

HOUSE BILL NO. 458

INTRODUCED BY PECK, HAMMOND, COBB, HANNAH, COHEN,  
DARKO, ADDY, HANSEN, BLAYLOCK, MOORE, IVERSON, HARP,  
SPAETH, REAM, RUSSELL, RANEY, HOFMAN, HALLIGAN, STRIZICH,  
VAN VALKENBURG, MAZUREK, PIPINICH, THOFT, WALKER,  
MANNING, MCCORMICK, O'KEEFE, J. BROWN,  
RAPP-SVRCEK, WHALEN, SIMON, KADAS

IN THE HOUSE

JANUARY 26, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON HUMAN SERVICES & AGING.
JANUARY 27, 1989	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 4, 1989	ON MOTION BY CHIEF SPONSOR, REPRESENTAT KADAS ADDED AS SPONSOR.
FEBRUARY 11, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 13, 1989	PRINTING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 14, 1989	ON MOTION, CONSIDERATION PASSED FOR THE DAY.
FEBRUARY 16, 1989	SECOND READING, DO PASS AS AMENDED.
FEBRUARY 17, 1989	ENGROSSING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 18, 1989	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 75; NOES, 23.
	TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.

IN THE SENATE

FEBRUARY 28, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH, WELFARE & SAFETY.
	FIRST READING.
MARCH 21, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.

MARCH 22, 1989

SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN AS  
AMENDED.

MARCH 27, 1989

THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN.  
AYES, 41; NOES, 9.

RETURNED TO HOUSE WITH AMENDMENTS.

IN THE HOUSE

MARCH 30, 1989

RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SECOND READING, AMENDMENTS  
CONCURRED IN.

MARCH 31, 1989

THIRD READING, AMENDMENTS  
CONCURRED IN.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 458**

INTRODUCED BY

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING PARENTS' RIGHTS REGARDING THE BIRTH OF A BABY; EXEMPTING DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIVES FROM THE MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT; AND AMENDING SECTION 37-3-103, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

**NEW SECTION. Section 1. Parents' rights regarding**

birth of baby. Parents have a right to give birth where and with whom they choose.

**Section 2. Section 37-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:****"37-3-103. Exemptions from licensing requirements. (1)**

This chapter does not prohibit or require a license with respect to any of the following acts:

(a) the gratuitous rendering of services in cases of emergency or catastrophe;

(b) the rendering of services in this state by a physician lawfully practicing medicine in another state or territory. However, if the physician does not limit the services to an occasional case or if he has any established or regularly used hospital connections in this state or maintains or is provided with, for his regular use, an office or other place for rendering the services, he must

possess a license to practice medicine in this state.

(c) the practice of dentistry under the conditions and limitations defined by the laws of this state;

(d) the practice of podiatry under the conditions and limitations defined by the laws of this state;

(e) the practice of optometry under the conditions and limitations defined by the laws of this state;

(f) the practice of osteopathy under the conditions and limitations defined in chapter 5 of this title for those doctors of osteopathy who do not receive a physician's certificate under this chapter;

(g) the practice of chiropractic under the conditions and limitations defined by the laws of this state;

(h) the practice of Christian Science, with or without compensation, and ritual circumcisions by rabbis;

(i) the performance by commissioned medical officers of the armed forces of the United States, of the United States public health service, or of the United States veterans' administration of their lawful duties in this state as officers;

(j) the rendering of nursing services by registered or other nurses in the lawful discharge of their duties as nurses or of midwife services by registered nurse-midwives under the supervision of a licensed physician;

(k) the rendering of services by interns or resident

1 physicians in a hospital or clinic in which they are  
2 training, subject to the conditions and limitations of this  
3 chapter. The board may require a resident physician to be  
4 licensed if he otherwise engages in the practice of medicine  
5 in the state of Montana.

6 (l) the rendering of services by a physical therapist,  
7 technician, or other paramedical specialist under the  
8 appropriate amount and type of supervision of a person  
9 licensed under the laws of this state to practice medicine,  
10 but this exemption does not extend the scope of a  
11 paramedical specialist;

12 (m) the rendering of services by a physician's  
13 assistant in accordance with Title 37, chapter 20;

14 (n) the practice by persons licensed under the laws of  
15 this state to practice a limited field of the healing arts,  
16 and not specifically designated, under the conditions and  
17 limitations defined by law; and

18 (o) the execution of a death sentence pursuant to  
19 46-19-103; and

20 (p) the practice of direct-entry midwifery. For the  
21 purpose of this section, the practice of direct-entry  
22 midwifery means the advising, attending, or assisting of a  
23 woman during pregnancy, labor, or the postpartum period.

24 (2) Licensees referred to in subsection (1) of this  
25 section who are licensed to practice a limited field of

1 healing arts shall confine themselves to the field for which  
2 they are licensed or registered and to the scope of their  
3 respective licenses and, with the exception of those  
4 licensees who hold a medical degree, may not use the title  
5 "M.D." or any word or abbreviation to indicate or to induce  
6 others to believe that they are engaged in the diagnosis or  
7 treatment of persons afflicted with disease, injury, or  
8 defect of body or mind except to the extent and under the  
9 conditions expressly provided by the law under which they  
10 are licensed."

-End-

APPROVED BY COMM. ON  
HUMAN SERVICES AND AGING

## HOUSE BILL NO. 458

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MIDWIVES FROM THE MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT; AND AMENDING SECTION  
37-3-103, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

WHEREAS, THE PRACTICE OF DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIFERY HAS  
BEEN PRACTICED IN THE STATE OF MONTANA SINCE TERRITORIAL  
DAYS; AND

WHEREAS, IT IS THE INTENT OF THE LEGISLATURE TO ALLOW  
DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIVES TO CONTINUE SERVING MONTANA PARENTS  
WITHOUT FEAR OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTION; AND

WHEREAS, THE LEGISLATURE REQUESTS DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIVES  
TO ESTABLISH STANDARDS OF PRACTICE AT THE NEXT REGULAR  
LEGISLATIVE SESSION.

THEREFORE, THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA  
FINDS IT REASONABLE AND NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE CURRENT  
STATUS OF DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIVES IN THE STATE UNTIL THE 1991

REGULAR SESSION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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birth of baby. Parents have a right to give birth where  
and with whom they choose.

Section 2. Section 37-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:  
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respect to any of the following acts:

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(b) the rendering of services in this state by a  
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territory. However, if the physician does not limit the  
services to an occasional case or if he has any established  
or regularly used hospital connections in this state or  
maintains or is provided with, for his regular use, an  
office or other place for rendering the services, he must  
possess a license to practice medicine in this state.

(c) the practice of dentistry under the conditions and  
limitations defined by the laws of this state;

(d) the practice of podiatry under the conditions and  
limitations defined by the laws of this state;

(e) the practice of optometry under the conditions and

1 limitations defined by the laws of this state;

2 (f) the practice of osteopathy under the conditions  
3 and limitations defined in chapter 5 of this title for those  
4 doctors of osteopathy who do not receive a physician's  
5 certificate under this chapter;

6 (g) the practice of chiropractic under the conditions  
7 and limitations defined by the laws of this state;

8 (h) the practice of Christian Science, with or without  
9 compensation, and ritual circumcisions by rabbis;

10 (i) the performance by commissioned medical officers  
11 of the armed forces of the United States, of the United  
12 States public health service, or of the United States  
13 veterans' administration of their lawful duties in this  
14 state as officers;

15 (j) the rendering of nursing services by registered or  
16 other nurses in the lawful discharge of their duties as  
17 nurses or of midwife services by registered nurse-midwives  
18 under the supervision of a licensed physician;

19 (k) the rendering of services by interns or resident  
20 physicians in a hospital or clinic in which they are  
21 training, subject to the conditions and limitations of this  
22 chapter. The board may require a resident physician to be  
23 licensed if he otherwise engages in the practice of medicine  
24 in the state of Montana.

25 (l) the rendering of services by a physical therapist,

1 technician, or other paramedical specialist under the  
2 appropriate amount and type of supervision of a person  
3 licensed under the laws of this state to practice medicine,  
4 but this exemption does not extend the scope of a  
5 paramedical specialist;

6 (m) the rendering of services by a physician's  
7 assistant in accordance with Title 37, chapter 20;

8 (n) the practice by persons licensed under the laws of  
9 this state to practice a limited field of the healing arts,  
10 and not specifically designated, under the conditions and  
11 limitations defined by law; and

12 (o) the execution of a death sentence pursuant to  
13 46-19-103; and

14 (p) the practice of direct-entry midwifery. For the  
15 purpose of this section, the practice of direct-entry  
16 midwifery means the advising, attending, or assisting of a  
17 woman during pregnancy, labor, NATURAL CHILDBIRTH, or the  
18 postpartum period.

19 (2) Licensees referred to in subsection (1) of this  
20 section who are licensed to practice a limited field of  
21 healing arts shall confine themselves to the field for which  
22 they are licensed or registered and to the scope of their  
23 respective licenses and, with the exception of those  
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25 "M.D." or any word or abbreviation to indicate or to induce

1 others to believe that they are engaged in the diagnosis or  
2 treatment of persons afflicted with disease, injury, or  
3 defect of body or mind except to the extent and under the  
4 conditions expressly provided by the law under which they  
5 are licensed."

6 NEW SECTION. SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT] IS  
7 EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.

-End-

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MIDWIVES FROM THE MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT; AND AMENDING SECTION  
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DAYS; AND

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DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIVES TO CONTINUE SERVING MONTANA PARENTS  
WITHOUT FEAR OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTION; AND

WHEREAS, THE LEGISLATURE REQUESTS DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIVES  
TO ESTABLISH STANDARDS OF PRACTICE--AT EDUCATION AND  
EXPERIENCE TO PRACTICE AS A MIDWIFE AND TO PRESENT THOSE  
STANDARDS TO THE NEXT REGULAR LEGISLATIVE SESSION.

THEREFORE, THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA  
FINDS IT REASONABLE AND NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE CURRENT

STATUS OF DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIVES IN THE STATE UNTIL THE 1991  
REGULAR SESSION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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birth of baby. Parents EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW,  
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physician lawfully practicing medicine in another state or  
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services to an occasional case or if he has any established  
or regularly used hospital connections in this state or  
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1 limitations defined by the laws of this state;

2 (e) the practice of optometry under the conditions and  
3 limitations defined by the laws of this state;

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5 and limitations defined in chapter 5 of this title for those  
6 doctors of osteopathy who do not receive a physician's  
7 certificate under this chapter;

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13 of the armed forces of the United States, of the United  
14 States public health service, or of the United States  
15 veterans' administration of their lawful duties in this  
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17 (j) the rendering of nursing services by registered or  
18 other nurses in the lawful discharge of their duties as  
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20 under the supervision of a licensed physician;

21 (k) the rendering of services by interns or resident  
22 physicians in a hospital or clinic in which they are  
23 training, subject to the conditions and limitations of this  
24 chapter. The board may require a resident physician to be  
25 licensed if he otherwise engages in the practice of medicine

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2 (1) the rendering of services by a physical therapist,  
3 technician, or other paramedical specialist under the  
4 appropriate amount and type of supervision of a person  
5 licensed under the laws of this state to practice medicine,  
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11 this state to practice a limited field of the healing arts,  
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14 (o) the execution of a death sentence pursuant to  
15 46-19-103-; and

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17 purpose of this section, the practice of direct-entry  
18 midwifery means the advising, attending, or assisting of a  
19 woman during pregnancy, labor, NATURAL CHILDBIRTH, or the  
20 postpartum period.

21 (2) Licensees referred to in subsection (1) of this  
22 section who are licensed to practice a limited field of  
23 healing arts shall confine themselves to the field for which  
24 they are licensed or registered and to the scope of their  
25 respective licenses and, with the exception of those

1 licensees who hold a medical degree, may not use the title  
2 "M.D." or any word or abbreviation to indicate or to induce  
3 others to believe that they are engaged in the diagnosis or  
4 treatment of persons afflicted with disease, injury, or  
5 defect of body or mind except to the extent and under the  
6 conditions expressly provided by the law under which they  
7 are licensed."

8 NEW SECTION. SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT] IS  
9 EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.

-End-

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

March 20, 1989

MR. PRESIDENT:

We, your committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Safety, having had under consideration HB 458 (third reading copy -- blue), respectfully report that HB 458 be amended and as so amended be concurred in:

Sponsor: Peck (Rapp-Svrcek)

1. Title, line 11.

Following: ";"

Insert: "PROVIDING IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS RENDERING CARE, ASSISTANCE, OR SERVICES TO A WOMAN WHO HAS RECEIVED MIDWIFERY SERVICES;"

2. Page 2, line 9.

Following: line 8

Insert: "NEW SECTION. Section 2. Affidavit required. A direct-entry midwife shall file an affidavit with the department of commerce certifying that he or she has completed the emergency childbirth training segment of a state-approved emergency medical training program within 12 months of the effective date of [this act]."

Renumber: subsequent sections

3. Page 4, line 20.

Following: "."

Insert: "Direct-entry midwives may not prescribe, dispense, or administer drugs as defined in 37-7-101."

4. Page 5, line 8.

Following: line 7

Insert: "NEW SECTION. Section 4. Immunity from liability. A physician licensed under Title 37, chapter 3, a nurse licensed under Title 37, chapter 8, and a hospital licensed under Title 50, chapter 5, rendering care, assistance, or services to a woman during pregnancy, labor, childbirth, or the postpartum period, when the woman within 30 days prior thereto has received direct-entry midwifery services as defined in 37-3-103, is not liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions other than damages occasioned by gross negligence."

Renumber: subsequent section

AND AS AMENDED BE CONCURRED IN

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_

  
Thomas O. Hager, Chairman

SENATE  
HB 458

SENATE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT

March 22, 1989 10:33 am

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend HB 458 (third reading copy -- blue) as follows:

1. Amend the Senate Committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Safety amendments to HB 458 (third reading copy -- blue) dated March 20, 1989, as follows:

Amendment No. 3

Strike: the insert in its entirety

Insert: "A direct-entry midwife shall not dispense or administer a prescription drug, as those terms are defined in 37-7-101."

ADOPT

REJECT

Signed: 

Senator Lynch

SENATE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT

March 22, 1989 1:36 pm

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend HB 458 (third reading copy -- blue) as follows:

1. Amend Senate Public, Health, Welfare and Safety Committee amendment dated 3/20/89, as follows:

Amendment No. 1

Strike in its entirety

Amendment No. 4

Strike in its entirety

2. Title, line 11.

Following: ";"

Insert: "PROVIDING IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS RENDERING BIRTH-RELATED SERVICES IN EMERGENCY SITUATIONS;"

3. Page 5.

Following: line 7

Insert: NEW SECTION. Section 3. Limits on liability of health care provider in emergency situations. (1) A physician licensed under Title 37, chapter 3, a nurse licensed under Title 37, chapter 8, or a hospital licensed under Title 50, chapter 5, rendering care or assistance in good faith to a patient of a direct-entry midwife in an emergency situation, is liable for civil damages for acts or omissions committed in providing such emergency obstetric care or assistance only to the extent that those damages are caused by gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions.

(2) The limitations on liability provided in subsection (1) do not apply in the following cases:

(a) The physician, nurse, or hospital had provided prior medical diagnosis or treatment to the patient for a condition having a bearing on or relevance to the treatment of the obstetrical condition that required emergency services.

(b) Before rendering emergency obstetrical services, the physician, nurse, or hospital had a contractual obligation or agreement with the patient, another health care provider, or a third-party payer to provide obstetrical care for the patient."

Renumber: subsequent section

ADOPT

REJECT

Signed: 

Senator Halligan

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FROM LIABILITY FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS RENDERING  
BIRTH-RELATED SERVICES IN EMERGENCY SITUATIONS; PROVIDING  
IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS--RENDERING  
CARE,--ASSISTANCE,--OR--SERVICES--TO--A--WOMAN--WHO--HAS--RECEIVED  
MIDWIFERY SERVICES; AND AMENDING SECTION 37-3-103, MCA; AND  
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TO ESTABLISH STANDARDS OF PRACTICE--AT EDUCATION AND  
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birth of baby. Parents EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW,  
PARENTS have a right to give birth where and with whom they  
choose.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 2. AFFIDAVIT REQUIRED. A  
DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIFE SHALL FILE AN AFFIDAVIT WITH THE  
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE CERTIFYING THAT HE OR SHE HAS  
COMPLETED THE EMERGENCY CHILDBIRTH TRAINING SEGMENT OF A  
STATE-APPROVED EMERGENCY MEDICAL TRAINING PROGRAM WITHIN 12  
MONTHS OF [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT].

Section 3. Section 37-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:  
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This chapter does not prohibit or require a license with  
respect to any of the following acts:  
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1 (b) the rendering of services in this state by a  
 2 physician lawfully practicing medicine in another state or  
 3 territory. However, if the physician does not limit the  
 4 services to an occasional case or if he has any established  
 5 or regularly used hospital connections in this state or  
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 7 office or other place for rendering the services, he must  
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9 (c) the practice of dentistry under the conditions and  
 10 limitations defined by the laws of this state;

11 (d) the practice of podiatry under the conditions and  
 12 limitations defined by the laws of this state;

13 (e) the practice of optometry under the conditions and  
 14 limitations defined by the laws of this state;

15 (f) the practice of osteopathy under the conditions  
 16 and limitations defined in chapter 5 of this title for those  
 17 doctors of osteopathy who do not receive a physician's  
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1 veterans' administration of their lawful duties in this  
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 4 other nurses in the lawful discharge of their duties as  
 5 nurses or of midwife services by registered nurse-midwives  
 6 under the supervision of a licensed physician;

7 (k) the rendering of services by interns or resident  
 8 physicians in a hospital or clinic in which they are  
 9 training, subject to the conditions and limitations of this  
 10 chapter. The board may require a resident physician to be  
 11 licensed if he otherwise engages in the practice of medicine  
 12 in the state of Montana.

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 14 technician, or other paramedical specialist under the  
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 16 licensed under the laws of this state to practice medicine,  
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21 (n) the practice by persons licensed under the laws of  
 22 this state to practice a limited field of the healing arts,  
 23 and not specifically designated, under the conditions and  
 24 limitations defined by law; and

25 (o) the execution of a death sentence pursuant to

46-19-103; and

(p) the practice of direct-entry midwifery. For the purpose of this section, the practice of direct-entry midwifery means the advising, attending, or assisting of a woman during pregnancy, labor, NATURAL CHILDBIRTH, or the postpartum period. ~~DIRECT-ENTRY-MIDWIVES-MAY-NOT-PRESCRIBE, DISPENSE, OR ADMINISTER DRUGS AS DEFINED IN 37-7-101. A DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIFE MAY NOT DISPENSE OR ADMINISTER A PRESCRIPTION DRUG, AS THOSE TERMS ARE DEFINED IN 37-7-101.~~

(2) Licensees referred to in subsection (1) of this section who are licensed to practice a limited field of healing arts shall confine themselves to the field for which they are licensed or registered and to the scope of their respective licenses and, with the exception of those licensees who hold a medical degree, may not use the title "M.D." or any word or abbreviation to indicate or to induce others to believe that they are engaged in the diagnosis or treatment of persons afflicted with disease, injury, or defect of body or mind except to the extent and under the conditions expressly provided by the law under which they are licensed."

~~NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY. A PHYSICIAN LICENSED UNDER TITLE 37, CHAPTER 3, A NURSE LICENSED UNDER TITLE 37, CHAPTER 8, AND A HOSPITAL LICENSED UNDER TITLE 50, CHAPTER 5, RENDERING CARE, ASSISTANCE, OR~~

~~SERVICES TO A WOMAN DURING PREGNANCY, LABOR, CHILDBIRTH, OR THE POSTPARTUM PERIOD, WHEN THE WOMAN WITHIN 30 DAYS PRIOR THERETO HAS RECEIVED DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIFERY SERVICES AS DEFINED IN 37-3-103, IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS OR OMISSIONS OTHER THAN DAMAGES OCCASIONED BY GROSS NEGLIGENCE.~~

NEW SECTION. **SECTION 4. LIMITS ON LIABILITY OF HEALTH CARE PROVIDER IN EMERGENCY SITUATIONS.** (1) A PHYSICIAN LICENSED UNDER TITLE 37, CHAPTER 3, A NURSE LICENSED UNDER TITLE 37, CHAPTER 8, OR A HOSPITAL LICENSED UNDER TITLE 50, CHAPTER 5, RENDERING CARE OR ASSISTANCE IN GOOD FAITH TO A PATIENT OF A DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIFE IN AN EMERGENCY SITUATION, IS LIABLE FOR CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS OR OMISSIONS COMMITTED IN PROVIDING SUCH EMERGENCY OBSTETRICAL CARE OR ASSISTANCE ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THOSE DAMAGES ARE CAUSED BY GROSS NEGLIGENCE OR BY WILLFUL OR WANTON ACTS OR OMISSIONS.

(2) THE LIMITATIONS ON LIABILITY PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1) DO NOT APPLY IN THE FOLLOWING CASES:

(A) THE PHYSICIAN, NURSE, OR HOSPITAL HAD PROVIDED PRIOR MEDICAL DIAGNOSIS OR TREATMENT TO THE PATIENT FOR A CONDITION HAVING A BEARING ON OR RELEVANCE TO THE TREATMENT OF THE OBSTETRICAL CONDITION THAT REQUIRED EMERGENCY SERVICES.

(B) BEFORE RENDERING EMERGENCY OBSTETRICAL SERVICES, THE PHYSICIAN, NURSE, OR HOSPITAL HAD A CONTRACTUAL

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1 OBLIGATION OR AGREEMENT WITH THE PATIENT, ANOTHER HEALTH  
2 CARE PROVIDER, OR A THIRD-PARTY PAYER TO PROVIDE OBSTETRICAL  
3 CARE FOR THE PATIENT.

4 NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT] IS  
5 EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.

-End-