is amended to read: *20-9-104. General fund cash reserve. (1) At the end of each school fiscal year, the trustees of each district shall designate what the portion of the general fund end-of-the-year cash balance shall that must be earmarked as cash reserve for the purpose of paying general fund warrants issued by the district from July 1 to November 30 of the ensuing school fiscal year. The Except as provided in subsection (2), the amount of the general fund cash balance that is earmarked as cash reserve shall may not exceed 35% of the final general fund budget for the ensuing school fiscal year and shall may not be used for property tax reduction in the manner permitted by 20-9-141(1)(b) for other receipts. Any portion of the general fund end-of-the-year cash balance that is not earmarked for cash reserve purposes shall-be is cash reappropriated which shall must be used for property tax reduction as provided in $20-9-141(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{2})$

1 (2) If a school district receives state equalization aid for school fiscal year 1995 or any succeeding years, the 3 amount of the general fund cash balance that is earmarked as cash reserve may not exceed 20% of the final general fund 5 budget for the school fiscal year. If the balance exceeds that amount, the excess must be subtracted from the district's state equalization aid in support of the ß foundation program as calculated in 20-9-347. The trustees of a district may appeal the use of excess cash reserve 10 money to the county superintendent and, subsequently, to the 11 superintendent of public instruction under the provisions for the appeal of controversies under this title." 1.2

Section 27. Section 20-9-141, MCA, is amended to read:
"20-9-141. Computation of general fund net levy
requirement by county superintendent. (1) The county
superintendent shall compute the levy requirement for each
district's general fund on the basis of the following
procedure:

- (a) Determine the total of the funding required for the district's final general fund budget less the amount established by the schedules in 20-9-316 through 20-9-321 by totaling:
- (i) the district's nonisolated school foundation program requirement to be met by a district levy as provided in 20-9-303; and

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1	(ii)-the-district+s-permissive-levy-amount-asprovided
2	in-20-9-3527-and
3	(iii) any additional general fund budget amount
4	adopted by the trustees of the district under the provisions
5	of 20-9-353, including any additional levies authorized by
6	the electors of the district.
7	(b) Determine the total-of-the-moneys money available
8	for the reduction of the property tax on the district for
9	the general fund by totaling:
10	(i) anticipated federal moneys money received under
11	the provisions of Title I of Public Law 81-874 or other
12	anticipated federal moneys money received in lieu of such
13	federat that act;
14	(ii)-anticipated-tuition-paymentsforout-of-district
15	pupils-under-the-provisions-of-20-5-303,-20-5-307,-20-5-312,
16	and-20-5-313;
17	<pre>(iii) (ii) general fund cash reappropriated, as</pre>
18	established under the provisions of 20-9-104;
19	<pre>(iv)(iii) anticipated or reappropriated state impact</pre>
20	aid received under the provisions of 20-9-304;
21	<pre>(iv) anticipated revenue from vehicle-property-taxes</pre>
22	<u>fees</u> imposed under <u>23-2-517</u> , <u>23-2-803</u> , 61-3-504(2),
23	61-3-521, and 61-3-537, and 67-3-204;

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          (vii)(vi) anticipated interest to
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     reappropriated interest earned by the investment of general
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     fund cash in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-213(4);
     and
          (vii) anticipated revenue from corporation license
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     taxes collected from financial institutions under the
     provisions of 15-31-702; and
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          (viii) any other revenue anticipated by the trustees to
     be received during the ensuing school fiscal year which may
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     be used to finance the general fund.
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          (c) Subtract the--total-of-the-moneys money available
     to reduce the property tax required to finance the general
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     fund that has been determined in subsection (1)(b) from the
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     total requirement determined in subsection (1)(a).
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          (2) The net general fund levy requirement determined
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     in subsection (1)(c) shall must be reported to the county
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     commissioners on the second Monday of August by the county
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      superintendent as the general fund levy requirement for the
      district, and a levy shall must be made by the county
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      commissioners in accordance with 20-9-142."
           Section 28. Section 20-9-165, MCA, is amended to read:
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production and new production, as defined in 15-23-601;

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(vi)(v) anticipated net proceeds taxes for interim

and adoption procedures. (1) The meeting of the trustees to consider and adopt an emergency budget shall-be is open to

the public, and any taxpayer in the district shall-have has

"20-9-165. Emergency budget limitation, preparation,

the right to appear and be heard. If at such-a the meeting a majority of the trustees present shall find that an emergency exists, the trustees may make and adopt a preliminary emergency budget, on the regular budget form, setting forth fully the facts constituting the emergency. In adopting the preliminary emergency budget, the trustees may budget for any fund which was included on the final budget of the district for the current school fiscal year. The budget shall must be itemized to show the amount appropriated for each item as required on the budget form.

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- (2) When the emergency is due to <u>eny an</u> increase of enrollment, the maximum amount of the emergency budget for all funds shall must be determined in the following manner:
- (a) Determine the total amount in the final budget for the current school fiscal year of all funds affected by the emergency, less any amounts appropriated as capital outlay and any amount appropriated for addition to the cash reserve.
- (b) Divide the amount determined in subsection (2)(a) by the number of pupils originally enrolled in such the district during the immediately preceding school fiscal year. The resulting cost per pupil shall---constitute constitutes the maximum permissible per-pupil expenditure in the emergency budget.
 - (c) Determine the enrollment increase of the current

- school fiscal year by subtracting the number of pupils originally enrolled during the immediately preceding school fiscal year from the number of pupils enrolled for the current school fiscal year. The result shall-be is the enrollment increase for the current school fiscal year.
- 6 (d) Multiply the cost per pupil determined in subsection (2)(b) by the enrollment increase determined in 8 subsection (2)(c). The result shall—be is the maximum 9 limitation on an emergency budget for emergencies due to an increase of enrollment.
- 11 (e) In the case of a community college district, by
 12 budget amendment.
- 13 (3) In the event of any other type of emergency, the
 14 budget shall-be is limited by those expenditures deemed
 15 considered by the trustees to be reasonable and necessary to
 16 finance the stated conditions of the emergency and the
 17 preliminary emergency budget shall must be accompanied with
 18 the details of the proposed expenditures.
 - (4) Whenever the trustees adopt a preliminary emergency budget for-the-transportation—fund that affects the district transportation program, the trustees shall attach to such the budget a copy of each transportation contract which is connected with the emergency and which has been prepared and executed in accordance with the school transportation contract laws.

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budget by a majority vote of the trustees, it shall must be signed by the chairman of the trustees and the clerk of the district and copies shall must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treasurer, and the superintendent of public instruction. In the case of a community college district, copies of the emergency budget shall must be sent to the county superintendent, the county treasurer, and the board of regents."

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Section 29. Section 20-9-166, MCA, is amended to read: "20-9-166. State financial aid for emergency budgets. Whenever a final emergency budget has been adopted for the general fund or-the-transportation-fund to finance the cost of an emergency due to an increased enrollment or any other reason approved by the superintendent of public instruction under the provisions of 20-9-163, the trustees may apply to the superintendent of public instruction for an increased payment from the state public school equalization aid account for the foundation program or --- for -- state transportation-reimbursementy-or-both. The superintendent of public instruction shall publish rules for such application. The superintendent of public instruction shall approve or disapprove each application for increased state aid made in accordance with this section. When the superintendent of public instruction approves an application, he shall

determine the additional amount of state aid from the state 1 public school equalization aid account er--the--state 2 transportation-reimbursement which will-be-made is available 3 to the applicant district because of the emergency caused by an increase in enrollment. The superintendent of public instruction shall notify the applicant district of his approval or disapproval and, in the event of approval, the amount of additional state aid that will-be--made is available for the general fund or-the--transportation--fund. The superintendent of public instruction shall disburse such 10 the emergency state aid to the eliqible district at the time 11 12 the next regular state aid payment is made."

Section 30. Section 20-9-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-201. Definitions and application. (1) As used in
this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise,

"fund" means a separate detailed account of receipts and
expenditures for a specific purpose as authorized by law.

Funds are classified as follows:

(a) A "budgeted fund" means any fund for which a budget must be adopted in order to expend any money from such the fund. The general fund, transportation—fund, bus depreciation reserve fund, elementary—tuition—fund, retirement—fund, debt service fund, leased facilities fund, building reserve fund, adult—education—fund, nonoperating fund, vocational—technical—center—fund, and any other funds

- so designated by the legislature shall--be are budgeted funds.
- 3 (b) A "nonbudgeted fund" means any fund for which a
 4 budget is not required in order to expend any money on
 5 deposit in such the fund. The school food services fund,
 6 miscellaneous federal programs fund, building fund, lease or
 7 rental agreement fund, traffic education fund, interlocal
 8 cooperative fund, and any other funds so designated by the
 9 legislature shall-be are nonbudgeted funds.

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- (2) The school financial administration provisions of this title apply to all money of any elementary or high school district except the extracurricular money realized from pupil activities. The superintendent of public instruction has general supervisory authority as prescribed by law over the school financial administration provisions, as they relate to elementary and high school districts. as prescribed by law and He shall establish such adopt rules as are necessary to secure compliance with the law."
- Section 31. Section 20-9-212, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-212. Duties of county treasurer. The county
 treasurer of each county shall:
 - (1) receive and hold all school money subject to apportionment and keep a separate accounting of its apportionment to the several districts which are entitled to a portion of such the money according to the apportionments

- ordered by the county superintendent. A separate accounting
 must be maintained for each county fund supported by a
 countywide levy for a specific, authorized purpose,
 including:
- (a) the basic county tax in support of the elementary foundation programs:
- 7 (b) the basic special tax for high schools in support 8 of the high school foundation programs;
- 9 (c)--the-county-tax-in-support--of--the--county-s--high 10 school-transportation-obligation:
- 11 (d)--the--county--tax--in--support--of--the-high-school
 12 obligations-to--the--retirement--systems--of--the--state--of
 13 Montana;
- te)--any--additional--county--tax--required--by--law-to
 provide--for--deficiency---financing---of---the---elementary
 foundation-programs;
- 17 (ff)--any--additional--county--tax--required--by--law-to
 18 provide--for--deficiency--financing--of--the---high---school
 19 foundation-programs; and
- tg)(c) any other county tax for schools, including the community colleges, which that may be authorized by law and levied by the county commissioners;

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(2) whenever requested, notify the county superintendent and the superintendent of public instruction of the amount of county school money on deposit in each--of

- the-funds-enumerated any fund provided for in subsection (1)

 of--this--section and the amount of any other school money

 subject to apportionment and apportion such the county and

 other school money to the districts in accordance with the

 apportionment ordered by the county superintendent;
- 6 (3) keep a separate accounting of the expenditures for 7 each budgeted fund included in the final budget of each 8 district;

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- (4) keep a separate accounting of the receipts, expenditures, and cash balances for each budgeted fund included in the final budget of each district and for each nonbudgeted fund established by each district;
- (5) except as otherwise limited by law, pay all warrants properly drawn on the county or district school money and properly endorsed by their holders;
- (6) receive all revenue collected by and for each district and deposit these receipts in the fund designated by law or by the district if no fund is designated by law. Interest and penalties on delinquent school taxes shall must be credited to the same fund and district for which the original taxes were levied.
- (7) send all revenues revenue received for a joint district, part of which is situated in his county, to the county treasurer designated as the custodian of such revenues the revenue, no later than December 15 of each year

- 1 and every 3 months thereafter until the end of the school
 2 fiscal year;
- 3 (8) at the direction of the trustees of a district, 4 assist the district in the issuance and sale of tax and 5 revenue anticipation notes as provided in Title 7, chapter 6 6, part 11;
- 7 (9) register district warrants drawn on a budgeted 8 fund in accordance with 7-6-2604 when there is insufficient 9 money available in-the-sum-of-money in all funds of the 10 district to make payment of such the warrant. Redemption of 11 registered warrants shall must be made in accordance with 12 7-6-2116, 7-6-2605, and 7-6-2606.
- (10) invest the money of any district as directed by
 the trustees of the district within 3 working days of such
 the direction;
- 16 (11) give each month give to the trustees of each
 17 district an itemized report for each fund maintained by the
 18 district, showing the paid warrants, outstanding warrants,
 19 registered warrants, amounts and types of revenue received,
 20 and the cash balance; and
- 21 (12) remit promptly to the state treasurer receipts for 22 the county tax for a vocational-technical center when levied 23 by the board of county commissioners."
- Section 32. Section 20-9-301, MCA, is amended to read:
 "20-9-301. Purpose and---definition of foundation

program and <u>definition of</u> general fund <u>budget</u>. (1) A uniform
system of free public schools sufficient for the education
of and open to all school age children of the state <u>shall</u>
<u>must</u> be established and maintained throughout the state of
Montana. The state shall aid in the support of its <u>several</u>
school districts on the basis of their financial need as
measured by the foundation program and in the manner
established in this title.

- (2) The principal budgetary vehicle for achieving the minimum financing as established by the foundation program shall—be is the general fund budget of the district. The purpose of the general fund shall—be budget is to finance those general maintenance and operational costs of a district not financed by other funds established for special purposes in this title, including transportation, employee retirement benefits, insurance, and adult education.
- (3) The amount of the general fund budget for each school fiscal year shall may not exceed the financing limitations established by this title but shall-be-no may not be less than the amount established by law as the foundation program. The general fund budget shall must be financed by the foundation program revenues and may be supplemented by the permissive—levy-and additional voted levies levy in the manner provided by law."
- Section 33. Section 20-9-303, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-9-303. Definition of foundation program and--its proportion--of-the-maximum-qeneral-fund-without-a-voted-levy schedule-amount -- nonisolated school foundation program financing -- special education funds. (1) As used in this title, the term "foundation program" shall--mean means the minimum operating expenditures; -as-established-herein; that are sufficient to provide for the educational program of a The foundation program relates only to those expenditures authorized by a district's general fund budget and shall may not include expenditures from any other fund. It shall-be is financed by:
 - (a) county equalization moneys money; and
 - (b) state equalization aid.

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approved as isolated under the provisions of 20-9-302, the county and state shall participate in the financing of the total amount of the foundation program.

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- (3) Funds provided to support the special education accounting budget may be expended only for special education purposes as approved by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with the special education budgeting provisions of this title. Expenditures for special education shall must be accounted for separately from the balance of the school district general fund. Transfers between items within the special education budget for accounting purposes may be made at the discretion of the board of trustees in accordance with the financial administration part of this title. The unexpended balance of the special education accounting budget shall-carry carries over to the next year to reduce the amount of funding required to finance the district's ensuing year's maximum-budget-without-a-vote foundation program amount for special education."
- Section 34. Section 20-9-304, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-304. Eligibility for and payment of state impact
 aid. Any A district which shall-have has children of
 employees of a public institution may be eligible for state
 impact aid under the following provisions:
- (1) An "employee" means an employee of a public

institution under the administration of the department of institutions, as defined in 53-1-202, or the department of family services, as defined in 2-15-2401, who resides on the property of such a public institution.

- (2) A school district shall must receive annually from moneys money available for state equalization aid \$150 for each elementary pupil and \$250 for each high school pupil whose parents are employees of an institution located in the school district where the pupil attends school or in a school district which has a-tuition an attendance agreement with the district where the pupil attends school.
- (3) A district which is eligible for state impact—aid shall apply for such the aid to the superintendent of public instruction in the manner prescribed by—the in rules prescribed adopted by—the superintendent of public instruction.
- 17 (4) The distribution—of state impact aid shall money
 18 must be deposited in the general fund of the district and
 19 shall may not be considered as a part of the state
 20 equalization aid but shall must be used to reduce the
 21 property tax in support of the general fund of the
 22 district."
- Section 35. Section 20-9-311, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-311. Calculation of average number belonging

 (ANB). (1) Average-number-belonging-shall-be-computed-by

${\tt determining-the-total-of-the-aggregate-days-of-attendance-by}$
regularly-enrolled,full-timepupilsduringthecurrent
schoolfiscalyearplusthe-aggregate-days-of-absence-by
regularly-enrolled,full-timepupilsduringthecurrent
schoolfiscalyearandbydividingsuchtotal-by-180-
Howevery-when-a-school-district-has-approval-to-operate-less
than-180-school-days-under-20-9-8047suchtotalshallbe
calculatedinaccordancewith-the-provisions-of-20-9-805+
Attendance-for-a-part-of-a-morning-session-or-a-partofan
afternoonsession-by-a-pupil-shall-be-counted-as-attendance
for-one-half-day:-fn-calculating-the-ANB-for-pupils-enrolled
in-a-program-established-under-20-7-117-prior-to-danuary17
1974,orpursuant-to-20-7-117(1),-attendance-at-or-absence
from-a-regular-session-of-the-program-for-at-least2hours
ofeither-a-morning-or-an-afternoon-session-will-be-counted
as-one-half-of-a-day-attended-or-absent-as-the-case-maybe-
Ifa-variance-has-been-granted-as-provided-in-20-1-3027-ANB
willbecomputedinamannerprescribedbythe
superintendentofpublic-instruction,-but-in-no-case-shall
the-ANB-exceed-one-half-for-eachkindergartenpupityWhen
anypupil-has-been-absent,-with-or-without-excuse,-for-more
than10consecutiveschooldays;including
pupil-instruction-relateddays; his-absence-after-the-10th
day-of-absence-shall-not-be-included-in-theaggregatedays
ofabsenceandhisenrollment-in-the-school-shall-not-be

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- 1 considered-in-the-calculation-of-the--average--number
- 2 belonging-until-he-resumes-attendance-at-school: The average
- 3 number belonging (ANB) for the current school fiscal year
- 4 must be calculated by:

- 5 (a) taking a count of regularly enrolled, full-time
 6 pupils on the first school day of each month from October
 7 through March of the current school fiscal year;
- (b) dividing the sum of the six pupil enrollmentcounts by six.
 - (2) If a student spends less than half his time in the regular program and the balance of his time in school in the special education program, he shall—be is considered a full-time special pupil but shall may not be considered regularly enrolled for ANB purposes. If a student spends half or more of his time in school in the regular program and the balance of his time in the special education program, he shall—be is considered regularly enrolled for ANB purposes.
- 19 (3) The average number belonging of the regularly
 20 enrolled, full-time pupils for the public schools of a
 21 district must be based on the aggregate of all the regularly
 22 enrolled, full-time pupils attending the schools of the
 23 district, except that when:
 - (a) a school of the district is located more than 3 miles beyond the incorporated limits of a city or town or

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from another school of the district, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated individually for ANB purposes;

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- (b) a junior high school has been approved and accredited as a junior high school, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the junior high school shall must be considered as high school district pupils for ANB purposes;
- (c) a middle school has been approved and accredited, in which case pupils below the 7th grade shall must be considered elementary school pupils for ANB purposes and the 7th and 8th grade pupils shall must be considered high school pupils for ANB purposes; or
- (d) a school has not been accredited by the board of public education, the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the nonaccredited school shall may not be eligible for average number belonging calculation purposes, nor will an average number belonging for the nonaccredited school be used in determining the foundation program for such the district.
- (4) When-lith-or-12th--grade--students--are--regularly enrolled--on--a--part-time-basisy-high-schools-may-calculate the-ANB-to-include-an-"equivalent-ANB"-for--those--students: An "equivalent ANB" must be calculated for pupils enrolled in a kindergarten program established under 20-7-117 or in

- any other approved part-time school program. The method for 2 calculating an equivalent ANB shall must be determined in a manner prescribed by the superintendent of public 3 4 instruction."
 - Section 36. Section 20-9-313, MCA, is amended to read: "20-9-313. Circumstances under which the regular average number belonging may be increased. The average number belonging of a school for a given school fiscal year, calculated in accordance with the ANB formula prescribed in 20-9-311, may be increased when:
 - (1) the opening of a new elementary school or the reopening of an elementary school has been approved in accordance with 20-6-502. The average number belonging for such the school shall must be established by the county superintendent and approved, disapproved, or adjusted by the superintendent of public instruction.
 - (2) the opening or reopening of a high school or a branch of the county high school has been approved in accordance with 20-6-503, 20-6-504, or 20-6-505. The average number belonging for such the high school shall must be established by the county superintendent's estimate, after an investigation of the probable number of pupils that will attend such the high school.
 - (3) a district anticipates an increase in the average number belonging due to the closing of any private or public

school in the district or a neighboring district. The estimated increase in average number belonging shall must be established by the trustees and the county superintendent and approved, disapproved, or adjusted by the superintendent of public instruction no later than the fourth Monday in June.

- (4) a district anticipates an unusual enrollment increase in the ensuing school fiscal year. The increase in average number belonging shall must be based on estimates of increased enrollment approved by the superintendent of public instruction and shall must be computed in the manner prescribed by 20-9-314.
- (5) for the initial year of operation of a program established under 20-7-117(1), the ANB to be used for budget purposes is the same as one-half the number of 5-year-old children residing in the district as of September 10 of the preceding school <u>fiscal</u> year, either as shown on the official school census or as determined by some other procedure approved by the superintendent of public instruction;
- (6) a special full-time special pupil, as defined in 20-9-311, in a given school fiscal year will may no longer be considered a special full-time special pupil in the ensuing school fiscal year (the superintendent of public instruction may grant one ANB for such the pupil for the

ensuing school fiscal year); or

(7) a high school district provides early graduation for any student who completes graduation requirements in less than eight semesters or the equivalent amount of secondary school enrollment or-when-a-high--school--district provides--early--graduation-for-a-class-of-students-who-have completed -- the -- requirements -- for -- -- graduation -- -- after --- 175 pupil-instruction-days-in-the-12th-grade. The increase shall must be established by the trustees as though the student had attended to the end of the school fiscal year and shall be approved, disapproved, or adjusted by the superintendent of public instruction."

Section 37. Section 20-9-314, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-314. Procedures for determining eligibility and amount of increased average number belonging due to unusual enrollment increase. A district which anticipates an unusual increase in enrollment in the ensuing school fiscal year, as provided for in 20-9-313(4), may increase its foundation program for the ensuing school fiscal year in accordance with the following provisions:

(1) The district shall estimate compute the current year's average number belonging by-totaling-the-aggregate days-of-attendance-and-aggregate-days-of-absence-realized-in the-district-through-April-30-and--dividing--such--total--by 180:---The--resulting--average--number--belonging--shall--be

increased-by-the-ratio-that--the--total--number--of--planned school--days--in-the-current-school-fiscal-year-bears-to-the number-of-schooi-days-completed-through-April-38 as provided in 20-9-311.

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- (2) Prior to May 10, the district shall estimate the probable average number belonging to be realized during the ensuing school fiscal year, based on as much factual information as may be available to the district.
- (3) No later than May 10, the district shall submit its application for an unusual enrollment increase to the superintendent of public instruction. Such The application shall must include:
- (a) the previous year's average number belonging;
- 14 (b) the-estimate-of the current school fiscal year's average number belonging, as provided in subsection (1) 15 above: 16
 - (c) the estimated average number belonging for the ensuing school fiscal year, including the factual information on which the estimate is based, as provided in subsection (2) above; and
- 21 (d) any other information or data that may be requested by the superintendent of public instruction. 22
 - (4) The superintendent of public instruction shall immediately review all the factors of the application and shall approve or disapprove the application or adjust the

1 estimated average number belonging for the ensuing school

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- fiscal year. After approving an estimate, with or without
- adjustment, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) determine the percentage increase which the
- estimated average number belonging for the ensuing fiscal
- year is over the current year's average number belonging:
 - and
- (b) approve an increase of the average number
- belonging used to establish the ensuing year's foundation
- 1.0 program in accordance with subsection (6) if the increase in
- .11 subsection (4)(a) is at least 6%.
- 12 (5) The superintendent of public instruction shall
- 13 notify the district of his decision by the fourth Monday in
- 14 June.

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- (6) Whenever an unusual 15 enrollment increase is
- approved by the superintendent of public instruction, the 16
- 17 increase of the average number belonging used to establish
- 18 the foundation program for the ensuing school fiscal year
- 19 shall--be is the difference between the approved estimated
- and 106% of the current year's average number belonging. The 21

average number belonging for the ensuing school fiscal year

- amount so determined shall--be is the maximum allowable 22
- 23 increase added to the actual average number belonging for
- the current school fiscal year for the purpose of
- establishing the ensuing year's foundation program.

resulting from provisions of this section shall must be reviewed at the end of the ensuing school fiscal year. If the actual average number belonging is less than the average number belonging used for foundation program and entitlement calculations, the superintendent of public instruction shall revise the foundation program and entitlement calculations using the actual average number belonging. All payments received by the district in excess of the revised entitlements shall—be are overpayments subject to the refund provisions of 20-9-344(3)."

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- Section 38. Section 20-9-316, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-316. Elementary school maximum budget schedule

 for 1985-86 1989-90. (1) For each elementary school having

 an ANB of nine or fewer pupils, the maximum shell-be-\$197959

 is \$20,158 if seld the school is approved as an isolated

 school.
 - (2) For schools with an ANB of 10 pupils but less than 18 pupils, the maximum shall—be-9197959 is \$20,158 plus \$834-10 \$842.50 per pupil on the basis of the average number belonging over nine.
- 22 (3) For schools with an ANB of at least 14 pupils but
 23 less than 18 pupils that qualify for instructional aide
 24 funding under 20-9-322, the maximum shall--be-\$32,714 is
 25 \$33,042 plus \$884-18 \$842.50 per pupil on the basis of the

average number belonging over 14.

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- 2 (4) For schools with an ANB of 18 pupils and employing
 3 one teacher, the maximum shall-be-\$27,466 is \$27,741 plus
 4 \$834.10 \$842.50 per pupil on the basis of the average number
 5 belonging over 18, not to exceed an ANB of 25.
- 6 (5) For schools with an ANB of 18 pupils and employing
 7 two full-time teachers, the maximum shall-be-\$437851 is
 8 \$44,290 plus \$522740 \$527.60 per pupil on the basis of the
 9 average number belonging over 18, not to exceed an ANB of
 10 50.
- 11 (6) For schools having an ANB in excess of 40, the
 12 maximum, on the basis of the total pupils (ANB) in the
 13 district, for-elementary-pupils-will-be is as follows:
 - (a) For a school having an ANB of more than 40 and employing a minimum of three teachers, the maximum of \$17938 shall \$1,957 must be decreased at the rate of \$1788 \$1.90 for each additional pupil until the total number (ANB) shall have-reached-a-total-of reaches 100 pupils.
- 19 (b) For a school having an ANB of more than 100
 20 pupils, the maximum of \$1.7825-shall \$1.843 must be decreased
 21 at the rate of \$1.72 \$1.74 for each additional pupil until
 22 the ANB shall-have-reached reaches 300 pupils.
- 23 (c) For a school having an ANB of more than 300
 24 pupils, the maximum shall may not exceed \$1,481 \$1,496 for
 25 each pupil.

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- 1 (7) The maximum per pupil for all pupils (ANB) and for
 2 all elementary schools shall must be computed on the basis
 3 of the amount allowed herein in this section on account of
 4 the last eligible pupil (ANB). All elementary schools
 5 operated within the incorporated limits of a city or town
 6 shall must be treated as one school for the purpose of this
 7 schedule."
- Section 39. Section 20-9-317, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-317. High school maximum budget schedule for

 10 1985-86 1989-90. (1) For each high school having an ANB of

 11 24 or fewer pupils, the maximum shall-be-\$\frac{1}{2}\$14,845.
- 13 (2) For a secondary high school having an ANB of more
 14 than 24 pupils, the maximum \$4,738-shall of \$4,785 must be
 15 decreased at the rate of \$25-84 \$26.10 for each additional
 16 pupil until the ANB shall-have-reached-a-total-of reaches 40
 17 such pupils.
 - (3) For a school having an ANB of more than 40 pupils, the maximum of \$4,7324-shall \$4,368 must be decreased at the rate of \$25.84 \$26.10 for each additional pupil until the ANB shall-have-reached reaches 100 pupils.

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22 (4) For a school having an ANB of more than 100
23 pupils, a the maximum of 92,7774--shall \$2,802 must be
24 decreased at the rate of \$4.37 for each additional
25 pupil until the ANB snall-have-reached reaches 200 pupils.

- (5) For a school having an ANB of more than 200 pupils, the maximum of \$2,342-shall \$2,365 must be decreased by \$2.38 \$2.40 for each additional pupil until the ANB shall have-reached reaches 300 pupils.
- 5 (6) For a school having an ANB of more than 300 pupils, the maximum of \$27184-shall \$2,125 must be decreased at the rate of 44 cents for each additional pupil until the ANB shall-have-reached reaches 600 pupils.
- 9 (7) For a school having an ANB ever of more than 600
 10 pupils, the maximum shall may not exceed \$1,973 \$1,993 per
 11 pupil.
- 12 (8) The maximum per pupil for all pupils (ANB) and for 13 all high schools shall must be computed on the basis of the 14 amount allowed herein in this section on account of the last 15 eligible pupil (ANB). All high schools and junior high 16 schools which have been approved and accredited as junior 17 high schools, operated within the incorporated limits of a city or town, shall must be treated as one school for the 18 19 purpose of this schedule."
- Section 40. Section 20-9-318, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-318. Elementary school maximum budget schedule

 for 1987-88 1990-91 and succeeding years. For 1987-88

 1990-91 and succeeding school years, the elementary school
 maximum budget schedule is as follows:
- 25 (1) For each elementary school having an ANB of nine

- or fewer pupils, the maximum shall-be-\$207158 is \$43,572 if

 aid the school is approved as an isolated school.
- 3 (2) For schools with an AN8 of 10 pupils but less than
 4 18 pupils, the maximum shall--be--\$207158 is \$43,572 plus
 5 \$842750 \$1,821 per pupil on the basis of the average number
 6 belonging over nine.

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- (3) For schools with an ANB of at least 14 pupils but less than 18 pupils that qualify for instructional aide funding under 20-9-322, the maximum shall--be--\$337042 is \$71,420 plus \$842.50 \$1,821 per pupil on the basis of the average number belonging over 14.
- (4) For schools with an ANB of 18 pupils and employing one teacher, the maximum shall-be-\$27,741 is \$59,962 plus \$842.50 \$1,821 per pupil on the basis of the average number belonging over 18, not to exceed an ANB of 25.
- (5) For schools with an ANB of 18 pupils and employing two full-time teachers, the maximum shall-be-\$44,298 is \$95,733 plus \$527.69 \$1,140 per pupil on the basis of the average number belonging over 18, not to exceed an ANB of 50.
- 21 (6) For schools having an ANB in excess of 40, the
 22 maximum, on the basis of the total pupils (ANB) in the
 23 district, for-elementary-pupils-will-be is as follows:
- 24 (a) For a school having an ANB of more than 40 and 25 employing a minimum of three teachers, the maximum of \$17957

- shall \$4,230 must be decreased at the rate of \$1.90 \$4.11

 for each additional pupil until the total number (ANB) shall

 have-reached-a-total-of reaches 100 pupils.
- (b) For a school having an ANB of more than 100 pupils, the maximum of \$1.7849-shall \$3.984 must be decreased at the rate of \$1.74 \$3.76 for each additional pupil until the ANB shall-have-reached reaches 300 pupils.
- 8 (c) For a school having an ANB of more than 300 9 pupils, the maximum shall may not exceed \$1,496 \$3,234 for 10 each pupil.
- 11 (7) The maximum per pupil for all pupils (ANB) and for
 12 all elementary schools shall must be computed on the basis
 13 of the amount allowed herein in this section on account of
 14 the last eligible pupil (ANB). All elementary schools
 15 operated within the incorporated limits of a city or town
 16 shall must be treated as one school for the purpose of this
 17 schedule."
- Section 41. Section 20-9-319, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-319. Righ school maximum budget schedule for

 ty87-88 1990-91 and succeeding years. For ty87-88 1990-91

 and succeeding school years, the high school maximum budget

 schedule is as follows:
- 23 (1) For each high school having an ANB of 24 or fewer 24 pupils, the maximum shall-be-\$ll47845 is \$248,237.
- 25 (2) For a secondary high school having an ANB of more

- than 24 pupils, the maximum \$4,7785-shall of \$10,343 must be decreased at the rate of \$26.18 \$56 for each additional pupil until the ANB shall-have-reached-a-total-of reaches 40 such pupils.
 - (3) For a school having an ANB of more than 40 pupils, the maximum of \$4,7368-shall \$9,441 must be decreased at the rate of \$26,10 \$56 for each additional pupil until the ANB shall-have-reached reaches 100 pupils.

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- (4) For a school having an ANB of more than 100 pupils, a the maximum of \$27882--shall \$6,057 must be decreased at the rate of \$4.37 \$9 for each additional pupil until the ANB shall-have-reached reaches 200 pupils.
- (5) For a school having an ANB of more than 200 pupils, the maximum of \$27365-shall \$5,112 must be decreased by \$2.40 \$5 for each additional pupil until the ANB shall have-reached reaches 300 pupils.
- 17 (6) For a school having an ANB of more than 300
 18 pupils, the maximum of \$27125-shall \$4,593 must be decreased
 19 at the rate of 44 95 cents for each additional pupil until
 20 the ANB shall-have-reached reaches 600 pupils.
- 21 (7) For a school having an ANB over of more than 600
 22 pupils, the maximum shall may not exceed \$17993 \$4,308 per
 23 pupil.
- 24 (8) The maximum per pupil for all pupils (ANB) and for 25 all high schools shall must be computed on the basis of the

- amount allowed herein in this section on account of the last eligible pupil (ANB). All high schools and junior high schools which have been approved and accredited as junior high schools, operated within the incorporated limits of a city or town, shall must be treated as one school for the purpose of this schedule."
- Section 42. Section 20-9-320, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-320. Maximum general fund budget for junior high
 school. (1) The general fund budget amount for an approved
 and accredited junior high school shall must be prorated
 between the elementary district general fund budget and the
 high school district general fund budget in the following
 manner:
- 14 (a) determine the per-ANB schedule amount for the 15 school, as defined by 20-9-317 and 20-9-319, from the high 16 school schedule;
- 17 (b) calculate the ANB for the regularly enrolled
 18 full-time pupils enrolled in the 7th and 8th grades of the
 19 junior high school;
- 20 (c) multiply the per-ANB schedule amount determined in
 21 subsection (1)(a) by the ANB calculated in subsection (1)(b)
 22 to determine the authorized general fund budget amount which
 23 shall--be available for the elementary district general fund
 24 budget; and
- 25 (d) subtract the amount determined in subsection

- 1 (1)(c) from the total authorized general fund budget amount
 2 for the school to determine the authorized general fund
 3 budget amount which-shall-be available for the high school
 4 district general fund budget.
- 5 (2) The general fund budget amount determined for each
 6 school of a district under the schedules provided in
 7 20-9-316 through 20-9-319 shall must be totaled to determine
 8 the maximum-general-fund-budget-without-a-voted-levy
 9 foundation program for such the district."
- Section 43. Section 20-9-321, MCA, is amended to read: 10 11 *20-9-321. Maximum-general-fund-budget Foundation 12 program amount and contingency funds for special education. 13 (1) For the purpose establishing the maximum-budget-without-a-vote foundation program amount for 14 15 a current year special education program for a school 16 district, the superintendent of public instruction will 17 shall determine the total estimated cost of the special 18 education program for the school district on the basis of a 19 special education program budget submitted by the district. 20 The budget will must be prepared on forms provided by the 21 superintendent of public instruction and will must set out 22 for each program:
- 23 (a) the estimated allowable costs associated with 24 operating the program where allowable costs are as defined 25 in 20-7-431;

- 3 (c) any other data required by the superintendent of 4 public instruction for budget justification purposes and to 5 administer the provisions of 20-9-315 through 20-9-321.
- 6 (2) The total amount of allowable costs approved by the superintendent of public instruction shall-be is the special education maximum-budget-without-a-vote foundation 9 program amount for current year special education program 10 purposes. The total amount of allowable costs that are 11 approved for the special education budget shall may not, 12 under any condition, less than the 13 maximum-budget-without-a-vote foundation program amount for one regular ANB for each special full-time special pupil in 14 15 the school district.
- 16 (3) If a special education program is implemented or 17 expanded during a given school term too late to be included 18 the determination the district 19 maximum-budget-without-a-vote foundation program amount for 20 the school year as prescribed in this part, allowable costs 21 approved under the budgeting provisions of subsections (1) 22 and (2) for the operation of the program during the given year must be funded from any legislative appropriation for 23 contingency financing for special education. Contingency 24 funds granted under this subsection must be deposited in a 25

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1 separate account of the miscellaneous programs fund of the district as provided in 20-9-507. However, if contingency 2 funds are not available, then subject to the approval of the 3 4 program by the superintendent under the emergency budget 5 provisions of 20-9-161(5), allowable costs for the given year may be added to the maximum-budget-without-a-vote 7 foundation program amount for special education for the 8 subsequent school year. Such The allowable costs must be 9 recorded as previous year special education expenses in the school district budget for the subsequent school year. 10

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- (4) The sum of the previous year special education expenses as defined in subsection (3) above and the maximum-budget-without-a-vote foundation program amount for current year special education as defined in subsections (1) and (2) shall—be is the special education budget for accounting purposes.
- (5) The maximum-budget-without-a-vote foundation program amount for special education will must be added to the maximum-budget-without-a-vote foundation program amount of the regular program ANB defined in 20-9-311 and 20-9-313 to obtain the total maximum-budget-without-a-vote foundation program amount for the district."
- Section 44. Section 20-9-331, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-331. Basic county tax and other revenues for
 county equalization of the elementary district foundation

- program. (1) It shall—be is the duty of the county commissioners of each county to levy an annual basic tax of 28 103 mills on the dollars of the taxable value of all taxable property within the county—except—for—vehicles subject—to—taxation—under—61—3—504(2)7 for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue to be collected from this levy shall must be apportioned to the support of the foundation programs of the elementary school districts in the county and to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the following manner:
- 12 (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised
 13 by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the
 14 estimated revenues identified in subsection (2) below--shall
 15 be is subtracted from the--sum--of-the-county-elementary
 16 transportation-obligation-and the total of the foundation
 17 programs of all elementary districts of the county.
 - (b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance the difference determined above, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for

which the levy has been set.

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- (2) The proceeds realized from the county's portion of
 the levy prescribed by this section and the revenues from
 the following sources shall must be used for the
 equalization of the elementary district foundation programs
 of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate
 accounting shall must be kept of such-proceeds-and these
 revenues by the county treasurer in accordance with
 20-9-212(1):
- 10 (a) the portion of the federal Taylor Grazing Act
 11 funds distributed to a county and designated for the common
 12 school fund under the provisions of 17-3-222;
 - (b) the portion of the federal flood control act funds distributed to a county and designated for expenditure for the benefit of the county common schools under the provisions of 17-3-232;
- 17 (c) all money paid into the county treasury as a
 18 result of fines for violations of law, except money paid to
 19 a justice's court, and the use of which is not otherwise
 20 specified by law;
 - (d) any money remaining at the end of the immediately preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's
 account accounts for the various sources of revenue established or referred to in this section;
- (e) any federal or state money distributed to the

- county as payment in lieu of the property taxation

 established-by-the-county-levy-required-by-this-section,

 including federal forest reserve funds allocated under the
- 5 (f) net proceeds taxes for interim production and new 6 production, as defined in 15-23-601; and

provisions of 17-3-213;

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- 7 (g) anticipated revenue from vehicle--property--taxes
 8 fees imposed under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2),
 9 61-3-521, and 61-3-537, and 67-3-204."
 - Section 45. Section 20-9-333, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-333. Basic special levy and other revenues for county equalization of high school district foundation program. (1) It shall—be is the duty of the county commissioners of each county to levy an annual basic special tax for high schools of 17 63 mills on the dollar of the taxable value of all taxable property within the county except—for—vehicles—subject—to—taxation—under—61-3-504(2); for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue to be collected from this levy shall must be apportioned to the support of the foundation programs of high school districts in the county and to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the following manner:
- 24 (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised 25 by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the

apportionmentsy-he-shall+

estimated revenues identified in subsections—(2)(a)—and (2)(b)—below—shall—be subsection (2) is subtracted from the sum—of—the—county's—high—school—tuition—obligation—and the total of the foundation programs of all high school districts of the county.

- (b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance the difference determined above, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for which the levy has been set.
- (2) The proceeds realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed in this section and the revenues from the following sources shall must be used for the equalization of the high school district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting shall must be kept of these proceeds revenues by the county treasurer in accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- (a) any money remaining at the end of the immediately preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's accounts for the various sources of revenue established or referred to in this section;

- 1 (b) any federal or state moneys money distributed to
 2 the county as a payment in lieu of the property taxation
 3 established-by-the-county-levy-required-by-this-section,
 4 including federal forest reserve funds allocated under the
 5 provisions of 17-3-213;
 - (c) net proceeds taxes for interim production and new production, as defined in 15-23-601; and
- 8 (d) anticipated revenue from vehicle-property-taxes
 9 <u>fees</u> imposed under <u>23-2-517</u>, <u>23-2-803</u>, 61-3-504(2),
 10 <u>61-3-521</u>, and 61-3-537, and 67-3-204."
- 11 Section 46. Section 20-9-334, MCA, is amended to read:
 - money by county superintendent. The county superintendent shall separately apportion the revenues deposited in the basic-county-tax county equalization account for elementary schools and the revenues deposited in the basic-special-tax county equalization account for high schools account to the several districts of the county on a monthly basis. The apportionments shall be known as "county equalization moneys money". Before-the-county-superintendent-makes-the-monthly
 - (1)--deduct-from-the-revenues-available--in--the--basic county--tax-account-the-amount-required-for-the-month-to-pay the--county-s--obligation--for---elementary---transportation reimbursements--and

(2)--deduct--from--the--revenues-available-in-the-basic special-tax-for-nigh-schools-account-the-amount-required-for the-month-to-pay-the-county+s--obligation--for--high--school out-of-county-tuition-"

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Section 47. Section 20-9-335, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-335. Formula for apportionment of county
equalization moneys money. (1) After-making-such--deductions
prescribed--in-20-9-334, the The county superintendent shall
apportion the remaining amount of moneys money available in
the basic--county--tax county equalization account to the
several public elementary districts of the county and in the
basic-special--tax county equalization account for high
schools account to the several public secondary high school
districts of the county in proportion to their needs under
the foundation program in accordance with the following
procedure:

- (a) determine the percentage that the county equalization moneys money available for the support of the foundation programs of the public elementary districts in the county is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all public elementary districts;
- (b) multiply the foundation program amount of each public elementary district by the percentage determined in subsection (1)(a) above to determine the portion of the county equalization moneys money available to each public

l elementary district.

- 2 (2) The above procedure shall described in subsections
 3 (1)(a) and (1)(b) must also be applied for public secondary
 4 high school districts.
 - (3) No territory situated within a county shall may be excluded from the apportionment of the county equalization moneys money under this section solely because such the territory lies within the boundaries of a joint district. Cash balances to the credit of any district at the end of a school fiscal year shall may not be considered in the apportionment procedure prescribed in this section.
 - (4) The county equalization moneys money apportioned under these procedures shall—constitute constitutes the first source of revenue in calculating the financing of the public elementary and secondary high school district foundation program. The county superintendent shall use the apportionment procedure prescribed in this section in computing the estimated revenues for the financing of the ensuing year's foundation program for budgeting purposes."
 - Section 48. Section 20-9-343, MCA, is amended to read:

 "20-9-343. Definition of and revenue for state
 equalization aid. (1) As used in this title, the term "state
 equalization aid" means those-moneys the money deposited in
 the state special revenue fund as required in this section
 plus any legislative appropriation of money from other

sources for distribution to the public schools for the purpose of equalization of the foundation program.

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- (2) The legislative appropriation for state equalization aid shall must be made in a single sum for the biennium. The money in the state equalization aid account in the state special revenue fund is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the superintendent of public instruction for distribution as provided in this chapter.
- The superintendent of public instruction has-authority-to
 may spend such the appropriation, together with the
 earmarked revenues provided in subsection (3), as required
 for foundation program purposes throughout the biennium.
- 13 (3) The following shall must be paid into the state
 14 special revenue fund for state equalization aid to public
 15 schools of the state:
- 16 (a) 31-8%-of-all money received from the collection of 17 income taxes under chapter 30 of Title 15, as provided in 18 15-1-501;
 - (b) 25%-of-all-money, except as provided in 15-31-702, money received from the collection of corporation license and income taxes under chapter 31 of Title 15, as provided by 15-1-501;
- 23 (c) ±00%--of-the money allocated to state equalization 24 from the collection of the severance tax on coal;
- 25 (d) 100%-of-the money received from the treasurer of

- 1 the United States as the state's shares of oil, gas, and
- 2 other mineral royalties under the federal Mineral Lands
- 3 Leasing Act, as amended;
- 4 (e) interest and income money described in 20-9-341
 5 and 20-9-342:
- 6 (f) income from the education trust fund account; and
- 7 (g) income from the lottery, as provided for in
 - 23-5-1027; and

- 9 (9)(h) in addition to these revenues, the surplus
 10 revenues collected by the counties for foundation program
 11 support according to 20-9-331 and 20-9-333.
- 12 (4) Any surplus revenue in the state equalization aid
 13 account in the second year of a biennium may be used to
 14 reduce the appropriation required for the next succeeding
 15 biennium."
- Section 49. Section 20-9-344, MCA, is amended to read:
- 17 *20-9-344. Purpose of state equalization aid and 18 duties of the board of public education for distribution --19 conditions of first payment. (1) The money available for
- 20 state equalization aid shall must be distributed and
- 21 apportioned to provide an annual minimum operating revenue
- for the elementary and high schools in each county,

 exclusive of revenues required for debt service and for the
- 24 payment of any and--all costs and expense incurred in
- 25 connection with any adult--education--program, recreation

program, school food services program, and new buildings, new and grounds, and transportation.

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- (2) The board of public education shall administer and distribute the state equalization aid in the manner and with the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the board of public education shall:
- (a) adopt policies for-regulating to regulate the distribution of state equalization aid in accordance with the provisions of law-and-in-a-manner-that-would-most effectively-meet-the-financial-needs-of-districts subsection (4) and to provide for monthly distribution of money in the state equalization aid account in a monthly amount equaling at least 8% of entitlement until each district receives its annual equalization aid entitlement;
- (b) have the power to require such reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it may-deem considers necessary; and
- (c) order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the state equalization aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to such the aid as established by the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of state equalization aid, the board of public education shall may not increase or decrease the state equalization aid distribution to any district on account of any difference which may occur during the school fiscal year

- between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source of school revenue.
- 3 (3) Should a district receive more state equalization
 4 aid than it is entitled to, the county treasurer must shall
 5 return the overpayment to the state upon the request of the
 6 superintendent of public instruction in the manner
 7 prescribed by the department of commerce.
- 8 (4) The first payment of state equalization aid must9 be:
- 10 (a) based on an estimate of 20% 10% of each district's entitlement; and
- 12 (b) distributed by July 15 of the school fiscal year."
 - Section 50. Section 20-9-353, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-9-353. Additional levy for general fund -15 election for authorization to impose. (1) The Except as
- 16 provided in subsections (5) and (6), the trustees of any
- 17 district may propose to adopt a general fund budget in
- 18 excess of the general fund budget amount for such the
- 19 district as established by the schedules in 20-9-316 through
- 20 $2\theta-9-321$ 20-9-320 for any of the following purposes:
- 21 (a) building, altering, repairing, or enlarging any 22 schoolhouse of the district:
- 23 (b) furnishing additional school facilities for the 24 district;
- 25 (c) acquisition of land for the district;

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- (d) proper maintenance and operation of the school programs of the district.
- (2) When the trustees of any district determine that an additional amount of financing is required for the general fund budget that is in excess of the statutory schedule amount, the trustees shall submit the proposition of an additional levy to raise such the excess amount of general fund financing to the electors who are qualified under 20-20-301 to vote upon such the proposition, except that no an election shall-be is not required to permit the school trustees to use any funds available to finance the additional amount other than those funds to be raised by the additional levy. Such The special election shall must be called and conducted in the manner prescribed by this title for school elections. The ballot for such the election shall must state only the amount of money to be raised by additional property taxation, the approximate number of mills required to raise such the money, and the purpose for which such the money will be expended, and-it-shall The ballot must be in the following format:

21 PROPOSITION

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Shall a levy be made in addition to the levies authorized by law in such the number of mills as may be necessary to raise the sum of (state the amount to be raised by additional tax levy), and being approximately (give

- number) mills, for the purpose of (insert the purpose for which the additional tax levy is made)?

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- ☐ AGAINST the levy.
- general fund is approved by a majority vote of these the electors voting at such the election, the proposition shall carry carries and the trustees may use any portion or all of the authorized amount in adopting the preliminary general fund budget. The trustees shall certify the additional levy amount authorized by such—a the special election on the budget form that is submitted to the county superintendent, and the county commissioners shall levy such the authorized number of mills on the taxable value of all taxable property within the district, as prescribed in 20-9-141, as—are required to raise the amount of such the additional levy.
- (4) Authorization to levy an additional tax under the provisions of this section shall-be is effective for only 1 school fiscal year and shall must be authorized by a special election conducted before August 1 of the school fiscal year for which it is effective.
- 22 (5) Except as provided in subsection (6), after school
 23 fiscal year 1994, the trustees of a district may not adopt a
 24 general fund budget that exceeds 117% of the total of:
 - (a) the amount set forth in the schedules in 20-9-316

thr	ough	20-9-	320;

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- (b) any transportation funding included in the general
 fund budget of the district; and
 - (c) any special education funding for the district.
- 6 (6) Until the state meets the federal test for use of federal funds under Title 1 of Public Law 81-874 as a local source of wealth, as set forth in 20 U.S.C. 240(d), the trustees of a district may adopt a general fund budget in excess of the limitations in subsection (5) if Public Law 81-874 funds are the sole source of funding for the excess amount."
 - *20-9-505. Purpose and establishment of nonoperating fund. (1) The trustees of any district that will not operate any a school during the ensuing school fiscal year shall establish a nonoperating fund on the first day of such the school fiscal year. In establishing the nonoperating fund, the trustees shall cause the transfer of the end-of-the-year cash balance of each fund maintained by the district during the immediately preceding school fiscal year to the nonoperating fund. However, cash balances of the debt service fund and the miscellaneous federal programs fund, if any, shall must be maintained in their individual funds.
 - (2) The trustees of a district establishing a nonoperating fund for the first year of nonoperation may

earmark a portion of the nonoperating fund cash balance as a 1 nonoperating fund cash reserve when they anticipate the 2 reopening of a school in the following school fiscal year. 3 Such The cash reserve shall may not be more than the general fund cash reserve designated for the immediately preceding school fiscal year. If a school is not operated in the following school fiscal year, the authority of the trustees to earmark a nonoperating fund cash reserve shall--terminate terminates and the moneys money earmarked as a cash reserve 10 shall must be used to reduce the levy requirement of the 11 nonoperating fund. If the trustees acquire approval to reopen a school in the following school fiscal year under 12 the provisions of 20-6-502 or 20-6-503 and operate such the 13 14 school, the nonoperating fund cash reserve shall must be 15 restored as the general fund cash reserve.

- 16 (3) The purpose of the nonoperating fund shall-be is
 17 to centralize the financing and budgeting for the limited
 18 functions of a district not operating a school. Such The
 19 functions shall include:

- td)(b) any other nonoperating school function of the
 district deemed considered necessary by the trustees or
- 25 required by law.

- (4) Any expenditure of nonoperating fund moneys--shall money must be made in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title for a budgeted fund."
- Section 52. Section 20-10-101, MCA, is amended to read:
- *20-10-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following definitions apply:
- 10 (1) "Transportation" shall-mean means:

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- (a) a district's conveyance of a pupil by a school bus between his legal residence and the school designated by the trustees for his attendance; or
- tb)--a-district's-conveyance-of-a-pupit-by-a-school-bus
 between--his--regular---school---of---attendance--and--the
 vocational-technical-secondary--schools--designated--by--the
 trustees--for--his--attendance--if--the--secondary-school-is
 located-in-some-other-school-district;-or
 - te7(b) "individual transportation" whereby a district is relieved of actually conveying a pupil. Such The individual transportation may include paying the parent or guardian for conveying the pupil, reimbursing the parent or guardian for the pupil's board and room, or providing supervised correspondence study or supervised home study.
 - (2) An "eligible transportee" shall--mean means a

public school pupil who:

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- 2 (a) is not less than 5 years of age nor has attained
 3 his 21st birthday;
- 4 (b) is a resident of the state of Montana;
- 5 (c) regardless of district and county boundaries,
 6 resides at least 3 miles, over the shortest practical route,
 7 from the nearest operating public elementary school or
 8 public high school, whichever the case may be; and
- 9 (d) is deemed by law to reside with his parent or guardian who maintains legal residence within the boundaries of the district furnishing the transportation regardless of where the eligible transportee actually lives when attending school.
- 14 (3) (a) A "school bus" means, except as provided in 15 subsection (3)(b), any motor vehicle that:
 - (i) complies with the bus standards established by the board of public education as verified by the Montana department of justice's semiannual inspection of school buses and the superintendent of public instruction; and
- 20 (ii) is owned by a district or other public agency and
 21 operated for the transportation of pupils to or from school
 22 or owned by a carrier under contract with a district or
 23 public agency to provide transportation of pupils to or from
 24 school.
 - (b) A school bus does not include a vehicle that is:

1	(i)	privately	owned	and r	not ope	erated	for	compensation
2	under thi	s title;						

fit)-privately--owned--and--operated--for-reimbursement
under-20-10-142;

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titit(ii) either district-owned or privately owned,
designed to carry not more than nine passengers, and used to
transport pupils to or from activity events or to transport
pupils to their homes in case of illness or other emergency
situations; or

10 (iv)(iii) an over-the-road passenger coach used only to
11 transport pupils to activity events."

Section 53. Section 20-10-104, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-10-104. Penalty for violating law or rules. (1) Every district, its trustees and employees, and every person under a transportation contract with a district shall-be is subject to the policies prescribed by the board of public education and the rules prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. When a district knowingly violates a transportation law or board of public education transportation policy, such the district shall forfeit any reimbursement otherwise---payable---under---20-10-145--and 20-10-146 for bus miles actually traveled during that fiscal year in violation of such law or policies. The county superintendent shall suspend all--such any reimbursements

payable to the district until the district corrects the violation. When the district corrects the violation, the county superintendent shall resume paying any reimbursements to the district, but the amount forfeited may not be paid to the district.

6 (2) When a person operating a bus under contract with 7 a district knowingly fails to comply with the transportation law or the board of public education transportation policies, the district may not pay him for any bus miles 9 10 traveled during the contract year in violation of such law 11 or policies. Upon discovering such a violation, the trustees of the district shall give written notice to the person that 12 13 unless the violation is corrected within 10 days of the 14 giving of notice, the contract will be canceled. The 15 trustees of a district shall order the operation of a bus 16 operated under contract suspended when the bus is being 17 operated in violation of transportation law or policies and the trustees find that such the violation jeopardizes the 18 19 safety of pupils."

Section 54. Section 20-10-105, MCA, is amended to read:

residence of an eligible transportee is a matter of controversy and is an issue before a board of trustees, a county transportation committee, or the superintendent of

2	on the basis of the general state residence law as provided
3	in 1-1-215. Whenever any district or county is determined to
4	be responsible for payingtuitionfor any pupil in
5	accordance with 20-5-301, 20-5-302, or 20-5-311, the
6	residence of the pupil for twition attendance purposes is
7	the residence of the pupil for transportation purposes."
8	Section 55. Section 20-10-112, MCA, is amended to
9	read:
10	"20-10-112. Duties of the superintendent of public
11	instruction. In order to have a uniform and equal provision
12	of transportation by all districts in the state of Montana,
13	the superintendent of public instruction shall:
14	(1) prescribe rules and forms for the implementation
15	and administration of the transportation policies adopted by
16	the board of public education;
17	(2) prescribe rules for the approval of school bus
18	routing by the county transportation committee;
19	(3)prescribetheformatofthecontractfor
20	individualtransportationandsupplyeachcounty
21	superintendent-with-a-sufficient-number-ofsuchcontracts;
22	(4)prescriberulesfortheapproval-of-individual
23	transportation-contracts;-includingtheincreasesofthe
24	scheduleratesduetoisolationunder-the-policy-of-the
25	board-of-public-education;-and-provide-a-degree-of-isolation

public instruction, the residence shall must be established

•	share to school district chastel to bette as a govern
2	(5)(3) approve, disapprove, or adjust all school bus
3	routing submitted by the county superintendent; and
4	(6)approverdisapproveroradjustallindividual
5	transportationcontractssubmittedbythecounty
6	superintendent;
7	(7)(4) prescribe rules for the consideration of
8	controversies appealed to him and rule on such the
9	controversies;-and
10	(8)disburse-the-state-transportation-reimbursement-in
11	accordance-with-the-provisions-of-law-and-the-transportation
12	policies-of-the-board-of-public-education."
13	Section 56. Section 20-10-143, MCA, is amended to
14	read:
15	"20-10-143. Budgeting for transportation and
16	transmittal-of-transportation-contracts. (1) The trustees of
17	any district furnishing transportation to pupils who are
18	residents of such the district shall have-the-authorityand
19	itshallbetheirdutyto provide a-transportation-fund
20	budget for funding of transportation with a portion of the
21	general fund that is adequate to finance such the district's
22	transportation contractual obligations and any other
23	transportation expenditures necessary for the conduct of it:
24	transportation program. The transportation general fund
25	budget shall include:

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(a)	an	adequate	amour	it to	finance	the	mai	ntenance	and
operation	of	district	owned	and	operated	scho	ool	buses;	

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- (b) the annual contracted amount for the maintenance and operation of school buses by a private party;
- (c) the annual contracted amount for individual transportation; including any increased amount due — to isolation; which shall not exceed the schedule amounts prescribed—in-20-10-142;
- (d) any amount necessary for the purchase, rental, or insurance of school buses; and
 - (e) any other amount necessary to finance the administration, operation, or maintenance of the transportation program of the district, as determined by the trustees.
 - (2) The trustees may include a contingency amount in the transportation general fund budget for the purpose of enabling the district to fulfill any obligation to provide transportation in accordance with the transportation law for:
 - (a) any pupils not residing in the district at the time of the adoption of the preliminary budget and who subsequently became residents of such the district during the school fiscal year; or
- 24 (b) pupils who have become eligible transportees since
 25 the adoption of the preliminary budget because their legal

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residence has been changed. The-budgeted-contingency-amount shall-not-exceed-10%-of-the-transportation--schedule--amount as---calculated---under--the--provisions--of--20-10-141--and 20-10-142-for-all-transportation-services-authorized-by-such schedule-and-provided-by-the-district--unless--10%--of--such transportation--schedule--amount-shall-be-less-than-$100,-in which-case-$100-shall-be-the--maximum--limitation--for--such budgeted-contingency-amount-
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(3)--As----provided----in----20-9-1627---an---emergency transportation-fund-budget-may-be--adopted--subject--to--the provisions-of-the-emergency-budgeting-law-

(4)-The---transportation--fund--budgeted--expenditures appropriated-by--the--trustees--shall--be--reported--on--the regular--budget--form--prescribed--by--the-superintendent-of public-instruction-in--accordance--with--20-9-1037--and--the adoption---of---the--transportation--fund--budget--shall--be completed-in-accordance-with-the-school-budgeting-laws--When the--adopted--preliminary--budget--is--sent--to--the--county superintendent7--the--trustees-shall-also-send-copies-of-all completed---transportation---contracts---for---school----bus transportation--and--individual-transportation-to-the-county superintendent7--Such--contracts---shall----substantiate---all contracted---transportation--services--incorporated--in--the preliminary-budget7-and-after-the-county-superintendent--has utilized--the--contracts---for--such--purpose--but-before-the

fourth-Monday-of-Julyy-he-shall-send-all-the--transportation

contracts--received--by--him-to-the-superintendent-of-public

instruction:-When-the--county--superintendent--determines--a

deviation-between-the-preliminary-transportation-fund-budget

amount---for--contracted--transportation--services--and--the

contracted-amount-for-such-services;--he--shall--immediately

call--the--deviation--to--the--attention--of-the-appropriate

trustees--and--shall--allow--the--trustees--to--change---the

preliminary---budgeted---amount---to---compensate--for--such

deviation:"

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- 11 **Section 57.** Section 23-5-1027, MCA, is amended to 12 read:
- 23-5-1027. Disposition of revenue. (1) (a) As near as
 14 possible to 45% of the money paid for tickets or chances
 15 must be paid out as prize money, except as provided in
 16 subsection (1)(b).
- 17 (b) In the case of a regional lottery game, a maximum
 18 of 50% of the money paid for tickets or chances may be paid
 19 out as prize money.
- 20 (2) Up to 15% of the gross revenue from the state
 21 lottery may be used by the director to pay the operating
 22 expenses of the state lottery. Commissions paid to lottery
 23 ticket or chance sales agents are not a state lottery
 24 operating expense.
- 25 (3) Funds to pay the operating expenses of the lottery

- are statutorily appropriated as provided in 17-7-502.
- 2 (4) That part of all gross revenue not used for the
 3 payment of prizes, commissions, and operating expenses is
 4 net revenue and must be paid quarterly from the enterprise
 5 fund established by 23-5-1026 to the superintendent-of
 6 public-instruction-for-distribution-as-equalization-aid-to
 7 the-retirement--fund--obligations--of state special revenue
 8 fund as provided for in 20-9-343 for equalization of the
 9 foundation program for elementary and high school districts
 10 in-the-manner-provided-in-20-9-532."
- NEW SECTION. Section 58. Appropriation. There is appropriated from the general fund to the superintendent of public instruction \$30 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1991, to be used to provide each school district with at least the same amount of funding for school transportation in school fiscal year 1991 as the district expended for transportation in school fiscal year 1990.
- 18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 59. Study and distribution of 19 transportation funds. The superintendent of public 20 instruction shall:
- 21 (1) during fiscal year 1990, study methods of
 22 distributing transportation aid to school districts in an
 23 equalized manner, including but not limited to
 24 transportation funding based on a density factor for school
 25 district populations;

(2) seek the advice and recommendations of the board of public education during the study process; and

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- 3 (3) on approval of the board of public education,
 4 distribute the appropriation in [section 58] to school
 5 districts for school fiscal year 1991.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 60. Legislative interim study of equalization of school district capital outlay and debt service costs. An appropriate interim legislative committee is assigned to study methods of equalizing school district capital improvement, building, and debt service costs. The committee shall report the findings of the study to the 52nd legislature and, if necessary, draft legislation to implement its findings.
- 14 NEW SECTION. Section 61. Repealer. Sections 20-5-303 15 through 20-5-307, 20-5-312, 20-5-313, 20-9-105, 20-9-352, 16 20-9-501, 20-9-531, 20-9-532, 20-10-141, 20-10-142, and 17 20-10-144 through 20-10-146, MCA, are repealed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 62. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].
- 22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 63.** Effective dates. (1) Except 23 as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is effective July 24 1, 1990.
- 25 (2) [Sections 38, 39, 58 through 60, and this section]

1 are effective July 1, 1989.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB575, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to increase the state equalization of public school funding for the purpose of providing further equality of educational opportunity; to eliminate the retirement levies and to eliminate the school district permissive. tuition, transportation, adult education, and comprehensive insurance levies; to combine all district budgeted funds under the general fund budget of a district, except funds for capital improvement; to increase the foundation program funding schedules to reflect funds added to district general fund budgets; to reduce the cash reserve fund for a district receiving state equalization payments; to limit, with a 5-year phase-in period, the general fund budgets of school districts; to increase county equalization levies; to exclude school district levies from the property tax limitation; to change the method of calculating the average number of students belonging (ANB) to a school district for funding purposes; to eliminate tuition payments between districts; to provide for a statutory appropriation: to provide an appropriation for school funding; to provide that the Superintendent of Public Instruction study methods of distributing transportation funds for school fiscal year 1991; to provide for an interim study of school capital outlay costs and debt service costs; amending Sections 15-10-402, 17-3-213, 17-7-20-5-311, 20-5-314, 20-6-401, 20-6-406, 20-6-608, 20-7-420, 20-7-421, 20-7-424, 20-7-442, 20-7-705, 20-7-713, 20-9-705 $104. \ 20-9-141. \ 20-9-165. \ 20-9-166. \ 20-9-201. \ 20-9-212. \ 20-9-301. \ 20-9-303. \ 20-9-304. \ 20-9-311. \ 20-9-313. \ 20-9-314.$ 20-9-316 through 20-9-321, 20-9-331, 20-9-333 through 20-9-335, 20-9-343, 20-9-344, 20-9-353, 20-9-505, 20-10-101, 20-10-104, 20-10-105, 20-10-112, 20-10-143, and 23-5-1027, MCA; repealing Sections 20-5-303 through 20-5-307, 20-5-312, 20-5-313, 20-9-105, 20-9-352, 20-9-501, 20-9-531, 20-9-532, 20-10-141, 20-10-142, and 20-10-144 through 20-10-146, MCA; and providing effective dates.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- Individual income tax collections are estimated to be \$239,124,000 in FY90 and \$254,428,000 in FY91, with 1. 31.8% each year available for state equalization aid. (REAC)
- Corporation tax receipts are estimated to be \$49,207,000 in FY90 and \$49,503,000 in FY91, with 22.9% each 2. year available for state equalization aid. (REAC)
- 3. Goal severance tax receipts are estimated to be \$52,884,000 in FY90 and \$45,683,000 in FY91, with 3.8% each year available for state equalization aid (REAC)
- Interest earnings from the Education Coal Trust are estimated to be \$1,372,000 in FY90 and \$1,701,000 in 4. FY91, with 67.5% available for state equalization aid. (REAC)
- Royalties from the Federal Mineral Leasing Act are estimated to be \$22,686,000 in FY90 and \$23,494,000 in 5. FY91. All receipts are available for state equalization aid. (REAC)

SHACKLEFORD, BUDGET DIRECTOR

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING

DATE 2/20/89

MIKE KADAS, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for HB575, as introduced

#B 575

- 6. Revenue raised from the Lottery is estimated to be \$13,500,000 in FY90 and FY91, with 40% available for state equalization of retirement costs.(MDOC)
- 7. The taxable value of all property is estimated to be \$1,899,969,000 in FY90 and \$1,869,831,000 in FY91. Revenue raised through the mandatory 45 mills for state equalization aid is estimated to be \$85,499,000 in FY90 and \$84,142,000 in FY91. (REAC)
- 8. Revenue generated by the 45 mills for state equalization on vehicle fees is estimated to be \$1,371,000 in FY90 and \$1,567,000 in FY91. (REAC)
- 9. Miscellaneous revenue generated from vehicle fees for state equalization aid is estimated to be \$4,310,000 in FY90 and \$4,310,000 in FY91. (REAC)
- 10. Total receipts from interest and income are estimated to be \$33,485,000 in FY90 and \$34,353,000 in FY91. (REAC)
- 11. There are no changes in school funding for FY90; figures from the executive budget were used with no inflation (2% increase was removed.) Schedules were increased by a factor of 2.17% (117% increase) for FY91. The result was derived by removing the 2%/year increase and then inserting a 117% increase.
- 12. Total transportation fund expenditures for FY88 were \$28.3 million. We assume that the entire \$30.0 million appropriated in (section 58) will be needed to fund district transportation budgets (section 56).
- 13. District permissive amount contributions will be discontinued in FY91.
- 14. Added costs to the state for adult education and comprehensive insurance are included in the general fund formula total; retirement is also included in the combined formula amount.
- 15. The number of meetings that the Committee will conduct during the 1990-91 biennium is estimated to be six meetings.
- 16. All legislators will attend all meetings.
- 17. One-half of the Reps. and one-half of the Senators will claim one-day's salary and meals.
- 18. One-half of the Reps. and one-half of the Senators will travel sufficient distance to require lodging for each meeting; these Reps. and Senators will also claim 2 days' salary, 2 days' meals, and I night's lodging reimbursement.
- 19. All meetings of the Committee will be 1-day meetings.
- 20. Salary for legislators will remain at \$52.13 per day.
- 21. Benefits for legislators will be 8% of salary.
- 22. Meals, lodging, and mileage reimbursement will remain as under current law.
- 23. Mileage for Reps. will average 367 miles round trip.
- 24. Mileage for Senators will average 383 miles round trip.
- 25. The costs of the study will include printing and postage, and publication of a final report.
- 26. All costs for the study will be paid by the Legislative Council from funds appropriated for interim studies.
- 27. The Legislative Council will provide staff to the Committee within current resources.

FISCAL IMPACT:		FY90		FY91				
	Current	Proposed		Current	Proposed			
	Law	Law	Difference	Law	Law	Difference		
Revenues:	\$264,899,000	\$264,899,000	\$ -0-	\$278,132,540	\$533,714,486	\$255,581,946		
Expenditures:								
Foundation Program	\$278,355,000	\$278,355,000	\$ -0-	\$276,678,000	\$522,314,040	\$245,636,040		
OPI	-0-	757,000	757,000	-0-	614,000	614,000		
Legislative Council	-0-	15,093	15,093	0-	0-	-0-		
Total Expenditures	\$278,355,000	\$279,127,093	\$ 772,093	\$276,678,000	\$522,928,040	\$246,250,040		
Net Effect:								
(Revenue less Expenditu								
	(\$13,456,000)	(\$14,228,093)	\$ 772,093	\$ 1,454,540	\$ 10,786,446	\$ 9,331,906		

EFFECT ON COUNTY:

- 1. Local levies for comprehensive insurance, transportation, tuition, and adult education will be eliminated.
- 2. County levies for retirement will be eliminated.

LONG-RANGE EFFECTS:

This legislation will significantly change property tax levies.

TECHNICAL OR MECHANICAL DEFECTS OR CONFLICTS WITH EXISTING LEGISLATION:

- 1. Allocation of forest funds in (Section 3) is unnecessarily complicated. Either allocation of the entire amount to elementary county equalization or allocation based on the mill rates in (Section 44) and (Section 45) would be simpler.
- 2. (Section 17) page 41, lines 1 and 12 are inconsistent; also, the amended language seems to allow a 100% bonus. This could be corrected by: Insert-page 41, line 5, after 'public instruction': "and not otherwise funded by state equalization.
- 3. (Section 24) eliminates the district levy for adult education and adult basic education and does not allow any mechanism to fund student over 18 years old. This could be corrected by allowing adult education students participating in an approved program to be counted: Insert-page 28, line 24 after 'section': "or if the adult pupil is a participant in a program under the provisions of 20-7-701 through 20-7-705.
- 4. (Section 35) deletes the provision that a pupil must be dropped from the rolls for ANB purposes after 10 consecutive days of absence.
- 5. (Section 41) indicates schedule increases of 117% consistently except that the decrease in (Subsection 4) should be \$9.48 and the decrease in (Subsection 5) should be \$5.21.
- 6. (Section 51) removes the mechanism for providing transportation funding for students who reside in non-operating districts. This could be corrected by:
 - a.) Amending (Section 32) page 59, line 13: strike "a district", insert "operating and non-operating districts;
 - b.) Amending (Section 51) to allow appropriate reserves for re-opening school; and
 - c.) Delete all other references to non-operating funds and non-operating levies.

Fiscal Note Request, <u>HB575 as introduced</u> Form BD-15 Page 4

- 7. There is no provision for consolidation of balance sheets in FY91 when tuition, transportation, retirement, adult education, and comprehensive insurance are combined with the General Fund.
- 8. Keeping Bus Depreciation Reserve as a separate fund creates two classes of districts, namely, those that contract for transportation services and those that own their own bus fleet.