HOUSE BILL 108

Introduced by Whalen

1/09	Introduced
1/10	Referred to Judiciary
1/10	Fiscal Note Requested
1/17	Hearing
1/17	Fiscal Note Received
1/18	Fiscal Note Printed
1/19	Committee ReportBill Passed as
	Amended
1/21	2nd Reading Passed
1/24	3rd Reading Failed

LC. 0630/01

Heuse BILL NO. 108 INTRODUCED BY Whales 1 2 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING CERTAIN 4 CITIES TO ESTABLISH MUNICIPAL COURTS; REVISING PROVISIONS 5 REGARDING THE NUMBER, SALARY, AND ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL 6 7 COURT JUDGES AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF AND APPEAL FROM 8 MUNICIPAL COURTS; AMENDING SECTIONS 3-6-101, 3-6-102, 9 3-6-201, 3-6-203, AND 3-6-301, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE." 10 11 12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: Section 1. Section 3-6-101, MCA, is amended to read: 13 "3-6-101, Establishment of the court. (1) All-cities 14 15 in-the-state-of-Montana A city with a population of 5,000 or 16 more located in a county with a population of 10,000 75,000 17 or morey--according--to--the-last-federal-censusy-may shall 18 have a court, known as the municipal court of the city of 19 (designating the name of the city) of the state of Montana. The court shall be a court of record. The municipal court 20 21 shall assume continuing jurisdiction over all pending city 22 court cases in the city where the municipal court is 23 established. 24 (2) The--provisions-of-this-chapter-apply-only-after A

25 city not meeting the requirements in subsection (1) may have



1 a municipal court if the governing body of the city has elected elects by a two-thirds majority vote to adopt them 2 the provisions of this chapter by ordinance and, in the 3 ordinance, has--provided provides the manner in which and 4 5 time when the municipal court is to be established and 6 assume continuing jurisdiction over all pending city court 7 cases. The ordinance must be consistent with the provisions 8 of this chapter. 9 (3) For the purposes of this section, the population 10 of a city or county is determined according to the most 11 recent federal census or, during the interim between 12 censuses, according to the population estimates published by 13 the bureau of the census, United States department, of 14 commerce." Section 2. Section 3-6-102, MCA, is amended to read: 15 16 "3-6-102. Abolition of city court. (1) In cities in which a municipal court is established, the office of city 17 18 judge is hereby abolished. 19 (2) A city judge whose office is abolished shall serve 20 as a municipal court judge in the same city that he served 21 as city judge for the remainder of his term and until the 22 office of municipal court judge is filled by election as 23 provided under 3-6-201 and 3-6-202." Section 3. Section 3-6-201, MCA, is amended to read: 24 25 "3-6-201. Election Number of judges -- election --

# -2- INTRODUCED BILL HB 108

#### LC\_ 0630/01

term of office. (1) The governing body of a city shall
 determine by ordinance the number of judges required to
 operate the municipal court.

4 (1)(2) One-judge-of-each A municipal court judge shall
5 must be elected at the general eity election as provided in
6 13-1-104. The judge's term shall commence on the first
7 Monday in January following the election. The judge shall
8 hold office for the term of 4 years and until his successor
9 is elected and qualified.

10 (2)(3) All elections of municipal judges are governed 11 by the laws applicable to the election of nonpartisan-city 12 officials district court judges."

Section 4. Section 3-6-203, MCA, is amended to read: 13 14 "3-6-203. Salary. The salary of the municipal court judge shall must be set by city ordinance or resolution and 15 16 shall--be is payable monthly by the city treasurer. The 17 salary must be appropriate for a judge serving on a court of record. Actual and necessary expenses for the municipal 18 19 court judge shall-be-the are travel expenses, as defined and 20 provided in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503, incurred in the 21 performance of his official duties."

Section 5. Section 3-6-301, MCA, is amended to read:
 "3-6-301. Clerk of the court <u>-- administrative</u>
 <u>expenses</u>. The city <u>municipal court</u> judge shall appoint a
 clerk of the city-in-which-said-court-is-located-shall-be ex

1 officio--clerk-of-such court. The governing body of the city
2 shall set the salary of the clerk and provide for other
3 necessary expenses that may be incurred in operating the
4 court."

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. Appeal to district court ---6 record on appeal. (1) A party may appeal to district court 7 from a municipal court judgment. The appeal is confined to 8 review of the record and questions of law.

9 (2) The record on appeal to district court consists of
10 an electronic recording or stenographic transcription of a
11 case tried, together with all papers filed in the action.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 7. codification instruction.
[Section 6] is intended to be codified as an integral part
of Title 3, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 3,
chapter 6, apply to [section 6].

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 8. Effective date. [This act] is
 17 effective July 1, 1989.

-End-

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# STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

#### Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB108, as introduced.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act requiring certain cities to establish municipal courts; revising provisions regarding the number, salary, and election of municipal court judges and the administration of and appeal from municipal courts; amending Sections 3-6-101. 3-6-102, 3-6-201, 3-6-203, and 3-6-301, MCA; and providing an effective date.

# **ASSUMPTIONS:**

- Based on July 1, 1987 provisional census data three Montana counties have a population of 75,000 or more. 1. Yellowstone 118,100. Missoula 78,400. Cascade 78,100.
- Missoula has the only municipal court. Billings, Great Falls, and Laurel would become eligible for 2. municipal courts under this bill.
- 3. Municipal courts would replace city courts on a one to one basis.
- Court of record would be district court. 4.

#### EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE OR EXPENDITURES:

Municipal/City courts are 100% locally supported. If this bill passes municipal court judges would be paid at the court of record level or district court level of \$49,177 annually plus benefits. Also, the municipal court judge would be authorized to appoint the clerk of court, which could mean additional staff and operating expenses.

RAY SHACKLEFORD. / BUDGET DIRECTOR OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING TIMOTHY J. WHALEN, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB108, as introduced

9

### HB 0108/02

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

1	HOUSE	BILL	NO.	108

2 INTRODUCED BY WHALEN

3

4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REOUTRING ALLOWING 5 CERTAIN CITIES TO ESTABLISH MUNICIPAL COURTS; REVISING б PROVISIONS REGARDING THE NUMBER, SALARY, AND ELECTION OF 7 MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGES AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF AND APPEAL FROM MUNICIPAL COURTS: AMENDING SECTIONS 3-6-101, 3-6-102. 8 9 3-6-201. 3-6-203, AND 3-6-301, MCA: AND PROVIDING AN 10 EFFECTIVE DATE."

11

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 12

13 **Section 1.** Section 3-6-101, MCA, is amended to read: 14 "3-6-101. Establishment of the court. (1) All-cities 15 in-the-state-of-Montana A city with-a-population-of-57000-or 16 more-located-in-a-county with-a-population-of 10,000 75,000 17 or-more7-according-to-the-last-federal-census7-may shall MAY 18 have a court, known as the municipal court of the city of 19 (designating the name of the city) of the state of Montana. 20 The court shall be a court of record. The municipal court 21 shall assume continuing jurisdiction over all pending city 22 court cases in the city where the municipal court is 23 established.

24 (2) The-provisions-of-this-chapter-apply-only-after A 25 city not-meeting-the-requirements-in-subsection-(1) may ONLY

have a municipal court if the governing body of the city has 1 2 elected elects by a two-thirds majority vote to adopt them 3 the provisions of this chapter by ordinance and, in the 4 ordinance, has--provided provides the manner in which and 5 time when the municipal court is to be established and 6 assume continuing jurisdiction over all pending city court 7 cases. The ordinance must be consistent with the provisions 8 of this chapter.

(3) For the purposes of this section, the population 10 of a city or county is determined according to the most

11 recent federal census or --during--the--interim--between 12

censuses7-according-to-the population estimates published by 13 the bureau of the census, United States department of 14 commerce."

15 Section 2. Section 3-6-102, MCA, is amended to read: 16 "3-6-102. Abolition of city court. (1) In cities in 17 which a municipal court is established, the office of city 18 judge is hereby abolished. 19 (2) A city judge whose office is abolished shall serve

20 as a municipal court judge in the same city that he served

21 as city judge for the remainder of his term and until the

22 office of municipal court judge is filled by election as

- 23 provided under 3-6-201 and 3-6-202."
- 24 **Section 3.** Section 3-6-201, MCA, is amended to read: 25 "3-6-201. Election Number of judges -- election --

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term of office. (1) The governing body of a city shall
 determine by ordinance the number of judges required to
 operate the municipal court.

4 (1)(2) One-judge-of-each A municipal court judge shall
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6 13-1-104. The judge's term shall commence on the first
7 Monday in January following the election. The judge shall
8 hold office for the term of 4 years and until his successor
9 is elected and qualified.

10 (2)(3) All elections of municipal judges are governed 11 by the laws applicable to the election of nonpartisan-city 12 officials district court judges."

Section 4. Section 3-6-203, MCA, is amended to read: 13 "3-6-203. Salary. The salary of the municipal court 14 15 judge shall must be set by eity ordinance or resolution and 16 shall--be is payable monthly by the city treasurer. The salary-must-be-appropriate-for-a-judge-serving-on-a-court-of 17 18 record. Actual and necessary expenses for the municipal court judge shall-be-the are travel expenses, as defined and 19 provided in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503, incurred in the 20 performance of his official duties." 21

Section 5. Section 3-6-301, MCA, is amended to read:
 "3-6-301. Clerk of the court <u>-- administrative</u>
 <u>expenses</u>. The city <u>municipal court</u> judge shall appoint a
 clerk of the city-in-which-said-court-is-located-shall-be-ex

officio--clerk-of-such court. The governing body of the city 1 shall set the salary of the clerk and provide for other 2 3 necessary expenses that may be incurred in operating the court." 4 5 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Appeal to district court ---6 record on appeal. (1) A party may appeal to district court from a municipal court judgment. The appeal is confined to 7 8 review of the record and questions of law UNLESS A PARTY Q. REQUESTS A TRIAL ANEW ON APPEAL OR UNLESS THE DISTRICT COURT 10 ORDERS A TRIAL ANEW IN THE INTERESTS OF JUSTICE. 11 (2) The record on appeal to district court consists of 12 an electronic recording or stenographic transcription of a case tried, together with all papers filed in the action. 13 14 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction. 15 [Section 6] is intended to be codified as an integral part 16 of Title 3, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 3, 17 chapter 6, apply to [section 6]. NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective date. [This act] is 18

-End-

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19

effective July 1, 1989.

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HB 0108/02

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 108
2	INTRODUCED BY WHALEN
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUERING ALLOWING
5	CERTAIN CITIES TO ESTABLISH MUNICIPAL COURTS; REVISING
6	PROVISIONS REGARDING THE NUMBER, SALARY, AND ELECTION OF
7	MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGES AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF AND APPEAL
8	FROM MUNICIPAL COURTS; AMENDING SECTIONS 3-6-101, 3-6-102,
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 25 <u>city not-meeting-the-requirements-in-subsection-fit may ONLY</u>

ntana Legislative Council

1 have a municipal court if the governing body of the city has 2 elected elects by a two-thirds majority vote to adopt them 3 the provisions of this chapter by ordinance and, in the ordinance, has--provided provides the manner in which and 4 5 time when the municipal court is to be established and 6 assume continuing jurisdiction over all pending city court 7 cases. The ordinance must be consistent with the provisions 8 of this chapter. 9 (3) For the purposes of this section, the population 10 of a city or county is determined according to the most 11 recent federal census or --during--the--interim--between 12 censuses,-according-to-the population estimates published by 13 the bureau of the census, United States department of 14 commerce." 15 Section 2. Section 3-6-102, MCA, is amended to read: 16 \*3-6-102. Abolition of city court. (1) In cities in 17 which a municipal court is established, the office of city 18 judge is hereby abolished. 19 (2) A city judge whose office is abolished shall serve 20 as a municipal court judge in the same city that he served 21 as city judge for the remainder of his term and until the 22 office of municipal court judge is filled by election as 23 provided under 3-6-201 and 3-6-202." Section 3. Section 3-6-201, MCA, is amended to read: 24 "3-6-201. Blection Number of judges -- election --25

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