## HOUSE BILL 473

## Introduced by Bradley, et al.

1/27	Introduced
1/28	Referred to Judiciary
2/14	Hearing
2/15	Tabled in Committee

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 473
2	INTRODUCED BY Banks About March 100 10 11
3	Marko Wegatt O Jonnell Ms Carried Park Connelly
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO CLARITY THE RIGHTS Re-
5	OF PATIENTS UNDER THE MENTAL HEALTH CODE; AND AMENDING
6	SECTIONS 53-21-102, 53-21-106, 53-21-142, AND 53-21-144,
7	MCA."
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
10	Section 1. Section 53-21-102, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"53-21-102. (Temporary) Definitions. As used in this
12	part, the following definitions apply:
13	(1) "Board" or "mental disabilities board of visitors"
14	means the mental disabilities board of visitors created by
15	2-15-211.
16	(2) "Court" means any district court of the state of
17	Montana.
18	(3) "Department" means the department of institutions
19	provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 23.
20	(4) "Emergency situation" means a situation in which
21	any person is in imminent danger of death or serious bodily
22	harm from the activity of a person who appears to be
23	seriously mentally ill.
24	(5) "Forensic unit" means a separately designated

building at the state hospital used to house, assess, and

-	creat only persons sent to the hospital in connection with a
2	criminal proceeding or convicted prisoners transferred from
3	a correctional institution.
4	<pre>f5†(6) "Friend of respondent" means any person willing</pre>
5	and able to assist a mentally ill person, a person alleged
6	to be mentally ill, a seriously mentally ill person, or a
7	person alleged to be seriously mentally ill in dealing with
8	legal proceedings, including consultation with legal counsel
9	and others. The friend of respondent may be the next of kin,
0	the person's conservator or legal guardian, ifany, a
1	representative of a charitable or religious organization, or
2	any other person appointed by the court to perform the
.3	functions of a friend of respondent set out in this part.
. 4	Only one person may at any one time be the friend of
.5	respondent within the meaning of this part. In appointing
.6	friend of respondent, the court shall consider the
.7	preference of the respondent. The court may at any time, for
.8	good cause shown, change its designation of the friend of
9	respondent.
20	(6)(7) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or
21	emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects
2 2	on an individual's cognitive or volitional functions.
23	<pre>{7}(8) "Mental health facility" or "facility" means</pre>

public hospital or a licensed private hospital which is equipped and staffed to provide treatment for persons with

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mental disorders or a community mental health center or any
mental health clinic or treatment center approved by the
department. No correctional institution or facility or jail
is a mental health facility within the meaning of this part.
$ ag{69}$ "Mentally ill" means suffering from a mental
disorder which has not resulted in self-inflicted injury or

injury to others or the imminent threat thereof of injury

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but which:

- 9 (a) has resulted in behavior that creates serious
  10 difficulty in protecting the person's life or health even
  11 with the available assistance of family, friends, or others;
  - (b) is treatable, with a reasonable prospect of success and consistent with the least restrictive course of treatment as provided in 53-21-127(3), at or through the facility to which the person is to be committed;
  - (c) has deprived the person of the capacity to make an informed decision concerning treatment;
  - (d) has resulted in the person's refusing or being unable to consent to voluntary admission for treatment; and
  - (e) poses a significant risk of the person's becoming seriously mentally ill, within the meaning of this section, or will, if untreated, predictably result in further serious deterioration in the mental condition of the person. Predictability may be established by the patient's medical history.

1 (9)(10) "Next of kin" shall include but need not be
2 limited to the spouse, parents, adult children, and adult
3 brothers and sisters of a person.

4 (10)(11) "Patient" means a person committed by the
5 court for treatment for any period of time or who is
6 voluntarily admitted for treatment for any period of time.

9 (12)(13) "Professional person" means:

(a) a medical doctor; or

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- 11 (b) a person who has been certified, as provided for 12 in 53-21-106, by the department.
- 13 (±3)(14) "Reasonable medical certainty" means
  14 reasonable certainty as judged by the standards of a
  15 professional person.
- 16 (14)(15) "Respondent" means a person alleged in a
  17 petition filed pursuant to this part to be mentally ill or
  18 seriously mentally ill.
  - (15)(16) "Seriously mentally ill" means suffering from a mental disorder which has resulted in self-inflicted injury or injury to others or the imminent threat thereof of injury or which has deprived the person afflicted of the ability to protect his life or health. For this purpose, injury means physical injury. No person may be involuntarily committed to a mental health facility or

epileptic or is mentally deficient, mentally retarded, senile, or suffering from a mental disorder unless the condition causes him to be seriously mentally ill within the

detained for evaluation and treatment because he is an

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meaning of this part.

- 6 (±6)(17) "State hospital" means the Montana state
  7 hospital. (Terminates July 1, 1989--sec. 18, Ch. 376, L.
  8 1987.)
- 9 53-21-102. (Effective July 1, 1989) Definitions. As 10 used in this part, the following definitions apply:
- 11 (1) "Board" or "mental disabilities board of visitors"

  12 means the mental disabilities board of visitors created by

  13 2-15-211.
- 14 (2) "Court" means any district court of the state of
  15 Montana.
- 16 (3) "Department" means the department of institutions
  17 provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 23.
- 18 (4) "Emergency situation" means a situation in which
  19 any person is in imminent danger of death or serious bodily
  20 harm from the activity of a person who appears to be
  21 seriously mentally ill.
- 22 (5) "Forensic unit" means a separately designated
  23 building at the state hospital used to house, assess, and
  24 treat only persons sent to the hospital in connection with a
  25 criminal proceeding or convicted prisoners transferred from

## 1 a correctional institution.

- 2 (6) "Friend of respondent" means any person willing and 3 able to assist a seriously mentally ill person or person alleged to be seriously mentally ill in dealing with legal 4 proceedings, including consultation with legal counsel and 5 others. The friend of respondent may be the next of kin, the 7 person's conservator or legal quardian, a representative of 8 a charitable or religious organization, or any other person 9 appointed by the court to perform the functions of a friend 10 of respondent set out in this part. Only one person may at 11 any one time be the friend of respondent within the meaning of this part. In appointing a friend of respondent, the 12 court shall consider the preference of the respondent. The 13 14 court may at any time, for good cause shown, change its 15 designation of the friend of respondent.
- 19 (6)(8) "Mental health facility" or "facility" means a
  20 public hospital or a licensed private hospital which is
  21 equipped and staffed to provide treatment for persons with
  22 mental disorders or a community mental health center or any
  23 mental health clinic or treatment center approved by the
  24 department. No correctional institution or facility or jail
  25 is a mental health facility within the meaning of this part.

1	<del>(7)</del> (9)		"Next of kin'		shall include		but need		nc	t be
2	limited	to	the	spouse,	parents,	, adult	child	ren,	and	adult
3	brothers	and	siste	ers of a	person.					

(8)(10) "Patient" means a person committed by the court for treatment for any period of time or who is voluntarily admitted for treatment for any period of time.

(9)(11) "Peace officer" means any sheriff, deputy
sheriff, marshal, policeman, or other peace officer.

(10)(12) "Professional person" means:

(a) a medical doctor; or

- 11 (b) a person who has been certified, as provided for 12 in 53-21-106, by the department.
- 13 <u>+ii)(13)</u> "Reasonable medical certainty" means
  14 reasonable certainty as judged by the standards of a
  15 professional person.
- 16 <u>+i2+(14)</u> "Respondent" means a person alleged in a
  17 petition filed pursuant to this part to be seriously
  18 mentally ill.
  - (±3)-"Priend--of--respondent"--means-any-person-willing and-able-to-assist-a-seriously-mentally-ill-person-or-person alleged-to-be-seriously-mentally-ill-in-dealing--with--legal proceedings;--including--consultation-with-legal-counsel-and others;-The-friend-of-respondent-may-be-the-next-of-kin;-the person's---conservator---or---legal---guardian;---if----any; representatives--of--a-charitable-or-religious-organization;

or-any-other-person-appointed-by-the-court--to--perform--the
functions--of--a--friend-of-respondent-set-out-in-this-part;

Only-one-person-may--at--any--one--time--be--the--friend--of
respondent--within-the-meaning-of-this-part:-In-appointing-a
friend--of--respondent;--the--court--shall---consider---the
preference-of-the-respondent;-The-court-may-at-any-time;-for
good--cause--shown;--change-its-designation-of-the-friend-of
respondent;

a mental disorder which has resulted in self-inflicted injury or injury to others or the imminent threat thereof of injury or which has deprived the person afflicted of the ability to protect his life or health. For this purpose, injury means physical injury. No person may be involuntarily committed to a mental health facility or detained for evaluation and treatment because he is an epileptic, mentally deficient, mentally retarded, senile, or suffering from a mental disorder unless the condition causes him to be seriously mentally ill within the meaning of this part.

20 (15)(16) "State hospital" means the Montana state
21 hospital."

Section 2. Section 53-21-106, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-21-106. (Temporary) Certification of professional
persons. (1) The department shall certify professional
persons as defined in 53-21-102(\frac{12}{2})(b)(13)(b) for the

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purpose of this part.

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- (2) The department, with reference to recognized 2 national standards in the field of mental health, shall adopt standards and rules governing the certification of professional persons.
  - (3) The rules for certification must address but are not limited to:
- (a) the type of education that an individual has 8 received, including degrees;
- (b) the type of experience or training received by the 10 individual; 11
- (c) continuing education, training, instruction, and 12 work experience necessary to maintain certification; 13
  - (d) an examination instrument to be used to determine an individual's proficiency and understanding of mental health laws, diagnosis, and treatment procedures;
- (e) the procedure for categorical certification 17 qualifying the level of professional authority and 18 responsibility of an individual; and 19
  - certification, procedures for (f) specific recertification, and revocation of certification. (Terminates July 1, 1989--sec. 18, Ch. 376, L. 1987.)
- 53-21-106. (Effective July 1, 1989) Certification of 23 professional persons. (1) The department shall certify 24 professional persons as defined in 53-21-102(10)(b) 25

for the purpose of this part.

- (2) The department, with reference to recognized 2 national standards in the field of mental health, shall 3 adopt standards and rules governing the certification of professional persons as defined in 53-21-102(10)(b).
- (3) The rules for certification must address but are 6 not limited to: 7
- 8 (a) the type of education that an individual has 9 received, including degrees;
- (b) the type of experience or training received by the 1.0 individual; 11
- (c) continuing education, training, instruction, and 12 1.3 work experience necessary to maintain certification;
- (d) an examination instrument to be used to determine 14 an individual's proficiency and understanding of mental 15 health laws, diagnosis, and treatment procedures; 16
- (e) the procedure for categorical certification 17 18 qualifying the level of professional authority and responsibility of an individual; and 19
- certification, (f) specific procedures for 20 recertification, and revocation of certification." 21
- Section 3. Section 53-21-142, MCA, is amended to read: 22
- 2.3 "53-21-142. Rights of persons admitted to facility. Patients admitted to a mental health facility, whether
- voluntarily or involuntarily, shall have the following 25

rights:

- (1) Patients have a right to privacy and dignity.
- (2) Patients have a right to the least restrictive conditions necessary to achieve the purposes of commitment. Patients' movements on the mental health facility grounds may not be restricted without an individualized finding that restrictions are necessary to achieve the purposes of commitment. The finding must be documented in each patient's records and signed by a qualified mental health professional. Patients' freedom of movement may not be restricted on the basis of a unit-wide policy.
- (3) Patients shall have the same rights to visitation and reasonable access to private telephone communications as patients at any public hospitals except to the extent that the professional person responsible for formulation of a particular patient's treatment plan writes an order imposing special restrictions. The written order must be renewed after each periodic review of the treatment plan if any restrictions are to be continued. Patients shall have an unrestricted right to visitation with attorneys, with spiritual counselors, and with private physicians and other professional persons.
- (4) Patients shall have an unrestricted right to send sealed mail. Patients shall have an unrestricted right to receive sealed mail from their attorneys, private physicians

and other professional persons, the mental disabilities
board of visitors, courts, and government officials.

Patients shall have a right to receive sealed mail from
others except to the extent that a professional person
responsible for formulation of a particular patient's
treatment plan writes an order imposing special restrictions
on receipt of sealed mail. The written order must be renewed
after each periodic review of the treatment plan if any

restrictions are to be continued.

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- (5) Patients have an unrestricted right to have access to letter-writing materials, including postage, and have a right to have staff members of the facility assist persons who are unable to write, prepare, and mail correspondence.
- (6) Patients have a right to wear their own clothes and to keep and use their own personal possessions, including toilet articles, except insofar as such clothes or personal possessions may be determined by a professional person in charge of the patient's treatment plan to be dangerous or otherwise inappropriate to the treatment regimen. The facility has an obligation to supply an adequate allowance of clothing to any patients who do not have suitable clothing of their own. Patients shall have the opportunity to select from various types of neat, clean, and seasonable clothing. Such--clothing Clothing shall be considered the patient's throughout his stay at the

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- facility. The facility shall make provision for the
  laundering of patient clothing.
- 3 (7) Patients have the right to keep and be allowed to
  4 spend a reasonable sum of their own money.

- (8) Patients have the right to religious worship.
  Provisions for such worship shall be made available to all patients on a nondiscriminatory basis. No individual shall be required to engage in any religious activities.
  - (9) Patients have a right to regular physical exercise several times a week. Moreover, it shall be the duty of the facility to provide facilities and equipment for such exercise. Patients have a right to be outdoors at regular and frequent intervals in the absence of contrary medical considerations.
  - (10) Patients have the right to be provided, with adequate supervision, suitable opportunities for interaction with members of the opposite sex except to the extent that a professional person in charge of the patient's treatment plan writes an order stating that such interaction is inappropriate to the treatment regimen.
  - (11) Patients have a right to receive prompt and adequate medical treatment for any physical ailments. In providing medical care, the mental health facility shall take advantage of whatever community-based facilities are appropriate and available and shall coordinate the patient's

- 1 treatment for mental illness with his medical treatment.
  - (12) Patients have a right to a diet that will provide at a minimum the recommended daily dietary allowances as developed by the national academy of sciences. Provisions shall be made for special therapeutic diets and for substitutes at the request of the patient or the friend of respondent in accordance with the religious requirements of any patient's faith. Denial of a nutritionally adequate diet shell may not be used as punishment.
- (13) Patients have a right to a humane psychological and physical environment within the mental health facilities. These facilities shall be designed to afford patients with comfort and safety, promote dignity, and ensure privacy. The facilities shall be designed to make a positive contribution to the efficient attainment of the treatment goals set for the patient. In order to assure the accomplishment of this goal:
- 18 (a) regular housekeeping and maintenance procedures
  19 which will ensure that the facility is maintained in a safe,
  20 clean, and attractive condition shall be developed and
  21 implemented;
  - (b) there must be special provision made for geriatric and other nonambulatory patients to assure their safety and comfort, including special fittings on toilets and wheelchairs. Appropriate provision shall be made to permit

nonambulatory patients to communicate their needs to the facility staff.

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- (c) pursuant to an established routine maintenance and repair program, the physical plant of every facility shall be kept in a continuous state of good repair and operation in accordance with the needs of the health, comfort, safety, and well-being of the patients;
  - (d) every facility must meet all fire and safety standards established by the state and locality. In addition, any hospital shall meet such provisions of the life safety code of the national fire protection association as are applicable to hospitals. Any hospital shall meet all standards established by the state for general hospitals insofar as they are relevant to psychiatric facilities.
- 15 (14) Voluntary and civilly committed patients have a

  16 right not to be transferred into the forensic unit of the

  17 state hospital."
- Section 4. Section 53-21-144, MCA, is amended to read:

  "53-21-144. Rights concerning photographs. (1) A

  person admitted to a mental health facility may be
  photographed upon admission for identification and the
  administrative purposes of the facility. Such photographs
  shall be confidential and shall may not be released by the
  facility except pursuant to court order.
  - (2) No other nonmedical photographs shall be taken or

- 1 used without consent of the patient, the patient's legal
- 2 guardian, or the friend of respondent appointed by the
- 3 court."

-End-