HOUSE BILL NO. 276

INTRODUCED BY PATTERSON, BOYLAN, ZOOK, SWIFT, KASTEN, GIACOMETTO, HANSON, GLASER, GRINDE, KELLER, KOEHNKE, ELLISON, GRADY, DEBRUYCKER, IVERSON, DEVLIN, BENGTSON, GUTHRIE, SEVERSON, DAILY, NATHE

BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LIVESTOCK

IN THE HOUSE

JANUARY 13, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK & IRRIGATION.
JANUARY 18, 1989	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 2, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 3, 1989	PRINTING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 4, 1989	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
FEBRUARY 6, 1989	ENGROSSING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 7, 1989	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 97; NOES, 2.
	TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.
:	IN THE SENATE
FEBRUARY 8, 1989	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK & IRRIGATION.
	FIRST READING.
MARCH 6, 1989	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 7, 1989	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
MARCH 9, 1989	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 50; NOES, 0.
	RETURNED TO HOUSE.

IN THE HOUSE

MARCH 10, 1989

RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

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3	BY REQUEST OF THE FARTMENT OF LIVESTOCK
4 ,	Koiland Bleson Shady
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
6	LAWS RELATING TO LIVESTOCK; PROVIDING FOR SEASONAL BRANDS OF
7	LIMITED DURATION; REVISING BRAND INSPECTION AND
8	TRANSPORTATION PERMIT PROVISIONS; DELETING PROVISIONS
9	RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK BY RAILROAD;
10	DELETING THE BRAND INSPECTION REQUIREMENT FOR IMPORTED
11	LIVESTOCK; INCLUDING LLAMAS AND BISON IN LAWS RELATING TO
12	CONTAINMENT OF LIVESTOCK AND UNAUTHORIZED MOVEMENT OF
13	TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK; AMENDING SECTIONS 81-2-702,
14	81-3-103, 81-3-203, 81-3-205, 81-3-211 THROUGH 81-3-214
15	81-3-231, 81-4-201, 81-4-214, 81-4-215, 81-4-306, 81-4-401,
16	81-4-402, 81-4-601, 81-4-603, 81-4-621, 81-5-101, ANI
17	81-5-104, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 81-4-607 THROUGH
18	81-4-610, MCA."
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
21	Section 1. Section 81-2-702, MCA, is amended to read:
22	"81-2-702. Definitions. As used in this part, th
23	following definitions apply:
24	(1) "Animals" means livestock, dogs, cats, rabbits

rodents, game animals, fur-bearing and wild animals,

pourcey and other bready		poultry	and	other	birds.
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- 2 (2) "Biologics" means medicinal preparations made from
 3 living organisms and their products. It includes but is not
 4 limited to serums, vaccines, antigens, and antitoxins.
 - (3) "Department" means the department of livestock.
 - (4) "Health certificate" means a legible record written on an official health certificate form of the state of origin or on an equivalent form of the U.S. department of agriculture attesting that the animals, animal semen, or animal biologics described thereon have been visually inspected by a federally accredited veterinarian and found to meet the entry requirements of the state of Montana.
 - (5) "Livestock" means cattle, horses, mules, asses, sheep, llamas, bison, swine, and goats.
 - (6) "Permit" means an official document issued by the department after proper application that allows the movement of animals, animal semen, or animal biologics into Montana.
 - (7) "Poultry" means domesticated birds, including but not limited to chickens, turkeys, ducks, geese, guinea fowl, pigeons, and pheasants."
 - Section 2. Section 81-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:

 "81-3-103. Application for recording -- record of
 brands. (1) A person, firm, or corporation desiring to have
 recorded an artificial mark or brand for use in
 distinguishing or identifying the ownership of any domestic

animal or livestock shall make application for the mark or brand to the department. The application must be in writing and must contain the name, residence, and post-office address of the applicant and the species of the animals on which the mark or brand is to be used. An applicant may apply for a seasonal mark or brand that is designated for use only for a specific period of time and that is subject to renewal upon termination of that period.

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- (2) The department shall designate for the applicant's use some practical form of mark or brand distinguishable with reasonable certainty from all other marks and brands recorded or rerecorded, within the period of 10 years immediately preceding the time of filing the application, in the name of some person, firm, or corporation other than the applicant. The department shall designate the position on the animals on which the mark or brand shall be placed and the species of animals on which the mark or brand may be used.
- (3) The department shall keep a record in a book kept by it for that purpose of the particular mark or brand, the position on the animal where the mark or brand is to be used, the species of animals on which the mark or brand is to be used, and the date of recording. The record is a public record and is prima facie evidence of the facts recorded in it."

- Section 3. Section 81-3-203, MCA, is amended to read:

 "81-3-203. Duties of state stock inspectors and deputy

 stock inspectors. (1) State stock inspectors and deputy

 state stock inspectors, upon the application of the owner or

 the duly authorized agent of the owner of livestock, shall

 inspect the livestock which is intended for sale, removal,

 shipment, or slaughter at a licensed slaughter plant and

 issue a certificate of inspection therefor if it appears

 with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of

 the livestock or has the lawful right to the possession

 thereof.
- 12 (2) The inspection shall include an examination of the livestock and all marks and brands thereon to identify 13 ownership of the livestock. The certificate of inspection 14 15 shall be made in triplicate and shall specify the date of 16 inspection, the place of origin and place of destination of 17 the shipment, the name and address of the owner of the livestock or of the applicant for inspection and the 18 purchaser or transferee, if applicable, the class of the 19 20 animal, the marks and brands, if any, upon the animal, and 21 any other information upon the form of certificate as the department may from time to time require. One copy of the 22 certificate shall be retained by the inspector, one copy 23 shall be furnished by the inspector to the owner or shipper 24 of the livestock, and one copy shall be filed by the 25

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inspector with the department within 5 days.

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- (3) If it appears with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of the livestock or has the lawful right to the possession thereof, the state stock inspectors or deputy state stock inspectors or-any--sheriff--or--deputy sheriff, upon application of an owner or his agent of the livestock to be consigned and delivered directly to a livestock licensed market or licensed livestock slaughterhouse located in another county of the state or delivered directly to a shipping point duly approved by the department where a livestock inspector is available for inspection in an adjoining county, shall issue to the person a separate market consignment permit or transportation permit for each owner when the owner or owners or their duly authorized agents sign the permit certifying the brands, description, and destination of the livestock. The market consignment permit or transportation permit shall be made in triplicate, shall specify the date and time issued, the place of origin and place of destination of the shipment, the name and address of the owner of the livestock and the name and address of the person actually transporting the livestock if different than the owner, the kind of livestock, the marks and brands, if any, upon the livestock, a description of the vehicle or vehicles to be used to transport the livestock to include the license number of the
- vehicles, and any other information upon the form of permit as the department may from time to time require. Any permit so issued shall be good for shipment within 36 hours from 3 date and time of issue; however, permits not used within this time limitation must be returned to the issuing officer to be canceled and to release the permittee from performance. One copy of the permit shall be retained by the 7 inspector er-sheriff's--office, one copy shall be filed by the inspector or-sheriff's-office with the department within 9 5 days of the date of issue, and one copy shall be furnished 10 by the inspector or-sheriff's-office to the owner or shipper 11 of the livestock, which copy of the permit shall accompany 12 the shipment and be delivered to the state stock inspector 13 at the livestock market or shipping point where the 14 livestock is delivered. 15
 - (4) Upon application of an owner or his agent, when it appears with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of the livestock or has lawful right to the possession thereof, a state stock inspector shall issue a transportation permit which will allow the movement of the livestock into an immediately adjoining county to land owned or controlled by the owner or his agent for purposes of grazing. The transportation permit shall state the breed, description, marks and brands, if any, head count, and description of land to and from which the livestock will be

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- 1 moved. The permit will-be is valid for-6-months as provided 2 in 81-3-211(6)(d). A state stock inspector may enter the 3 premises where livestock so moved have been transported and 4 inspect any livestock moved under the transportation permit or any livestock commingled therewith. 5
 - (5) Any person transporting strays or livestock not lawfully under his control is guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable as provided in 81-3-231."

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- Section 4. Section 81-3-205, MCA, is amended to read: "81-3-205. Fees for inspection and livestock transportation permits. (1) For the service of inspection of all livestock except horses, mules, or asses before removal from a county or before change of ownership, the inspector making the inspections shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected. For the issuance of a market consignment permit or transportation permit (other than a permanent permit) before removal from a county for all livestock, the inspector, --sheriff, -or-deputy-sheriff issuing the permits shall receive a fee established by the department for each permit issued and shall receive in addition his necessary actual expenses, to be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made or permit issued. For the issuance of a permanent horse transportation permit, the state stock inspector taking the application for permit shall receive a fee established by
- the department for each permit issued. All inspection and permit fees and expenses shall be collected by the inspector, -- sheriff, -- or -- deputy -- sheriff at the time of inspection or issuance of permit, and all the fees and expenses collected by a deputy state stock inspector, sheriff, or deputy-sheriff shall be retained by him, and all 7 such fees and expenses collected by a state stock inspector shall be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department.
 - (2) For the service of inspection before any livestock except a horse, mule, or ass is sold or offered for sale at a licensed livestock market or slaughtered at a licensed slaughterhouse, a state stock inspector or deputy state stock inspector making the inspection shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected. All fees shall be paid by the owner or by the person for whom the inspection is made. For releasing an animal so that it may be removed from the premises of a licensed livestock market, the state stock inspector making the release shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected from the owner or the person for whom the release is made. All fees for inspection and release at the market shall be collected at the time the inspection or release is made by the state stock inspector making the inspection or

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release and shall be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department. All fees for preslaughter inspection made at a licensed slaughterhouse by the state stock inspector shall be paid to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department. Preslaughter inspection fees paid to a deputy

state stock inspector shall be retained by him.

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- (3) (a) For the service of inspection of horses, mules, or asses before removal from a county or before change of ownership, the inspector making the inspection shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected and shall receive in addition his necessary actual expenses, to be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made. All fees and expenses collected by a state stock inspector must be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department.
- 21 (b) For the service of inspection before a horse,
 22 mule, or ass is sold or offered for sale at a licensed
 23 livestock market, a state stock inspector making the
 24 inspection shall receive a fee established by the department
 25 for each head inspected. All fees shall be paid by the owner

- or the person for whom the inspection is made to the state stock inspector.
- 3 (4) All inspection and release fees and expenses shall
 4 be paid to the department for deposit in the state treasury
 5 to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use
 6 of the department unless paid to a deputy state stock
 7 inspector. State stock inspectors shall be paid for their
 8 services and receive their expenses as fixed by the
 9 department."
- Section 5. Section 81-3-211, MCA, is amended to read:

 "81-3-211. Inspection of livestock before change of

ownership or removal from county -- transportation permits.

13 (1) For the purposes of this section:

- 14 (a) "Members of the same family" means a group whose
 15 membership is determined by including an individual, his
 16 spouse, and his parents, children, grandchildren, and the
 17 spouses of each.
- (b) "Family business entity" means:
- 19 (i) a corporation whose stock is owned solely by
 20 members of the same family:
- 21 (ii) a partnership in which the partners are all 22 members of the same family;
- 23 (iii) an association whose members all are members of 24 the same family; or
- 25 (iv) any other entity owned solely by members of the

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- (c) "Rodeo producer" means a person who produces or furnishes livestock that is used for rodeo purposes.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this part, it is unlawful to remove or cause to be removed from a county in this state any livestock or to transfer ownership by sale or otherwise or for an intended purchaser or his agent to take possession of any such animal subject to title passing upon meeting or satisfaction of any conditions, unless the livestock has been inspected for brands by a state stock inspector or deputy state stock inspector and a certificate of the inspection has been issued in connection with and for the purpose of the transportation or removal or of such change of ownership as provided in this part. The inspection must be made in daylight. However, the change of ownership inspection requirements of this subsection do not apply when the change of ownership transaction is accomplished without the livestock changing premises, involves part of a herd to which no livestock have been added other than by natural increase or after brand inspection, and is between:
 - (a) members of the same family;
- (b) a member of one family and the same family'sbusiness entity; or
 - (c) the same family's business entities.
- 25 (3) (a) It is unlawful to sell or offer for sale at a

livestock market any livestock originating within any county
in this state in which a livestock market is maintained or
transported under a market consignment permit until the
livestock has been inspected for marks and brands by a state

stock inspector, as provided in this part.

- 6 (b) It is unlawful to slaughter livestock at a licensed livestock slaughterhouse unless the livestock has been inspected for marks or brands by a state or deputy state stock inspector.
 - any livestock from the premises of a livestock market in this state unless the livestock has been released by a state stock inspector and a certificate of release for the livestock has been issued in connection with and for the purpose of the removal from the premises of the livestock market. The release obtained pursuant to this subsection will permit the movement of the livestock so released directly to the destination shown on the certificate.
 - (5) The person in charge of livestock being removed from a county in this state, where inspection thereof is required by this section or where change of ownership has occurred or when moved under a market consignment permit or a market release certificate, shall have in his possession the certificate of inspection, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or market release certificate issued

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- in connection therewith and shall exhibit the certificate to 1 any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, gross vehicle weight 2 3 enforcement officer, highway patrolman, state stock 4 inspector, or deputy state stock inspector upon request. 5 Section 81-3-204 shall be extended to livestock transported or sold under the above-mentioned permits.
- 7 (6) The following transportation permits may be 8 issued:

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- (a) If a saddle, work, or show horse is being transported from county to county in this state by the owner for his personal use or business or where a purebred cow is being transported from county to county in this state by its owner for show purposes and where there is no change of ownership, the inspection certificate required by this section may be endorsed, as to the purpose and extent of transportation, by the inspector issuing the certificate in order to serve as a travel permit in this state for a period not to exceed 1 year for the horse or cow described thereon. The permit becomes void upon any transfer of ownership or if the horse or cow is to be removed from the state. In such instances an inspection must be secured for removal and the endorsed certificate surrendered.
- (b) The owner of a saddle, work, or show horse may apply for a permanent transportation permit valid for both interstate and intrastate transportation of the horse until
- there is a change of ownership. To obtain a permit a horse must have either a registered brand that has been legally 2 cleared or a lip tattoo or the owner must present proof of 3 ownership to a state stock inspector. A written application, on forms to be provided by the department, must be completed by the owner and presented to a state stock inspector, together with a permit fee established by the department, for each horse. The application shall contain a thorough physical description of the horse and list all brands and tattoos carried by the horse. Upon approval of the 10 11 application by a state stock inspector, a permanent transportation permit shall be issued by the department to 12 13 the owner for each horse, and such permit shall be valid for 14 the life of the horse. If there is a change of ownership in 15 a horse, the permit shall automatically become void. The permit must accompany the horse for which it was issued at 16 all times while the horse is in transit. This permit shall 17 be in lieu of other permits and certificates required under 18 19 the provisions of this section. The state of Montana shall 20 recognize as valid permanent transportation permits issued 21 in other jurisdictions to the owner of a saddle, work, or 22 show horse subsequently entering the state. Such a permit shall be automatically void upon a change of ownership. 23
 - (c) When livestock owned by and bearing the registered brand of a bona fide rodeo producer is being transported

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1 from county to county in this state by the owner for rodeo 2 purposes and where there is no change of ownership, the 3 inspection certificate required by this section may be endorsed, as to the purpose and extent of transportation, by 5 the inspector issuing the certificate in order to serve as a travel permit in this state for the livestock described 7 thereon. The certificate is effective for the calendar year 8 for which it is issued. The certificate shall be issued by 9 a state stock inspector.

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(d) An owner of livestock or his agent may be issued a transportation permit allowing the movement of his livestock into an immediately adjoining county and return when the livestock is being moved for grazing purposes and when it is being moved to and from land owned or controlled by the owner of the livestock or his agent. The permit is valid for 6-months the period from March 31 through December 31 of the calendar year in which it is issued and must be issued by a state stock inspector. The permit may be issued only if the livestock is branded with the permittee's brand, which must be registered in Montana. The department shall establish a fee for the permit, to be paid to the state stock inspector at the time the permit is issued and remitted by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department. This permit may be used in lieu of the

- inspection and certificate required by this section for movement of livestock across a county line.
- 3 (7) Before any removal or change of ownership may take
 4 place, the seller of livestock shall request all required
 5 inspections and shall pay the required fees."
- Section 6. Section 81-3-212, MCA, is amended to read:

 7 "81-3-212. Exceptions. Section 81-3-211 does not apply
 to livestock:
 - being transported through the state in interstate commerce without leaving the custody of the carrier;
 - (2)--transported--by--railroad--consigned-to-and-which, without-leaving-the-custody-of-the--carrier,--does--reach--a market--at--which-the-department-regularly-maintains-a-stock inspector-and-a-loading-tally-has-been-filed-by-the--shipper with-the-carrier-as-provided-in-81-4-607;
 - (3) when driven on the hoof and not moved by means of any motor vehicle, trailer, horse-drawn vehicle, tailroad car; or boat by the owner from one county to the-next an adjoining county within the state onto land owned or controlled by the owner of livestock so moved for the purpose of pasturing, feeding, or changing the range thereof;
- (4)(3) when driven on the hoof or moved by means of a motor vehicle, trailer, horse-drawn vehicle, railroad-car, or boat by the owner from one county to the--next an

adjoining county within this state onto land owned or controlled by the owner of livestock without leaving land owned or controlled by the owner when moved for the purpose of pasturing, feeding, or changing the range thereof;

(5)(4) when driven on the hoof from one county to an adjoining county within this state for the purpose of shipment-by-railroad-or delivery to a licensed public market by a person who has been the owner of that livestock for a period of at least 3 months;

f6f(5) from one county to be consigned to, and which
actually reaches by-means-other-than--railroad, a licensed
livestock market located in another county of the state at
which the department regularly maintains a stock inspector
and for which a market consignment permit has been obtained
in a manner provided by law;

(6) being transported to a veterinarian for health treatment and returned to their original premises if certification of treatment by the attending veterinarian accompanies the livestock on their return."

Section 7. Section B1-3-213, MCA, is amended to read: *81-3-213. Inspection of livestock removed from state. Except as provided for in subsections--(1)--and--(2)-of 81-3-212(1) and subsections-(4)-and--(6)(b)--of 81-3-211(4) and (6)(b), nothing contained in this part authorizes or permits a person to remove or cause to be removed livestock from this state to a location outside of this state, unless the livestock has been inspected for brands by a state stock Q. inspector or deputy state stock inspector and a certificate for the inspection has been issued in connection with and for the purpose of the transportation or removal as provided in this part."

Section 8. Section 81-3-214, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-3-214. Inspection---of--imported--livestock Entry

permit. (1)-Except-as-provided-in-subsections-(2)-and-(3)-of
this-section;-any-person-owning-livestock-imported-into-this
state-or-his-agent-must-notify-the-department-or-a--salaried
employee--of--the-department-of-the-number;-breed;-type;-and
age-of-the-livestock;-its--location;--and--the--purpose--for
which--it-has-been-brought-into-the-state;-Such-notification
shall-be-made-within-48--hours--after--the--arrival--of--the
livestock--in--the--state;--bivestock--so--moved--may-not-be
commingled-with--any--livestock--already--in--Montana--until
inspected--for-brands-and-marks-in-daylight-by-a-state-stock
inspector-or-deputy-state-stock-inspector;-The-fees-for-this

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inspection-shall-be-the-same-as--those--imposed--for county-line-or-change-of-ownership-inspections--The-fees paid-to-state-stock-inspectors--shall-be-remitted--to--the department-for-deposit-in-the-state-special-revenue-fund-for the-use-of-the-department-

- (2)--bivestock-consigned-to-a-licensed-livestock-market
 or--for-immediate-slaughter-to-a-licensed-slaughter-facility
 at-which-preslaughter-inspection--is--maintained--is--exempt
 from-the-requirements-of-this-section-
- (3)--bivestock--moved--between--Montana-and-an-adjacent state-for-graze-on-a-regular-basis-and-as-part-of-the--usual operation-of-a-farm-or-ranch-shall-be-exempt-from-the-notice and--inspection--requirements--of-this-section, provided-a A transportation permit for the entry of the livestock into Montana has-been must be obtained by the owner or his agent from a state stock inspector prior to the entry of the livestock into Montana. The department shall establish a fee for the permit, to be remitted by the department to the state treasury for credit to the state special revenue account of the department. The department shall provide by rule for the issuance and control of transportation permits authorized by this subsection section."
- **Section 9.** Section 81-3-231, MCA, is amended to read: 24 "81-3-231. Penalties. (1) A person is guilty of a 25 misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection 169

- 1 (5) of this section if he removes livestock or causes
 2 livestock to be removed from a county in this state:
- 3 (a) without having the livestock inspected before
 4 removal if an inspection is required by law;
 - (b) without obtaining a market consignment permit or transportation permit if the permits are required by law;
 - (c) and does obtain a market consignment permit for livestock but does not deliver the livestock transported thereunder to the livestock market designated in the market consignment permit;
 - (d) and does obtain a transportation permit for the livestock but does not deliver the livestock transported thereunder to the destination as shown on the transportation permit and fails to have the livestock so transported inspected at the point of destination or-does-not-file-a loading-tally-with-the-carrier-as-provided-in-81-4-607.
 - (2) A person who sells livestock or offers livestock for sale at a livestock market without having the livestock inspected or removes livestock or causes livestock to be removed from a livestock market without obtaining a release is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection (6) (5) of this section.
 - (3)-A--person--who--ships--by-railroad-carrier-and-the railroad-carrier-transporting-livestock-for-which-a--loading tally--has--been-filed-as-provided-by-81-4-697-and-for-which

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shipment-of-livestock-an-inspection-has-not-been-made--which after--shipment-causes-or-permits-the-livestock-to-leave-the custody-of-the-railroad-carrier-at-a-place-other-than--where this--state--regularly-maintains-a-stock-inspector-is-guilty of-a-misdemeanor-and-is-punishable-as-provided-in-subsection (6)-of-this-section:

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(4)(3) A person who has in his charge livestock being removed from a county in the state for which an inspection certificate, a market consignment permit, transportation permit, or a market release certificate has been issued and fails to have in his possession accompanying the livestock the inspection certificate, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or a market release certificate as issued for the livestock, or who, having the certificate of inspection, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or market release certificate, fails to exhibit it to a sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, gross vehicle weight enforcement officer, highway patrolman, state stock inspector, or deputy state stock inspector at his request is quilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection (6) (5) of this section.

(5) (4) Except as specifically otherwise provided, a person violating any of the provisions of this part is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection (6) (5) of this section.

firm, association, or corporation shall be fined not less
than \$50 or more than \$500 or imprisoned in the county jail
for a period of not more than 6 months or both fined and
imprisoned. Of all fines assessed and collected under this
section, except those assessed and collected in a justice's
court, 50% shall be paid into the state treasury and
credited to the state special revenue fund for the use of
the department and 50% shall be paid into the general fund
of the county in which the conviction occurred."

Section 10. Section 81-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-201. Swine, sheep, <u>llamas</u>, <u>bison</u>, and goats

running at large. It shall-be is unlawful for any owner or

person in control of swine, sheep, <u>llamas</u>, <u>bison</u>, or goats

to willfully permit the same to run at large."

Section 11. Section 81-4-214, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-214. Branding cattle animals running at large —
running irons prohibited. Every person save-only except an owner, and he only when branding on his own premises and in the presence of two responsible citizens, who marks or brands any calf or cattle that are running at large between December 1 and May 10 of the next ensuing year, and every person who shall at any time brand or cause to be branded or marked, any horse, mule, cattle or head of cattle, sheep, llama, bison, swine, or other animal, 1 year old or older,

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with any piece of metal or implement, other than a branding iron, which branding iron shall be of the same design as the brand or mark owned by the party using it, or who shall so mark or brand, or cause to be marked or branded any of the animals aforesaid with any piece or pieces of iron called "running irons", such as bars, rings, half or quarter circles is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for not exceeding 6 months, or by a fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$500, or both."

Section 12. Section 81-4-215, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-215. Liability of owners of stock for trespass.

If any cattle, horses, mules, asses, hogs, sheep, llamas, bison, or other domestic animals break into any enclosure, the fence being legal as provided in 81-4-101, the owner of such animals is liable for all damages to the owner or occupant of the enclosure which may be sustained thereby. This section must not be construed so as to require a legal fence in order to maintain an action for injury done by animals running at large contrary to law."

Section 13. Section 81-4-306, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-306. Penalty for permitting animals to run at
large in herd districts. (1) Any person who is the owner or
entitled to the possession of any horses, mules, cattle,
sheep, <u>llamas</u>, <u>bison</u>, asses, hogs, or goats, who shall
willfully permit-same permits such animals to run at large

within any herd district, shall—be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$250 for each offense. Each day that each five head or less of such horses, mules, cattle, sheep, llamas, bison, asses, hogs, or goats are willfully permitted to run at large shall constitute constitutes a separate offense.

(2) Any person who is the owner or entitled to the possession of any bull, stallion, or jackass over 1 year of age who shall willfully permit-same permits such animal to run at large within any herd district shall-be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$250 for each offense. Each day that such a bull be is permitted to run at large shall-constitute constitutes a separate offense."

Section 14. Section 81-4-401, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-401. Certain livestock not to run at large in
municipalities. It--is--hereby--provided---that---livestock
consisting--of No horses, cattle, mules, sheep, llamas,
bison, goats, and or swine or-any-such-animals-shall-not may
be allowed to run at large in any incorporated city or in
any-incorporated town."

Section 15. Section 81-4-402, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-4-402. Punishment for permitting trespass of
livestock. Any person owning livestock or having in charge

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any horses, mules, cattle, sheep, <u>llamas</u>, <u>bison</u>, goats, or swine or-any-such--animals, who willfully and unlawfully permits any such livestock to trespass in violation of any of the provisions of 81-4-4017-shall--be--deemed--to--be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as-such as provided by law."

Section 16. Section 81-4-601, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-601. Estray defined. In this part, "estray"

means a horse, mule, mare, gelding, colt, lilama, bison, cow,
ox, bull, stag, steer, heifer, calf, sheep, or lamb:

- (1) not bearing a brand and the ownership of which cannot be determined by the stock inspector of the district in which the animal is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock owners or freeholders;
- (2) bearing a recorded brand, the owner of which brand cannot be located at or through the post office designated on the records of the department or which owner cannot be located by the stock inspector of the district where the estray is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock owners or freeholders; or
- (3) which bears an unrecorded brand, the owner of which unrecorded brand cannot be ascertained by the stock inspector of the district in which the animal is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock owners or freeholders."

Section 17. Section 81-4-603, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-603. Taking up and disposition of estrays —
advertisement. (1) A stock inspector authorized by the
department shall take into his possession an estray found in
his district and shall either ship or arrange for the
shipment of the estray to a licensed livestock market for
sale, or he may hold the estray in his possession and care
for the estray in the cheapest and most practicable manner
for a period of not less than 30 days or more than 60 days,
during which time he shall advertise that he holds the
estray and that, unless claimed by the owner, he will on a
date to be specified in the notice sell the estray at a
public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

(2) The notice shall be published in the newspaper doing the county printing of the county in which the estray is found and in addition to that paper in a paper published in the town or city nearest the place in which the estray is held. This notice shall be published at least once a week for 4 consecutive weeks and shall contain a statement of the date of the sale, the place where the sale is to be held, and a general description of the estray, including the sex and the approximate age, together with an illustration of the brand and the position of the brand on the estray and a description of the place or locality where the estray was found or taken.

(3) The proceeds from the sale shall be disposed of under 81-4-605 and 81-4-606.

- (4) The owner of the estray may appear and claim it at any time before the sale or shipment, as provided in this part, without-cost-or-expense-to-the-owner upon payment to the department of the cost of caring for the estray as determined by the department."
- Section 18. Section 81-4-621, MCA, is amended to read:

 *81-4-621. Penalties. (#) Any person who shall, for
 his own use or benefit and without the owner's consent, take
 into his possession any estray shall be guilty of a
 misdemeanor and shall be punishable by a fine of not less
 than \$25 or more than \$100 or by imprisonment in the county
 jail not exceeding 60 days or by both such fine and
 imprisonment.
- t2)--Every---person;---agent;---firm;---or--corporation violating-the-provisions-of-81-4-607-shall-be-deemed--guilty of--a-misdemeanor-and-upon-conviction-thereof-shall-be-fined in-any-sum-not-exceeding-\$300-or-imprisoned--in--the--county jail-not-to-exceed-6-months-or-both-fined-and-imprisoned-
- (3)--Any--person; --agent; --firm; --corporation; -pool; -or roundup-association-who-shall-ship-cattle--from--this--state and--shall-fail-to-make-such-inspection-or-tally-at-point-of loading-or-who-shall-fail-to-file-a-true-and-correct--tally; to--the--best-of-his-knowledge-and-belief; -of-all-the-brands

of-cattle-in-such-shipment-with-the-railroad--agent--at--the point--of--shipment--or-who-shall-fail-to-forward-a-true-and correct-copy,--duly--signed--by--him--as--party--making--the shipment,--to-the-stock-inspector-at-point-of-destination-or any-person-who-shall-accompany-a-shipment-of-cattle--as--the shipper--in--charge-from-this-state-and-shall-fail-to-take-a description-of-any-and-every-animal-taken-out-in-transit-and hand-such-description-to-the-stock--inspector--at--point--of destination--or--any--stock--inspector--at-market-points-who shall-fail-to-make-inspection-as-provided-in-81-4-609--shall be--deemed-quilty-of-a-misdemeanor-and-shall-be-subject-to-a fine-of-not-less-than-\$50-or-more-than-\$500--for--each--and every---offense:---The--fines--so--collected;--except--those collected-in-a-justice's-courty-shall--be--turned--into--the general--fund-of-the-county-where-conviction-is-had;-and-any stock-inspector;-sheriff;-or-other-police-officer-shall-have power-to-make-arrests-to--enforce--the--provisions--of--this partr"

Section 19. Section 81-5-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-5-101. Moving cattle livestock from customary range forbidden. Every person who willfully moves or causes to be moved any cattle, horses, mules, swine, llamas, bison, or sheep from their customary range without the permission of the owner thereof is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 90 days or by fine not exceeding

1 \$100, or both."

. . . .

- 2 Section 20. Section 81-5-104, MCA, is amended to read:
- 3 "81-5-104. Stolen livestock -- seizure and forfeiture
- 4 of vehicle used to transport. (1) The use of any vehicle for
- 5 the transportation of any stolen mule, horse, mare, colt.
- 6 foal, filly, sheep, lamb, cow, calf, heifer, steer, bull,
- 7 llama, bison, hogs, poultry, or the products of any thereof
- 8 is unlawful, and such vehicle shall be forfeited to the
- 9 state. Any vehicle found in such use or upon probable cause
- 10 believed to be devoted wholly or in part to such use shall
- 11 be seized and held.
- 12 (2) Within 45 days after the seizure, any peace
- 13 officer or officer of the agency that seizes any property
- 14 shall file a petition to institute forfeiture proceedings
- 15 with the clerk of the district court of the county in which
- 16 the seizure occurs. The clerk shall issue a summons at the
- 17 request of the petitioning party, who shall cause the same
- 18 to be served upon all owners or claimants of the property by
- 19 one of the following methods:
- 20 (a) upon an owner or claimant whose address is known.
- 21 by personal service of a copy of the petition and summons as
- 22 provided in the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure;
- 23 (b) upon an owner or claimant whose address is unknown
- 24 but who is believed to have an interest in the property, by
- 25 publication of the summons in one issue of a newspaper of

- 1 general circulation in the county where the seizure occurred
- 2 or, if there is no such newspaper, by publication in one
- 3 issue of a newspaper of general circulation in an adjoining
 - county, and by mailing a copy of the petition and summons to
- 5 the most recent address of such owner or claimant, if any,
- 6 shown in the records of the division of motor vehicles.
- 7 (3) A vehicle is not subject to forfeiture under this
- section if:
- 9 (a) it is a stolen vehicle at the time it is used for
- 10 such unlawful transportation; or
- 11 (b) the owner thereof is not in collusion with the
- 12 party or parties quilty of the theft."
- 13 NEW SECTION. Section 21. Repealer. Sections 81-4-607
- 14 through 81-4-610, MCA, are repealed.
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 22. Extension of authority. Any
- 16 existing authority to make rules on the subject of the
- 17 provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of
- 18 (this act).

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB276, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

The act generally revises the laws relating to livestock; provides for seasonal brands of limited duration; revises brand inspection and transportation permit provisions; deletes provisions relating to transportation of livestock by railroad; deletes the brand inspection requirement for imported livestock; includes llamas and bison in laws relating to containment of livestock and unauthorized movement; and amends and repeals sections.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The number of seasonal brands recorded is insignificant when compared to the total number of brands recorded or transferred during a fiscal year.
- 2. The number of llamas and bison are insignificant when compared to the total number of livestock in the state, current staff can conduct the functions required by the act.

RAY/SHACKLEFORD, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING

JOHN W. PATTERSON, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB276, as introduced

HB 276

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE LIVESTOCK & IRRIGATION

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 276
2	INTRODUCED BY PATTERSON, BOYLAN, ZOOK, SWIFT, KASTEN,
3	GIACOMETTO, HANSON, GLASER, GRINDE, KELLER, KOEHNKE,
4	ELLISON, GRADY, DEBRUYCKER, IVERSON, DEVLIN, BENGTSON,
5	GUTHRIE, SEVERSON, DAILY, NATHE
6	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LIVESTOCK
7	
8	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
9	LAWS RELATING TO LIVESTOCK; PROVIDING FOR SEASONAL BRANDS OF
.0	LIMITED DURATION; REVISING BRAND INSPECTION AND
1	TRANSPORTATION PERMIT PROVISIONS; DELETING PROVISIONS
. 2	RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK BY RAILROAD;
l 3	DELETING THE BRAND INSPECTION REQUIREMENT FOR IMPORTED
L 4	LIVESTOCK; INCLUDING LLAMAS AND BISON IN LAWS RELATING TO
15	CONTAINMENT OF LIVESTOCK AND UNAUTHORIZED MOVEMENT OR
L 6	TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK; DELETING GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT
١7	OFFICERS AS INSPECTORS OF CERTAIN PERMITS; AMENDING SECTIONS
18	81-2-702, 81-3-103, 81-3-203, 81-3-205, 81-3-211 THROUGH
L9	81-3-214, 81-3-231, 81-4-201, 81-4-214, 81-4-215, 81-4-306,
20	81-4-401, 81-4-402, 81-4-601, 81-4-603, 81-4-621, 81-5-101,
21	AND 81-5-104, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 81-4-607 THROUGH
22	81-4-610 AND 81-8-801 THROUGH 81-8-805, MCA; AND PROVIDING
23	AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
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25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA.

1	Section 1.	Section 81-2-	702,	MCA,	is a	mended	to i	ead:
2	"81-2-702.	Definitions.	As	used	in	this	part	, the
3	following defini	tions apply:						

- (1) "Animals" means livestock, dogs, cats, rabbits, rodents, game animals, fur-bearing and wild animals, and poultry and other birds.
- (2) "Biologics" means medicinal preparations made from living organisms and their products. It includes but is not limited to serums, vaccines, antigens, and antitoxins.
 - (3) "Department" means the department of livestock.
 - (4) "Health certificate" means a legible record written on an official health certificate form of the state of origin or on an equivalent form of the U.S. department of agriculture attesting that the animals, animal semen, or animal biologics described thereon have been visually inspected by a federally accredited veterinarian and found to meet the entry requirements of the state of Montana.
- (5) "Livestock" means cattle, horses, mules, asses, 18 19 sheep, llamas, bison, swine, and goats.
 - (6) "Permit" means an official document issued by the department after proper application that allows the movement of animals, animal semen, or animal biologics into Montana.
 - (7) "Poultry" means domesticated birds, including but not limited to chickens, turkeys, ducks, geese, quinea fowl, pigeons, and pheasants."

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Montana Legislative Council

**Section 2. Section 81-3-103, MCA, is amended to read:

**81-3-103. Application for recording -- record of brands. (1) A person, firm, or corporation desiring to have recorded an artificial mark or brand for use in distinguishing or identifying the ownership of any domestic animal or livestock shall make application for the mark or brand to the department. The application must be in writing and must contain the name, residence, and post-office address of the applicant and the species of the animals on which the mark or brand is to be used. An applicant may apply for a seasonal mark or brand that is designated for use only for a specific period of time and that is subject to renewal upon termination of that period.

- (2) The department shall designate for the applicant's use some practical form of mark or brand distinguishable with reasonable certainty from all other marks and brands recorded or rerecorded, within the period of 10 years immediately preceding the time of filing the application, in the name of some person, firm, or corporation other than the applicant. The department shall designate the position on the animals on which the mark or brand shall be placed and the species of animals on which the mark or brand may be used.
- (3) The department shall keep a record in a book keptby it for that purpose of the particular mark or brand, the

position on the animal where the mark or brand is to be used, the species of animals on which the mark or brand is to be used, and the date of recording. The record is a public record and is prima facie evidence of the facts recorded in it."

Section 3. Section 81-3-203, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-3-203. Duties of state stock inspectors and deputy
stock inspectors. (1) State stock inspectors and deputy
state stock inspectors, upon the application of the owner or
the duly authorized agent of the owner of livestock, shall
inspect the livestock which is intended for sale, removal,
shipment, or slaughter at a licensed slaughter plant and
issue a certificate of inspection therefor if it appears
with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of
the livestock or has the lawful right to the possession
thereof.

(2) The inspection shall include an examination of the livestock and all marks and brands thereon to identify ownership of the livestock. The certificate of inspection shall be made in triplicate and shall specify the date of inspection, the place of origin and place of destination of the shipment, the name and address of the owner of the livestock or of the applicant for inspection and the purchaser or transferee, if applicable, the class of the animal, the marks and brands, if any, upon the animal, and

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any other information upon the form of certificate as the department may from time to time require. One copy of the certificate shall be retained by the inspector, one copy shall be furnished by the inspector to the owner or shipper of the livestock, and one copy shall be filed by the inspector with the department within 5 days.

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(3) If it appears with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of the livestock or has the lawful right to the possession thereof, the state stock inspectors or deputy state stock inspectors or-any-sheriff-or-deputy sheriff, upon application of an owner or his agent of the livestock to be consigned and delivered directly to a licensed or licensed livestock market slaughterhouse located in another county of the state or delivered directly to a shipping point duly approved by the department where a livestock inspector is available for inspection in an adjoining county, shall issue to the person a separate market consignment permit or transportation permit for each owner when the owner or owners or their duly authorized agents sign the permit certifying the brands, description, and destination of the livestock. The market consignment permit or transportation permit shall be made in triplicate, shall specify the date and time issued, the place of origin and place of destination of the shipment, the name and address of the owner of the livestock and the

1 name and address of the person actually transporting the livestock if different than the owner, the kind of livestock, the marks and brands, if any, upon the livestock, a description of the vehicle or vehicles to be used to 5 transport the livestock to include the license number of the vehicles, and any other information upon the form of permit as the department may from time to time require. Any permit 7 so issued shall be good for shipment within 36 hours from 9 date and time of issue; however, permits not used within 10 this time limitation must be returned to the issuing officer 11 be canceled and to release the permittee from performance. One copy of the permit shall be retained by the 12 inspector or-sheriff's-office, one copy shall be filed by 13 14 the inspector or-sheriff's-office with the department within 5 days of the date of issue, and one copy shall be furnished 15 16 by the inspector or-sheriff's-office to the owner or shipper 17 of the livestock, which copy of the permit shall accompany 18 the shipment and be delivered to the state stock inspector 19 the livestock market or shipping point where the livestock is delivered. 20

(4) Upon application of an owner or his agent, when it appears with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of the livestock or has lawful right to the possession thereof, a state stock inspector shall issue a transportation permit which will allow the movement of the

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- livestock into an immediately adjoining county to land owned 1 or controlled by the owner or his agent for purposes of 2 grazing. The transportation permit shall state the breed, 3 description, marks and brands, if any, head count, and 4 description of land to and from which the livestock will be 5 moved. The permit will-be is valid for-6-months as provided 6 7 in 81-3-211(6)(d). A state stock inspector may enter the premises where livestock so moved have been transported and 8 inspect any livestock moved under the transportation permit 9 10 or any livestock commingled therewith.
 - (5) Any person transporting strays or livestock not lawfully under his control is guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable as provided in 81-3-231."

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- Section 4. Section 81-3-205, MCA, is amended to read:

 "81-3-205. Fees for inspection and livestock
 transportation permits. (1) For the service of inspection of
 all livestock except horses, mules, or asses before removal
 from a county or before change of ownership, the inspector
 making the inspections shall receive a fee established by
 the department for each head inspected. For the issuance of
 a market consignment permit or transportation permit (other
 than a permanent permit) before removal from a county for
 all livestock, the inspector,—sheriff,—or—deputy—sheriff
 issuing the permits shall receive a fee established by the
 department for each permit issued and shall receive in
- 1 addition his necessary actual expenses, to be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made or 3 permit issued. For the issuance of a permanent horse transportation permit, the state stock inspector taking the application for permit shall receive a fee established by 5 the department for each permit issued. All inspection and permit fees and expenses shall be collected by the inspector, -- sheriff, -- or -- deputy -- sheriff at the time of 9 inspection or issuance of permit, and all the fees and 10 expenses collected by a deputy state stock inspector; sheriff,-or-deputy-sheriff shall be retained by him, and all 11 such fees and expenses collected by a state stock inspector 12 13 shall be sent by him to the department for deposit in the 14 state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue 15 fund for the use of the department.
- 16 (2) For the service of inspection before any livestock 17 except a horse, mule, or ass is sold or offered for sale at a licensed livestock market or slaughtered at a licensed 18 19 slaughterhouse, a state stock inspector or deputy state stock inspector making the inspection shall receive a fee 20 established by the department for each head inspected. 21 fees shall be paid by the owner or by the person for whom 22 23 the inspection is made. For releasing an animal so that it may be removed from the premises of a licensed livestock 24 market, the state stock inspector making the release shall 25

receive a fee established by the department for each head 1 2 inspected from the owner or the person for whom the release is made. All fees for inspection and release at the market 3 shall be collected at the time the inspection or release is made by the state stock inspector making the inspection or 5 release and shall be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state 7 8 special revenue fund for the use of the department. All fees for preslaughter inspection made at a licensed 9 slaughterhouse by the state stock inspector shall be paid to 10 the department for deposit in the state treasury to the 11 credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the 12 department. Preslaughter inspection fees paid to a deputy 13 14 state stock inspector shall be retained by him.

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(3) (a) For the service of inspection of horses, mules, or asses before removal from a county or before change of ownership, the inspector making the inspection shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected and shall receive in addition his necessary actual expenses, to be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made. All fees and expenses collected by a state stock inspector must be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department.

- 1 (b) For the service of inspection before a horse, 2 mule, or ass is sold or offered for sale at a licensed livestock market, a state stock inspector making inspection shall receive a fee established by the department 5 for each head inspected. All fees shall be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made to the state 6 7 stock inspector.
 - (4) All inspection and release fees and expenses shall be paid to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department unless paid to a deputy state stock inspector. State stock inspectors shall be paid for their services and receive their expenses as fixed by department."
- Section 5. Section 81-3-211, MCA, is amended to read: 15 *81-3-211. Inspection of livestock before change of 16 ownership or removal from county -- transportation permits. 17
- 18 (1) For the purposes of this section:
- (a) "Members of the same family" means a group whose membership is determined by including an individual, his 21 spouse, and his parents, children, grandchildren, and the 22 spouses of each.
- (b) "Family business entity" means: 23
- (i) a corporation whose stock is owned solely by 24 members of the same family; 25

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- (ii) a partnership in which the partners are all members of the same family;
- 3 (iii) an association whose members all are members of 4 the same family; or

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- 5 (iv) any other entity owned solely by members of the6 same family.
 - (c) "Rodeo producer" means a person who produces or furnishes livestock that is used for rodeo purposes.
 - (2) Except as otherwise provided in this part, it is unlawful to remove or cause to be removed from a county in this state any livestock or to transfer ownership by sale or otherwise or for an intended purchaser or his agent to take possession of any such animal subject to title passing upon meeting or satisfaction of any conditions, unless the livestock has been inspected for brands by a state stock inspector or deputy state stock inspector and a certificate of the inspection has been issued in connection with and for the purpose of the transportation or removal or of such change of ownership as provided in this part. The inspection must be made in daylight. However, the change of ownership inspection requirements of this subsection do not apply when the change of ownership transaction is accomplished without the livestock changing premises, involves part of a herd to which no livestock have been added other than by natural increase or after brand inspection, and is between:

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- 1 (a) members of the same family;
- (b) a member of one family and the same family'sbusiness entity; or
- (c) the same family's business entities.
- 5 (3) (a) It is unlawful to sell or offer for sale at a livestock market any livestock originating within any county 7 in this state in which a livestock market is maintained or 8 transported under a market consignment permit until the 9 livestock has been inspected for marks and brands by a state stock inspector, as provided in this part.
- 11 (b) It is unlawful to slaughter livestock at a
 12 licensed livestock slaughterhouse unless the livestock has
 13 been inspected for marks or brands by a state or deputy
 14 state stock inspector.
- 15 (4) It is unlawful to remove or cause to be removed 16 any livestock from the premises of a livestock market in 17 this state unless the livestock has been released by a state 18 stock inspector and a certificate of release for the 19 livestock has been issued in connection with and for the 20 purpose of the removal from the premises of the livestock 21 market. The release obtained pursuant to this subsection 22 will permit the movement of the livestock so released 23 directly to the destination shown on the certificate.
- 24 (5) The person in charge of livestock being removed
 25 from a county in this state, where inspection thereof is

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- required by this section or where change of ownership has 1 occurred or when moved under a market consignment permit or 2 a market release certificate, shall have in his possession 3 the certificate of inspection, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or market release certificate issued 5 in connection therewith and shall exhibit the certificate to 6 any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, gross-wehicle-weight 7 enforcement---officer, highway patrolman, state stock 8 inspector, or deputy state stock inspector upon request. 9 Section 81-3-204 shall be extended to livestock transported 10 or sold under the above-mentioned permits. 11
- 12 (6) The following transportation permits may be 13 issued:

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(a) If a saddle, work, or show horse is being transported from county to county in this state by the owner for his personal use or business or where a purebred cow is being transported from county to county in this state by its owner for show purposes and where there is no change of ownership, the inspection certificate required by this section may be endorsed, as to the purpose and extent of transportation, by the inspector issuing the certificate in order to serve as a travel permit in this state for a period not to exceed 1 year for the horse or cow described thereon. The permit becomes void upon any transfer of ownership or if the horse or cow is to be removed from the state. In such

- instances an inspection must be secured for removal and the endorsed certificate surrendered.
- 3 (b) The owner of a saddle, work, or show horse may apply for a permanent transportation permit valid for both interstate and intrastate transportation of the horse until 6 there is a change of ownership. To obtain a permit a horse must have either a registered brand that has been legally cleared or a lip tattoo or the owner must present proof of 8 ownership to a state stock inspector. A written application, on forms to be provided by the department, must be completed 10 by the owner and presented to a state stock inspector, 11 12 together with a permit fee established by the department, for each horse. The application shall contain a thorough 13 physical description of the horse and list all brands and 14 tattoos carried by the horse. Upon approval of the 15 application by a state stock inspector, a permanent 16 transportation permit shall be issued by the department to 17 18 the owner for each horse, and such permit shall be valid for the life of the horse. If there is a change of ownership in 19 20 a horse, the permit shall automatically become void. The permit must accompany the horse for which it was issued at 21 all times while the horse is in transit. This permit shall 22 be in lieu of other permits and certificates required under 23 24 the provisions of this section. The state of Montana shall recognize as valid permanent transportation permits issued 25

in other jurisdictions to the owner of a saddle, work, or show horse subsequently entering the state. Such a permit shall be automatically void upon a change of ownership.

- (c) When livestock owned by and bearing the registered brand of a bona fide rodeo producer is being transported from county to county in this state by the owner for rodeo purposes and where there is no change of ownership, the inspection certificate required by this section may be endorsed, as to the purpose and extent of transportation, by the inspector issuing the certificate in order to serve as a travel permit in this state for the livestock described thereon. The certificate is effective for the calendar year for which it is issued. The certificate shall be issued by a state stock inspector.
- (d) An owner of livestock or his agent may be issued a transportation permit allowing the movement of his livestock into an immediately adjoining county and return when the livestock is being moved for grazing purposes and when it is being moved to and from land owned or controlled by the owner of the livestock or his agent. The permit is valid for 6-months the period from March 31 through Becember-31 NOVEMBER 30 of the calendar year in which it is issued and must be issued by a state stock inspector. The permit may be issued only if the livestock is branded with the permittee's brand, which must be registered in Montana. The department

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- shall establish a fee for the permit, to be paid to the
 state stock inspector at the time the permit is issued and
 remitted by him to the department for deposit in the state
 treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for
 the use of the department. This permit may be used in lieu
 of the inspection and certificate required by this section
 for movement of livestock across a county line.
- 8 (7) Before any removal or change of ownership may take
 9 place, the seller of livestock shall request all required
 10 inspections and shall pay the required fees."
- Section 6. Section 81-3-212, MCA, is amended to read:

 12 "81-3-212. Exceptions. Section 81-3-211 does not apply

 13 to livestock:
 - being transported through the state in interstate commerce without leaving the custody of the carrier;
 - (2)--transported-by-railroad-consigned--to--and--which;
 without--leaving--the--custody--of-the-carrier;-does-reach-a
 market-at-which-the-department-regularly-maintains--a--stock
 inspector--and-a-loading-tally-has-been-filed-by-the-shipper
 with-the-carrier-as-provided-in-81-4-607;
 - t3)(2) when driven on the hoof and not moved by means of any motor vehicle, trailer, horse-drawn vehicle, railroad car, or boat by the owner from one county to the-next an adjoining county within the state onto land owned or controlled by the owner of livestock so moved for the

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purpose of pasturing, feeding, or changing the range
thereof;

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(4)(3) when driven on the hoof or moved by means of a
motor vehicle, trailer, horse-drawn vehicle, railroad--car;
or boat by the owner from one county to the-next an
adjoining county within this state onto land owned or
controlled by the owner of livestock without leaving land
owned or controlled by the owner when moved for the purpose
of pasturing, feeding, or changing the range thereof;

(5)(4) when driven on the hoof from one county to an adjoining county within this state for the purpose of shipment-by-railroad-or delivery to a licensed public market by a person who has been the owner of that livestock for a period of at least 3 months;

(6)(5) from one county to be consigned to, and which actually reaches by--means-other-than-railroad, a licensed livestock market located in another county of the state at which the department regularly maintains a stock inspector and for which a market consignment permit has been obtained in a manner provided by law;

(7)--when-hauled-by-truck-or-trailer-from-one-county-to
an--adjoining--county--within--the--state-for-the-purpose-of
shipment-by-railroad-at-which-shipping-point-the--department
maintains--a--stock--inspector-or-where-a-deputy-state-stock
inspector-is-available-and-for-which-a-transportation-permit

has-been-obtained-in-the-manner-provided-by-law-

2 (6) being transported to a veterinarian for health
3 treatment and returned to their original premises if
4 certification of treatment by the attending veterinarian
5 accompanies the livestock on their return."

Section 7. Section 81-3-213, MCA, is amended to read: 6 7 *81-3-213. Inspection of livestock removed from state. Except as provided for in subsections--(1)--and--(2)--of 81-3-212(1) and subsections--(4)-and-(6)(b)-of 81-3-211(4) 10 and (6)(b), nothing contained in this part authorizes or 11 permits a person to remove or cause to be removed livestock from this state to a location outside of this state; unless 12 the livestock has been inspected for brands by a state stock 13 14 inspector or deputy state stock inspector and a certificate 15 for the inspection has been issued in connection with and 16 for the purpose of the transportation or removal as provided 17 in this part."

Section 8. Section 81-3-214, MCA, is amended to read: 18 19 *81-3-214. Inspection--of--imported--livestock 20 permit. {1}-Except-as-provided-in-subsections-{2}-and-{3}-of 21 this-section; -any-person-owning-livestock-imported-into-this 22 state--or-his-agent-must-notify-the-department-or-a-salaried 23 employee-of-the-department-of-the-number,-breed,--type,--and 24 age--of--the--livestocky--its--location,-and-the-purpose-for 25 which-it-has-been-brought-into-the-state--Such--notification

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shall—be—made—within—48—hours—after—the—arrival—of—the
livestock—in—the—state;—bivestock—so—moved—may—not—be
commingled—with—any—livestock—already—in—Montana—until
inspected—for—brands—and—marks—in—daylight—by—a—state——stock
inspector—or—deputy—state—stock—inspector;—The—fees—for—this
inspection——shall——be——the—same—as—those—imposed—for
county—line—or—change—of—ownership—inspections;—The—fees
paid—to—state—stock—inspectors—shall—be—remitted—to—the
department—for—deposit—in—the—state—special—revenue—fund—for
the—use—of—the—department;

{2}--bivestock-consigned-to-a-licensed-livestock-market
or-for-immediate-slaughter-to-a-licensed-slaughter--facility
at--which--preslaughter--inspection--is-maintained-is-exempt
from-the-requirements-of-this-section;

tate-for-graze-on-a-regular-basis-and-as-part-of-the-usual operation-of-a-farm-or-ranch-shall-be-exempt-from-the-notice and-inspection-requirements-of-this-section,--provided--a A transportation permit for the entry of the livestock into Montana has-been must be obtained by the owner or his agent from a state stock inspector prior to the entry of the livestock into Montana. The department shall establish a fee for the permit, to be remitted by the department to the state treasury for credit to the state special revenue account of the department. The department shall provide by

rule for the issuance and control of transportation permits
authorized by this subsection section."

Section 9. Section 81-3-231, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-3-231. Penalties. (1) A person is guilty of a

5 misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection +67

- (5) of this section if he removes livestock or causes livestock to be removed from a county in this state:
- 8 (a) without having the livestock inspected before9 removal if an inspection is required by law;
 - (b) without obtaining a market consignment permit or transportation permit if the permits are required by law;
- 12 (c) and does obtain a market consignment permit for
 13 livestock but does not deliver the livestock transported
 14 thereunder to the livestock market designated in the market
 15 consignment permit;
 - (d) and does obtain a transportation permit for the livestock but does not deliver the livestock transported thereunder to the destination as shown on the transportation permit and fails to have the livestock so transported inspected at the point of destination or--does--not--file--a loading-tally-with-the-carrier-as-provided-in-81-4-607.
- 22 (2) A person who sells livestock or offers livestock
 23 for sale at a livestock market without having the livestock
 24 inspected or removes livestock or causes livestock to be
 25 removed from a livestock market without obtaining a release

is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection (6) (5) of this section.

(3)--A-person-who-ships-by--railroad--carrier--and--the railroad--carrier-transporting-livestock-for-which-a-loading tally-has-been-filed-as-provided-by-81-4-607-and--for--which shipment--of-livestock-an-inspection-has-not-been-made-which after-shipment-causes-or-permits-the-livestock-to-leave--the custody--of-the-railroad-carrier-at-a-place-other-than-where this-state-regularly-maintains-a-stock-inspector--is--guilty of-a-misdemeanor-and-is-punishable-as-provided-in-subsection (6)-of-this-section-

removed from a county in the state for which an inspection certificate, a market consignment permit, transportation permit, or a market release certificate has been issued and fails to have in his possession accompanying the livestock the inspection certificate, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or a market release certificate as issued for the livestock, or who, having the certificate of inspection, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or market consignment permit, transportation permit, or market release certificate, fails to exhibit it to a sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, gross-vehicle weight-enforcement-officer, highway patrolman, state stock inspector, or deputy state stock inspector at his request is quilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in

1 subsection (6) (5) of this section.

2 t5)(4) Except as specifically otherwise provided, a
3 person violating any of the provisions of this part is
4 guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in
5 subsection t6) (5) of this section.

t6)(5) Upon conviction under this section, a person, firm, association, or corporation shall be fined not less than \$50 or more than \$500 or imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than 6 months or both fined and imprisoned. Of all fines assessed and collected under this section, except those assessed and collected in a justice's court, 50% shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the state special revenue fund for the use of the department and 50% shall be paid into the general fund of the county in which the conviction occurred."

Section 10. Section 81-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-201. Swine, sheep, <u>llamas</u>, <u>bison</u>, and goats

running at large. It shall-be is unlawful for any owner or

person in control of swine, sheep, <u>llamas</u>, <u>bison</u>, or goats

to willfully permit the same to run at large."

Section 11. Section 81-4-214, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-214. Branding cattle animals running at large -running irons prohibited. Every person save-only except an
owner, and he only when branding on his own premises and in
the presence of two responsible citizens, who marks or

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brands any calf or cattle that are running at large between 1 2 December 1 and May 10 of the next ensuing year, and every 3 person who shall at any time brand or cause to be branded or marked, any horse, mule, cattle or head of cattle, sheep, llama, bison, swine, or other animal, I year old or older. with any piece of metal or implement, other than a branding iron, which branding iron shall be of the same design as the brand or mark owned by the party using it, or who shall so mark or brand, or cause to be marked or branded any of the 10 animals aforesaid with any piece or pieces of iron called 11 "running irons", such as bars, rings, half or quarter 12 circles is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for 13 not exceeding 6 months, or by a fine of not less than \$25 or 14 more than \$500, or both."

"81-4-215. Liability of owners of stock for trespass. If any cattle, horses, mules, asses, hogs, sheep, <u>llamas</u>, bison, or other domestic animals break into any enclosure, the fence being legal as provided in 81-4-101, the owner of such animals is liable for all damages to the owner or occupant of the enclosure which may be sustained thereby. This section must not be construed so as to require a legal fence in order to maintain an action for injury done by animals running at large contrary to law."

Section 12. Section 81-4-215, MCA, is amended to read:

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Section 13. Section 81-4-306, MCA, is amended to read:

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"81-4-306. Penalty for permitting animals to run at large in herd districts. (1) Any person who is the owner or entitled to the possession of any horses, mules, cattle, sheep, llamas, bison, asses, hogs, or goats, who shall willfully permit--same permits such animals to run at large within any herd district, shall--be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$250 for each offense. Each day that each five head or less of such horses, mules, cattle, sheep, llamas, bison, asses, hogs, or goats are willfully permitted to run at large shall constitute constitutes a separate offense.

- (2) Any person who is the owner or entitled to the possession of any bull, stallion, or jackass over 1 year of age who shall willfully permit-same permits such animal to run at large within any herd district shall-be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$250 for each offense. Each day that such a bull be is permitted to run at large shall-constitute constitutes a separate offense."
- Section 14. Section 81-4-401, MCA, is amended to read:

 "81-4-401. Certain livestock not to run at large in
 municipalities. #t---is--hereby--provided--that--livestock
 consisting-of No horses, cattle, mules, sheep, llamas,
 bison, goats, and or swine or-any-such-animals-shall-not may

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- be allowed to run at large in any incorporated city or in
 any-incorporated town."
- 3 Section 15. Section 81-4-402, MCA, is amended to read:
- 4 "81-4-402. Punishment for permitting trespass of
- 5 livestock. Any person owning livestock or having in charge
- 6 any horses, mules, cattle, sheep, llamas, bison, goats, or
- 7 swine or--any--such--animals, who willfully and unlawfully
 - permits any such livestock to trespass in violation of any
- 9 of the provisions of 81-4-4017--shall-be-deemed-to-be is
- 10 guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be
- 11 punished as-such as provided by law."

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- Section 16. Section 81-4-601, MCA, is amended to read:
- 13 "81-4-601. Estray defined. In this part, "estray"
 - means a horse, mule, mare, gelding, colt, llama, bison, cow,
- ox, bull, stag, steer, heifer, calf, sheep, or lamb:
- 16 (1) not bearing a brand and the ownership of which
- 17 cannot be determined by the stock inspector of the district
 - in which the animal is found by inquiry among reputable
- 19 resident stock owners or freeholders:
- 20 (2) bearing a recorded brand, the owner of which brand
- 21 cannot be located at or through the post office designated
- 22 on the records of the department or which owner cannot be
- 23 located by the stock inspector of the district where the
- 24 estray is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock
- 25 owners or freeholders; or

- 1 (3) which bears an unrecorded brand, the owner of 2 which unrecorded brand cannot be ascertained by the stock
- 3 inspector of the district in which the animal is found by
- 4 inquiry among reputable resident stock owners or
- 5 freeholders."

- Section 17. Section 81-4-603, MCA, is amended to read:
- 7 "81-4-603. Taking up and disposition of estrays --
- 8 advertisement. (1) A stock inspector authorized by the
- 9 department shall take into his possession an estray found in
- 10 his district and shall either ship or arrange for the
- 11 shipment of the estray to a licensed livestock market for
- 12 sale, or he may hold the estray in his possession and care
- 13 for the estray in the cheapest and most practicable manner
- 14 for a period of not less than 30 days or more than 60 days.
- 15 during which time he shall advertise that he holds the
- 16 estray and that, unless claimed by the owner, he will on a
- 17 date to be specified in the notice sell the estray at a
- 18 public auction to the highest bidder for cash.
- 19 (2) The notice shall be published in the newspaper
- 20 doing the county printing of the county in which the estray
- 21 is found and in addition to that paper in a paper published
 - in the town or city nearest the place in which the estray is
- 23 held. This notice shall be published at least once a week
- 24 for 4 consecutive weeks and shall contain a statement of the
- 25 date of the sale, the place where the sale is to be held.

and a general description of the estray, including the sex and the approximate age, together with an illustration of the brand and the position of the brand on the estray and a description of the place or locality where the estray was found or taken.

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- 6 (3) The proceeds from the sale shall be disposed of 7 under 81-4-605 and 81-4-606.
 - (4) The owner of the estray may appear and claim it at any time before the sale or shipment, as provided in this part, without--cost-or-expense-to-the-owner upon payment to the department of the cost of caring for the estray as determined by the department."
 - Section 18. Section 81-4-621, MCA, is amended to read:

 "81-4-621. Penalties. (1) Any person who shall, for
 his own use or benefit and without the owner's consent, take
 into his possession any estray shall be guilty of a
 misdemeanor and shall be punishable by a fine of not less
 than \$25 or more than \$100 or by imprisonment in the county
 jail not exceeding 60 days or by both such fine and
 imprisonment.
 - (2)--Bvery--person; ---agent; ---firmy---or--corporation violating--the-provisions-of-81-4-607-shall-be-deemed-guilty of-a-misdemeanor-and-upon-conviction-thereof-shall-be--fined in--any--sum--not-exceeding-\$300-or-imprisoned-in-the-county jail-not-to-exceed-6-months-or-both-fined-and-imprisoned;

1 (3)--Any-person;-agent;--firm;--corporation;--pool;--or 2 roundup--association--who--shall-ship-cattle-from-this-state 3 and-shall-fail-to-make-such-inspection-or-tally-at-point--of loading-or-who-shall-fail-to-file-a-true-and-correct-tally; to-the-best-of-his-knowledge-and-belief;-of-all--the--brands of--cattle--in--such-shipment-with-the-railroad-agent-at-the point-of-shipment-or-who-shall-fail-to-forward--a--true--and correct--copy; --duly--signed--by--him--as--party--making-the 9 shipment;-to-the-stock-inspector-at-point-of-destination--or 10 any--person--who-shall-accompany-a-shipment-of-cattle-as-the 11 shipper-in-charge-from-this-state-and-shall-fail-to--take--a 12 description-of-any-and-every-animal-taken-out-in-transit-and 13 hand-such-description-to-the-stock-inspector-at-point-of 14 destination-or-any-stock--inspector--at--market--points--who 15 shall--fail-to-make-inspection-as-provided-in-81-4-609-shall 16 be-deemed-quilty-of-a-misdemeanor-and-shall-be-subject-to-a 17 fine--of--not--less--than-\$50-or-more-than-\$500-for-each-and 18 every--offenser---The--fines--so--collected;--except---those 19 collected--in--a--justice's--court;-shall-be-turned-into-the 20 general-fund-of-the-county-where-conviction-is-had;-and--any 21 stock-inspector,-sheriff,-or-other-police-officer-shall-have 22 power--to--make--arrests--to--enforce-the-provisions-of-this 23 partr"

Section 19. Section 81-5-101, MCA, is amended to read:
"81-5-101. Moving cattle livestock from customary

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range forbidden. Every person who willfully moves or causes
to be moved any cattle, horses, mules, swine, llamas, bison,
or sheep from their customary range without the permission
of the owner thereof is punishable by imprisonment in the
county jail not exceeding 90 days or by fine not exceeding
\$100, or both."

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**Section 20. Section 81-5-104, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-5-104. Stolen livestock -- seizure and forfeiture

of vehicle used to transport. (1) The use of any vehicle for
the transportation of any stolen mule, horse, mare, colt,
foal, filly, sheep, lamb, cow, calf, heifer, steer, bull,

llama, bison, hogs, poultry, or the products of any thereof
is unlawful, and such vehicle shall be forfeited to the
state. Any vehicle found in such use or upon probable cause
believed to be devoted wholly or in part to such use shall
be seized and held.

- (2) Within 45 days after the seizure, any peace officer or officer of the agency that seizes any property shall file a petition to institute forfeiture proceedings with the clerk of the district court of the county in which the seizure occurs. The clerk shall issue a summons at the request of the petitioning party, who shall cause the same to be served upon all owners or claimants of the property by one of the following methods:
- 25 (a) upon an owner or claimant whose address is known,

by personal service of a copy of the petition and summons as
provided in the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure;

- 3 (b) upon an owner or claimant whose address is unknown
 4 but who is believed to have an interest in the property, by
 5 publication of the summons in one issue of a newspaper of
 6 general circulation in the county where the seizure occurred
 7 or, if there is no such newspaper, by publication in one
 8 issue of a newspaper of general circulation in an adjoining
 9 county, and by mailing a copy of the petition and summons to
 10 the most recent address of such owner or claimant, if any,
 11 shown in the records of the division of motor vehicles.
- 12 (3) A vehicle is not subject to forfeiture under this 13 section if:
- 14 (a) it is a stolen vehicle at the time it is used for 15 such unlawful transportation; or
- 16 (b) the owner thereof is not in collusion with the
 17 party or parties guilty of the theft."
- 18 NEW SECTION. Section 21. Repealer. Sections 81-4-607

 19 through 81-4-610 AND 81-8-801 THROUGH 81-8-805, MCA, are

 20 repealed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 22. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].
- 25 NEW SECTION. SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT]

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IS EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.

-End-

51st Legislature HB 0276/02

HOUSE BILL NO. 276

HB 0276/02

2	INTRODUCED BY PATTERSON, BOYLAN, ZOOK, SWIFT, KASTEN,
3	GIACOMETTO, HANSON, GLASER, GRINDE, KELLER, KOEHNKE,
4	ELLISON, GRADY, DEBRUYCKER, IVERSON, DEVLIN, BENGTSON,
5	GUTHRIE, SEVERSON, DAILY, NATHE
6	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LIVESTOCK
7	
8	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
9	LAWS RELATING TO LIVESTOCK; PROVIDING FOR SEASONAL BRANDS OF
10	LIMITED DURATION; REVISING BRAND INSPECTION AND
11	TRANSPORTATION PERMIT PROVISIONS; DELETING PROVISIONS
12	RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK BY RAILROAD;
13	DELETING THE BRAND INSPECTION REQUIREMENT FOR IMPORTED
14	LIVESTOCK; INCLUDING LLAMAS AND BISON IN LAWS RELATING TO
15	CONTAINMENT OF LIVESTOCK AND UNAUTHORIZED MOVEMENT OR
16	TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK; DELETING GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT
17	OFFICERS AS INSPECTORS OF CERTAIN PERMITS; AMENDING SECTIONS
18	81-2-702, 81-3-103, 81-3-203, 81-3-205, 81-3-211 THROUGH
19	81-3-214, 81-3-231, 81-4-201, 81-4-214, 81-4-215, 81-4-306,
20	81-4-401, 81-4-402, 81-4-601, 81-4-603, 81-4-621, 81-5-101,
21	AND 81-5-104, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 81-4-607 THROUGH
22	81-4-610 AND 81-8-801 THROUGH 81-8-805, MCA; AND PROVIDING
23	AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
24	
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

1	Section 1. Section 81-2-702, MCA, is amended to read:
2	*81-2-702. Definitions. As used in this part, the
3	following definitions apply:
4	(1) "Animals" means livestock, dogs, cats, rabbits,
5	rodents, game animals, fur-bearing and wild animals, and
6	poultry and other birds.
7	(2) "Biologics" means medicinal preparations made from
8	living organisms and their products. It includes but is not
9	limited to serums, vaccines, antigens, and antitoxins.
10	(3) "Department" means the department of livestock.
11	(4) "Health certificate" means a legible record
12	written on an official health certificate form of the state
13	of origin or on an equivalent form of the U.S. department of
14	agriculture attesting that the animals, animal semen, or
15	animal biologics described thereon have been visually
16	inspected by a federally accredited veterinarian and found
17	to meet the entry requirements of the state of Montana.
18	(5) "Livestock" means cattle, horses, mules, asses
19	sheep, <u>llamas, bison,</u> swine, and goats.
20	(6) "Permit" means an official document issued by th
21	department after proper application that allows the movemen
22	of animals, animal semen, or animal biologics into Montana
23	(7) "Poultry" means domesticated birds, including bu
24	not limited to chickens, turkeys, ducks, geese, guinea fowl

pigeons, and pheasants."

*81-3-103. Application for recording -- record of brands. (1) A person, firm, or corporation desiring to have recorded an artificial mark or brand for use in distinguishing or identifying the ownership of any domestic animal or livestock shall make application for the mark or brand to the department. The application must be in writing and must contain the name, residence, and post-office address of the applicant and the species of the animals on which the mark or brand is to be used. An applicant may apply for a seasonal mark or brand that is designated for use only for a specific period of time and that is subject to renewal upon termination of that period.

(2) The department shall designate for the applicant's use some practical form of mark or brand distinguishable with reasonable certainty from all other marks and brands recorded or rerecorded, within the period of 10 years immediately preceding the time of filing the application, in the name of some person, firm, or corporation other than the applicant. The department shall designate the position on the animals on which the mark or brand shall be placed and the species of animals on which the mark or brand may be used.

(3) The department shall keep a record in a book kept by it for that purpose of the particular mark or brand, the

position on the animal where the mark or brand is to be used, the species of animals on which the mark or brand is to be used, and the date of recording. The record is a public record and is prima facie evidence of the facts recorded in it."

Section 3. Section 81-3-203, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-3-203. Duties of state stock inspectors and deputy
stock inspectors. (1) State stock inspectors and deputy
state stock inspectors, upon the application of the owner or
the duly authorized agent of the owner of livestock, shall
inspect the livestock which is intended for sale, removal,
shipment, or slaughter at a licensed slaughter plant and
issue a certificate of inspection therefor if it appears
with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of
the livestock or has the lawful right to the possession
thereof.

(2) The inspection shall include an examination of the livestock and all marks and brands thereon to identify ownership of the livestock. The certificate of inspection shall be made in triplicate and shall specify the date of inspection, the place of origin and place of destination of the shipment, the name and address of the owner of the livestock or of the applicant for inspection and the purchaser or transferee, if applicable, the class of the animal, the marks and brands, if any, upon the animal, and

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any other information upon the form of certificate as the department may from time to time require. One copy of the certificate shall be retained by the inspector, one copy shall be furnished by the inspector to the owner or shipper of the livestock, and one copy shall be filed by the inspector with the department within 5 days.

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(3) If it appears with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of the livestock or has the lawful right to the possession thereof, the state stock inspectors or deputy state stock inspectors or-any-sheriff-or-deputy sheriff, upon application of an owner or his agent of the livestock to be consigned and delivered directly to a licensed livestock market οr licensed livestock slaughterhouse located in another county of the state or delivered directly to a shipping point duly approved by the department where a livestock inspector is available for inspection in an adjoining county, shall issue to the person a separate market consignment permit or transportation permit for each owner when the owner or owners or their duly authorized agents sign the permit certifying the brands, description, and destination of the livestock. The market consignment permit or transportation permit shall be made in triplicate, shall specify the date and time issued, the place of origin and place of destination of the shipment, the name and address of the owner of the livestock and the

1 name and address of the person actually transporting the 2 livestock if different than the owner, the kind of livestock, the marks and brands, if any, upon the livestock. 3 a description of the vehicle or vehicles to be used to transport the livestock to include the license number of the vehicles, and any other information upon the form of permit 7 as the department may from time to time require. Any permit so issued shall be good for shipment within 36 hours from date and time of issue; however, permits not used within this time limitation must be returned to the issuing officer 10 11 be canceled and to release the permittee from 12 performance. One copy of the permit shall be retained by the 13 inspector or-sheriff's-office, one copy shall be filed by the inspector or-sheriff's-office with the department within 14 15 5 days of the date of issue, and one copy shall be furnished by the inspector or-sheriff's-office to the owner or shipper 16 17 of the livestock, which copy of the permit shall accompany 18 the shipment and be delivered to the state stock inspector 19 the livestock market or shipping point where the livestock is delivered. 20

(4) Upon application of an owner or his agent, when it appears with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of the livestock or has lawful right to the possession thereof, a state stock inspector shall issue a transportation permit which will allow the movement of the

livestock into an immediately adjoining county to land owned or controlled by the owner or his agent for purposes of grazing. The transportation permit shall state the breed, description, marks and brands, if any, head count, and description of land to and from which the livestock will be moved. The permit will-be is valid for-6-months as provided in 81-3-211(6)(d). A state stock inspector may enter the premises where livestock so moved have been transported and inspect any livestock moved under the transportation permit or any livestock commingled therewith.

(5) Any person transporting strays or livestock not lawfully under his control is guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable as provided in 81-3-231."

*81-3-205. Pees for inspection and livestock transportation permits. (1) For the service of inspection of all livestock except horses, mules, or asses before removal from a county or before change of ownership, the inspector making the inspections shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected. For the issuance of a market consignment permit or transportation permit (other than a permanent permit) before removal from a county for all livestock, the inspector,—sheriff,—or—deputy—sheriff issuing the permits shall receive a fee established by the department for each permit issued and shall receive in

addition his necessary actual expenses, to be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made or permit issued. For the issuance of a permanent horse transportation permit, the state stock inspector taking the application for permit shall receive a fee established by the department for each permit issued. All inspection and permit fees and expenses shall be collected by the inspector, -- sheriff, -- or -- deputy -- sheriff at the time of inspection or issuance of permit, and all the fees and expenses collected by a deputy state stock inspector, sheriff; -or-deputy-sheriff shall be retained by him, and all such fees and expenses collected by a state stock inspector shall be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department.

except a horse, mule, or ass is sold or offered for sale at a licensed livestock market or slaughtered at a licensed slaughterhouse, a state stock inspector or deputy state stock inspector making the inspection shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected. All fees shall be paid by the owner or by the person for whom the inspection is made. For releasing an animal so that it may be removed from the premises of a licensed livestock market, the state stock inspector making the release shall

receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected from the owner or the person for whom the release is made. All fees for inspection and release at the market shall be collected at the time the inspection or release is made by the state stock inspector making the inspection or release and shall be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department. All fees for preslaughter inspection made at a licensed slaughterhouse by the state stock inspector shall be paid to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department. Preslaughter inspection fees paid to a deputy state stock inspector shall be retained by him.

(3) (a) For the service of inspection of horses, mules, or asses before removal from a county or before change of ownership, the inspector making the inspection shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected and shall receive in addition his necessary actual expenses, to be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made. All fees and expenses collected by a state stock inspector must be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department.

- 1 (b) For the service of inspection before a horse,
 2 mule, or ass is sold or offered for sale at a licensed
 3 livestock market, a state stock inspector making the
 4 inspection shall receive a fee established by the department
 5 for each head inspected. All fees shall be paid by the owner
 6 or the person for whom the inspection is made to the state
 7 stock inspector.
- 8 (4) All inspection and release fees and expenses shall
 9 be paid to the department for deposit in the state treasury
 10 to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use
 11 of the department unless paid to a deputy state stock
 12 inspector. State stock inspectors shall be paid for their
 13 services and receive their expenses as fixed by the
 14 department."
 - Section 5. Section 81-3-211, MCA, is amended to read:
- 16 "81-3-211. Inspection of livestock before change of
 17 ownership or removal from county -- transportation permits.
- 18 (1) For the purposes of this section:

- 19 (a) "Members of the same family" means a group whose
 20 membership is determined by including an individual, his
 21 spouse, and his parents, children, grandchildren, and the
 22 spouses of each.
 - (b) "Family business entity" means:
- 24 (i) a corporation whose stock is owned solely by
 25 members of the same family;

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(ii) a partnership in which the partners are all members of the same family;

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- (iii) an association whose members all are members of the same family; or
- (iv) any other entity owned solely by members of the same family.
- (c) "Rodeo producer" means a person who produces or furnishes livestock that is used for rodeo purposes.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this part, it is unlawful to remove or cause to be removed from a county in this state any livestock or to transfer ownership by sale or otherwise or for an intended purchaser or his agent to take possession of any such animal subject to title passing upon meeting or satisfaction of any conditions, unless the livestock has been inspected for brands by a state stock inspector or deputy state stock inspector and a certificate of the inspection has been issued in connection with and for the purpose of the transportation or removal or of such change of ownership as provided in this part. The inspection must be made in daylight. However, the change of ownership inspection requirements of this subsection do not apply when the change of ownership transaction is accomplished without the livestock changing premises, involves part of a herd to which no livestock have been added other than by natural increase or after brand inspection, and is between:

- (a) members of the same family;
- 2 (b) a member of one family and the same family's3 business entity; or
- (c) the same family's business entities.
- 1 (3) (a) It is unlawful to sell or offer for sale at a livestock market any livestock originating within any county in this state in which a livestock market is maintained or transported under a market consignment permit until the livestock has been inspected for marks and brands by a state stock inspector, as provided in this part.
 - (b) It is unlawful to slaughter livestock at a licensed livestock slaughterhouse unless the livestock has been inspected for marks or brands by a state or deputy state stock inspector.
 - (4) It is unlawful to remove or cause to be removed any livestock from the premises of a livestock market in this state unless the livestock has been released by a state stock inspector and a certificate of release for the livestock has been issued in connection with and for the purpose of the removal from the premises of the livestock market. The release obtained pursuant to this subsection will permit the movement of the livestock so released directly to the destination shown on the certificate.
- 24 (5) The person in charge of livestock being removed25 from a county in this state, where inspection thereof is

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required by this section or where change of ownership has occurred or when moved under a market consignment permit or a market release certificate, shall have in his possession the certificate of inspection, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or market release certificate issued in connection therewith and shall exhibit the certificate to any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, qross-vehicle-weight-enforcement---officer, highway patrolman, state stock inspector, or deputy state stock inspector upon request. Section 81-3-204 shall be extended to livestock transported or sold under the above-mentioned permits.

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- 12 (6) The following transportation permits may be
 13 issued:
 - (a) If a saddle, work, or show horse is being transported from county to county in this state by the owner for his personal use or business or where a purebred cow is being transported from county to county in this state by its owner for show purposes and where there is no change of ownership, the inspection certificate required by this section may be endorsed, as to the purpose and extent of transportation, by the inspector issuing the certificate in order to serve as a travel permit in this state for a period not to exceed 1 year for the horse or cow described thereon. The permit becomes void upon any transfer of ownership or if the horse or cow is to be removed from the state. In such

- instances an inspection must be secured for removal and the endorsed certificate surrendered.
- 3 (b) The owner of a saddle, work, or show horse may 4 apply for a permanent transportation permit valid for both interstate and intrastate transportation of the horse until 5 there is a change of ownership. To obtain a permit a horse 7 must have either a registered brand that has been legally 8 cleared or a lip tattoo or the owner must present proof of 9 ownership to a state stock inspector. A written application, on forms to be provided by the department, must be completed 10 11 by the owner and presented to a state stock inspector, 12 together with a permit fee established by the department, for each horse. The application shall contain a thorough 13 14 physical description of the horse and list all brands and 15 tattoos carried by the horse. Upon approval of the application by a state stock inspector, a permanent 16 transportation permit shall be issued by the department to 17 18 the owner for each horse, and such permit shall be valid for the life of the horse. If there is a change of ownership in 19 a horse, the permit shall automatically become void. The 20 21 permit must accompany the horse for which it was issued at all times while the horse is in transit. This permit shall 22 23 be in lieu of other permits and certificates required under the provisions of this section. The state of Montana shall 24 recognize as valid permanent transportation permits issued 25

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in other jurisdictions to the owner of a saddle, work, or show horse subsequently entering the state. Such a permit shall be automatically void upon a change of ownership.

- (c) When livestock owned by and bearing the registered brand of a bona fide rodeo producer is being transported from county to county in this state by the owner for rodeo purposes and where there is no change of ownership, the inspection certificate required by this section may be endorsed, as to the purpose and extent of transportation, by the inspector issuing the certificate in order to serve as a travel permit in this state for the livestock described thereon. The certificate is effective for the calendar year for which it is issued. The certificate shall be issued by a state stock inspector.
- (d) An owner of livestock or his agent may be issued a transportation permit allowing the movement of his livestock into an immediately adjoining county and return when the livestock is being moved for grazing purposes and when it is being moved to and from land owned or controlled by the owner of the livestock or his agent. The permit is valid for 6--months the period from March 31 through Becember-31 NOVEMBER 30 of the calendar year in which it is issued and must be issued by a state stock inspector. The permit may be issued only if the livestock is branded with the permittee's brand, which must be registered in Montana. The department

- shall establish a fee for the permit, to be paid to the
 state stock inspector at the time the permit is issued and
 remitted by him to the department for deposit in the state
 treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for
 the use of the department. This permit may be used in lieu
 of the inspection and certificate required by this section
 for movement of livestock across a county line.
 - (7) Before any removal or change of ownership may take place, the seller of livestock shall required inspections and shall pay the required fees."
- Section 6. Section 81-3-212, MCA, is amended to read:

 *81-3-212. Exceptions. Section 81-3-211 does not apply
 to livestock:
 - being transported through the state in interstate commerce without leaving the custody of the carrier;
 - (2)--transported-by-railroad-consigned--to--and--which;
 without--leaving--the--custody--of-the-carrier;-does-reach-a
 market-at-which-the-department-regularly-maintains--a--stock
 inspector--and-a-loading-tally-has-been-filed-by-the-shipper
 with-the-carrier-as-provided-in-81-4-687;
- t3)(2) when driven on the hoof and not moved by means
 of any motor vehicle, trailer, horse-drawn vehicle, railroad
 car, or boat by the owner from one county to the-next an
 adjoining county within the state onto land owned or
 controlled by the owner of livestock so moved for the

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purpose of pasturing, feeding, or changing the range thereof;

(4)(3) when driven on the hoof or moved by means of a motor vehicle, trailer, horse-drawn vehicle, railroad--cary or boat by the owner from one county to the-next an adjoining county within this state onto land owned or controlled by the owner of livestock without leaving land owned or controlled by the owner when moved for the purpose of pasturing, feeding, or changing the range thereof;

+5+(4) when driven on the hoof from one county to an adjoining county within this state for the purpose of shipment-by-railroad-or delivery to a licensed public market by a person who has been the owner of that livestock for a period of at least 3 months;

(6)(5) from one county to be consigned to, and which actually reaches by--means-other-than-railroad, a licensed livestock market located in another county of the state at which the department regularly maintains a stock inspector and for which a market consignment permit has been obtained in a manner provided by law;

(7)--when-hauled-by-truck-or-trailer-from-one-county-to an--adjoining--county--within--the--state-for-the-purpose-of shipment-by-railroad-at-which-shipping-point-the--department maintains--a--stock--inspector-or-where-a-deputy-state-stock inspector-is-available-and-for-which-a-transportation-permit

has-been-obtained-in-the-manner-provided-by-law:

2 (6) being transported to a veterinarian for health
3 treatment and returned to their original premises if
4 certification of treatment by the attending veterinarian
5 accompanies the livestock on their return.**

Section 7. Section 81-3-213, MCA, is amended to read: *81-3-213. Inspection of livestock removed from state. Except as provided for in subsections--(1)--and--(2)--of 81-3-212(1) and subsections--(4)-and-(6)(b)-of 81-3-211(4) and (6)(b), nothing contained in this part authorizes or permits a person to remove or cause to be removed livestock from this state to a location outside of this state, unless the livestock has been inspected for brands by a state stock inspector or deputy state stock inspector and a certificate for the inspection has been issued in connection with and for the purpose of the transportation or removal as provided in this part."

Section 8. Section 81-3-214, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-3-214. Inspection--of--imported--livestock Entry

permit. (1)-Except-as-provided-in-subsections-(2)-and-(3)-of
this-section;-any-person-owning-livestock-imported-into-this
state--or-his-agent-must-notify-the-department-or-a-salaried
employee-of-the-department-of-the-number;-breed;--type;--and
age--of--the--livestock;--its--location;-and-the-purpose-for
which-it-has-been-brought-into-the-state;-Such--notification

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shall—be—made—within—48—hours—after—the—arrival—of—the livestock—in—the—state;—bivestock—so—moved—may—not—be commingled—with—any—livestock—already—in—Montana—until inspected—for—brands—and—marks—in—daylight—by—a—state—stock inspector—or—deputy—state—stock—inspector;—The—fees—for—this inspection——shall——be——the—same—as—those—imposed—for county—line—or—change—of—ownership—inspections;—The—fees paid—to—state—stock—inspectors—shall—be—remitted—to—the department—for—deposit—in—the—state—special—revenue—fund—for the—use—of—the—department;

{2}--Livestock-consigned-to-a-licensed-livestock-market
or-for-immediate-slaughter-to-a-licensed-slaughter--facility
at--which--preslaughter--inspection--is-maintained-is-exempt
from-the-requirements-of-this-section-

(3)--bivestock-moved-between-Montana--and--an--adjacent state--for-graze-on-a-regular-basis-and-as-part-of-the-usual operation-of-a-farm-or-ranch-shall-be-exempt-from-the-notice and-inspection-requirements-of-this-section,--provided--a A transportation permit for the entry of the livestock into Montana has-been must be obtained by the owner or his agent from a state stock inspector prior to the entry of the livestock into Montana. The department shall establish a fee for the permit, to be remitted by the department to the state treasury for credit to the state special revenue account of the department. The department shall provide by

rule for the issuance and control of transportation permits
authorized by this subsection section."

*81-3-231. Penalties. (1) A person is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection (6) (5) of this section if he removes livestock or causes livestock to be removed from a county in this state:

- (a) without having the livestock inspected before removal if an inspection is required by law;
- (b) without obtaining a market consignment permit or transportation permit if the permits are required by law;
 - (c) and does obtain a market consignment permit for livestock but does not deliver the livestock transported thereunder to the livestock market designated in the market consignment permit;
 - (d) and does obtain a transportation permit for the livestock but does not deliver the livestock transported thereunder to the destination as shown on the transportation permit and fails to have the livestock so transported inspected at the point of destination or-does-not-file-a loading-tally-with-the-carrier-as-provided-in-81-4-607.
 - (2) A person who sells livestock or offers livestock for sale at a livestock market without having the livestock inspected or removes livestock or causes livestock to be removed from a livestock market without obtaining a release

is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection (6) (5) of this section.

(3)--A-person-who-ships-by--railroad--carrier--and--the railroad--carrier-transporting-livestock-for-which-a-loading tally-has-been-filed-as-provided-by-81-4-607-and--for--which shipment--of-livestock-an-inspection-has-not-been-made-which after-shipment-causes-or-permits-the-livestock-to-leave--the custody--of-the-railroad-carrier-at-a-place-other-than-where this-state-regularly-maintains-a-stock-inspector--is--guilty of-a-misdemeanor-and-is-punishable-as-provided-in-subsection (6)-of-this-section-

removed from a county in the state for which an inspection certificate, a market consignment permit, transportation permit, or a market release certificate has been issued and fails to have in his possession accompanying the livestock the inspection certificate, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or a market release certificate as issued for the livestock, or who, having the certificate of inspection, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or market release certificate, fails to exhibit it to a sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, gross-vehicle weight-enforcement-officer, highway patrolman, state stock inspector, or deputy state stock inspector at his request is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in

subsection (6) (5) of this section.

2 (5)(4) Except as specifically otherwise provided, a
3 person violating any of the provisions of this part is
4 guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in
5 subsection (6) (5) of this section.

firm, association, or corporation shall be fined not less than \$50 or more than \$500 or imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than 6 months or both fined and imprisoned. Of all fines assessed and collected under this section, except those assessed and collected in a justice's court, 50% shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the state special revenue fund for the use of the department and 50% shall be paid into the general fund of the county in which the conviction occurred."

Section 10. Section 81-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-201. Swine, sheep, llamas, bison, and goats

running at large. It shell—be is unlawful for any owner or

person in control of swine, sheep, llamas, bison, or goats

to willfully permit the same to run at large."

Section 11. Section 81-4-214, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-4-214. Branding cattle animals running at large -running irons prohibited. Every person save-only except an
owner, and he only when branding on his own premises and in
the presence of two responsible citizens, who marks or

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brands any calf or cattle that are running at large between December 1 and May 10 of the next ensuing year, and every person who shall at any time brand or cause to be branded or marked, any horse, mule, cattle or head of cattle, sheep, llama, bison, swine, or other animal, 1 year old or older, with any piece of metal or implement, other than a branding iron, which branding iron shall be of the same design as the brand or mark owned by the party using it, or who shall so mark or brand, or cause to be marked or branded any of the animals aforesaid with any piece or pieces of iron called "running irons", such as bars, rings, half or quarter circles is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for not exceeding 6 months, or by a fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$500, or both."

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Section 12. Section 81-4-215, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-215. Liability of owners of stock for trespass.

If any cattle, horses, mules, asses, hogs, sheep, llamas, bison, or other domestic animals break into any enclosure, the fence being legal as provided in 81-4-101, the owner of such animals is liable for all damages to the owner or occupant of the enclosure which may be sustained thereby. This section must not be construed so as to require a legal fence in order to maintain an action for injury done by animals running at large contrary to law."

Section 13. Section 81-4-306, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-306. Penalty for permitting animals to run at large in herd districts. (1) Any person who is the owner or entitled to the possession of any horses, mules, cattle, sheep, llamas, bison, asses, hogs, or goats, who shall willfully permit--same permits such animals to run at large within any herd district, shall--be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$250 for each offense. Each day that each five head or less of such horses, mules, cattle, sheep, llamas, bison, asses, hogs, or goats are willfully permitted to run at large shall constitute constitutes a separate offense.

(2) Any person who is the owner or entitled to the possession of any bull, stallion, or jackass over 1 year of age who shall willfully permit-same permits such animal to run at large within any herd district shall-be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$250 for each offense. Each day that such a bull be is permitted to run at large shall-constitute constitutes a separate offense."

Section 14. Section 81-4-401, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-4-401. Certain livestock not to run at large in
municipalities. It---is--hereby--provided--that--livestock
consisting-of No horses, cattle, mules, sheep, llamas,
bison, goats, and or swine or-any-such-animals-shall-not may

be allowed to run at large in any incorporated city or in any-incorporated town."

**Section 15. Section 81-4-402, MCA, is amended to read:

**81-4-402. Punishment for permitting trespass of livestock. Any person owning livestock or having in charge any horses, mules, cattle, sheep, lilamas, bisson, goats, or swine or--any--such--animals, who willfully and unlawfully permits any such livestock to trespass in violation of any of the provisions of 81-4-4017--shall-be-deemed-to-be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as-such as provided by law."

Section 16. Section 81-4-601, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-601. Estray defined. In this part, "estray"

means a horse, mule, mare, gelding, colt, lilama, bison, cow,
ox, bull, stag, steer, heifer, calf, sheep, or lamb:

- (1) not bearing a brand and the ownership of which cannot be determined by the stock inspector of the district in which the animal is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock owners or freeholders;
- (2) bearing a recorded brand, the owner of which brand cannot be located at or through the post office designated on the records of the department or which owner cannot be located by the stock inspector of the district where the estray is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock owners or freeholders: or

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(3) which bears an unrecorded brand, the owner of which unrecorded brand cannot be ascertained by the stock inspector of the district in which the animal is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock owners or freeholders."

Section 17. Section 81-4-603, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-4-603. Taking up and disposition of estrays -advertisement. (1) A stock inspector authorized by the
department shall take into his possession an estray found in
his district and shall either ship or arrange for the
shipment of the estray to a licensed livestock market for
sale, or he may hold the estray in his possession and care
for the estray in the cheapest and most practicable manner
for a period of not less than 30 days or more than 60 days,
during which time he shall advertise that he holds the
estray and that, unless claimed by the owner, he will on a
date to be specified in the notice sell the estray at a
public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

doing the county printing of the county in which the estray is found and in addition to that paper in a paper published in the town or city nearest the place in which the estray is held. This notice shall be published at least once a week for 4 consecutive weeks and shall contain a statement of the date of the sale, the place where the sale is to be held,

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and a general description of the estray, including the sex and the approximate age, together with an illustration of the brand and the position of the brand on the estray and a description of the place or locality where the estray was found or taken.

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- (3) The proceeds from the sale shall be disposed of under 81-4-605 and 81-4-606.
 - (4) The owner of the estray may appear and claim it at any time before the sale or shipment, as provided in this part, without--cost-or-expense-to-the-owner upon payment to the department of the cost of caring for the estray as determined by the department."
 - Section 18. Section 81-4-621, MCA, is amended to read: *81-4-621. Penalties. (1) Any person who shall, for his own use or benefit and without the owner's consent, take into his possession any estray shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punishable by a fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$100 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 60 days or by both such fine and imprisonment.
 - +2)--Every--person;---agent;---firm;---or---corporation violating--the-provisions-of-81-4-607-shall-be-deemed-quilty of-a-misdemeanor-and-upon-conviction-thereof-shall-be--fined in--any--sum--not-exceeding-\$300-or-imprisoned-in-the-county jail-not-to-exceed-6-months-or-both-fined-and-imprisoned-

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+3}--Any-person;-agent;--firm;--corporation;--pool;--or roundun--association--who--shall-ship-cattle-from-this-state and-shall-fail-to-make-such-inspection-or-tally-at-point--of toading--or-who-shall-fail-to-file-a-true-and-correct-tally; to-the-best-of-his-knowledge-and-beliefy-of-all--the--brands of--cattle--in--such-shipment-with-the-railroad-agent-at-the point-of-shipment-or-who-shall-fail-to-forward--a--true--and correct--copy,--duly--signed--by--him--as--party--making-the shipmenty-to-the-stock-inspector-at-point-of-destination--or any--person--who-shall-accompany-a-shipment-of-cattle-as-the shipper-in-charge-from-this-state-and-shall-fail-to--take--a description-of-any-and-every-animal-taken-out-in-transit-and hand--such--description--to--the-stock-inspector-at-point-of destination-or-any-stock--inspector--at--market--points--who shall--fail-to-make-inspection-as-provided-in-81-4-609-shall be-deemed-quilty-of-a-misdemeanor-and-shall-be-subject-to--a fine--of--not--less--than-\$50-or-more-than-\$500-for-each-and every--offense;---The--fines--so--collected;--except---those collected--in--a--justice+s--courty-shall-be-turned-into-the general-fund-of-the-county-where-conviction-is-had,-and--any stock-inspectory-sheriffy-or-other-police-officer-shall-have power--to--make--arrests--to--enforce-the-provisions-of-this part."

Section 19. Section 81-5-101, MCA, is amended to read: *81-5-101. Moving cattle livestock from customary HB 0276/02

range forbidden. Every person who willfully moves or causes
to be moved any cattle, horses, mules, swine, llamas, bison,
or sheep from their customary range without the permission
of the owner thereof is punishable by imprisonment in the
county jail not exceeding 90 days or by fine not exceeding
\$100. or both."

Section 20. Section 81-5-104, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-5-104. Stolen livestock -- seizure and forfeiture
of vehicle used to transport. (1) The use of any vehicle for
the transportation of any stolen mule, horse, mare, colt,
foal, filly, sheep, lamb, cow, calf, heifer, steer, bull,
llama, bison, hogs, poultry, or the products of any thereof
is unlawful, and such vehicle shall be forfeited to the
state. Any vehicle found in such use or upon probable cause
believed to be devoted wholly or in part to such use shall
be seized and held.

- (2) Within 45 days after the seizure, any peace officer or officer of the agency that seizes any property shall file a petition to institute forfeiture proceedings with the clerk of the district court of the county in which the seizure occurs. The clerk shall issue a summons at the request of the petitioning party, who shall cause the same to be served upon all owners or claimants of the property by one of the following methods:
 - (a) upon an owner or claimant whose address is known,

by personal service of a copy of the petition and summons as
 provided in the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure;

- (b) upon an owner or claimant whose address is unknown but who is believed to have an interest in the property, by publication of the summons in one issue of a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the seizure occurred or, if there is no such newspaper, by publication in one issue of a newspaper of general circulation in an adjoining county, and by mailing a copy of the petition and summons to the most recent address of such owner or claimant, if any, shown in the records of the division of motor vehicles.
- 12 (3) A vehicle is not subject to forfeiture under this 13 section if:
- 14 (a) it is a stolen vehicle at the time it is used for
 15 such unlawful transportation; or
- 16 (b) the owner thereof is not in collusion with the
 17 party or parties guilty of the theft."
- 18 NEW SECTION. Section 21. Repealer. Sections 81-4-607
 19 through 81-4-610 AND 81-8-801 THROUGH 81-8-805, MCA, are
 20 repealed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 22. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].
- 25 NEW SECTION. SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT]

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IS EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.

-End-

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pigeons, and pheasants."

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2	INTRODUCED BY PATTERSON, BOYLAN, 200K, SWIFT, KASTEN,
3	GIACOMETTO, HANSON, GLASER, GRINDE, KELLER, KOEHNKE,
4	ELLISON, GRADY, DEBRUYCKER, IVERSON, DEVLIN, BENGTSON,
5	GUTHRIE, SEVERSON, DAILY, NATHE
6	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LIVESTOCK
7	
8	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
9	LAWS RELATING TO LIVESTOCK; PROVIDING FOR SEASONAL BRANDS OF
10	LIMITED DURATION; REVISING BRAND INSPECTION AND
11	TRANSPORTATION PERMIT PROVISIONS; DELETING PROVISIONS
12	RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK BY RAILROAD
13	DELETING THE BRAND INSPECTION REQUIREMENT FOR IMPORTED
14	LIVESTOCK; INCLUDING LLAMAS AND BISON IN LAWS RELATING TO
15	CONTAINMENT OF LIVESTOCK AND UNAUTHORIZED MOVEMENT OF
16	TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK; DELETING GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT
17	OFFICERS AS INSPECTORS OF CERTAIN PERMITS; AMENDING SECTIONS
18	81-2-702, 81-3-103, 81-3-203, 81-3-205, 81-3-211 THROUGH
19	81-3-214, 81-3-231, 81-4-201, 81-4-214, 81-4-215, 81-4-306
20	81-4-401, 81-4-402, 81-4-601, 81-4-603, 81-4-621, 81-5-101
21	AND 81-5-104, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 81-4-607 THROUGH
22	81-4-610 AND 81-8-801 THROUGH 81-8-805, MCA; AND PROVIDING
23	AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
24	
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

HOUSE BILL NO. 276

1	Section 1. Section 81-2-702, MCA, is amended to read:
2	*81-2-702. Definitions. As used in this part, the
3	following definitions apply:
4	(1) "Animals" means livestock, dogs, cats, rabbits,
5	rodents, game animals, fur-bearing and wild animals, and
6	poultry and other birds.
7	(2) "Biologics" means medicinal preparations made from
8	living organisms and their products. It includes but is not
9	limited to serums, vaccines, antigens, and antitoxins.
10	(3) "Department" means the department of livestock.
11	(4) "Health certificate" means a legible record
12	written on an official health certificate form of the state
13	of origin or on an equivalent form of the U.S. department of
14	agriculture attesting that the animals, animal semen, or
15	animal biologics described thereon have been visually
16	inspected by a federally accredited veterinarian and found
17	to meet the entry requirements of the state of Montana.
18	(5) "Livestock" means cattle, horses, mules, asses,
19	sheep, llamas, bison, swine, and goats.
20	(6) "Permit" means an official document issued by the
21	department after proper application that allows the movement
22	of animals, animal semen, or animal biologics into Montana.

not limited to chickens, turkeys, ducks, geese, guinea fowl,

(7) "Poultry" means domesticated birds, including but

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Section 2. Section 81-3-103, MCA, is amended to read: *81-3-103. Application for recording -- record of brands. (1) A person, firm, or corporation desiring to have recorded an artificial mark or brand for use in distinguishing or identifying the ownership of any domestic animal or livestock shall make application for the mark or brand to the department. The application must be in writing and must contain the name, residence, and post-office address of the applicant and the species of the animals on which the mark or brand is to be used. An applicant may apply for a seasonal mark or brand that is designated for use only for a specific period of time and that is subject to renewal upon termination of that period.

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- (2) The department shall designate for the applicant's use some practical form of mark or brand distinguishable with reasonable certainty from all other marks and brands recorded or rerecorded, within the period of 10 years immediately preceding the time of filing the application, in the name of some person, firm, or corporation other than the applicant. The department shall designate the position on the animals on which the mark or brand shall be placed and the species of animals on which the mark or brand may be used.
- (3) The department shall keep a record in a book kept by it for that purpose of the particular mark or brand, the

position on the animal where the mark or brand is to be used, the species of animals on which the mark or brand is to be used, and the date of recording. The record is a public record and is prima facie evidence of the facts recorded in it."

Section 3. Section 81-3-203, MCA, is amended to read: *81-3-203. Duties of state stock inspectors and deputy stock inspectors. (1) State stock inspectors and deputy state stock inspectors, upon the application of the owner or the duly authorized agent of the owner of livestock, shall inspect the livestock which is intended for sale, removal, shipment, or slaughter at a licensed slaughter plant and issue a certificate of inspection therefor if it appears with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of the livestock or has the lawful right to the possession thereof.

(2) The inspection shall include an examination of the livestock and all marks and brands thereon to identify ownership of the livestock. The certificate of inspection shall be made in triplicate and shall specify the date of inspection, the place of origin and place of destination of the shipment, the name and address of the owner of the livestock or of the applicant for inspection and the purchaser or transferee, if applicable, the class of the animal, the marks and brands, if any, upon the animal, and any other information upon the form of certificate as the department may from time to time require. One copy of the certificate shall be retained by the inspector, one copy shall be furnished by the inspector to the owner or shipper of the livestock, and one copy shall be filed by the inspector with the department within 5 days.

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- (3) If it appears with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of the livestock or has the lawful right to the possession thereof, the state stock inspectors or deputy state stock inspectors or-any-sheriff-or-deputy sheriff, upon application of an owner or his agent of the livestock to be consigned and delivered directly to a licensed licensed livestock market or slaughterhouse located in another county of the state or delivered directly to a shipping point duly approved by the department where a livestock inspector is available for inspection in an adjoining county, shall issue to the person a separate market consignment permit or transportation permit for each owner when the owner or owners or their duly authorized agents sign the permit certifying the brands, description, and destination of the livestock. The market consignment permit or transportation permit shall be made in triplicate, shall specify the date and time issued, the place of origin and place of destination of the shipment, the name and address of the owner of the livestock and the
- name and address of the person actually transporting the 1 2 livestock if different than the owner, the kind of 3 livestock, the marks and brands, if any, upon the livestock, a description of the vehicle or vehicles to be used to transport the livestock to include the license number of the vehicles, and any other information upon the form of permit 7 as the department may from time to time require. Any permit so issued shall be good for shipment within 36 hours from 9 date and time of issue; however, permits not used within 10 this time limitation must be returned to the issuing officer 11 canceled and to release the permittee from 12 performance. One copy of the permit shall be retained by the 13 inspector or-sheriff's-office, one copy shall be filed by 14 the inspector or-sheriff's-office with the department within 15 5 days of the date of issue, and one copy shall be furnished 16 by the inspector or-sheriff's-office to the owner or shipper 17 of the livestock, which copy of the permit shall accompany the shipment and be delivered to the state stock inspector 18 19 the livestock market or shipping point where the 20 livestock is delivered.
 - (4) Upon application of an owner or his agent, when it appears with reasonable certainty that the applicant is the owner of the livestock or has lawful right to the possession thereof, a state stock inspector shall issue a transportation permit which will allow the movement of the

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livestock into an immediately adjoining county to land owned or controlled by the owner or his agent for purposes of grazing. The transportation permit shall state the breed, description, marks and brands, if any, head count, and description of land to and from which the livestock will be moved. The permit will-be is valid for-6-months as provided in 81-3-211(6)(d). A state stock inspector may enter the premises where livestock so moved have been transported and inspect any livestock moved under the transportation permit or any livestock commingled therewith.

- (5) Any person transporting strays or livestock not lawfully under his control is guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable as provided in 81-3-231."
- *81-3-205. Pees for inspection and livestock transportation permits. (1) For the service of inspection of all livestock except horses, mules, or asses before removal from a county or before change of ownership, the inspector making the inspections shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected. For the issuance of a market consignment permit or transportation permit (other than a permanent permit) before removal from a county for all livestock, the inspector,—sheriff,—or—deputy—sheriff issuing the permits shall receive a fee established by the department for each permit issued and shall receive in
- addition his necessary actual expenses, to be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made or permit issued. For the issuance of a permanent horse transportation permit, the state stock inspector taking the application for permit shall receive a fee established by the department for each permit issued. All inspection and fees and expenses shall be collected by the А inspector, -- sheriff, -- or -- deputy -- sheriff at the time of inspection or issuance of permit, and all the fees and expenses collected by a deputy state stock inspector, sheriff--or-deputy-sheriff shall be retained by him, and all such fees and expenses collected by a state stock inspector shall be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department.
 - except a horse, mule, or ass is sold or offered for sale at a licensed livestock market or slaughtered at a licensed slaughterhouse, a state stock inspector or deputy state stock inspector making the inspection shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected. All fees shall be paid by the owner or by the person for whom the inspection is made. For releasing an animal so that it may be removed from the premises of a licensed livestock market, the state stock inspector making the release shall

receive a fee established by the department for each head 1 2 inspected from the owner or the person for whom the release is made. All fees for inspection and release at the market 3 shall be collected at the time the inspection or release is made by the state stock inspector making the inspection or 5 release and shall be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state 7 special revenue fund for the use of the department. fees for preslaughter inspection made at a licensed 9 slaughterhouse by the state stock inspector shall be paid to 10 the department for deposit in the state treasury to the 11 credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the 12 13 department. Preslaughter inspection fees paid to a deputy state stock inspector shall be retained by him. 14

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(3) (a) For the service of inspection of horses, mules, or asses before removal from a county or before change of ownership, the inspector making the inspection shall receive a fee established by the department for each head inspected and shall receive in addition his necessary actual expenses, to be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made. All fees and expenses collected by a state stock inspector must be sent by him to the department for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use of the department.

- (b) For the service of inspection before a horse. 1 2 mule, or ass is sold or offered for sale at a licensed livestock market, a state stock inspector making the 3 inspection shall receive a fee established by the department 5 for each head inspected. All fees shall be paid by the owner or the person for whom the inspection is made to the state 6 stock inspector.
- (4) All inspection and release fees and expenses shall be paid to the department for deposit in the state treasury 9 to the credit of the state special revenue fund for the use 10 of the department unless paid to a deputy state stock 11 inspector. State stock inspectors shall be paid for their 12 services and receive their expenses as fixed by the 13 14 department."
- Section 5. Section 81-3-211, MCA, is amended to read: 15 16 "81-3-211, Inspection of livestock before change of ownership or removal from county -- transportation permits. 17 18 (1) For the purposes of this section:
- (a) "Members of the same family" means a group whose membership is determined by including an individual, his spouse, and his parents, children, grandchildren, and the 22 spouses of each.
 - (b) "Family business entity" means:
- (i) a corporation whose stock is owned solely by 24 25 members of the same family;

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(ii) a partnership in which the partners are all members of the same family;

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- 3 (iii) an association whose members all are members of 4 the same family; or
 - (iv) any other entity owned solely by members of the same family.
 - (c) "Rodeo producer" means a person who produces or furnishes livestock that is used for rodeo purposes.
 - (2) Except as otherwise provided in this part, it is unlawful to remove or cause to be removed from a county in this state any livestock or to transfer ownership by sale or otherwise or for an intended purchaser or his agent to take possession of any such animal subject to title passing upon meeting or satisfaction of any conditions, unless the livestock has been inspected for brands by a state stock inspector or deputy state stock inspector and a certificate of the inspection has been issued in connection with and for the purpose of the transportation or removal or of such change of ownership as provided in this part. The inspection must be made in daylight. However, the change of ownership inspection requirements of this subsection do not apply when the change of ownership transaction is accomplished without the livestock changing premises, involves part of a herd to which no livestock have been added other than by natural increase or after brand inspection, and is between:

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(a) members of the same family;

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- (b) a member of one family and the same family'sbusiness entity; or
- 4 (c) the same family's business entities.
- 1 (3) (a) It is unlawful to sell or offer for sale at a livestock market any livestock originating within any county in this state in which a livestock market is maintained or transported under a market consignment permit until the livestock has been inspected for marks and brands by a state stock inspector, as provided in this part.
 - (b) It is unlawful to slaughter livestock at a licensed livestock slaughterhouse unless the livestock has been inspected for marks or brands by a state or deputy state stock inspector.
 - any livestock from the premises of a livestock market in this state unless the livestock has been released by a state stock inspector and a certificate of release for the livestock has been issued in connection with and for the purpose of the removal from the premises of the livestock market. The release obtained pursuant to this subsection will permit the movement of the livestock so released directly to the destination shown on the certificate.
 - (5) The person in charge of livestock being removed from a county in this state, where inspection thereof is

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- required by this section or where change of ownership has ı occurred or when moved under a market consignment permit or 2 a market release certificate, shall have in his possession 3 the certificate of inspection, market consignment permit, 4 transportation permit, or market release certificate issued 5 in connection therewith and shall exhibit the certificate to 6 any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, gross-vehicle-weight 7 enforcement---officer, highway patrolman, state stock 8 inspector, or deputy state stock inspector upon request. ġ Section 81-3-204 shall be extended to livestock transported 10 or sold under the above-mentioned permits. 11
 - (6) The following transportation permits may be issued:

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(a) If a saddle, work, or show horse is being transported from county to county in this state by the owner for his personal use or business or where a purebred cow is being transported from county to county in this state by its owner for show purposes and where there is no change of ownership, the inspection certificate required by this section may be endorsed, as to the purpose and extent of transportation, by the inspector issuing the certificate in order to serve as a travel permit in this state for a period not to exceed 1 year for the horse or cow described thereon. The permit becomes void upon any transfer of ownership or if the horse or cow is to be removed from the state. In such

- instances an inspection must be secured for removal and the
 endorsed certificate surrendered.
 - (b) The owner of a saddle, work, or show horse may apply for a permanent transportation permit valid for both interstate and intrastate transportation of the horse until there is a change of ownership. To obtain a permit a horse must have either a registered brand that has been legally cleared or a lip tattoo or the owner must present proof of ownership to a state stock inspector. A written application, on forms to be provided by the department, must be completed by the owner and presented to a state stock inspector, together with a permit fee established by the department, for each horse. The application shall contain a thorough physical description of the horse and list all brands and tattoos carried by the horse. Upon approval of the application by a state stock inspector, a permanent transportation permit shall be issued by the department to the owner for each horse, and such permit shall be valid for the life of the horse. If there is a change of ownership in a horse, the permit shall automatically become void. The permit must accompany the horse for which it was issued at all times while the horse is in transit. This permit shall be in lieu of other permits and certificates required under the provisions of this section. The state of Montana shall recognize as valid permanent transportation permits issued

in other jurisdictions to the owner of a saddle, work, or show horse subsequently entering the state. Such a permit shall be automatically void upon a change of ownership.

- brand of a bona fide rodeo producer is being transported from county to county in this state by the owner for rodeo purposes and where there is no change of ownership, the inspection certificate required by this section may be endorsed, as to the purpose and extent of transportation, by the inspector issuing the certificate in order to serve as a travel permit in this state for the livestock described thereon. The certificate is effective for the calendar year for which it is issued. The certificate shall be issued by a state stock inspector.
- (d) An owner of livestock or his agent may be issued a transportation permit allowing the movement of his livestock into an immediately adjoining county and return when the livestock is being moved for grazing purposes and when it is being moved to and from land owned or controlled by the owner of the livestock or his agent. The permit is valid for 6--months the period from March 31 through Becember-31 NOVEMBER 30 of the calendar year in which it is issued and must be issued by a state stock inspector. The permit may be issued only if the livestock is branded with the permittee's brand, which must be registered in Montana. The department

- shall establish a fee for the permit, to be paid to the
 state stock inspector at the time the permit is issued and
 remitted by him to the department for deposit in the state
 treasury to the credit of the state special revenue fund for
 the use of the department. This permit may be used in lieu
 of the inspection and certificate required by this section
 for movement of livestock across a county line.
 - (7) Before any removal or change of ownership may take place, the seller of livestock shall required inspections and shall pay the required fees."
- Section 6. Section 81-3-212, MCA, is amended to read:

 12 "81-3-212. Exceptions. Section 81-3-211 does not apply

 13 to livestock:
- (1) being transported through the state in interstate
 commerce without leaving the custody of the carrier;
 - {2}--transported-by-railroad-consigned--to--and--which without--leaving--the--custody--of-the-carrier;-does-reach-a market-at-which-the-department-regularly-maintains--a--stock inspector--and-a-loading-tally-has-been-filed-by-the-shipper with-the-carrier-as-provided-in-01-4-607;
 - t3)(2) when driven on the hoof and not moved by means of any motor vehicle, trailer, horse-drawn vehicle, railroad car, or boat by the owner from one county to the next an adjoining county within the state onto land owned or controlled by the owner of livestock so moved for the

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purpose of pasturing, feeding, or changing the range thereof;

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#47(3) when driven on the hoof or moved by means of a motor vehicle, trailer, horse-drawn vehicle, railroad--car, or boat by the owner from one county to the-next an adjoining county within this state onto land owned or controlled by the owner of livestock without leaving land owned or controlled by the owner when moved for the purpose of pasturing, feeding, or changing the range thereof;

(5)(4) when driven on the hoof from one county to an adjoining county within this state for the purpose of shipment-by-railroad-or delivery to a licensed public market by a person who has been the owner of that livestock for a period of at least 3 months;

t67(5) from one county to be consigned to, and which actually reaches by-means-other-than-railroad, a licensed livestock market located in another county of the state at which the department regularly maintains a stock inspector and for which a market consignment permit has been obtained in a manner provided by law;

(7)--when-hauled-by-truck-or-trailer-from-one-county-to
an--adjoining--county--within--the--state-for-the-purpose-of
shipment-by-railroad-at-which-shipping-point-the--department
maintains--a--stock--inspector-or-where-a-deputy-state-stock
inspector-is-available-and-for-which-a-transportation-permit

1 has-been-obtained-in-the-manner-provided-by-law-.

2 (6) being transported to a veterinarian for health
3 treatment and returned to their original premises if
4 certification of treatment by the attending veterinarian
5 accompanies the livestock on their return."

Section 7. Section 81-3-213, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-3-213. Inspection of livestock removed from state.

Except as provided for in subsections—(1)—and—(2)—of
81-3-212(1) and subsections—(4)—and—(6)(b)—of 81-3-211(4)

and (6)(b), nothing contained in this part authorizes or
permits a person to remove or cause to be removed livestock
from this state to a location outside of this state; unless
the livestock has been inspected for brands by a state stock
inspector or deputy state stock inspector and a certificate
for the inspection has been issued in connection with and
for the purpose of the transportation or removal as provided
in this part."

Section 8. Section 81-3-214, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-3-214. inspection-of--imported--livestock Entry

permit. (i)-Except-as-provided-in-subsections-(2)-und-(3)-of

this-section_-any-person-owning-livestock-imported-into-this

state--or-his-agent-must-notify-the-department-or-a-salaried

employee-of-the-department-of-the-number_-breed_--type_--and

age--of--the--livestock_--its--location_-and-the-purpose-for

which-it-has-been-brought-into-the-state_-Such--notification

shall—be—made—within—48—hours—after—the—arrival—of—the
livestock—in—the—state——bivestock—so—moved—may—not—be
commingled—with—any—livestock—already—in—Montana—until
inspected—for—brands—and—marks—in—daylight—by—a—state——stock
inspector—or—deputy—state—stock—inspector—The—fees—for—this
inspection——shall——be——the—same—as—those—imposed—for
county—line—or—change—of—ownership—inspections——The—fees
paid—to—state—stock—inspectors—shall—be—remitted—to—the
department—for—deposit—in—the—state—special—revenue—fund—for
the—use—of—the—department—

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- (2)--bivestock-consigned-to-a-licensed-livestock-market or-for-immediate-staughter-to-a-licensed-staughter--facility at--which--prestaughter--inspection--is-maintained-is-exempt from-the-requirements-of-this-section.
- †37-bivestock-moved-between-Montana-and-an-adjacent state-for-graze-on-a-regular-basis-and-as-part-of-the-usual operation-of-a-farm-or-ranch-shall-be-exempt-from-the-notice and-inspection-requirements-of-this-section,--provided--a A transportation permit for the entry of the livestock into Montana has-been must be obtained by the owner or his agent from a state stock inspector prior to the entry of the livestock into Montana. The department shall establish a fee for the permit, to be remitted by the department to the state treasury for credit to the state special revenue account of the department. The department shall provide by

rule for the issuance and control of transportation permits authorized by this subsection section."

- Section 9. Section 81-3-231, MCA, is amended to read:
- "81-3-231. Penalties. (1) A person is guilty of a
 misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection (6)
 (5) of this section if he removes livestock or causes
 livestock to be removed from a county in this state:
- (a) without having the livestock inspected before removal if an inspection is required by law;
- (b) without obtaining a market consignment permit or transportation permit if the permits are required by law;
- (c) and does obtain a market consignment permit for livestock but does not deliver the livestock transported thereunder to the livestock market designated in the market consignment permit;
- (d) and does obtain a transportation permit for the livestock but does not deliver the livestock transported thereunder to the destination as shown on the transportation permit and fails to have the livestock so transported inspected at the point of destination or--does--not--file--a loading-tally-with-the-carrier-as-provided-in-81-4-607.
- (2) A person who sells livestock or offers livestock for sale at a livestock market without having the livestock inspected or removes livestock or causes livestock to be removed from a livestock market without obtaining a release

is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in subsection (6) (5) of this section.

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(3)--A-person-who-ships-by--railroad--carrier--and--the railroad--carrier-transporting-livestock-for-which-a-loading tally-has-been-filed-as-provided-by-81-4-697-and--for--which shipment--of-livestock-an-inspection-has-not-been-made-which after-shipment-causes-or-permits-the-livestock-to-leave--the custody--of-the-railroad-carrier-at-a-place-other-than-where this-state-regularly-maintains-a-stock-inspector--is--guilty of-a-misdemeanor-and-is-punishable-as-provided-in-subsection (6)-of-this-section:

this charge livestock being removed from a county in the state for which an inspection certificate, a market consignment permit, transportation permit, or a market release certificate has been issued and fails to have in his possession accompanying the livestock the inspection certificate, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or a market release certificate as issued for the livestock, or who, having the certificate of inspection, market consignment permit, transportation permit, or market release certificate, fails to exhibit it to a sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, gross-vehicle weight-enforcement-officer, highway patrolman, state stock inspector, or deputy state stock inspector at his request is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in

1 subsection (6) (5) of this section.

2 (5)(4) Except as specifically otherwise provided, a
3 person violating any of the provisions of this part is
4 guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in
5 subsection (6) (5) of this section.

+6+(5) Upon conviction under this section, a person, firm, association, or corporation shall be fined not less than \$50 or more than \$500 or imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than 6 months or both fined and imprisoned. Of all fines assessed and collected under this 10 section, except those assessed and collected in a justice's 11 court. 50% shall be paid into the state treasury and 12 credited to the state special revenue fund for the use of 13 the department and 50% shall be paid into the general fund 14 of the county in which the conviction occurred." 15

Section 10. Section 81-4-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-4-201. Swine, sheep, llamas, bison, and goats

running at large. It shell-be is unlawful for any owner or

person in control of swine, sheep, llamas, bison, or goats

to willfully permit the same to run at large."

Section 11. Section 81-4-214, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-4-214. Branding eattle animals running at large ____

running irons prohibited. Every person save-only except an
owner, and he only when branding on his own premises and in
the presence of two responsible citizens, who marks or

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brands any calf or cattle that are running at large between December 1 and May 10 of the next ensuing year, and every person who shall at any time brand or cause to be branded or marked, any horse, mule, cattle or head of cattle, sheep, llama, bison, swine, or other animal, 1 year old or older, with any piece of metal or implement, other than a branding iron, which branding iron shall be of the same design as the brand or mark owned by the party using it, or who shall so mark or brand, or cause to be marked or branded any of the animals aforesaid with any piece or pieces of iron called "running irons", such as bars, rings, half or quarter circles is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for not exceeding 6 months, or by a fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$500, or both."

Section 12. Section 81-4-215, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-4-215. Liability of owners of stock for trespass.

If any cattle, horses, mules, asses, hogs, sheep, llamas, bison, or other domestic animals break into any enclosure, the fence being legal as provided in 81-4-101, the owner of such animals is liable for all damages to the owner or occupant of the enclosure which may be sustained thereby. This section must not be construed so as to require a legal fence in order to maintain an action for injury done by animals running at large contrary to law."

Section 13. Section 81-4-306, MCA, is amended to read:

*81-4-306. Penalty for permitting animals to run at large in herd districts. (1) Any person who is the owner or entitled to the possession of any horses, mules, cattle, sheep, llamas, bison, asses, hogs, or goats, who shall willfully permit—same permits such animals to run at large within any herd district, shall—be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$250 for each offense. Each day that each five head or less of such horses, mules, cattle, sheep, llamas, bison, asses, hogs, or goats are willfully permitted to run at large shall constitute constitutes a separate offense.

(2) Any person who is the owner or entitled to the possession of any bull, stallion, or jackass over 1 year of age who shall willfully permit—same permits such animal to run at large within any herd district shall—be is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$250 for each offense. Each day that such a bull be is permitted to run at large shall—constitute constitutes a separate offense."

Section 14. Section 81-4-401, MCA, is amended to read:

-81-4-401. Certain livestock not to run at large in

municipalities. It---is--hereby--provided--that--livestock

consisting-of No horses, cattle, mules, sheep, llamas,

bison, goats, and or swine or-any-such-animals-shall-not may

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be allowed to run at large in any incorporated city or in 1 any-incorporated town." 2

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Section 15. Section 81-4-402, MCA, is amended to read: *81-4-402. Punishment for permitting trespass of livestock. Any person owning livestock or having in charge any horses, mules, cattle, sheep, llamas, bison, goats, or swine or--eny--such--enimals, who willfully and unlawfully permits any such livestock to trespass in violation of any of the provisions of 81-4-401; -- shail-be-deemed-to-be is quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as-such as provided by law."

Section 16. Section 81-4-601, MCA, is amended to read: *81-4-601. Estray defined. In this part, "estray" means a horse, mule, mare, gelding, colt, llama, bison, cow, ox, bull, stag, steer, heifer, calf, sheep, or lamb:

- (1) not bearing a brand and the ownership of which cannot be determined by the stock inspector of the district in which the animal is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock owners or freeholders;
- (2) bearing a recorded brand, the owner of which brand cannot be located at or through the post office designated on the records of the department or which owner cannot be located by the stock inspector of the district where the estray is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock owners or freeholders; or

1 (3) which bears an unrecorded brand, the owner of which unrecorded brand cannot be ascertained by the stock inspector of the district in which the animal is found by inquiry among reputable resident stock owners freeholders."

Section 17. Section 81-4-603, MCA, is amended to read: *81-4-603. Taking up and disposition of estrays -advertisement. (1) A stock inspector authorized by the department shall take into his possession an estray found in his district and shall either ship or arrange for the shipment of the estray to a licensed livestock market for sale, or he may hold the estray in his possession and care for the estray in the cheapest and most practicable manner for a period of not less than 30 days or more than 60 days, during which time he shall advertise that he holds the estray and that, unless claimed by the owner, he will on a date to be specified in the notice sell the estray at a public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

(2) The notice shall be published in the newspaper doing the county printing of the county in which the estray is found and in addition to that paper in a paper published in the town or city mearest the place in which the estray is held. This notice shall be published at least once a week for 4 consecutive weeks and shall contain a statement of the date of the sale, the place where the sale is to be held,

and a general description of the estray, including the sex and the approximate age, together with an illustration of the brand and the position of the brand on the estray and a description of the place or locality where the estray was found or taken.

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- (3) The proceeds from the sale shall be disposed of under 81-4-605 and 81-4-606.
- (4) The owner of the estray may appear and claim it at any time before the sale or shipment, as provided in this part, without--cost-or-expense-to-the-owner upon payment to the department of the cost of caring for the estray as determined by the department."
- Section 18. Section 81-4-621, MCA, is amended to read:

 *81-4-621. Penalties. (±) Any person who shall, for
 his own use or benefit and without the owner's consent, take
 into his possession any estray shall be guilty of a
 misdemeanor and shall be punishable by a fine of not less
 than \$25 or more than \$100 or by imprisonment in the county
 jail not exceeding 60 days or by both such fine and
 imprisonment.
- f2)--Hvery--person;---agent;---firm;---or---corporation violating--the-provisions-of-81-4-60?-shall-be-decmed-guilty of-a-misdemeanor-and-upon-conviction-thereof-shall-be--fined in--any--sum--not-exceeding-\$300-or-imprisoned-in-the-county jail-not-to-exceed-6-months-or-both-fined-and-imprisoned;

1 13) -- Any-person; -agent; -- firm; -- corporation; -- pool; -- or 2 roundup--association--who--shall-ship-cattle-from-this-state and-shall-fail-to-make-such-inspection-or-tally-at-point--of 3 loading--or-who-shall-fail-to-file-a-true-and-correct-tally; to-the-best-of-his-knowledge-and-beliefy-of-all--the--brands 5 of--cattle--in--such-shipment-with-the-railroad-agent-at-the 7 point-of-shipment-or-who-shall-fail-to-forward--a--true--and correct--copy, --duly--signed--by--him--as--party--making-the shipmenty-to-the-stock-inspector-at-point-of-destination--or 9 any--person--who-shall-accompany-a-shipment-of-cattle-as-the 10 shipper-in-charge-from-this-state-and-shall-fail-to--take--a 11 12 description-of-any-and-every-animal-taken-out-in-transit-and 13 hand--such--description--to--the-stock-inspector-at-point-of destination-or-any-stock--inspector--at--market--points--who 14 15 shall--fail-to-make-inspection-as-provided-in-01-4-609-shall be-deemed-quilty-of-a-misdemeanor-and-shall-be-subject-to--a 16 17 fine--of--not--less--than-\$50-or-more-than-\$500-for-each-and every--offense:---The--fines--so--collected;--except---those 18 19 collected -- in -- a -- justice s -- courty - shall - be - turned - into - the 20 general-fund-of-the-county-where-conviction-is-had;-and--any 21 stock-inspector;-sheriff;-or-other-police-officer-shall-have 22 power--to--make--arrests--to--enforce-the-provisions-of-this 23 part."

Section 19. Section 81-5-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"81-5-101. Moving eattle livestock from customary

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- range forbidden. Every person who willfully moves or causes
 to be moved any cattle, horses, mules, swine, llamas, bison,
 or sheep from their customary range without the permission
 of the owner thereof is punishable by imprisonment in the
 county jail not exceeding 90 days or by fine not exceeding
 \$100, or both."
- 7 Section 20. Section 81-5-104, MCA, is amended to read: *81-5-104. Stolen livestock -- seizure and forfeiture 9 of vehicle used to transport. (1) The use of any vehicle for 10 the transportation of any stolen mule, horse, mare, colt, foal, filly, sheep, lamb, cow, calf, heifer, steer, bull, 11 llama, bison, hogs, poultry, or the products of any thereof 12 13 is unlawful, and such vehicle shall be forfeited to the 14 state. Any vehicle found in such use or upon probable cause 15 believed to be devoted wholly or in part to such use shall be seized and held. 16

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- (2) Within 45 days after the seizure, any peace officer or officer of the agency that seizes any property shall file a petition to institute forfeiture proceedings with the clerk of the district court of the county in which the seizure occurs. The clerk shall issue a summons at the request of the petitioning party, who shall cause the same to be served upon all owners or claimants of the property by one of the following methods:
- (a) upon an owner or claimant whose address is known,

by personal service of a copy of the petition and summons asprovided in the Montana Rules of Civil Procedure;

- (b) upon an owner or claimant whose address is unknown but who is believed to have an interest in the property, by publication of the summons in one issue of a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the seizure occurred or, if there is no such newspaper, by publication in one issue of a newspaper of general circulation in an adjoining county, and by mailing a copy of the petition and summons to the most recent address of such owner or claimant, if any, shown in the records of the division of motor vehicles.
- 12 (3) A vehicle is not subject to forfeiture under this 13 section if:
- 14 (a) it is a stolen vehicle at the time it is used for
 15 such unlawful transportation; or
- 16 (b) the owner thereof is not in collusion with the
 17 party or parties guilty of the theft."
- NEW SECTION. Section 21. Repealer. Sections 81-4-607
 through 81-4-610 AND 81-8-801 THROUGH 81-8-805, MCA, are
 repealed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 22. Extension of authority. Any existing authority to make rules on the subject of the provisions of [this act] is extended to the provisions of [this act].
- 25 NEW SECTION. SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. [THIS ACT]

HB 0276/02

IS EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.

-End-